MAILS FOR ENGLAND.

The Mail for England will be closed at the Post Office on Sunday next, at 5 o'clock, P. M.

Post Office during the Summer of 1851 will close

Eastern mail, by steamer, daily, at 5 A. M.
Western Mail, Cobourg, Port Hope, Peterboro, Toronto, and Offices West of Toronto, by Steamer daily (Sunday excepted) at 4 P. M.
Western Mail, Land Offices between Kingston and Toronto, daily at 4 P. M.
Prince Edward District, daily (Saturday excepted) at 4 P. M.
Amherst Island, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 4 P. M.
Camden East, Tamworth, Newburgh, and Wilton, on Monday, Wednesday, & Friday, at 4 P. M.
Napanee, on Wednesday and Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Wolf Island, daily (Sundays excepted) at 6.30 A. M.
United States, daily (Sundays excepted) at 6.30 A. M.

Letters for England can be forwarded via the United States on payment of 2½ to the Lines. The Inland Postage on papers for the United States must be paid 1½ each to the Lines.

Agents for the British Whig.

Montreal, ... R. Chalmers & Co., Booksellers.
Belleville, ... Mr. Michael Nally, Assistant Postmaster.
Cobourg, ... Thos. Evans, Esq.
Peterboro, ... Mr. Thos. McLean, Bookseller.
Hamilton, ... John Brown, Esq.
New York, ... T. Pelouet, Tribune Buildings.
Boston, ... Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 10 State-st.
Rochester, N. Y., ... Mr. G. S. Jewett.
And Postmasters generally of the Midland District.

*** Agreements for advertising made by any of the above gentlemen, either for Cash or otherwise, will be ratified.

BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL PACKETS.

TRAIN & CO.'S LINE.

SAILING from Boston on the 3th and from Liverpool on the 20th of every month, viz:—

	From Boston.	From Liverpool.
Ship Patriarch Rees, 1000 tons. Capt. Elias Caldwell.	Jan 3	Jan 20
	May 3	June 20
	Sept. 3	Oct. 20
Ship Palestine, 1100 tons. Capt. Lucius Sampson.	Feb. 3	March 20
	June 3	July 20
	Oct. 3	Nov. 20
Ship David Warren, new, 1200 tons. Capt. W. H. Howard.	Mar. 3	April 20
	July 3	Aug. 20
	Nov. 3	Dec. 20
Ship Westmoreland, new clipper, 1200 tons. Capt. A. H. Brown.	April 3	May 20
	Aug. 3	Sept. 20
	Dec. 3	Jan. 20

These ships are all of the first class, built to Packet specs for Liverpool Packets, and commanded by men of experience in the trade, have superior accommodations for passengers, and will be dispatched punctually as above.

A first class Ship will also be dispatched from Liverpool for Boston, on the 3th of every month.

For freight or passage to Liverpool, apply in Boston to ENOCH TRAIN & CO. 32 and 34 Lewis Wharf—and in Liverpool to TRAIN & CO., 6 John Buildings.

☞ Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain certificates of passage—cabin, second cabin or steerage—by applying in Boston at the offices as above, the only place where certificates for this line can be purchased.

Price of passage—cabin $75—second cabin $50—steerage $32.

☞ Sight Bills of Exchange for £1 and upwards to be had in sums to suit. 194

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of his good faith.

We cannot undertake to return unused communications.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The expense of advertising in a Daily Paper is very much greater than that of advertising in a Weekly or Semi-Weekly; it can, however, be easily lessened by previous agreement; but in order to ensure this cheapness, it is imperatively necessary to pay cash for advertisements as they are handed in. In no single case, with any abatement of the advertising tariff be allowed, unless pre-payment is made.

*** Notices of Meetings, Balls and Funerals invariably charged.

The Daily British Whig.

"Quitas res Quitas Disce."

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 11, 1851.

☞ Highway Robbery with Attempt to Murder.—A very important affair of this nature took place on Wednesday night last, within a short distance of the Cataraqui Bridge, on the Perth road. A man of the name of Lewis Mellon, a Frenchman, who keeps the Officers' Mess at Fort Henry, having business in town, left the top of Barriefield Hill, where he had been spending the evening, about eleven o'clock at night. When he got near the site of the old School House, a man with black whiskers came up to him and took out of his hands a small walking stick; he then whistled, and two other ruffians ran up, and all three fell upon the poor man; one attempting to throttle him, while the other robbed him of a gold watch, together with about £20 in money. After leaving their victim for some time on the ground, they took him up, and threw him into the swampy and muddy waters in the vicinity, and there left him to perish. Fortunately the water was not deep, and after lying there for some time, the poor man crawled out, and all over mud as he was, and weak from bruises, contrived to walk up to the Fort, where he was admitted and his injuries attended to. Although the place at night is somewhat deserted, still it is surprising that no alarm was given, or anything heard of this robbery until next day; so many officers returning home to Barracks about that time.

