

MARKET TOLLS.

SEALED AND SEPARATE TENDERS will be received at City Clerk's office, City Hall,

THURSDAY, JULY 28th INST.,

At 12 o'clock noon, from persons willing to lease the Market Fees and Weighing Charges

MARKETS NOS. 1 AND 2,

Collectable under and subject to the provisions of the City By-laws now in force in this behalf for the term of one year, from the first Monday in August next to the first Monday in August, 1888, the first named day being inclusive, and

The Tenders to express, in words at length, the sum of money to be given for the lease of each Market, and to be endorsed "Tender for Market Fees," Nos. 1 and 2, as the case may be. Two sufficient sureties will be required for the due performance of the Lease, whose REAL signatures must be subjoined to each Tender.

No Tender will be received after 120 clock noon on the day specified for receiving them.

Form of tender can be had on application to the undersigned. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. The tenders of the same person may be accepted for both Markets. The Lessee of the Tolls of Market No. 2 shall not be entitled to receive any Toll or Fee or other compensation for the occupation of any part of the Market No. 2 by any Circus, Show or Exhibition under license from the City Council.

Each Tender must be accompanied by a certified bank cheque, payable to the order of the Mayor, to the amount of five per cent. of the tender. The check to be returned if the tender is not accepted, and to be forfeited if the tenderer refuses or neglects to complete the usual contract on his tender being accepted.

No petition will be entertained by the Council for any reduction whatever of amounts

stated in Accepted Tenders.

The Lease shall be subject to any by-law which the City Council may pass, altering the present regulations respecting the sale of fresh fish, and also to the Act of Ontario, Chap. 17, 46 Vic., Sec. I.

N.B.—The attention of Tenderers is particularly drawn to the fact that the weighing of fresh meat in the City Scales from and after the First Monday in August, 1887, is to be optional with the buyer.

M. FLANAGAN, City Clerk. City Clerk's Office, City Hall, Kingston, July 21st, 1887.

DORCAS SOCIETY EXCURSION.

AF COME ONE! COME ALL!! TO

The members of the Borcas Society intend having an excursion to

Picton and the Lake on the Mountain ON FRIDAY, JULY 22nd, By the Favorite

STEAMER

"MAUD." Boat leaves the Ferry wharf at one o'clock sharp, remaining one hour at Picton. Home early. Fickets—40c. July 16.

CHEAP EXCURSION

Among the Islands,

STR. HERO SATURDAY, JULY 23rd.

Leaving Gunn's dock at 2 p.m. sharp, for a sail among the islands, calling at the Park both ways, giving over an hour at the Park, and getting home at 8 o'clock.

The "Hero's" Saturday trips are nicer than ever. Come and enjoy them with your friends. ## Tickets-25c. Tea-25c. July 21.

Creighton's Ramble to Brockville

Calling at GANANOQUE.

ON MONDAY, JULY 25th.

The Steamer "Maud" will leave Folger's wharf at 9 a.m sharp. July 19

GROCERIES, LIQUORS.

GROCERIES

There is a tide in the affairs of men w hic taken at the flood, leads on to fortune.

HENDRY & THOMPSON.

Fancy and Staple Grocers.

-ALWAYS ARRIVING-

Fine Hams, Pic-nie Hams 10c., Bologna, Bacon, &c.

Canned Meats, Vegeta bles, Fruits, Gold Dust Cornmeal, Wheat Germs, Bolled Oats, &c.

Fresh Butter Always on Hand.

If you are fastidious about your Cup of Tea we think our ENGLISH CONGOU will suit

COFFEE

Fresh Roasted and Ground. July 18.

DOMINICA LIME FRUIT JUICE. PURE.

> WHOLESOME. REFRESHING. FRUITY

> > and rich in flavor.

COOLING.

Just the drink for warm weather.

ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM ALCOHOL.

In ordering specify DOMI-NICA, And don't be put off with any imitation,

Refined expressly for LYMAN, SONS & CO , MONTREAL, as For sale by Grooses and Druggists in Pints and Quarts (Imperial measure).

