

REMINDERS.

MONDAY.

AUCTION SALE of fine and fancy goods at the Brunswick House at 7:30 p.m.

DIED.

CARTWRIGHT—On Saturday, May 14th, at the residence of her brother, Rev. F. W. Dobbis, Harriet, widow of the late R. D. Cartwright.

Funeral will take place on Tuesday, 17th, at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

NEWMAN—In this city, on Monday, May 16th, Hannah Holmes Jackson, beloved wife of William Newman.

Funeral from her late residence, King street west, on Wednesday, at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

WANTED.

IMMEDIATELY—An A 1 Machinist; also a good, active Boy for the store. Apply to THOS. MOORE, 39 Brock Street.

LADIES to work for us at their own homes: \$7 to \$10 per week can be quietly made. No photo painting; no canvassing. For full particulars please address at once, CRESCENT ART CO., 19 Central Street, Boston, Mass., Box 5,170

ROOMS TO RENT.

FURNISHED ROOMS, with board if desired in a pleasant location. Apply at WHIG office.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

THE BOWLING ALLEY on Wellington St., with residence overhead, and the fixtures and fittings of the Alley. Possession at any time. Apply to GEORGE RICHARDSON & SONS, foot of Princess Street. Aug. 31.

THE NEW BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, situated on the south side of Princess Street, west of Chatham; contains fifteen rooms, including bath room and all modern improvements. Apply at the residence of the undersigned, GEORGE NEWLANDS, Princess St.

TO-LET.

HOUSE, No. 1, Vaughn Terrace, lately occupied by Mrs. O'Brien. Apply at WHIG office.

PREMISES occupied by Wm. Lewis & Son as sail loft and store. CARRUTHERS BROS.

THE BEST GROCERY STAND on Ontario Street, at present occupied by B. McCarty. Apply to A. MACLEAN.

THAT COMMODIOUS DWELLING, No. 302 William St., between Clergy and Barrie Sts.; rent moderate; possession immediately. Apply to ISAAC NOBLE.

A GOOD DWELLING AND STORE on the corner of Gordon and Johnson Streets, in one of the best parts of the city; also has a good water supply on the premises. Apply next door to ROBERT W. NESBITT.

THAT LARGE DWELLING HOUSE, with extension kitchen, situated on the west side of Barrie Street, between Johnson and Brock Sts., at present occupied by Mr. Curtis. Possession on 1st May. Apply to MACDONNELL & MUDIE, Clarence St.

FOR SALE.

A FINE PONY, suitable for ladies and children. J. REYNER, Golden Lion Block.

A THREE SPRING Iron Axle Market Wagon, Cheap. Apply at this office.

1 Boiler (Horizontal) 15 horse power; 1 engine, 12 horse power, with smoke stack and hanger, in good order. For particulars apply to JAS. LATURNEY, Carriage Maker, Princess Street, Kingston.

A ROUGH-CAST HOUSE, No. 31 Union St., nicely situated, near St. James Church; seven rooms, good cellar, yard and stable. Apply to the owner, MRS. N. CASSIDY, on the premises.

ON ELLICE STREET, a desirable property, on which are erected three frame houses. The location is a good one, and the houses may be readily rented after some slight repairs. Price \$1,000. For further particulars apply to JOHN FERGUSON, Box 5, Ganacoe.

FINE CITY HOME. The undersigned offers for sale that DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT now occupied by him on Earl Street. The whole is offered in one block, having about one hundred and twenty feet frontage on Earl Street, and the Upper Lot runs through to West Street. The BUILDINGS on the property are almost new, and the garden is planted with the choicest fruits. For terms apply to THOS. MOORE.

SPECIAL MENTION.

GO TO W. REEVES, King St., to buy your Ties. He has 500 dozens to choose from. Good Ties, 2 for 5 cents.

FOUND AT LAST—A remedy warranted to cure hard and soft Corns, Bunions, Callouses, &c., Hanson's Magic Corn Salve, in boxes, 15c. at Wade's Drug Store.

TO PORK PACKERS—Highest Cash Price paid for pork, bacon, hams, tankage, and fertilizing material delivered at our works, Hamilton. ROWLIN & Co., Fertilizers, Hamilton.

