

REMINDER.

AUCTION SALE of house and vehicles by Murray at 10:30 a.m.

MARRIED.

YOUNG COUPER.—By the Rev. Dr. Mowat, at the residence of the bride's mother, Kingston, on Wednesday, 20th April, the Rev. John Young, M.A., of Drommondville, Ont., to Lizzie, only daughter of the late Mr. Donald Couper.

WANTED.

A LAUNDRESS. Apply to the General Hospital. A JOURNEYMAN TAILOR; steady job, at JNO. DUNBAR'S. A GENERAL SERVANT. Apply to MRS. YOUNG, 216 Gordon Street.

A HOUSEMAID. Apply to MRS. FAIRLOUGH, Royal Military College.

HOUSE WANTED in good locality; rent \$100 to \$200. Address Z. Y., office of this paper, giving full particulars.

A FIRST-CLASS BRICKLAYER for five months; work to commence at once. Apply to F. B. TABER, Morton P.O.

FIVE COATMAKERS, five Vest and Pant Makers; highest wages in the city paid. Apply at once to C. LIVINGSTON & BRO.

LADIES to work for us at their own homes; \$7 to \$10 per week can be quietly made. No photo. painting; no canvassing. For full particulars please address at once, CRESCENT ART CO., 19 Central Street, Boston, Mass., Box 5,170.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

THE BOWLING ALLEY on Wellington St. with residence overhead, and the fixtures and fittings of the Alley. Possession at any time. Apply to GEORGE RICHARDSON & SONS, foot of Princess Street. Aug. 31.

THE NEW BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, situated on the south side of Princess Street, west of Chatham; contains fifteen rooms, including bath room and all modern improvements. Apply at the residence of the undersigned, GEORGE NEWLANDS, Princess St.

TO-LET.

HOUSE, No. 1, Vaughn Terrace, occupied by Mrs. O'Brien. Apply at Wm's office.

PREMISES occupied by Wm. Lewis & Son as sail loft and store. Possession 1st May. CARRUTHERS BROS.

A HOUSE IN WADE'S LANE, Union St., containing 3 rooms. For further particulars apply to ALBERT PIPER, on the premises.

THOSE COMMODIOUS DWELLINGS, Nos. 200 and 202 William St., between Clergy and Barrie Streets; rent moderate; possession 1st May. Apply to ISAAC NOBLE.

IN WILLIAMSVILLE, a two-story brick residence, on Nelson Street; good garden and stables. Possession May 1st. Apply to MRS. FENWICK, Williamsville, or through this office.

THAT FIRST-CLASS BRICK RESIDENCE, corner Johnson and Barrie Streets, in thorough order; all modern improvements; splendid situation. Possession 1st May. Apply to R. CRAWFORD, foot of Queen Street.

THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, with gardens attached, on the corner of King and Johnson Streets, occupied by Miss Gildersleeve. Also, if required, all or portion of furniture, to a suitable tenant. Possession in May. Apply on the premises.

THAT LARGE DWELLING HOUSE, with extension kitchen, situated on the west side of Barrie Street, between Johnson and Brock Sts., at present occupied by Mr. Curtis. Possession on 1st May. Apply to MACDONNELL & MUDIE, Clarence St.

THE PREMISES ON EARL ST., "Mozart Place," at present occupied by F. McNab, Esq. The house is commodious, in good order, and fitted with modern improvements. Possession 1st May. Apply to A. MCCORMACK, Princess Street.

TO-LET, with possession 1st May next, the stone and fire proof Warehouse, Offices, &c., at foot of south side of Princess Street, now occupied by Joseph Franklin and H. Moores for grain, flour and feed business. First-class shipping facilities by water or rail. Apply to J. M. MACHAR, 343 King Street.

FOR SALE.

FOUR BRUNSWICK AND BALKE, Best Pool Tables, nearly new; also a New Boat House 12x30 feet. Apply to S. COX, Brunswick Hotel.

THE ROUGH CAST HOUSE AND COTTAGE on south side of Brock Street, immediately above Barrie Street, known as the 'Mozart' property. For terms apply to MRS. MCNEIL, on the premises.

FIVE LOTS on the corner of Albert and Earl Streets, well drained; 3 corner lots. All fenced. Terms easy. En bloc or separate. Apply through this office or to J. S. POWLEY, 132 Alford Street.

