G. T. R. TIME-TABLE.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows :—

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING WEST.

Arrive at.....6:10 p.m. and 4:32 a.m.
Depart at.....6:30 p.m. and 4:32 a.m.
Local Trains arrive at 10:00 p.m.; depart at 6:45 a.m.

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING EAST.

Arrive at.....2:15 p.m. and 2:55 a.m.
Depart at.....2:35 p.m. and 2:55 a.m.
Local Trains arrive at 4:00 a.m.; depart at 6:15 a.m.

(Montreal Time—12m. faster than Kingston time.)

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

COMMENCING on MONDAY Next, the 29th instant, and until further notice,

MAILS GOING EAST

By Day Express Train will Close at 1.20 p.m.; Arrive at 2.30 p.m.
By Night Express Train will Close at 9 p.m.; Arrive at 2.00 a.m.

MAILS GOING WEST

By day Express Train will close at 4.20 p.m. Arrive at 5.20 p.m.
By night Express Train will close at 9 p.m. Arrive at 5.00 a.m.

BRITISH MAILS

Per Cunard Steamers, via New York and Boston, will close on Mondays at 1 P.M., and per Canadian Steamers, via Quebec, on Fridays at 12:30 o'clock, noon.

The Mails for the United States, via Cape Vincent, close daily at 1:30 P.M. arrive daily at 12:15 p.m.

R. DEACON, Postmaster.

Post Office, Kingston, 62 d May, 1866.

BANK OF UPPER CANADA BILLS.

Notes of the Bank of Upper Canada will be received in payment of Advertisements for, or Subscriptions to the British Whig.

NOTICE.—Taxpayers who have not yet paid their City Taxes are reminded to do so at once and save costs. 6in3aw232

The Daily British Whig.

"Optier per Orbem Decor."

TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 30, 1866.

WHAT CAN BE DONE WITH THE FENIAN CONVICTS?—They can't all be hanged, and yet they all deserve to be hanged. If they all escape the gallows, the utmost dissatisfaction will prevail in Canada, and Volunteers by hundreds will resign. We crave no man's blood, but the shedding of blood is at times imperatively necessary. If all these Fenians escape, the Province will ever be subject to Raids of all kinds; and if those men are not properly punished, others will expect to escape in the same way. Neither can the Province afford to detain all these Fenian Convicts all their lives, or for many years, in the Provincial Penitentiary. It would cost the maintenance of a Special Guard all the time they remained there. Whether the law allows it, we can't say, but the proper way to dispose of the young and less guilty, would be to have them well flogged and sent back to the United States. They would then remember Canada all their lives, and they would never brag of having been a Fenian.

(To the Editor of the British Whig.)

DEAR SIR,—

I freely accede to every one the right to put his own construction upon the drama of human existence. He may *quoad* your very humble servant to interpret the comedy of life as he chooses. He may play what role he pleases, and whether he acts the part of philosopher, fiddler or buffoon, or appears in either of these characters, in strict conformity to the inexorable designs of nature, is to me a matter of thorough indifference. He may part his hair in the middle, and wear a glass for all I care. Nor would I desire to limit him in the quality or style of his apparel. He may be as extravagant as he pleases in either, so long as his love for dress is restricted to his means, and his vanity derives not gratification at the expense of his tailor. Or he may economise in his wardrobe, even to the extent of utilising his frayed pantaloons, by cutting them off at the knees and swathing his shins in socks, provided he isn't spindle shanked, or otherwise supplies the place of leg calf by a generous application of pad. I will even tolerate his hypocrisy in pretending that he appears thus trucked out in short breeches and socks from choice, when in reality it is the garb of necessity. Deceit under such circumstances may be ranked with the virtues, for economy is very commendable, particularly in the young. Nothing personal meant. Indeed, I did not mean to write what I have written, but my wits are running all round this morning like a dog in a fair. I intended to write to you on a different matter altogether. It is this:—Is there any law in force in this country which prevents one from changing his name, or compel him to sign it in a particular manner. I ask you because a friend of mine, lately out, who wears the name of John O'Toole Cuttle, has been informed that he is obliged to sign his name either in full, or thus, J. O'Toole Cuttle, and that any other method of signature will be void in law. Mr. Cuttle is employed in a business which requires him to sign his name several hundred times during the day, and if he is compelled to sign himself J. O'Toole Cuttle, instead of John O'Cuttle, or J. T. Cuttle, it will entail very great personal inconvenience and trouble.

