

LOCAL BREVITIES.

"Crick in the Back." Stich in the side and all such afflictions cured by Pomeroy's Poured Plasters. Sold by druggists and J. G. King, Kingston.

Got a Pencil? Then Make a Note of This. You can buy 2 cans salmon for 25c; 3 cans mackerel, 25c; 1 can of pie or table peaches for 15c; 1 can, the finest sugar corn, 15c. Jas. Crawford.

The School Board To-night. A regular meeting of the school board will occur this evening. Mr. Brown's resolution, asking that the bible be read in the public schools, and other important matters, will be considered.

R. Laurance's Spectacles. The only safe aids to perfect vision, at J. G. King's drug store. Buy none other. See every pair stamped "B.L." Imitations abound. The frame may sometimes be closely imitated, the lens never.

Rare Chance at this Season. Z. Prevost is giving the choice of any piece of tweed in his window for \$13.50—a suit made to order and guaranteed a first-class fit. These goods are all new and well assorted patterns of English, Scotch and Canadian manufacture.

Expenditure at the Asylums. The total expenditure in connection with the Kingston asylum, from July 1st, 1876, to December 31st, 1886, was \$294,033.98. In 1886 the expenditure was \$33,662.28. The cost of the branch asylum last year was \$9,296.94.

Building a Dry Dock. Conservators suggest that the government employ the penitentiary convicts in the building of a dry dock. It could easily be rented. "In no other way," said a vessel owner, "can Kingston get a dock sufficient to take in the largest lake craft."

Back to Kingston. Lieut. Oscar Pelletier, of "B" Battery, Quebec, a son of Hon. Senator Pelletier, wounded in the leg at the engagement at Cut Knife Hill during the recent rebellion, is in the city to take a course of instruction at the Royal Military College. He has completely recovered from the effects of his wound.

Water Works Arbitration. In the water works arbitration the company will have to establish the value of their plant and franchise and the city will have to combat the claims. It is probable the arbitrators will meet during the next two weeks and adjourn, as the company's president, Hon. G. A. Kirkpatrick, will be engaged in his parliamentary duties.

Speaking About Agriculture. Last evening Prof. Goodwin, of Queen's college, lectured in the Dominion Business college to a large and appreciative audience. His address was about agriculture and proved very interesting. It will be published in full in a few days. Mayor Carson occupied the chair, and, previous to introducing the lecturer made a neat address.

Is There a Personal Devil? Among the opinions expressed by fine critics upon this lecture, is that of Dr. W. H. Adams, L.L.D., president of the Illinois Wesleyan University, who says: "I know of no lecture so full of once of argument, of human experience, of fine sense and eloquence, as this. I have rarely, if ever, heard a lecture that set me so 'a thinking' and did me so much good."

The Country Filling Up. William Doran, stipendiary magistrate at North Bay, is in the city. He says he has established two new division courts for the convenience of the public. He is continually hearing criminal cases, but they are not of much consequence. The heaviest sentence he has yet imposed on any prisoner has been six months in gaol at hard labor. North Bay has now a population of 1,000.

A Marine Painting. A beautiful marine painting is on exhibition in Wade's drug store window. Mr. Henderson, who did the work, was taught by Prof. Foreshaw Day, of the Royal military college. He now bids fair to become a notable artist. Upon the advice of Prof. Day he will study in Europe for several months next year, and attend the Royal academy for lectures. The work in view has been painted for the Royal academy.

After the Switchman. Last night a young man entered the telephone exchange, asked the night man to call up a lively firm, and while this was being done crawled through the message wicket and made an attack on the switchman. A scuffle ensued, and the intruder was thrown down the cellar, the door clapped down, a desk placed upon the door, and the police called. The officers, after arresting the youth, let him go. The matter, however, has not ended yet.

The Colonization Roads. The following amounts have been expended by the Ontario government on colonization roads in this and the adjoining counties: Addington road, \$1,008.23; Barrie road, \$347.63; Bedford bridges and roads, \$130; Frontenac road, \$1,008.43; Hinchinbrooke road, \$300; Lavant road, \$590.70; Mississippi road, \$1,105.27; Perth road, \$909.67; Sharbot Lake road, \$502.49; Vennacher, \$424.58. In the east division altogether \$50,514.31 was expended during 1886.

