Agents for the British Whig.

Montreal,	E. Chevalier & Co., Booksellers.
Belleville,	Mr. Michael Nulty, Auctioneer
Napanee,	Thos. Evans, Esq.
Toronto,	Mr Thos. McLear, Bookseller.
Hamilton,	John Brown, Esq.
New York,	S. Palmer, Tribune Buildings.
Boston,	Messrs. S.M. Pettengill & Co., 10 State-st.
Rochester, N.Y.,	Mr. G. S. Jenings.

And Postmasters generally of the Midland District.

*** Agreements for advertising made by any of the above gentlemen, either for Cash or Short Date, will be ratified.

BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL PACKETS.
TRAIN & CO.'S LINE.

SAILING from Boston on the 5th and from Liverpool on the 20th of every month, viz:—

	From Boston.	From Liverpool.
Ship PENDOCK ROCK, 1000 tons, Capt. Elon Caldwell,	Jan. 5	Feb. 20
	May 5	June 20
	Sept. 5	Oct. 20
Ship PARLIAMENT, 1100 tons, Capt. Caius Sampson,	Feb. 5	March 20
	June 5	July 20
	Oct. 5	Nov. 20
Ship DANIEL WEBSTER, new, 1200 tons, Capt. W. H. Howard,	Mar. 5	April 20
	July 5	Aug. 20
	Nov. 5	Dec. 20
Ship STEVENSON, new clipper 1000 tons, Capt. A. H. Brown,	April 5	May 20
	Aug. 5	Sept. 20
	Dec. 5	Jan. 20

These ships are all of the 1st class, built in Boston expressly for Liverpool Packets, and commanded by men of experience in the trade, have superior accommodations for passengers, and will be dispatched punctually as above.

A first class Ship will also be dispatched from Liverpool for Boston, on the 5th of every month.

For freight or passage to Liverpool, apply in Boston to ENOCH TRAIN & CO. 37 and 38 Lewis Wharf—and in Liverpool to TRAIN & CO., 5 India Buildings.

☞ Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain certificates of passage—cabin, second cabin or steerage—by applying in Boston at the office as above, the only place where certificates for this Line can be purchased.

Price of passage—cabin $75—second cabin $50—steerage $32.

☞ Sight Bills of Exchange for £1 and upwards to be had in sums to suit. 191

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of his good faith.

We cannot undertake to return unserved communications.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The expense of advertising in a Daily Paper is very much greater than that of advertising in a Weekly or Semi-Weekly; it can, however, be easily lessened by previous agreement; but in order to ensure this cheapness, it is imperatively necessary to pay cash for advertisements as they are handed in. In no single case will any abatement of the advertising tariff be allowed, unless pre-payment is made.

*** Notices of Marriages, Births and Funerals, invariably charged.

To Our Advertising Friends.

Our advertising friends would confer an additional obligation by forwarding their favors at an early an hour as possible; as disappointments will occasionally occur when announcements are sent at a late hour at night, for insertion next morning.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

As advertised in the British Whig.

Sale of Dry Goods at the Wholesale Warehouse of Wm. Wilson, at 11 o'clock.

The Daily British Whig.

"Quitter for Other Diver."

THURSDAY MORNING, OCT. 23, 1851.

☞ THE COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.—The Assizes still drag their weary length along. At the rate things are progressing, the Court will not rise until the end of next week. However, the lawyers themselves get tired of the affair, and then they manage to bring parties together, and the latter cases on the docket seldom or ever get tried. In which case the Assizes may end early next week. The Crown Officer, Mr. Kenneth McKenzie, is getting on with his business very fairly. The Murder Case at Richmond comes on Friday next, the first thing in the morning. In the case of the Queen against Dow, for manslaughter, the Jury brought in a verdict of Guilty. As Mr. Kenneth McKenzie had been originally retained for the defence, he could not prosecute, and the Court assigned the case to Mr. O'Reilly, who really managed it very well, and in spite of the powerful eloquence of the Hon. J. Macdonald, contrived to obtain a verdict for the Crown.

☞ A REFORM CONVENTION AT COBOURG.—A meeting of Reform Delegates from the various townships of Northumberland took place at the village of Cobourg on Tuesday, 21st inst. Of the two Reform Candidates, Wm. Weller and Clark, the latter was chosen by a large majority, so Mr. Weller gives up the contest and retires. Mr. Clark cannot be elected against Mr. Burnham under any circumstances whatever; and the rejected candidate, Mr. Weller, is the only man who could successfully oppose a Conservative in the County of Northumberland.

SOLUTION

To a Problem put by "Decompositor" in the Daily British Whig of the 20th ultimo.

