

## REMINDERS.

MONDAY.  
MONTHLY MEETING OF Minden Lodge at 7:30 P.M.

TUESDAY.  
MEETING OF Board of Trade at 8 P.M.

## WANTED.

TWO OR THREE GOOD WASHERS and IRONERS in Laundry. Lizzie Williams, Cape Vincent, N. Y.

SITUATION WANTED by an intelligent young man willing to work at anything. Apply through this office.

ABLE BODIED LABOURING MEN wishing employment can obtain it on the new exhibition grounds, north of Princess Street, by applying to Mr. John Willmot, on the ground. J. H. WALKER, Sec'y-Treas.

WANTED—Persons of either sex to work on Cards at their homes. \$8 to \$9 per week earned. No oil painting, no canvassing. All work and materials mailed promptly. Address National Card Company, 75 State Street, Boston, Mass. (P. O. Box 3822).

## TO-LET.

HOUSE, No. 1, Vaughn Terrace, lately occupied by Mrs. O'Brien. Apply at White office.

THAT COMMODIOUS DWELLING, No. 202 William St., between Clergy and Barric Sts.; rent moderate; possession immediately. Apply to ISAAC NOBLE.

THE DWELLING HOUSE on the corner of Brock and Bagot Streets, suitable for offices or private dwelling; possession immediately. Apply on the premises to T. McMANNON & CO.

A GOOD DWELLING AND STORE on the corner of Gordon and Johnson Streets, in one of the best parts of the city; also hard and soft water on the premises. Apply next door to ROBERT W. NESBITT.

## FOR SALE.

A SMALL STEAM LAUNCH, 22x5 feet; Shipman coal oil engine; new; all complete; will be sold cheap for cash. Address A. C. KNAPP, Boat-builder, Kingston.

DOUBLE HOUSE AND TWO LOTS on Beverly Street; garden well stocked with choice fruit trees; easy terms. For further particulars apply to D. DRISCOLL, Cor. Wellington and Gore Streets.

A FINE HOMESTEAD FARM in the Township of Kingston, five miles from the city, containing 80 acres; stone residence and excellent buildings and orchard. This property will be sold cheap, as the owner is going west. Apply to H. M. MOWAT, Solicitor, Brock St., Kingston. May 27.

FINE CITY HOME. The undersigned offers for sale that DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT now occupied by him on Earl Street. The whole is offered in one block, having about one hundred and twenty feet frontage on Earl Street, and the Upper Lot runs through to West Street. The BUILDINGS on the property are almost new, and the garden is planted with the choicest fruits. For terms apply to THOS. MOORE.

## SPECIAL MENTION.

GO TO W. REEVES, King St., to buy your Ties. He has 30 dozens to choose from. Good Ties, 3 for 5 cents.

FOUND AT LAST—A remedy warranted to cure hard and soft Corns, Bunions, Callouses &c. Hanson's Magic Corn Salve, in boxes, 15c at Wade's Drug Store.

TO PORK PACKERS—Highest Cash Price paid for pork blade bones, tankage, and fertilizing materials delivered at our works, Hamilton. ROWLIN & CO., Fertilizers, Hamilton.

BUTCHERS AND SAUSAGE MAKERS—prime new small hog casings; by tierce, 500 lbs. per lb; kegs, 100 lbs, 20c per lb; half kegs, \$10.50; prime new English sheep casings, kegs, 50 large bundles, \$3; smaller quantities 65c per bundle. ROWLIN & CO., Hamilton.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.—Grasp a Bottle of the DIAMOND COUGH REMEDY. The first dose frequently stops a cough. Composed of Wild Cherry, Horehound, Elocampene and other valuable ingredients. Pleasant to take. In bottles, 25c and 50c. at WADE'S DRUG STORE.

WADE'S MANDRAKE LIVER PILLS are purely a vegetable Cathartic, being entirely free from Calomel or any Metallic substance. In case of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headache, &c., they give universal satisfaction. They are Sugar coated. One is a dose. In bottles, 25c. at WADE'S DRUG STORE.

## BOARD.

FIRST-CLASS DAY BOARD can be had in good locality, 369 Princess Street, Kingston.

## TUITION.

MRS. W. L. BAXTER and daughter have returned to Kingston and are prepared to give instruction on the Pianoforte. Miss Maud Baxter will give lessons at the pupils' residence or her own if preferred. Apply to 102 Queen Street.

## LOST AND REWARD.

ON Thursday a LEATHER PURSE, containing \$45.33, the property of a person who cannot afford to lose it. A liberal reward will be given for its return through the WHIG office.

