MARTIN'S OPERA HOUSE, Thursday & Friday, May 19th and 20th.

W. H. POWER'S COMPANY In the Great Picturesque Irish Drama, com-bining Music, Comedy and Pathos and Grand Mechanical Effects,

THE IVY LEAF.

The Purest and Best Irish Play on the stage. From the Crag! See the Revolving
Tower! See the Terrible
Leap from the Tower!

Oriental Songs, Characteristic Dances, Ex-Production perfect in every detail.

Prices—75, 50 and 25c. Reserved Seats 75c.

CHEAP EXCURSION. QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

ST. LAWRENCE

Down among the Islands,

AT LARGEST BOAT!

PLEASANTEST ROUTE!!

QUICKEST TIME !!! TE Str. St. Lawrence will leave Folger's Wharf at 1:30 p.m., returning, will arrive 6:30 p.m. Fare for round trip-25c.

May 20, F. A. FOLGER.

EXCURSION -OFTHE-

Governor General's Foot Guards

THE STEAMER ST. LAWRENCE Down among the Islands, MONDAY, MAY THE 23rd, Leaving Folger's Wharf at 1 P.M., returning

The only opportunity that will ever be offered of this Triple Attraction—world renowned Band of the Guards, ride on the Str. St. Lawrence and sight of the 1.000 Isles. Folger's office, Ferry Wharf. May 20.

FIRST OF THE SEASON.

STR. HERO AMONG THE ISLANDS,

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY, TUESDAY, 24TH MAY.

Leaving Gunn's Dock at 2 p.m. sharp for a sail down the River, calling at Clayton both ways, giving one and a half hours, or half an hour at the Park. A splendid chance to enjoy the afternoon on

the water or visit your cottages at the Park. Excellent supper on board, 25c. May 20,

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to 6 P.M. OF SATURDAY, the 21st inst., for the several trades required in the erection of an addition and making certain modern improvements to two houses on Johnson

The lowest or any tender not necessarily ac

Plans and specifications may be seen at our office, Golden Lion Block. POWER & SON, Architects.

May 18.

MISCELLANEOUS.



WHEREAS it is desirable in the interest of the health of the public, and to prevent the spread of contagious diseases, that all Premises, Yards, Lanes and Alley ways should be thorough-ly cleansed, the Owners and Occupants of Probish and other nuisances from their Premises
Lanes and Alleyways adjoining their property;
to thoroughly cleanse, ventilate and disinfect
all Cellars, Stables, Cow-byres and other outhouses; to promptly and regularly remove all
House Offal, Swill or other Refuse; to cleanse
out all wells on or before the are hereby notified to remove all Rub-

15th DAY OF JULY,

And put the same in such condition as to prevent any soekage of sewage or other impuri-ties; to thoroughly disinfect the contents of all Privy Vaults and Cesspools at least once a week with Copperas, Lime or other proper dis-

Any person found throwing or depositing Rubbish, Vegetable or other Filth upon any Street, Lane, Alleyway or other Public Place will be prosecuted as directed by the Consolidated City By-laws and the Public Health Act. Rubbish that does not contain decomposing matter may be placed upon the ground provided for that purpose on Grove Street, opposite the Tannery. the Tannery.
By order of the Local Board of Health.

W. S. GORDON, Sec'y.



QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY. THE 24th DAY OF MAY INST.,

Being the Anniversary of the Birth of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, and as such to be appropriately observed in British Dominions, I hereby, with the concurrence of the Council of the Corporation of Kingston, invite the Citizens generally to observe the said

HOLIDAY AND GENERAL REJOICING.

JOHN CARSON, Mayor's Chambers, City Hall, Mayor. Kingston, May 20, 1887,

ENGINEERS

Now undergoing examination, will do well. to consult

ROPER'S Practical Handy - Books,

BY STEPHEN ROPER! ENGINEER.

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EDWARD MEEKS, Publisher, 1012 WALNUT STREET. Philadelphia, Pa., U.S.A.

Descriptive Catalogues, giving titles and prices, mailed free apon application.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE BRITISH WHIG is published every even-ing, at 336 King Street, Kingston, Ontario, AT SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

For four lines, one or two insertions...... \$0.50 For four lines, each subsequent insertion...... 25 Over four lines, first-insertion...... 10c per line Each subsequent consecutive ins.... 5c

Once a week, subsequent ins..... 10c "
Twice a week, subsequent ins..... 8c "
Three a week, subsequent ins..... 6c "
Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50c, each, unless when "booked," when \$1 is charged.
Special notices in reading columns are charged. ed at extra rates.

The WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 8 pages, 56 columns, is published every Thursday morning at \$1 a year.

Attached to the paper is one of the best and most busy Job offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; 8 improved printing presses. EDW. J. B. PENSE, Proprietor.

THE DAILY WHIG.

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

O'Brien will get a peaceful hearing this evening, at least that is the expectation; and it is also the desire so far as the respectable people of the city are concerned. If any one dares to molest the visitor we hope he will be attended to by the police. Such ruffianism as that which occurred in Toronto is envied by no people who have a good name at stake.

Lord Lorne wants the Queen's title changed so as to make it appear that the Queen of England is also the Queen of Canada. The people, however, don't want it, especially the people of Canada. It is as Queen of England that Victoria has endeared herself to the hearts of Canadians, and to suggest a change implies a doubt as to their continued loyalty.

Sir Donald A. Smith is moving for a statement of the detailed expenditure connected with the support of the marine and immigrant hospital, at Quebec, and also the aggregate of moneys voted by parliament from time to time to the Kingston general hospital and the marine hospital St. Catharines. "A rumour is current," says the Ottawa Citizen, "that Sir Donald has some further surprises in store for the people of Canada." We hope he has, and that one of them will particularly concern the people of Kingston. There is no institution in the country which can better stand the liberality of the railway magnate than the Kingston general hospital.

The financial embarrassments of France have led to the downfall of the Goblet government, just as they led to the defeat of the DeFreycinet government before it. And it is singular that DeFreycinet, who went out of office because unable to overcome the difficulties of it, should be again suggested as the saviour of his country. In the rise and fall of governments, however, one man seems to be undisturbed, General Boulanger, who was minister of war in the last two cabinets and is expected to be retained whoever succeeds to the premiership. The opinion was expressed that as "the signs of danger had passed away the present is not the hour for a hero in France, even if he is hidden in the person." But that idea is the critic's, not General Boulanger's. He has an ambition to make the French army equal in power and efficiency to that of any nation in the world, and he does not expect that ambition to be interfered with by any one whom politics may chance to elevate in the government. He has done enough already to elicit the worship of the army and people, and his removal from office against his wishes dare not be attempted.

The Engineering and Mining Journa! deals vigorously with mine explosions, and shows that the dangers and fatalities so frequently recorded would have no reason to be were certain sensible laws observed. It says that every mine should have at lesst two openings, and abundance of air to dilute the gases in all parts of the mine far below the explosive point. These are axioms to the coal mine manager which need no demonstration or argument, and we strongly suspect that the neglect of some of the well-known precautions in working a fiery mine will be found to have been the avoidable cause of a fearful loss of life at Na naimo, B. C. Perhaps it was the want of a secon i opening; perhaps, trusting to safety. lamps in an atmosphere of fire-damp and coal-dust, small air-ways, and badly divided air currents, insufficient ventilating machinery, lack of discipline. One or more of these elements of unskilful mining will, no doubt, be found to have caused the terrible disaster, and, now that men are dead, no doubt the government will take the matter in hand, and require the adoption of precautions which would, if exercised sooner, have prevented this accident. Action now in this respect will be of small consolation to the families of the one hundred and eighty-one persons who have perished, but it will gnard against other calamities which would occur under a continuance of anything like the old condition of things.

A TERRIBLE SCANDAL. Now that Bishop Cleary has intimated his desire to comply with the requests of many, and have the old burial ground off Ordnance street converted into a public park, objection is raised. A correspondent, whose letter appears in another column, protests against the use of the ground for any purpose save that for which it was long since consecrated, and for all time. It is contended that the inscription upon every tombstone warns us that the land is sacred to the dead, that the bishop should not have made the surrender of it he is reported to have doneand that it is hoped the custodians of the English and Presbyterian grounds adjoining. and wanted for park purposes also, will resist the threatened sacrilege. Now for the honest opinions of any man we have a profound respect, though we may differ from them. The arguments of our correspondent are not without force, but one fails to realize that the burial grounds aforesaid are as

sacred as they are supposed to be in view of

the shocking condition into which they have fallen as a result of long years of neglect. The headstones have been broken and displaced, and the graves beaten down and left without distinguishing features; the horses and cattle have roamed at will over the grounds, and the boys have played base ball upon them, with fragments of the marble, "sacred to the memory" of deceased friends, for home plates and bases. Such dilapidation, destruction and wantonness no burial grounds have, perhaps, ever presented, and a citizen, in contemplating them a day or two since, was moved to remark : "This is shocking, and more than shocking-it is a disgrace to the city. It is well for the people that visitors are not sent in this direction, as a sight of these ground, abandoned as they are, would be apt to leave the impression upon their minds that great was the heathenism which existed here."