THE GARDEN, ORCHARD AND PLEASURE GROUND OF MR. GEORGE LESSLIE AT TORONTO.

The facility with which fruit trees can now be procured, and their value in domestic economy, and as an article of commerce, renders it inexcusable for every owner of the soil to be destitute of some of Nature's hardiest and most goodly productions. Our climate is not adapted to this locality to the general orchard cultivation of Peaches, Apricots and Nectarines, but it is unsurpassed in producing Apples, Pears, Cherries, Plums, and many others, though scarcely less joyful, descriptions of fruit. He who grows Crab, Choke-pears and Cherries, in spite of the care and trifling expense with which the finest varieties may be obtained, is unworthy of the respect of reasonable men. Beginning with Strawberries, Raspberries and Cherries, and ending with [illegible] and Apples and Pears, a yearly [illegible] is within the reach of all who [illegible] wealth and more refined tastes will necessarily lead them to ornament their domains with flowering trees and shrubs. It is obviously in our young country that the "axe be laid to the root of the tree" and vast forests be cut down, but it is all the more needful for the lovers of the pleasant and beautiful, to plant trees around their country homes, their suburban cottages. The Editor of Blackwood's Magazine, the far-famed Christopher North, thus soliloquizes, and to his rhapsody we involuntarily responde: "I pity the man who loves not trees, to look at them, to lie under them. To what one inaginable attribute, that it ought to possess, is a tree, pray, deficient? Height, shade, shelter, coolness, freshness, music—all the colors of the rainbow, dew and dreams dropping through their soft twilight, at eve and at noon, dropping dewy, soft, sweet, soothing restorative from heaven. Without trees, how in the name of wonder, could we have had houses, ships, bridges, easy chairs, or coffins, or almost any single one of the necessaries, comforts, or conveniences of life? Without trees, one man might have been born with a silver spoon in his mouth, but not another with a wooden ladle."

These remarks are induced by finding in our advertising columns, an advertisement of Mr. George Leslie, Proprietor of the Toronto Nursery. During the past summer we had the personal satisfaction of viewing this extensive establishment, and bear willing testimony to the fine appearance of the various stocks there cultivated. Its claims on public notice are also morally enhanced from the fact that native grown trees, both as regards the trees themselves, and the earth, are both adapted to the climate, and consequently more likely to succeed than any other.

TRISTE ANGLETERRE.

The following letter appears in the Montreal Courier of the 3th inst. It is in reply to some severe animadversions of the editor on the shocking wickedness of a few Fireworks on a Sunday evening at Longueuil, near Montreal:

MONTREAL, October 2, 1851.

To the Editor of the Montreal Courier:

SIR,—My attention has been drawn to your remarks respecting the desecration of the Sabbath in letting off and witnessing the fireworks at Longueuil on Sunday evening last.

You treat it as if every one present had been guilty of a deliberate crime, equally offensive to God as disgusting to man, without making allowance for nationalities or peculiarities of any kind.

Longueuil is situated on the opposite side of the river, and about three miles distant from this city, almost entirely inhabited by French Canadians and forms at once the residence and cure of Father Chiniquy, who has converted the entire population (consisting of about fifteen hundred inhabitants) into teetotallers, and are now perhaps as orderly, moral and respectable a community as is to be found in the whole of this Province, or on this Continent.

If they happen to have opinions, prejudices, and customs, differing from you, Sir, and they choose to carry those out in a way the most agreeable to their own sense of propriety, should that give offence to us, or be the occasion of scandal to any entirely foreign to them? —(as we happen to be, Mr. Editor, in this instance.)

Was riot or drunkenness to be apprehended from this demonstration of our simple-minded and unsophisticated neighbors? Or was there any more harm, think you, in witnessing this display of natural phenomena, than in listening to the diatribes of sectarianism going on probably at the same time in most of the pulpits of this city.

To my apprehension, Sir these kind-hearted and simple people, in their mode of enjoyment, were better serving their Maker and doing honor to the Sabbath, than those who were sitting in judgment upon them, and glorifying themselves, as if they were the only persons worthy of salvation.

In the keeping of the Sabbath in this city, the Catholics and the Jews equally put to the blush their Protestant brethren, in my opinion. The hours of stated worship, by both the former, are observed with a regularity and propriety that can hardly be surpassed; and I believe their pulpit orations and admonitions are almost altogether exempt from fanaticism or sectarian prejudice;—while on the other hand, Protestant sermons abound in objectionable passages of that kind.

