## ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM LIVERPOOL TO QUEBEC.

| | |
|---|---|
| Asia | April 12. For New York. |
| Niagara | April 19. For Boston. |
| Europa | April 26. For New York. |
| Cambria | May 3. For Boston. |
| Africa | May 10. For New York. |
| Canada | May 17. For Boston. |
| Asia | May 24. For New York. |
| America | May 31. For Boston. |

FROM THE UNITED STATES.

| | |
|---|---|
| America | April 20. From Boston. |
| Asia | May 7. From New York. |
| Niagara | May 14. From Boston. |
| Europa | May 21. From New York. |
| Cambria | May 28. From Boston. |
| Africa | June 4. From New York. |
| Canada | June 11. From Boston. |
| Asia | June 18. From New York. |
| America | June 25. From Boston. |

## Agents for the British Whig.

| | |
|---|---|
| Montreal | R. Chalmers & Co., Booksellers. |
| Belleville | Mr. Michael Notty, Auctioneer. |
| Cobourg | Thos. Evans, Esq. |
| Toronto | Mr. Thos. McLean, Bookseller. |
| Hamilton | John Ferrie, Esq. |
| New York | F. S. Falconer, Tribune Buildings. |
| Rochester, N.Y. | Mr. G. S. Jenison. |

And Postmasters generally of the Midland District.

*** Agreements for advertising made by any of the above gentlemen, either for Cash or barter, will be verified.

## Post office during the summer of 1831

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Mail, by steamer, daily, at 5 A.M.

Western Mail, Colborne, Port Hope, Peterboro', Toronto, and Offices West of Toronto, by Steamer, daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 P.M.

Western Mail by Land, Offices between Kingston and Toronto, daily at 4 P.M.

Prince Edward District, daily (Saturday excepted) at 4 P.M.

Amherst Island, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 4 P.M.

Cataraqui East, Loughborough, Newburgh, and Wilton, on Monday, Wednesday, & Friday, at 4 P.M.

Storrington, on Wednesday and Saturday, at 8 A.M.

Wolfe Island, daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 30 A.M.

United States, daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 30 A.M.

Letters for England can be forwarded via the United States on payment of 2½ in the Kingston Post Office on Friday, 2nd May, at 5 o'clock A.M.

## TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of his good faith.

We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

☞ Persons leaving Kingston, viâ Area, Ill.—R. R. C., Montreal; F. A. B., Board of Works, Toronto; G. P., Northern Railroad, Napanee, Mills, S. N., A. F., Shannon Inn; T. A. B., Board of Works, Toronto.

## AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

As advertised in the British Whig.

Sale of Spring Importations, at the Stores of John Carruthers, at 11 o'clock, by William Ware.

Sale of making of Kingston and Bath Road, at 11 o'clock.

# The Daily British Whig.

"Quitet ran Orlach Stage."

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 1, 1851.

☞ THE PANORAMA.—The exhibition of to-night will terminate the delightful series of views on the Upper Mississippi. We would, therefore, strongly advise those who have not yet seen this substantial Panorama, to do so at once. To-morrow (Friday) night, the proprietors intend to make a change in the exhibition, showing the Lower Mississippi, for three nights only, commencing with a view of the city of New Orleans, and ending with a thrilling view of the great Fire in St. Louis in May 1849.

CHARLESTON, April 29, 1851.

## APPROACH OF THE STATE CONVENTION—ANTICIPATED VISIT OF SIR HENRY BULWER.

The State Convention, represented by all the local Southern Rights Conventions, scarcely omitting a district or parish in the State, is to meet in this city on the first Monday in October, unless some other time and place should be agreed upon in the interval.

This convention possesses no specially delegated authority from the people. It is rather an informal assembling together, in a mass meeting, of the delegates from the several associations, in order the more definitely to ascertain the drift of the public sentiment, and to direct it to some definite result.

We should say, from the returns of the numerous association, that have acted, that at least five hundred delegates have been elected to attend this general convention, comprehending nearly all the ablest and most influential men in the State. And the ominous point of these preliminary proceedings is, that all these delegates, without exception, we believe, have been elected upon resolutions in favor of secession, and of the separate secession of South Carolina, if no combined plan for seceding can be obtained or agreed upon.

We might give you the resolutions of a dozen associations, all of the same purport; but one set will suffice as a sample. They are from the resolutions of the Laurens District Southern Rights Association, adopted on the 7th inst.:—

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this Association that all argument against Congressional wrong and Northern interference with our rights, is closed, and it is time for action.

Resolved, That the right of secession being admitted, we believe the only remedy left to the slave states of this confederacy, is to secede from the Union.

Resolved, That however much we desire the co-operation of our sister slave States, yet if that cannot be secured by the Southern Congress, recommended by the Nashville Convention, it is our deliberate opinion the State of South Carolina ought to secede alone, let the consequences be what they may.

