

ELECTION CARDS.

THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE!



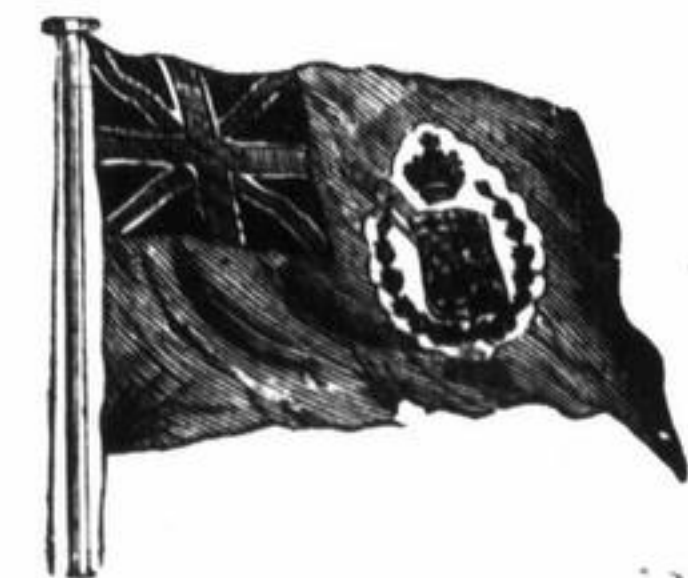
COMMONS ELECTION, '87

TO THE ELECTORS

Your votes and influence are respectfully solicited for

ALEX. GUNN

As Member for Kingston in the Interest of Good Government.
Jan. 20th, 1887.



HOUSE OF COMMONS ELECTION!

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD

Respectfully requests the votes and influence of the Electors of Kingston.
Jan. 28th, 1887.

AMUSEMENTS--MEETINGS.

MONTREAL CARNIVAL,
7th to 12th February, 1887.

The undersigned will issue Return Tickets from Kingston Kingston and Pembroke

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAYS

At the following rates, viz:
On February 4th to 10th, inclusive, at \$5.75.
And on February 7th, 8th and 9th at \$4.15.

All Tickets are good to return, leaving Montreal not later than Feb. 16th, and a STOP OVER AT OTTAWA is allowed on return trip. For a list of Hotels, Boarding Houses, Lodgings, &c., in Montreal, with prices, can be seen at my office.

J. P. GILDERSLEEVE,

Ticket Agent K. & P. and C.P.R.,
42 CLARENCE ST.
Jan. 25.

BOARD OF TRADE.

A SPECIAL MEETING will be held in the City Council Chamber on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, Feb. 8th, at 8 o'clock, to discuss the question of Canal Tolls. Members and all interested are requested to attend.
Feb. 5. THOS. MILLS, Sec'y.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool And London And Globe INSURANCE CO'Y.

ONE of the best and safest companies doing business in Canada. Insurances effected at as low rates as any other good Company. Invested Funds, \$35,200,700. Net income for the past year was \$8,354,300. This enormous Premium Income ought to convince assured of the desirability of placing their insurance in a Co'y so perfectly secure. The Company still maintains its claim to doing the largest Fire Business in the world. The Company has actually paid since its information the following large sums:
For Fire Losses \$2,040,285
For Life Losses \$5,890,225
\$107,930,510
THOMAS BRIGGS, Agent.

THE MTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
HARTFORD, CONN.

Cash Capital \$4,000,000.00
Total Assets, January 1st, 1882 5,902,272.90
Losses paid in 23 years 53,400,000.00
The leading Fire Insurance Company on the Continent. Its Annual Premium Receipts in Canada and the United States are larger than those of any other Company, and it has an unblemished record of 23 years.
August, 8. JAMES SWIFT, Agents.

R. STIRLING, KINGSTON

Agent for The Equitable Life Assurance Society, of New York, and Western Fire Assurance Company, of Toronto.

FRUIT, &c.

JUST ARRIVED AT MRS. J. K. OLIVER'S

A Fine Supply of FRESH OYSTERS, FRESH BOLOGNA, SAUSAGES, CHICKEN, HAM & TONGUE

For Bologna, Fresh Eggs, Lard and Butter always on hand.
MRS. J. K. OLIVER.
Nov. 24.

CHARLOTTE RUSSES.

MUFFINS and CRIMPETS fresh every day at THE "BAZAAR"
REES BROS., - Manufacturing Confectioners
Dec. 2.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE BRITISH WHIG is published every evening, at 336 King Street, Kingston, Ontario, AT SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

For four lines, one or two insertions, \$0 50
For four lines, each subsequent insertion, 25
Over four lines, first insertion, 10c per line
Each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5c
Once a week, subsequent insertions, 10c
Twice a week, subsequent insertions, 8c
Three a week, subsequent insertions, 6c
Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50c, each, unless when "booked," when \$1 is charged. Special notices in reading columns are charged at extra rates.

The WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 8 pages, 56 columns, is published every Thursday morning at \$1 a year. Attached to the paper is one of the best and most busy Job offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; 8 improved printing presses.
EDW. J. B. PENSE, Proprietor.



THE DAILY WHIG.

"Opifer per Orbem Decor."

When conservatives, particularly, praise an opponent people cannot be far astray in placing confidence in him. Sir John Macdonald, Hon. G. A. Kirkpatrick, J. H. Metcalfe, M.P.P., all laud Alexander Gunn for his excellent qualities. He should, therefore, as a citizen, be preferred before a man who has neither part nor lot in the advancement of the city's interests.

Mr. Wilson, of the cotton mill, recently argued that the government should be sustained, because of every \$100,000 worth of cotton machinery brought into Canada the party in power collected \$25,000 in duties. The machinery had to be secured in England. Poor, honest people would, however, prefer the machinery to enter free, and the \$25,000 saved to their pockets in lower prices for the cloth or higher wages for the operatives. It would be safer than by being handled by "the boodle brigade."

The Montreal Gazette is sorry that the member for Huntington was not made a cabinet minister by Hon. Mr. Mercier in order that the electors of his county might have the pleasure of punishing him at the polls for his "two-facedness." The people will scarcely appreciate the point of this joke. Dr. Cameron voted against the opposition on the Riel question, but that did not mean that he had ceased to be a liberal. As such he ran in the late election, and as such he was returned, despite the opposition of a conservative candidate and the money which he spent. In the general election the friends of the Gazette did all they could to defeat Dr. Cameron and failed, and in a bye-election they are not likely to have greater luck.

SIGNIFICANT OMENS.

Every intelligent student of current political history in this country must be forcibly impressed with the manifest tendency of public opinion, as expressed through the press and on the platform in the present campaign. There is such a turn in the tide as has not been witnessed since the famous Pacific railway scandal humiliated the Canadian people in the eyes of civilization and called for a national purgation. He who runs may read. Liberalism is again in the ascendant. The monstrous vices that have weighed like an incubus upon the public morality are no longer to be tolerated. A limit of forbearance has been reached and there is a Macedonian cry for deliverance. The deception by which Sir John A. Macdonald contrived to bolster up a corrupt system of government has been exposed to public view and will meet with public condemnation. It is impossible to conceal the fear that haunts the tory party. They see the handwriting on the wall, and reluctantly acknowledge that the fates are against them. We have never yet lost faith in the people. Sometimes their verdict with the ballot has created surprise and perhaps not a little alarm, but it could be attributed to an influence that deceived the judgment rather than corrupted the heart. Party allegiance may be a despotic rule with some, against which they have not the moral courage to contend, but the great majority are open to conviction on the principles of justice and morality. The enlarged franchise has brought within the party ranks a class of young men whose ideas of political work are not restricted by sentiment. They are, for the most part, an intelligent class, who read extensively and think for themselves. Blind obedience to a party behest cannot be forced upon them. It is from this class we reasonably expect a reversion of the verdict that gave the country into the hands of boodlers and corruptionists. The young men of Canada admire the ability, courage and moral nobility of Edward Blake. They are able to contrast his public services with those of Sir John A. Macdonald and his prospective successor, as leader of a party. To them the transparent malignity and gross misrepresentation of tory traducers bring no conviction. Repugnant is the thought of a servile obedience to principles that dishonor manhood and bring inevitable ruin to cherished institutions. To maintain a political ascendancy by means of such corrupt practices as shame the councils of despots is not a popular creed of faith among the young men of our country. In Edward Blake they have the ideal of a political leader. With a moral courage that challenges the admiration of his opponents, he battles for public rights fearlessly and triumphantly. In intellectual stature he towers head and shoulders above all competitors. His public addresses are models of forensic eloquence, and his nobility of purpose silences the criticisms of corrupt partisans. We are proud of our

leader, and have faith in the ultimate triumph of the cause he so ably espouses. Judging the future by the significant omens of the present and the equally significant results of the past, we confidently predict the triumph of the reform party on the 22nd inst. The obligations resting upon every honest elector are of the greatest importance. There should be no dereliction of duty. The historical watchword of the hero of Trafalgar, with a slight variation, will apply to the present emergency. Canada does expect every man to do his duty. He is not a man in the full significance of the term who refuses or neglects to exert an influence, however limited, in behalf of the public weal. The franchise should be cheerfully and intelligently exercised.