BUTCHERS AND SAUSAGE MAKERS—prime new small hog casings; by tierce, 500 lbs. 15c. per lb.; kags, 100 lbs. 20c. per lb.; half kags, \$10.50; prime new English sheep casings, kags, 50 large bundles, \$2; smaller quantities 6c. per bundle. ROWLIN & Co., Hamilton.

WADE'S MANDRAKE LIVER PILLS are purely a vegetable Cathartic, being entirely free from Calomel or any Metallic substance. In case of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headache, &c., they give universal satisfaction. They are sugar-coated. One is a dose. In bottles 25c. at WADE'S DRUG STORE.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.—Grasp a Bottle of the DIAMOND COUGH REMEDY. The first dose frequently stops a cough. Composed of Wild Cherry, Borax, and other medicinal and other valuable ingredients. Pleasant to take. In bottles, 25c. and 50c., at WADE'S DRUG STORE.

TUITION.

MRS. W. L. BAXTER and daughter have returned to Kingston and are prepared to give instruction on the Piano-forte. Miss Maud Baxter will give lessons at the pupils' residence or her own if preferred. Apply to 102 Queen Street.

REMOVED.

ISAAC DAVID, from 209 Princess Street, to 174 and 175 Ontario Street, next door to Anglo-American Hotel.

DRY MILL WOOD AND SLABS.

Best and Cheapest in the city.

Foot of Clarence and Barrack Streets,

M. MALLEN.

May 8.

NOTICE.

ALL THOSE indebted to the estate of the late Adam Main, Cabinet Maker, of the City of Kingston, County of Frontenac, are requested to make immediate settlement to the undersigned, who is the only person authorized to collect the same, and all those having claims against the estate are requested to send in the same, duly attested, forthwith before the 25th day of May, 1887.

May 18.

HELEN MAIN, 29 Union Street.

GENERAL TICKET AGENCY.

For cheap tickets to all points, and information pertaining to all Routes, apply to F. A. FOLGER, - General Ticket Agent. Ferry Wharf, Foot of Brock Street. KINGSTON, ONT.

THE THOUSAND ISLAND ROUTE BY

Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg R.R. To Utica, Albany, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore and all Points in North and New York, via G.T.R. and N.Y.C. Rys. T. HANLEY, Gen. Ticket Agent.

MILL WOOD.

Now that the warm weather has come citizens can get MILL WOOD at the Rathbun Co's yard for \$1.50 per cord, before it is piled and it soon dries fit for use. Carted to any part of the city for 25 cents per load. FOOT OF QUEEN STREET, KINGSTON.

DO YOU KNOW THAT in buying your SPRING SUIT from -TILLINGHAST- You are saving MONEY.

"British Whig's" telephone number 128

BASE BALL WORLD.

The Season Opened Here—Score of the Championship Games.

The cotton mill operatives have been challenged by the butchers for a match on May 24th.

Stagg, Yale's pitcher, has been asked to join the New York club on his own terms. The offer was not accepted.

Ottawa base ballers are very anxious to have a league formed, with three Canadian and three American towns. The Kingston club can get into it.

On Saturday afternoon the first base ball match of the season occurred on the cricket field. The players were selected from the locomotive works and cotton mill. On the eighth and ninth innings the score stood 19 to 19. Ten innings had to be played in order to decide the game. It was won by the iron-workers by one run, the score being: Cotton mill, 20 runs; iron workers, 21.

National League.

| | R. | H. | E. |
|---|----|----|----|
| Chicago | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Detroit | 7 | 10 | 0 |
| Chicago | 4 | 8 | 2 |
| Batteries—Getzlein and Ganzel, Clarkson and Flint. | | | |
| Pittsburg | 5 | 12 | 3 |
| Pittsburg | 2 | 8 | 2 |
| Indianapolis | 2 | 8 | 2 |
| Batteries—Buffinton and Gunning, Roach and Deasley. | | | |
| Boston | 10 | 12 | 4 |
| Washington | 5 | 8 | 11 |
| Batteries—Conway and O'Hourke, O'Day and Mack. | | | |
| New York | 17 | 21 | 9 |
| Philadelphia | 2 | 11 | 0 |
| New York | 2 | 11 | 0 |
| Batteries—Galvin and Miller, Boyle and Myers. | | | |

American Association.