Humpty-Dumpty on the Wall. A large house greeted Tony Denier's Humpty-Dumpty company last evening. Since its last appearance the performance has been greatly improved by the addition of a number of specialties, executed by first-class artists. These new features are excellent, and were rapturously applauded. In several instances encores were asked. There was much in the performance to provoke mirth, and many people laughed so hard that they made themselves sore. On the whole the entertainment gave great satisfaction.

The Mikado Under Difficulties. Manager E. A. McDowell has just returned from a tour with a comedy company in the West Indies, and tells of being commanded by the governor in Demarara to give the "Mikado." Concerning the difficulties attending the production of the opera, he says: "They wanted me to sing Nanki in falsetto. I rehearsed the role once and the company struck. Finally Miss Malcolm assumed the role, and our difficulties seemed at an end. It was not the case however. The Philharmonic club of Georgetown essayed the male chorus, but incidentally discovered that there was no female chorus at hand. Money couldn't hire one, so I just struck out the three little maids to represent the female population of Japan. It kept them busy, but they did not seem to mind it."

INCIDENTS OF THE DAY.

PARAGRAPHS PICKED UP BY OUR BUSY REPORTERS.

The Spice of Every Day Life—What the Public are Talking About—Nothing Escapes the Attention of Those Who are Talking Notes. Lace curtains cheapest at Murray & Taylor's.

Robins were seen in Cataragui cemetery yesterday. The chemical engine will be delivered in May. A division court will be established at Sharbot Lake.

A photo of the Park Nine will be presented to James Little. Improvements have been made to the yacht Laura. The tug Eleanor, being rebuilt, has been widened 22 inches.

It is proposed to issue summer numbers of the Queen's College Journal. Fourteen horses will take part in the Wolfe Island races to-morrow. A ten ton yacht will be built in Kingston after the Boston model.

Lectures to the students of the medical college will be concluded to-morrow. It is expected that the military camp for this district will commence on June 9th. A. Larush will be master of the sch. Norway this season. He was mate of the D. D. Calvin last year.

The members of the Kingston serenade club will give an entertainment in Water-ton next month. Sir John Macdonald, ex-Speaker Kirkpatrick and Senator Plumb left Ottawa for Toronto last evening.

C. Powell, carpenter, who has been spending a few months in Colton, Southern California, has returned to the city. Successful revival services are being conducted in the Methodist church, Battersea, by Rev. Mr. Krupp, of Battersea.

The woolly horse purchased by Mr. West is indeed a curiosity. It was purchased from John Cunningham, of Kingston Mills. Oyster supper and donation party by the ladies' aid in the Methodist church, Inverary, on Wednesday evening, March 16th.

Mr. Orr, who had one of his legs broken by a runaway accident, is getting along well. He felt better to-day than he has been since the accident. The carpenters, engaged in building a pair of gates for the basin lock, at Kingston Mills, have completed the work and left for Smith's Falls.

Rev. Mr. Stilwell christened five children at the residence of W. H. Godwin on Wednesday evening. They are owned by members of his congregation. A sacred service of song will be given at the depot Methodist church to-morrow evening (Friday 11th.) A band sleigh will leave Mrs. Knowles' at 7 o'clock sharp.

The Ontario government will be asked to subsidize the proposed railway from Renfrew to Eganville. The K. & P.R.R. directorate still talk of building the line. James W. Dunlevy, Maynooth, has purchased Green's hotel and has opened to business a well furnished house with a good table, well managed bar and ample stabling.

Fresh roll butter, 22c; fine tub butter, 18c; early rose potatoes, turnips, carrots, apples and every kind of fine groceries; oranges and lemons, 20c doz. Jas. Crawford. We have lots of roll butter at 22c; plenty of tub butter, 18c; any quantity of pie peaches and table peaches at 15c can; oranges and lemons, 20c doz. Jas. Crawford.