RUMORS OF WAR.

We are not pessimists, but prefer to look upon the bright side of things. Much that has an ominous sound and menacing appearance can be attributed to party strife and exaggerated reports. A mole hill soon assumes the dimensions of a mountain under the magnifying influence of an active imagination. There are enterprising journalists and newsmongers these days who do not always limit their researches by honest work. They cater to a taste that is not satisfied with common platitudes. Sensational pabulum must be doled out in generous quantities irrespective of the source of supply. We live in a wonderful age. Everything proceeds with rush and a crash. We are impatient of slow coaches of whatever description. Only the lightning express will satisfy our desire to make progress. This characteristic may account for much of what we daily read about the rumors of war in Europe. Undoubtedly there are causes for grave apprehension on the part of the authorities most concerned. We know that there are tough bones of contention that endanger the peace of Europe, and almost any moment threaten to precipitate widespread hostilities. France and Germany have no love for each other, and both are dangerously suspicious. With two such antagonistic spirits as Bismarck and Boulanger holding a controlling power in the councils of the two nations the bellicose temper is kept at fever heat. It requires but little provocation at any time to drive the fanatics to extreme measures. If once a movement is made towards actual hostilities mediation would fail in reconciling the belligerents. "The Watch on the Rhine" would soon become a stern reality, and Teuton and Gaul once more would contend for the right to dictate a peace to immortalize the conquerors. Hence, while we are somewhat suspicious of the origin of much that has a warlike coloring, we recognize the dangerous elements that exist and the prize at stake. It is no doubt true that fictitious and highly sensational newspaper reports have much to do in engendering a feeling of discontent and revenge when both parties to the dispute are so anxious to find an excuse for increased military preparation. Bismarck was defeated in his attempt to get a vote in favor of further military expenditures, and it is quite probable that he contrives to fan the flame of excitement until the ensuing elections are decided. If the German people believe that France is menacing their borders with a view of reconquering Alsace and Lorraine, they will give Bismarck an overwhelming majority in the next parliament. For similar reasons Boulanger desires to keep the French people in an excitable temper over German manoeuvres, so as the more easily to carry out his ambitious designs in the organization and discipline of the army. Both have a purpose to serve, and both are playing a desperate game in order to manufacture public opinion favorable to their schemes. That the danger of a *causis belli* being discovered by either party to this dispute is imminent all will readily admit; but still there must be a great provocation to induce two such powers to "cry havoc and let slip the dogs of war."

We have confined our remarks to the Franco-German scare, but as much can be said of the Bulgarian trouble and Russia's manifest intention to dictate the terms of settlement. This brings Austria and Turkey directly into the conflict, and indirectly makes England a party in the checker-board contest. The indications of a mutual agreement between the disputants, whereby the interests of all will be served, seems probable, but Russia is not a reliable power to deal with. We conclude, however, with the prediction that the white dove of peace will hover over the distracted continent a while longer.

OUR QUERY CORNER.

The Firm Should Reply.

To the Editor of the Whig: I see that H. Cunningham said at the conservative meeting that "in 1875 the firm employed 49 men, whose wages averaged \$9 per week. In 1886 they employed 91 men, who received wages which averaged \$11.16 per week." Now I would like to know how many are employed and what wages they receive in 1887. I am informed that they are working on half time.—P.

Saved From the Wreck.

If the delicate organization of woman gets out of order, prompt application of remedial agents is required to save it from total wreck. In all such cases, whether to assist nature in the discharge of her functions, or to repair damages caused by diseases of special organs, there is no remedy so mild, and yet so effective, as Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," prepared at the World's Dispensary, at Buffalo, N.Y., and administered for many years to thousands of patients with the happiest results.

Gen. Middleton isn't alarmed by American bluster and not a single special order has been sent out to officers commanding to hold themselves in readiness and report on the efficiency of the regiments, as would immediately have been done if any serious movement were contemplated.

DRY GOODS.

3,000 YARDS DRESS GOODS

In Plain and Stripes, for Suitings, at

121-2c. PER YARD,

Worth 20 Cents.

We secured this Lot IN BOND. This is a Special Bargain.

Call and examine them. To be had only at

Murray & Taylor's,

176 PRINCESS STREET.

Feb. 5.

BEWARE

OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS



As there are many inferior goods, corded with jute, hemp, etc., offered and sold as Coraline by some unprincipled merchants trading on the reputation of our genuine Coraline, we will warn the ladies against such imposition by drawing their attention to the necessity of seeing that the name

"CROMPTON CORSET COMPANY,"

Is stamped on Inside of Coraline Goods, Without Which None are Genuine.