## FOR IMPORTERS!

I have just published a book styled "BERLIN ARTICLES," which is undoubtedly of great value to all foreign importing firms, as it is a Book of Reference for all Berlin Export Articles. All branches of trade are given in it, and the leading establishments in each are mentioned. The object of my book is to make importers of all countries in the world acquainted with the articles manufactured for exportation in Berlin and with the chief makers of them. Price per book, edition 1887-88, only. Quarto size, in elegant binding, sent post free on receipt of the amount.

Gustav Hildebrandt's Export Advertising Office, Berlin S.W. (E.A. Alexandria St. 11, N.B.—As the text of my book is published in the German, English, French and Spanish languages, and as it points out only the very best sources for easily saleable and profitable novelties and special articles, it may well be termed an indispensable book of reference for all trading firms.

## Robertson Brothers,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in  
Crockery, China, Glassware,  
Lamp Goods, Plated Ware,  
Outlery, &c.,  
178 Princess St., Kingston

## TORONTO CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

Incorporated by Government in 1876.  
Will open in November 1887.  
Capital, \$75,000. Hon. G. W. ALLAN, President.  
35 TEACHERS.

All degrees of instrumental and Vocal Music taught, from the beginning to graduation. Also, Theory, Language, Musicology, Composition, Conducting, and all branches of Musical Advancing. Recitals, Concerts, Lectures, Recitations, Theory, etc. Terms: 1st to 3rd year, \$100; 4th year, \$125. For terms, Catalogue, giving full information, address Edward Fisher, 355 St. Nicholas, Toronto.

## GENERAL TICKET AGENCY.

For cheap tickets to all points, and information pertaining to all Routes, apply to  
F. A. FOLGER, - General Ticket Agent.  
Ferry Wharf, Foot of Brock Street, KINGSTON, ONT.

THE THOUSAND ISLAND ROUTE BY  
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg R.R.

To Utica, Albany, New York, Philadelphia.  
Washington, Baltimore and all Points in Northern New York, via G.T.R. and N.Y.C. Rys.  
T. HANLEY, Gen. Ticket Agent.

## MILL WOOD.

Now that the warm weather has come citizens can get MILL WOOD at the Rathbun Co's yard for \$1.50 per cord, before it is piled and it soon dries fit for use. Carted to any part of the city for 25 cents per load.  
FOOT OF QUEEN STREET, KINGSTON.

'British Whig's' telephone is number 128

## TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES.

### A Case of Murder Sure.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, July 4.—Yesterday morning the body of Denis Mahoney, target tender for the Indiana, Bloomington & Western R.R., was found near the target house, on Pennsylvania street. He had been stabbed through the heart with a knife. Several suspects arrested.

### Fired a Magistrate's House.

DUBLIN, July 4.—Moonlighters, made an attack upon the residence of ex-Magistrate Daniel McDonnell, near Fierce. McDonnell was absent at the time. The miscreants warned Mrs. McDonnell to abandon the farm and then set fire to the house and retired, promising to return.

### Getting at the Truth.

LONDON, July 2.—Viscount Kilcourse, ex-vice chamberlain, and a liberal member for South Somerset shire, is arranging to send a deputation of English laborers to Ireland, to investigate for themselves the condition of the Irish laborers and report the truth, as the deputation find it to the laborers of Great Britain.

### A Very Close Call.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 4.—Halsey Gaines, fifteen year old, had his scalp partially torn off and one arm deeply lacerated by a leopard in one of Barnum's cages. He climbed up on the cage, and was peering inside, when the brute tried to drag him in. He was only saved by the efforts of the trainer.

### Sweep of a Water Spout.

BENSON ARIZONA, July 4.—Capt. Coy has returned here from the Santa Rita mountains. He reported a terrible water spout on Vail's ranch near there Monday afternoon. The valley, which is half a mile wide, was covered with water to a depth of fifteen feet. As the torrent swept through it carried everything before it. Hundreds of cattle were drowned.

### Mobbed the Purchaser.

LIMERICK, July 4.—At a sheriff's sale Mr. Hutchins, a chancery receiver, bought in two farms from which tenants had been evicted. The purchase incensed the friends of the evictees, and they attempted to mob Mr. Hutchins. He fled and took refuge in a police station, whither the crowd followed him and refused to disperse. The police thereupon charged and made five arrests.