| | R. | H. | E. |
|---|----|----|----|
| Cincinnati | 6 | 15 | 5 |
| Metropolitans | 7 | 12 | 5 |
| Cincinnati | 6 | 12 | 4 |
| Batteries—Smith and Keenan, Mays and Holbert. | | | |
| Louisville | 4 | 6 | 2 |
| Louisville | 5 | 12 | 3 |
| Athletics | 5 | 12 | 3 |
| Batteries—Neal and Cross, Atkinson and Robinson. | | | |
| St. Louis | 8 | 12 | 3 |
| St. Louis | 3 | 8 | 4 |
| Baltimore | 3 | 8 | 4 |
| Batteries—Fouts and Boushagh, Smith and Trot. | | | |
| Cleveland | 4 | 00 | 6 |
| Cleveland | 2 | 11 | 0 |
| Brooklyn | 5 | 00 | 0 |
| Batteries—Sweeney and Reischlager, Harkins and Peoples. | | | |

International League.

| | R. | H. | E. |
|--|----|----|----|
| Oswego | 20 | 18 | 6 |
| Binghamton | 8 | 11 | 12 |
| Oswego | 8 | 11 | 12 |
| Batteries—Green and Kappell, Jones and Farmer. | | | |
| Rochester | 8 | 11 | 6 |
| Hamilton | 9 | 17 | 6 |
| Rochester | 9 | 17 | 6 |
| Batteries—Parsons and Zimmer, Wood and Moore. | | | |
| Jersey City | 6 | 16 | 5 |
| Stars | 13 | 15 | 0 |
| Jersey City | 13 | 15 | 0 |
| Batteries—Tycomb and Murphy, Jantzen and Murphy. | | | |
| Newark | 10 | 17 | 0 |
| Utica | 1 | 9 | 8 |
| Batteries—Walker and Hofford, Smith and Pendergrass. | | | |

Sunnay Games—May 15th.

| | | | |
|---|----|----|---|
| Cincinnati | 13 | 17 | 2 |
| Cincinnati | 4 | 11 | 6 |
| Brooklyn | 4 | 11 | 6 |
| Batteries—Mullane and Baldwin, Terry and O'Brien. | | | |
| Louisville | 16 | 19 | 2 |
| Baltimore | 7 | 13 | 9 |
| Louisville | 7 | 13 | 9 |
| Batteries—Kilroy and Fulmer, Ramsey and Kerins. | | | |

Miscellaneous Sporting Items.

An Anglo-Parisian bootmaker, Wright, has offered \$100,000 for the race horse Bendigo, besides allowing the present owner, Mr. Barclay, to run the horse in whatever races he likes, Wright and Barclay to divide winnings equally.

Feather weight Martin Neary, of Philadelphia, and Jake Hynes, of Haverstraw, fought with skin tight gloves in an excursion pavilion, fifty miles up the Hudson, for \$300. Two rounds were fought, Hynes being knocked out by a terrible blow on the jugular.

A special trial trip of the new racing yacht Thistle was made on Saturday down the Forth. The behavior of the yacht, under varying conditions of the wind, confirmed the first opinion formed, that she is exceptionally smart in light breezes. The Thistle's first match race will be against the Irex, and will take place on May 28th. The course will be from South End to Harwich.

Death of Payne's Finances.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 16.—Miss Mary Harden, the fiancée of John Howard Payne, and the lady for whom he wrote "Home Sweet Home," died in Athens Saturday night and was buried there yesterday. It is said the original copy of "Home Sweet Home" was buried with her, as it was interlined with love declarations from Payne which the lady did not wish to have fall under the eyes of the public. She had been offered large sums for the manuscript, but always declined to part with it. Miss Harden was 75 years of age.

BILLY O'BRIEN'S BREEZE.

DETERMINED TO SPEAK AND NO ONE SAYS HE MUSN'T.

The Outings He Took to Himself in Montreal Yesterday—He Made Several Speeches—What He Said at the Burial Place of the Emigrant Fever Victims.

TORONTO, May 15.—The public meeting held yesterday in Queen's park, to protest against William O'Brien's act in coming to the city for the purpose of exciting a hostile feeling against the governor general, was attended by between ten and fifteen thousand people. The proceedings were characterized by the greatest enthusiasm. Mayor Howland presided, and on the platform were the Bishop of Toronto, the Bishop of Algoma, Professor Goldwin Smith, Rev. Provost Body and Rev. Professor Clark, of Trinity college, Rev. G. M. Milligan, Rev. Dr. Thomas, Rev. Dr. Canon Dumoulin and other clergymen and citizens. After the mayor had read the proclamation calling the meeting the Bishop of Algoma moved a resolution reprobating the action of William O'Brien, and expressing entire and unabated confidence in the Marquis of Lansdowne. The bishop then protested against the great wrong, the unblushing indecency and the audacious impertinence about to be perpetrated by O'Brien in coming to Toronto, and said that this fair community was not the home of rebels. His coming was founded on falsehood and hypocrisy.