Resolved, That our delegates to the convention in Charleston, be left uninstructed, to act as they may think best with the lights before them in the convention.

It will thus be seen that while the association express themselves decisively, they leave a very fair margin to their delegates.

The very best which we can expect of this convention is a combined plan for the secession of all the Cotton States; but the more imminent danger is the prevailing idea that separate secession will be established, as the only course for South Carolina.

We wait the results of the convention.

The expected visit of Sir Henry Bulwer to this city, coupled with the article in the New York Herald on the subject, gives rise to a good deal of speculation. We hear it stated that Sir Henry's object is to induce himself of the state of opinion here, for the benefit of Palmerston; and it is very manifest that the British Cabinet to this day thinks favorably of the idea of secession and free trade. And if trouble is thrived up in Cuba or Hayti, and Secession simultaneously with secession, what will of cole the administration do to prevent the secession of Cuba, or the loss of South Carolina?

The Yankee ladies were all hoopless a few years since; now they are all petticoatless. It appears by the Spartan Standard that in that State they wear extremely short dresses, over loose pantaloons. As a matter of course this extraordinary change in their costume has given rise to commotion amongst old bachelors and disappointed husbands, but the dear little creatures have found a friend and advocate in Mrs. Bloomer, Editress of the Lilly, a paper published at Seneca Falls. She says:—

"Those who think we look queer, would do well to look back a few years, to the time when they wore ten or fifteen pounds of petticoat and hustle around the body, and balloons on their arms, and then imagine which cut the queerest figure, they or we. We care not for the frowns of over fastidious gentlemen; we have those of better taste and less questionable morals to sustain us. If men think they would be comfortable in long, heavy skirts, let them put them on—we have no objection. We are more comfortable without them, and so have left them off. We do not say we shall wear this dress and no other, but we shall wear it for a common dress; and we hope it may become so fashionable that we may wear it at all times, and in all places, without being thought singular. We have already become so attached to it that we dislike changing to a long one."

A TERRIBLE SCENE.—A passenger who was on board the Amazon at the time of the collision with the Magnolia, one hundred miles above New Orleans, has drawn the "Louisiana Courier" a brief description of the scene. The collision was at daybreak, weather clear, and the whole wide Mississippi for a channel. All the deck passengers, thirty in number, one engineer, and three cabin passengers, were lost. No names given. There were eight ladies, all of whom were saved. The Amazon sunk in five minutes, in deep water:—

"A Mr. Ferguson, we do not know his place of residence, but understand his father is landlord of the Gayoso House, Memphis, snatched his child from the arms of his wife, and ran to the forecastle, leaving his wife, in the wildness of his alarm, in the ladies cabin. He stood by us a moment, and made such appeals to save himself and child, I trust in God I never may have occasion to hear again. We got him somewhat calm, and quiet, and he which he stood to thank us; but the next moment the cry that "we are lost!" was heard, and indeed it was really true with him, for he attempted to leap to the Magnolia, and fell with his child into the pitiless element to rise no more. His wife was saved, and as she stood on the shattered wreck watching with the wildest eagerness for the husband and child, she saw a man struggling in the water, whom she supposed to be him. By maniac yells and distracted appeals she induced attention to the drowning man, and by pelting almost superhuman he was rescued, and when he reached the boat the lady fell round him with her arms, and thanked God for the salvation of her husband. Poor, hapless, widowed woman! she awoke from a sad and cruel dream, glutted with phrensied security to the rock of him, who was another's. You may partially imagine surrounding scenes when the gentleman thus saved, remarked that he almost wished indeed that it had been her protector instead of himself."

A GRAVE OFFENCE.—At the late Westworth and Halton Assizes, a merchant belonging to this section of the Province, was convicted of a serious misdemeanor. It would appear that a party in question dealt in wool, and was in the habit of assigning to persons with whom he had business transactions receipts purporting to be granted by him for grain deposited in his store, when, in point of fact, such grain had either never been in his possession or had previously disposed of. The prisoner was sentenced to imprisonment for one year in the Provincial Penitentiary; and though scarcely the punishment is a severe one to a party occupying the station of life which he did, we must confess that it is not more stringent than the circumstances demand. The crime is one which may be committed with dangerous facility, and unless promptly repressed, would tend greatly to injure the transaction of business between farmers and merchants.