Your obedient servant,
ANON HINGISS.

Kingston, Oct. 29, 1866.

*** There isno law in existence here forbidding a person to change his name. Nor does the law direct or interdict any particular form of signature, so that our correspondent's friend may adopt any particular form of signature he pleases. We are aware that the practice of signing, as described to the friend of our correspondent, has prevailed to some extent among persons of a certain class, but it's the device of affectation, and only finds favor with small wits and snobs.

LATE FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 27.

A declaration of dividend of five per cent for the half year by the Bank of Montreal has caused considerable stir in commercial circles.

There was a large protection meeting last night, the Mayor in the chair. There was a general condemnation of the late change in the tariff. The Mayor expressed sympathy with the meeting, contending that the tariff of 1859 led to great prosperity, and men who would rashly make changes were not worthy of confidence. A resolution was passed, moved by Mr. W. Workman, seconded by H. Valens, to the effect that the tariff of 1859 ought not lightly be set aside, and that the government should be impressed with the necessity of so arranging the tariff as to secure confidence in its permanency and at the same time encourage the development of the commercial, industrial and agricultural resources of the country.

Other resolutions were adopted, affirming the expediency of forming a tariff reform and industrial association, ordering lists to be opened and appointing committees to carry out the projects.

The Editor's Table.—No. 457.

'Our Table' has been well supplied again this past week with the kindnesses of Publishers :—

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY for November. Ticknor & Fields, Boston; John Creighton, Kingston. $4.

This is an excellent Number. 'The Atlantic Monthly' is now recognized by the intelligent reading public of the United States, as the exponent of the best American Thought and Literature. It is a trifle too Jubilutin at times to please our unsophisticated taste, but no matter; it pleases the people of Boston and that's enough. Its Contributors are the most distinguished American writers, and its Conductors have unequalled facilities for enlisting their pens in behalf of their readers. It promises largely for the coming year; for there is to be the New Serial by Dr. Holmes; a Series of Historical Articles by Mr. James Parton; frequent Papers by Mrs. Beecher Stowe and Mr. Russell Lowell, in addition to the regular contributors from the many well known writers whose articles generally (not always) add to the value and interest of the Magazine.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS for November. Ticknor & Fields, Boston; John Creighton, Kingston. $2.

EVERY SATURDAY for Nov. 3rd. Ticknor & Fields, Bostop; John Creighton, Kingston. Ten Cents.

HARPER'S MONTHLY for November. John Creighton, Kingston. $4.

HARPER'S WEEKLY for Nov. 3rd. John Creighton, Kingston. $4.

For notices of the above we refer the reader to the Two Advertisements in another column, detailing what the Subscribers may expect in the coming volumes for 1867.

PETERSON'S INTERNATIONAL MAGAZINE for November. C. J. Peterson, Philadelphia. $2.

THE LADY'S FRIEND for November. Deacon & Peterson, Philadelphia. $2,50.

THE SATURDAY READER for Oct. 27, and Nov. 3rd. R. Worthington, Montreal. Seven Cents.

THE AMERICAN FARMER for October. John Turner, Rochester, N.Y. $1.

We occasionally see a stray number of this Agricultural Journal that has taken the place of 'The Genesee Farmer,' but its visits are so rare, that of its merits we can scarcely judge. It should come regularly.

THE TYPOGRAPHICAL MESSENGER for October. James Connor's Sons, New York. $1.

THE UPPER CANADA LAW JOURNAL for October. W. C. Chewett & Co., Toronto. $3.

THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST for November. O. Judd & Co., New York. $1,50.