The Catholics observe Sunday as a festival—a day of joy, not of mourning—a day of rest and recreation, and not of gloom and sanctimoniousness. Their religion inspires them with gladness, and they think it no desecration of the day to show it in their actions—while the others think they can only serve God by subduing all the finer emotions of the heart, and burying themselves in gloom and despondency. This spiritual retreat is observed by Catholics on the eve of every festival.

It has would undertake to determine which is the most acceptable to the Deity—the gaiety and mirth of the Catholic, after having discharged his devotions with exemplary propriety, or the sullen conceits of the Protestant burying himself in his household, and refusing to mix with any but his own family for the time being?

For my part, as an individual, I have infinitely more sympathy with the mode of observing the Sabbath on the part of the Catholic than the Protestant; but each ought to be sacred to itself, as God comprehends both equally, and it is he who is most sincere at heart, (whatever his opinions may be) that will be the most acceptable to him, as doubtless would be the case with man, could he see equally into the human heart, that is fully scanned by God.

I think, Mr. Editor, your superior talents might be turned to a more useful purpose in the prosecution of your profession, than criticising the peculiarities of a rival sect, who are, perhaps, as well satisfied with themselves, and as competent judges of propriety, as you are.

I remain, Mr. Editor,
A CONSTANT READER.

☞ A Modern Job Office.—The uses to which the Press is put now a days, would have puzzled our progenitors of a few generations back. The following is from the Cobourg Star:—

"The Job Office of the Star.—This Office is now as complete as any in Canada West, for Professional Men can be turned out at short notice, and at very low price."

As regards "professional men," it is generally believed that we we have too many on hand already; but as the "very low price" at which the Star turns them out will only mean doubled times or cheap everything, nobody will grumble—except the Lower Canada Lawyers, who would probably grumble if they w[illegible] to be gentlemen.

BAD PRINT

temporary to secure the trade of both Provinces. May he prosper in his novel but praiseworthy speculation; for that he has a perfect right to take advantage of his ingenuity, no one will deny. We fear, however, that the Members, at the next Session of Parliament, will thoroughly investigate the matter; and if they do not altogether destroy the Satellite, they will at least be down on him like a thousand of brick, and put a "great extinguisher" on his glory.

Yesterday all that was mortal of the late lamented pastor of St. Patrick's Church, the Reverend Patrick McMahon, were consigned to the silent tomb. The funeral which took place at 10 o'clock in the forenoon was one of the grandest and most imposing that we have witnessed. The procession, 8 deep, stretched from the residence of the deceased in St. Stanislaus Street to the Butchers' Market in St. Anne street, and was made up of thousands of people of every condition in life, and of every shade of religious belief. In the following order it proceeded up St. Stanislaus and along St. Anne streets, down Treasury, Fabrique, Palace and St. Helene streets to St. Patrick's Church, were the body now lies buried:—

The Christian Brothers and other schools.
The Clergy.
The Attendant Sacristans.

Pall Bearers. HEARSE. Pall Bearers.

The Relations.
The Committee of Management of St. Patrick's Church.
Les Marguilliers.
The Corporation.
The Magistrates.
The Military Officers.
The Doctors.
The Notaries.
The St. Vincent de Paul Society.
The Trades.
The Police.
The Citizens—8 abreast.

On arriving there, at that place where the deceased had long and faithfully ministered, the police opened out and facing inwards suffered the people to pass the sigh their ranks into the Church, which was in mourning. The altar, the organ, the galleries, the chandeliers were hung in black, the gloom of the dark drapery being partially relieved by here and there a wax light or a death's head and cross bones in white. The candles on the altar were lighted, and the organ solemnly pealing. In a few minutes His Lordship the Bishop of Toronto entered from the sacristy and High Mass being after which the Reverend Mr. Kerrigan ascended the pulpit and preached an eloquent funeral sermon, on the conclusion of which the remains were placed in their final resting place. The respect entertained for the deceased was best manifested by the vast attendance of all conditions of people. Major Sir Wm. Gordon of the 93th Regt., and Town Major Knight were present in full regimentals, and W. A. Holwell, Esq., the Ordnance Storekeeper, Col. Hagerman of the Artillery, and other officers in plain clothes. The Catholic soldiers of the Royal Artillery, the 34th and 93th Regiments were present, and the contrast between their varied uniforms and the sober black of the civil sons had a strikingly magnificent effect. All this funeral pomp however only tends to increase the sense of loss which the St. Patrick's Church has experienced by this untimely death.—Quebec Chronicle, Sept 7.

THE GOLD FEVER IN AUSTRALIA.