Mr. H. F. Clark, M.P.P., seconded the resolution, which was supported by the Bishop of Toronto, and carried amid tremendous cheering and waving of hats. Only about twenty hands were held up against the resolution.

Prof. Goldwin Smith moved a second resolution: "That this meeting looks with perfect confidence to the parliament of the united kingdom for the wise and just settlement of questions relating to Ireland."

Dr. Potts, in seconding the resolution, roused the audience to the wildest enthusiasm. He said: "Shall the fenians of the United States, represented by O'Donovan Rossa, settle this perplexing Irish question? Shall their second cousins in Canada settle it? (Cries of 'never' and cheers.) No, the settlement of the question rests with the British parliament, but before one concession is given they must insist that British law and order must be maintained."

The resolution was put and carried amid tremendous cheering, only one or two hands being held up against it. Rev. Dr. DuMoulin, in moving that copies of the resolutions be transmitted to the governor-general and Lord Salisbury, charged that the trouble in Ireland was not due to the landlords, but to the tenants, who were moonlighters, boycotters, etc. He said O'Brien was coming for the foul and audacious purpose of inciting loyal citizens to rebellion. He characterized O'Brien as one of the most audacious liars of the present time. The resolution was carried.

After a speech by the mayor, cheers for the queen and the Marquis of Lansdowne, the assembly sang the national anthem with uncovered heads.

O'Brien in Montreal.

MONTREAL, May 15.—Mr. O'Brien had the quietest time here yesterday that he has experienced since he crossed the border. Prominent public men of different nationalities called on him during the afternoon, but he felt so fatigued that he locked himself in his room and attended to his correspondence. He also wrote an article for *United Ireland*, descriptive of his visit to Canada. He attended high mass at St. Patrick's church in company with D. Barry, president of St. Patrick's society, and some officers of the local league. There was an immense congregation, and the church was surrounded by crowds, who vainly endeavored to approach and shake hands with the agitator. In the afternoon he attended a crowded national league meeting with Kilbride, the evicted tenant. They were enthusiastically welcomed as they entered the hall. In the course of a speech Mr. O'Brien said: "We have carried public opinion with us so far. We have convinced every fair man that Lansdowne is lying under an accusation of the most fearful gravity, cruelty and inhumanity, that imperatively demands an answer. Otherwise Lansdowne is disentitled to be the ruler of a free people. Let him answer us now, and not stab us in the back when we return to Ireland. If he relies for his defence on appeals to the sectarian animosity of the Orangemen he can scarcely escape, or hope to escape, the censure and condemnation of every man in Canada who values free speech and detests roydism and intolerance. I should be sorry to anticipate what is going to happen in the province of Ontario. The London Times is trying to stir up strife as it thrust the poisoned dagger of slander at Parnell by a forged letter. (Hisses.) However, we are going to Toronto—(applause)—to-night or to-morrow, not to insult or defy any section of the people, but to tell of the victims of Lansdowne's tyrannical oppression. We are not going to be intimidated in our legal right by the threats of foolish persons, who refuse to listen to us because they cannot answer. (Applause.) We shall go alone and unarmed, with the fullest reliance upon the fair play and love of liberty of the Canadian people, and with a firm trust in the justice of our cause and the providence of him who watches over the poor and lowly, whose struggle we are fighting. And when our tour is over, I feel that you will send Lord Lansdowne home with the stamp and brand of Canadian reprobation on his brow." (Loud and prolonged applause.)

Mr. O'Brien was afterwards driven to the rooms of the Young Irishmen's literary association, where a reception was held and where he made another speech. Tenant Kilbride also spoke. The speeches were followed by another round of handshaking, and the party then drove to Brother Arnold's, the superior of St. Ann's Christian brothers' schools. Here refreshments were served, and another informal reception took place. The party adjourned to a large school room, where, as Mr. O'Brien entered, the band played "God Save Ireland" and "O'Donnell Aboo." Another large audience was assembled here. Mr. O'Brien, in a brief speech, said: "When England was banishing Irishmen she said they were gone with a vengeance, but the brutal aggression has come back on them with a vengeance, and now, although our race is scattered, it is omnipotent, and to-day Charles Stewart is not alone ruler of Ireland, but ruler of the British empire as well." (Loud applause.)