In the New Brunswick Legislature, Mr. Partelow has introduced the bill to amend the act to provide for reciprocal free trade with Canada, stating the objects of the bill to be to admit flour which came direct from Canada into this Province free of duty, but to support that which came via the Erie Canal to New York, in bond, and from thence transhipped to this Province, to the same duties as were levied on foreign flour. This bill had been rendered necessary by the refusal of Canada to admit the products of this Province, sent to Canada by the New York route, unless on the payment of the duties levied on the same articles from foreign countries. The bill is likely to become law.—*New Brunswick paper.*

GENERAL GURNEY.—The poor organ'st has not recovered from the effects of the sound drubbing which he received the other day at Hallamash. His instrument grinds forth a most doleful dirge on Thursday, and as the ballad of the Children in the Wood, and dark as the dregs of Lord Elgin's conclusion. If we may credit the assertions of the legislation rejected, the hand of every body has been against him. Churchmen, Romanists, Tories and Clear Grits, all combined, it would appear, to send him not to Parliament, but to Coventry!

Our Toronto correspondent informs us that he saw the poor lad on Thursday last sitting on the dust-cart of Dictator Lafontaine's mansion, assiduously combining the too long neglected lut of Gurney, and wishing as if his very heart would break!

In our humble opinion the jaghe has been hardly treated by the Ministerial magnates whose confidence he once possessed. To break the severity of their fall, they have made him a scape-goat, swearing, by all the saints in and out of the calendar, that they never so much as tipped him the wink to resist the last field as a candidate. This is too bad entirely, but it is eminently characteristic of the party. Like the chargeant Reformers, they always turn tail upon their tools and cronies, when their is no further occasion for their services.—*Sherbrooke Gazette.*

GALLANT RESISTANCE.—About 3 o'clock on Friday night last, when Timothy Chown, who resides at Rathbag, within about three miles and a half of Pamestown, King's County, was returning from his work, when within a few yards of his own house, he was fired at by a man named Patrick Morgan, who, with another person unknown, lay in wait for him. Fortunately the shot did not take effect. Morgan then seized a gun from his associate, which he presented at Chown, but it missed fire. Morgan then struck Chown with the butt-end of his gun, which cut his head and injured his chest. Chown seized the ruffian by the breach, and coolly on his out "Murder, Police!" wards, no doubt, induced the unknown man to make away. Chown's wife heard his cries, and she ran to his assistance, when a desperate struggle ensued between Morgan, Chown, and his wife, during which the latter, with a stone, so severely wounded Morgan in the head, that he lay insensible until the arrival of the police, who procured a car, and removed Morgan to their barracks, where he died a quarter past 11 o'clock the same night, without having regained consciousness. Chown is backed to Cork, Rathcoolan, an excursion landed; he has recently been placed in charge of a boy, from which his predecessor was discharged. He also within the last week purchased and opened in his premises a cow and sow, which from actual old age, he was unable to pay. Time on the character of the offender in deprive him of life. An inquest being held, a verdict of Justifiable Homicide was returned and the jury strongly recommended Chown and his wife to the consideration of the Government for their valorous conduct.—The second person engaged in the attack on Chown, has since been captured. His name is Patrick Magnan; he has been identified and fully committed for trial.

## A CUBAN EXPEDITION FRUSTRATED.

On Tuesday morning last Mr. Tallmadge, the United States Marshal, received intelligence that the steamer Cleopatra had been chartered by certain persons and secretly fitted out with arms and ammunition, for the purpose of being employed in an expedition against the Island of Cuba. He immediately despatched a messenger to Washington for instructions, and a Cabinet Meeting was held, the result of which was that the marshal was directed to proceed forthwith to use all means in his power to prevent the sailing of the expedition, in conformity with the eighth section of the neutrality law. Mr. Tallmadge accordingly applied to the commanding officer at the navy yard for auxiliary force, but it was refused on the ground that no special instruction to that effect had been received. The chief of police, however, volunteered the services of twenty men of his force, and with them the marshal hastened last evening to the performance of his duty. Information having been received in the mean time that the Cleopatra had gone down the bay and anchored there, with a view to take on board several hundred men, Mr. Tallmadge promptly chartered the steamer Jacob Bell, and taking the United States revenue cutter Morris in tow, started in pursuit.

The cutter was stationed outside Sandy Hook Light, and the Jacob Bell cruised about the bay in search of the steamer expeditionists. Nothing could be seen of her, however, and the marshal returned to the city about two o'clock, when the Cleopatra was found lying at her dock, foot of North Moore street. She was immediately taken possession of and now remains in the custody of the marshal.

## Pickings from Punch.

### FALLACIES OF THE GENTLEMEN.

*By a Lady who unfortunately knows them only too well.*

That women are only born to be their slaves.

That dinner is to be ready for them the very minute they come into the house.

That a lady's bonnet can be put on as quickly as a gentleman's hat.

That we can dress in a minute; and that singing the bell violently, has the effect of making us dress one bit the quicker.

That they can do every thing so much better than we can—from turning the baby down to poking the fire.

That they are "the Lords of the Creation"—(pretty Lords indeed!)