THE STATUTES OF CANADA FOR THE SESSION OF 1866.

We have to thank the Queen's Printer for a Copy of this heavy tome.

NEW MUSIC.

Messrs. Oliver Ditson & Co., of 277 Washington Street, Boston, with their accustomed liberality, have sent us the following Pieces of New Piano Forte Music :

HILDA. A Song, adapted to the favorite melody 'The Hilda Waltz,' by Daniel Godfrey. Words by J. E. Carpenter. 3.

WHEN WE WENT A GLEANING. A Ballad. Sung by Mad. Parepa. Words by Henry B. Farnie. Music by Wilhelm Ganz. 4.

DREAMING OF ANGELS. A Ballad. Music and Words by C. Blamphin. 4.

THE FOREST FLOWER WALTZ. By C. Coote, Jun. 4.

OH DEAR WHAT CAN THE MATTER BE? An English Melody. Arranged for the Piano Forte, with Variations, by Richard Brinley. 6.

SICILY. A Quadrille. By Charles D'Albert. 4.

All the above are pretty new compositions, particularly the Variations on 'Oh Dear What Can the Matter be?' They can be procured direct from the Publishers, at the prices stated by the figures; so many figures so many dimes.

OUTRAGE UPON AMERICAN CITIZENS AT NIAGARA FALLS.

(To the Editor of the N.Y. Tribune.)

SIR: A party of visitors to the Falls, having taken a carriage on the Canada side of the Suspension Bridge, were driven to Table Rock House, at the verge of the Falls. Only one of the party intended going down under the Falls, but upon inquiry as to charges, etc., we were told, 'Oh, nothing; it is all free.' But how much for suits to protect us from the spray? 'Nothing at all. You must go down. Happy to accommodate you, and we furnish a guide to take you down.'

This looked suspicious, and we said: 'But you cannot live this way. How do you keep your house and make your profits?' 'Oh, we have some fancy articles for sale, and we expect people to buy a little something, if they choose,' and much more of the same talk, till the whole party were overpersuaded to don the attire and descend.

A sublime spectacle, well worth paying for, was enjoyed, and when our suits were off we entered the show-room and purchased, at exorbitant prices, what we thought would give them a respectable remuneration for their attendance, and were passing out, when some one said: 'You will please step this way and settle your bill.' 'My bill! What is it?' said one. 'We were told there were no charges.' 'Two dollars,' was the reply. 'Well, we are willing to pay for what we've had, but we told that all was free,' and, saying this, he took the two dollars and handed it to the one in attendance.

We were then told, 'It is two dollars apiece.' 'Two dollars apiece! I shall pay no such bill, for we were distinctly told that we were to pay nothing.' 'And this is the very man who told us so,' said one of the ladies, turning to a man who had just entered. 'It is a lie!' he exclaimed; 'I never saw your faces before.' Meanwhile two surly fellows had been sent to hold the doors, and thus we were kept in and most shamefully snubbed and browbeaten, and rather than stay longer, the two dollars were paid, and all but one gentleman passed out, and the door was immediately closed.

Soon as it was found that one of the party was determined, the gentleman who had paid went back; pushing his way in, he was accosted by a stout fellow with 'Well, what are you back here for?' 'Because this is a public house, and I suppose I have a right here.' 'Well, you have not, and you get out of this,' and he was pitched upon by the fellow, but eluding his grasp he was pushed back against the show-case, when three bullies—there were eight or ten present—took hold of him and forced him out, breaking some large panes of glass which formed the door, tearing his clothes, and pulling his whiskers, till the check and cords of his neck are so much mutilated that mortification has been feared.

These swindles are hourly practiced, and such assaults occur whenever a demur is offered, the proprietor of the house standing by and abetting it. A complaint was filed before the American Consul, who promised to send the affidavits of the party and others who have been similarly treated, to the Secretary of State, and if possible rid the Falls of this nuisance. We wish this statement, in which 'the half has not been told,' might come to the notice of the entire travelling public, and they be warned thereby. 'The Museum,' too, a house next to the Table Rock House, is of a similar stamp. Parties are constantly being inveigled in, and then refused egress, except by paying a demand of from fifty cents to $15. Will American citizens submit to this? Will our Government allow it?

