MAIL FOR ENGLAND.

The Mail for England will be closed at the Kingston Post Office every Thursday morning at 8 o'clock.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

America.....April 3—For Boston.
Asia.....April 17—For New York.

FROM THE UNITED STATES

Africa.....April 23—From New York.
America.....April 30—From Boston.
Asia.....May 7—From New York.

Agents for the British Whig.

Montreal.....R. Charlton & Co., Rideau-st.
Belleville.....Mr. Michael Neilor, Ann-street.
Cobourg.....Thos. Evans, Esq.
Toronto.....Mr Thos. Nelson, Bookseller.
Hamilton.....John Brown, Esq.
New York.....V. B. Palmer, Tribune Buildings.
Rochester, N.Y., Mr. G. S. Jones agent.
And Postmasters generally of the Colonial District.

*** Agreements for advertising made by any of the above gentlemen, either for Cash or credit, will be ratified.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of his good faith.

We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

As Advertised in the British Whig.

☞ No Sale This Day.

The Daily British Whig

"CHAMPION OF BRITISH FREEDOM."

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 22, 1851.

☞ CREDITS.—One or two of our contemporaries have recently complained of undue credits being given to paragraphs cut from their newspapers. This is an error, which under the present system of credits, must continually occur in Daily papers, and should be excused. Why credit at all? Why not imitate the English, Scotch and Irish practice? Let any person take up a Glasgow, Liverpool or Dublin newspaper, and he will find whole columns of paragraphs taken from the London journals without the smallest credit assigned. No one complains of this, because it is extremely difficult, if not wholly impossible, to extract so much general intelligence, and give the requisite credits. Even the London Weeklies do not credit the London Dailies; but use all published news as their own property, which undoubtedly it becomes. Credit is given in British journals to such articles as require it, to make the matter better understood; such as political leaders and ex-parte statements; and occasionally to extracts, to mark the locality. And plagiarism consists, not in extracting literally from contemporaneous publications without credit, but in palming off such extracts as original compositions. When this is done, it should be exposed; but to cavil about

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business. For instance, most of the newspapers within sixty miles of Kingston use our Telegraphic Intelligence when it suits their convenience—some credit the *British Whig* and others do not. Who complains? The news is no longer ours when once it is published, and all persons have a right to use it as they like.

☞ THE WEATHER AND THE SEASON.—The weather remains cold, wet and windy, with no approach to vegetation. Very little spring ploughing has yet been done, and owing to the great scarcity of farm servants in this vicinity, every thing looks unusually backward. Good seed potatoes are both scarce and dear, and holden at a distance; would do well to supply the wants of our farmers. And the latter, who dislike the Black Sea Wheat, would also do well to try a few bushels of the highly recommended Fife's Spring Wheat.

☞ FIRST BOAT TO MONTREAL.—The new steamer *St. Lawrence*, Capt. Thomas Howard, left Kingston on Friday evening last, for Montreal, having arrived from Belleville, with a full freight of cattle and produce. She got to her destination some time on Saturday, and will return on the first opening of the Lachine and Beauharnois Canals, expected early this week.

☞ WELLAND CANAL.—The St. Catharines *Journal* of the 17th contains a list of 76 vessels that have passed this canal downwards between the 7th and 13th of April, of which 57 were for American ports, and 19 for British ports, 6 only being for Kingston.

☞ RADISHES AND SPINACH.—Among the various little articles of luxury which occasionally cheer the life of a newsmonger, we have to thank Mr. Alderman Jackson for a large bunch of full grown radishes and a dish of spinach—such, as at this season of the year, could scarcely be procured for love or money. The gallant Alderman has become quite celebrated in these parts for his early and successful cultivation of vegetables, and has taught the Kingstonians lessons in the horticultural art, not soon to be forgotten.

Fearful Fire...Thirty Houses Burnt.