### A Move in the Right Direction.

LONDON, July 4.—Over one hundred English, Scotch and Welsh members of the house of commons have signed a memorial to the president and congress of the United States, in favour of referring all Anglo-American disputes to arbitration for settlement. It is probable that a deputation of members of the house of commons will be sent to Washington to present the memorial to President Cleveland.

### They Supported Him.

DUBLIN, July 4.—Messrs. Sexton, McDonald, Kennedy and Mayne attended the meeting in Phoenix park, to protest against the exclusion of Mr. Sexton from the lord mayoralty of Dublin. Mr. Sexton received the unanimous support of the meeting. In a speech he declared that he had acted in accordance with Mr. Parnell's wishes, and he trusted that he would not be defeated by Parnellites.

### A Hot Party Fight.

BELFAST, July 4.—While some Orangemen were bathing in the Logan to-day, they were attacked by a crowd of Catholics. Companions of the Orangemen rallied, and the two sides pelted each other with stones for half an hour, when the arrival of the police put an end to the fight and the Orangemen retired. The Catholics resisted the police and were repulsed with difficulty. Many were injured on both sides.

### Result of the Heat.

WATERBURY, Conn., July 3.—William Halloran, while at work in a quarry, was overcome by the heat and died in two hours.

NEW YORK, July 3.—The deaths reported to the health board to-day numbered 256. This is the largest figure for one day since 1876. There were five fatal cases of sunstroke at Pittsburg, Pa., and three at Boston.

### Bank of Commerce Stock.

TORONTO, July 4.—There is considerable talk in financial circles this morning regarding the annual report of the directors of the Bank of Commerce, published this morning. The shareholders were prepared for a considerable amount being struck off for bad and doubtful debts, etc., but they were not prepared for the striking off of \$1,451,384, which involves a reduction of its net from the present figure, \$1,600,000, to \$500,000. The year just closed has, however, been very profitable. The net profit exceeding \$600,000, bearing balance after seven per cent dividend of \$208,544. To this latter sum has been added \$150,000 from reserve, for rebate of interest of current accounts, and \$1,100,000 from the rest account. These changes have been recommended by the new general manager and the new assistant general manager.

### Freckle Lotion.

Bell's lotion will remove tan, freckles, sunburn, pimples, blotches, etc. Twenty five cents at Wade's drug store.

## THIS COMMERCIAL UNION.

### ERASTUS WIMAN DISCUSSES IT IN THE COUNTY OF DUFFERIN.

He Shows the Advantage it Would Be to Canadians—it is not a Matter of Present Politics, but a Matter Which Will Affect the People for All Time.

The meeting of farmers of the county of Dufferin, held at Dufferin Lake, a few miles from Orangeville, was a great success. Mr. Erastus Wiman, of New York; Hon. Ben. Butterworth, of Ohio; Gen. Waul, of Texas; and Hon. Wm. McDougall, of Ottawa, were received by a meeting representing the yeomanry of the district. Mr. J. P. McMillan, of Orangeville, was appointed chairman. Mr. Erastus Wiman, after expressing his appreciation of the splendid reception, said that there was a strong disposition to demonstrate by some action the deep interest which was felt in the movement to procure an enlarged trade relation with the neighboring country of the United States. This was not a question of protection or free trade or present politics, but one which affected all time, their future and the future of their children's children. He considered that the great advantages which the United States had possessed, and which had helped to make them great, was the unrestricted commercial intercourse which had existed between all parts of the country. The building up a great interior meant communication by arteries of commerce, which bound the people together and enriched each section with the products and resources of the others. Under a policy of isolation there would have been no progress in the United States such as the world had witnessed. While many of the states were poor and sterile and few were as self-contained as Canada, or possessed one-tenth of her wealth, by a commercial union with each other they were all prosperous, and participated in the prosperity of more favorable localities. The heavy burden of debt Canada had incurred was all right if the traffic followed it in proportion to the extent of the facilities created. No one thing could contribute to that traffic so much as a complete interchange of products between the two countries without hindrance. The Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk, two of the greatest achievements of modern times, gave Canada a means of communication with itself and a connection with the United States of the greatest importance. The wonderful system of water-ways with which nature had blessed the dominion had been amplified by vast expenditures to connect with each other. The Canadian farmer was to-day paying the interest on this investment. Nothing would more benefit the Canadian tax-payer than the stimulation of the trade which would thoroughly occupy these means of communication. The American people, as they were in a better financial position than any other people, wanted products of the soil of the best character, and no region could better produce these than Ontario. There were hundreds of articles which never reached Liverpool in which a huge trade could be done. Fourteen million dozen eggs had gone from Canada to the States because they were admitted free. If traffic in poultry were equally easy, and every farm in Canada, were covered with this class of food, he believed the States would

