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IN LARGE OR SMALL SUMS, at low rates of interest, on City and Farm Property Loans granted on City and County Debentures. Apply to THOMAS BRIGGS, Manager, Frontenac oad and Investment Society. OFFICE-Opposite the Post Office.

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IMPERIAL SODA WATER,

GINGER ALE, &c. May be obtained from W. R. McRae & Co., Grocers; J. B. Leahy, Grocer; James Redden, Grocer, &c., &c., Kingston,

THE IMPERIAL is universally recognized as

the STANDARD BRAND. For sale at all leading Hotels, Clubs, etc.

IMPERIAL MINERAL WATER COM'Y.

HAMILTON.

March 25.

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BAKING POWDER

IS A PURE FRUIT ACID POWDER It contains neither alum, lime, nor ammonia and may be used by the most delicate constitutions with perfect safety. Its great success arising from its being instrinsically THE BEST VALUE IN THE MARKET, as well as thor oughly adapted to the wants of the kitchen, has excited envious imitations of its name and ap pearance. Beware of such.

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INCREASING TRADE.

We have the satisfaction of numbering with our patrons many new customers. WE ARE READY FOR ALL. We have made the stand-ard of our goods the first consideration, and can confidently claim that for character and assortment our stock is not excelled in the City at PRICES WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.

A CHEAP TEA & BREAKFAST A SPECIALTY. DAIRY GOODS, of the Choicest as well as the Cheapest, received daily. CANNED GOODS of every grade at

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Oct. 6.

PRINCESS STREET.

Robertson Brothers,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

Grockery, China, Glassware,

Lamp Goods, Plated Ware, Cutlery, &c.,

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March 17.

LATE ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

SOME LITTLE-KNOWN HISTORY OF HIM NOW RELATED.

Sketches in the "Century," and Stories They Revive-A Kidnapping Conspiracy, and How it Was Exploded-An Incident Connected With the White House Occupation.

[Special Correspondence.]

OMAHA, March 31. "I am reading with a great deal of interest Nicolay and Hay's life of Lincoln in The Century," said Mr. John W. Nichols, expresident of the Omaha fire department, to me. "The chapters that will most interest me will be those relating to his career from 1862 to 1865, and particularly the history of the assassination. It is not generally known that more than one attempt upon Lincoln's life was made in Washington, but such is the fact."

Mr. Nichols' statement interested me somewhat and I asked him to explain. He then went on and told me substantially the following story: In August, 1862, Company K, 105th Pennsylvania volunteers, of which Mr. Nichols was a member, was detailed as body guard of President Lincoln. Up to 1864 owing to the vigilance of the guards, Mr. Lincoln escaped all attempts at violence. The back of the Confederacy was broken, a good feeling pervaded all Washington, and vigilance was considerably relaxed. It was then conspiracies were hatched and Confederates overran the city unmolested. The president and his family spent the summer months at the soldiers' home, about three miles north of the city, whither the body guard accompanied them. It was the custom of the president to remain late at the war department and after his work was concluded he would ride on horseback out to the home. That summer he had persistently refused an escort, imagining himself per fectly secure.

One night about the middle of August Mr. Nichols was doing sentinel duty at the large gate to the grounds of the home. About 11 o'clock he heard a rifle shot, and shortly afterward Mr. Lincoln dashed up to the gate on horseback. The president was bareheaded, and as he dismounted he said, referring to his horse: "He came pretty near getting away with me, didn't he! He got the bit in his teeth before I could draw the rein." Mr. Nichols asked him where his hat was, and he replied that somebody had fired a gun off at the foot of the hill, and that his horse had become scared and jerked his hat off.

"Thinking the affair rather strange," said Mr. Nichols, "a corporal and myself went down the hill to make an investigation. At the intersection of the driveway and main road, we found the president's hat-a plain silk one-and upon examining it we discovered a bullet hole through the crown. The shot had been fired upward, and it was evident that the person who fired the shot had secreted himself close by the roadside. The next day gave Mr. Lincoln his hat and called his attention to the bullet hole. He remarked rather unconcernedly that it was put there by some foolish gunner and was not intended for him. He said, however, that he wanted the matter kept quiet, and admonished us to say nothing about it. We felt confident that it was an attempt to kill him, and a well nigh successful one, too. The affair was, of course, kept quiet in compliance with the president's request. After that the president never rode alone."

