MAIL FOR ENGLAND.

The Mail for England will be closed at the Kingston Post Office every Friday morning at 5 o'clock.

Agents for the British Whig.

Montreal,.....P. Cha'mers & Co., Bookseller.
Belleville,.....Mr. Michael Nulty, Auctioneer.
Cobourg,.....Thos. Evans, Esq.
Toronto,.....Mr Thos. McLear, Bookseller.
Hamilton,.....John Brown, Esq.
New York,.....W. B. Palmer, Tribune Buildings.
Rochester, N.Y., Mr. G. S. Jenk'ns.
And Postmasters generally of the Midland District.
*** Advertisements for ebert ing in any of the above gentlemen, either for Cash or credit, will be inserted.

Auction Sales This Day.

As Advertised in the British Whig.

Sale of Groceries at the Commercial Mart at 1 o'clock by Wm. Ware.

The Daily British Whig.

"Optimus est Optima Dicere."

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1851

☞ THE PENITENTIARY.—The charges against the discipline of the Penitentiary have been denied, and that in the rudest manner. They have however been denied simply, and no attempt has been made to prove their falsity; and the public can therefore draw their own inference. The source whence the British Whig derives its information is from the very centre of the Institution, despite the pains taken to keep all misdoings private; and implicit reliance can be placed upon the truth of our assertions. The colouring may possibly be a little strong, but the facts are undeniable.

☞ ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.—Yesterday being St. Patrick's Day, the St. Patrick's Society mustered before the City Hall at an early hour, and having formed in Procession with flags and banners, under charge of the Marshall, Mr. P. Macdonald, marched to the Roman Catholic Cathedral, where a sermon for the occasion was preached by the Right Reverend Bishop Phelan. After Divine Service the Society returned to the City Hall, and were disbanded.—Upwards of three hundred persons walked in the procession. The City Band was in attendance.

☞ STILL ANOTHER ARREST.—By the vigilance of our City Police a still further arrest has been affected. The prisoner in this case is a discharged Rifleman, who was taken on Sunday night, charged with having stolen a quantity of wearing apparel, and about two pounds in money, from Mr. William Stokes, Storrington. The prisoner, whose name is Thomas Rooney, has been committed by the Police Magistrate.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.

The talked-of meeting at Toronto took place on Wednesday last. There was a good deal of discussion and a good deal of wrangling, but eventually an Address to the Governor General was passed. The Hon Mr. Sherwood is represented to have said that moving the Seat of Government to Kingston cost £40,00 in public buildings, now useless. This must either be a misrepresentation or a misprint. The following is a copy of the Address:—

We, Her Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, inhabitants of the City of Toronto, beg to approach your Excellency to renew the expression of our devoted loyalty to the throne and person of our august Sovereign, and to assure your Excellency of the satisfaction we have derived from the residence of yourself and Lady Elgin and family amongst us.

The recently-announced intention of resuming the Seat of Government to Quebec, at the close of the approaching Session of Parliament, has produced throughout Upper Canada a very general feeling of mortification and alarm.

The possession of the Seat of Government has never been regarded as a matter of light moment by either section of the Province, and so deeply impressed was Upper Canada with its importance, that at the time when the question of the Union of the Province was agitated, the concession of that privilege was made a principal condition on which the assent of Upper Canada to that important measure was given.

This condition was carried out with strict fidelity, under the sanction of our Sovereign, by the nobleman who then represented the Imperial Crown and Government in this country, and it was not until after the decease of Lord Sydenham, that the administration which came into power in 1842, agitated the violation of the pledge which had been given, and effected the removal of the Seat of Government to Lower Canada, where it was retained until the autumn of 1843.

The session of Parliament held in the early part of that year, was characterized by the discussion of subjects of more than ordinary import to the social welfare of United Canada—amongst others, the important question of the Seat of Government—and the Representatives of the People deliberately resolved, that in their opinion, the Government should be located alternately, for periods not exceeding four years, in the two capitals of Toronto and Quebec.