FINE CITY HOME. The undersigned offers for sale that DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT now occupied by him on Earl Street. The whole is offered in one block, having about one hundred and twenty feet frontage on Earl Street, and the Upper Lot runs through to West Street. The BUILDINGS on the property are almost new, and the garden is planted with the choicest fruits. For terms apply to THOS. MOORE.

SPECIAL MENTION.

GO TO W. REEVES, King St., to buy your Ties. He has 500 dozens to choose from. Good Ties, 2 for 5 cents.

FOUND AT LAST.—A remedy warranted to cure hard and soft Corns, Bunions, Callouses, &c. Hanson's Magic Corn Salve, in boxes, 15c. 1 Wade's Drug Store.

TO PORK PACKERS.—Highest Cash Price paid for pork blade bones, tusk and fertilizer materials delivered at our works, Hamilton. ROWLEN & Co., Fertilizers, Hamilton.

BUTCHERS AND SAUSAGE MAKERS.—prime small hog casings; by tierce, 500 lbs. \$16. per lb; keg, 100 lbs. 20c. per lb; half keg, \$10.50; prime New England sheep casings, keg, 50 large bundles, \$2; smaller quantities 5c. per bundle. ROWLEN & Co., Hamilton.

BOARD.

A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with comfortable rooms and board at 317 Brock Street. Bath room with modern conveniences.

LOST.

AN AGENT'S PASS BOOK, red cover, has been left in some house by mistake. Would the finder kindly deliver it at 317 Brock Street, opposite 'News' office.

WATER WORKS NOTICE. THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the City of Kingston Water Works Company will be held at the Company's office on MONDAY, 2nd May next, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of general business. J. WILSON, Manager K.W.W. April 22nd, 1887.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

The Boatmen's Budget of News—Items Picked Up Along the Harbour. The schooner American is loading granite for Chicago. The steamer John Thorn will be named the Island Queen. Mr. Campbell's new yacht will be called the "Spark."

The str. Princess Louise went to Gananoque to-day. The prop. Sir Leonard Tilley and tow will arrive this evening. The schr. Craftman has been chartered to carry coal from Oswego to Fort William.

Capt. Rothwell has sold his str. Khar-toum to Messrs. Morgan & Earle, of Smith Falls, for \$2,500. Capt. Charles Tift, of Kingston, is in Ogdensburg fitting out the schooner M. J. Cummings.

The schr. Herbert Dudley was towed to Oswego yesterday by the steamer D. D. Calvin. The steamer D. D. Calvin and schrs. Prussia and Dudley arrived in Oswego yesterday at 12 o'clock.

On Wednesday the steamer Glenngarry and consorts will leave for Charlotte to load coal for Port Arthur. Next week the tug Active and three barges will clear for Bay City to load lumber for Montreal.

The prop. Armenia has been chartered to carry coal from Oswego to Fort Arthur; freight \$1 per net ton. The schr. Jessie H. Breck was the first boat to sail out of this harbour. She left yesterday for Oswego to load coal there.

The tug Proctor has succeeded in releasing the barge Bolivia, ashore near Charlotte since last fall, and will tow her to Oswego for repairs. Mr. Miller, engineer of the str. Glenngarry, was badly hurt yesterday. The engine's cross-head fell on his foot and crushed it. Dadds will push the work along until Mr. Miller recovers.

Three or four years ago the schr. Anglo-Saxon sank near Garden Island. Having been sold to Detroit parties one of Calvin & Sons steam pumps was started this morning in the schooner for the purpose of raising her.

THE IRISH CRIMES' BILL.

Major Sanderson at Home For Irish Challenges—The Parnell Letter. LONDON, April 21.—Mr. Sexton has received an anonymous letter which it is thought will lead to the identification of the author of the Parnell letter published by the Times.

Captain O'Shea, addressing the Limerick league, said he had compared the Times letter with thirty seven of Mr. Parnell's letters, and concluded the Times letter was a forgery. Mr. Parnell is arrived here. In the house of Lords to-day Earl Cadogan moved the second reading of the land bill. Baron Denman moved the rejection of the bill. Earl Spencer said the land question must be settled before Ireland would become peaceful. Earl Carnarvon supported the bill. Baron Fitzgerald condemned the bill as too complicated. Lord Ashbourne said the bill, if passed, would prove a great check to evictions.

