

THE DAILY WHIG.

VOL. LVI.

KINGSTON, CANADA, FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 15, 1887.

NO. 163.

REMEMINDERS.

SATURDAY.
STR. HERO down the river at 2 p.m.
THE MAUD among the islands at 1:30 p.m.
TENDERS for Cotton Mill stock received by Stockholder, WHIG office.

DIED.

MALLOY.—In Kingston, on July 15th, Elizabeth Burke, beloved wife of the late John Malloy, aged 77 years.
The funeral will take place from the Hotel Dieu to-morrow morning at 8:45 o'clock sharp to St. Mary's Cathedral. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.
(Detroit papers please copy.)

PAY your Water Rate at once and save the discount.

WANTED:

THREE GIRLS for packing biscuit; those with experience preferred. THE J. O. GARDINER CO.

A YOUNG JOB PRINTER, who understands Gordon presses, for permanent place at the WHIG office; also one good all round Journeyman Jobber.

AT ONCE—four first-class Coatmakers, 4 first-class vest makers, 4 first-class pant makers. Apply to P. B. KENNEDY, Merchant Tailor, King Street.

ABLE BODIED LABOURING MEN wishing employment can obtain it on the new exhibition grounds, north of Princess Street, by applying to Mr. John Wilmot, on the ground. J. H. WALKER, Sec'y-Treas.

TO-LET.

HOUSE, No. 1, Vaughn Terrace, lately occupied by Mrs. O'Brien. Apply at WHIG office.

THAT COMMODIOUS DWELLING, No. 302 William St., between Clergy and Barrie Sts.; rent moderate; no occasion immediately. Apply to ISAAC NOBLE.

THE DWELLING HOUSE on the corner of Brock and Bagot Streets, suitable for offices or private dwelling; possession immediately. Apply on the premises to T. McMAHON & Co.

A GOOD DWELLING AND STORE on the corner of Gordon and Johnson Streets, in one of the best parts of the city; also hard and soft water on the premises. Apply next door to ROBERT W. NESBITT.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL STEAM LAUNCH, 22x5 feet; Shipman coal oil engine; new; all complete; will be sold cheap for cash. Address A. C. KNAPP, Boatbuilder, Kingston.

A FRAME HOUSE, corner of Earl and Division Streets, lately occupied by James Watts, owner. Possession at any time. Apply at WHIG office.

DOUBLE HOUSE AND TWO LOTS on Beverly Street; garden well stocked with choice fruit trees; easy terms. For further particulars apply to D. DRISCOLL, cor. Wellington and Gore Streets.

A FINE HOMESTEAD FARM in the Township of Kingston, five miles from the city, containing 80 acres; stone residence and excellent buildings and orchard. This property will be sold cheap as the owner is going west. Apply to H. M. MOWAT, Solicitor, Brock St., Kingston. May 27.

FINE CITY HOME. The undersigned offers for sale that DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT now occupied by him on Earl Street. The whole is offered in one block, having about one hundred and twenty feet frontage on Earl Street, and the BUILDING runs through to West Street. The BUILDINGS on the property are almost new, and the garden is planted with the choicest fruits. For terms apply to THOS. MOORE.

SPECIAL MENTION.

FIRST-CLASS DAY BOARD can be had in good locality. 388 Princess Street, Kingston.

GO TO W. REEVES, King St., to buy your Ties. He has 500 dozens to choose from. Good Ties, 2 for 5 cents.

TO PORK PACKERS—Highest Cash Price paid for pork blade bones, tankage, and fertilizing materials delivered at our works, Hamilton. ROWLIN & Co., Fertilizers, Hamilton.

BUTCHERS AND SAUSAGE MAKERS—prime new small hog casings; by tierce, 500 lbs. 15c. per lb.; kags, 100 lbs. 30c. per lb.; half kags, \$10.50; prime new English sheep casings, kags, 50 large bundles, \$2; smaller quantities 8c. per bundle. ROWLIN & Co., Hamilton.