This suggestion made by the House of Assembly, was adopted by your Excellency, as Her Majesty's Representative, and in furtherance thereof, the Government was removed to Toronto in the autumn of 1843.

Its return to the Upper Province after an interval of six years, was hailed with a general welcome from our fellow-citizens; and the people of Upper Canada, not taught mistrust by the violation of the pledge given by Lord Sydenham, have looked forward with confidence to its permanence here for the full period suggested by Parliament, unless, indeed, in the meantime a different course should be forced upon the Government, by a new expression of the wishes of the people, through their Representatives—an expression which could only be unequivocally given after the question had been submitted to the country, through the medium of a General Election.

We venture respectfully yet urgently to press upon your Excellency the consideration of the many reasons that may be urged against the removal of the Government, after a stay in Upper Canada so disproportioned to its continuance in the metropolis of the Province, and so shortened that the arrangements consequent upon its arrival here can scarcely as yet be regarded as complete.

For a young country, the people of Canada are already sufficiently burdened with taxation; they are struggling to work out by their industry, a prosperous destiny for themselves, and it is of vital importance that the cost of their Government should be confined, within the narrowest possible limits.

Since 1841, there have been three removals of the Seat of Government, involving an expenditure for the purchase and repair of state and public buildings, and other attendant expenses, little short of £130,000, of which sum £35,000 were charged in the Public Accounts of last year.

This unexpected determination to abandon Upper Canada, should your Excellency be advised to persist in a course so strongly indicative of indifference to the terms of the Address of the Legislative Assembly, and the consequent inequality of the measure of advantage apportioned to Upper and Lower Canada, respectively, have an inevitable tendency to revive those heartburnings, the off-spring of former differences, which all right-minded men have deplored, and for the removal of which they looked with confidence to the just administration of the Government, under the constitutional exercise of the Regal Prerogative.

It is not too late to avert this danger;—in your Excellency's hands is vested the power; and we feel it our bounden duty to implore your Excellency to make use of that power, to prevent consequences the full evil of which may not at this moment be foreseen, but which may endanger the peace and well-being of the Province.

CINCINNATI, March 7.

PARTICULARS OF THE EXPLOSION AND BURNING OF THE STEAMER OREGON.—The steamer Oregon bound down from Louisville, while passing through shute of Island No. 82, at 1 P.M. on the 24 inst., burst her boiler with a tremendous report, carrying away the forward cabin and upper deck, killing and wounding 60 persons. She was heavily laden, and from 80 to 100 passengers, who had just finished dinner, and were generally collected in the hall and forward guards at the time. She took fire after the explosion and burnt to the water's edge, and being in the channel of the River under way at the time, would have consumed all on board but for the assistance of the Iroquois, which was wooding within a mile of the Oregon. Upon seeing the explosion, Capt. Lee, of the Iroquois, gave orders to go to her relief, and it was but a few minutes before she was alongside the Oregon. The flames had just burst through the hurricane roof—men, women, and children, were collected together on the after part of the boat without the means of getting away, but by jumping into the River. The shrieks of the women, the phrenzy of the men, ready to leap overboard to avoid the more horrible death by fire, and the groans of the scalded and dying, and the piteous lowing of the cattle baffles description. Captain Lee ran the bow of the Iroquois aft of the Oregon, and ladders being placed from the upper deck of the Oregon to the lower deck of the Iroquois; all on board the burning vessel able to walk got off, the Iroquois being all the time in great danger of taking fire. Capt. Montgomery was the last man to leave the wreck, which he did just as the Iroquois was backing away and the parting of the boats caused the ladders to fall, precipitating Capt. M. into the river, but he was rescued with several bruises. The clerk's office was entirely blown away, together with the books and papers of the boat. George Brown, first clerk, was in the office at the time of the explosion, and was killed. The writers in the cabin were at dinner, and all killed except the steward. Eight white firemen were killed. It is impossible to give a correct idea of the loss of life, nothing having been left whereby to ascertain names. The floor of the Iroquois presented an awful sight. The Oregon was scuttled, but it proved useless, as the burning of the upper works caused her to rise faster than the holes could allow the introduction of water to sink her. The "Bulletin" came up soon after the accident occurred, and endeavored to extinguish the flames by means of her engines which, however, proved abortive. The passengers of the "Bulletin" afforded much aid, and remained aboard the Iroquois until they reached Memphis, when the sufferers were taken to the Hospital, many of them in the agonies of death. The Iroquois had on board 25 of the scalded, 11 of whom died before reaching Memphis.