It would be impossible to suppose that the dead could have any less respect paid to them by the removal of their remains than by allowing them to continue where they are and with such disreputable surroundings. Many a coffin and bone may be injured in the work of exhumation, but coffins and bones are being injured even now, and the scandal must be continued while the present state of things continues. Our corres pondent, did he visit the grounds, would see how fruitless would be the attempt to restore them to their orignal appearance, and hence the favour with which the change, to which the bishop has given his approval, is regarded.

It has been suggested that the remains of departed friends be collected and placed in a mound in the centre of the ground, surmounted by a shaft bearing fitting tributes to the dead. The idea is worthy of consideration. It is not inappropriate, and not without precedence so far as experiences elsewhere go.

In any case we hope something will be done with the grounds. The bishop has not consented to the conversion of the place into a park without mature thought. He has had a due sense of regard for the dead, and for the feeling of their friends; and it is with the latter's consent and concurrence that he has made his purposes known. There is prospect of a great disgrace being speedily ended, and the sooner the better.

CHANGES IN THE DUTIES.

Modifying the Tariff Resolutions-Meeting the Views of the Deputation.

From an examination of the changes proposed by Sir Charles Tupper, and adopted by the house, it will be observed that the minister has accepted in part the proposals of the two iron deputations, which waited upon him. He retains the duty on pig iron, thus protecting the mining industry, but he makes the duties on puddle bars and billets higher than he had formerly proposed, to meet the views of the Montreal rolling mill delegates. Thus the duties on bar iron have been assimilated and placed at \$13 a ton all round, instead of \$11, \$13 and \$15 as first proposed. The duty has been struck off iron or steel round wire rods under one-half inch diameter when imported by wire manufacturers for use in their factories. The duty has been raised from \$10 to \$14 a ton on boiler or other plate iron, skelp iron and sheet iron, not thinner than No. 20 gauge, and from \$10 to \$12 per ton on steel blooms and slabs, billets and bars, bands, hoops, strips and sheets of all gauges and widths, costing 4 cents and less per pound. The duty on railway fish plates is raised from \$9 to \$12 per ton. The items comprising nails and spikes, horseshoes, hob nails, in fact all iron and steel nails, stood over at the request of the finance minister who contemplates a change in the duty as first proposed.

The proposal that iron ordered from a road, and on the way, be exempt from the additional duty, has not yet been accepted.
At all events Sir Charles Tupper has not laid it before the house. The minister, however, has not done with the tariff exchanges

A specific duty of \$2,000 was imposed upon locomotives which, with tender, weigh over thirty tons. Locomotive tires were placed on the free list. Bar iron, rolled or hammered, comprising flats, rounds and squares, bars and shapes of rolled iron, not elsewhere specified, \$13 per ton. One cent and a half was imposed on iron and steel tubes and pipes instead of thirty per cent. ad valorem. A number of items in iron were held over for further consideration.

A Montreal deputation has asked that on dress goods up to 10 cents a yard the duty should be 221 per cent. ad valorem; from 10 to 14 cents, 25 per cent.; and above 14 cents, 271 per cent. They also asked that the duty on printed muslins be left at 274 per cent., not increased to 361 per cent. as proposed; and that goods sold previous to the 12th instant should be allowed to come in at the old rate. Taken into considera-

A deputation of crockery and glassware importers asked for a better classification of their goods. Promised consideration.

A deputation representing the corset makers represented that while the duty on knit cloth, which could not be manufactured in this country, was 32½ per cent., the duty on the finished article was 30 per cent. They asked that knit cloth come in free. To be considered.

A deputation representing neck wear establishments asked that a duty of \$1 per dozen be put on scarfs and ties made of silk, satin, turquoise and other materials, and 25c per dozen on bows, instead of 30 per cent. duty, as at present. To be considered.

The duty on paper was increased from 22 to 25 per cent. On manufactured paper, such as papier mache, it was increased to 35 per cent. ad valorem.