This morning, between two and three o'clock, a dreadful fire burst forth in Princess Street, in rear of the building known as the Cottage Inn; which despite of all endeavours to extinguish it, destroyed nearly the whole of the block extending from Wellington Street to Bagot Street, and bounded by Princess Street and Wellington Street. So fierce was the fire that it extended across Princess Street, and burnt down the premises occupied by Mrs. Perry, and seriously injured many of the adjoining buildings. We have no time to say more, than that among the homeless, the following merchants and others are to be found, viz: Messrs. Motley & Son, Ironmongers; Mr. Stetson, Hotel Keeper; Mr. Tweedale, Furrier; Mr. Mills, Boarding House Keeper; Mr. George Hardy, Watch Maker; Mr. Little, Tailor; Mr. Crane, Piano Maker; Miss Crane, Milliner; Mr. Mills, Painter; and a multitude of others in Queen Street and Wellington Street, whom we cannot readily call to mind. This fire is the most destructive, since that of 1839, that has ever occurred in Kingston; it has destroyed an immensity of most valuable property. We have no opportunity to-day to do justice to the praiseworthy efforts of the Military and the Fire Companies on this melancholy occasion.

☞ CLERK OF THE PEACE.—The lamented death of James Nickalls, Esq., has created a vacancy, which the Government will doubtless fill with one of their own supporters.—Mr. John Wardby, the author of the renowned poem of "Sir Hildebrand," that bitter and beastly satire against Poperty, is currently mentioned as the fortunate man. It is singular that while the Roman Catholics punished Mr. George so heavily for his sins against their religion, that they should not unite in remonstrating against the appointment of the writer of such a filthy publication. We shall hunt up our copy of "Sir Hildebrand," and favor the Government with a few of the least indecent verses. Let them know the man whom they appoint to office. If the Government wish to reward deserving merit, they would offer the vacancy to Mr. Charles Oliver, a Barrister of long standing, of non-committal politics, and whose services in the Custom House Department have never been properly rewarded. Such an appointment as this would give universal satisfaction to all parties.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—If the writer of the letter signed Z., will leave his name, his Communication will be published; otherwise, not.

THE MAMMOTH PANORAMA.—Mr. Lewis, the Proprietor of the Panorama of the Mississippi, has arrived in town, with his Mammoth Painting, which is to be forthwith exhibited in the City Hall. Wednesday night or Thursday night will be the earliest period at which the Exhibition will open, of which due notice will be given.

The great merit of this elaborately finished work is the remarkable exactness with which the outline of the scenery intended to be portrayed has been caught by the sketcher, and conveyed to the Canvas, whilst the blending of the colouring manifests an small degree of excellence in this difficult branch of the art. The luxuriant and exuberantly rich foliage,—the grass, the flowers hanging back as reflected from the surface of the calm or slightly agitated bosom of the 'Queen of Rivers,' all this is thrown in with a peculiar softness, which, though grateful to the eye, by no means deteriorates from the general grandeur of the scenery.

No point, along the entire line of the River is omitted. There stands New Orleans, with all its stirring reminiscences of one of the hottest battles of this Century of sanguinary national struggles. And there, wrapped in a winding sheet of flame, is St. Louis, of which city nearly one thousand houses were destroyed by a fearful conflagration, in May 1849. This fearful catastrophe is brought under the eye with a fidelity which the highest scenic skill could alone effect.

VICTORIA HOSE COMPANY, No. 2.

At a special meeting of the above Company, held in the Firemen's Hall on Wednesday the 16th April, 1851, the resignation of A. Dunlop as Captain, and R. McNiech as Lieutenant, were severally tendered and received.

A new election then took place, and the following were declared elected, viz.:—

Captain.....Joseph Duncan.
Lieutenant.....R. M. Hunter.

Resolved unanimously,—That the thanks of this Company be tendered to the citizens of Kingston who have so liberally subscribed towards the benefit of the Company, and that a copy of said resolution be published in the British Whig.

C. H. HATCH,
V. M. Co.

ATTEMPTED ESCAPE OF A NUN.—A public meeting has been held at Nottingham, pursuant to a requisition by a body of Freemasons of that borough. Dr. Clark, chairman, stated that a female, confined in a nunnery adjoining the Roman Catholic Church of St. Barnabas, Derby-road, Nottingham, a few days since endeavoured to effect her escape, but was observed by a person who retails milk in that part of the town, and she was again immured within the convent. Brother Tomlinson proposed that a summons should be applied for from the borough magistrates, calling upon Dr. Mulligan or any other priest, to appear before the bench, and show cause why females should be incarcerated within the convent after they had expressed a wish to be liberated. Seconded by a gentleman named Jones, and carried nem. con. It was stated during the discussion that between 30 and 40 females are now in that convent, eight or ten only being Sisters of Mercy or novitiates, on probation for two years ere they take the black veil. It was finally moved by the chairman that the meeting should stand adjourned, and in the mean time a petition should be prepared for general signature, calling upon her most gracious Majesty's Ministers to add a clause in the bill about to be brought before the House of Commons against the recent Papal encroachment of power, to abolish all nunneries and monasteries now existing in the United Kingdom of Great Britain. Seconded by Brother Wynn, and carried unanimously.