The ice surrounding the M. T. company's barges is very thin. A man who was working at one of the boats yesterday broke through the ice and narrowly escaped drowning. The benefit of our new illustrated service has been exemplified in two notable cases already—the execution of Mrs. Druse at Herkimer, and the death of Mr. Beecher at New York.

Job line merino socks for 25c, worth 35c, at Murray & Taylor's. See them. The county council have given notice of the establishment of a cattle fair, to be held annually, at Marysville, Wolfe Island, on the second Monday in October.

The best account of the death of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, and the illustrated articles upon his life and services, appear in this week's WEEKLY WHIG, along with two of Talmage's sermons. Prof. J. W. Davy leaves at once for Washington, to take out further fence patents. The company here (Prof. Davy, Mr. Grady and Joseph Swift,) are proceeding with the manufacture having plenty of orders.

Mr. Harrison, who has charge of the armory at the R.M.C., has been confined to his room by rheumatic gout for three months. He is able to be about to-day, and recovering health rapidly. All the chains necessary for the hoisting of the prop. Myles have been placed under her. Yesterday she was raised about a foot. If no accidents occur Wrecker Merriman says the boat will be afloat in a few days.

IS SOCIALISM THE SUBJECT?

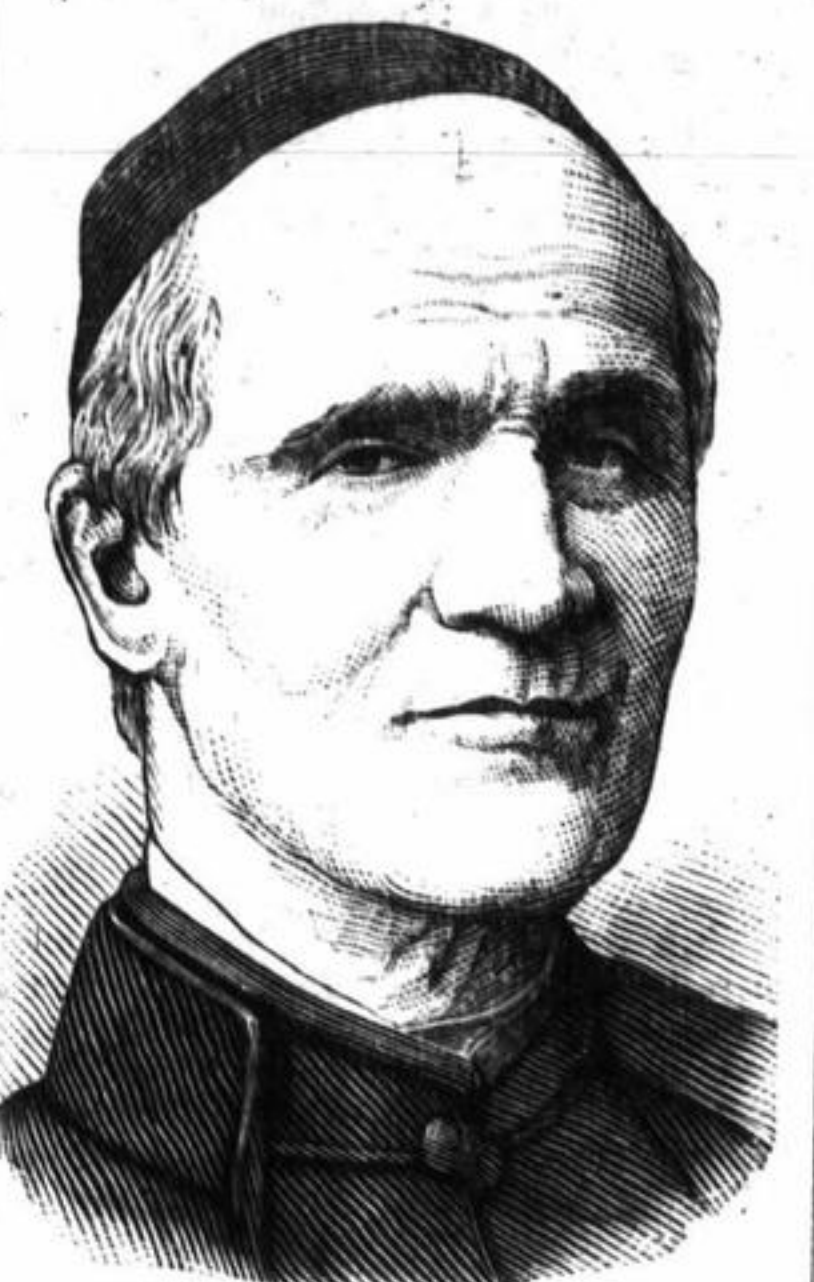
The Proposed Debate of the Alma Mater Society for Saturday Night. The bulletin board at Queen's college says: "Next Saturday evening the Alma Mater Society will discuss the following: 'Whereas, in those states, where private property in land is permitted, the legitimate fruits of the system are diminution of total production, great unnecessary social inequalities, a dangerous spirit of spoliation; and whereas, in our own land, similar tendencies are seen: Therefore, be it resolved that this house should express its belief that to overcome these evils the state should own, control, and manage the natural advantages of the land, and should proceed to work out in detail what has now been accepted in principle.'"