The data therein given is erroneous, as there is no point in an equilateral Triangle from which the specified lines could emanate to the Angular points of the Triangle, consequently the Problem is absurdly put. And in virtue of this solution, I will claim the inestimable Prize. It is also impertinently put, in being addressed to first and second class Common School Teachers, (to the exclusion of all others,) as it is not required by the Common School Act that second class Teachers should be Mathematicians.

J. SCOTT, C. S. T.

Kingston, Oct. 17, 1851.

☞ FRESH FRUITS.—We beg to call attention to the advertisement in another column, by which it will be seen that Malaga fruit of the crop of 1851, will be offered for sale at Montreal alongside the "Dolphin" being the first instance on record of an arrival of this kind at so early a period, shewing that if any inducement be held out, the same can be repeated annually—thus enabling our merchants to supply themselves at Montreal in place of New York.

SAD STORY OF A LUNATIC CAPTAIN.—The 5th report of the inspectors of lunatics in Ireland states, that one man confined in Cork asylum, Captain S. on his return from the West Indies, murdered seven of his crew at sea. On leaving Barcelona he labored under depression, and in a day or two afterwards the mate of exciting the sailors to mutiny. During the night he scarcely ever took rest, and for the last two nights lay on a sofa, with two loaded pistols and cutlass by his side, apprehensive of being attacked. When in sight of the Cork coast he threatened on arriving in port to prosecute the whole crew. The mate remonstrated, when Capt. S. replied, "Show your obedience by all means to bind you down on deck." The man consented. He then called on the second mate, pointed out what had been done, and desired him to follow the example. He did so, and in fact, seven or eight individuals permitted themselves to be fastened to the deck with ropes. When thus incapable of defence, he deliberately murdered them in several ways; the eighth escaped into the hold, and was wounded by a pistol shot. At the moment a pilot ran alongside, Captain S. jumped overboard, was saved, and brought into Cork harbor with his vessel. He is now a religious monomaniac, generally very tranquil and rational, subject however, at intervals to maniacal paroxysms, the forerunner of which is an excess of piety, with a recurrence to the phraseology of his profession. He is still impressed with the belief that the crew meditated mutiny and his death.

THE ASSIZES.

The Queen vs. Alonzo Dow.—The prisoner was tried on Tuesday last, under an indictment for killing Samuel A. Truell, at Mill Creek, on the fourth of last month, and was found guilty of Manslaughter. Dow was defended by the Hon. John A. Macdonald.—J. O. Reilly, Esq., prosecuted on behalf of the Crown, and received a well merited compliment from prisoner's Counsel, for the gentlemanly and able manner in which he conducted the prosecution. Bartlom's trial is fixed for Friday morning; the case will likely occupy the time of the Court two days. Mr. Henderson, of Belleville, defends the prisoner.

☞ ELECTION INTELLIGENCE.—From the Bytown Gazette we take the following items:—

OTTAWA.—John Egan presents himself again for the suffrages of the country; he will be opposed. Richard M. Connell and Robert Kenny, Conservatives, are spoken of—either would receive the support of the party. Mattheey, Reformer Radical, opposes Egan. Bureau is busy in that county; the moderate dealers in the Lumber Trade think that it is too dangerous to send extensive capitalists to Parliament, who might be devoting measures to suit themselves instead of looking after their constituents generally.

GRENVILLE.—The Radicals have dropped Mr. Burns, and chosen Wm. Patrick, of Prescott, a sing-song, drawling, Baldwinite. The Conservatives are to have a convention; Alfred Hooker, of Prescott, Francis Jones, of Kemptville, and others are spoken of with unanimity. Grenville will unquestionably return a Conservative.

☞ TORONTO FOLKS AS THE FOOLS AS THEIR NEIGHBOURS.—*Sale of Jenny Lind Tickets.*—The footpath in front of Mr. Nordheimer's Music Store on King-street, was crowded at an early hour yesterday morning by eager competitors for tickets for Mdlle. Lind's Concert. The sale commenced at ten o'clock and the excitement then increased to a degree which, we have been assured, was never surpassed in the United States, the crush within the store was so great that one gentleman, of anything but fragile proportions, was carried out almost in a fainting state, and Mr. Nordheimer's pianos were seriously damaged.

The advertised prices were $4 and $2, but first hands who were disposed to sell at an advance easily obtained from $5 to $10, and we have heard that as high as $20 was asked in the streets. The demand continued throughout the day; many persons having came from a distance for the express purpose of hearing Miss Lind, were disposed to expend something more than the original price, rather than return ungratified.—*Patriot.*

The Mayor of Kingston, and several others of the leading inhabitants of that City, have requested Jenny Lind to give a Concert in their City Hall, which, it is said, is capable of accommodating 1000 persons.