KNOXINE GAS.—Invented and patented by Dr Gesner, is now in use in Halifax, N.S. In color and brilliancy it is greatly superior to coal gas, less offensive, and very much cheaper. Two stores in Halifax are lighted with it from a small gasometer and apparatus on the premises of one of them, at a cost of only £6, or $30, for the apparatus, &c. The Dartmouth Ferry Company are erecting works on the peninsula to light their wharves and premises, and the houses in their vicinity, at an expense of but £20, or $150 for gasometer, &c. Any person of ordinary intelligence can make the gas. Its color (as its name implies) is greenish, and very grateful to the eye. Since its introduction into Halifax the coal gas company have had to reduce their price for gas to 3s. sterling, or 50 cents, per thousand feet, and a further reduction must ensue or the Knoxine gas will supersede them. The Knoxine gas is made from Trinidad Asphaltum; but a purer article is found in Albert, N. B., and in Cuba, near Havana. One great advantage of the Knoxine gas is, that it can be had in country houses and detached residences, without reference to "Gas Companies' Works."—*Condensed from the St. John (N.B.) Courier.*

At a general meeting of the St. Patrick's Society, held at the Western Hotel, Toronto, on the 8th of March, instant, the following officers were duly elected, to serve for the current year.

President.—His Worship the Mayor, John G. Bowes.

First Vice President.—John Duggan, Esq., *Second Vice President.*—Thomas T. Robertson, Esquire. *Third Vice President.*—Rice Lewis, Esquire.

Secretary.—Samuel T. Green.

Treasurer.—Walter Skelton, Esquire.

Physicians.—Dr. Herrick, and Dr. King.

Chaplains.—Dr. Lett, Reverend H. J. Grasett.

Managing Committee.—John Harrington, Thomas Ashfield, G. L. Allan, R. C. McMullen, Wm. Crooman James Mitchell, and T. P. Bernard, Esquires.

Standard Bearers.—John Tully, Esq., and John Jones Evans, Esq.

Marshal.—George L. Allan, Esq.

CROWN LANDS.—Mr. Sheriff Cooper of Peterborough has propounded a plan by which the Crown Lands can be made available. It is well known to our readers that for many years the expenses of managing the Crown Lands by Government have been enormous, so much so that the sales have not done much more than keep pace with the outlay. Their management has besides given great dissatisfaction, and put the people to great trouble and expense in securing titles, as well as given rise to extensive frauds by agents and others.—Mr. Cooper in order to do away with these evils proposes that the Government shall sell the Crown Lands in the different Municipal Districts in the Counties where they are situated at a low price, and that the Councils shall sell them again at a somewhat higher rate in proportion to their value.

SCENE IN A DENTIST OFFICE.

A male representation from the Emerald Isle enters, hat in hat, with—"The top o' the mornin to ye, sir, an' I got a bad tooth, an' not a bit o' comfort can I get short of a bottle o' brandy; an' I've one of Father Matthy's medals to keep me from all such evil spirits, share. Now, sir, what'd you be axin to pull me a tooth, sir?"

"Half a dollar," says the doctor.

"Well," says Pat, "what'll ye pull two for?"

"Oh," replied the doctor, "I wont charge you anything for pulling the second one."

Pat seated himself, turned up his mug, and the doctor took a peep at his grinders, and with a little assistance from Pat, soon found which were the ones Pat wanted out.