That nothing can be too good for them; for I am sure if you were to put a hot joint before them every day, that still they would be dissatisfied, and would be grumbling that you never gave them cold meat.

That they know our sex as much better than we do themselves. (d'ye say lady?)

That they may invite whom, and as many, as they please; but if we only invite our mamma to come and stop with us, or just ask a dear unmarried sister or two to stop with us for a month, that there's to be no peace for us as long as they remain in the house.

That music can be learnt without practising, and that it is necessary for them to lock out, and to shun the door violently, the very minute we begin to open our lessons, or to run over the last new Polka.

That sleeping after dinner promotes conversation.

That they know what dress and bonnet becomes us so much better than we do.

That it is necessary to make a poor woman cry, because a stupid shirt-button happens to be off. I declare some men must believe that their wives cut off their shirt-buttons purposely, from the savage pleasure they take in sewing them on it.

That we are not allowed to have, or to have the smallest bit of hysterics, without being told "not to make a fool of ourselves."

That housekeeping does not require any money, and if we venture to ask for any, that it is pleasant to be met with all sorts of black looks and insinuations as to "what we can do with it all;" or very agreeable to be told that we will be "the ruin of him some day"—(I should like to see the day!)

INCOMES AND SUBSCRIPTIONS.—The returns of the Income-Tax, and the Census Returns, are occurring this year about the same period. We cannot say to John Bull, with regard to the former, what we might apply to the Registrar-General of the latter, that "we wish many happy returns" of it. Though these two great national events occur simultaneously, they have very little one in common, for whereas the one is a Census Act, the other is an Act only fitted to Incomers!

### THE FIRST ATTEMPT OF A PUNNING YOUTH.

What is the True Poetry of Nature?
The Rhyme Frost.

GOOD NEWS FOR ANTIQUARIANS.—The oldest animal in the world has been discovered. Rocking fell from the discovery, we cry "Eureka!" to an astonished universe. The oldest animal in existence is the Nautilus Shell, carved (or carved—eh, all the same) 4000 years ago!

THE BEST OF ALL LAW BOOKS.—We find there has been recently advertised a Law Book under the promising title of Broom's Practice. This is just what is wanted in the law; the Broom happens to be a good one, for a little practice with such an implement may have the effect of operating a sweeping reform.

HOW WORK EARNS SPACE.—A duel has very nearly taken place in one of the most disorganized kitchens from the fact of a disappointed Cook having, in a moment of extraordinary indignation, called Soyer "a regular Flash-in-the-Pan."

AN OLD GUARDSMAN NOT AFRAID.—The Honorable Member for Canterbury, during the debate on the Antipapal Bill, is reported to have described the mint Bill as "Bill of Sham Pains and Penalties against a Sham Aggression." At that time the French hero-army ought to drink Lord John Russell's health. We are justified by the venerable authority of Miller in assuming that, if the bill will only inflict sham pains upon them, they will not find the cup of persecution any very bitter.

PRICE-FIGHTS FOR THE GREAT EXHIBITION.—Among the articles sent to the Great Exhibition, are "28 pels and one bundle of oats." Now, eight and twenty pigs of iron will no more a very large sty; and we should say, that one such pig would be a sufficient specimen of the breed.

A HAPPY NAME.—The Reverend Gentleman who figures so prominently in the case of Mesmite v. Wonnery, is called Hindmarsh—an appellative strongly suggestive of Three pot Cooks. Can it be a nickname? Hay, is it rather a happy one.

A REMONSTRANCE ON LITERATURE.—It is a well-authenticated fact, that the name of a Book has a great deal to do with its sale and its success. How strange that titles should go for so much in the Republic of Letters!

## CHURCH-RATES FOR BELGRAVIANS.

Tumultuous scenes will occur in the land (modified) periodicals. As a literary curiosity, however, Punch will preserve from oblivion a most curious proverb of Latin parentage, which appeared in the Morning Post of Tuesday week last. The Times reported Mr. Sugden as having made allusion, in the course of his speech, delivered, in a certain great speech, setting forth that, on the union between Church and State taking place under Constantine, an angel was heard wailing and crying in the air:—

"Hodie in ecclesiam venenum infunditur."

Which, rugged scholars, means, "This day is poison infused into the Church."

In the Post this bit of Latinity is thus varied:—

"Dodie in ecclesiam venenum Liquitur."

The classical reader may smile; but there is a mysterious grandeur in these distorted words. There is a fine ecclesiastical smack about them, wanting in the simple text. They have a singular weight with us from the very extraordinariness of our not understanding them; in short, we, for sakes of Belgravia? Could you not fancy how marvellously edifying, intoned in the mediæval style, would be the dim, vague, awfully unintelligible formula—"Dodie in ecclesiam venenum liquitur?"

