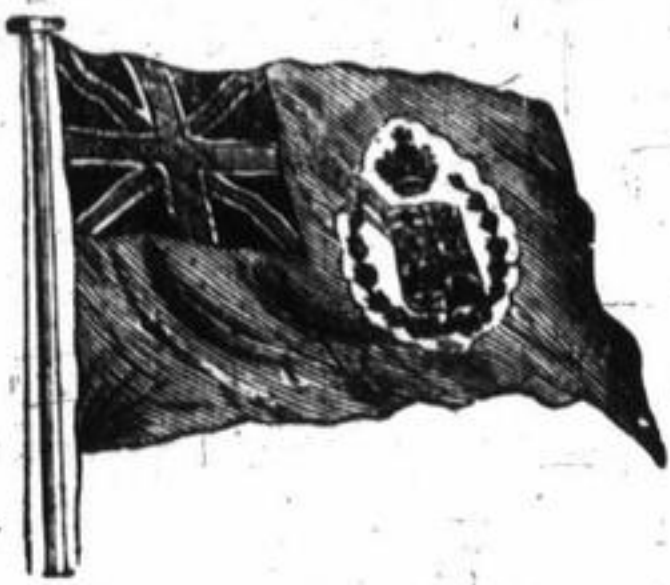


ELECTION CARDS.

THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE!



COMMONS ELECTION, '87

TO THE ELECTORS:-

Your votes and influence are respectfully solicited for

ALEX. GUNN

As Member for Kingston in the Interest of Good Government.  
20th, 1887.



HOUSE OF COMMONS ELECTION!

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD

Respectfully requests the votes and influence of the Electors of Kingston.

Jan. 28th, 1887.

AMUSEMENTS--MEETINGS.

SAILORS, ATTENTION!

A MEETING of Vessel Owners, Masters and Mates will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday, Jan. 31, at 7:30 p.m. All are invited.  
Jan. 28.

MISCELLANEOUS.



COUNTY OF FRONTENAC

TENDERS FOR WOOD.

TENDERS for the immediate supply of 40 cords of Wood, 128 cubic feet to the cord, for the use of the County Gaol, will be received by the undersigned up to 10 o'clock a.m. of SATURDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, now next.

The Wood to be the best quality of Maple and Beech, body wood, four feet long, and of this season's cut, and to be delivered and piled in the yard of said Gaol at Kingston immediately after the acceptance of a tender, and to be subject to the measurement and approval of the Chairman of Committee on County Property.  
By order,  
H. RANKIN, F. ELKINGTON,  
Chairman County Pro'y. County Clerk.  
Court House, 29th Jan., 1887.

MONTREAL CARNIVAL,

7th to 12th February, 1887.

The undersigned will issue Return Tickets From Kingston VIA Kingston and Pembroke

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAYS

At the following rates, viz:  
On February 4th to 10th, inclusive, at \$5.75.  
And on February 7th, 8th and 9th at \$4.15.

All Tickets are good to return, leaving Montreal not later than Feb. 16th, and a STOP OVER AT OTTAWA is allowed on return trip. A list of Hotels, Boarding Houses, Lodgings, &c., in Montreal, with prices, can be seen at my office.

J. P. GILDERSLEEVE,

Ticket Agent K. & P. and C.P.R.,  
42 CLARENCE ST.  
Jan. 25.

COUGH BALSAM!

When disturbed at night by the cough of the child Just get up and give him a dose of the mild And pleasant Cough Balsam. That is made of a mixture of eucalyptus And coltsfoot and tar. And plenty of other ingredients. And you will not complain. But will say That it cannot be beat. And that it is not a cheat. But is sudden and sure To effect a good cure In all troubles that bother the lungs. Then say to your wife, Always keep in the house A bottle of Wilson's Cough Balsam.

At Wilson's Pharmacy only can this incomparable medicine be obtained. Try it. It is good. Sold by

W.J. WILSON,

"The Pharmacy," Kingston.  
Jan. 14.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE BRITISH WHIG is published every evening, at 335 King Street, Kingston, Ontario, AT SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

For four lines, one or two insertions.....\$0 50  
For four lines, each subsequent insertion... 25  
Over four lines, first insertion..... 10c per line  
Each subsequent consecutive ins..... 5c  
Once a week, subsequent ins..... 10c  
Twice a week, subsequent ins..... 8c  
Three a week, subsequent ins..... 6c  
Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50c each, unless when "booked," when \$1 is charged. Special notices in reading columns are charged at extra rates.

The WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 8 pages, 56 columns, is published every Thursday morning at \$1 a year.