The society will resolve itself, after routine, into a mock parliament, the government being led by the president. The orchestra will furnish the musical programme. No doubt many of the graduates and alumni will hear the debate. "Of earthly goods the best is a good wife; A bad, the bitterest curse of earthly life."

How many wives who to-day are almost distracted because of their many ailments, all tending to make home unhappy, would become the best of all earthly goods if they got rid of their troubles by using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which is an unfailing remedy for those diseases and weaknesses which afflict the female sex. Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's complete treatise on those diseases, illustrated by numerous wood cuts and colored plates. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

THE BLACK POPE'S DEATH.

The General of the Society of Jesus Who Died Only Recently.



PIERRE JEAN BECKX.

The death of Father Beckx in Rome calls to mind the career of one of the most remarkable ecclesiastics the Catholic church has produced. Next to the supreme pontiff his influence in the church was supreme during the pontificate of Pius IX. The Roman populace called him "The Black Pope." In September, 1883, the pope ratified the election of Father Anderly as successor to Father Beckx. Pierre Jean Beckx was born at Siehem, in Belgium, on the 8th of February, 1795, of humble parents. His father, a poor grocer, died when Jean was very young, and his mother was obliged to wash and sew in order to bring up her five sons, of whom the future general of the Jesuits was the youngest. She apprenticed him to a sign painter at the age of nine years, but he soon returned home. Singing as an acolyte in the church at Siehem he attracted the attention of the pastor of the church, who promised to take care of Beckx if his mother would allow him to become a priest. She consented and the life of the scholar was begun forthwith.

In his thirteenth year he was able to converse in Latin and could read difficult Greek authors and the Hebrew bible without the aid of a dictionary. At the termination of his brilliant student life he was ordained priest. In October, 1819, he was admitted into the society of Jesus. His abilities were quickly recognized and employed. To Duke Ferdinand of Anhalt-Kothen Father Beckx became spiritual confessor, and after the decease of the duke he remained with his widow, the Countess Julia, with whom he went to Vienna. Previously to this Father Beckx had traversed nearly the whole continent of Europe, exciting general astonishment by his extraordinary eloquence, by the fluency with which he spoke nearly all the languages of cultivated Europe.

In 1847 Father Beckx was appointed procurator for the province of Austria, in which capacity he went to the college of procurators at Rome. In the following year the Jesuits were driven from Austria and Father Beckx went to Belgium, where he was appointed rector of the Jesuit college at Louvain. It was owing to his influence that Cardinal Szeitowsky, primate of Hungary, succeeded in obtaining the reinstatement of the Jesuits, and in founding the novitiate at Tyrnan.

In 1853 he was sent to Rome to participate in the election of a successor to Father Roothan, and was himself appointed superior of the order of Jesus. He was a profound scholar, a skilful orator, a brilliant and trenchant writer, and endowed with rare executive talents. He enjoyed excellent health up to a recent period, and kept a firm grasp on the whole Jesuit mechanism of both hemispheres.

