

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum of phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

THEY MUST GO.

PRICES - REDUCED

ON ALL SUMMER GOODS AT

Murray & Taylor's.

Dress Goods for 10c, worth 15c. Dress Goods for 12 1-2c, worth

Dress Goods for 15c, worth 20c. Drkss Goods for 20c, worth 25c. All Summer Dress Materials marked at SPECIAL CLEAR-ING PRICES.

FOR GENUINE BARGAINS in Chambrays, Prints, Ginghams, Embroideries, Muslins and all Spring and Summer Goods go direct to

Murray & Taylor's,

176 PRINCESS STREET. July 7.

WOOD AND COAL.

HARD AND SOFT WOOD.

If you want the Driest, Cheapest and Best Hard Maple and Beach Cordwood, Oak, Birch Ash, Elm or Hemlock Cordwood, Sawed or Un-Or if you want Kindling Wood, (Dry), or Stove Coal, Nut Coal, No. 4 Coal, Soft Coal or Blacksmith's Coal, go to

R. CRAWFORD & CO., Foot of Queen Street.

N.B.—Orders left at the Grocery Store of Jas. Crawford, Princess Street, will receive prompt

attention. La Telephone communication.

BRECK & BOOTH.

Wharfingers, Vessel Agents and Wholesale and Retail Coal and Wood Dealers, Coals of the very best description, under cover, well screen-ed and promptly delivered. Bunch wood and Hard and Soft Cordwood of first quality on hand. Inspection solicited and satisfaction

guaranteed. YARD—Corner Ontario and West Streets. YARD—Corner Ontario and West Streets.

##FOffice—Clarence and Ontario Streets—
Foot of Clarence Street,

##FORDERS left at the stores of Mr. James Redden, Princess Street, and Messrs. McKelvey & Birch, Breck Street, will be promptly filled.

Telephone Communication.

Agents "Black Diamond Line.

L. W. BRECK.

Aug. 9.

E. A. BOOTH.

COAL, WHOLESALE & RETAIL BEST IN THE MARKET.

Yard No. 1-Ontario Street.

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—Secure delivery before broken weather ets in. Chief Office—St. Lawrence Wharf.

Branch Office—Corner King and Clarence Sts. opposite British American Hotel.

Prompt and satisfactory delivery a specialty Coal all under cover and well screened

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JAMES SWIFT.

COAL AND WOOD.

Portland Cement, Water Lime, K. & P. White Lime, and Hair, all of the best qual-

WALSH'S, Cor. Ontario & Barrack Sts.

COAL YARD-Barrack St., next Dr. T. M. Fenwick's. Aug. 9.

DRY MILL WOOD AND SLABS,

Best and Cheapest in the city. Foot of Clarence and Barrack Streets, M. MALLEN.



THE WOMEN OF INDIA-

DR. ANANDIBAI JOSHEE, WHO HAS BEEN EDUCATED IN AMERICA.

A Forward Step Taken in the Matter of Progress Among the Hindoos-Great Interest Felt Generally as to the Result in India-Some Interesting Facts.

The friends of humanity, and especially those who labor for the advancement and freedom of the women of India, mourn the loss of Dr. Anandibai Joshee, the Hindeo woman who was graduated at the Woman's Medical college of Pennsylvania not quite two years ago. The life and trials of this remarkable woman give us a proper estimate of the immense difficulties in the way of reform in India, and the narration is of interest in itself, as she was one of the original and progressive minds of the world. Nominally there are four great castes in India, besides the outcasts or pariahs; but in effect there are so many races, religions, dialects and local governments that the divisions are multiplied indefinitely, and the English officials count the minor castes as high as 143. And the condition of women varies in each class, caste and race, from the hill tribes, where she is practically free as man, to the Mohammedans, where she enjoys a qualified freedom, and the pure Hindoos of the old blood and higher caste, among whom she is a hopeless prisoner or an ignorant slave or toy.



ANANDIBAI JOSHEE AND HUSBAND. Anadibai Joshee belongs to what might be called the upper middle class; she enjoyed a little freedom in girlhood, and at an early age imbibed the spirit of the few Hindoo women who are struggling for better things. She was married at a very early age to a Hindoo gentleman who shared her views, and after an ineffectual struggle to secure education at home she embarked for the United States, arriving at Philadelphia late in 1882, aged but 17 years. Despite the influence of her husband, the native prejudice against her scheme was so intense that she feared to embark at Bombay, capital and seaport of her native province, but crossed the country to Calcutta, where foreign influence has created more liberality. Her husband secured a place in government employ at Serampore, but the hostility to him and his wife was so great that she delivered a public address in defense of her design.