absorb all at a profitable price. But of all articles in which Canada was rich by nature and poor by policy, iron took the lead. We had immense iron deposits lying dead because walled out by a tariff. We had imported an average of twenty millions of dollars worth per year since Confederation. The only hope for the development of our iron resources was to get a free market for them, and this could only be done by unrestricted reciprocity, the Canadian market being too small for investment in mining operations. With a free market American capital would speedily find its way to the Canadian iron mines. The bulk of other Canadian minerals remained as yet untouched and these, if properly developed by foreign capitalists, should yield large returns. The lumber trade, more than anything else, would be benefited by freedom of access to the United States markets. Canada had a magnificent forest area, and her natural market was the United States. The tax of \$2 per 1,000 feet of sawn lumber was a serious obstacle to the expansion of the trade and should be removed, even in justice to the United States who give her an immense advantage with free trade. Canada had also an enormous element of wealth in her fish. She had 5,500 miles of sea coast washed by water stocked with the most valuable fishes. The fisheries were practically inexhaustible, because in Canadian waters existed the food supply for these fishes. Canada would participate to a far greater extent in the wealth of the sea if the United States markets were open to her. It seemed appalling to him that any slight sentimental considerations should stand in the way of a union which would develop our industries and wealth. The interests of the few manufacturers in Great Britain, likely to be affected by discrimination, was as a drop in the bucket compared to the vital Canadian interests to be benefited. The fact was the English would hail with delight any movement likely to benefit Canada. As to the crowding out of Canadian manufacturers and merchants by Yankees if Canadians could not hold their own under equal conditions they would be unworthy the name of Canadians. That Canadians estimated fully the benefit of union was shown by the fact that there was now fully 1,000,000 of our people in the United States, a tremendous proportion of our population, and showing that something was wanting. He was only the patriot who sought for his country's good, and when this good could be brought about without a change of allegiance it was patriotism to urge the proposal he made. (Cheers.)

### MR. BUTTERWORTH'S VIEWS.

The Hon. Ben. Butterworth, who was received with the utmost enthusiasm, said he did not intend to make a speech on the subject of commercial union. He might be permitted to say, however, that he fully agreed in what had been so ably advanced by his friend, Mr. Wiman, who was an honor to the land of his birth as well as the land of his adoption, and who was highly esteemed in the United States. Mr. Wiman had shown that the interests of Canada lay in breaking down the barriers between her and the United States. Commercial union was a business proposition, and it would be to the interest of farmers, mechanics and artisans to secure it. It had been asked why agitate this question till the United States declared in favor of it. He replied when a man had anything to sell he did not go out asking if any one wished to buy. The theory was to ascertain if commercial

union would be a benefit to both countries. With regard to the difficulty of paying Canada's debt it was obvious that if union made her people more prosperous she would be in a better position to meet her obligations. He denied that the Americans had any desire to annex Canada. There was no sentiment in trade. He did not think the revenue would fall off considerably. The people would still eat, drink and smoke. He wished them to express an opinion before the party politicians stepped in. In the discussion which had so far occurred in the United States he found the people there in favor of the scheme on an equitable basis. God had made the two peoples commercially one, and it was futile to try and divide them. (Cheers.)

### OTHER SPEECHES DELIVERED.

General Wall, of Texas, was received with much cordiality. He expressed his heartiest sympathy with commercial union between the United States and Canada. Referring to Mr. Wiman, he said that gentleman is neither a Canadian nor a citizen of the United States, but a citizen of the world.

Mr. Jackson Wallace, a Canadian resident of New York, also spoke. He said there is no desire on the part of the United States to annex Canada, and that the commercial union proposal did not mean annexation. Hon. Wm. McDougall asked the farmers not to allow this matter to become a political party cry.

### THE RESOLUTION ADOPTED.

Mr. Alex. McLaren moved, seconded by Mr. W. H. Hunter: "That this meeting is favorable to the scheme of commercial union, and trusts that its early adoption may be consummated on such terms as may be equitable to us as Canadians and in not way derogatory to our relations with the mother country." The resolution was unanimously adopted. Mr. McMullen then formally dedicated the grounds on which the company were assembled as "the Wiman Park, by Dufferin Lake," and Mr. Wiman acknowledged the honor. After cheers for the queen the meeting separated.