DEATH OF A. M. HARVEY.

It Elicits the Sorrow of Many A Fine Intellect Laid at Rest.

A bright young man, A. M. Harvey, fourth son of the late Major Harvey, of Barge Castle, Wexford, Ireland, died on March 7th, and great is the regret attending his demise. He was intellectually very highly endowed, and of the culture of his mind evidence was given in the excellent verse which he wrote from time to time and published in the local press. Three years ago he came to Canada, and a year later obtained occupation in the office of our contemporary, as proof reader, occasionally writing for the paper and giving publication to some very appreciable thoughts. His illness was short and his death sudden, but ere the end came the young man expressed himself as at peace with God and the world. The funeral occurred yesterday. At the house there was a short service, conducted by Dr. Jackson, and at St. James' church, which deceased attended, there was a public service, Rev. F. W. Dobbs officiating in accordance with a request of the late Mr. Harvey. The floral offerings of his employer and associates were very pretty.

AGAIN THE VICTORS.

The Shoemakers and the Firemen Play Checkers—The Former Win.

The shoemakers and firemen had a second contest at checkers last evening, and again victory was secured by the shoemakers. Sixteen games were played, with the following result:

Table with 3 columns: Name, Games, Draws. Shoemakers: Hensley (10), Hartman (7), Volume (8), Adams (13). Total: 38. Firemen: Pilla (12), Kilpatrick (3), Hall (2), Lemmon (8). Total: 25. Majority for shoemakers 13.

The shoemakers say they would have won by a larger number had the draws been counted, but the firemen objected.

Chronic Coughs and Colds. And all diseases of the throat and lungs can be cured by the use of Scott's Emulsion, as it contains the healing virtues of cod liver oil and hypophosphites in their fullest form. "I consider Scott's Emulsion the remedy par excellence in tuberculous and strumous affections, to say nothing of ordinary colds and throat troubles."—W. R. S. Connell, M.D., Manchester, O.

THE UNION OF FARMERS.

A BRANCH FOR THE TOWNSHIP OF KINGSTON IS ORGANIZED.

Mr. H. Bawden Led off in the Discussion—The Views of Messrs. Fair, Wilmut, Milton, VanLaven, Joyner, Haycock, Clyde, and Others—The Farmers Will Take Care of Their Interests.

A largely attended meeting of farmers was held at Cataragui on the 7th inst. Dr. Brown presided. He said he was in sympathy with the proposed union, and that it would prove of great benefit to farmers. Mr. Bawden spoke at length. He urged the necessity of organization in order to obtain legislation in the interest of farmers, especially such legislation as related to the woods and forests branch of the crown lands department. He then proceeded to correct some misrepresentations that had been circulated concerning his connection with the attempt to unite farmers. He said that about three years ago he received a copy of the census returns of the province, and after a perusal of it was impressed with the commanding position the farmers of this province could attain in the management of public affairs were they united. He knew that they sent few men of their own calling to parliament, notwithstanding that there were plenty of farmers qualified to efficiently perform the duties of a representative. He then urged the farmers to organize for the selection of a representative, and he had since expressed his views in the press. He had shown that farmers were better qualified to take care of and foster their special interests than professional men. A few weeks before the recent dominion elections, at a meeting held in Pittsburg for the organization of a farmers' club, he spoke of the benefit of unions. At this meeting several grievances were discussed, and the conclusion reached that they were the result of misgovernment, that the legislatures should be looked to for a remedy. Meetings were held in the different townships and addresses made by able speakers, all of whom showed that by union the farmers would be enabled to more effectually protect their interests. Grievances that bore heavily on the farmer were proved to be of a legislative character, and one of the objects of the union was to have them legislated out of existence.