Says Pat, "this is the first one and this is the second one. Please pull the second one out first."

"Very well," replied the doctor, "any way to get them out." And he pulled.

Before he had time to fix the instrument for the other tooth, (the first tooth) Pat had got out of the chair, and was edging towards the door.

"I guess, doctor, I wont have the first tooth pulled until it aches, and you told me you would pull the second one for nothing."

Pat mizzled and the doctor pocketed the joke instead of the fee.—*Exeter Mach.*

The Tariff question was virtually disposed of in the Court of Appeals yesterday. Our readers will remember that certain members of the Bar brought an action against the Sheriff for exacting illegal fees, the said fees being those fixed by the Tariff. The cause was evoked to the Court of Appeals. By the unanimous decision of the Judges, given yesterday, the action was dismissed, on the ground that the money having been paid, the parties were precluded from engaging in the suit. The legality of the Tariff was not adverted to in the decision. The Chief Justice was absent from indisposition.—*Pilot.*

JENNY LIND.—We observe, by a letter from Mr. Barnum, published in the New York papers, that we may expect to have the "Swedish Nightingale" here during the approaching summer. Barnum says, writing from New Orleans:—

The prospects now are that she (Miss Lind) will commence her series of grand farewell concerts in Castle Garden, New York, on or about the 25th of April, and at their conclusion she will give farewell concerts in Philadelphia, Baltimore, several of the lake cities, Pittsburgh, Canada and Boston, and sail for England in the course of the summer.

JONATHAN VS. JOHN BULL.—The Canadian have knocked down the wind out of the Collins line.—Mr. Collins of the New York and Liverpool Steam Ship line, has memorialized Congress for an increase of compensation to the American Steamers, stating, that if such increase be not granted he will be compelled to relinquish the superiority to the British vessels, and urging that steam boat opposition is a national concern and should be supported at whatever cost. Now when we consider that the present government compensation amounts to £4000 per voyage to the Collins line, and £3300 to the Cunard line, it forms a striking comment on the puffs magnificent which have filled the American papers on their wonderful steamers. They have discovered that John Bull is not to be beat so "tarnation easy" after all.—The vaporing New York journals looking rather down in the mouth at seeing their champion fist on his back and crying enough. If they had not brragged so much we could have pitied them more. May they apply the lesson to greater matters than a steamboat competition—they would profit by it.

THE DRESDEN CONFERENCE.—Our Berlin Correspondence is of the 19th inst.

Baron Manteuffel returned to Dresden on the morning of that day. He will return to Berlin on the 22d inst.

The Conferences will close almost immediately.

The Ministerial papers protest against the endeavors of Austria to separate Prussia from her lesser allies

According to the statement of these papers, the following propositions were made to Baron Manteuffel:

1. That an Executive Board of nine votes be created, to be presided over by Austria.

2. That a Federal War-office be created under the Archduke Albrecht and the Prince of Prussia.

3. That a Legislative Board be instituted under the Presidency of Prussia.

Austria proposes to enforce these plans in spite of the protests of the smaller States. Prussia refuses to act unless the small States consent to the arrangements.—*Times.*

☞ THE WEATHER.—The ice remains hard and fast in the harbor and laden teams are hourly crossing it. The sleighing is nearly gone, which has been the case for the past week, but slight falls of snow afford a little scratching along, though a thing to signify. It snowed last night (Monday) and this morning a few sleighs are heard in the streets. Many conjectures are afloat as to the opening of navigation in Kingston harbor, but the most knowing ones point as late as the middle of April.

Arrivals in this City.

BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL.

March 13.—E.C. Hough, South Carolina.
March 16.—Mr. D. Rutherford, Amherst Island.
March 17.—Wm. Mattoon, Springfield, Mass.; T. Hughes, Belleville.

DIED.

At the River Trent, on the 28th of February, after a short and severe sickness, Mr. Reuben Steven, aged 27 years. Native of Point Levy, near Quebec.