Jenny Lind is to sing in Toronto on the 21st. We have a telegraph station that she will come to Montreal, if a requisition is sent her and we have placed it in better hands than our own for bringing that happy event to pass.

The Bonsecours Market Hall is now ready for any audience short of 4000 and we hope that the leading musical people in the city will take the matter up.—*Mont. Herald.*

THE STEAMER MAPLE LEAF.

The following sketch of this new and elegant steamer, was given in the *Patriot*, of Saturday:—The length of the *Maple Leaf* is 181 feet over all—breadth of beam, 26½ feet; depth hold, 11 feet.—"Like most of the newest lake-boats, she has a cabin on the upper deck, 120 feet in length, with a row of state rooms on each side, and a dining table capable of accommodating 100 guests, besides the ordinary cabin dining table. Of the state rooms, 12 are most comfortably fitted up with French bedsteads, and the remainder, 32 in all, have two berths in each. Every thing is new and good. The saloon and the ladies' cabin beneath are richly decorated with white and gold cornices and panneling, the cieling and settees cushioned with crimson plush, and curtains of crimson and gold damask.—Owing to the anxiety of the proprietors to place the new boat on the Ogdensburgh route immediately, the carpenters' and painters' work is scarcely finished as yet, but we saw quite enough to convince us, that nothing will be left undone to complete the elegance of her finish. We were particularly pleased with the profusion of stained glass, tastefully and elaborately painted by our friend Mr. E. C. Bell, whose skill has covered every glass door and window with pretty little knobs concealed with maple-leaves, which would form quite a study for the youthful artist."

DIRECTORY TO GOVERNMENT OFFICES.—The various Offices connected with the Civil Government, are located in Quebec as follows, viz:—

UNION BUILDINGS, Lower St. George Hotel Place d'Armes.	Governor General's Secy. Provincial Secretary. Executive Council. Attorney & Sol. General. Asst. General Militia.
CASTLE OF ST. LOUIS Place d'Armes.	Crown Land Department. Public Works do. Clerk of Crown in Chancery
JESUS' BUILDINGS St. Louis Street.	Inspector General's Department. Receiver Gl. Department.

12, MOUNT CARMEL STREET—Post Office Department.

☞ HEALTH OF LONDON DURING THE WEEK.—London is as healthy as is usual at this season of the year. 1,026 deaths were registered in the week. The average number of deaths in the corresponding week of the ten years 1841-50, was 1,104; or 1,000 if we correct for increase of population and exclude 2,863 deaths in the second week of September, 1849, when the cholera was epidemic. In the last week there was a death every ten minutes in London; but the population is now about 2,381,000, and the mortality is therefore at the rate of 1 in 2,381 weekly. The births were 1,423, and exceeded the deaths by 403; the population is increasing, partly by immigration, at the rate of 42,000 a year, or 800 weekly. Diarrhœa, summer cholera, and fever, are the prevailing diseases; fever is increasing; cholera is slowly, diarrhœa rapidly declining. The deaths in the last three weeks were 28, 17, 17 from cholera, and 174, 192, 201 from diarrhœa.

THE MILITIA MUSTER.

This sort of thing is becoming ridiculous all over this Continent. Even in the city of New York, where playing at soldiers is more practised than in any other place, the following account is given of the last

TRAINING DAY.

