REMINDERS.

SATURDAY. AUCTION SALE of ready-made clothing at Mrs. McKay's, Brock St., at 1:30 and 7:30 p.m. ERIE MEDICAL Association at the Windsor Hotel.

WANTED.

A DRY GOODS SALESMAN. Apply to A. J. McMAHON.

A GENERAL SERVANT. Apply immediately to MRS, T. H. McGUIRE, Brock St.

A HOUSEMAID. Apply to MRS. I. SIMP. SON, corner Barrie and Stuart Streets.

A COOK AND HOUSEMAID; must have good references; no others need apply. Apply to Mrs. A. S. OLIVER, 351 King St.

A LIBRARIAN for the Mechanics' Institute application, stating salary required, to be made before 17th May to JAMES REDDEN, Presi-

LADIES to work for us at their own homes \$7 to \$10 per week can be quietly made. No photo. painting; no canvassing. For full particulars please address at once, CRESCENT ART Co., 19 Central Street, Boston, Mass., Box 5,170

ROOMS TO RENT.

FURNISHED ROOMS, with board if desired in a pleasant location. Apply at WHIG office.

FURNISHED, front rooms to rent with or without board. Apply for one week at 279 King Street, opposite St. George's Cathedral.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

THE BOWLING ALLEY on Wellington St., with residence overhead, and the fixtures and fittings of the Alley. Possession at any time. Apply to GEORGE RICHARDSON & SONS, foot of Princess Street.

THE NEW BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, situated on the south side of Princess Street, west of Chatham; contains fifteen rooms, including bath room and all modern improve-ments. Apply at the residence of the under-signed. GEORGE NEWLANDS, Princess St.

TO-LET.

HOUSE, No. 1, Vaughn Terrace, lately occupied by Mrs. O'Brien. Apply at WHIG office.

PREMISES occupied by Wm. Lewis & Son as sail loft and store. CARRUTHERS BROS.

THE BEST GROCERY STAND on Ontario Street, at present occupied by B. McCarey. Apply to A. MACLEAN.

A HOUSE IN WADE'S LANE, Union St., containing 5 rooms. For further particulars apply to ALBERT PIPER, on the premises.

THAT COMMODIOUS DWELLING, No. 202 William St., between Clergy and Barrie Sts; rent moderate; possession immediately. Apply to ISAAC NOBLE.

A GOOD DWELLING AND STORE on the corner of Gordon and Johnson Streets, in one of the best parts of the city; also hard and soft water on the premises. Apply next door to ROBERT W. NESBITT.

THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, with Johnson Streets, occupied by Miss Gildersleeve.
Also, if required, all or portion of furniture, to a suitable tenant. Possession in May. Apply

on the premises. THAT LARGE DWELLING HOUSE, with extension kitchen, situated on the west side of Barrie Street, between Johnson and Brock Sts., at present occupied by Mr. Curtis. Possession on 1st May. Apply to MACDONNELL & MUDIE, Clarence St.

FOR SALE.

A FINE PONY, suitable for ladies and child-ren. J. REYNER, Golden Lion Block.

A THREE SPRING Iron Axle Market Waggon, Cheap. Apply at this office.

NEW PARLOUR ORGAN will be sold on easy terms; a bargain to the buyer. P.O. Box

1 Boiler (Horizontal) 15 horse power; I engine, 12 horse power, with smoke stack and hanger, in good order. For particulars apply to JAS. LATURNEY, Carriage Maker, Princess Street,

A ROUGH-CAST HOUSE, No. 31 Union St., nicely situated, near St. James' Church; seven rooms, good cellar, yard and stable. Apply to the owner, MRS. N. CASSIDY, on the premises.

THE ROUGH CAST HOUSE and COTTAGE on south side of Brock Street, immediately above Barrie Street, known as the Mostyn Property. For terms apply to MRS, McNEIL, on the premises.

ON ELLICE STREET, a desirable property. on which are erected three frame houses. The location is a good one, and the houses may be readily rented after some slight repairs. Price \$1,000. For further particulars apply to JOHN FERGUSON, Box 55, Gananoque.

FINE CITY HOME. The undersigned offers for sale that DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT now occupied by him on Earl Street. The whole is offered in one block, having about one hundred and twenty feet frontage on Earl Street, and the Upper Lot runs through to West Street. The BUILDINGS on the property are almost new, and the garden is planted with the choicest fruits. For terms apply to THOS.