We copy the following most important statement from the Sydney Morning Herald of Tuesday, May 20, which reached us late it from the Bathurst Free Press of Saturday, the 17th:—

"The discovery of the fact by Mr. Hargraves that the country, from the Mountain Ranges to an indefinite extent to the westward, is one immense gold field, has produced a tremendous excitement in the town of Bathurst and the surrounding districts. For several days after our last publication the business of the town was utterly paralyzed. A complete mental madness appears to have seized almost every member of the community, and, as a natural consequence, there has been an universal rush to the diggings. Any attempt to describe the ludicrous scenes—grave, gay, and ludicrous—which have arisen out of this state of things, would require the graphic pen of a Dickens, and would exceed any limit which could be assigned to it in a newspaper. Groups of people were to be seen early on Monday morning at every corner of the streets, assembled in solemn conclave, debating both possibilities and improbabilities, and eager to pounce upon any human being who was likely to give any information about the diggings. People of all trades, callings, and profession were quickly transformed into miners, and many a hand which had been trained to the chisel or accustomed to work nothing heavier than the grey goose quill, became serious to clutch the pick and crowbar or "work the cradle" at our infant mines. The blacksmiths of the town could not turn off the picks fast enough, and the manufacture of cradles was the second busiest business of the place. A few left town on Monday equipped for the diggings; but on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday the roads to Summer-hill Creek became literally alive with new made miners from every quarter, some armed with picks, others shouldering crowbars or shovels, and not a few slung around with washing-pans, tin pots and calloushes, gardens and agricultural implements of every variety either hung from the saddle-bow or dangled about the persons of the pilgrims to Ophir. Now and then a respectable tradesman, who had just left his bench of counter, would be seen to ride, with a huge something in front of his horse which he called a cradle, and with which he was about to rock himself into fortune. Scores have rushed from their homes, provided with a blanket, "a damper," and a pick or grubbing-hoe, full of hope that a day or two's labor would fill their pockets with the precious metal; and we have heard of a great number who have started without any provision but a blanket and some rude implement to dig with. Such is the intensity of the excitement that people appear almost regardless of their present comfort and think of nothing but gold. Of course all this must end in disappointment. The wet weather of the last two nights, with the damp ground for a bed, and the morning clouds for a canopy, will do much towards damping the enthusiasm of numbers. We have the authority of an experienced man in stating that from the imperfect and unsuitable implements used by all who have left for the diggings, coupled with their miserable provision in other respects, success is impossible; that the labor necessary is severe in extreme degree, and he venures, as his opinion, that no more than 3 per cent, will become permanent miners. One of the consequences has been a rapid rise in the price of provisions. Flour, which ranged from 18s. to 20s. per bushel, has been sold for 45s.; tea, sugar, and almost every other valuable commodity have advanced in equal proportion. A large amount of the wheat in the district is in the hands of a few speculators who will maintain their hold in the hope of a golden harvest. But for the very extensive supplies now on their way from Sydney flour would soon be at a famine price, and should a rush take place from below, as may be reasonably expected, it is to be hoped that there are capitalists enough to advantage in one of the speculations of the times—the purchase of flour for the supply of the district.

"What material very material to fan the excitement into a flame was the arrival of a son of Mr. Neale, the brewer, with a piece of pure metal, weighing 11 ounces, which was purchased by Mr. Austin for £3, who started to Sydney by the following day's mail with the gold and the news. Since that an old man arrived in town with several pieces in mass, weighing in all from two to three pounds. He also started for Sydney with his prize. Mr. Kennedy, the manager of the Bathurst Branch of the Union Bank of Australia, visited the diggings on Saturday last in company with Messrs Hawkins and Green, and each of these gentlemen picked up a small piece of pure metal; and a few handfuls of the loose earth from the bed of the creek, which were brought home by Mr. Kennedy from motives of curiosity, have been since assayed by Mr. Kuff, from Sydney, and a piece of gold extracted therefrom of the size of a small pea. Besides these we have not heard of any particular instances of success.

"On Wednesday morning last, Mr. Hargraves, accompanied by Mr. Stutchbury, the Government geologist, went to the diggings, and with his own hands washed a pan of earth in his presence, from which 22 grains of fine gold were produced. He afterwards washed several baskets of earth, and produced gold therefrom. Mr. Stutchbury however expressed his satisfaction, and immediately furnished him with credentials, which have since been forwarded to Government. The fact of the existence of gold is therefore clearly established; and what we could or could not do with it, Mr. Hargraves is certainly the individual to whom it properly belongs. Should Government deem it necessary, as it most probably will, to appoint a superior superintendent, or commissioner, over the gold regions, in addition to the fact of Mr. Hargraves being the discoverer, his practical acquaintance with mining points him out as the most suitable and worthy person for the appointment.

"We have very much more to say, but have not space to say it to.

Police Magistrate.

(BEFORE HIMSELF AND THE BENCH.)

THURSDAY, Oct. 9.

James Holliday—Larceny; committed for trial.

This case arose from the robbery of Mr. Livingston's Shop last Saturday evening.

Ann Collins, Patrick Freedergast, James McKinney, Christiana Dessett, John Moran, drunk and disorderly; properly reprimanded.