Mr. Nichols then went on to relate the circumstances of a kidnaping conspiracy which was attempted to be carried out the next fall. This plan was unknowingly frustrated by the body guard, whose quarters were immediately in front of the south porch of the executive mansion, equi-distant between that building and the treasury, state, war and navy departments. Just to the east of the quarters was the guard tent, where a portion of the body grand remained on duty. For reasons then unknown to the guard the tent was moved to the west end of the gravel walk, in the rear of the war department. Shortly afterward it was learned by the guard that on the very night the tent was moved a plan had been laid to capture the president as he should pass along the walk and carry him to the house of one Green, a notorious rebel, on the bank of the Potomac, back of the White House grounds, and thence, when the opportunity offered, he was to be carried to Richmond and held as a hostage. It was always believed that the moving of the guard tent to the west end of the walk frightened the conspirators and thwarted their At another time, not long after this inci-

dent, Bourke, the veteran coachman, who had served through two administrations at the White House, was taken sick. A stranger from Baltimore applied for the place and succeeded in securing it during the absence of Bourke. He did not hold the place very long, however, as he became so domineering and important that he was intolerable. Bourke was reinstated. One night, not long after he had been dismissed, the discharged coachman was discovered sneating about the stables, which were soon observed to be on dre. The whole guard was called out and by great exertions saved the presidential coach and team, but Tad Lincoln's pony and Col. Hay's carriage team perished. It was believed that a plan had been formed for this man to fire the stables, and during the excitement conspirators were to rush into the White House and murder the president. Mr. Lincoln, however, rushed out with the rest to the scene of the fire and thus frustrated any attempt at assassination. "What made this appear more evident," said Mr. Nichols, "was the fact that after the incendiary was arrested he produced several witnesses who were employed at Ford's theatre and who testified that he (the discharged coachman) was down in the city during the whole evening on which the fire occurred. These were the persons who, in my opinion, laid the final conspiracy that brought Aircham Lincoln to his grave." ALFRED SORENSON.

The breath of a chronic catarrh patient is often so offensive that he cannot go into society and he becomes an object of disgust, After a time ulceration sets in, the spongy bones are attacked, and frequently entirely destroyed. A constant source of discomfort is the dripping of the purulent secretions in to the throat, sometimes producing inveterate bronchitis, which in its turn has been the exciting cause of pulmonary disease. The brilliant/results which have attended its use for years past preperly designate Elv's Cream Balm as by far the best if not the only real cure for hay fever, rose cold, and ontarrh.

B. Laurence's Speciaelra.

The only sure aids to perfect vision, at J G. King's drug store. Ber none other. See every pair is stamped "B.L." Imitations abound. The frame may sometimes be closely imitated the lens never.

Do You Comprehend

That our sweet cider is the finest ever offered in this city, and it is perfectly pure. Russet apples, cranberries : roll bacon 10c. fb., tub butter 18c. fb., roll butter 22c., at Jan. Crawford's.

MAJ. WILLIAM H. MARTIN

Nominated for Senator by the Democrats of Texas.

Maj. William H. Martin, nominated by the Democrats of Texas for United States senator, is a native of Georgia, having been orn in Truiggs county in 1829. While he wa

still a youth the family removed to Eufala, Ala. There the subject of this sketch received his education, and having chosen the law for a profession he removed to Athens, Tex. In 1853 and again in 1855 he was elected to the state senate from a district embracing the counties of Henderson, Van Zandt, Navarro and Free-

MAJ. MARTIN. stone. When the (Photo, by F. B. Bailey, civil war broke out Palestine, Tex.) he enlisted on the Confederate side and participated in every buttle engaged in by Hood's brigade and distinguished himself by his personal bravery. At the close of the war Maj. Martin returned to his Texas home and set to work to baild up again his wasted fortunes. In 1872 he was elected district attorney of the old Ninth judicial district of Texas. He has always been an active man in the politics of his state. He was married to Miss Martha A. Gallamore in 1867. Of the eleven children born to them seven are living.

Edwin Booth's Speech. Mr. Booth is a most retiring and timid man about society. He is the only actor I ever met who is embarrassed at a compliment. Most actors, when you tell them how well they do. immediately proceed to explain to you that they are really greater actors than you think they are. Mr. Booth seems to be possessed by the unique conviction that Shakespeare meant what he wrote, and one of his main dreads is of the man who wants to know if Hamlet was really insane or only feigning. He was speaking of his reception at the Baldwin on the first night.

"You saw my reception on Monday night," he said, "and I-I couldn't have said 'Thank you' before that curtain."

He confessed to making one speech, but the result was not very encouraging. Some years ago he went with his company to a place to play one night. He had been specially requested not to play "Hamlet," as the cople had seen him in that the year before and they wanted something else. When they assembled at the theatre they found the bagrage had gone astray and the costumes for 'Richelieu' had not arrived. They must they something else, and the only thing they could do was to make up a bill of a farce and three acts of "Hamlet," which were easiest to put on. Mr. Booth went out before the curtain and made a little speech.