SPECIAL MENTION.

GO TO W. REEVES, King St., to buy your lies. He has 500 dozens to choose from. Good

FOUND AT LAST—A remedy warranted to gure hard and soft Corns, Bunions, Callouses, &c. Hanson's Magic Corn Salve, in boxes, 15c. at Wade's Drug Store.

TO PORK PACKERS—Highest Cash Price paid for pork blade bones, tankage, and fertilizing materials delivered at our works, Hamilton. ROWLIN & Co., Fertilizers, Hamilton.

BUTCHERS AND SAUSAGE MAKERS— prime new small hog casings; by tierce, 500 lbs. 18c. per lb; kegs, 100 lbs, 20c. per lb; half kegs, \$10.50; prime new English sheep casings, kegs, 50 large bundles, \$32; smaller quantities 65c. per bundle. Rowein & Co., Hamilton.

WADE'S MANDRAKE LIVER PILLS are purely a vegetable Cathartic, being entirely free from Calomel or any Metallic substance. In case of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headache, &c., they give universal satisfaction. They are Sugar-coated. One is a dose. In Bottles 25c. at WADE'S DRUG STORE. FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.-Grasp a Bottle of the DIAMOND COUGH REMEDY. The first

dose frequently stops a cough. Composed of Wild Cherry, Horehound, Elecampane and other valuable ingredients. Pleasant to take. In bottles, 25c. and 50c., at WADE'S DRUG

TUITION.

MRS. W. L. BAXTER and daughter have returned to Kingston and are prepared to give instruction on the Pianoforte. Miss Mand Baxter will give lessons at the pupils' residence or her own if preferred. Apply to 1021 Queen

REMOVED.

ISAAC DAVID, from 269 Princess Street, to 174 and 176 Ontario Street, next door to Anglo-American Hotel.

ADAM M'ARTHUR, ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, &c., Office Clarence Street, near King St.

SECONI.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

An Interesting Comparison of Figures -And What the Outcome of it is,

OTTAWA, May 12. - Mr. Girouard moved that Mr. John R. Dunn, returning officer Queen's, N. B., attend at the bar of the house and explain his conduct in relation to the return of that election. Carried.

Mr. Watson asked that a day be set for the consideration of his resolutions on disallowance. Sir John Macdonald suggested Tuesday.

The following are the statements for 1885 and '86, and 1886 and '87, and the estimated revenue and expenditure for 1887 and '88.

ACCOUNTS, 1885-86. Estimated revenue, \$33,550,000; actual receipts, \$33,177,040.39; shortage, \$372. 959.61. The details are:

Customs-Estimate, \$19,500,000; yield, \$19,373,551.26; short received, \$126,448.34. Excise - Estimate, \$6,250,000; yield, \$5,-852,904.95; short received, \$397,095.05. Miscellaneous — Estimate, \$7,800,000;

yield, \$7,950,584.15; excess, \$150,584.18. Total estimate, \$33,550,000; total yield, \$33,177,040.39; total short received, \$523, 543.79.

Total excess, \$150,584.18; amount short received of estimate, \$372,959.61.

EXPENDITURE FOR 1885-86. Estimated expenditure, \$38,126,287.61; actual expenditure, \$39,011,612.26; expen-

ded over estimate, \$885,324.65. This expenditure over estimate arises chiefly from two sources-rebellion expenses and north-west mounted police, the esti-

mate and expenditure for which were : Rebellion estimate, \$2,300,000; expenditure, \$3,177,220.50, making an excess of \$877,220.50 over the estimate.

North-West mounted police-Estimate, \$832,241.60; expenditure, \$1,029,369.20, being an excess of \$197,127.54. The total expenditure for 1885-6 being

therefore \$39,011,612.26, and the total revenue being \$33,177,040.39. The total deficit for the year was \$5,834, 571.87.

ACCOUNTS, 1886-7. The estimate of the outcome of the year 1886-7 made by the late finance minister,

(McLelan), was as follows: Estimated customs revenue, \$20,200,000: estimated excise revenue, \$7,000,000 : estimated miscellaneous revenue, \$7,300,000. Total estimated revenue, \$34,500,000.

Estimated expenditure, including supplementary estimates, \$34,213,649.90; estimated surplus, \$286,350.10.

Outcome for the year 1886-7 estimated as at this date : Estimated customs revenue \$22,000,000 estimated excise revenue, \$6,000,000; estimated miscellaneous revenue, \$7,300,000.