## By Magnetic Telegraph.

(Reported Expressly for the British Whig.)

### LAST NIGHT'S REPORT.

HALIFAX, April 29.

The Royal Mail Steamship Niagara reached her dock at 7 o'clock, p.m. She has 41 passengers. The U.S. steamship Franklin arrived at Cowes April 18th, at 3 p.m. The City of Glasgow sailed on the 16th inst. with a heavy freight and 120 passengers. The Hon. Mr. Crampton, Minister at Brussels, is among her passengers. The U.S. steamship Arctic arrived out on the 15th inst. at 7 o'clock, a.m. She left New York the 21 April.

Political news generally unimportant. Parliament adjourned for the holidays to meet again on the 28th.

Her Majesty will open the Great Exhibition in state. The public will be excluded during the ceremony.

PORTUGAL.—An insurrection headed by the Duke of Saldanah, has broken out in Portugal. The insurgents are 3000 strong. The king had taken command of the royal troops.

The Overland Mail from India had arrived. The political news from India and China is unimportant. Business at Bombay is steady but inactive. At Canton freights £1 10s.—a dollar expected.

Late accounts from the Cape of Good Hope state that the British forces had obtained a decided victory over the Caffres at Kat River; still there was little prospect of a speedy termination of the war.

EDINBURGH.—Nothing of interest had occurred in parliament previous to the adjournment.

MONTREAL, April 28, 1851.

The navigation between Quebec and this port will be open immediately. We learn by telegraph from Quebec that the ice which obstructed the channel at Cacouna had passed this day.

The first clearance from this port for the lower ports was made yesterday, by Messrs. Gillespie, Moffatt & Co. The schooner cleared was the "Angelia," for Halifax, with a cargo of 1250 bbls. flour and 13 kegs butter.

The canal will be let into the Canal to-morrow; it will be ready for the passage of craft immediately. We notice that the steamer "Ottawa," belonging to D. Torrance Esqr., and Messrs. Hooker & Holton's steamer, the "Alderman," will leave for the lake ports in a few days.

We may now daily expect to hear of the vessel arrival from sea,—always welcome intelligence to every member of the community. The "Great Britain" sailed from Deal, for Montreal, on the 12th March, and is therefore 39 days out; the "City of Hamilton" is also reported to have sailed from Gravesend on the same day; the "Ottawa" is stated to have cleared at Liverpool on the 20th March; and the "Kromanga," "St. Andrew," and "Columbia," on the 22th.

The first vessel from sea at Quebec in 1849 was the "Albion," on the 28th April; last year, the first arrival was the "Montreal," in 28 days from Liverpool; she arrived on the 17th of the same month.

In the absence of new goods by sea, the Lacenia steamer continues to furnish our shop-keepers with merchandize from the N. York and other American markets—a considerable quantity of goods having arrived since the opening of the navigation by that route.

In the Wholesale Market, little or no business is going forward. We hope, however, in a week or two to report to our friends throughout Western and other parts of Canada, the season when the numerous vessels on route for this port will being forward; and by the quotations of our market reports, convince them that their purchases can be made here on as advantageous terms, if not more so, than in any other place.

Our latest dates from Halifax are up to the 8th inst.—the market report only reaches the 6th inst. On the 5th, a cargo of Flour from Baltimore was offered, 150 bbls extra superfine sold at 28s 6d; 230 bbls superfine, 27s 6d a 28s 3d. On the 6th at an auction sale, Canada superfine flour was sold at 27s a 27s 3d, small lots.—*Herald.*

TORONTO, April 28th, 1851

All sorts of grain are slowly coming into our Markets, and consequently the prices are pretty high, with the exception of Wheat, which remains at 3s. per bush. The price of this, on account of the scarcity has crept up to 3s 3d. per bush., and Barley to 3s. 6d. Potatoes are also becoming very scarce, and the price of course running up. Good potatoes are worth at present 3s. 1½ per bush. The display of Butchers meat for the past two weeks has been truly splendid, and we might say the same of the prices. Mutton sells at from 4d. to 6d. per lb., and Beef from 3½d. to 5d. Fresh butter sold to-day at from 10½ to 1s. per lb.

The steamers British Empire and British Queen will commence their regular trips on Monday, in connection with the United States Mail Steamers on Lake Ontario, leaving Montreal at 6 o'clock P.M.

A DUEL TO JULIAN'S BAND.—Prior to the commencement of one of Jullien's concerts to Lincoln, Hyde Sunday, the saxophonist, and M. Le Gros, one of the French trombones, had an altercation respecting some pecuniary obligation existing between them. Pistols were procured, and the seconds, Messrs. Wordsworth, Orth, Farmer, and Vinck, quickly measured off twenty paces in one of the passages of the Assembly Rooms; the combatants took their respective positions, and on the word being signal, both fired. The bullet from one pistol lodged in the wall, but the other passed close by the neck of the antagonist, cutting away a portion of his cravat. The seconds interposed, and each party shook hands, and took their respective parts in the evening's entertainment with the greatest nonchalance.