"They listened to me," he said, "and when I got through a man in the front of the or chestra looked up and said: 'All right, give us Hamlet.' I went off feeling very proud of my speech. I had done brilliantly, I thought, of the curtain. What's that! I said to mygrew excessively nervous. Just then one of the men came in from the front part of the house, 'What's that! Who's that talking out there? 'Oh, it's all right. It's the proprietor. They didn't hear a word you seed, and he is explaining to them that you've changed the bill."-San Francisco Chronicle.



Prosperous Passenger (to street car driver) -Well, my man, what do you do with your wages? Put part of them in the savings bank! I hope so.

Driver-No, sir: I hain't got no faith in banks. After I pays the butcher and the baker and the landlord and sich, I barrels the rest of my money up and puts it in the cellar. -New York Sun.

Dyspensia.

Much will necessarily depend upon the care exercised in the selection of food, which is all important to the dyspeptic. Hamilton's Pills may be used with the greatest benefit in cases where liver and bowel complications are produced by, or are the result of, dyspepsia. Commence with one pill every second day immediately after dinner, and reduce dose gradually until one quarter of a pill only is taken, which will be found sufficient to stimulate the liver and assist in the more perfect assimilation of food in the stomach. Dyspeptics, try Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut.

B.B.B. One of Many. B.B.B.

Mrs. Agnes Black, of Orton, Ont., says, 'For five years I have been a sufferer from dyspepsia and indigestion. I tried one bot tle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and was getting better: I then bought three more and it has cured me."

Lame back and nervous debility, associated with rheumatism, is sometimes met with in every day life, but as a rule we find not more han two of these complains in the same party. Be this as it may. The only sure and perfect cure is electricity and the best form of administering it is by Norman's electric belts and insoles. W. J. Wilson is my agent and from him you can procure testimonials and circulars relating to any of your complaints. Try and be cured. W. J. Wilson, sole agent for Kingsten.

Remarkable,

There have been many remarkable cures of deafness reported from the use of Yellow Oil. The proprietors of this medicine have a large number of such testimonials. It is the great household remedy for pain, inflammation, lameness, and soreness of every description, and can be used internally and externally.

Do You Realize That roll bacon at 10c. Ib., fresh eggs at 15c. doz., good tub butter at 18c. Ib., can

be had at Jaz. Crawford's. Last night a mob stormed the jail at Corning, took therefrom J. H. McKenzie, who murdered his tenant named Riggs, and

hung him.

MEDICAL.

MORE FACTS.

STERLING, ILL., August 22, 1885. We feel we must write something of the success of Hop Bitters. Their sale is threble that of any other article of medicine. Hence we feel it but justice to you and your Bitters to say that it is a medieine of real merit and virtue, and doingmuch good and effecting great cures.

Yours, J. F. & H. B. ULTEY.

HAYESVILLE, OHIO, Feb. 11, 1884. I am very glad to say I have tried Hop Bitters, and never took anything that did me as much good. I only took two bottles and I would not take \$100 for the good they did me. I recommend them to my patients, and get the best of results from their use.

C. B. MERCER, M. D.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Sept. 15, 1885. We take pleasure in giving you a notice and a nice, strong one, as it (Hop Bitters) deserves it. We use it, and we know it deserves it. - The Register.

GREENWICH, Feb. 11, 1886.

Hop Bitters Co. : Sirs-I was given up by the doctors to die of scrofula consumption. Two bottles of your Bitters cured me. They are having a large sale here. LEROY BREWER.

GREENWICH, N. Y., Feb. 12, 1885.

Hop Bitters are the most valuable medicine I ever knew. I should not have any

HENRY KNAPP. LONE JACK, Mo., Sept. 14, 1885. I have been using Hop Bitters, and have received great benefit from them for liver complaint and malarial fever. They are superior to all other medicines.

mother now but for them.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Feb. 2, 1886.

HOP BITTERS MFG. Co.; I know Hop Bitters will bear recommendation honestly. All who use them confer upon them the highest encomiums and give them credit for making cures-all the proprietors claim for them. I have kept them since they were first offered to the public. They took high rank - from the first, and maintained it, and are more called for than all others combined. So long as they keep up their high reputation for purity and usefulness I shall continue to recommend them-something I have never done before with any patent medi-J. J. BABCOCK.

Physician and Druggist.

Канока, Мо., Feb. 9. 1886. I purchased five bottles of your Hop Bitters of Bishop & Co. last fall, for my daughter, and am well pleased with the Bitters. They did her more good than all the medicine she has taken for six years. WM. T. McCLURE,

The above is from a very reliable farmer. whose daughter was in poor health for seven or eight years, and could obtain no Just then I heard somebody talking in front | relief until she used Hop Bitters. She is now in as good health as any person in elf. Somebody objecting-a row-and I this country. We have large sales, and they are making remarkable cures. W. H. Візнор & Co.