Total estimated revenue, \$35,300,000. Estimated expenditure, \$35,600,000; estimated deficit, \$300,000.

ACCOUNTS-1887-88. Estimated customs revenue, \$22,500,000 estimated excise revenue, \$6,400,000; esti mated miscellaneous revenue, \$7,500,000. Total estimated revenue, \$36,400,000.

Expenditure as per main estimates, (not including supplementary estimates to be brought down), \$35,041,855.46. Estimated surplus, (not reckoning supple-

mentary estimates), \$1,358,144.54. THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Gross debt, May 1st, 1887, \$270,072,855. 27; net debt May 1st, 1887, \$225, 105,661.18. Decrease of net debt in April \$759,870.01.

Net debt at confederation \$75,728,641.27. Increased net debt since 1867, \$149,377, 319.71. Since confederation to July 1st, 1886, the

following sums were spent on capital ac-

Allowed to provinces, \$30,743,392.69; dominion lands, \$2,566,689.06; eastern extension, \$1,286,551.68; Intercolonial, \$31, 226,348.15; canals, \$32,132,280.73; public works, \$294,007; North-west territories, \$2,920,000; Canadian Pacific railway, \$71, 053,951.94; P. E. I. railway, \$212,288.27 Short line railway, \$3,312,494. Total \$178,

Expended since 1st July 1886, to May 1, 1887, \$4,706,062.46. Expended beyond the increase in the next debt, \$33,915,265.05.

DISASTERS AT SEA.

Two Collisions and Their Fatality-Great Loss of Life Has Occurred.

BOSTON, May 12.—The steamer Iowa, from Liverpool, on May 11th, at 1:10 p.m. collided with the schooner Gen S. E. Merwin, from Boston for Baltimore. Part of the crew got away in their own boat and were brought to Boston. The Iowa had her bows badly stove. Tugs have gone in search of the schooner. The crew consisted of the captain and eight men.

San Francisco, May 12. — The steamer from China brings confirmation of the news of the disaster in the Strait settlement to the steamer Benton, plying between Singapore Penang and Malacea. She was run into about midnight, March 26th, by the steamer Fairpenang. Shortly after leaving Malacea and sank within half an hour. Of the 200 persons on board only 50 thus far are known to have been saved. Most of those lost were natives.

THE IRISH EX-CONSTABLES.

Twelve of Them Clerks and One Insanc-His is a Case of Love Madness.

NEW YORK, May 12 .- The twelve Irish ex-constables from Castle Island, county Kerry, who were engaged at \$15 a week each for six months by a Bowery clothing house, entered upon their duties this morning. The thirteenth man became insane shortly after leaving the other side, and had to be put in a straight jacket on board. He is now in the asylum on Ward's Island. His name is Patrick McDonagh, and conversation with his comrades to-day developed a romance as the cause of his mental trouble. McDonagh, it appears, fell in love with a a maid who was in a convent near the barracks at Castle Island. It broke his heart to leave her.

LIVELY TIMES PREDICTED.

Mr. Gill, M. P., Confirms the Report That Irish Members are to be Arrested.

NEW YORK, May 12 .- T. P. Gill, M. P., cables to the Tribune from London as follows : "I have the best reasons for knowing that the rumors concerning Millbank prison are well founded. The sixty rooms which are being prepared by order of the government for sixty-first class misdemeanants are meant for the Irish members. You may look out within the next few weeks for events not surpassed in the history of the commons since King Charles tried to arrest the five members, or since Cromwell's troopers cleared the 'rump' parliament out of the

Hon. G. A. Kirkpatrick has been elected a director of the C.P.R. Co.

CHANGES IN THE TARIFF.

THEY WILL TAKE SOME PEOPLE GREATLY BY SURPRISE.

The First Time That Sir Charles Tupper Has Had to do With the Tariff, and He Has Shown What He Can do in That Line-The Iron Industry Gets Special Attention-The Trades Will be Affect-

OTTAWA, May 12.—The finance minister. Sir Charles Tupper, this evening announced his changes in the tariff as follows, which changes were subsequently, and by resolution of the house, adopted as follows: Advertising calendars and almanacs, 6c.

per lb. and 20 per cent.

Artificial fertilizers \$6 per ton. Axes, for chopping \$2 per dozen, and 10 per cent; broad and ship axes, adzes, and hammers weighing 10 lbs. and over \$3 per dozen and 20 per cent; all others, and hay knives and four and five prong forks, \$2 per dozen and 20 per cent. Blueing, laundry, 30 per cent.