Attached to the paper is one of the best and most busy Job offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; 8 improved printing presses.

EDW. J. B. PENSE, Proprietor.



THE DAILY WHIG.

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

Sir Donald Smith has been nominated as an independent conservative candidate for one of the Montreal ridings, and Sir John Macdonald has written to say that the choice suits him. This is significant, in view of the fact that it is not so long since Sir John and Sir Donald had a little difficulty in the house, that Sir John got particularly mad, and said, "That fellow Smith was the biggest liar he ever knew."

Mr. Grant Allen, in an article to *Longman's Magazine*, talks of annexation, "as the manifest destiny and only natural future of the Canadian dominion;" and a reviewer, M. J. G. (*Montreal Gazette*), says that "nothing but the remembrance of the pleasant compliment to a pleasant brother writer prevents one from rushing at Mr. Allen and stoning him." Thus are the thoughts of great literary men refreshing.

The workmen of the country cannot be bamboozled any longer by Sir John Macdonald. He thought he would get their votes, solidly, by appointing a commission to enquire into the labourers' grievances, and two of the commissioners have been disowned by the labour unions of Toronto and Hamilton. Sir John has been asked to appoint others, acceptable to the labouring men, and refuses. A nice friend he is of working interests.

Sir Charles Tupper was asked to run in two constituencies of Nova Scotia, and peremptorily refused. When pressed for a reason he said that it would never do to trifle with the people of Nova Scotia in that way, that a man would be acting very unpopularly if he ran for more than one place. Why should the practice of seeking double honors be more unpopular in Nova Scotia than in Ontario? Why should the people in half a dozen constituencies be voting for Sir John Macdonald when he can only sit for one though elected for all? Why should the people be submitted to a duplication of an expense, trouble and annoyance of an election? Are the voters in Kingston not as independent and intelligent as those of any constituency in the maritime province? Their action on Feb. 22nd must settle this question for all time.

It is rumoured that on Tuesday Sir John Macdonald will visit Toronto, and the following copy of a circular letter states the nature of his business:

EARNSCLIFFE, Ottawa,  
Dear Sir, At the present crisis it is in my opinion necessary that energetic steps should be taken to obtain united action in the maintenance and development of the national policy. With this view I venture to write you, together with other gentlemen favorable to that policy, to meet me at the Queen's hotel, Toronto, on Tuesday, the 1st February, at 2 p.m.  
Believe me,  
Yours, very truly,  
JOHN A. MACDONALD.

Sir John is going to tell those who attend the meeting some ghost-stories in the hope that he will scare handsome subscriptions to the election fund out of them. He bled the manufacturers pretty well in 1882, but he can't do it again. The business interests of the country are not in danger so far as the action, present or prospective, of the liberal party is concerned.

If there was one thing more than another upon which the Canadian people in the past prided themselves it was the purity of the bench. If present practices in the east are continued, however, that boast will be a thing of the past. The *Montreal Herald* notices the devotion of late judicial appointees of the federal government to the provincial issues and says: "The only excuse they can offer is that they were told to do this by their masters at Ottawa, as if they did not well know that there is no proceeding too strong for those masters to adopt to save their political skins." Verily the case of the federal government must be one of great desperation when it is insisted upon that all who were ever the recipients of favours from Sir John Macdonald must, in his behalf, involve themselves in election embroilments and bring suspicion upon the impartiality of their service. The judges above all men should leave their politics aside. They cannot be just men and partisans at the same time.

WHAT'S THE OUTLOOK.

We are asked what our impression is of the political outlook. What is the prospect for a change of government? Exceedingly marked. The signs of the times favour the liberal party, and point to the greatest of all their successes in the dominion elections now in progress. Note the victories recorded during the past few months: New Brunswick carried by the liberals;

they took 30 out of the 41 constituencies of the province.

Nova Scotia carried by the liberals; the Tories secured but 8 out of 38 seats. Chably carried by the liberals; a Tory majority of 539 transformed into a liberal majority of 80.

Haldimand carried by the liberals; a liberal majority increased by 60.

Quebec carried by the liberals; a Tory majority of 30 turned into a minority of 10. Prince Edward Island legislative council carried by the liberals; the Tories carried only 1 of 7 seats.

Manitoba legislature badly shook up, a Tory majority of 17 being reduced to 5, and the lines drawn as they will be in the dominion elections.

Ontario carried by the liberals, and their majority of 10 in 1883 increased to 26 in 1886.

Do these things point to a Tory victory now? Is it difficult, under the circumstances, to predict a defeat of the Macdonald government? Every local government in the greater provinces is working against the central power and all are making their work tell.