At the Manor House of Montreville, on the 4th instant, the Hon. Francois Pierre Drumond, Seigneur of Montreville, and one of the Members of the Legislative Council of this Province.

On the 5th instant, at the residence of Mr. Chief Justice Reid, William R. Tavish, Esq. Advocate.

WHEELRIGHTS WANTED.

WANTED immediately Two Good Workmen. Good wages given.

GEORGE RAMSDEN.

Portsmouth, near Kingston,
March 17th, 1851. 3-63

By Magnetic Telegraph

Last Night's Report.

NEW YORK, March 17.

MARKETS.

ASHES.—Market buoyant for Pearls, and prices a shade better; supply very light. Pots heavy and dull, $5,37c; sales 30 bbls.

FLOUR.—The inclemency of the weather restricts business. Demand for the low grades moderate; better grades steady and in fair request for the local trade. Canadian steady with moderate demand for the provinces; sales 200 bbls., $4,62½ in bond. Sales Domestic 2300 bbls.; $4,25c a 4,31c for No. 2 Superfine; $4,56c a 4,56c for common to straight State $4,62c a 4,75c for Ohio, Michigan, and Indiana; $4,62c a 4,87c for Genesee.

GRAIN.—The demand for Wheat is limited; millers hold off; prices relatively higher than Flour. Canadian held steadily, but without enquiry, 97c a $1 in bond. Common rather lower—demand fair for home trade; sales 9000 bush.; 68c for Northern and Jersey yellow; 67c for Southern yellow; 68c for prime white.

PROVISIONS.—New pork easier, and old dull; the trade buy sparingly; sales 700 bbls.; $12,75c for old mess; $12,25c for new mess; $12,25c for new prime.

Money market quiet; better disposition to speculate. Sterling Exchange firm at 10 a 10¾.

The *Brother Jonathan* sailed for Chagres today with 85 passengers.

Major Noah, it is thought, will not survive through the night.

THE ARGUS.

AT the instance of a majority of the Subscribers, and numerous others who wish to become so, the proprietor has decided to make the *Argus* a weekly newspaper. He hopes that he will thereby be enabled to furnish a paper which will suit the country reader, at the sametime that its weekly Markets, Commercial Reports, &c. will also be attractive and useful to the Mercantile Community. Being thus enabled to reduce the price to the lowest standard, he may hope to acquire a circulation for the *Argus* which will not be confined to Kingston and the surrounding districts, but will extend all over the province, and form a medium for advertising, to the Merchants, Mechanics which does not at present exist in Kingston. The next number of the *Argus* will therefore be issued on Friday next, and continue in future to be issued every Friday afternoon.

Kingston, March 17th, 1851.

COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

THE Deputy Commissary General will receive at his office in Montreal, sealed Tenders (to be marked on the Envelo, «Tender for Bills) until noon on Wednesday, the 2nd April, for Bills at thirty days sight on Her Majesty's Treasury, to the extent of £10,000 sterling, the proceeds to be deposited in the Commissariat Chest at the undermentioned Stations, in American Eagles, Sovereigns, or British Silver Coins, the same to be specified in the Tender, viz:

Montreal.....£4000
Kingston £1500
Toronto.....£4500

Tenders of American Gold Eagles to specify the rate Sterling per Eagle, at which the parties tendering are willing to pay the same into the Commissariat Chest, and Tenders of Sovereigns or British Silver, the rate per cent on the Bills of Exchange.

If more than one Bill is required the rate to be specified.

Commissariat, Canada,
Montreal, 13th March, 1851. } 63

TO LET.

Possession given 1st. May.

THAT Old established HOTEL in the Market Square, now known as the BRITISH EMPIRE,

doing a first rate business. The stock and furniture may be taken at a valuation. The only object of the present proprietor leaving, is in consequence of ill health.

For particulars, apply to Mr. John Mideall, near No. 1 Toll Gate, or to the Subscriber on the premises.