N. WASHINGTON, M.D., L.C.P.S.O.,

Eminent Throat and Lung Surgeon. Next Visit, Tuesday, May 10th, one full day. Come early.

COME EARLY. CONSCILTATION FREE.
DISEASES TREATED—Catarrh of the Head and Throat, Catarrhal Deafness, Chronic Bronchiis, Asthma and Consumption. Also loss of Voice, Sore Throat, Enlarged Tonsils, Polypus of the Nose removed.
CATARRH THROAT CURED. Listen to W. H. Storey, of Acton, Glove Ma.

DR. WASHINGTON, 215 Yonge St., Toronto. Dear Sir :- I feel grateful for the radical cure you have affected in my throat trouble, and, though I dislike having my name appear in connection with the testimonial busines, yet, having regard for such as are similarly affected, as well as having a desire to recognize the re-sults of your Treatment, I make a departure in this case. Prior to my acquaintance with you, I had suffered for two years from repeated attacks of catharral sore throat, each succeeding attack being more prolonged and violent than the former. At these times I had violent fits of coughing, and would discharge large quanti-ties of muchus. Feeling alarmed, I sought the best medical skill available, including a much noted Specialist, and took almost everything known to medicine without experiencing a known to medicine without experiencing a particle of relief. Last spring I went to Europe. The change did me good, but on my return the old troubie was renewed. Seeing you advertised to visit this place, I thought I would consult you, although I confess with not much hope of receiving any benefit. However, I was favorably impressed with your candor, and resolved to give your Treatment a trial. The result, I am happy to inform you, is a complete cure, and one so marked in its character as to surprise both myself and my friends. From cure, and one so marked in its character as to surprise both myself and my friends. From the first your medicine seemed adapted to my case and gave relief. In two months I was entirely well, and have so continued during the most unfavorable season of the year. You are at liberty to make what use you please of this letter, and I shall be pleased to answer any enquiries relative to my case. Yours very truly, W. H. STOREY.

Head Office—215 Yonge Street, Toronto. Feb. 12. Write for particulars.

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Why do you poison your blood and injure your stomachs by the use of strong drugs, which seldom cure and always do more er less harm. You can be cured without a possibility of injury by the use of A. NOR-MAN'S Electro-Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses. Write for Circulars giving full particulars. Consultation Free and private, 4 Queen Street East, Toronto. W. J. WILSON, Sole Agent, Kingston.

EAFNESS and successful CURE at your own home, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the noted specialists with-out benefit Cured himself in three months, and since then hundreds of others. Full parti-sulars sent application. T. S. PAGE, No. 41 West Mat St., New York City.

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from Halifax to Liverpool and Londonderry. Cabin—\$50, \$65, \$75. Return—\$100, \$125, \$150. Intermediate—\$30. Return—\$60. Steerage placed at \$15. GLASGOW AND BOSTON LINE.—Glasgow

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Trunk Railways at Halifax and at Portland. and passengers are forwarded on by special trains to Montreal and the West, The last train connecting at Portland with the Mail Steamers, sailing from that port on Thursday, leaves Kingston on Wednesday at

The last train connecting with the Mail Steamers at Halifax leaves Kingston on Thursday at 1:40 p.m. ##If you are sending for your friends we can furnish you with prepaid passage certificates to bring them from England, France, Germany, Sweden, Norway, ac. Rates of passage always as low as by any other line.
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CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAYS. The undersigned will issue First-Class Return Tickets from Kingston to all points on the C.P.R., east of and including Port Arthur, and to points on the Intercolonial, Erie & Hu-

ron and Michigan Central Railways at A FARE AND A THIRD! Good going on April 7th, 8th or 9th, and good to return until April 12th, inclusive.

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS Of Schools and Colleges can, upon presentation of Certificates signed by the proper authority, obtain Return Tickets at above rate, good going until April 8th, and good to return until April 18th, inclusive.

J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, Ticket Agent K. & P. and C.P.R.



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OF CANADA.

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SCHOOL VACATIONS On presentation of Certificates from their rincipals, Pupils and Teachers can purchase EASTER HOLIDAY TICKETS, good to go from March 25th to April 8th, and good to return up to April 18th, inclusive, at One Single First-Class Fare and One Third.

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Arrives Toronto 9:10 p.m.; Ottawa, 5:25 p.m.
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Passengers leaving by this train will reach
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No. 1 Mixed leaves Kingston 7:30 a.m.; arrives
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A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with comfortable rooms and board at 217 Brock Street. Bath room, with modern conveniences.