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE BRITISH WHIG is published every evening, at 336 King Street, Kingston, Ontario, AT SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR.

ADVERTISEMENTS. For four lines, one or two insertions.....\$0 50 For four lines, each subsequent insertion..... 25 Over four lines, first insertion...... 10c per line

Over four lines, first insertion..... for per line
Each subsequent consecutive ins..... 5c. "
Once a week, subsequent ins...... 10c "
Twice a week, subsequent ins..... 6c "
Three a week, subsequent ins..... 6c "
Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50c.
each, unless when "booked," when \$1 is charged.
Special notices in reading columns are charged. ed at extra rates.

The WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 8 pages, 56 columns, is published every Thursday morning at \$1 a year.

Attached to the paper is one of the best and most busy Job offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; 8 improved printing presses.

EDW. J. B. PENSE, Proprietor.

THE DAILY WHIG.

. "Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

The commission which the government appointed to enquire into the labour question in all its bearings has not yet met, nor does any one know when it will get to work. When it was appointed the labour organization regarded it as an election dodge; and the fact that it has never accomplished anything lends colour to the popular supposition. In future the workingmen will judge the government by its record rather than its promises. It makes all the difference in the world

where a man indulges in profanity. In England a member of parliament called a colleague "a-snob," and it is purposed to suspend him for a month. In Canada a member of the house of commons told an op ponent that "he could lick him quicker'n -could scorch a feather," and the instance is referred to as an evidence of the gaminess of our party leaders. Profanity in this country is not a party offence, and party interests only merits the consideration of some Canadian politicians. Mr. C. H. McIntosh, of Ottawa, having

been referred to as an unsuccessful applicant for the superintendency of the printing bereau, writes to the Mail that he has never sought an office at the hands of Sir John Macdonald, and never expects to do so. It's really too bad that such a pure-minded individual should be under unjust suspicion. It is inconceivable, however, that he should act as a general party organizer without some hope of reward. The service he performs is not usually the outcome of patriot ism alone. And it is not at all necessary that Mr. McIntosh should be the personal pleader for political preferment. He knows too well the power of the middle-man.

The Kingston newspaper proprietors have notified the city council that they will no longer accept less than the general public tariff for corporation advertising. Thus ends a peculiar business enigma,-why should the city pay less than the public at large, or than the aldermen themselves do as members of companies and corporations, as steamboat owners and lawyers, or less than every other municipal corporation in Frontenac, be it township or village ? The discount upon city orders arose when Kingston had four lively papers, about forty years since. The council could not afford to give its notices to all, and so offered them a reduced tariff in place of a choice of two and necessarily unpleasant discrimination-Only two of the four papers have survived the vicissitudes of jou.nalism, but yet the reduced rates have remained, a puzzle to all but those who understand that local newspapers can never agree even to stand out for their rights.

The Advertiser is not satisfied with the appointment of Dr. Samuel Woods as principal of the London collegiate institute. It insinuates that he was the choice of seventeen candidates because he is a conservative and an Orangeman. Now Dr. Woods is a conservative, and may as such have found favor in the eyes of the London trustees : but an Orangeman we understand he is not, and, therefore, lacked whatever prestige attaches to the order. What influences were brought to bear in behalf of the doctor in securing him the position we cannot conjecture, but we are bound to say that his early association with London, and his standing as an educationist, were not overlooked. For many years he was at the head of the Kingston collegiate institute, and was as successful as he was popular. He may not have been the favorite of the Advertiser, in the contest for appointment, but it will find him to be both a gentleman and a scholar, the right man in the right place.