MRS. W. L. BAXTER and daughter have returned to Kingston and are prepared to give instruction on the Pianoforte. Miss Mand Baxter will give lessons at the pupils' residence or her own if preferred. Apply to 102 Queen Street.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.—Grasp a Bottle of the DIAMOND COUGH REMEDY. The first dose frequently stops a cough. Composed of Wild Cherry, Horehound, Eucalyptus and other valuable ingredients. Pleasant to take. In bottles, 25c. and 50c., at WADE'S DRUG STORE.

WADE'S MANDRAKE LIVER PILLS are purely a vegetable Cathartic, being entirely free from Calomel or any Metallic substance. In cases of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headache, &c., they give universal satisfaction. They are Sugar-coated. One is a dose. In Bottles 25c. at WADE'S DRUG STORE.

D. McEWEN & SON.

Machine, Engine and Boiler Works.

Engines and Boilers for all purposes, from 1 to 100-horse power, and fully guaranteed. Steam Rock Drill and Mining Repairs constantly on hand. Cheese Factory Boilers and Fittings.
Also a number of New and Second-Hand Engines and Boilers.

BIBBY & VIRTUE

Having purchased the Hardware, Stoves and Tinware business of Thos. Lemmon, will carry on the business. Hardware, Paints, Oils, at prices to compare with any house in the city. Every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper ware manufactured. First-class workmanship.

H. D. BIBBY. WM. VIRTUE. Late Manager for T. G. Rudd.

In connection with the above I beg to thank my numerous friends in the city and country for the large patronage extended to me since engaging in Hardware, Stoves and Tin business, and would recommend the new firm as worthy of every confidence.

JULY 15. THOS. LEMMON.

ISAAC DAVID.

LOCKSMITH, SAW-FILER AND GENERAL JOBBER. Keys fitted and locks repaired. Thousands of different kinds of keys to choose from. New and second-hand goods bought and sold. 51 Princess Street, near King.

COTTON MILL STOCK FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received up to the 16th INST. for the purchase of forty or fifty shares Kingston Cotton Mill Stock. Address STOCKHOLDER, care WHIG office. July 15.

GENERAL TICKET AGENCY.

For cheap tickets to all points, and information pertaining to all Routes, apply to

F. A. FOLGER, General Ticket Agent.

Ferry Wharf, Foot of Brock Street. KINGSTON, ONT.

THE THOUSAND ISLAND ROUTE BY

Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg R.R.

To Utica, Albany, New York, Philad'a.

Washington, Baltimore and all Points in Northern New York, via G.T.R. and N.Y.C. Rys.

T. HANLEY, Gen. Ticket Agent.

MILL WOOD.

Now that the warm weather has come citizens can get MILL WOOD at the Rathbun Co's yard for \$1.50 per cord, before it is piled and it soon dries fit for use. Carted to any part of the city for 25 cents per load.

FOOT OF QUEEN STREET, KINGSTON.

"British Whig's" telephone number 128

SERIOUS FIRE IN MONTREAL.

One Man Killed And Several Missing — A Sugar Refinery Reduced to Ashes.

MONTREAL, July 15.—Between 6 and 7 o'clock this morning what proved to be a most serious fire in Montreal for some time broke out in the St. Lawrence sugar refinery on Queen street and extended through to King street. The firemen were powerless to save the seven story brick building, which was burned to the ground. Brick dwelling houses occupied by Messrs. Flynn, O'Brien, Gervon and Jones were also destroyed. About 9:15 o'clock a large portion of the walls of the building fell with a crash and every one was enveloped in dust and sugar, but so far as known no one was killed. A man named Moore was coming down the fire escape on Queen street when a huge puff of flame shot out of one of the windows. He lost his hold and fell to the ground expiring in great agony almost immediately. His body is now lying at the morgue. Another man who jumped from a window broke his leg. Others are reported missing and seriously injured. The immense pile of debris is being searched for the dead. Many of the men escaped from the building naked, having nothing on but their shoes, and running along the gangway across the street and into the office saved their lives. The loss is estimated at half a million dollars. The property is insured in a large number of companies mostly American.