EASILY COMPREHENDED.

The conservatives make light of the national debt, but why they should do so is a question which they cannot satisfactorily answer. The magnitude of the debt is simply appalling. This fact will be the more easily understood by a contemplation of the following facts:

The gross debt is \$281,000,000.  
The net debt is over \$220,000,000.

This is over \$1,000,000 for every constituency, or \$2,000,000 for the average Ontario county, or \$300 for every family, or \$50 for every man, woman and child.

It has increased \$75 a minute under Tory rule.

If piled up in silver 35 trains of 20 cars each would be needed to carry it away.

It would pave a highway for 105 miles with dollar bills.

It would take seven years wheat crops of all Canada to pay it.

If used to purchase wheat at \$1 a bushel 24,500 trains of 20 cars each would be required to haul away the wheat.

If the wheat were loaded in waggons placed in line, as on a road, the line would encircle the earth at the equator and lap over.

The annual interest is \$21 a minute.

And still the Tories will have it that this debt is nothing? Well, if a man keeps spending more money than he receives, and adds mortgage to mortgage as long as he can get any corporation of men to advance him of their means, he knows what is to become of him. There is bankruptcy in the distance; and it overtakes nations as well as individuals.

INJURY TO THE FARMER.

The ministerial candidates in the several constituencies want the farmers to believe that the national policy has contributed wonderfully to their prosperity. They do not go into particulars and if they did they would have to state these things: (1) That the Canadian parliament placed in 1879 an import duty upon malt; (2) that such a proceeding was insane in the extreme in view of the fact that the Canadians did not import a pound of malt; (3) that in a retaliatory spirit the Americans also placed an import duty on malt; and (4) the result was the closing of the malt houses of Messrs. McMillan and Fisher in Kingston (or its suburbs), of Mr. Matthews, Toronto, the greatest maltster in Canada, and of every other man engaged in the business. Now the maltsters used to buy the best barley grown and marketed in the country, and they have been known to pay as much as 5c and 7c per bushel more for it than the regular grain dealers. They placed a premium on competition, and the farmers generally profited by it. Suppose the farmer, however, lost only 2c. per bushel on the products of the year, and there are say about 25,000,000 bushels of barley exported yearly, the aggregate loss is indeed a tremendous one. Their loss individually is serious enough, and for that loss they have to thank very largely the national policy. Nor is their loss confined to barley. An import duty was placed upon corn, and what is the result? That the corn raised in Canada is only fitted for stock feed; that on every bushel of corn, brought into Canada and ground, a duty placed and paid. The importer pays it to the government and adds it to the cost of the article when retailed in another shape; the farmer is the principal consumer and hence the principal contributor to the government's taxation.

These facts are indisputable, and no politician who knows anything can upon them found an argument that will win the farmers' support. To even attempt such a thing is to discount the intelligence of the tillers of the soil as honest men are not likely to do.

OUR QUERY CORNER.

To the Editor of the WHIG:

A farmer in Montreal hired a man last July at good wages, by the month; the man served two months, as he claims; that is, 32 working days. The farmer claimed he should have given 54 working days, as there were 31 days, less four Sundays in each month. Therefore he deducted two days' pay. Which is right?—ISLANDER.

Both are wrong. A man engaged by the month must give a full month from date of beginning work to same date next month. The yearly average of 26 days to a month will not answer. Now, in July last year there were four Sundays, leaving 27 working days; August five Sundays and 26 working days, making 53 in all. Therefore the man should either serve one day more and be paid in full, or the farmer should pay one day less—the easiest settlement.

"Better die soon. Than live on lingeringly in pain." Better die neither, but get and take medicine that will relieve pain which is only an evidence of disease, and thus you may live on in health and happiness. If you have a cold or cough, weak or sore lungs, consumption, chronic, nasal catarrh, bronchitis, impure blood or liver disease, take Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," a certain cure for these diseases. Sold by all druggists.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS

—AT—

Murray & Taylor's

NOW OPEN AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

400

Pieces Print, choice patterns.

100

PIECES GINGHAM.

100

Pieces Elegant Oriental Lace, in Coffee, Cream and Baize.

All at our well-known Low Prices.

Inspection invited and no trouble to show goods at

Murray & Taylor's,

176 PRINCESS STREET.

Jan. 18.

JUST ARRIVED!

Black and Brown Jersey Cloths.  
Black and Brown Astrachans for Jackets and Cloaks.  
Striped Jersey Cloths (All Wool), for Children's Wear.  
Sealettes and Ulster Cloths, Wool Hosiery, Gaiters, Mitts, Gloves Shawls, Clouds, &c., at the Lowest Prices.