Our facetious contemporary, the Streetsville Review, says that "a merchant in a village not a hundred miles from Hornby, recently advertised for a Clerk who could take commandment. The other day he received an application from a mercantile aspirant, who stated, he was the precise ticket, having been seven years in the Kingston Penitentiary!"

GENERAL POST OFFICE, MARCH 1851.—Many newspapers, addressed to Australia, New Zealand, and the United States of America, having been recently detained at this office, in consequence of the postage due for their conveyance not having been paid, it has become necessary to call attention to the regulation under which a postage of one penny, either in money or by stamps, must be paid in advance upon each newspaper sent to those countries, and to point out that, unless such postage be paid, the newspapers cannot be forwarded.

HEALTH OF THE CHIEF JUSTICE.—It is with sincere pleasure we remark the fact of Sir James Stuart's reappearance—he was out yesterday enjoying the mild air of the present beautiful spring. His honor appears to have rallied rapidly from his late illness, a fact which the public at large will learn with unfeigned gratification.

THE GOVERNOR OF MALTA.—Our accounts from this island received by the Overland Mail, announce that his Excellency the Rt. Hon. Richard More O'Ferral had received Earl Grey's answer accepting (on behalf of her Majesty) his Excellency's resignation of the Government of that possession. The right hon. gentleman purposed leaving Malta by the French steam packet of the 21 April.

An important decision has been given by a full bench of the Superior Court, Montreal, viz; that an endorser is not held on a protested promissory note, unless the protest set forth that it was presented by the notary for payment on the afternoon of the last day of grace.

THE PANAMA RAILROAD.—The Journal of Commerce publishes a letter from J. L. Stephens, President of the Panama Railroad Co., to the Secretary in New York. It appears that there are 800 men now at work upon the Road, and there is a prospect of completing it from Navy Bay to Gorgona, 26 miles, by the 1st of July next. When this is done, the distance between the two oceans can be accomplished in one day.—Moreover the dangers and toils of Chagres river will be entirely avoided. Far several miles from the Atlantic depot the rails are already laid. This depot is situated on Manzanilla Island in Navy Bay, which is connected with the main land by the causeway built for the purpose. The cars will receive passengers and freight directly from the wharf, to which vessels drawing 20 feet water will soon be able to come up. The distance from Gorgona to Panama is 20 miles. At present there is little sickness among the workmen.

## CUSTOMS HOUSE REPORTS,

FURNISHED BY MR. CHARLES OLIVER, C. H. KINGSTON.

### IMPORTS.

April 29.

Schr Ellen, Antrim, 1953 pieces pipe staves, H. & S. Jones.

Str Cataract, Grange, 1 box, C. Brent, 3 cases, Holland & Brothers, 3 boxes tea, James Fraser, 6 rolls leather, E. P. Ross, 19 half chests tea, Wm. McMillan & Co., 1 bale hides, J. Black, 4 boxes candles, P. N. Smith 1 trunk, J. T. Hooker, 80 half chests tea, 1 box glassware, Hy & Frazer.

30th.

.....Northumber, Ogdensburgh, 6 chests tea, 2 boxes hardware, 1 bdl mats, W. Ware, 1 package books, Armour & Co., 33 kegs Fraser, John Reynolds, 1 steam engine, steamer St. Lawrence.

.....Ontario, Ogdensburgh, 12 boxes glassware, 2 paper packages, R. W. Palmer, 1 box carpetings, J. Potter, 1 box goods, W. Ware, 12 boxes shoes, E. P. Ross, 17 bale tobacco, R. Phippen, 22 bdls hardware, 2 bdls carpets, 4 boxes R. tacks, W. Martin.

.....Lord Elgin, Montreal, 2 cases and bales british goods, W. Wilson.

### EXPORTS.

April 29th.

Str Cataract, Ogdensburgh, passengers and baggage.

Ferry Boat Farmer, Cape Vincent, 23 cows and 3 calves.

30th.

Str St. Lawrence, Lewiston, 7 bags seed.

.....Ontario, Ogdensburgh, passengers and baggage.

## DIED,

At Ireland, Perth, on the 20th March, Mr. Timothy Donnell, aged 63 years, an old and respectable inhabitant of that place.

In London, C. W., on the 21st ult., Mr. Rowland Robertson, aged 63 years.