THE ILL-FATED MYSTERY.

A Particularly Sad Case—A Husband Who Knew Not of His Great Loss.

BROOKLYN, July 14.—Three more of the bodies of the ill-fated pleasure seekers who went down with the yacht Mystery have been recovered at Point Breeze. There are only twelve now missing. One of the saddest incidents of the disaster has come to light. A month ago Charles Gargot, of 86 Park avenue, after having been out of employment for some weeks, secured a lucrative position in a Chicago plate glass establishment. He went on, leaving his wife and two children at home. They were drowned. Yesterday a letter came from Chicago to his late residence. Mrs. Gargot's brother received it, and seeing it addressed to his dead sister in the familiar handwriting of her husband, forwarded it to Mr. Gargot's brother. He opened it and found an affectionate letter to the dead wife and money to pay her expenses to Chicago with her children. There was an admission to come at once.

EAGER FOR A ROW.

One Party of Disturbers Set Upon—Another Charged upon by the Guards.

PARIS, July 15.—Henri Rochefort, Deputy Laisant and Laguerre, and a number of other irreconcilables, attempted to excite a hostile demonstration during the review along the camps yesterday, but the people around quickly drowned out their voices with cries of "Vive Grevy." President Grevy has addressed a letter to General Ferron, minister of war, in which the president says: "The review was magnificent. I admired the martial bearing and perfect precision of the troops. Convey to them my hearty congratulations."

PARIS, July 15.—Late in the day a crowd gathered at the Quai de L'Hotel Ju Loury crying "Vive Boulanger." They refused to disperse and were charged upon by the Paris guards. It is not known whether any of the crowd were wounded.

WHEELMEN DOING CANADA.

The Ilderan Bicycle Club, Brooklyn, N.Y., Arrived in the City Last Night.

Eighteen bicyclists, members of the Ilderan bicycle club, of Brooklyn, N.Y., reached the city yesterday. The strangers report that the best roads between here and Toronto were found this side of Belleville. They are level and excellent for wheeling on. After supper at the Burnett House the wheelmen walked about the city and made many acquaintances. This morning they left on the steamer Magnet for Montreal. Their names are: W. C. Bailey, W. A. Overton, B. Candler, J. L. Hayes, J. L. Bennett, S. L. Cromwell, H. C. Mitley, F. C. Farnsworth, F. H. Barret, C. A. Boody, G. K. Cleverly, R. S. Colkins (captain), W. G. Cleverly, N. Rogers, W. J. Savage, W. Miller, E. Hornboestle, A. H. Welch.

BATTLE IN THE EAST.

The Ameer is Said to Have Been Victorious.—Then he Was Defeated.

BOMBAY, July 15.—News from native sources has been received to the effect that a battle between the troops of the Ameer of Afghanistan and the insurgents recently took place at Mashaki, south of Guzria, and that the Ameer's forces were victorious. They are said to have captured one hundred and sixty Andars and Tarkis, and to have sent the heads of two hundred of the slain to Kabul. A large force of Zaghuris and Hazaras subsequently defeated the troops of the Ameer, who is now sending reinforcements to his army.

Fire to a Tenants' House.

DUBLIN, July 15.—An information has been sworn at Garey, county Wexford, charging Captain Hamilton with setting fire to the house from which a tenant had been evicted. The magistrate refused to grant a warrant for Captain Hamilton's arrest, but he will be summoned to court to answer the charge.

CHURCHILL'S INTRIGUE.

HE MUST GET INTO THE GOVERNMENT OR DESTROY IT.

The Fate of the Government Said to Hang on the Success of the Land Bill—Chamberlain Playing a Low Game and Randy Helping Him in It—Crisis at Hand.