FRIDAY, Oct. 10.

—— Dick, charged by Mr. Black, of Portsmouth, with leaving his employ—fined $5.

☞ Masters and Servants would do well to make themselves acquainted with their relative duties under the Master and Servant's Act—both stand upon slippery places.

Mr. Keith charged Mrs. McQuoin with assault and indecent conduct; the lady seemed well able to plead her own case, nevertheless she was fined 3s.

Several cases were adjourned. The High Bailiff made a very serious complaint respecting "the Village." We hope we long to see this hideous spot wiped from off the fairface of Kingston. The Pig nuisance is in the meantime, under consideration.

CUSTOM HOUSE REPORTS.

(REPORTED BY MR. CHARLES BATTIN, C. H. BROKER.)

IMPORTS.

Oct. 3.

Str. Bay State, Oswego—27 barrels pearlies, Gunters; 9 stoves, B. Rogby; 1 box wax, Wilson & Son; 1 box merchandise, P. D. Rose; 24 bags onions, Mr. Ennet; 1 box medicines, Harris & Longwell; 25 cases eyeglasses, A. Scott; 1 bag-pipes, James Eaton.

Schr. Montreal, Oswego—350 bbls salt, J. Muir & Co.; 350 bbls and 300 bags salt, Hugh Brown.

Prince, Milford—2 bales wool, 9 bags butter, 2 casks wool, W. Spence.

Mississippi, Colborne—4378 bush. wheat, 500 wheat, 27 bbls ashes, 38 firkins butter, D. McDonell.

Lake Erie, Oswego—14 ballast.

Oct. 4th.

Str. Chippewa, Ogdensburgh—12 boxes medicine, R. W. Clarke; 2 bags seed, Hodgson & Hamilton; 1 bag grass, J. D. Ross & Co.

Gladiator, Montreal—2 cases goods, J. Pierce & Co.

Barge, Wilson, Montreal—1200 bbls potatoes, G. & S. Jones.

Schr. Robert Bruce, Port Hope—63 bags barley and Rye, 1 bag seed, 16 cases wine, Davison.

EXPORTS.

Str. Bay State, Ogdensburgh—Passengers and baggage.

Schr. Lewis Cass, Oswego—60,300 feet sawed lumber.

October 10th.

Str. Chippewa, Lewiston—Passengers and baggage.

Schr. British Queen, Cleveland—1275 bars Railroad iron.

Prince of Wales, Dunkirk—320 bars Railroad iron.

Arrivals in this City.

AT THE BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL.

October 8th—Mr O'Dougherty, Brome; Mr and Miss Langdon, Chicago; Rev'd De Mazelles, River Trent.

10th—Mr G Warren, New York; W R P Smith, Belleville; Mr G H Miller, St Thomas; Kerr, Montreal; Mr Noel Kent, Kingston; Mr J Warren, New York.

AT THE BRITISH EMPIRE HOTEL.

8th—Charles E Turnbull, John Turnbull, William Rogers & Lady, Mrs. Rogers, Cap. S Mills; Messrs Kelly and Rogers, Watertown.

10th.—Smith P. Lawrence, E. Brandt M. Gen. A. Ostrom, Port Hope; Thomas Walker Fenton, Chicago, Ill. N. Y.; Abel Mills, Wheels; Mrs. Skinner, Preston; J Colwell, Belleville; N. C. English, Stone Mills; Solomon Hungerford, Belleville.

SPAN OF HORSES LOST.

LOST on Saturday night last, October 4th, from a Pasture on Lot No. 24, a span of FOX HORSES—the one an old horse 13 years old, and the other a mare, young five years, with a star in her forehead. Whoever has found the above, or either, and will give information to the subscriber, will be properly rewarded for his trouble.

WM. PATTERSON.
Kingston, Oct. 10th, 1851. 241

OPENING OUT AT THE VICTORIA WAREHOUSE,

A LARGE and well assorted stock of British and Foreign

DRY GOODS,

For the Fall and Winter Trade.

JAMES J. WHITTEMAN.
Kingston, Oct. 8, 1851. 240

AUCTION SALE OF DRY GOODS.