FOR THE BRITISH WHIG.

THE BEAUTIFUL.

BY CHARLES SWAIN.

The Beautiful? the beautiful?—the Summer's grassy sod,—
Things mortal—transient—are all the work of God;
What then shall we term beautiful? when all we see
Which we gaze
Has its own intrinsic beauty, and asserts its Maker's praise?
Where shall we seek the beautiful? In Heaven, or on Earth?
Amidst scenes of wild sublimity? In halls of dazzling mirth?
Where shall we seek for and behold the beautiful—the fair—
Nay, search not for the Beautiful—behold it—Everywhere!

There's a sparkling beauty in the sun that smiles on us at noon,
There's more seductive beauty in the softness of the moon;
The twinkling stars are beautiful—mysteriously so—
And the firefly, too, possesses a beauty in its glow.
There's a beauty, though terrific, in the storm destructive sway,
When it tears the aged forests, that impede its fitful way;
There's a beauty when the passions of the elements repose,
And a holy calm succeeds the storm's o'er-whelmed, and long thrown.

The mountain's peak is beautiful, where the towering cedars grow,
The valley, in its verdancy, lies beautiful below;
There's a beauty in the lonely oak—the forest's lofty pride—
And in the unattractive shrubs that wither by its side.
There's a beauty in the cataract, that plunges from the height
Of some stupendous cliff, in all the grandeur of its might;
There's a beauty in the rivulet, that threads its lonely way
Through the meadows fields, as gaily as a little child at play.

There's a beauty in the lightnings flash that precedes the thunder's roar,
In the rolling of the angry waves that dash against the shore;
There's a beauty in the raven's flight, though it scarce attracts the eye,
And in the mass of rain-charged clouds that sweep across the sky;
There's a beauty in the eagle's flight, as he soars through upper air,
The sparrow, too, is beautiful, though not so bold or fair.
The Summer's rays—the Winter's storms—the Autumn's golden time,
Are as full of varied beauty as the Spring when in her prime.

All things are truly beautiful? The Earth is one wide waste
Of loveliness, pulsatory stream, where ev'ry thing is graced
With a peculiar beauty of its own, on which the eye might rest
With feelings of deep thankfulness, when weary or depressed.
The Beautiful exists alike on earth, in air, and sea,
Where the Creator's hand has touched, there the beautiful must be:
From the loveliest stone to the loveliest flower, each shows its Maker's care—
The Beautiful? the Beautiful? behold it Dearest—Woman.

GEORGE BROWN AND THE STREETSVILLE REVIEW.—George Brown, has received, we trust, a lesson which will benefit him as long as he lives. If, however, he is so hardened as not to learn, he at least ought to have learned, that British Canadians are not a mere mass of cabbage-heads, to be devoured at pleasure by every hungry political adventurer. Our farmers work too hardly for their dollars lately to permit them to be squandered at pleasure by a junto of vultures calling themselves an Administration. Jonathan Gourley sealed his own fate when he boastingly proclaimed, at the opening of the contest, that he possessed the confidence of members, and that they possessed his confidence. The moment we perused this vain and absurd piece of Gascoignade, we remarked to Tory Earles, who chanced to be at our elbow, "that youth has MADE HIMSELF BROWN at the very first turn of the spit!" If George had not been so sharp set for a slice of the public pudding, he would unquestionably have cut his lucky on Monday evening, and resigned in favor of McKinnon. By such a step he would have conferred a substantial boon upon his confidential cronies, Lalonfaine, Hincks & Co. By insanely persisting to continue in the field, he has been mainly instrumental in introducing a hornet into the ministerial hive, which will sting them right and left without remorse or mercy.