A foronto telegram, associated press, announces: "A large number of medical men throughout the province are dissatisfied with the appointments made in connection with the new medical faculty of Toronto university, and are moving in the direction of forming a provincial medical college which would command the confidence of the faculty throughout the country. It is claimed that the object of the university senate in establishing the new faculty was to improve upon the present state of affairs, but it is pointed out that the majority of the members of the new faculty are the same as those holding appointments in the Toronto school of medicine, and therefore the object claimed is untenable." That there is dissatisfaction with the new departure in connection with Toronto university is not at all remarkable, but that one mistake should lead to another is a proposition with which we are not agreed. The Toronto university faculty is not entitled to any privilege which are not accorded to the other medical schools, nor will the medical schools submit to any discrimination against them. As for a provincial college-it is unnecessary and uncalled for. There is no sense in burdening the province or the people with the cost of a uscless institution, and such the new col. lege would be without a doubt. The schools now existing in Ontario, and self-support-

ing, cannot be too highly appreciated. Their

continued success is assured, but in the realization of it they must not be interfered

In an article lately published in the

Quarterly Review, in which the position of

the British farmer as a wheat grower is very

wably discussed, some information is given

BRITISH AGRICULTURE.

as to the comparative positions of the British and American farmer. In 1885 an attempt was made to get at the actual cost of cultivating an acre of wheat in Britain, and the result was that £8 0s. 7d. was ascertained to be the average cost. From one to two pounds of this was rent, and it was noticeable that in only a comparatively few cases was the rent charge as low as one pound. Tithes amounted to about four shillings per acre, and rates and taxes varied from one shilling to eleven, the average being about six shillings. The extraordinary charges which the British farmermust bear, but which the American farmer owning his own land is relieved from, amounts to between thirty to sixty shillings, the former figure being the average, the latter about the maximum. With wheat at 36s. a quarter, the British farmer can clear from his crop about two shillings to the acre, which will hardly pay the interest on the capital invested in the seed. In 1805 the average yield in many of the wheat fields of the United States was estimated by the department of agriculture at \$8.02 per acre. The average yield per acre for this year was 10.2 bushels, and although it is impossible to arrive at any approximate estimate of the cost of raising wheat in the United States, owing to the great differences which exist in the various methods of raising it in the various wheat belts, the opinion of the department, that the crop of 1885 netted the American farmer a direct loss, is supported by one very important fact. In 1885 the total wheat acreage of the United States was 38,000,000 acres, and over four million acres of winter wheat land had to be ploughed up owing to winter killing. In 1886 the total acreage was only 37,000,000 acres, and there had been no winter killing, so that there was a reduction in the area of land sown with wheat of nearly five million acres, an eighth of the total area sown in 1886. During the ten years prior to 1886 the decrease in acreage of British wheat sown lands was 767,448 acres, or about one quarter. The deduction from these facts is that the British farmer, so far as wheat growing is concerned, is better able to raise and sell wheat at prices which net him £8 an acre than the American farmer is at \$8 an acre. The great difference between the position of these two great competitors lies in the fact that while the American farmer makes his living out of his farm, and his profit not only out of wheat he sells but of the increase in its value, the British farmer must make his living, his profit and his rent out of wheat he sells; and a prolonged period of no direct profit will drive him out of the business while it only checks the progress of the American. The most serious element in the prospect of the British farmer is that the large profit which he formerly made out of his pasture lands is now melting away, and the American farmer is making money out of his pastures. The only hope of British agriculture, even with the fact-for such it seems to be-admitted that Indian competition in the wheat market has destroyed the American farmer's profit from wheat as well as that of the British farmer, is the reduc tion of the thirty to sixty shillings now paid per acre as rent.

POINTERS FROM THE PRESS.

Will He Take the Tin! Montreal Post.

Postmaster-General McLelan having concelled his recent regulation for selling postage stamps. If Mr. McLelan were now cancelled everything would be lovely.

It's a Regular Boomering. Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Those who talk most and loudest about 'ministers for saking their pulpits' for summer vacations are the very ones who fail to attend service either in tummer or winter.

Cut on Both Sides.

Hamilton Times. Mr. Baird will not resign. If Baird had had not the hide of a rhinoceros he wouldn't care to go back to Ottawa again, where even the men who voted that he should keep the seat treat him like a leper.

And He Suits It Exactly.