It was owing solely to the expression of opinion at the meetings held in Pittsburg that he believed it would be wrong to allow a lawyer to represent the constituency by acclamation, and he entered the field against the lawyer. Before doing so he had asked the opinion of the farmers who were on the committee of which he was a member as to the advisability of such a course, and much to his surprise the most of them were opposed to it. It looked to him as if they wanted a union, but that that union should be on a conservative farmer. Orelse that they were willing to unite, but not till after the election. Their action reminded him of a story. He heard of a bully who had been converted at a camp meeting, but at the penitential bench he asked the Lord to postpone the entry of his name for a couple of days while he went out and licked a few men he wanted to get square with. (Laughter.) They all knew the result of that contest, as far as he was personally concerned. But there was a greater and much more important result gained to the farmers in that contest, and it was that the present member was the last professional representative that will sit for the county of Frontenac. That gentleman asked him why he did not leave the country if he was not satisfied with the government. The speaker told him then, and he would tell his friends now that he (B.) was born in this country, was there to stay, and expected to have his body laid beneath the sod in the cemetery close beside the kindred dust of three generations of his people. While he lived he would assert and maintain his right as a Canadian citizen, to criticise the government of this country, whenever and wherever he felt disposed to do so. As a Canadian he felt that their land was above all other.

"The land that freemen till, That sober suited freedom chose, The land where girls by friends or foes, A man may speak the thing he will." He felt they were there to proclaim the fact, in no uncertain sound, that this organization they are attempting to form had its face turned towards the emancipation of the farmer from the slavery of party. "We are here," he said, "to direct and interest the younger members of the farming community in their duties to each other, and to encourage them with the prospect of a larger share in the direction and control of the affairs of the country our forefathers made habitable and prosperous. It is to the young men we look for the accomplishment of this work. They are always to be found in the ranks of aggressive parties, and I trust that before the next general election this organization will be both aggressive and bold in the assertion of farmers' rights. Our country is yet in a formative state, and what greater incentive to improvement can the farmer's son have than to be ambitious to qualify himself to perform his share in directing its destinies. No man should be afraid of discussing public affairs, and saying boldly what he thinks is right. James R. Lowell, at a banquet in Chicago, on Lincoln's birthday, said: 'I have a feeling that what is wanting in our politicians of the present day, more than anything else, is the one element of courage. Courage this is the highest of the virtues, because it is the safeguard of every other virtue we possess. Are we not all conscious that that is the one thing that is more wanting than anything else, people who will tell the truth to the first man they meet, or to any number of men that they meet.' That is what we want in Canada, too, plain simple statements of the status of the farmers in this country today, and what we hope for him in the future. If we want representation let us unite and obtain it. If we want retrenchment of public expenditure let us speak loud enough for our representatives to hear and demand it. If we want reciprocity let us demand that our representatives shall take proper steps to obtain it. Our fathers had to struggle along while performing the pioneer labor of this country with a rudimentary knowledge of the three R's, but their sons, who become enrolled in this organization, will adopt those symbolic letters as expressive of their aims and desires, and rest not until they have retrenchment, representation and reciprocity."

GOING IN FOR REFORMS. R. J. Milton, of Pittsburg, said that he was in favour of the organization of a farmers' union, and showed that its object would be to protect farmers against frauds of all kinds, to make them more interested in their callings, and to cause them to seek proper legislation. He referred to the fact that Dr. Orton had introduced a measure at several sessions of parliament for the establishing of farmers' banks, but had been rejected on each occasion by the banking com-

mittee. It was sad to contemplate that Dr. Orton had been defeated in the late elections. The speaker thought, with reference to the assessment law, that there should be no exemptions from taxes; that the auditing of municipal accounts should be done before elections; that the systems adopted of highly feeding prisoners in the gaols and penitentiary was wrong; that there should be no duties, on artificial manures; that buyers for the grain market should be imported, and so prevent monopoly; that the bureau of agricultural statistics was of no use to farmers; that the agricultural college was of no benefit to the farming community; that the civil servants of Ontario and dominion governments, who get salaries ranging from \$1,000 to \$7,000, should not be superannuated or paid a pension; that European systems, as advanced by Mr. Bawden, would be the best for raising a revenue from timber lands; and that the surplus revenues of the country should be applied in reducing its debt.