ON THURSDAY the 23rd instant, will be sold at the Warehouse of the Subscriber in Brock Street, the contents of 200 packages of DRY GOODS imported this Fall, viz:—

30 pc. Plain, Brassett & Witney cloths,
100 " Broad cloth in Black, Blue, Drab & Olive,
70 do. Cassimeres & Doeskins, in black, blue and fancy,
150 do Satinetts and Full cloths,
30 doz fancy Vest patterns,
300 pcs Witney and Point Blankets,
300 assorted rugs and counterpanes,
200 pcs scarlet, white and colored Flannels and Serges,
150 do Gala plaids and checkings,
350 woollen shawls and scarfs,
500 pcs black and colored Orleans and Cobourgs,
300 do 7-8 and 3-4 printed cottons,
1000 do bleached and grey cottons,
100 do 4-4 brown sheetings linen,
30 do 4-4 Irish linens,
30 do huckaback and damasks,
100 do 3-4 and 6-4 bed ticks,
1 case of silk goods and velvets,
200 doz buckskin mitts and gloves,
100 do assorted threads,
2 cases of Worsted Shawls & Scarves,
2000 lbs. Cotton Yarns,
50 Bales cotton Batts and Wadding,
250 lbs. Cotton Sleep Twine,
200 pc. of heavy Slaps Shirtings,
100 " Scotch Tartans & Ginghams,
50 " Silk Checking,
2 Cases of Silk Cotton Handk's,
2 Cases of Regatta Shirts,

With a great variety of Buttons & small Wares.

Sale at 11 o'clock precisely.

WM. WILSON.
Oct. 10th, 1851. 241

AUCTION SALE OF LAND.

WILL be sold by Auction at the Village of WATERLOO, on Tuesday the 23rd day of October, inst, being part of Lot No. 16, 3rd concession of Kingston, in Four Pieces, viz.—Containing about 8 Acres, adjoining the Village, with a good Log House and a Pot Ashery thereon.

2nd—About seven eighths of an Acre, with a Frame House thereon.

3rd—About 70 feet by 236 feet.

4th.— " 720 do do do.

Being all the right, title and interest of Jerry Whitehead, Esq. of Lee Cross, Yorkshire, England, in the above Lots.

Terms at Sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, Noon.

THOMAS ASKEW,
Agent & Attorney.
JAMES LINTON,
A. & C. M.

Kingston, October 7, 1851. 241

KINGSTON & BATH ROAD.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned at his Office on Bagot Street, until Friday the 17th instant, for the construction of Two Toll Houses and Gates on the Bath Road at or near Andrews' Corners (old Fort Road) and McGaw's Mill—also for planking and bridging at McGaw's Bridge. Plans and Specifications to be seen at the Office.

JOHN C. DAVIES.
Kingston, October 10th, 1851 241

NEW BOOKS FROM BRITAIN.

WEALE'S RUDIMENTARY WORKS.

New Vols

TREATISE on Warming and Ventilating, by Charles Tomlinson.
do do on Steam Boilers, by R. Armstrong, C. E.
do do on Land and Engineering Surveying by T. Baker, C. E.
do do on The History, Construction and Illumination of Lighthouses, by Alan Stevenson, C. E.
do do on Examples and Solutions on the Differential Calculus, by James Hoskins, Esq.
do do on Examples on the Integral Calculus, by James Hand.
do do on Steam Engines, by R. Armstrong, C. E.
do do on Ship Building, by James Peake, E. A.
do do on Civil Engineering, by H. Law, C. E.
do do on Navigation, Directions for Great Circle Sailing. Essay on the Law of Storms, and Variable Winds, by James Greenwood, Esq.
do do on Cottage Building, or Hints for Improving the Dwellings of the Labouring Classes, by L. Shaw Allen.
do do on Building and Quarrying of Stone, by Major Gen. Sir John Burgoyne.
do do on Clock and Watch Making, with a Chapter on Church Clocks, by E. B. Denison, M. A.
do do on Mathematical Instruments, by J. F. Heather, M. A.
do do on The Law of Contracts for Works and Services, by David Gibbons, Esq.

Official Catalogue of the Great Exhibition of the Works of Art of All Nations, 1851.

Just Received by

JOHN DUFF.
Oct. 10, 1851 241

FOR SALE.

NEWCASTLE Coals, and Garbharrie No. 1 Pig Iron. Apply to H. & S. JONES, at their Stores near the Barracks.
Kingston, Oct. 4th, 1851. 233

RECEIVED at the Stores of the Subscriber, Ontario Street, per Steamer Prince of Wales, Oct. 3rd,

30 Cases Whiskey,
8 Hhds. do.

Per Str. New Era, from Montreal, 7th Oct.,

11 Hhds. Porto Rico Sugar,
10 bags Rice,
3 do. Pepper,
10 Quarters Table Codfish,
2 Bbls. Mackerel,
25 do. Herrings,
7 do. Vinegar,
3 do. Oil,
1 Pickets,
1 do. Sundries,
2 Bales Windsor Soap,
25 " Cowan's" Liverpool do.
3 Hhds. Cognac Brandy, "Sussez," in bond,
5 do. do. "Martell's,"
5 do. do. Cadiz do. "Byrd's,"
2 Cases Cigars,
11 Jars Snuff,
20 Boxes Raisins,
1 Box Shelled Almonds,
2 Bbls. Walnuts,
10 Chests Tea,
1 Chest Cassia,
1 Box Cloves,
1 Case Starching,
6 Matts Sassafras,
4 bags Saltpetre, and

Per Str. Magnet, from Cobourg, 7th Oct., 30 Bbls. Flour, and

Per Str. Prince of Wales, Belleville Oct. 8th,

4 Casks Whiskey, and

Per Str. Ottawa, from Montreal, Oct. 8th,

35 Boxes Raisins,
3 Kegs Roasted Coffee.

And from Mill Creek Pail Factory, Oct. 6th,

35 Doz. Pails, (extra finished.)

JOHN CAREY, THARS.