LONDON, July 14.—Lord Randolph Churchill's speech to-night will supply some kind of an answer to the question which is being constantly debated in the lobby and the clubs. There is not much doubt that Lord Randolph Churchill, working in connection with Mr. Chamberlain, is doing his best to turn out the government, or, at least, to give it a shock which will compel the reconstruction of the cabinet in favor of himself and his political ally. For the last two or three days he has been sending out runners in all directions, with a view to seeing how far the independent Tories are prepared to go in opposition to the government. He would like them to vote against the second reading of the Land bill, and has met with little or perhaps no success. The unionists will probably abstain from voting in the division on the bankruptcy clauses. If twenty or thirty Tories would follow suit defeat would be on the cards. Lord Hartington, of course, supports the government. The result of these manoeuvres has been a somewhat weaker alliance between himself and Mr. Chamberlain. The latter, however, has got to do something to save himself from extinction. So far I have not heard the names of more than a dozen Tories who are inclined to go with Lord Randolph Churchill, but the intrigue is being pushed with amazing vigor, though I do not think its object is more serious than the inclusion of Lord Randolph Churchill in the cabinet. It may, however, lead to greater things. The government is frightened by their losses at the recent bye-election, and, despite Lord Salisbury's desire to keep things as they are, there will probably be a reconstruction of the cabinet next year. This will not suit "the young man-in-a-hurry," as Lord Randolph Churchill is called. He must get into the government now or he will try to destroy it.

Discussing The Land Bill.

LONDON, July 14.—In the house of commons, Lord Randolph Churchill, resuming the debate on the land bill, objected to Mr. Bannerman's amendment (that the bill be rejected), only as raising a false issue. The government had been forced to offer a temporary land measure, for no more odious duty could devolve on the Irish government than to administer the Crimes act unaccompanied by a measure which would satisfy tenantry. (Hear, hear.) Proceeding to examine the clauses of the bill, he supported Mr. Dillon's criticisms on the restrictions of the leaseholders' clauses, which he hoped the government would amend. He did not see that the tenantry would derive any benefit from the clause dealing with evictions. (Parnellite cheers.) He would fear to entrust Irish agents, the advisers of the landlords, with the powers conferred upon them under that clause. ("Oh!" from the conservative benches, and cheers.) What would have been the state of Ireland if this clause had been adopted last winter? He did not doubt that from one quarter to one-half of the tenantry would have been evicted, and the result would have been tumult and disorder appalling to contemplate. It was not within the limit of physical possibility to deal with the clause this session. The bill must be lightened by throwing it over. The bankruptcy clauses were equally objectionable, inasmuch as they would tend to lower the moral tone of the tenantry, besides producing an immeasurable mass of litigation. The government in view of the large number of tenants who it was expected would be forced into bankruptcy, seemed to be trying to build up a system of national credit on a widespread foundation of national insolvency. If the government with the Irish members would agree to deal with arrears and a revision of the judicial rents, instead of the bankruptcy clauses, the bill would be deprived of its worst features, and would become acceptable to the country. (Cheers.) Sir William Vernon Harcourt congratulated Lord Randolph on his clear exposition of the defects of the bill. If Lord Randolph's speech led to a new development of the bill the house would have no difficulty in passing it. Let the government throw overboard the clauses that both Tories and Liberals opposed, and the bill, going without delay into committee, would find an easy passage.

Mr. Goschen, speaking in behalf of the government, said that while they would not attempt to disguise the difficulty of their task; they must refuse to buy a single vote by making any concessions against their convictions. He defended the bankruptcy clauses and denied Lord Churchill's assertion that the government was trying to found a system of national credit. He opposed the plan for a revision of rents advised by the Cowper commission as fatal to the coming land purchase measure. Mr. Parnell said he thought Mr. Goschen was looking rather to the enhanced value of property under his future Land Purchase bill than to the interests of the Irish tenants. The attempt to bolster up the judicial rents as the basis for purchase would defeat its own end, because the land would not be purchased on the judicial basis. The present measure would simply be erected as a monument of stupidity and inaptitude. A speedy revision of rents was absolutely necessary.