E. P. MILLER, M.D.,
No. 15, Leight-st., New York.

*** The United States papers are making a great fuss about the above transaction, which is simply a Yankee Trick upon Travellers, of which none are more guilty than the complainants' countrymen themselves. Besides, how could these people possibly imagine that these Niagara Showmen could give for nothing that for which they themselves pay so highly—to find clothes and a guide, and a room to dress and undress in, all for nothing!! In all probability, some wag, some passer by, told them that what they were to see was gratis, and then laughed at them for believing it. And the call upon the United States Government is rich! If the Canadian Authorities make a claim for every rascally Yankee swindle, it would empty the United States Exchequer to pay for them.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

The New York Times, in a leading article, takes the sting out of the belligerent stories regarding those claims, which have recently been sent from Washington. We make those extracts from the article :—

'Unless we are prepared to abandon those claims altogether, we have nothing left us but to renew the demand for their adjustment. When the reply shall be received, it will then be quite time to determine on the course to be pursued. If we wants war in England, there is very little doubt we can have it. It will not be difficult for a Secretary of State so ingenious as Mr. Seward, so to frame his requisition for claims of which neither the amount nor the justice has yet been conceded, as to drag the two nations into a quarrel. But we can conceive of no adequate motive for such a course, nor do we believe that any portion of our people, except the Fenians, have any desire to see the United States involved in a war with Great Britain.

* * * * They [American citizens] have suffered severe losses under circumstances which give them prima facie a strong claim upon the English government. They are entitled to have that claim fairly considered, in a friendly spirit and with a purpose of equitable dealing, and to have it settled on the basis of justice and of right. More than that our government cannot require, and to less than that we are very sure they will not submit.'

DEATH OF LIEUT. BAINE.

Quebec, Oct. 27.

Lieut. Baine, R.A., died last night from injuries received at the late fire while rendering assistance.

THE FENIANS.

THREE IRON-CLADS OFFERED TO HEAD-CENTRE STEPHENS.

THE ROBERTS FENIANS WORKING.

PREPARATIONS FOR ANOTHER INVASION OF CANADA.

(From the New York World.)

Those who believe that the Fenian movement died simultaneously with the official close of the Moffatt Mansion, can ascertain their error by visiting the headquarters of James Stephens, in Chatham street, which is now used as a great arsenal, from which large supplies of rifles are forwarded to Ireland. Yesterday this sanctum of the Fenian chief presented an unusually animated scene.—Within the few parlors which compose the head quarters was transacted business which is to culminate in an immediate revolution in Ireland.

IRON CLADS OFFERED.

Head Centre Stephens has been in communication with some of the most wealthy Irish merchants in the city, with a view of obtaining the sinews of war, and they have nobly responded to his call. These gentlemen have substantially evinced their sympathy for the cause of their fatherland, by offering Mr. Stephens three iron-clad vessels with the necessary armaments, and of course the gifts were at once accepted with thanks. These steamers will compose the nucleus of the Fenian fleet, which will leave a certain port in the United States for a deserted inlet in Ireland, before the year 1867 is ushered into existence.

THE FENIAN EXPEDITION.

The leaders of the movement declare that it will be unnecessary to forward large numbers of men from this country to join in the struggle for Celtic independence. The fighting population in the Green Isle, who are anxious to cross swords with the perfidious Saxon, are believed sufficient to rid the land of English rule forever. An envoy arrived at the headquarters yesterday from Dublin, who reported that, after a tour through the south and west of Ireland, he received returns from the various military officers showing that there are one hundred thousand men ready to revolt against the government the moment they receive arms and the prearranged signal. Rifles have already been placed in the hands of this vast force, and the remainder will be supplied in a few weeks. It is openly stated that the midnight seizure of Dublin Castle is a part of the performance.

UNIFORMS FOR THE PATRIOTS.