SAML. POLLARD.

March 10, 1851. 63

MODERN ROUTE NEWS AGENT.

RECEIVES the following Papers regularly by every Mail Steamer from Liverpool:—

The Illustrated London News,
The Lady's Paper,
Punch,
Bell's Life,
Weekly News,
Naval and Military Gazette,
United Service Journal,
British Army Despatch,
The Evening Mail,
The Athenæum,
The Spectator,
St. James' Chronicle,
The Examiner,
The Nation (Dublin),
L'Illustration (Paris).

Kingston, March 10, 1851. 63

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

THE Rev'd Hannibal Mulkins will deliver a Lecture to the members of the above Institution, in the Court House, on Tuesday evening, the 18th inst, at half past 7 o'clock.

The Lecture will be on the "Harmony between Geology and Revelation."

Admission fee: the public are respectfully invited to attend.

HUGH ROSS,
Sec'y.

Kingston, 14 March, 1851. 63

MUNICIPALITY OF SHEFFIELD.

ROBT. HASSARD, Treasurer of the Township Municipality of the Township of Sheffield

1851.	Dr.	£	s.	d.
March 4.—	To Cash, from County Treasurer, per J. Lard	27	0	4½
April 18.—	Do do by Neil Stewart, Tavern Licenses	10	5	2
.....	Do do by Neil Stewart Wild Land Taxes, (Cash)	9	8	3½
.....	Do do by Neil Stewart Kinderd	5	18	5½
Augt. 28.—	Do do by Neil Stewart Fines, &c	37	4	1
Dec. 23.—	Do do by Hayes, the 1851 Collector	203	10	0
Jany. 24.—	Do do by do do	25	0	0
Jany. 25.—	Do do by do do	25	0	0
		393	6	4½