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES.

CARNIVAL "STAR"

HAS ARRIVED AT

Henderson & Co's BOOKSTORE.

Be sure you get a copy before they are all gone, for it is truly a Grand Production.

PRICE, - 40 Cents.

Carnival "Witness"

Is not so pretentious, neither does it cost so much. However it is certainly very artistic and good for the price asked, namely

15 CENTS.

Lots of both at

Henderson & Co's,

Booksellers,

PRINCESS STREET, - - - KINGSTON.

Feb. 2.

VALENTINES,

COMIC AND SENTIMENTAL,

In Great Variety

F. NISBET'S,

The Corner Bookstore.

Feb. 7.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

GALLOWAY'S

IS THE PLACE FOR FURS, CAPS AND GLOVES OF ALL KINDS.

His recent experience leads him to believe that there are no goods in his line in the city that equal his for value

He is now showing a full assortment for Christmas, and as well as being ornaments they are useful, just the kind of presents for the hard-times. Now is your time to secure them.

Give him a call and it will repay you.

84 PRINCESS STREET,
Dec. 9. KINGSTON.

CLEARING SALE

DORLAND'S.

Dec. 28.

W.G. ASHLEY

Is now showing a very handsome stock of Gents' Fine Silk Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, (lined and unlined), Gentlemen's Half Hose, in Fine Cashmere, Merino, Silk and Embroidered Goods for evening wear; Fine White Dress Shirts, Night Shirts, White Kid Gloves, Cambric Bows and Tom Thumb Ties for evening wear. Special Value in Gentlemen's Chambric Vests, in Scarlet and Drab.

W. G. ASHLEY,
NEXT TO E. DORAN & CO'S, PRINCESS STREET,
Jan. 4.

SELLING OFF

At Greatly Reduced Prices, the Balance of the Winter Stock of UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, MITTS & GLOVES, PERSIAN LAMB CAPS, MUFFLERS, ETC.

J. R. RATTENBURY,
First-Class Laundry up-stairs,
Telephone. Jan. 11.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS.

INCREASING TRADE.

We have the satisfaction of numbering with our patrons many new customers. WE ARE READY FOR ALL. We have made the standard of our goods the first consideration, and can confidently claim that for character and assortment our stock is not excelled in the City at PRICES WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.

A CHEAP TEA & BREAKFAST A SPECIALTY. DAIRY GOODS, of the Choicest as well as the Cheapest, received daily. CANNED GOODS of every grade at

REDDEN'S - CHINA - TEA - HOUSE,
Oct. 6. PRINCESS STREET.

CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASSWARE, LAMPS,
ALL KINDS, PLATED WARE, &c.

See the largest assortment in the city at ROBERTSON BROS. SPECIAL REDUCTION IN PRICES for the Holiday Season. Our Stock is now complete with all the latest Novelties and Patterns. Special Bargains in Combination Dinner and Tea Sets and Fairy Lamps.

Robertson Brothers, IMPORTERS.

Dec. 17.

COSGRAVE'S ALE

IS THE BEST.

Try it and you will use no other.

B. J. LEAHY, - AGENT,
Aug. 9. Market Square, Kin St.

LABATT'S LONDON ALE.

The Finest Ale in Canada.

JAS. CRAWFORD - AGENT
THE TOILET.

CLEANLINESS IS NEXT TO GODLINESS.

Hot and Cold Baths at all Hours at

JONES' TONSORIAL PARLOR

British American Hotel Block, Clarence St.

N.B.—These are the only Baths in the city heated by steam, thereby securing at all hours good hot water. Aug. 9.

DYEING WORKS,

PRINCESS ST., - KINGSTON.

Gentlemen's Suits thoroughly cleaned or dyed and properly pressed. Also Ladies' Dresses, Ulsters, Jackets and Household Goods, in all materials, cleaned and beautifully finished.
R. MONTGOMERY,
Practical Dyer.
Aug. 9.

FLOUR AND FEED.

CENTRAL FLOURSTORE,

Cor. Princess & King Sts., Kingston.

JOSEPH QUIGLEY,

Central Flour, Feed and Grain Merchant,
Sept. 12.

DAMAGED WHEAT.

THE WHEAT damaged by the sinking of the Propeller Mylon will be sold by the bag cheap at the Kingston Foundry Wharf. This is the finest damaged wheat sold in Kingston for years. Apply to JAS. RICHARDSON & CO.
Nov. 3.