Braces, etc., 35 per cent.

Buttons, vegetable, ivory, horn or composition 10c. per gross and 35 per cent; all others 25 per cent. Buggies, farm waggons, farm, railway or

freight carts or gigs, costing less than \$50, \$10 each and 20 per cent; costing \$50 and less than \$100, \$15 each and 20 per cent, and all costing \$100 and over, 35 per cent. Barrels, containing pork or other salted meats, 25c. each.

British gum, dressine, sizing, cream and enamel, lc. per lb.

Cotton threads, on spools, 25 per cent. Cotton fabrics, printed or dyed, 321 per

Cigars and cigarettes, \$2 per fb. and 25 Demijohns or jugs, churns and crocks,

3c. per gall. Earthenware, stone ware, Rockingham white granite, iron stoneware, cream coloured, and all not elsewhere specified, 35

per cent. Fire engines, 35 per cent.

Flag stones, sawn, etc., \$2 per ton. Floor oil cloth, 5c per square yd., and 20 per cent. ; oil cloth, 5c per square yd., and 15 per cent.

Fabrics, wholly or in part of wool, worsted hair of alpaca, goat, etc., 71c per fb., and 20 per cent. Fabrics, coloured, woven, or dyed thread,

of cotton or jute, or both, 25 per cent. Fruits-Grape vines, costing 20c or less, 5c each ; gooseberry bushes, 2c each ; raspberry and blackberry, Ic each ; peach trees,

Glass carboys, demijohns, bottles, and decanters, flasks and phials, less than four ounces, 30 per cent.; flasks and phials, four ounces and over, telegraph and lightning rod insulators, jars, glass balls, and table ware, 10c per doz. pieces, and 30 per cent.

Gold and silver leaf, 30 per cent. Gas metres, 30 per cent.

Glue, 3c per lb. Harness and leather dressing, 25 per cent. Hoes, garden rakes, two mid three prong forks, picks and mattocks, \$1 per doz., and 20 per cent.

Hardware, etc., builders, cabinet makers, and carriage hardware and locks, 35 per cent. ; muskets, rifles and other fire arms and surgical instruments, 20 per cent. nails and spikes, wrought and pressed, galvanized or not, wrought iron or steel nuts, washers, horse, mule or ox shoes, 11c per th. ; horse shoes nails, hob nails, wire nails, and all other wrought iron or steel nails, not elsewhere specified, 24c per lb.; cut tacks, brads or springs, not exceeding 16 ounces to the thousand, 2c per thousand; exceeding 16 ounces to the thousand 2c per 16. Iron or steel rivets, bolts, with or without threads or buts or bolt blanks, and finished hinges or hinge blanks, 1gc per lb.; cut nails and spikes, of iron or steel, lc per lb. ; street railway bars or rails, weighing not less than 25 lbs. per lineal yard, for purposes other than railway tracks, \$6 per ton ; manufacturers, articles or wares, not specially enumerated or provided for, composed wholly or in part of iron or steel, and whether partly or wholly manufactured, 30 per cent. ; wrought scrap iron and scrap steel, being waste or refuse wrought iron or steel, that has been in actual use and is fit only to be re-manufactured, \$2 per ton ; ferro mangunese, ferro silicon, speigel steel, bloom ends, and crop ends of steel rails for the manufacture of steel, \$2 per ton; iron in pigs, iron kentledge and cast scrap iron, \$4 per ton ; iron in slabs, blooms, loops, puddled bars, or other forms, less finished than iron in bars, and more advanced than pig iron, (except castings), \$9 per ton; bar iron, rolled or hammered, comprising flats not less than one inch wide, nor less than threeeighths of one inch thick, \$11 per ton ; round iron, not less than three-fourths of one inch in diameter, and square iron not less than three-fourths of one inch square, \$13 per ton; flats, less than one inch wide or less than three-eighths of one inch thick, round iron less than three-fourths of one inch, and no less than seven-sixteenths of one inch in diameter, \$15 per ton; rolled round iron, in coils cr rods, less than seven sixteenths of one inch in diameter, and bars and shapes of rolled iron, not elsewhere provided for, 25 per cent. ; iron or steel, rolled round, wire rods under half an inch in diameter. when imported by wire manufacturers for use in their factories, 5 per cent. ; iron and steel wire, galvanized or not, smaller than No. 5 gauge, and not smaller than No. 15