NOTICE:

Messrs. Wm. McMillan & Co.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN KINGSTON,

HAVING by a Deed of Assignment, under date the 3rd Instant, conveyed the whole of their Stock in Trade, and Personal Estate, to the undersigned, in trust for the benefit of their Creditors, all persons, therefore, standing indebted to, or who may have claims against the said Firm, are respectively requested to settle the same, or judge the other, with the Assignee without delay.

WILLIAM CRAIG,
Assignee.

Kingston, 6th October, 1851.

AUCTION SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th OCTOBER instant, and following days, the whole of the Stock in Trade and Effects, belonging to the Estate of Messrs. McMillan & Co., Commission Merchants in Kingston, on the premises occupied by them, by the Assignee of the Estate.

CONSISTING OF:

Satinetts, Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Flannels, Prints, Orleans, Lustres, Tweeds, Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Bobbinnets, Silesias, Brown Holland, Shirtings and Sheetings, Black and White Wadding, Carpeting, Bagging, Window Shades, Cords, various Hats, "Green eyes," 30 bag and eight-day Clocks, Pocketing and Lining Paper, Ink, Razors and Razor Strops, Dressing Cases, Ladies' Work Boxes, Fancy Ink-stands, Tobacco, Twist, Nutmegs, Mustard, Pepper, Liverpool Soap, Fancy do, Belmont Candles, Stocking, Snuff. An excellent Platform Scale,—Also, a part of Counter Scales, Box Stove and Pipes, Desks, Bookcases, and numerous other articles.

Also, by the same Messrs. Wm. McMillan & Co.

The above Sundry Consignments, for the most part imported this Fall, expressly for this Market, and which be closed off without any Reserve. Consisting of—A large assortment of Broad Cloths, Pilot and Beaver do., Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Red and White Flannels, Navy Blue and other Drains, Silesias, Jaconets, Cut Buttons, Binding and Cord, &c. The Trade, both in Town and Country, will find it to their advantage to attend this Sale, as every article will be sold without any reserve.

Sale positive, and to commence punctually at TEN o'clock, A. M.

TERMS:—Under £25, cash; over that sum, three months credit, by furnishing approved Notes, satisfactory to the Assignee.

WILLIAM CRAIG, Assignee.
WILLIAM McMILLAN & Co.

Kingston, 8th October, 1851.

FRESH FALL SUPPLIES.

THE Subscriber is now receiving a very large supply of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

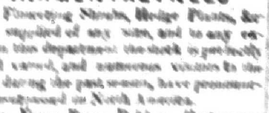
from the different manufacturers in England, Scotland, France, and the United States, the whole of which have been selected by Mr Gordon, and will embrace the largest and best assorted stock of dry goods ever imported into this market, the goods will be sold as low as they can be purchased in Montreal or any other Canadian market:

1000 pairs of Assorted Blankets.

W. M. WILSON.

Warehouse, Brock Street,
7th Oct. 1851.

THE STEAMER



MAPLE LEAF,

CAPT. WILKINSON.

WILL leave Kingston for Ogdensburgh, every Tuesday and Friday Morning at 8 o'clock.

Will leave Kingston for Toronto and Hamilton, calling at intermediate Ports, weather permitting, every Tuesday and Friday Evening at 8 o'clock.

October 8, 1851. 239

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

GRAND Division Regalia D. G. W. P. Emblems, Cadets' Regalia, Emblems, Sashes, &c. for sale by the Subscriber, at the Store, by one of the Firm, at Williams' Hotel, Brockville, at the Meeting of the G. and Div. Cons.

Old Officers' Regalia made to order.

P. S.—Credit given on Cadet's Regalia, Sashes, &c.

P. T. WARE, & Co.

Hamilton, Oct. 6th, 1851.

TORONTO NURSERY.

Fall 1851.

THE subscriber offers for sale an extensive and very complete assortment of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, and Shrubs, suitable for Gardens, Orchard and Ornamental planting.

FRUIT TREES

of all descriptions, comprising every Standard and leading variety of established merits, as well as many new sorts, that give promise of excellence, but are not yet fully tested. Among minor fruits, special mention may be made of English Gooseberries in great variety, all the old, and several new, and very superior sorts of Raspberries, Currants, Rhubarb, &c.