Mr. M. Graves, Pittsburg, was called on, and said he was in sympathy with the previous speakers, Bawden and Milton. It was time the farmers awoke to the necessity of making a united effort to place themselves and their interests in a position to command respect and recognition through their representatives. Heretofore, our interests have not received the attention that our position, as sixty per cent of the population demands. If we, as farmers, become united there is no power under heaven that can keep us out of our just rights. In forming unions in our school sections, and discussing the various interests of our professions, we can impart to each other general knowledge not otherwise obtained. There is such a variety of subjects to discuss, closely connected with agriculture, that they will come up faster than we can dispose of them. Machinery, fertilizers, and other necessary supplies can be purchased at wholesale rates direct from the manufacturers, from twenty to thirty per cent, cheaper by ordering through the secretary, each party being responsible for his own order, and entailing no risk on the part of the organization. The secretary would be a general medium throughout each township in regard to the sale or purchase of seed grain and hired labor, by parties making their wants known to the secretary. He concluded by saying, that so far as in him lay the power, he was determined to use every legitimate end to attain the end desired.

Thomas Clyde favored the establishment of a farmers' union, and thought that proceedings should be taken at once to organize a branch of it.

Mr. Elijah Joyner also advocated action in the same direction.

Mr. McKay, of the Dominion Business college, told what he knew of the benefits accruing from a farmers' union that had been established in the west.

Mr. J. L. Haycock said it was time that farmers threw party politics aside and worked together for their own interests, as they had been too long in the position of Jones' calf—standing off while the others fed.

FARMERS SHOULD RUN THEIR OWN SHOW. Mr. John Wilmut, Pittsburg, said it was time that farmers began to run their own show. They had relied on others too long to look after their interests, and the consequence was that their interests suffered. The farmer was nothing but a hewer of wood and drawer of water for the rest of the community. Mr. A. P. VanLaven was in favour of a farmers' union. In reference to buying and selling he thought that it was possible to get a reduction in retail prices upon some articles, if not on all, if farmers combined and purchased these articles in quantities. He did not think retail dealers or machine agents could be done away with, but many articles could be purchased wholesale, and at a profit. No one man should monopolize the grain market. He had been offered, for a sample of barley, 58c. in Kingston, 60c. in Collinsby, and 75c. in Bath, and by the same dealer in each case. If the union would prevent such a monopoly it would be a good thing. Allusion was made to market tolls. Mr. VanLaven did not think the city had a right to collect them.

Mr. Fair was in sympathy with the proposed union, but farmers, to make it successful, should drop their old jealousies. A farmers' club, for the township of Kingston, was then organized, with these officers: President—Thomas Clyde. Vice-President—Dr. Brown. Treasurer—G. Nicol. Secretary—J. L. Haycock. Meetings will be held in the section to organize.

Here is a Cure for Slim Pocket Books. Deal where you can get the best goods for the least money, such as best roll bacon, 10c lb.; fresh eggs, 20c doz.; 2 cans salmon, 25c; and don't pay fancy prices. Deal with Jim Crawford and your pocket book will grow heavy.

South Leeds Agricultural Society. At the annual meeting of this society the following officers were elected: President, Alex. Elliott, Chantry; first vice-president, W. G. Dargavel, Elgin; second vice-president, J. B. Wilson, Wilsted; directors, Alex. Acheson, J. Barlow, A. Stevens, J. A. Bell, J. Imeson, J. Bower, N. B. Howard, Dr. Sinclair, all of Delta, and T. H. Percival, Plum Hollow. J. A. Russell was appointed secretary at a salary of \$45. Wm. Bell, treasurer, at \$10. The dates of the exhibition were fixed for 27th and 28th Sept. next.

Enjoy Life. What a truly beautiful world we live in! Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means of enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worn out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof that Green's August Flower will make them as free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia and liver complaint are the direct causes of seventy-five per cent of such maladies as biliousness, indigestion, sick headache, costiveness, nervous prostration, dizziness of the head, palpitation of the heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of August Flower will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottles, 10 cents. Try it.

Canvas cloth dress goods 12 1/2c. at Murray & Taylor's.

Weather Probabilities. North and north-east winds, fair cooler weather.

Try Murray & Taylor's for kid gloves. Best gloves guaranteed.