The News says that Major Sanderson has allowed it to become known that he will be at home during certain hours in the day should anyone desire to communicate with him in a hostile spirit, in respect to the accusations made by him against the members of the London league. The lord mayor of Dublin called a meeting for the purpose of taking steps towards the erection of a national memorial to Mr. Gladstone.

THIRTY-THREE LIVES LOST. A British Columbia Vessel Dashed to Pieces—All Hands Perish. VICTORIA, B.C., April 21.—Four Kyngiot Indians arrived in the canal from the north-west coast of the island. They bring tidings of the wreck of a schooner of Cape Flattery. Bunks, Indian mats, bedding, etc., were washed ashore. The wreck, however, is that of a schooner like the Active, and it is believed that it is all that is left of the unfortunate vessel and thirty three souls on board. Chief Kilsomet was at the head of the Indian hunters and canoe-men on board. The death of its head and so many of the tribe is tantamount to its extinction. According to custom when a member of a tribe dies those remaining burn down his hut. Having given their friends on the Active up for dead their dwellings have been burned.

POSITION OF THE VATICAN. The Dr. McGlynn Case—The Cardinals on The Knights of Labour Order. LONDON, April 22.—A despatch from Rome to the Chronicle says: "The Vatican is renewing its efforts to induce the Rev. Dr. McGlynn, of New York, to come to Rome." The pope's decision on the knights of labour question has displeased many of the reactionary cardinals, who have signed a remonstrance, addressed to the Holy See, maintaining that the knights' organization contains all the elements of socialism, and that it has ordered the Catholic press to avoid discussion of the matter.

O'Brien for Canada. Archbishop Lynch says he has cabled to a great friend of the national party "to induce Mr. O'Brien from his proposed journey. Feeling the evils that his coming out here would cause, I would spare no trouble to prevent his coming," says his grace. William O'Brien, editor of United Ireland, is in London. He says he will persist in coming to Canada. He sails on the Auraria for New York on Sunday. Mr. Kilbride, one of tenants of Lord Lansdowne, evicted, will accompany O'Brien. He will remain in Canada ten days, and speak in Montreal, Quebec, Toronto and Kingston.

McGuire on Drawing. Mr. Briggs, of the Methodist book room, is the publisher of a new work on drawing, perspective and geometrical, the author of which is Mr. T. McGuire, B.A., a graduate of Queen's, and now commercial master of the Collingwood collegiate institute. It is designed for the use of candidates for second and third class certificates, and promises to come into general use. We congratulate Mr. McGuire upon his success as an author.

On dit that the nationalists will propose a pension to the widow of Louis Riel. Fine kid gloves at J. B. Page & Co., capping hatters and furriers.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THE DEBATE ON MR. CURRAN'S ANTI-COERCION BILL.

The Opposition to it Quite Hot—The Nationalists Called Bad Names by Mr. McNeill—Debate Adjourned Until Tomorrow—State of the Finances. OTTAWA, April 21.—The event of the day was the introduction by Mr. Curran of his anti-coercion bill resolutions. The corridors of the house were thronged with visitors anxious to gain admission and good seats. On the opening of the doors there was a rush for the front benches, and in a very short time all the available accommodation was taken up. Occupying a prominent position in the speaker's gallery was Lady Lansdowne, and in close proximity to her sat Mrs. Costigan.

THE COERCION BILL DEBATE. Mr. Curran rose to speak early in the afternoon. In a calm and deliberate manner he protested against the application of the coercion principle to Ireland, asserting that it was trying to quench the last spark of Ireland's national aspirations, and then urged the Canadian parliament to express opposition to the measure. Mr. Curran sees in the home rule resolutions of '82 and '86 precedents for his anti-coercion motion. Mr. Curran had as poor an opinion of English juries as some persons have of Irish juries. An Irishman on trial in England, he holds, would be at the mercy of every traitor, scoundrel and spy who might desire to secure his conviction, while Mr. Parnell, as a prosecutor of the Times for the publication of the letter attributed to him, might be destroyed in reputation by a packed jury.

Mr. McNeill, who led the opposition to the motion, delivered the best speech he has made in parliament. He gave Mr. Curran credit for his sincerity, but not so the home rulers of the other side of the Atlantic, whom he described as a dangerous conspiracy aimed against the empire. As we would take any interference by Great Britain with our legislation as little short of impertinent, so he thought interference with British legislation was a piece not merely of impertinence but of impudence of the unpardonable species. Mr. McNeill stands by the Coercion bill, which, he contends, is held to be necessary by the judges, but holds that this parliament is not sufficiently informed upon the merits of the question to decide whether the bill is necessary or not. It was in this direction that he moved.