RAILROAD DIFFICULTIES.

The labourers still hold out, and refuse to go on with their work. We understand that three of the ring-leaders in the recent brutal attack on the overseers in this vicinity have been arrested by the Hamilton authorities. It seems that after the assault on the overseers here, some of the parties boasted that they had "given the d——d Yankee overseers enough." This came to the ears of the assaulted men, who endeavoured to have their assailants attested; and constables were accordingly sent to Copetown for that purpose. Two men were taken, but their associates soon rescued them, and chased the constables with guns and axes; and threatened to burn down the house of the party who gave information against the delinquents. On presenting themselves at Hamilton, however, to receive their pay, they were taken into custody, and will probably be tried during the Assizes now sitting.

It will be observed that steps are being taken for the establishment of a police force on the line of the works, towards which the Directors have voted £1000; the Contractors £300; the City of Hamilton, £400, and the Town of Dundas, £100. It is indeed humiliating that in this enlightened age a public work cannot be prosecuted without the aid of an organized force to prevent one set of men breaking the heads of their co-labourers, and fellow-countrymen. Yet so it is!

Dundas Warder.

A FIRE NOT on an extensive scale, is about to be held at Rice Lake, on the 18th of June next, the proceeds to be appropriated to the liquidation of the debt on a new English Church, lately erected there. The Mayor of Cobourg has placed his steamer, the *Forester*, at the disposal of the Committee on that day—also all the sail and row-boats on the Lake have been secured in order to afford the visitors an opportunity of boat and pleasure sailing with which the lake abounds. The committee contemplate inviting parties from New York, Boston, Buffalo, Rochester, Toronto, Kingston, and elsewhere. To the pleasure-loving community this will be a great treat, as the lake abounds with some of the most beautiful scenery in Canada.

Pickings from Punch.

ANOTHER RIVAL TO THE GREAT EXHIBITION.

Extremes generally meet; and we are this year threatened with the meeting in London of two very striking extremes, in the shape of the Exhibition of Industry at the Crystal Palace, and the Exhibition of Idleness at the Palace of Westminster. The contributors to the latter are numerous, and the contributions somewhat curious. One of the first articles sent in, and which has done so much towards the grand display of Idleness, was an article of Wood, consisting of a cumbrous piece of obstructive machinery, called a Budget. This extraordinary piece of goods so effectually blocked up the legislative way, that nothing could be done; while Lord John Russell has since contributed a measure or two—which may be called measures of space, from their containing nothing—and which have added materially to the great Parliamentary Exhibition of Idleness. It is expected that by the time our visitors arrive from abroad, the arrangements for doing nothing will be quite complete; and if we are to take the past as a guide for the future, we may calculate on being able to show the world a display of the political *far niente*, which is almost, if not quite, without precedent.

THE COLD WATER CURE FOR VAGRANTS.—At Wexford—says an Irish paper—they have got rid of vagrants by a simple process: twenty-four hours' imprisonment and a thorough washing. No beggar submitted twice to the cold water. It is an old belief that Truth lies in a well; and, it would seem that her sister Charity—in her best moments—is to be found at a pump.

A GENEROUS BONFIRE.—Lord Lansdowne would be happy to see the Income-Tax repealed, and then "he should be glad to move that all the papers relating to it should be burnt." The only mode, we take it, in which an income-tax paper can appear light to anybody.

THE POPE, OR A JEW'S RIBS.

About the same time that a Jew, tied upon a horse, was went to be hunted and pelted by faithful Catholics at Rome; about that very time a Jew was hooted and hustled by British Catholics in London—by Catholics gathered together at the Freemasons' Tavern, to protest before the world their toleration, their meekness, their Christian love for all men, together with their sorrow that Protestant England—with Wiseman in Golden Square—should somewhat doubt such benevolent qualities. Louis Kyzer, a Jew, begs to put a question to the secretary, as to the amount of tolerance awarded by the Pope to people of the Judaical faith in Rome; and the enlightened Catholics gave a practical answer to the gentlest unbeliever, by turning him, with brotherly violence, and tolerant blows in the ribs, from the room.

"I beg to state [writes Louis Kyzer,] that before I got through the crowd of Christians, I received a most violent blow in my side, from which I am in great pain at the present time. This is a specimen of Catholic forbearance towards those who differ in opinion from them."