ORNAMENTAL TREES

Fancy Flowering Shrubs, Hedge Plants, &c. can be supplied of any size, and to any extent—in this department the stock is perfectly hardy and varied, and numerous visitors to the ground during the past season, have pronounced it unsurpassed in North America.

Grape Vines, Roses, Dahlias, Herbaceous Flowering Plants, and Nursery generally, are on hand in great abundance—orders for this Fall will be executed after the 15th October. Where a selection of sorts is left to the proprietor, he guarantees to give satisfaction.

Nurserymen will be supplied with correct Specimen Trees, Stocks of all kinds, and seedling Trees and Seeds. Catalogues forwarded to post-paid applicants, and strict punctuality observed in forwarding orders. Trees are packed in the best manner, and printed directions for proper transplanting will accompany each bundle.

GEORGE LESLIE.

Oct. 1st, 1851. 237

SHERIFF'S SALE.

SALE OF READY-MADE CLOTHING, Household Furniture, &c.

WILL be sold by Auction, on the Premises of Mr. GEORGE BROWN, Brock Street, on THURSDAY, the 16th Oct., all his Stock in Trade, Furniture and Effects, consisting of Superfine Dress and Frock Coats, Sack do., Over do.; Check Shirting, Fine do.; Summer and Winter Waistcoats, Summer and Winter Trousers, Boys' do.; Shooting Coats, assorted; Men's Blue Cloth Jackets; Men's Engineers; Silk, Twist, Buttons; Writing Paper and Books; several Pieces Cloth and Flannel.

☞ After the above, all the Household Furniture and other Effects will be Sold.

Sale at 10 o'clock. Terms at sale.

JAMES LINTON,
A. & C. M.

Kingston, October, 8, 1851. 240

FOR SALE.

150 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

CHARLES HALES.

Kingston, 6th October, 1851. 235

DAY BOAT, BAY OF QUINTE.

NOVELTY.

CAPT. J. BOXER.

WILL leave Kingston (St. Lawrence Wharf) THIS MORNING, (Saturday) at eleven o'clock—for Bath, Point Belleville, and the River Trent.

Oct. 11, 1851.

FOR TORONTO & HAMILTON.

PRINCESS ROYAL,

CAPT. RICE.

WILL leave St. Lawrence Wharf, (late McLennan's) for Toronto and Hamilton, calling at intermediate ports, weather permitting, THIS DAY, at 3 o'clock.

Kingston, Oct. 11, 1851.

BAY OF QUINTE.

HENRY GILDERSLEEVE,

CAPT. CHAMBERS.

WILL leave the United States' Wharf THIS DAY, (after the arrival of the River and American Boats,) for Belleville and intermediate ports.

Oct. 11 1851.

U. S. LINE OF LAKE STEAMERS.

BAY STATE,

CAPT. LEONARD.

DOWNWARDS.

WILL leave the United States' Wharf THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for Prescott and Ogdensburgh, connecting at Ogdensburgh with the steamer for Montreal and intermediate ports.

UPWARDS.

NORTHERNER,

CAPT. R. P. CHASE.

WILL leave the United States' Wharf Tomorrow Morning, at eight o'clock, A. M., for Sackett's Harbor, Oswego and Lewiston, connecting at Lewiston with the cars for Toronto and Hamilton.

Kingston, October 11, 1851.

FOR MONTREAL TO MORROW.

OTTAWA

CAPTAIN DUNAN.

WILL leave the Commercial Wharf for Montreal and intermediate Ports, To-morrow morning, at half-past 5 o'clock, through the same day.

Kingston, Oct. 11, 1851.

FOR MONTREAL MONDAY.

THE EARLY MORNING,

CAPT. PARSONS.

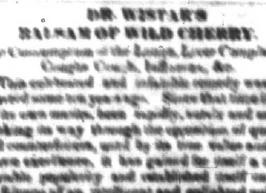
WILL leave the Commercial Wharf for MONTREAL and intermediate ports (through the same day,) Monday morning at ½ o'clock.

Kingston, Oct. 11th, 1851.

For One Night Only!!!

THE

ALLEGHANIANS



WOULD respectfully announce that they will give a Concert, at the CITY HALL, Tuesday Evening October 14th. Their programme will contain a choice selection of Songs, Duetts, Trios, Quartettes, &c., comprising some of their old, Favorite Pieces, and many new compositions never given to the public.

Tickets 25 Cents, to be obtained at the usual places, and at the Door. Concert to commence at half-past 7 o'clock.

No postponement on account of weather.

Kingston, October 9th, 1851. 239

KINGSTON AND BATH ROAD COMPY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an instalment of twenty-five per cent is required on the Stock of the Kingston and Bath Road Company, to be paid to Henry Sall, Es