The official character of the revolution is amply illustrated by the fact that those engaged in it are to present the appearance of soldiers of a regular service. They are to wear uniforms of green cloth, which will promote discipline and revive the old and honored associations of the Fatherland.

THE ROBERTS FENIANS.

The headquarters of Colonel Roberts, on Broadway, also show signs of earnest work. The President of the organization has just awarded a contract for 20,000 uniforms for the Fenian army who are ready to invade Canada, and use it as a base of operations to secure the independence of Ireland. A large quantity of arms have been purchased for those who are eager for the fray—and with those previously on hand, over twenty thousand men can be supplied. There is no truth whatever in the rumor that Col. Roberts has sold any of the Fenian arms to Santa Anna.

FUSS!

BISTORI.—This great Italian tragedienne is expected to visit Montreal during the month of December. New York papers inform us that her favorite 'street costume' appears to be a dress of the heaviest black damask silk, with large white silk stars woven into the texture of the fabric in a manner which makes the stars look as if they were silver; her head dress, white lace lappets of the most costly and fairy-like workmanship, hangs pendant and covering the ears, reaching down to where the dress is fastened at the throat; and a string of diamond drops, four in number, valued at $12,000—very massy in appearance. She uses a parasol of the finest and heaviest white silk, and a Chinese fan of intricate workmanship.

THE OIL REGIONS.

Petrolia, Oct. 26, 1866.

Several new wells have been struck here lately. The production of oil is now looked upon as of so permanent and lasting a character that an effort has been made to open up a foreign market. A New York house has offered to ship samples of Canadian crude oil to their agents in Europe, in order that it may be examined, and its character established. One hundred and fifty barrels of crude are being put up here for the purpose. Some refined oil is likewise to be sent. The construction of tanks, each to hold two or three thousand barrels of oil is going on.

The railway from Wyoming station to this place is being pressed with a couple of miles of track being now laid. It is to be opened for traffic by the first of December.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE QUEBEC FIRE RELIEF FUND.

STEVENHAM WARD.

J. Carruthers & Co.	$250
C. F. Gildersleeve	50
J. Watkins	50
Kirkpatrick & Son	40
Gildersleeve & Walkem	30
Bishop of Ontario	20
Mrs. Macaulay	20
G. M. Kinghorn	20
Macnee & Waddell	25
Fraser & George	20
R. J. Cartwright	20
E. H. Hardy	12
Chown & Cunningham	12
James Liddell	10
G. Chaffey & Bros.	10
R. M. Moore	10
M. Doran	10
A. Thibodo	10
James Fisher	10
M. Sweetnam	10
Samuel Muckleston	10
W. R. McRae & Co.	10
Folger Bros.	10
John Paton	10
H. Yates	5
N. Maynard	5
Anderson & Ford	5
G. Harper	5
A. McAllister	5
Hon. John Hamilton	5
James Macpherson	5
W. McRossie	5
A. Macpherson	5
T. Parke	5
R. Deacon	5
W. Stokes, Jr.	5
M. O'Gorman	5
J. V. Noel	3
Smaller Sums	8 50
Subscriptions to Date	$755 50

COMMITTEE—Members of the Ward and Messrs. J. Carruthers and T. Kirkpatrick, by whom further subscriptions will be received.

Oct. 29th, 1866.

THE FENIANS IN NEW YORK.

THREATS AGAINST CANADA—THE GOVERNMENT DENOUNCED—THE PRISONERS' DEATHS TO BE AVENGED.

New York, Oct. 27.

At the Fenian meeting last night about 2,500 persons were present. Speeches were made by Senator Morrison and others. Resolutions were adopted threatening retaliation in case of execution of Fenian prisoners in Canada. There is to be another meeting tonight.

New York, Oct. 28.

Excitement over Fenian trials in Toronto was lively yesterday, and threats of severe retaliation were freely made by Fenians if the sentences should be carried into effect. It is expected by many that the President will intercede on behalf of the unfortunate prisoners.

New York, Oct. 29.