## BASEBALL PROCEEDINGS.

### A Player Fined and Suspended—The Games Played on Saturday.

A Kingstonian in Belleville Friday offered to wager \$500 that Belleville can defeat the Park Nine.

Doescher was struck back of the ear with a foul tip in one of the Chicago games and knocked senseless.

The Belleville papers speak of the Kingston base-ball team as composed of a very gentlemanly set of fellows.

Manager Cushman, Toronto, on Tuesday fined McCormick \$25 and suspended him indefinitely for indifferent field work and stupid base running.

The Kingstons began the season by defeating the Park Nine. On Saturday they defeated the Park Nine the crowd and the Oswegos. They are doing well.

In the base ball match at Ogdensburg to-day the Pastimes played against the Ottawa club, which included three players, Messrs. Moran, J. Little, and Walker, of the Park Nine.

On Saturday night two wealthy men said that if the Kingstons desired financial backing, in order to make their career a success, they could be counted on to contribute liberally. One of them added: "I have not been as enthusiastic as some on baseball, but I am willing to uphold respectability at considerable cost."

It will cost New York \$300 for leaving the diamond in the recent game at Chicago on account of an umpire's decision. An umpire's decision is final, and a club has no option, but must obey, and if a protest is due to make it and go on. This once happened to the Boston's. The umpire refused to allow one of the players, Manning, to leave the field or have a substitute. The Boston went on with eight men. This is what the New Yorks should have done.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* says that when Barnfather, of the Kingstons, was injured in the match at the city on the bay on Friday universal regret was expressed by both teams and spectators. If he had heard the "Oh," "Poor lad," "I'm sorry," and other expressions from fair lips on the grand stand, he would have wished to undergo the repetition of the ordeal. Barnfather will not concur. Had he been struck fairly on the neck, instead of the ball by his lodge hitting him and glancing off, he would in all probability have been retired not for a day or two but for the season. The incapacitating of Kingston's best battery was a serious blow.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.					
Team	W	L	On		
Detroit	36	15	Chicago	28	20
Boston	32	20	Pittsburg	19	28
New York	32	22	Washington	17	29
Philadelphia	24	28	Indianapolis	13	30

  

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.					
Team	W	L	On		
St. Louis	45	14	Athletics	28	30
Baltimore	36	18	Brooklyn	27	26
Louisville	30	29	Cleveland	14	42
Cincinnati	33	28	Metropolitan	13	30

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.					
Team	W	L	On		
Buffalo	30	18	Hamilton	23	19
Newark	29	19	Binghamton	18	22
Rochester	25	25	Syracuse	20	20
Toronto	21	19	Utica	7	34
Jersey City	30	18	Scranton	7	9

### Baseball Games Saturday.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.  
At Utica—Utica 20; Binghamton, 12.  
At Toronto—Toronto, 5; Hamilton, 8.  
At Jersey City—Jersey City, 13; Newark, 4.  
At Rochester—Rochester, 11; Buffalo, 7.

### NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 11; Philadelphia, 3;  
even innings.  
At Chicago—Chicago, 10; Washington, 2.  
At Indianapolis—New York, 5; Indianapolis, 6.  
At Pittsburg—Boston, 3; Pittsburg, 1.

### AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Philadelphia—Baltimore, 7; Athletics, 6.  
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 12; Cleveland, 7.  
At Brooklyn—Metropolitan, 11; Brooklyn, 11.  
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 10; Louisville, 3.

### Sunday Games.

At Jersey City—Jersey City, 6; Newark, 10.

### Aquatic Information.

Boyd, the English sculler, is dead.  
The yacht *Thistle* won the race on the Clyde on Saturday.  
The yacht *Mayflower* has been sold to E. D. Morgan, of New York.  
W. K. Vanderbilt, wife and children, have started on the yacht *Alva* for a cruise around the world.  
The steam yacht *Lenora*, with her owner, Capt. Dennis, of Cobourg, left for Macdonald's Cove yesterday.  
Wallace Rose, the sculler, who opened a sporting resort in Harlem, New York, some time ago, has disappeared, leaving debts to a large amount.  
The yacht *Katie Gray* was in port yesterday, with W. B. Phelps, jr., of Oswego, and five other persons on board. The visitors went down the river this morning.

## AFFAIRS OF THE WORLD.

### TELEGRAMS FROM THE EARTH'S FOUR QUARTERS GIVEN.

The Little Things that Affect Canadians—Flashes From Europe and What They Portend—A Little of Everything Easily Read and Remember.

Cholera has appeared at Rocella in Calabria. The outlook is ominous.