Mr. Gladstone thought the debate had been conducted with great ability. The committee understood that, if pressed to do so, the government were willing to drop the bankruptcy clauses. He reminded the house that those clauses constituted what the government had always put forward as a prominent part of the bill, and that no substitute was proposed. The opposition had obtained vantage which they could not have anticipated a week ago, and with the prospect of still further improvement in the view with which the measure was regarded by the other side of the house he hoped that the government would not press it.

W. H. Smith said the government had intimated their readiness to consider and give effect to the suggestions that had been made, but they considered the bankruptcy clauses advantageous to the tenants. If the house insisted upon eliminating these clauses on the house would rest the responsibility. The amendment was then negatived, and the bill read a second time without division. It was decided to consider the bill in committee on Thursday next.

The Crimes Bill.

LONDON, July 14.—In the house of lords this afternoon Baron Ashbourne, lord chancellor of Ireland, moved the second reading

of the Crimes bill. The bill was called a coercion bill, but what liberty existed in a country where a man was not allowed to take grazing, build a house or supply goods to his neighbors, without exposing himself to outrage and murder, where people could not buy, sell, or employ or be employed without being subjected to the direst tyranny? It was submitted a measure that was necessary for the protection of honest subjects the ministers had a right to rely on the loyal co-operation of the opposition instead of a resolute obstruction.

Earl Granville said he would not deny that the government, finding itself unable to maintain law and order by its exploded machinery, had the right to apply to parliament for further powers, but when restrictions were proposed, suspending common personal rights, the clearest proof was required to justify an exceptional law. The measure was of a deplorably dangerous character and would certainly lead to grave evils in Ireland.

The Duke of Argyll, Lord Carnarvon and others spoke and the bill was read a second time. Discussed in committee to-morrow.

LAST MINUTE TELEGRAMS.

He Turned Up His Toes.

KANSAS CITY, July 15.—John C. Fitzgibbons, Eldorado house, detected Pat Kelly in the act of stealing a valise from a room in his house and shot him dead.

Mr Chamberlain Misses It Again.

LONDON, July 15.—Mr. Chamberlain has submitted a new Crofter bill. It does not meet the entire approval of the crofter members of the house of commons.

The O'Neil Case Appointed.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Notice of an appeal from the supreme court to the court of appeals has been filed by counsel for John O'Neil, "boodle alderman," now in Sing Sing prison.

Death of Krupp.

BERLIN, July 15.—Fred. Krupp, the well-known German metal founder and gigantic steel gun manufacturer, died yesterday in his villa near Essen, Rhenish Prussia. He was born at Essen in 1812.

A Statue to Prince Consort.

LONDON, July 15.—The queen has laid the foundation stone of the women's memorial statue to the Prince Consort, in Windsor park. Seven thousand persons were present, chiefly women.

Getting Ready to Run.

LONDON, July 15.—The yacht Thistle will make the voyage across the Atlantic under one lower mast and a reefed trisail about the size of a sixty ton yacht's mainsail. It is intended to make practice cruises in American waters before the race for the American cup occurs.

Refused to Sign It.

TORONTO, July 15.—Ald. Baxter, acting magistrate, after consulting the deputy attorney-general, has decided to refuse to sign the Montreal warrant for the arrest of E. E. Sheppard. Application will be made to the judge at Osgoode hall for a writ of mandamus.

An English Regiment.

MONTREAL, July 15.—A member of the dominion government says a British regiment is to be sent for a trial trip to India by way of the Canadian Pacific railway, and that they will stop over and finally straighten up any discontent there may be lingering around in the North-West.

The Franzini Murder Trial.