## Kingston Market Prices.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30th, 1851.

| | £ | s. | d. | | £ | s. | d. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flour ⅌ cwt | 0 | 10 | 6 | to | 0 | 11 | 3 |
| Oats ⅌ bush. | 0 | 1 | 4 | ... | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Peas do | 0 | 2 | 3 | ... | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| Potatoes do | 0 | 1 | 3 | ... | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| Turnips do | 0 | 0 | 10 | ... | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Carrots & Beets do | 0 | 2 | 6 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Onions do | 0 | 3 | 9 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Butter ⅌ lb | 0 | 0 | 6 | ... | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Beef ⅌ cwt | 0 | 18 | 9 | ... | 0 | 21 | 3 |
| Pork ⅌ do | 0 | 23 | 3 | ... | 0 | 28 | 0 |
| Ham & Bacon ⅌ lb | 0 | 0 | 4½ | ... | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Mutton ⅌ lb | 0 | 0 | 3 | ... | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Veal ⅌ do | 0 | 0 | 3½ | ... | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Lard do | 0 | 0 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | 5½ |
| Eggs ⅌ doz | 0 | 0 | 5 | ... | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Turkeys each | 0 | 4 | 0 | ... | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Geese each | 0 | 2 | 0 | ... | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| Fowls ⅌ pair | 0 | 2 | 6 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ducks ⅌ do | 0 | 3 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apples ⅌ bush | 0 | 2 | 4 | ... | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| Fresh Salmon each | 0 | 1 | 6 | ... | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Codfish ⅌ lb | 0 | 0 | 3 | ... | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Hay ⅌ ton | 3 | 0 | 0 | ... | 3 | 10 | 0 |
| Timothy Seed bush | 0 | 6 | 0 | ... | 0 | 6 | 3 |
| Potatoes ⅌ cwt | 1 | 0 | 0 | ... | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Wood ⅌ cord | 0 | 10 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## Commissariat Notice.

THE Deputy Commissary General will receive at his Office in Montreal, Sealed Tenders (to be marked on the Envelope Tender for Bills) until noon on Friday the 9th May, for Bills at thirty days sight on Her Majesty's Treasury to the extent of £13,500 sterling, the proceeds to be deposited in the Commissariat Chest at the undermentioned stations, in American Eagles, Sovereigns, or British Silver Coin, the same to be specified in the Tender, viz:

| | |
|---|---|
| At Montreal | £6500. |
| At Kingston | 2500. |
| At Toronto | 5000. |

Tenders of American Gold Eagles to specify the rate Sterling per Eagle at which the parties tendering are willing to pay the same into the Commissariat Chest, and tenders of Sovereigns or British Silver the rate per cent on the Bills of Exchange.

If more than one Bill is required the sum to be specified.

Commissariat, Canada, Montreal, 29th April, 1851. 100

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### BY AUCTION.

*Important Trade Sale of the Subscriber's Store,*

### PRINCESS STREET,

ON MONDAY, 12th MAY, 1851.

A large assortment of seasonable Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of:

83 Kegs of Black, Olive, Lemonade Rice, and Brown Chalia.
30 do. Black Do skins and Connamora.
73 do. Fancy do. do.
31 Pieces Summer Tweeds.
38 do. Satinets.
30 do. Jaconettes.
40 White Spun Bed-ticks.
3 Cases Prints, (various) new style.
3 Bales Grey Cottons.
10 Cases Satinets, (various)
20 Pieces Bag Tickings.
3 Bales Cotton Batts.
100 Gross 200 yard spool thread.
75 do. 100 do. do. do.
3 do. Gent Elastic Sk pendors.
35 do. Cotton Handkerchiefs.
73 Pieces Shirtings, (various).
25 do. Sheetings, do.
20 do. Gambroons.
10 Cases of Hats.

Buttons, Thread, Combs, Pot and Post Paper, Corks and others not seen.

ALSO,

20 Hhds. Muscovado Sugar.
40 Half Chests Young Hyson Tea.
30 Chests Old Hyson do.
30 do. Twankay do.
20 Half Chests Souchong do. very fine.
20 Bales Tobacco.
35 do. Fancy soap.
20 do. Belmont spermaceti candles.

Port Wine, 6 tons, sta ch, blacking, copperas, sacrings, jute twill, papers, paper hangings, papers blinds, &c.

TERMS:—Under £25 in cash, over that sum three months' credit by furnishing approved notes. Sale at 1 o'clock punctually.

WM. McMILLAN,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, 1st May, 1851. 100

## MIDLAND DISTRICT BUILDING SOCIETY.

THE next *Monthly Loan Meeting* will take place at the office of the Society, King Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th May at 7 o'clock, P. M., when the Directors will proceed to lend on advance

*THE DISPOSABLE FUNDS*

of the Society, in the usual manner.

The Secretary will be in attendance at 6 o'clock.

By order,
JOHN SHAW,
Sec'y & Treasurer.

April 30, 1851.