"Why do I go to America?" she asked. "And why do I go alone? There are no schools in India where I may learn to benefit my sex. And shall I be excommunicated for rather 'put out of all castes') when I return! And why do I enter on that which none of my sex have ventured! I will go as a Hindoo, live there as a Hindoo and return as a Hindoo; I will not increase my wants, but live as simple as did those before me. I will trust in my Almighty Father and live purely." Dr. Rachel L. Bodley, dean of the Women's Medical college, bears testimony to the strictness with which the delicate woman kept this vow. In the three years of her study in Philadelphia she made no change in her customs, food or dress, except as the severer climate made it necessary to life and health. Her husband came to Philadelphia to witness her graduation. She received the degree of M. D., and before returning to India the two visited several American cities, making addresses on the creeds and customs of the Hindoos.

As the first Hindoo woman who ever took a



HINDOO PRINCESS IN COSTUME. much attention, and on her departure for India the prayers of many Christian people went with her; but in a few months came the sad news of her death. She had already done much. While attending on a satient in the mountains, exposed to the chilly night air, Dr. Joshee contracted a disease of the lungs which soon terminated in death. But her example had excited others to the same work, and ber consin, Pundita Ramabai Saravasti, has taken the lead in laboring to gain more freedom and education for Hindoo women. The chief obstacle, of course, is habit, so long continued that it has become second nature; the women of highest caste being most secluded, woman's freedom has come to be associated in the Hindoo mind with licentiousness. The wild people, the very poor and the pariabs alone can afford to be free. The hidden zenama is thought the proper place for women of rank and respectability.

Adulteration of Milk. The adulteration of milk in this country consists usually either in the removal of cream or in the addition of water. A San Francisco chemist has communicated to the agricultural department the composition of a milk adulterant, which has been largely used in that city. The mixture consists of common salt, saltpeter, saleratus, a trace of caus-tic soda and a large quantity of sugar. The color is imparted by caramel. The purer the milk supply the larger will be the demand from consumers. The nearer the producers can come to the consumers with their pure, fresh milk product, the larger and more sat-infactory will be the trade.—Boston Budget.

EX-ATTORNEY GENERAL SPEED.

A Statesman of the War Who Has Just Passed Away.

In the recent death of ex-Attorney General James Speed the country loses one more of the galaxy of great men who surrounded Abraham Lincoln during the heroic age. James Speed was an ardent American, a stanch Unionist and an uncompromising advocate of universal freedom; and it is a striking proof of the old time liberality of Kentucky opinion that he retained his personal popularity through his heated campaign in 1849 for the abolition of slavery in that state, that he was soon after placed in an honorable position in the state, and that after the bitterness of the war period had passed away his talents and public services were proudly avowed by Kentuckians as a part of the common glory of the state.

James Speed was born March 12, 1812, near Louisville, in Jefferson county, Ky. Through

boyhood he worked on his father's farm, but obtained a good education by attending school during the fall and winter months; afterward he was graduated at St. Joseph's college Bardstown, Ky. Though his father was a wealthy farmer and slaveholder, James very early took the side

of emancipation in Kentucky; he supported that cause with great zeal and ability, was a candidate on the emancipation platform for a seat in the constitutional convention of 1849 and defeated by but. 200 votes. He afterward emancipated his own slaves. Soon after his graduation he studied law, and attended lectures at the Transylvania university at Lexington, Ky. In 1833 he formed a partnership with Hon. Thomas F. Marshall, with whom he practiced law for two years in Louisville, after which he was the law partner of Hon. Henry Pistle for seventeen years. In 1847 he was elected to the legislature; from 1856 to 1858 he was professor in the law department of the University of Louisville, and in 1861 he was chosen to the state senate.

Then came the day of trial. The embarrassing question of state allegiance did not rise in Kentucky, as the state adhered to the Union; but for a few weeks there was an attempt on the part of the state authorities to maintain neutrality. Against this position Mr. Speed assumed a determined stand and employed all his energy and ability to place Kentucky in active support of the Union cause. With him in this work went his brother-in-law, Gen. Lovell Rousseau, Judge Harlan and many others, the result being that at the election that year Kentucky's vote was nearly three to one against secession, and the legislature then elected hastened to put the state on a war footing. Mr. Speed was named mustering officer for Kentucky by President Lincoln, and in that capacity enrolled over 70,000 men in the Union ranks. His brother, Joshua Speed, had been the room mate of Abraham Lincoln when the latter began the practice of law in Illinois, In 1864 the president appointed James Speed attorney general of the United States, which position he held until July, 1866, when he resigned on account of his disagreement with President Johnson on the policy of reconstruction. He continued an active Republican till all the issues growing out of the war were settled, then became again professor of law in the Louisville university, and thereafter lived a retired life. For a few years he has been failing fast, and his death, at an early hour of June 25, was due to general debility. He was one of the truly great men of Kentucky and the nation, an ardent patriot and incorruptible public servant, a capable official and a brave, consistent man.