PARIS, July 14.—In the trial of Franzini, murderer of Madame Reagnault, her maid and the latter's child, no extenuating circumstances were shown. The prisoner declared that he was innocent, and kept a bold face to the end. The scene at the close of the trial was very indecorous, many ladies jumping on benches to catch a glimpse of the prisoner. Franzini was sentenced to death.

Suicide of a Bride.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Lilly Schwabach, aged twenty years, a bride of three weeks, committed suicide yesterday by swallowing "Rough on Rats" and arsenic. She recently married Julius Schwabach and was installed in splendid apartments over his shop in a disreputable portion of the city. She pleaded with him to provide her with a comfortable home, such as she had been used to, but he refused and she took her life.

ABOUT THE CITY.

American Soldiers in the City.

To-day they arrived in the city from Mohawk, N.Y., fifteen members of 31st regiment, stationed at that place. They visited the barracks, military college, and other prominent buildings. The visitors were in uniform.

Mr Hatch Knows.

This morning about 50 artists from Chicago arrived in the city by special train. They left per steamer Magnet for Montreal. There were 45 ladies among the visitors, and Mr. C. H. Hatch, ticket agent, says they are very handsome.

Another Girl Gone Wrong.

A young girl named Blakey got into trouble. In the name of Demya, a teamster for the Shedden Co., she secured goods in J. S. Henderson & Co's. grocery store. To-day she called at the store for more goods and was arrested by Officer Duncan.

Among the Islands.

To-morrow the President and Mrs. Cleveland visit the Thousand Islands, accompanied by Secretary and Mrs. Fairchild. Rev. Mr. Cleveland and wife, Miss Rose Elizabeth Cleveland, Misses Mary and Carrie Hastings and a few others friends. They expect to go via Watertown to Cape Vincent and down the river to Alexandria Bay, returning via Clayton, reaching Forestport that night. The trip on the river will be made on the steamer St. Lawrence. Mr. H. M. Folger, of this city, will accompany the party on the trip.

Several Liquor Cases.

Mrs. Shanahan, of the Anglo American hotel, was before the court on two charges this morning, preferred by the license inspector. One was sustained and a fine of \$30 and costs imposed. Thomas Wilson, of the Burnett, was also charged with an illegality. Two young men were given liquor, but these the hotel keeper claimed as guests. The case was adjourned to secure the register. The license inspector went to house afterwards and could only find one of the names of the young men on the book.

Ten per cent. off summer dress goods, hosiery, gloves, etc., at McMahons.

M'GLYNN'S EXTINCTION.

AS A SENIOR PRIEST OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.

He Talks Freely About It—Says His Excommunication Was Due to His Refusal to Recant His Land Theories—His Defence and Justification in the New York Standard.