As Messrs. O'Brien and Kilbride entered and emerged from each palace, immense crowds cheered and surged around the carriages. The next visit, the most interesting of the day, was to Point St. Charles, where a big stone stands within an enclosure, with the following inscription: "To preserve from desecration the remains of 6,000 emigrants who died of ship fever 1847-48." They were all Irish. As Mr. O'Brien beheld the sight, he took his hat off, and lifting his eyes to heaven exclaimed: "May the Lord have mercy on them." Turning to the reporters he said: "Great God, six thousand Irish lives sacrificed to the greed of Irish landlordism. Wouldn't the same fate befall Lansdowne's tenants, only for the national league and the organization of the Irish people?" Mr. O'Brien will remain here until to-morrow evening and then start for Toronto.

Archbishop Cooke to O'Brien.

MONTREAL, May 16.—Archbishop Cooke writes to O'Brien, regretting that he did not see him before he sailed for Canada, but says: "I'll pray for you that the God of our fathers may watch over you on the deep, crown your patriotic mission with success, and bring you back to us soon in good health and triumph."

Elected to Parliament.

DEUBLIN, May 16.—Mr. O'Brien, editor of *United Ireland*, who is now in Canada, has been elected without opposition to the seat in the house of commons for the north east division of Cork, made vacant by the resignation of Edmund Leamy.

Action in New York.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The central labor union to-day appointed a committee of two from each section to co-operate with other organizations to prepare for a reception to William O'Brien on his return from Canada.

THE PITH OF THE NEWS.

The Spice of the Morning Papers and the Very Latest Telegrams.

It is proposed to give the governor-general a grand reception upon his return to Ottawa.

Three thousand citizens in Denver, Col., protested against the passage of the Coercion bill.

The watch and chain, presented to Hon. Mr. Mercier before the banquet on Saturday, cost \$750.

Forest fires are visible in several directions around Duluth and seem to be approaching the outskirts of Lake Superior.

The Ryan hotel, Boissevain, Man., was destroyed by fire and D. G. McBean Winnipeg, burned to death.

Mrs. U. S. Grant has been near death's door for some days, from diphtheria. She is now out of danger.

The steamer Bohemian collided with the tug Eddy in the Lachine canal, Wednesday. Two thousand dollars damage to the tug.

The river Dora, running partly underground, through Granada, Spain, has burst its banks and inundated the poorer suburbs of the city.

J. J. Curran, M.P., Montreal has instituted an action against the publishers of the *Montreal Herald and Post* for attacks made upon him.

Gen. Boulanger's plan for an experimental mobilization of the French army next October is distrusted at Berlin. If France mobilizes Germany will mobilize also.

The boycotting of Mr. Tener, agent of the estates of Lord Clairicarde, Galway, has commenced. Several tradesmen have refused to supply him with food.

Prince Bismarck has given official statutory notice that the government contemplate an extension of the fortified area around Strasbourg, Metz and Posen.

The longshoremen at the coal docks, Duluth, Minn., have struck for an advance of from 40 to 50 cents per hour, and wheelers from \$1.75 to \$2 per day.

At Mercier's banquet in Quebec some legislative members, on the proposal of the "Health of the Governor-General," refused to accept the toast and occupied their seats.

The American ship, Charles H. Warshall, which cleared London on Dec. 5th, for Philadelphia or New York, and passed the Isle of Wight on Dec. 15th, has been given up for lost with her crew of 23 men.

Smoke from the forest fires is making navigation perilous on Lake Superior. The prop. Jay Gould, bound from Chicago to Duluth, lost her bearings on account of the smoke and ran ashore off Whitefish point.

Late Local Notes.

A special meeting of the Portsmouth Council takes place this evening.

James McCammon purchased three black horses, near Belleville, for \$1,000.

Five young men, who have not paid their statute labour tax, will appear before the magistrate some day this week.

James McCarty, dry goods clerk, has arrived from Southern California.

Mr. J. Murphy, advance agent of the Ivy Leaf dramatic company, sang "O'Donnell Aboo," in the Irish language, and "Father O'Flynn" at the Land league meeting last evening.