Foronto World. Keep your eye on Lord Randolph Churchill. On this side of the Atlantic he would be called "a mighty smart man." Say what they will of him he is forceful. And the present situation suits him.

Reconciled To His Fate.

New York Herald. Well, we can lay this flattering unction to our perspiring souls, namely, that if we bear this sort of weather with even a moderate degree of discomfort we need have no special fear of the future. It can't be very much hotter in the region that theologians warn

Twins, Both Suns.

us against.

Detroit Free Press. Proctor, the astronomer, has discovered two new suns. Now, if there is anything we don't need this hot weather it is more sun. Still, we will give Professor Proctor the usual newspaper announcement, although, perhaps, it ought to be in another column. "On the 9th instant, to Professor Proctor, twins ; both suns."

The Speaker's Chair.

The chair used by Mr. Speaker Ouimet last session was the one occupied by Mr. Kirkpatrick during the last parliament. The latter gentleman did not exercise his prerogative of claiming the fauteuil as a souvenir of his office, but having before his departure decided to do so, the article of furniture has been forwarded to Kingston. A new chair will have to be obtained for the present speaker, the cost of which will be about \$300.

To Raise the Price. A milk vendor stated this morning that it was the intention of the dairymen to raise the price of milk after the first of August. The drought which has existed in the country for semetime has limited the supply of milk. Hence the intended action.

DRY GOODS.

A good thing can stand repeating, so we repeat our

Clearing and Discount Sale

Has so far been a success. It will continue until 30TH JULY.

REDUCED.

Discount off Silks, Velvets and Fringes. Discount off Laces and Embroideries. Discount off Gents' Furnishings.

Discount off Hosiery and Gloves. Discount off Parasols and Umbrellas.

Muslins, Ginghams and Chambrays Reduced.

New Flannels, New Canton Flannels, New Dress Goods, New Underwear, New Cashmeres, &c., to hand and opened up at

-HARDY'S,-

AFONE PRICESTORE BL.

No. 88 Princess Street, Kingston. July 20.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

SEASONABLE

How dear to my head was the Fur Cap of

The nice curly cap that now I am fain To swap for the sable and felted newcomer, Which, because it's so light I return to

But like to the Crofters' thatched hut of Kilkenny,

That the soft summer breeze may creep thro' any day, Is the welcome Straw Hat, because lighter

And cheaper; it costs but a quarter in

And GALLOWAY'S is the place to get it. The above soliloquy forced itself upon me in consequence of the return of spring wea ther, and as others sing it let them remember that GALLOWAY sang it first, and give him a call at

84 PRINCESS STREET.

April 23rd.

KEEP COOLI

Straw Hats, Seersucker Coats at very low prices. Ties, Shirts and Braces cheaper than ever at

RATTENBURY'S.

First-Class Laundry in connection. Telephone No. 22.

S-U-I-T-I-N-G-S

Cool as a Cucumber,

MORE BARGAINS THIS WEEK

AT THE STAR CLOTHING HOUSE,

93 PRINCESS STREET, 2 doors below Wellington Street,

In Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps. Another Rig Cut in Boys' Jerseys and Blue Flannel Suits. Big Bargains in Trunks and Valises. This line especially must be sold at any price to make room for other goods. 25 Remember if you want Big Bargains call at the "STAR," 93 Princess Street.

H WOLF June 29.

THE PALACE FURNISHING STORE

Has the best assortment of Balbriggan Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Scarfs, Umbrellas, Collars, Handkerchiefs, &c., for men, at Cash Prices, imported direct for our own trade. Gentlemen can depend on getting Reliable Goods from

ASHLEY The Popular Shirt Maker, 1244 PRINCESS STREET.

BOATING

J. KNAPP & SON, BARRIEFIELD.

A Large Stock of Pleasure Beots and Shooting Skiffs of all sizes and descriptions for sale. N work can exceed in strength and neatness.

Boats built in any style; second to none Canada as builders.

Remember the place—across the Cataraqu Bridge to Barriofield.