The duty on oil floor-cloth, reduced in committee, was restored as per the resolutions introduced, and oilcloth in the piece, not floor-cloth, was reduced to fifteen per cent, ad valorem and five cents specific

The duty on paper of all kinds was increased from twenty-two and a half per cent. to twenty five per cent.

The manufacturing of paper, including

bordered papers, papeterie, box papers, envelopes, blank books, etc., were raised to thirty-five per cent ad valorem. Tissue paper was raised from twenty-two and a half to twenty-five per cent.

On all fabrics composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, apaca, or like animal hair not otherwise provided for, the duty was made 221 per cent, ad valorem. On all similar goods costing 10 cents per yard and under 14, 25, cents, 14 cents and over, 271 per cent, thus doing way with the specific

duty altogether. The finance minister announced that the tariff bill would contain a clause empowering the government to make exceptions in duties to those bona-tide importers who had goods on the way that had been ordered before the tariff changes wers announced.

DRY GOODS.

THIS WAY

LADIES,

And note the following SPECIAL OFFERINGS.

PONGEE SILKS, for Dresses, 25c per yard.

FAST COLOR LAWNS, 5c per yard.

FAST COLOR SEERSUCKERS, 8c per yard.

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——AT——

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MONE PRICE STORE TA.

88 Princess Street, Kingston.

May 20.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

SEASONABLE

How dear to my head was the Fur Cap of The nice curly cap that now I am fain To swap for the sable and felted newcomer, Which, because it's so light I return to

But like to the Crofters' thatched hut of That the soft summer breeze may creep

thro' any day, Is the welcome Straw Hat, because lighter than any, And cheaper; it costs but a quarter in

And GALLOWAY'S is the place to get it.

The above soliloquy forced itself upon me in consequence of the return of spring wea ther, and as others sing it let them remember that GALLOWAY sang it first, and give him a call at

84 PRINCESS STREET.

And ready for another season's trade.

Spring Suitings, Overcoatings and Trouserings, all new goods, at

Great Clearing Sale.

All the stock of HATS and GENTS' FUR-

NISHINGS to be sold at Great Reductions Great Bargains will be given. Now is the time to get NEW TIES, SHIRTS, BRACES, &c., J. R. RATTENBURY.

First-Class Laundry in connection. Telephone No. 22.

May 17.

THE PALACE FURNISHING Has the best assortment of Balbriggan Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Scarfs, Umbrellas, Collars, Handkerchiefs, &c., for men, at Cash Prices, imported direct for our own trade. Gentlemen can depend on getting Reliable

HLEY, The Popular Shirt Maker, 124 PRINCESS STREET. May 19.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Goods from

4 C + C HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.

The present is the right time to purchase FOR THE HARVEST OF 1887.

EXPERIENCE HAS PROVED THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST. A GOOD TWINE MUST POSSESS STRENGTH and EVENNESS

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We have a full stock of Baseballs, Basebail Clubs, Baseball Gloves, Baseball Masks. We supply any of these goods to clubs at a generous discount.

Sticks, Lacrosse Balls, Tennis Rackets, Tennis Balls. Cricket Bats, Cricket Balls, Wickets, Score Books.

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We had thought of giving up this branch of business, but changed our minds, and have this year in stock a lot of pretty goods at right prices. Come and see them.

From 5 Cents Per Roll Upwards. Cloth Window Shades, Paper Window Shades, Curtain Rollers, &c. J. Henderson & Co.,

BOOKSELLERS, Princess Street.

Kingston. May 5.



NEW BOOKS. Saracinesca, by Marion Crawford, \$1.75. English as She is Taught, 60c. 7 to 12, by the author of the Leaven-

worth Case, 25c. Morley on the Study of Literature, 5c. The Peace Egg, by Julian Horatia Ew-

Dandelion Clocks, by Julian Horatia Ewing, 35c. Glow-Worm Tales, by James Payne

Garrison Gossip, by John Strange Win-The Fair God, by Lew Wallace, paper 40c, cloth 60c.

The Corner Bookstore. " May 14.

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Aug. 9.

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ed to him. Will also conduct a General Commission Busi-All sales carefully attended to and returns promptly made. He will also attend sales in Frontenac, Lennox and Addington. E. R. MARTIN, Residence, 214 Sy.lenbum St. Kingston, May 20, 1887.

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April 22.