A very correct specimen, Mr. Kyzer. It is not much, certainly, considering what Catholics have perpetrated upon the Hebrew race; but it is, at least, as much as they are permitted to do up to the present time—and they do it.

It would be something more racy to make Louis Kyzer wear a yellow hat, instead of the undistinguished black chimney-pot brave alike by Jews, Catholics, and Protestants. It would be even more gratifying to make Louis Kyzer sit, once a year, in a Catholic church to hear mass, as at Rome. It might, on a strong occasion, be savoury to the nostrils of the true faith to roast the aforesaid Kyzer, as Jews and Christians have been roasted, in this world, to purify them for the next; but, as this is not to be done at present, why Kyzer shall be hustled and buffeted by Catholic gentlemen, carrying home with him, for the sympathy, and, it is to be hoped, the instruction of his family, "a most violent blow in his ribs." When a whole man is not to be crushed, the instalment of a rib is something. Will Cardinal Wiseman—in these Lenten days—be content with a Jew's rib? merely his rib?

AMERICAN CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE EXHIBITION.—We understand that amongst other commodities brought over by the *St. Lawrence*, there is a cheque sent by a distinguished American publisher to a no less distinguished English author—a cheque in payment of his book, originally produced in England, and immediately reprinted in New York—it is said that, as this cheque may be seen to the very best advantage, Lord Rosse's telescope will be brought to bear upon it.

THE DOVE-TRAP—WANTED, A FEW NEWS.—At the Dove-Trap, a Convent of the Protest Sisters, there is accommodation for a few candidates for the white and black veils. Virgins of property inclinable, the Sisterhood feelings due "consternation" at the notion of receiving nonpayers, "on account of their worldly advantages." The poor and orphan will alone be received. No heiresses need apply.—Address to the Bishop of Lacrimgunis.

A DISTINGUISHED LIGHT OF THE ESTABLISHED CHURCH.—Mr Bennett denies many of the Puseyite practices with which he has been charged by the Bishop of London. According to this, we suppose, the fact of his lighting up the altar of St. Barnabas, every Sunday, in such a flaming manner, must only be looked upon as a small piece of the Bishop's candle (scandal).

QUESTION AND ANSWER.

What is a Public Impost?

Why, in certain cases, like the Income Tax, it is not going too far to call such a Public Impost a public imposture!

NO MEDAL WITHOUT A REVERSE.—A poor Veteran was inquiring at the Horse Guards for a Peninsular Medal, to which he was entitled. "I tell you, again," was the satisfactory answer he received, "the medal's not finished. You forget it takes thirty years to make a die." "So it seems," said the Veteran, as he walked away, "for I believe I'm about the only one now living."

NEWS AND QUERIES.—Was there ever known a cock that, upon being teased, crowed "cock-a-doodle-don't?"

MINISTERIAL MEASURES.—Ministers have not brought forward many measures this Session; and bringing forward nothing, it stands to reason they have not been able to carry much. In fact, the whole business of the present year may be found collected on the subjoined

TABLE OF MINISTERIAL MEASURES.

20 Members make	One Full House.
1 Full House makes	One Defeat
3 Defeats make	One Large Minority.
20 Members make	One Whig Minority.
1 Whig Minority makes	One regret the death of Sir Robert Peel!

THE LOSS OF THE COMMONS.—Speaking at the Protestant-Submission Meeting, at the Freemasons' Tavern, Mr. Moore, M. P., is reported to have given utterance to the fine language subjoined:—

"The quivering viper of a bill lying at their feet might hardly be thought worthy of another blow of the hatchet, if they did not know that the scotched snake was not always killed."

Scotched, if you please; not *Scotched*, Mr. Moore. The Anti-Papal bill—if that is what you mean by your snake—has been Irished; so has the English people, Mr. Moore; but Irished is not being killed, any more than Scotland, or Irished John Bull may perhaps live to let you know.

TO M.P.'s.—Mr. Edward Bray, Polyphonist to the Zoological Gardens, having, with some pain, observed the poor and ineffectual manner in which certain Members of the House of Commons, in certain debates, imitate the crowing of cocks, the barking of dogs, and the braying of sheep,

Begs leave to state, that he is ready to give Lessons in any such accomplishments to any M.P. service, who may honour him with his patronage.