AN ADJOURNED General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Midland District Building Society, will take place at the Court House in Kingston, on Wednesday, the 7th day of MAY next, at 6 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of considering the expediency of altering the By-laws, so as to permit the Society to invest their spare funds in their own Stock, paying therefor the amount of Instalments and fees paid in on the Stock by the Stockholders who desire to withdraw from the Society, thereby securing a profitable investment, and shortening the time which the Society has to continue.

JOHN SHAW,
Secretary & Treasurer, M. D. B. S.

## A CARD.

GEORGE HARDY, Watch Maker, begs leave to tender his sincere thanks to his friends for their very kind assistance in saving his goods, and that of the Trust Society, during the calamitous fire on the morning of the 22nd instant,—and to A. Drummond, Esq., for his assistance in taking charge of watches &c., in the hands of G. H., and placing them in the vaults of the Bank of Montreal in this city, at the time of imminent danger.

Four story stone House, Wellington street, near the Glasgow Warehouse.

Kingston, 18th April, 1851. 100

## HARPER'S MAGAZINE FOR MAY.

JUST RECEIVED and for Sale at the CITY BOOK STORE.

E. W. PALMER.

April 30, 1851.

## G. A. STARKE & CO.

### COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

OGDENSBURGH, N.Y.

Advances made on Consignments to Messrs. Hall, Sears & Co., Boston, and to Messrs. Alfred Hill & Co., London and Liverpool.

May, 1851. 100

## NEW BOOKS.

THE Subscriber has just received a large lot of new and valuable books purchased at the recent Trade sale at New York and Philadelphia. Having been bought very advantageously he is enabled to sell them at very much less than the publishers' prices.

They consist in part of the following:

McCulloch's Commercial Dictionary, new edition.

Ure's Dictionary of Arts, Manufactures, and Mines, with supplement.

Southey's Poetical Works. Illustrated edition.

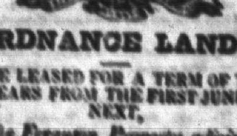
Moore's Poetical Works, do. do.

The Old Red Sandstone. By Hugh Miller.

Foot-Prints of the Creator, Illustrated with 40 plates, by do.

Robin's ancient History 40 vols.

May 1. JOHN DUFF.



## ORDNANCE LANDS.

TO BE LEASED FOR A TERM OF TEN YEARS FROM THE FIRST JUNE NEXT,

*On the Ferguson Property adjoining Rideau Street,*

FIVE LOTS OF LAND OF 3 ACRES EACH.

SEALED Tenders for renting the above Lots, will be received by the respective officers of Ordnance at Kingston, on Tuesday, the 13th May next, until 12 o'clock at noon. The rate per acre offered, is to be in Currency. Two sureties to be named (whose bona fide signatures must be on the tenders,) for the due performance of the terms of the lease. The several lots are defined on the land by posts; and plans of the same may be seen at the Ordnance Office. Persons offering will take notice, that all fences are to be put up and kept in repair at the expense of the Lessee. That no Stone Buildings are to be erected, and no stone quarried on the land. It is to be understood that in the event of the Ordnance requiring possession, the property to be given up at any time.

Office of Ordnance, Kingston, 28th April, 1851. 2m-99

*Herald, Argus, and Chronicle & News to insert the same weekly.*

## BAY OF QUINTE.

### HENRY GILDERSLEEVE,

CAPT. CHAMBERS.

WILL leave Kingston THIS DAY—at 6 o'clock, P.M., (after the arrival of the River and American Boats) for Bath, Picton and Belleville.

Kingston, May 1, 1851.

### PROSPECT,

CAPT. TROUT.

WILL leave the Commercial Wharf, TODAY, May 1st 3 o'clock, P. M., for Toronto and Hamilton, sailing at intermediate ports Weather permitting.

May 1st, 1851.

### "NEW YORK ERA."

CAPT. MAXWELL,

WILL leave the Commercial Wharf for Montreal and intermediate Ports, on Friday, Morning, 1st May, at half-past 8 o'clock, through the same day.

Kingston, May 1, 1851.

THE NEW AND FAST SAILING STEAMER

### ST. LAWRENCE.

CAPT. THOMAS HOWARD,

WILL leave Kingston for Montreal, touching at the intermediate ports, on Friday evening May 2, at 9 o'clock.

May 1st, 1851.

## U. S. LINE OF LAKE STEAMERS.

### BAY STATE.

CAPT. LEONARD,

WILL leave the United States' Wharf, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for Prescott and Ogdensburgh.

### DETROIT.

CAPT. THROP,

WILL leave the United States' Wharf TO-MORROW at 8 o'clock, A. M. for Sackett's Harbor, Oswego and Lewiston.

United States' Wharf, May 1, 1851.

## SAMUEL PHIPPEN,

*Tallow Chandler, and Soap Boiler,*

BAG