gauge, 20 per cent. Wire of spring, steel, coppered or tinned, No. 9 gauge or smaller, 121 per cent. ; boiler or other plate, iron sheared or steel, not specially enumerated or provided for, 30 per cent., provided that on all iron or steel bars, rods, strips, or steel sheets, of whatever shape, and on all iron or steel bars of irregular shape or section, cold rolled, cold hammered, or polished in any way in addition to the ordinary process of hot rolling or hammering, there shall be paid one-sixth of one cent per lb. in addition to the rates imposed on the said material; malleable iron. castings and steel castings, not elsewhere specified, \$25 per ton, provided the duty shall not be less than 30 per cent, ; cast iron vessels, plates, stove plates and irons, hatters' irons, tailors' irons, and castings of iron, not elsewhere specified, \$16 per ton, provided the duty shall not be less than 30 per cent. ; cast iron pipe of every description \$12 per ton ; iron or steel axles, parts thereof, axle bars, axle blanks, or forgings for axles, without reference to the stage of manufacture, \$30 per ton, but not less than 35 per cent. ; unsheared skelp iron, sheared or rolled in grooves, and sheet iron, common or black, smoothed or polished and coated, not thinner than No. 20 gauge, not elsewhere specified, \$10 per ton; sheet iron, common or black, smoothed or polished and coated, or galvanized, thinner than No. 20

gauge, Canada plates, and boiler plates of iron or steel, not less than thirty inches wide, and valued at not less than 14c. per 1b., 12½ per cent.; hoop or band, or scroll or other iron, eight inches or less in width, and not thinner than No. 20 gauge, \$13 per ton; hoop or band, or scroll or other iron, eight inches or less in width, and thinner than No. 20 gauge, 121 per cent.; iron railway bars, steel rails, weighing not over 25 fbs. per lineal yard, iron or steel flat rails, punched, and iron or steel railway fish plates, \$9 per ton; rolled channels and angle and T fron, and rolled eyebars, blanks, made by the Kloman process, when import ed by manufacturers of bridges for use exclusively in their own manufactures, 121 per cent.; iron bridges and structural iron work, \$25 per ton, provided that the duty shall not be less than 30 per cent.; forgings of iron or steel, or forged iron, of whatever shape or in whatever stage of manufacture, not elsewhere specified, \$30 per ton, provided that the duty shall not be less than 35 per cent; steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms and slabs, by whatever progress made, billets and bars, bands, hoops, strips, and sheets of all gauges and widths, all of above classes of steel not elsewhere provided for, valued at 4c or less per pound, 30 per cent, but not less than \$10 per ton; when of greater value than 4c per lb, 124 per cent. Jeans, etc., 25 per cent.

Liquorice root paste, 2c. per lb. Locomotives and other steam engines, boilers and machines, composed wholly or in part of iron or steel, not elsewhere specified, 30 per cent.

Locomotive tires of bessemer steel, in the rough, 10 per cent.

Labels for fruit, vegetables, meat, fish, confectionery and other goods, also tickets, posters, advertising bills and folders, 15c. per lb. and 25 per cent.

Mucilage, 30 per cent. Maccaroni, and vermicilli, 2c per lb.

Mosses, 15 per cent. Machines, mowing, harvesters, reapers, sulky and walking ploughs, and other agri-

cultural implements not elsewhere specified, 35 per cent. Machines, portable, portable engines, threshers and separators, horse powers, portable saw mills and planing mills, and parts

thereof in any stage of manufacture, 35 per Newspapers, partly printed, 25 per cent. Oranges and lemons, in boxes, not larger than two and a half cubic ft., 25c. per box; half boxes, 13c. each; in cases 10c. per cubic foot; in bulk \$1 per thousand; in bar-

rels 57c. per barrel. Paper hangings, brown blanks,2c; white grounded and satin papers 3c; single point bronzes, 7c; colored bronzes, 9c; embossed brenzes, 11c; borders, narrow eight-wide, 10c; bronze borders, narrow, 15c; wide, 18c; and embossed borders 20c per each, eight yards in all above cases.