ALEX. ROSS,

Carpet and Millinery Warehouse.  
Oct. 14.

BEWARE

OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS



As there are many inferior goods, corded with jute, hemp, etc., offered and sold as Coraline by some unprincipled merchants trading on the reputation of our genuine Coraline, we will warn the ladies against such imposition by drawing their attention to the necessity of seeing that the name

"CROMPTON CORSET COMPANY," is stamped on Inside of Coraline Goods, Without Which None are Genuine.

THE TOILET.

CLEANLINESS IS NEXT TO GODLINESS.

Hot and Cold Baths at all Hours at JONES' TONSORIAL PARLOR

British American Hotel Block, Clarence St.

N.B.—These are the only Baths in the city heated by steam, thereby securing at all hours good hot water.  
Aug. 9.

DYEING WORKS, PRINCESS ST., - KINGSTON.

Gentlemen's Suits thoroughly cleaned or dyed and properly pressed.  
Also Ladies' Dresses, Ulsters, Jackets and Household Goods, in all materials, cleaned and beautifully finished.  
R. MONTGOMERY, Practical Dyer.  
Aug. 9.

Great Clearing Sale of Pictures

—AT—

M. KIRKPATRICK'S, 159 PRINCESS ST.,

For One Month before Stock-Taking.  
JAN. 1.

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES.

BLANK BOOKS!

At the beginning of the year almost every Merchant and Business Man requires a New Set of Books, or at least a

DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, LEDGER or CASH BOOK.

We have a full stock constantly on hand and our prices will be found as low as is consistent with quality of the goods.

John Henderson & Co., PRINCESS STREET.

THE TAM O'SHANTER SLIDE.

Tobogganing is to be the popular amusement this winter, and in a few days the new slide will be in running order.

THE "COMET" TOBOGGAN

Is the best yet out. Being narrow at the hood there is no friction on the sides of made hills it is particularly well finished, very handsome in appearance, strong and durable. These Toboggans are made in two ways—with low rails and with high rails—the one with high rails is just the thing for ladies' use, as there is no danger of getting the hands scratched while holding on, the rails being higher than any cushion.

—PRICE LIST:—

LOW RAIL. HIGH RAIL.  
Six Feet \$3.33. Six Feet \$4.47  
Seven Feet \$4.00. Seven Feet \$5.34

THE "STAR" TOBOGGAN.

Of this Toboggan the manufacturer says:—"The original patent Star Toboggan, with a my latest patented improvements, stands unrivalled for durability and speed."

The "Star" Toboggans are all made from selected and thoroughly seasoned stock, put together by skilled workmen in a most substantial manner. Their record for speed during the past season was the very highest. Since then I have added several Patented Improvements which will be found to add to their excellence.

—PRICE LIST:—

Seven Feet Long \$4.00.

J. Henderson & Co.,

Booksellers, PRINCESS STREET, - - - KINGSTON.  
Jan. 6.

F. NISBET'S BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

Two Good Stories!

CHILDREN OF GIBBEON,

By Walter Besant, 20c.

SHE,

By H. Rider Haggard, profusely illustrated, 25 cents.

F. NISBET'S,

The Corner Bookstore.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

GALLOWAY'S

IS THE PLACE FOR FURS, CAPS AND GLOVES OF ALL KINDS.

His recent experience leads him to believe that there are no goods in his line in the city that equal his for value.

He is now showing a full assortment for Christmas, and as well as being ornaments they are useful, just the kind of presents for the hard times. Now is your time to secure them.  
Give him a call and it will repay you.

84 PRINCESS STREET, Dec. 9. KINGSTON.

CLEARING SALE

DORLAND'S.

Dec. 28.

W. G. ASHLEY

Is now showing a very handsome stock of Gents' Fine Silk Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, (lined and unlined), Gentlemen's Half Hose, in Fine Cashmere, Merino, Silk and Embroidered Goods for evening wear; Fine White Dress Shirts, Night Shirts, White Kid Gloves, Cambric Bows and Tom Thumb Ties for evening wear. Special Value in Gentlemen's Chambray Vests, in Scarlet and Drab.

W. G. ASHLEY, NEXT TO B. DORAN & CO'S, PRINCESS STREET, Jan. 4.

SELLING OFF

At Greatly Reduced Prices, the Balance of the Winter Stock of UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, MITTS & GLOVES, PERSIAN LAMB CAPS, MUFFLERS, ETC.

J. R. RATTENBURY, First-Class Laundry up-stairs, Telephone. Jan. 11.