Mr. Kenny, of Halifax, followed on the anti-coercion side; then came Mr. O'Brien, who took the loyalist view, and started the house by the statement that should his Nationalist namesake visit Canada, in order to arouse ill-feeling against Lord Lansdowne it would be necessary not to put him under the surveillance of the police, but to afford him the protection of the police. Home Rulers and anti Home Rulers now took the floor in succession, notable among the speakers being Mr. Jones, of Halifax, who is a Home Ruler for Ireland as well as a repealer for Nova Scotia, on the one side, and Mr. Wallace, of West York, on the other.

A DRAMATIC EPISODE. Just when debate was flagging in interest, Mr. Welsh, one of the new members from Prince Edward Island, introduced a novelty into the proceedings which caused much laughter and offset Mr. O'Brien's intimation as to the risks the other O'Brien would take should he visit the country for the purpose of arousing an Irish agitation. After giving the history of the successful struggles of Prince Edward Islanders to rid their island of the landlords and all their belongings, he observed that were the island farmers oppressed as are those of Ireland, they would settle their case thus, whereupon he struck the attitude of a man on the point of firing and uttered a peculiar sound, for which the dictionary gives no authority, though probably it should be spelled "klick." This dramatic episode brought the debate to a close for the night, a second great day being reserved for Ireland to-morrow.

State of Current Finances. The exact result of the financial operations of the present year, up to April 10th, is indicated in the return brought down by the finance minister this afternoon in response to the motion of Sir Richard Cartwright. The revenue up to April 10th was \$26,004,100; expenditures up to date, \$24,598,270. This shows a surplus on the present year's operations of \$1,405,830. Last year, at the same date, the balance was on the other side of the ledger, the expenditure having been \$27,552,000, the receipts \$26,000,000, and the deficit \$1,552,000. The revenue is about the same for the same period in each year. The better balance is accounted for by the drop of \$2,600,000 in the North-West rebellion outlays. The estimated expenditure for the year, according to the finance minister's calculation last session, is \$34,500,000.

Prohibitory Legislation. At the alliance meeting this morning Mr. Foster, while agreeing to the prohibitory principle, asserted that a prohibitory bill cannot be passed or enforced until the people have spoken in its favour. He says he will vote for a prohibitory bill whenever it comes down. The trouble, however, is that a prohibitory bill affects the revenue of the country. It cannot, therefore, originate in the house except through the government. The government is not going to propose a measure which will ensure its own defeat. The bill is, therefore, blocked at the outset.

The Cost of the C.P.R. The annual report of the minister of railways brought down in the house yesterday, states that the connection between the government and the Canadian Pacific railway has been formally severed. The road is purely the property of the company, from Port Moody to Quebec, 3,037 miles. The dominion subsidy of \$25,000,000 in cash and 25,000,000 acres of land was duly paid over to the company as it was earned, in addition to loans. All the loans have been repaid by the company, but the repayment of \$10,000,000 of the last loan of \$30,000,000 was in the shape of 7,000,000 acres of land. The dominion, therefore, practically has got a complete road from Atlantic to Pacific at the following cost: \$35,000,000 worth of work done on the road before it was given to the C.P.R. syndicate, and \$35,000,000 in cash and 18,000,000 acres of land since.

Notes and Comments. The minister of justice will visit British Columbia this year. A government authority states that it is intended to give the North-West two senators. Mr. Chapleau gives a big dinner on Tuesday. Sir Adolphe Caron and Sir Hector Languevin are not invited.

The minister of justice will be asked to bring before the House special-legislation dealing with neglected children. The Ontario government has found a position in the public service for Mr. Waller, the deputy registrar of Carlton. Mr. Ferguson will probably be elected deputy speaker to-day. The names of Mr. Rykert and Mr. Peter White have been mentioned in this connection. An influential deputation waited upon Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, to urge the government to develop the iron industry in Canada. Sir John Macdonald has given notice of the introduction on Friday of a bill respecting the representation of the North-West Territories in the senate. Mr. Casey wants a copy of the commission appointing Sir Alexander Campbell as Canadian representative at the Colonial Conference, and of the instructions given to him. The petitions for divorces were read in the senate this afternoon. They are the petition of Marie Louise Noel, to dissolve her marriage with Robert L. Johnstone, and the petition of Susan Ash, to dissolve her marriage with William Manton.