Mr. Bray's cockerow has been considered more perfect than the crow of the bird itself; whilst—so successful is his peculiar mode of instruction—his imitation of the Donkey, as conferred upon his pupils, is altogether worthy of the original animal.

Address to the Monkey-House, Zoological Gardens, Regent's Park.

P.S.—No Irish Members need apply.

A LAND SLIP.—A private letter received in town by Mr. Degouse, N. P., states that an ebonlement occurred at St. Leon, on Friday last, about half-past two o'clock. About four arpents of land moved off bodily, carrying with them a house; in which was a family at the time. A momentary stoppage of the earth enabled them to escape, before their land had disappeared.

RAILWAY TO THE EXTREME WEST.—The Official Gazette contains a notice of an intended application to the Provincial Legislature next session, for an act to incorporate certain persons as the Lake Superior and Pacific Railroad Company.

The Panorama of the Mississippi now exhibiting in our Town Hall, is all that the Press has stated—a speaking and truthful picture of that Father of Rivers. The explanation is given by the Artist himself, and done in such a way as leaves nothing to be wished for except a trip on the Mississippi itself.

[illegible]—The Session of the Legislature of Prince Edward Island was opened by his Excellency Sir A. Bannerman, with the usual formalities, on the 26th ult. The Speech was straightforward, and is said to have afforded general satisfaction. His Excellency announces the concession of a new constitution in the following terms:—

"I feel myself authorized to announce to you, that I am prepared (without at present entering into any particular details) to introduce Responsible Government into this Colony, and also to surrender the disposal of Her Majesty's Crown Revenues, when the Legislature shall have agreed to certain conditions, which I shall without delay submit to their consideration, with respect to the terms on which the Crown will consent to this change, and also to the surrender of its Revenues."

A strange and thrilling discovery was made on Thursday by a workman employed at the restoration the Palais de Justice, in Paris. The mummy of a female was found walled up in the portion of the building he was engaged in demolishing.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Toronto 19th April, 1851.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments in Her Majesty's Customs, viz:

William Joseph Faulkes, of Picton, to be a Collector.

Isabere Mullin, of Montreal, to be a Surveyor and Warehouse Keeper.

Francois Xavier Meuvier, of Quebec, to be an Examining Warehouse Keeper and Assistant Appraiser.

Louis Goldsmith, of Montreal,
John Lemon, do.
George Henderson, of Quebec,
Francois Trumpy senr., do
Charles Edward Allen, do. to be Landing Waiters.
James Sealy, of Quebec,
Jean Baptiste Rostien, of Montreal, to be Lockers.

DIED.

In this city on the 20th day of April, instant, after a protracted illness, James Nickalls, Esq., Clerk of the Peace, in the 60th year of his age.

☞ Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend his funeral from his late residence Union Street, to the place of interment, on Thursday next the 24th instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, without further notice.

Orville Hungerford Esq. the President of the Rome and Watertown Railroad, on the 9th inst., at Watertown.

At the residence of his son-in-law in Bytown on the 13th instant Mrs. Doyle, relict of the late Owen Doyle in the 63rd year of her age.

At Quebec on Tuesday morning, the 15th inst., Mr. Samuel Baxter, Gunner, aged 22.

By Magnetic Telegraph.

(Reported Expressly for the British Whig.)

LAST NIGHT'S REPORT.

Terrible Explosion!

LOSS OF THE STEAMER "COMET."

OSWEGO, April 21—5 P.M.

As the British steamer *Comet*, with a full head of steam on, was preparing to leave this port this afternoon her boiler exploded, tearing up her centre, throwing her smoke-pipe overboard, and injuring her so severely that she sunk in five minutes. The Second Engineer, Carpenter and one deck hand are missing. The First Engineer and five deck hands were badly scalded. The Captain was on deck and was thrown below, but was only slightly injured. She now lies a perfect wreck in nine feet water. The body of one of the hands has just been found in the hold, but is not yet recognized.

FURTHER NEWS BY THE PACIFIC.

NEW YORK, April 19.

Commercial affairs generally quiet, but the value of foreign and colonial produce is steadily maintained.