ISAAC DAVID LOCKEMITH, SAW-FILER AND GENERAL JOB-BER. Keys fitted and locks repaired. Thou-sands of different kinds of keys to choose from. New and recond-hand goods bought and sold. 51 Princess Street, near King.

J. KNAPP & SON.

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES.

'RUDDIGORE,'

CURSE,

NEW OPERA

Gilbert and Sullivan's

Get a copy and become familiar with the Airs and Ideas before the presentation here on June 1st and 2nd. Vocal Score-Price \$1.

Piano Score-Price 75c. Libretto-Price 25c.

Waltz-Price 60c.

Lancers-Price 60c. Quadrille-Price 40c.

Leave your orders now for the Jubilee Number of the Montreal Star. Price 25 cents.

Have you read the New Book by the author of "Ben Hur," entitled "The Fair God." Price in paper, 50c; cloth, 70c.

Views of Kingston and Vicinity.

We have in stock a collection of Beautiful Photographs—size, 8x10 inches—taken by Henry Henderson, Photo Artist, which for Artistic Excellence and Superior Finish cannot be sur passed. We append a partial list of subjects:—Bird's Eye View of City from Fort Henry.

Market Square (on a Saturday) from City Hal

City Buildings. New Queen Street Methodist Church. Rockwood Asylum.

Court House. Queen's University. Roman Catholic Church. Royal Military College.

Fort Henry. Tete de Pont Barrack Gate. Kingston Mills. Jones' Falls. Merchants' Bank.

May 30.

Congregational Church. What more suitable memento than a few the above sent to an absent friend.

J. Henderson & Co., BOOKSELLERS.

Princess Street.

Kingston

Spiritualism Exposed.

Preliminary Report of the Commission ap pointed by the University of Pennsylvania to investigate MODERN SPIRITUALISM in accordance with the request of the late Henry Seybert, \$1.20.

PROGRESS AND ROBBERY, an answer to Henry George, by J. B. Miller, 30 cents. -AT-

The Corner Bookstore. July 18.

SECOND - HAND BOOKS

Second-Hand Books bought and sold by A. SIMMONDS,

Aug. 9. PRINCESS STREET

INSURANCE.

Liverpool And London And Globe

INSURANCE CO'Y. ONE of the best and Safest companies doing business in Canada. Insurances effected at as low rates as any

other good Company. Invested Funds, \$35,200,700. Invested Funds, \$35,200,700.

Net income for the past year was \$8,854,390.

This enormous Premium Income ought to convince assured of the desirability of placing their Insurance in a Co'y so perfectly secure.

The Company still maintains its claim to doing the largest Fire Business in the world.

The Company has actually paid since its information the following large sums:—

For Fire Losses......\$82,040,285

For Life Losses......\$82,040,225

\$107,930,510

THOMAS BRIGGS August 9. Agent. SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Nearly all the litigation and resisted settle-ments in Life Assurance arise from clauses and conditions in the policies. They often read "Indisputable after two years from any cause whatever," "provided only," that the conditions are kept intact. The "SUN" is absolutely UNCONDITIONAL, and therefore absolutely indisputable after two years. We have no "provided only."

Surplus over all liabilities \$ 94,452.97 Total surplus to policy holders 594,452.97 LIFE AND ACCIDENT, FOR rates apply to

- 304 GORDON STREE E. C. HILL GUARDIAN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

W. H. GODWIN, Agent for Kingston,

BRITISH WHIG OFFICE. THE ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD CONN.

ALFRED R. MARTIN. Insurance Agency.

Ford's Block. FIRE—City and County Agent for the Glas-gow and London Insurance Company.

LIFE.—General Agent from Kingston to Pres-cott for the British Empire Mutual Life Insur-ance Co. of England.

May 14.

THE BEST DRY HARDWOOD.

Four feet long, SOFT WOOD, KINDLING WOOD and SAWED WOOD cheap at WILLIAMS' YARD.

Atlantic Deck, foot of Princets St. Peb. I.