Opening a Palace.

LONDON, May 15.—London was ablaze with excitement Saturday, the occasion being the visit of the queen for the purpose of opening the People's palace at Mile End. The weather was fine. The line of the procession was guarded by 10,000 volunteers, 5,000 regular troops and 10,000 policemen. The Queen and the Prince and Princess of Wales took tea at the mansion house.

WINNIPEG, Man., May 14.—A Victoria special says: "Great anxiety is felt for the missionary steamer 'Good Tidings,' which sailed from Port Simpson for this city, and was due on Monday last. She has on board the Rev. Mr. Crosby and party, of Port Simpson. Despatches have been sent everywhere possible to get any news of her, but she has not yet been heard of."

Recovery of the Bodies.

NANAIMO, B.C., May 16.—The bodies of seventeen more victims have been brought up out of the mine, and six whitemen and eleven Chinamen are yet to be found. The bodies were all badly burned. Work in the south shaft will be resumed to-day.

For the Holiday.

The Park Nine have completed arrangements with the Pastimes, of Ogdensburg, for the opening of their new base ball grounds on Tuesday, May 24th; entrance on Johnston street above division.

To-day the tug McArthur brought to the city the schr. Queen of the Lakes, wrecked last fall near Presque Isle, with coal from Oswego to Toronto. She is leaking badly. Queen Kaspilani and suite are in New York.

HUNTING TUPPER DOWN.

SIR RICHARD CARTRIGHT'S GREAT REVIEW OF THE FINANCES.

He Outdid Tupper and Made the Most Valuable Contribution to the Information of the Age on Financial Subjects—The Nova Scotia Elections, and How They Were Won.

OTTAWA, May 14.—Resuming the budget debate, Sir Richard Cartwright took the floor at 3:30 and did not conclude until six o'clock. Having summarized his utterances of the evening previous, he alluded to the fact that the public debt, on the first of May last, was over \$223,000,000, while ministers took the statement made in March and announced that the public debt was \$196,000,000. The finance minister had boasted of the immense benefits the country had derived from expenditure on public works. Deducing the amount spent on the C. P. R. there remained, he said, \$103,000,000, for which the country did not receive back a single cent of interest, so that these works were wholly unproductive. The total revenue derived from public works last year was \$3,082,000, a deficit of \$626,000. There was also a loss in the running of the Intercolonial railway and other government departments, which brought up the total loss to nearly \$1,700,000. He thought it partly the country's misfortune, and in part the government's fault that so adverse an exhibit had been produced. (Cheers.)

The finance minister calculated that there would be a deficit of \$300,000 the present year, but he feared this would be considerably increased. The novel idea had been arrived at to charge deficits to capital account as an asset, and after that exhibition of wonderful finance the house need not be surprised at anything proposed.

Sir Richard next produced a statement to show that the amount required for fixed charges had immensely increased and that now there was only left of all the revenues obtained \$8,000,000 to carry on the country's business. He thought the encouragement given to the several provinces to come to the government for relief every time they were embarrassed with debt had established a ruinous state of affairs. This, with the granting of subsidies to local railways, had tended to extravagance and was an incentive to constant raids upon the treasury. With the debt expenditure, and taxes constantly increasing, it was impossible to shut their eyes to the fact that the position of the country was continually growing worse.

The population was almost stationary. He did not think it was more than 4,500,000 persons. The department of immigration cost yearly \$400,000 and, he believed, for all the good it was doing, it might just as well be abolished. Taking the estimated population, the exports of Canada in 1873 were \$21.70 per head, while in 1886 the Canadian exports were only \$17.50 per head. The whole volume of trade showed a great decrease. In manufactures the decrease was very remarkable. In agricultural products there had been a constant decrease in prices for several years past, while the cost of raising a bushel of grain was being increased by the policy of the government. By reason of the decrease in prices of grain, the net income of the farmers of Canada was 25,000,000 or 30,000,000 less than in 1878. He therefore thought it very unwise to go on increasing the burdens of the farming population. (Hear, hear.)

It would be seen by looking at the immigration into the North-West that something was radically wrong. In 1881 the census showed that there were 66,000 persons in Manitoba and the North-West. The census of last year showed that there were, all told, only 116,000 persons in the country. Thus in five years, with the natural increase and immigration,