Paper, calendared or not, 25 per cent tissue paper, for manufactures, 10 per cent. Pickles in bottle, 40c; in bulk, in vinegar, or mustard, 35c; and in brine, 25c per gal

Plated knives, costing under \$3.50 a doz., 50c per doz., and 20 per cent; all others, colored electro-plated ware, 30 per cent. Plumbago, 10 per cent; manufactures of

plumbago, 25 per cent. Photographic dry plates, 15c per square

Printing presses of all kinds, folding ma chines and paper cutters, 10 per cent. Rose bushes, 5c. Seedling stock for grafting, 10 per cent.

Safes doors, for safes and vaults, scales balances and weighing beams of iron or steel, 35 per cent. Skates, 20c per pair, and 30 per cent.

Wire rope, of iron or steel, not otherwise provided for, 25 per cent. Sledges, track tools, wedges, and crowbars of iron or steel, 11c per fb, and 30 per

Shoe blacking, 30 per cent. Sauces and catsup, 40c. per gallon and 20

Salt, coarse, 10c.; fine, in bulk, 10c.; in bags or barrels. 15c. per cwt. Sand glass, flint and emery paper, 30 per

School slates, Ic. each and 20 per cent. Satchels, valises, carpet bags, pocket books and purses, 10c. on each and 30 per

Shirt collars, 24c. per dozen, and cuffs 4c. per pair with 30 per cent. additional. Shirts, cotton or linen, \$1 per dozen and

30 per cent. Spectacles, 30c.; unfinished parts, 25c. Shovels and spades, \$1 per dozen and 20

Sewing machines, \$3 specific and 20 per Sole leather, 3c. per fb. ; japanned, patent or enamelled leather, 25 per cent.

Twine, all kinds, Ic. per 15, and 25 per

Tarred paper, lc. per lb. Tubes, or flues or stays of wrought iron,

or steel for boilers, 15 per cent.; wrought iron tubing, plain not threaded, coupled, or otherwise manufactured, over two inches in diameter, 15 per cent.

Other wrought iron or steel tubes or pipes, 30 per cent. Varuishes, etc., 20c. per gallen and 25 per

Vegetables, potatoes, 15c. per bushel ; tomatoes, 30c. per bushel and 20 per cent; vegetables not elsewhere specified, 25 per

Veneers of wood, 10 per cent. Watch actions or movements 10 per cent. ad valorem.

ADDED TO THE FREE LIST. Fire brick, anthracite coal, cannister, gums, amber, arabic, Australian copal, damar, mastic, sandarac, shellac and tragacanth ; quills in their natural state or unflumed ; steel rails, weighing not less than twentyfive lbs. per lineal yard, for use in railway tracks; steel valued at 25c. per lb. and upwards, for use in the manufacture of skates; scrap iron and scrap steel, old and fit only to be remanufactured, being part of or recovered from any vessel wrecked in waters subject to the jurisdiction of Canada; steel bowls for cream separators; steel for the manufacture of files, when imported by file manufacturers for use in their factories ; veneers of ivory, sawn only.

CHANGE IN EXPORT DUTY. Export duty on shingle bolts of pine or cedar, and cedar logs capable of being made into shingle bolts, \$1.50 per cord of 128

Sir Charles Tupper made his best efforts. but did not come up to the expectations of his friends. He alluded principally to the deficits and endeavored to explain away the angmentation of our great debt, and expected the revenue of the country would fall off over a million on liquor alone during the fiscal term of 1887-8. It will take \$200, 000 during the coming year to manipulate Sir John's franchise act.

Try Murray & Taylor for lace curtains.

O'BRIEN VISITS QUEBEC.

THE RECEPTION THERE A WARM AND FRIENDLY ONE.

The Quebec Ministers Express Sympathy for Ireland-O'Brien Says the More the Subject is Thrashed the More the People Will Condemn Lord Lansdowne.

QUEBEC, May 12. - William O'Brien and party met with an enthusiastic reception here. O'Brien was escorted to a carriage, which was drawn by four coal black horses, plumed and decorated with Irish and French flags. Then the procession set out passing through the principal streets, in many of which Irish and French flags were displayed, and reaching the St. Louis hotel amid the cheers of the people. The committee subsequently escorted O'Brien to the local parliament house, where he was introduced to many of the members. Speakers Marchand, of legislative assembly, and De LaBruyere, of the legislative council, requested a special interview after the adjournment of both houses, and expressed warm sympathy for Mr. O'Brien. A meeting was held in the academy of music, and the building was crowded. Letters were read from the Hon. Mr. Mercier, Hon. Mr. Taillon, and Hons. E. J. Flynn and J. McShane, expressing sympathy for Ireland and for the especial object of Mr. O'Brien's visit. J. Gallagher, president of the local branch of the national league, occupied the chair, and spoke severely of the governor-general. When Mr. O'Brien's turn came to speak a scene of enthusiasm greeted him. He expressed his acknow ledgments for the fair play he had received. He believed a good many prejudices and misunderstandings, which had arisen with reference to his visit, were being already dispelled, and expressed his confidence that the more the subject was thrashed the more severely every human man in Canada would condemn the conduct of Lord Lans. downe.