The portrait here given shows him in the prime of life-as he appeared when holding the office of attorney general.

HON. FREEMAN CLARK.

Mr. Lincoln's Controller of the Currency-His Public Life.

Hon. Freeman Clark, who recently died at his home in Rochester, N. Y., was among the last of the "Old Line Whigs," of whom we used to hear so much, and it seems like opening a chapter of ancient history to recall

the days when be and such men as Alexander Stephens and the Bells. of Tennessee, kept step together in politics. Between these days and Mr. Clark's later public services a great gulf was fixed; for be was made controller of the currency in 1865 by

President Lincoln, and was an active member of the Thirty-eighth, Forty-second and Forty-third congresses. As a Whig he was active, being vice president of the New York state convention in 1850, and delegate to the national convention of 1859. But he was still more widely and favorably known for various business activities.

Born in Troy, N. Y., March 22, 1809, he began active life as a merchant, and from 1837 to 1845 was president of a bank in Albion. He then moved to Rochester, where he became president successively of three banks, taking an active part in establishing the national bank system. He was prominently identified with the formation of the Western Union Telegraph company, was one of the first directors of the Fourth National bank of New York city, and was trus-tee and vice president of the Union Trust company, after which be entered public life as above stated.

The cut is from a photograph by Kent, of Rochester, N. Y.

Virtues of the Cactua.

It amuses a person from the western part of our country to see people cultivating as a rare plant a thing that is the pest of the plains. I mean the common cactus, which I have seen in many green houses and gardens in this city. With us it is an intolerable nuisance, and one would as soon think of cultivating a particularly active set of fleas and musquitoes. But the cactus has one virtue that would be highly appreciated if known in this city, where the water is more in need of a bath than the dirtiest inhabitant. When split open the cactus is far better than any filter for clearing and settling water. A single blade will make twenty gallons of Mississippi water as clear as crystal, and will . leave no unpleasant taste as a reminder of its use. As an antiscarbutic it is also most effective, and is freely used on the plains for this purpose. The cactus is, therefore, not without its value, but as an ornamental shrub it appears to me to be a complete fail-ure.—John Bostwick in Globe-Democrat.

The Alaska mission authorities have deternamed to allow no language to be spoken by the Indian pupils but the English.

HOT WEATHER.

-UNDERWEAR,-

For Ladies and Children, CLEARING AT HALF PRICE.

500 Children's and Misses' Cotton and Gauze Undervests, all sizes, from 12 1-2c.

600 Ladies' Fine Merino Finished Undervests at 20c. worth 40c.

200 Fine White Gauze Undervests, high neck, long sleeves, at 30, 35 and 40c.

A Small Bankrupt Stock of Ladies' Fine White Cotton Underwear to be cleared at 50 cents on the dollar.

F. X. COUSINEAU & CO.

July 7.

THE IRON PALACE PASSENGER STEAMER

W. GARRETT, MASTER.

Will commence her Regular Weekly Excursion Trips about 15th May from KINGSTON to MON'TREAL, thence returning by the Ottawa and Rideau route, running all the Rapids, and passing through the matchless scenery of the Rideau Lakes and 1,000 Islands by daylight. The ELLA ROSS will remain over Sunday at the 1,000 Island Park, calling at Alexandria Bay each Monday morning. This is the only Passenger Steamer making the round trip. As this is one of the most popular routes on Canadian waters accommodation will be at a premium, and those wishing a cosy, comfortable trip will do well to go early. Only \$14 for the Round Trip; Meals and Berthe included. Berths included. May 3. JAS. SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston.

WIGWAM SHOES,

For Ladies, Gents, Boys, Misses and Children.

The most comfortable foot wear for this hot weather.

D. F. ARMSTRONG

HEADQUARTER SHOE STORE,

July 6.

141 PRINCESS STREET.

WHY? WHY?

Has our Summer Sale been so successful?

##Because the public has found out that we make no promises we cannot fulfill.

##Because when we advertise an article at a price we have it.

##Because when we say an article is All-Wool it is All-Wool.

##Because the excellence of our goods makes every sale an advertisement for us.

##Because we would rather not sell than have a customer dissatisfled.

During our sale we can save you 25 per cent. on every dollar spent with us.

Call and convince yourself.

INNES& BURNS

The Reliable and Close-Priced Dry Goods Store, Cor. Princess and Bagot Streets, June 27.

NICE WEDDING PRESENTS.

New stock just received.

H. A. LIFFITON, June 10.

179 Wellington St., near Princess...