Parnell asks every nationalist to be on hand at parliament to-morrow.

Burglars and housebreakers are still operating successfully in Toronto.

Yellow fever cases in Key West to date number sixty-three, with twenty-one deaths.

Secretary Whitney, of the Montreal harbour board, has decamped a defaulter to a large amount.

The Quebec police board has just decided that the Salvation army is to be protected at all hazards.

In the election to fill the vacancy in the Spalding division of Lincolnshire the Gladstonians have gained a seat.

There is a scarcity of water in Belfast in consequence of the drouth. Work in the mills is being partly stopped.

The imperial government is inclined to consider favourably the Canadian proposal as to the Pacific mail service.

The privy council has sustained the Quebec government in the matter of the tax on banks and insurance companies.

The nationalist members of the Dublin municipal council have chosen Mr. Winstanley for Lord Mayor of Dublin.

Herbert H. Taylor, of Worcester, Mass., personated Walker Blaine, son of Hon. J. G. Blaine, and forging cheques on the ex-senator.

Lord Hartington has decided that the liberal-unionist conference shall devote itself solely to the consideration of the Land bill.

On July 1st 170 persons died in New York from cholera infantum. Infants are dying in great numbers. The heat is awful, 95° in the shade.

Three thousand were present when Norway turned the first sod at Winnipeg of the Red River RR. Ryan has signed the contract.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers met in Ottawa. Fully five hundred were present, notably a strong delegation from St. Thomas and Kingston.

The budget committee of the French chamber of deputies have postponed the mobilization of the army until next year on the ground of economy.

Eddie Gould, son of Jay Gould, has created a sensation by making large sums in stock speculation. His profits amounted to at least \$100,000.

The queen on Saturday reviewed 50,000 London volunteers in front of Buckingham palace. Thousands of people attended the review, and great enthusiasm was manifested.

Michael Davitt has started to stump Scotland on the Irish question. He will afterwards go on a stumping tour through London and north of England.

The police have arrested Benedict Krebs, a crank, who has been threatening to kill the president of the United States with a shot gun when he attends church.

President Cleveland has pardoned Thomas Ballard, the notorious counterfeiter, who was sentenced on Jan. 21st, 1875, to 30 years' imprisonment in Albany penitentiary for counterfeiting.

E. D. Hogan went up in a balloon at Hamilton and came down in Burlington Bay. He had been dragged about a mile when the steamer "Lillie" stopped the balloon and rescued him.

Gen. Boulanger's organ has started a canon that the government has ordered the troops to fill their knapsacks with cartridges on the occasion of July fetes in order to immediately suppress any popular movement in Boulanger's favour.

John Coody, of Stone county, Ark., eloped with Elizabeth Lampkins, the daughter of his employer, who, with his two sons, followed and overtook the couple. A fight occurred in which the eldest son and Coody were fatally wounded.

The government has sent two special commissioners to the boundary at Niagara and Windsor to investigate the alleged interference at these points by American customs officials with Canadian workmen going across the lines to work.

Mgr. Scilla, the papal nuncio who represented the pope at the queen's jubilee, in leaving for Brussels, was accompanied by the Duke of Norfolk and a number of distinguished British Catholics to the station. In bidding him farewell they kissed his hand.

Father Locatelli has left Snakin for Khar-toum. The object of his journey is to attempt to secure the release of Lupton Bey, and to obtain possession of the journals, papers, etc., left by General Gordon, and known to be in the custody of El Mahdi's chief representative at Khar-toum.

Maurice Healy, M.P., British parliament, charges Mr. Balfour with a breach of faith. He promised to introduce a clause in the Crimes bill allowing an appeal from every sentence imposed by a magistrate, even if it be of less than a month's imprisonment, which, at present, is the statutory limit.

In Maskinonge and Nicolet, Quebec, the sitting opposition members, Caron and Dorais, having admitted that there was enough proof against them to void their elections have handed in their resignations.

In the Maskinonge case the petitioners are also demanding the personal disqualification of the Tory member, and it is likely they will obtain it.

### IT'S LOSING ITS GRIP.

A Timely Word of Warning to the Government of Great Britain.

LONDON, July 3.—In the parliamentary election, to fill the vacancy in the Spalding division of Lincolnshire, the Gladstonians have gained a seat. Their candidate, Halloy Stewart, defeated Mr. Tryon, the conservative and liberal-unionist nominee, 5,110 to 4,363. In the last election Stewart was defeated by Finch-Hatton, conservative, by a majority of 288. In the present election the total vote was 638 larger than in the last election.