Yesterday was "General Training Day," for those unfortunates who could not or would not fork up the seventy-five cent excuse. There was a poor show however; only here and there a forlorn huge of half-a-dozen wretches who looked for all the world as if they were newly captured Mexicans wholly tattered by marching through chaparral. One squad, which seemed unusually smart, consisted of ten men besides the officer. The latter functionary had a rusty sword, and one of the decemvirs bore a huge horse-pistol; these were the only weapons in the crowd. One wore a large white wooly hat, one a shiny hat, one a Panama softly dilapidated, and one a glossy Knox which gave him a world of uneasiness because of the rain. Nine of the ten were rather below the ordinary longitude, while the remaining whole one was nearly seven feet high. His tremendous altitude was the cause of much annoyance to the fiery little officer, who so from the fact that he—the lofty one—owned the big pistol, and persisted in doing musket exercise with it. Finally, to equalize the matter, the officer induced Mr. Lanky Towers to put his broad pedestals in the gutter while the short fellows ranged along the curb-stone, and so he managed to make things pretty nearly even. The evolutions of this party were unique and instructive; umbrellas and canes did excellent service, and at every "shoulder" up went the sun shades, and the dripping contributors leaned up to the parasol-owners like invalid kittens towards warm building materials. Instead of music, a mischevious boy knocked a march out of a barrel head, as the woful ten gave their field exercises, and pegged to and fro at the word of command. At last the officer got the squad into proper trim and ordered a charge upon a coal box immediately in front and by a skillful evasion the whole party filed to the left of the box and made a rapid detour around a soft-soap barrel, and brought up at the counter in the rear of the grocery, where the charge resulted in two-and-sixpence against the long fellow, with cigars on the officer. The remainder of the "training" was conducted in the same place and manner, and the worthy officer is probably ready to endorse the military science of his command: the perfect satisfaction of Major General Sanford, Commander of the First Division of the Militia of the State of New York. In the Park, a squad of victims, more numerous and rather better equipped, were almost mobbed by a crowd of boys. It was supposed at first that the little urchins had caught some Bloomers but they proved to be trainers. In the upper part of the town, a considerable body had been collected, where they passed for a new company of fantasticals and their fancy costumes and burlesque arms were very generally admired. What a sad falling off from the good old fashioned country "Training Day," with its luscious accessories of new cider and gingerbread; with the old soldier of the last war who did the musket exercise with his feet, and the wonderful drummer who would quaff his glass of rye while his drum-sticks were flying in the air and yet not lose a note of Yankee Doodle: with the clumsy cavalry sentinel chasing some daring boy across the broad field; with the white-haired, brown-cheeked country lads stealing sly raps at the big base drum or inflating like the frog in the fable, at the opportunity of holding the cap'n's horse. Those were the days; but the frightful and sickly burlesques got up in the city, like those of yesterday ought to be made a penal offence; it is a personal indignity to the memory of the gray-headed heroes of the old regime, and it is no wonder that the boys feel disposed to mob the participants. It is a clear case of false pretenses and calls loudly for abatement. It is a libel within the meaning of the statute again defamation, which says one citizen shall not hold another up to public odium or place him in a position where he may appear ridiculous.

FLOUR PACKING—THE GREAT MILL.—There has recently been published in the *Journal* an article headed, "Flour Explosion," saying that four men in H. Fitzhugh & co's mill packed 630 barrels of flour in 7 hours and 35 minutes with challenge for any other four men to do the same.

The men in E. G. Merrick & Co's mill accepted the challenge, and packed 737 barrels in 6 hours and 15 minutes. They were packed by two men and headed by one, and they think they can do better under more favorable circumstances. The same day two men shipped 2 250 barrels of flour in 7 hours and 47 minutes. Three men shipped 7,169 bushels fine shorts in 6 hours, and there were 3,700 bushels of wheat elevated in 4 hours and 8 minutes from two boats. This mill is the largest of the Oswego mills, and is situated on the Oswego canal, four miles south of Oswego. Has 10 run of stone, and is capable of grinding 800 barrels of flour in 24 hours.—*Oswego Times.*

FOLLY AND FANATICISM—DIGGING FOR TREASURE.—A crowd of men and boys were gathered about the ruin parts of the old French Fort, on the west side, yesterday afternoon, and again this morning. It seems the farce of digging for treasure is again in operation there, with the aid of what the boys call a "witch." This has produced the interest, and called together an amused crowd. A young girl, apparently 14 years of age, said to have seen this treasure in a mesmeric sleep in Albany is on the ground. She sits upon the bank of a deep excavation, and while working the men are not permitted to speak, the issuing her directions in writing. Preparatory to the commencement of the work, the girl (in Bloomer costume) with solemn gravity walks round the edge of the excavation three times, and at a given signal the men fall to digging. The whole scene is one bordering largely on the ridiculous, but strongly marked by gullibility. A police officer was present yesterday to preserve order. To-day the number of spectators is largely increased, in consequence of the presence of the sight-seeing young man, who directs, with the aid of her mesmeric eye, exactly where the treasure is buried.—*Oswego Journal, 9th.*

Accounts from Sydney, New South Wales, of May 22, express the opinion that the gold mines in the region 140 miles distant from that port, extending 100 miles north and south, are equal in richness to those of California. There had been in consequence a sudden rise in price of flour and provisions, and a great panic among the owners of sheep. The flocks could not be protected for want of men. Owners were already killing their sheep to preserve their skins and tallow. The Sydney Herald says that thousands of persons will be ruined—that not more than ¼ or ½ the quantity of wool will be shipped, which was shipped last year.

☞ The President of the United States has given orders to the naval stations to salute and extend the military honors to Kossuth at New York and other places. A grand dinner will be given him at the President's house.

A KOSSUTH FUND.—Mr. Genin, the Broadway Hatter, has addressed a letter to the Mayor of New York, requesting him to act as Treasurer for a fund of one hundred thousand dollars, to be invested for the benefit of Kossuth, the Hungarian exile, and his family. He proposes to raise that sum by one hundred one thousand dollar subscriptions, of which he will contribute one. The Mayor very promptly accepted the office. The object is praiseworth, and we wish it every success.

MARRIAGE IN HIGH LIFE IN MOSQUITO.