The Globe condemns the crusade of O'Brien, of United Ireland, against Lord Lansdowne in Canada, and says the alleged threat of the Dominion government, to arrest him, is the only thing that can make his mission a success. The minister of justice has given notice of a motion awarding Mr. Laviolette, warden of St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary, \$2,600 a year for life and \$1,000 in cash. Mr. Laviolette was seriously injured in his successful attempt to prevent rebellion among convicts in penitentiary.

The report of the department of agriculture shows that the total number of immigrants and passengers arriving in Canada in 1886 was 122,000, but the number of active settlers was only 79,000. In 1886, 53,000 of the arrivals settled in the United States. In the four provinces of Ontario, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, of 475,000 votes cast, the government had obtained a majority of only 4,000 or an equivalent of a majority of one in the house, while the actual vote gave them a majority of 21. By a change of 105 votes parties would have been balanced in members in these provinces. He said further that in the whole country, if the popular voice had been given proper expression, the parties would have been evenly balanced.

Lindley at the Opera House. "Lady Audley's Secret" drew a fair house last evening, and Miss Laura Booth appeared as Miss Braddon's representative creation, to which she gave all the charms of appearance, dress, and elocution. It will be repeated at the doll matinee to-morrow. To-night Lindley offers an Irish dish for his patrons in Bonicault's "Arrah na Pogue." The play, though well-known, is a stranger to Kingston, which to us is a matter of surprise, for it is the best Irish play on the list to-day. In the Wicklow wedding scene our Kingston serenade club assists. To-morrow sees the last of the company, and they take their departure with two shows in one—temperance and fireworks, blood and water, the irrepressible cow, etc.—and announce to commence at 7:30 and terminate at 11:30. Food for the gods.

A Message to Gladstone. DUNQUEEN, Iowa, April 22.—The following was sent last night to Mr. Gladstone, London: "The grand army of the republic, department of Iowa, representing 30,000 veteran soldiers, at their annual encampment to-day passed resolutions approving of your efforts on behalf of the brave people of Ireland, and extend to you and them their warmest sympathies and best wishes in your great struggle for justice and liberty. (Signed) "W. A. McHENRY, "Dept. Commander."

Late Local News. F. Conway, general freight and passenger agent of the Kingston & Pembroke R.R., is in Toronto. Sir Charles Tupper is still acting as High Commissioner in England, but without salary. In his absence Mr. Colmer is acting as secretary of legislation. The Churchwomen's Mission Aid of St. George's cathedral will hold its annual sale on Thursday, the 12th of next month. Further particulars will appear later.

A New Scheme Suggested. It is said that a proposition will be made at the meeting to-night of the committee appointed to raise money for Queen's university which is as follows: Twenty-five citizens will guarantee \$50,000 if the people will give the city council power to tax them for \$50,000 more. "If this should occur," said Principal Grant to a reporter, "I would have no fear of raising the endowment to \$500,000."

The Cavalry School. This morning Mayor Carson received a letter from Sir John A. Macdonald acknowledging the petition sent by the council to the dominion government in reference to the establishing of a cavalry school here. Sir John states that he will lay the matter before Mr. Caron, minister of militia, and do his best towards having the school located in Kingston.

Should be Made a Knight. At a committee meeting yesterday the mayor suggested that the city send its clerk to England to present to the queen on the occasion of her jubilee the address passed by the council at its last meeting. Aids, McIntyre and C. F. Smith coincided. At the next meeting of the council the subject will be discussed.

Suicide Before Exposure. ST. PETERSBURG, April 22.—A chorister in the military academy church committed suicide by jumping from a window of his house. On being searched the house was discovered to be a socialist rendezvous. A quantity of dynamite, arms and revolutionary documents, was found.

Why Were They Overlooked? A correspondent asks: "Why didn't the getters up of the petition for protection at railway crossings include the Kingston & Pembroke R.R. crossings on Montreal street and Perth road?" They were referred to in the general opening paragraphs.

Military Men in Session. This afternoon a military board composed of Lieut. Col. Villiers, Major King, and Capt. J. Murray met to consider pension claims, including that of Downs in the general hospital.

Hon. Mr. Carling proposes to go to the North-West after the session, in connection with sites for experimental farms there.

LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

RUSHING THE WORK OF THE SESSION THROUGH RAPIDLY.

The Farmers Forming a Hard and Fast Union—The Assessment Act Amended—Dropping Some Legislation But Threatening to Bring it up at the Next Session. TORONTO, April 21.—In the legislature this morning the Factory act (amended) was read a third time. Col. Gibson's bill, raising the income exemption to \$700 prevailed over Mr. Creighton's opposition; and the third reading of the bill amending the Division Courts act so as to abolish imprisonment for debt under judgment summons clauses was read. After Col. Gibson had dwelt briefly on the injustice that these provisions inflicted on the poorer debtors, he yielded to the wish of the house and allowed the order to be discharged, stating that he would press for immediate legislation next session.

Representatives of the labor organizations, have withdrawn their opposition to the Factory act amendments and the bill has been read a third time. The house has declined to consider the amendment to the Assessment act, proposing to assess only the income from bank stocks and deposits. The libel bill has been referred to a committee. The prospects of its passage before the house rises are good.

There was the usual opposition attack on the appropriation for colonization roads. Mr. Blezard put the matter in its best light when he pointed out that very many of the conservatives in the new districts of Peterboro approved the government system, and that the outcome from the expenditure under government control had been proved to be much more satisfactory than when expended under the direction of the municipal councils. An amendment was carried by 55 to 33. Mr. McAndrew voted with the opposition.

The appropriation of \$16,900 for immigration was retained by a vote of 51 to 36. Mr. Pecard, Mr. Evanturel, Mr. Robillard, Mr. Carson and Mr. Nairn voted with the opposition, and Mr. Metcalfe with the government.

Mr. Gibson, of Hamilton, has put through a short bill amending the Mechanics' Lien law by making it clear that the wages of a mechanic or workman cannot be garnished before the registration of the lien during the statutory period.

There was a discussion on a motion by Mr. Marter declaring that the expenditure on account of government house should not exceed the Lieut.-Governor's salary of \$10,000 a year, as fixed by the dominion government. The Attorney-General and Mr. Fraser opposed the motion.

Mr. Meredith voted for an amendment by Mr. Fraser in favor of granting the full appropriation and trusting that all possible economy would be observed in its expenditure. The amendment was carried by a vote of 64 to 17.

There are now six vacant shrievalties, York, Toronto, Welland, Thunder bay, Wellington and Lincoln, and many are the speculations as to the probable successors of the deceased officials.

Supplementary estimates amounting to \$105,063.65 were presented, and the house adjourned shortly after midnight.

The farmer members again met this morning and decided to organize under the name of the Farmers' Union of the Legislature. In future they will be called together during earlier days of session and conferring as to the best modes of promoting their interests.

BASE-BALL WORLD.

The Scoring Still is High—The Batters are Doing Great Execution. President Spalding, of the Chicago baseball club, has traded McCormack, the famous pitcher, with the Pittsburg club, for Van Hallers, a Pacific coast pitcher, receiving as a bonus a check for \$2,000.

Such clubs as Chicago, Detroit, Boston and Philadelphia, will keep the New Yorks guessing all through the season, and they will have no time to spare for pleasure excursions when they are booked for the Pittsburg, Washington and Indianapolis clubs. Thus far the New Yorks have not played a game on any diamond other than their own. The impression is they are weak at third base, and not too strong at second.

Base-ball Scores—April 21st.

Table with columns: At (Location), R, H, E. Rows include Washington, Toronto, Louisville, Cleveland, New Haven, Buffalo, Philadelphia, Athletics, Metropolitans, Pittsburg, Hamilton, Manchester, New York, Columbia, Newark, Brooklyn, Newark, Ithaca, Rochester, Cornell, Scranton, Binghamton, Scranton.

FAVORABLE TO FREE TRADE.

Goldwin Smith Thinks Britain Will Give Her Consent for Commercial Union. NEW YORK, April 22.—Professor Goldwin Smith has written a letter in the New York Times on the attitude of Great Britain on the question of commercial union. He says he would never vote for anything which he thought in the least degree a variance with the interest or honor of Great Britain. Canada has already been taken formally as well as practically out of the commercial unity of the empire by Sir John Macdonald, who has declared that he is for fiscal home rule to the hilt. He thinks British statesmen will argue the consent of the imperial government to free trade between Canada and the United States because the one great interest of England on this side of the Atlantic is the friendship of the English speaking communities of this continent.