NEW YORK, July 14.—Rev. Dr. E. McGlynn, received the official document announcing his excommunication. In a short interview, the reverend gentleman said: "I have received notification through the mail of my excommunication. 'It has excluded,' said the reporter, 'that you have been punished, not for your political opinions nor because of your views on the land question, but for disobeying the church authorities.' 'Last January,' replied the doctor, 'Archbishop Corrigan said very distinctly if I recanted my land theories that there would be no reason for continuing my suspension. I could not recant my honest convictions without doing violence to my conscience and sinning against the Holy Ghost. Therefore I did not recant.' 'In October I was suspended, for two weeks. Again, on November 26, I was suspended because of an alleged interview in the Tribune, which was more of an article about me than an interview with me.' 'Some papers are abusing me for party effect and insisting that I am trying to make money. I never was a saving man. Twenty-five years ago Mr. Wells, the phrenologist, told me I could make a fortune much easier than I could retain it. When I was clubbed out of my church, St. Stephen's, I was actually and literally without a dollar. Kind friends raised enough to keep me for a while and it is upon that I am living now. I sincerely trust they won't have to raise any more money.' 'I hope when it is necessary that I will with God's help, be able to earn a living with my hands, tongue or pen. Meanwhile I am preaching man's natural rights, at the same time injecting as much religion into my lectures as I can. I am speaking without cost or price. I haven't received a cent and am paying mostly all of my travelling expenses. I do not brag of this. I say this in reply to the unjust criticisms of a certain paper, which said that I wasn't much of an idealist and that I looked after 'progress' as well as 'poverty.' I expect criticism, but critics should base their criticism on facts rather than on fancy or prejudice.' 'Dr. McGlynn has very greatly injured his cause by the intemperate character of his recent speeches. Many of his followers have regarded him as a martyr to a great cause, but martyrs are supposed to suffer with patience. Dr. McGlynn, on the contrary, is openly defiant and bitter, and disposed to strike back. His speeches have astonished many of his friends in the church, and they will hesitate to offer him their sympathy hereafter. There seems now to be little doubt that the ex-priest has deliberately thrown over the church to devote himself to politics.' 'New York, July 15.—Dr. McGlynn's first reply to the notice of his excommunication, aside from the impassioned address he delivered on Sunday night, appears in this week's Standard. It occupies over four columns. Dr. McGlynn has not changed in the least the defiant attitude he assumed on Sunday evening toward his former ecclesiastical superiors. There is a manifest effort throughout what he says to justify his course from the beginning. He gives to the public for the first time his final summons to Rome, which was sent him in May, denounces the way in which he was addressed in it by the cardinal prefect of the propaganda, but attributes that prelate's feeling towards him to the one-sided and numerous letters sent to Rome against him by Archbishop Corrigan. He also attempts to prove what he and his friends have again and again asserted that his case was prejudged at Rome, and that he was called there to be disciplined rather than for trial.

THE PITH OF THE NEWS.

The Spice of the Morning Papers and the Very Latest Telegrams.

Emperor William arrived at Constance yesterday.

The queen has donated £200 to the fund for the relief of distressed clergymen.

If Sharpe is a good convict, and earns his commutation he will be released within three years.

Prince Ferdinand, of Saxe-Coburg Gotha, received the Bulgarian deputation to-day at Ebnethal.

At Wimbledon, out of 102 points in the first stage for the queen's prize, Lieut. Hora made 81 and Lieut. Cartwright 77.

A. D. Hill, vice-president of the stock exchange, New York, died suddenly at noon to-day, supposed from apoplexy.

Mr. Parnell and several of his colleagues have accepted an invitation from the liberal members of parliament to attend a banquet.

Hassan Ibrani, who was charged with being implicated with Farrag in the surrender of Khartoum, has been acquitted by a court-martial.

The Berlin Telegraph says that Russia has ordered all the frontier merchants to dismiss German clerks whom they may have in their employ by September.

Franklin M. Seixas, New York, merchant, died on Tuesday from an overdose of chloral, which he was in the habit of taking to overcome insomnia.

A Senecal, Montreal, has been appointed to superintend the new bureau of printing. The parliamentary printing will be done as usual by contractors until 31st Dec. 1888.

William H. W. Markham, assistant paymaster of the British war vessel Espoir, has been arrested at Kansas City on a charge of forging his superior officer's name for amounts aggregating \$15,000. He will be returned to England.

In the trial of Seaborn Green, Dr. Walker, and Josh Shoals, Creek Indians, charged with horrible triple murder at Fort Smith, Ark., a verdict of guilty as to Seaborn Green and not guilty as to the others was rendered.

A sensation has been caused in Sumner county, S.G., by the discovery that Col. W. J. Reynolds, one of the wealthiest farmers in the state, who died last month, bequeathed the bulk of his fortune, \$600,000, to a negro woman, formerly his slave, and with whom he lived and had several children.

The Massacres Exploded.

ROME, July 15.—The details of the explosion of a gunpowder magazine at Massacra, on the 11th inst., show that ten Italian soldiers were killed and seventy injured, and that camp property worth \$300,000 was destroyed.