The New Orleans Picayune of the 7th inst. contains the following letter from Nicaragua:

Marriage of the Princess Adelaide Charlotte Louisa Squantee at Bluefields, July 20, 1851—The Princess in her own Island to the Pretended Mosquito King.

Greytown, Sept. 11, 1851.

The day dawned with its usual splendor; myriads of feathered songsters filled the air with their sweet melodies; the placid waters in the Bay of Bluefields were undisturbed by a single ripple, and the little niggers sat on their branches grinning with pleasure and waiting for morning. All nature in fine, was in sweet repose. Suddenly the spell was broken. The sound of a horn was heard from the distant hills, summoning the great citizens of Bluefields from their sleepers. The signal was answered from every hill and valley in the vicinity. These sounds were followed by the barking of dogs, screeching of parrots, and bleating of goats, until all the discordant sounds known on earth seemed mingled together in the sweet confusion.

The martial music approached nearer and nearer, and increased in volume until I imagined that Pharaoh and crew from his numbers, and was about to enter Bluefields in his flaming chariot, to be present at the royal marriage. In a few moments about three hundred half naked Indians made their appearance at the main entrance that leads to the palace. The Princess had taken from her couch of tigers' skins, and was standing at the main gate of the palace, bare-headed and and dressing a raw plantain. The King soon made his appearance and addressed his subject in the following eloquent manner: "Me big King. My wife go nasty nigger. Me no like it.—Nigger shagreen Indian. Cussed shame—I drown myself?" His Majesty could say no more. Overcome with grief, he entered the place, threw himself upon a pile of dried hides, and there relieved the anguish of his soul by giving vent to a flood of tears. "Wife?" said his Majesty, "of me big King, feel so much bad you my sister marry a nigger, how common Mosquito feel when son dog die?"

The royal palace was tastefully decorated with highly scented bodies. Every preparation being made for the celebration, the Princess entered the palace hall unattended, except by her goat.—Her beautiful black hair grained with pomegranate hung in profusion over her shoulders, and contrasted finely with her splendid dress, which was made of a coffee sack. On the middle finger of her right hand she wore a rich and costly ring made from a sardine box. The guests were all assembled, but the happy lover had not yet arrived. The Princess being despatched, and went to seek. She found him praying at moccoboo. She addressed him thus: "Jim, wedding all ready and you no come?" Jim replied that "he had seen in the cannon not to marry, cos if he did Victoria would give him no more pensions." The Princess was mollified; but a lucky thought struck him. "Jim," said she, "thumbs my brother dis, then you be King." The words had their effect. Jim threw his arms around the neck of the Princess; kissed her not; the sound that followed was the last heard pulling a bad cork of the mouth.—They proceeded to the palace. The King had thrown off his hat (a rubber crown, left his throne which was a whiskey barrel) and vamoosed.

The ceremony being over a bull was led forth to be slaughtered. The poor creature was supported on each side by two stout men, while a third gave the fatal blow. The animal yielded up its life like a good bull, and so all gentlemanly bulls ought to do, when occasions are to be devoured on like occasions.

The throne was now tapped, the whiskey flowed freely, and the guests became merry. The feast came to an end; the last drop of whiskey was drained from the throne; a tremendous hiss was blown from the mass house of all the Mexicans, of the King's household, and the grand party broke up. Jim is leaving at Bluefields, waiting for the King to die. He says "it is his intention to visit the United States as soon as the expiration of moon be over."

THE INVASION OF CANADA.

To the Editor of the Times.

SIR,—In an article of your paper of the 10th inst., on the recent invasion of Cuba by the Americans, I observe with surprise the following paragraph:—"It is the first instance of a direct invasion from the United States of the American territories of a European Power." This is a mistake; an invasion of the British territory took place near Prescott, in Upper Canada, on the 14th of November, 1838, from the State of New York by a force of about 700 men, part of a large number of sympathizers, systematically organized in the United States for the purpose of inciting the people of the Canadas to rebellion, and with the intention of destroying provincial towns, and committing acts of aggression where practicable. The British naval force on the lakes of Canada frustrated their attempts, and, after some loss on both sides, ultimately carried 400 of these pirates prisoners to Kingston, who were then (according to a local act of Parliament) tried by a Provincial military court-martial. Some of them were hanged, and the remainder transported. Of these 300 there were only 8 or 10 who were not Americans.

I am, Sir, your most obedt. humble servt.,

W. S.

Minehead, Somersetshire, Sept. 20.

ARTESIAN WELLS.

At Fond du Lac and Oshkosh, Wisconsin, the people are supplied with pure water from Artesian well, sunk to the depth of some 133 feet. The water rises to the top of the earth and runs off in unfailing springs like streams.