American wheat and flour sold slowly at the full terms of Friday last.

The imports of Cured Provisions from America are not light. At this market bacon is a shade lower, but beef firmer.

The steamship *Asia* hence, arrived at Liverpool on Saturday night 10th instant, 10 days 10½ hours out.

There is still much speculation in Paris as to the formation of a new Ministry. It was rumored that a combination is to be formed, including M. Betsche and Odillon Barrot.

We learn from Berlin that it is not yet decided whether the Dresden Conferences would be discontinued. It was generally believed that Austria would consent to return to the Dresden Diet.

Advices from Madrid state, the committee on the Public Debt had communicated to the Cabinet their report on the bill. The majority were in favor of the bill, the discussion on which was to take place on the 1st inst.

Accounts from Strasburg announce that the President of the Frankfort Diet had been summoned to Vienna in great haste.

The Copenhagen papers published the text of the Holstein question, which will be submitted to the Assembly. The Duchies of Holstein and Lunebourg to remain part of the German Confederacy, are to have their own Diet. The Duchies of Schleswig to have its separate Diet and Administration.

ENGLAND.—The Ministry have been sustained in the House of Commons on a notice from the opposition to abandon the Income Tax by a majority of 38—278 for the Ministry against 240.—The towns of Manchester and Salford have sent a petition to parliament signed by 51,417 against Papal Aggression.

FRANCE.—The aspect of commercial affairs in Paris is not unfavorable; but the accounts from Lyons are very discouraging. The intelligence is politically unimportant.

Sealed Tenders

WILL be received until THURSDAY the 15th May next at 12 o'clock noon, for the finishing and completing of the interior of the CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL in the City of Kingston, according to plans and specifications to be seen at the Bishop's Palace in said City after the 27th instant, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock P. M. Tenders to be addressed to the Rev. P. Dollard, Kingston, and Endorsed "Tender for Carpenter and Joiner work," "Tender for Plaster and Ornamental work."

One Contract for the whole work would be preferred, and satisfactory security will be required for the due completion of the same.

P. FARRELL,
Sec'y & Committee.

Kingston, 21st April, 1851. 93tf

The Kingston Herald, The Witness, Montreal Pilot, and Toronto Mirror, three insertions.

STOLEN.

FROM the landing below the Tête du Pont Barrack Gate, a Clinker-built Jolly boat, the property of the undersigned. She is about 18 feet keel, and 20 feet over all; is painted white outside, and lead color inside; there are several patches of lead under the transom, one patch about centre, 3 by 4 inches, next over the edge of the plank, and a strip of lead 12 to 13 inches long, and 2 to 3 inches wide, around the stem. She has been newly timbered. Any person returning the above boat to the undersigned will be liberally rewarded; and a reward will also be given to any one who will discover and identify the guilty party.

ARCHIBALD CHAMBERS

Kingston, April 22. 93-3in

A CARD.

THE Undersigned thankfully desire through this medium, to express their most grateful thanks to the Fire Companies, who, in the face of so much discouragement, kept their ground so steadfastly, and ultimately, in conjunction with undefatigable friends, inside Mrs. Benjamin's, succeeded in saving the two corner Stone Buildings on Princess and Wellington Streets from the destructive element of Fire, which took place last night.

GEO. SMITH.
A. FOSTER.

TO LET.

ONE of the Shops at present occupied by us in Princess Street. Possession given immediately.

A. & D. SHAW.

Shipping and Commission Agent.

UNITED STATES WHARF.

THE Subscriber having leased the FIRE PROOF STONE WAREHOUSE, occupied by Messrs. E. Browne, & Co. is prepared to receive, and Ship Merchandise, Produce, &c., on commission.

The United States Mail Steam-Ship, Bay of Quinte, and other Steamers ship at this Wharf.

ALSO, Agent for the Boston, New York, Foreign and Canada Express Companies.

Advances made on Consignments, for other Private or Public Sales, Custom House Entries, Bonds, and Debenture Papers executed. The advantage of Storing property in these Fire Proof premises, which are unequalled in Canada West, and with moderate charges, cannot fail to give every satisfaction to shippers and dealers.

WILLIAM WARE.

Kingston, 17 April, 1851. 93