1850.	Contra Cr.	£	s.	d.
June 25...	By S. Kirk's Order countersigned by N Stewart	0	7	6
Ju'y 23..	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of C. Oliver	1	0	0
July 4...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Richard Tiner	2	15	0
July 12..	Do Kirk's Order countersigned by N. Stewart.	1	18	8
June 29...	Do Kirk's Order countersigned by N. Stewart.	2	0	0
March 4...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of James Lard	2	0	0
March 9...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of James Lard	2	0	0
Augt. 2...	Do Kirk's Order countersigned by N. Stewart.	5	1	3
Sept. 6...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Alex. Martin	2	0	0
Octr. 21...	Do Cumming's O. countersigned by Stewart.	6	15	0
Sept. 11...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of J. S. Anderson	3	7	6
Sept. 17...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Bamford	1	15	0
Sept. 17...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Hackness	1	15	0
Augt. 26...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Lard	1	7	6
Augt. 26...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Lard, scrapers	2	10	0
Augt 26...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor W. Clark for the Job in part rship Oliver	1	0	0
Sept. 5...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Rombough	2	5	0
Sept. 2...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Alex. Martin	2	0	0
Dec. 7...	Do Cumming's O. countersigned by N. Stewart in favor Milton	4	17	6
Dec. 7...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Ed. Roach	14	0	0
Dec. 31...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Dr. Allan	0	6	3
Dec. 31...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor Cumming Commissioner	1	17	6
Dec. 31...	Do Clerk's Order in favor of N. Stewart	1	17	6
Dec. 29...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor John Reid	7	0	0
Octr. 7...	Do N. Stewart's Order countersigned by Lard for wages Councillors Cummings, Kirk and Stewart, 7 days each	2	15	0
March 19...	Do Neil Stewart Order countersigned by Lard Clerk, for wages four Councillors seven days each, at 6s 3d	8	15	0
May 29...	Do Neil Stewart's Order countersigned by Lard to pay four Councillors at 25s each	5	0	0
May 29...	Do N. Stewart's Order & that of all the Council in favor of Lard, Clerk of Council	10	0	0
1851 Jany. 3...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Cummings for Job Work	2	15	0
Jany. 3...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Lard for Job	1	4	3
Jany. 7...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of Lard, balance salary, horses and postages, £1 & £1 18s 6d	2	18	6
1850 Decr. 2...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor J Sanderson Job	4	1	6
Decr. 28...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor of James Garvey, Assessor	2	15	0
Octr. 8...	Do Kirk's Order in favor W. Thompson countersigned by N. Stewart.	1	5	0
Decr. 9...	Do John Milton's Order, countersigned Stewart paid to Wm Garrett	5	0	0
July 23...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor Isaac Quates	5	0	0
Decr. 23...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor Andrew Dulin	1	15	0
Decr. 3...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor D. Gilmore	2	0	0
Decr. 11...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor C. Oliver	1	0	0
Decr. 31...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor Councillor Kirk	1	17	6
Decr. 31...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor John Milton	1	17	6
Decr. 23...	Do N. Stewart's Order in favor G. Paul for Job	1	15	0
Decr. 31...	Do N. S's. Or. in favor R. McDonald as surveyor	0	15	0
Decr. 31...	Do N. S's. Or. in favor C. Thompson, Superin't. Schools, his salary	5	3	9¼
Nove. 5...	Do N. S's. Or. in favor W Clark for Job	1	0	0
Decr. 3...	Do N. S's. Order in favor Harkness	0	10	0
Jany. 9...	Do N. S's Order in favor J. Sanderson	1	11	0
Jany. 3...	Do N. S's Order in favor James McKeown	1	5	3
Jany. 3...	Do N. S's Or. exemption taxes for Store Licenses on T. Miller, J. Lard, and W. Hayes	5	2	1
Decr. 3...	Do N. S's Or. exempt Jas Ethin tax o'recharged.	1	6	4
Decr. 4...	Do N. S's Or. exempt J. Finn from taxes	1	1	0
Nove. 5...	Do N. S's Or. exempt C. Thompson store tax	1	13	4
Nove. 5...	Do N. S's Or. exempt M. Mulholland 100a. land	0	6	8
Nove. ...	Do N. S's Or. (no date) do J. Kelpin rate on land	0	12	4
Decr. 31...	Do N S's Or. exempt J. Stanton from taxes	0	2	10
Decr. 31...	Do N. S's Or. exempt Jas Madden from taxes	1	13	5
Jany. 13... 1850	Do N. S's Or. exempt J. Bailey from do	0	4	4
Nove. ...	Do N. S's Or. exempt G. Miller from do	0	10	4
Nove. 11...	Do do Henry from do	1	2	8
" 6...	Do do S. Gordon do do	2	10	10
" 22...	Do do A. Campbell do do	1	8	0
" 5...	Do do T. Hams do do	0	2	10
Decr. 3...	Do do S. Lent do do	0	12	5
" 28...	Do do C. Smith do do	0	5	0
" 28...	Do do J. McCormish do	0	2	0
" ...	Do do A. Macdonnell do	0	5	0
" 28...	Do do P. McIntyre do	0	14	8
" 31...	Do County Treasurer's receipt for this sum	151	0	0
" 31...	Do do do	7	10	0
1851 Jany. 25	Do Local Supt. do sum paid School Money	40	0	0
	Do Treasurer's Commission on £393 6s 3¼d at 3 per cent	11	7	6
		393	5	9¼
	Bal. in Treasurer's hands	13	0	7
	Total	393	6	4½

To the Reeve and Councillors of the Township of Sheffield. The undersigned auditors have inspected the Accounts of the Town-ship Treasurer, for the year 1850, and although the Accounts have not been regularly kept, particularly with regard to dates, they not being in regular succession, and there being no receipts produced, beg to report that we find the orders for his disbursements as given by different members of the Council (and we believe not in Council) to correspond with the statement, and have prefix a detached account of the Revenue and Expenditure, according to the documents which came before us, all which is respectfully submitted.—A. MACDONNELL, P. G. SELDEN, Auditors.