Similar wells have recently been opened at Hudson, Ohio, and by boring to a much less depth. Messrs. Tallmadge and James are boring a steam flouring mill a little west of Hudson and the Observer of last week says:

"A well is dug just west of the boring fourteen feet deep and ten feet in diameter; from the bottom of which the workmen bored to the depth, including the well of fifty-nine feet, when the water rushed up in such force and quantity as to fill the well a very few hours. The twin was opened about sunset. At dawn of the following day the water had been apparently four hours running from the top of the well in a good stream. The water is clear and cool, and passes off at the rate of some twenty gallons per minute. The well is designed to supply the steam works to drive the flouring mill, going up there under the directions of Messrs. Tallmadge & James. They are to be ready for service the coming December."

The Hudson Observer of the 10th, states that the water continues to rise in abundance in the well above described, and that some half a dozen other borings have been made in Hudson, with equal success in every instance.

MR. HOBBS AND HIS GUN.—The London Express objects, as does Mr. Hobbs, to the uncourteous manner in which Mr. Branah pilfered over his 200 guineas for having his lock picked. It also gives the following account of the display made of the 200 guineas by Mr. Hobbs at the Crystal Palace:

"The American department was again the great feature of attraction, Mr. Hobbs having with a fine Barnum touch, got his reward changed into sovereigns, and spread them out under a glass case, with a policeman keeping guard, and an inscription informing the spectators that these were two hundred guineas which had been awarded for picking Branah's lock. This was an argument which appealed to the meanest capacity, and excited as much curiosity that the place was a scene of bustle all day. Every one wished to assure himself by ocular proof that the American had really won the day. The hero of a hundred locks was himself the observed of all observers, and complained that even in the streets he suffers one of the disagreeable consequences of glory, in being followed by crowds on his way to the palace.

CUSTOMS HOUSE REPORTS.

KINGSTON 23rd, OCTOBER, 1851.

IMPORTS.

Oct. 21.

Str J. W. Brooks, Ogdensburgh—3 waggons and harness, O & P Baker; 16 sides pickled pork, John Farrell.

Genesee, Oswego—12 coil chains and cards, 1 bbl P Russell; 2 boxes boots and shoes, Russell & Richard; 6 bundles scythes, Charles Brent; 10 boxes lemons, oranges; 1 box goods Wilson & Son; 10 bales goods, A. Anderson; 1 bag shoes, T J Angell.

Oct. 22.

Niagara, Ogdensburgh—1 bbl barrow nails, D McRae.

Sch Royal Saxon, Oswego—In ballast.

EXPORTS.

Oct. 21.

Str Calcutta, Ogdensburgh—passengers & baggage.

Niagara, Hamilton—13 bundles skins and 1 horse.

Sch Tiber, Oswego—33000 feet sawed lumber.

Royal Saxon, Oswego—33,000 feet sawed lumber.

Arrivals in this City.

AT THE BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL.

Oct. 22—Thos Cox worthy, Montreal; Alex. Cockburn, Brantford; M S Tremaine, England; Mr. Cowan, Montreal.

Oct. 23—Mr. Gibson, New York; Mr. G. Perry, Cobourg; Mr. and Mrs. Blackwood, Fingal; John Duncan, Perth.

AT THE BRITISH EMPIRE HOTEL.

Oct. 23.

J G Reynolds, Picton; W Shaw, do.; J B Lawson Q Cobourg; John Gow, Prescott; M McMahon, Picton; R Lamb, do.; John McGibbon, Adjutant-Genl.; R C Armes, Sackett's Harbour; H. Koch, Waterloo; Mr Dunn and lady, Toronto; S Hoy, Picton; Miss Hoy, do.; Miss M. Ford, A McFaul, Madam McFaul, Picton; Richard Ewart, Belleville; R Taylor do.; M Nolty do.; T Donnelly Picton; E Sills do.; H Austin, Trent Port.

Kingston Market Prices.

THURSDAY, October 23, 1851.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Flour ⅌ cwt	0	10	0	to 0	11	0
Oats ⅌ bush	0	1	6	0	1	3
Peas do	0	1	6	0	2	0
Potatoes do	0	1	6	0	2	3
Turnips do	0	1	6	0	1	6
Carrots (bun) do	0	1	6	0	1	6
Onions do	0	3	0	0	4	0
Butter ⅌ lb	0	0	6	0	0	7½
Beef ⅌ cwt	0	15	0	0	20	0
Pork ⅌ do	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ham & Bacon ⅌ lb	0	0	4	0	0	6
Mutton ⅌ lb	0	0	2	0	0	3
Veal ⅌ do	0	0	2½	0	0	3
Lard do	0	0	3	0	0	3
Cheese	0	0	3	0	0	5
Eggs ⅌ doz	0	0	6	0	0	7½
Turkeys each	0	0	0	0	0	0
Geese each	0	2	6	0	3	0
Fowls ⅌ pair	0	1	0	0	1	6
Ducks ⅌ do	0	1	3	0	1	9
Apples ⅌ bush	0	1	0	0	1	6
Fresh Salmon each	0	1	0	0	1	6
Codfish ⅌ lb	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hay ⅌ ton	1	5	0	1	10	0
Timothy Seed bush	0	0	0	0	0	0
Potatoes ⅌ sack	1	6	0	1	9	0
Wood ⅌ cord	0	12	0	0	0	0

Camden Fair.

United Counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington, To Wit:

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Letters Patent to me directed, granted by his Excellency, the Right Hon. Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, &c. &c., Governor General of Canada, in the name and in behalf of our well-beloved Sovereign the Queen, I shall attend in person at the Village of Clarksville, in the Township of Camden East, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 6th and 7th of November next, (1851,) to commence at the hour of 9 o'clock of the first day, and then and there to open and constitute

A PUBLIC FAIR OR MART

For the Barter and Sale of all kinds of Agricultural Produce, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, and other live Stock; and also for the sale of all kinds of Goods and Merchandize; which Public Fair or Mart is to be kept open and maintained until the sunset of the Second Day, and no longer.

THOS. A. CORBETT,
Sheriff of the U. C. F., L. & A.

Sheriff's Office of the United Counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington, October 22nd, 1851. 241

TAXES! TAXES!!

NOTICE is hereby given, that I having received upon the respective persons returned in the Assessment Roll of this City for the current year, and demanded payment of Taxes, according to law, that all persons now indebted to the City of Kingston in Taxes, are required to make payment thereof to the undersigned Office in the City Hall, between the day of this date and the 31st October inst.; on from and after the last mentioned date, WARRANTS will be issued against all persons who then may be in default—and thereby expenses will be incurred.

ALEXANDER SMITH,
Collector.

Collector's Office, City Hall, Kingston, Oct. 22, 1851. 235-3m

NOTICE TO GROCERS.

JAMES LINTON having received instructions to sell by Auction, on the arrival of the schooner Britain, Capt. Quackle, from Halifax direct, about the 5th Nov. next, 45 to 60 hhds. Bright West India Sugar; 6000 boxes fine fresh Malaga Raisins; 300 half do. do.; 300 qr. do. do. Allied wines will be sold on liberal terms, for which notice will be given on the arrival of the vessel and place of sale.

JAMES LINTON,
A. R. A. C. M.

Kingston, Oct 22, 1851.

RECEIVED

AT the Store of the Subscriber, Oct 15th, per steamer "Magnet" from Port Hope,
30 Bbls. Flour—Seven Mills.
15th, per steamer "Prospect" from Cobourg,
30 Bbls. do. Bolsover Mills.
" Per steamer "Wellington" from Belleville,
70 Bbls. do. Hamilton Mills.
5 Kegs Butter.
" Per steamer "New Era" from Montreal,
4 Bbls. London Porter.
18th, per steamer "Princess Royal" from Cobourg,
30 Bbls. Flour—Bolsover Mills.

JOHN CARRUTHERS.

Kingston, 21st Oct., 1851.

LOST.

LAST evening either in the Reading Room or near the City Hall, a pair of *Large Silver Spectacles.*

Whoever has found the same and will leave them at the British Whig Office, will be rewarded for their trouble.

Kingston, Oct 23, 1851. 231

FOR SALE.

NEWCASTLE Coals, and Gartsherrie No 1 Pig Iron. Apply to H. & S. JONES, at their Stores near the Barracks.

Kingston, Oct. 6th, 1851. 85

LOST COW.

STRAYED about eight days since, a light red Cow, of the Dutch Breed (heavy in calf) with white back, short horns turning inwards, dark face and belly all white. Any person finding her and returning her to the Widow Carey on the Montreal Road (near the Methodist Chapel,) will be properly rewarded for their trouble.

Kingston, October 22nd, 1851. 230

AUCTION SALE OF
DRY GOODS.