Feeling in Toronto.

TORONTO, May 13.—O'Brien sent a message to Mayor Howland saying: "I perceive you have convened a meeting of citizens to demand the official prohibition of my meeting. If you will, in fair play, procure me a hearing I shall esteem it a privilege to attend your meeting and explain the motive and object of my visit.'

The reply he received was to the following effect: "I cannot encourage you to come to Saturday's meeting. You are misinformed as to the facts, as you probably have been as to the sentiments of our people here. The meeting has not been called to demand the official prohibition of your meeting, but to express the opinions of our citizens as to the propriety of your coming here at all. We understand your object in coming is to attack the representative of her majesty, at present our guest, on personal grounds, as to the truth of which, as matters of fact, we cannot and should not be called upon to be judges. Our sense of fair play here will not justify the attack on the public platform of a gentleman, who, by reason of the high office he holds, is not privileged to meet and answer his accuser in like manner. If you persist in coming I shall have to afford you the protection which the law allows; but I would advise you to accept the decision of Saturday's meeting, which I believe will express the true sentiments of all classes in this city."

Little of the Other Side. TORONTO, May 13.-A native of Strad-

bally, Queen's county, who emigrated seven years since and is now a wholesale merchant on Front street tells his recollections of the Lansdowne tenantry. He said: "I was clerk of the petty sessions at Stradbally, a few miles from Luggacurran, for years. attended the banquet given in honor of Lord Lansdowne's coming of age, and l danced all night around a bonfire. At that time the Lansdowne tenants were better off than any tenantry in Ireland and their condition has improved since. I was well acquainted with Denis Kilbride, the evicted tenant who is travelling with O'Brien. He was one of the class of wealthy gentlemen farmers, kept up a good house and followed the hounds with the best of the country gentry. His holding was, I think, three hundred acres of grass, on which, in the language of the peasants, 'He could sleep and pay the rent.' To understand this you will have to know that all he had to buy was cattle in the spring at, say, £12 a head, let then graze on the farm all summer, and sell in the fall at £20 per head. One acre would give pasture to fatten one beast, so Kilbride had a profit of £8 on every acre. In my time he was considered rich. His brother is a doctor near Luggacurran, and Dennis has made the mistake of his life in allowing these agitators to lead him off."

Closed Out All Around.

TORONTO, May 12.—The city council met this afternoon, when the renting of St Andrew's hall, for Mr. O'Brien's lecture on Tuesday, was discussed. It was stated that the council had information that a breach of peace would occur if he lectured in that hall. and the owners feared a riot. Under these circumstances it was decided to refuse to allow the hall to be used for the lecture and to refund the fee paid. Mr. Mulligan, president of the local branch of the National league, who was present, threatened to sue the city for damages. He said that he had been refused the use of the Toronto opera house, the Princess street rink, the Shaw street rink, and the Pavilion music hall. It is doubtful if a hall in the city can be pro-

DUBLIN, May 12 .- At a meeting of nationalists at Limerick to-day the vice president, Mr. O'Shea, proposed that the Irish boycott the Cunard line if it should be proved that the Umbria's captain was implicated in the "action of the English mob in insulting Mr. O'Brien."

Boycotting the Cunard Line.

Gladstone's Speech Criticised.

LONDON, May 12.-The Standard says Mr. Gladstone's speech to the non-conformist ministers yesterday is so extraordinary that it is difficult to regard it as the serious atterance of a statesman who has been thrice premier. If anything could induce the nationalists not to yield in their efforts to make unwritten law supreme it would be the opinion that Mr. Gladstone has seen fit to deliver on the morality of boycotting, and his justification of that most cruel and tyran-nical of the league's methods.

Cornets and ribbons cheapest at Laidlaw's. Three directors of the glass works, at Vollerstal, Germany, have been expelled. They were accused of belonging to the French reserves and of drilling their workmen.