ON THURSDAY the 23rd instant, will be sold at the Warehouse of the Subscriber, in Brock Street, the contents of 200 packages of DRY GOODS imported this Fall, viz:—

30 pcs. Pilot, Beaver & Witney cloths,
100 " Broad cloth in Black, Blue, Drab & Olive,
70 do. Cassimeres & Doeskins, in black, blue and fancy,
120 do Satinetts and Full cloths,
30 doz fancy Vest patterns,
300 pcs Witney and Point Blankets,
300 assorted rugs and counterpanes,
200 pcs scarlet, white and colored Flannels and Serges,
130 do Gala plaids and checkings,
350 woolen shawls and scarfs,
300 pcs black and colored Orleans and Cobourgs,
300 do 7-8 and 5-4 printed calicoes,
1000 do bleached and grey cottons,
100 do 4-4 brown sheetings linen,
30 do 4-4 Irish linens,
30 do huckaback and damasks,
100 do 3-4 and 6-4 bed ticks,
[illegible] box of silk goods and velvets,
[illegible] do. buckskin mitts and gloves,
[illegible] do assorted threads,
2 cases of Woollen Shirts & Drawers,
2000 lbs. Cotton Yarns,
20 Bales cotton Batts and Wadding,
250 lbs. Cotton Shop Twine,
200 pr. of heavy Serge Shirtings,
100 " Scotch Tartans & Ginghams,
50 " Sofa Covering,
2 Cases of Silk Cotton Handk'fs,
2 Cases of Regatta Shirts,

With a great variety of Buttons & small Wares.

Sale at 11 o'clock precisely.

WM. WILSON.

October 11th, 1851. 241

BAY OF QUINTE.

THE STEAMER
NOVELTY,
CAPT. J. BONTER.

THIS fast running steamer is now on the Bay of Quinte, and will ply as follows:

UPWARD TRIP:

She will leave Kingston for the head of the Bay at 11 o'clock, A. M., on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and SATURDAYS, touching at all the intermediate ports.

DOWNWARD TRIP:

She will leave the River Trent for KINGSTON, on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and FRIDAYS, at 6, and Belleville at 8 o'clock, A. M., and will touch at all intermediate ports.

Kingston, Sept. 15, 1851. 218

Government Notice.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office, until noon, on FRIDAY, the 24th October, 1851, for the undermentioned articles for the use of the Military Prison at Kingston, viz:—

100 *Pairs of Mitts,*
2 *Thermometers.*

The above to be supplied before the 1st of November, and made agreeably to Patterns which may be seen on application at the Barrack Office.

Commissariat,
20th October, 1851. 230

Through to New York in 20 Hours!
VIA WATERTOWN.

EXTENSION OF THE
Watertown & Rome Rail-Road
ROME, WATERTOWN, CAPE VINCENT, KINGSTON.

THIS Road being now completed to Watertown, (within ten miles of Sacketts Harbor,) the cars will run as follows:

LEAVE WATERTOWN.

First Train (WAY, leaves Watertown at 5.30 A. M.

Second Train (EXPRESS) leaves Watertown at 1 P. M.

LEAVE ROME.

First Train (EXPRESS) leaves Rome at 11-15 A. M.

Second Train (WAY) leaves Rome at 4.30 A. M.

☞ Passengers taking either of the Morning Trains will be landed in New York, or intermediate places during the day, or following night and morning.

R. B. DOXTATER, Supt.

October 14th, 1851. 243

TICKETS for the Watertown and Rome Railroad to be obtained of by

THOS. J. ANGEL,
Agent,
Market Square, Kingston.

Oct. 14, 1851. 243-tf

SALE ON TUESDAY OCT. 28th.
FRESH FRUITS, &c.
OF THE CROP OF 1851,
DIRECT FROM MALAGA.

THE Subscribers beg to inform the Trade of Canada East, and West, that they have received per Schooner "DOLPHIN," their CARGO OF FRESH FRUITS, &c. &c., of the Crop of 1851, direct from Malaga to this Port, and would call their attention to the consignment, which will be sold on Tuesday, 28th October, consisting of:—

MUSCATEL RAISINS—Layers, Bunches, Blooms, and Clusters,—in boxes, halves, quarters and eighths.

LEROS AND CALIPEVA RAISINS—in kegs and bags.

FRESH FIGS, Fillows, and Soft Shelled Almonds.

FRESH GRAPES—in barrels and halves.

JORDAN ALMONDS—in boxes.

VALENCIA NUTS.

BROWN AND PALE SHERRY WINE—in quarters and octaves.

LEMONS—and other articles.

Which will be offered in the Trade at Public Auction, on the above mentioned day, to enable parties at a distance to attend the Sale.

EDW. MAITLAND, TYLEE & Co.

Montreal, Oct. 18, 1851. 240

Board's Hotel, Church Street Toronto, C. W., by ROBERT BEARD.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW YORK AND GLASGOW.

THE GLASGOW & NEW YORK

Steam-Ship Company's new first class ship Glasgow, (1050 tons, and 400 horse power,) R. Stewart, late of the Cunard Steamers, Commander, is appointed to sail from New York, direct for Glasgow, on Saturday, the 6th December, next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

PASSAGE MONEY.

First Cabin, (Steward's Fee included,) $100
Second Cabin, do. do. 50

No Steerage Passengers taken.

These vessels include provisions,