Nearly 50,000 persons assembled yesterday for the purpose of listening to an address by James Stephens at Jones' Wood. As is understood this is to be his last speech previous to departing for Ireland, where he said he will strike a blow in Ireland before the New Year. He remarked that much had already been done in Ireland. An army of 20,000 had been organized. A disturbance occurred at the close of the meeting, by the supposed discovery of a British spy, who was badly cut and beaten before he was rescued.

A meeting of Fenian circles, last night, resolved to avenge the death of the convicted Fenians in Canada, should they be executed, and dared the Canadians to carry their threats into execution.

Matters in Canada are becoming of grave importance, and it is the wish of the President that the representations of the Government should be there at the earliest practical period.

Gen. Sweeney, it is said, will be restored to his former rank in the United States army on his own application.

Rochester, Oct. 28.

The Democrats and National Union men of this city in convention passed resolutions endorsing the Fenian Brotherhood, denouncing Great Britain, and pledging itself and party to sustain the Federal Government in what it may do for the Fenians on trial at Toronto, even to making an absolute demand for their delivery.

The patriotic Scoble, M. P. P. for West Elgin, has deserted politics and dropped into the collectorship at Woodstock. He will not be much missed from the political field. In his time he was one of those wonderful patriotic men on whose tongue the word 'corruptionist' was ever to be found. Such men usually find comfortin fat births. We hope Mr. Scoble will find his agreeable and profitable.

'A GRAND CRASH' IN THE STATES.—The New York Tribune predicts a coming financial crash in the United States. The imports of that country, it says, 'enormously' exceed its exports. The 'high prices for labor, for products, for almost everything,' it goes on, 'rendering ours the best market in the world to sell in and the worst to buy in, an increase and diffusion of sumptuous tastes and luxurious habits, all seem to foreshadow a grand crash, which no skill in financiering can long postpone, if there be not a radical change in our financial and commercial policy.'

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 23rd instant, the wife of Mr. G. W. Andrews of a daughter.

DIED.

At Toronto, on the 23rd inst., Catherine Amelia, daughter of Charles J. Garde, aged 15 years.

At Toronto, on 27th inst., Edward Rodgers.

At Toronto, on the 28th inst., Mary, wife of Mr. George Patterson, aged 37 years.

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

Finance Department, Customs,
Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. the Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto—Such Notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 26th October, 1866.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 31 per cent., which per centage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice; and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

256 R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
PRINCESS STREET.

CHARLES GRIGOR,
IMPORTER OF
ENGLISH, FRENCH,
AND
GERMAN FANCY GOODS.

Kingston, Oct. 29, 1866. 256

COAL OIL! COAL OIL!

NO. 1 WHITE CANADIAN, 40 Cents Per Gallon.

R. WHITE,
Druggist,
42 Princess Street.

XX FLINT LAMP CHIMNEYS, Oval and Round.

R. WHITE,
Druggist,
42 Princess Street.

Kingston, Oct. 29th, 1866. 256

BAILIFF'S SALE FOR TAXES.

THE Furniture and Fittings of the Pierrepont Saloon, United States Wharf, will be sold on the premises on WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, Oct. 31st, 1866.

GEO. J. KEMP,
Bailiff.

Kingston, Oct 29th, 1866. 256

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."

"The Best, Cheapest, and Most Successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY;
SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.

Critical Notices of the Press.

"The best illustrated paper published in the United States."—*New London Advertiser.*

"The Model Newspaper of our country—complete in all the departments of an American Family Paper—Harper's Weekly has earned for itself a right to its title 'A JOURNAL OF CIVILIZATION.'"—*N.Y. Evening Post.*

"This Paper furnishes *the best illustrations.* Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers and painters and publishers are turned to dust."—*New York Evangelist.*

"A necessity in every household."—*Boston Transcript.*

"It is at once a leading political and historical annalist of the nation."—*Philadelphia Press.*

"The best of its class in America."—*Boston Traveller.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

1867.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY *promptly* to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the Office of Publication. Postmasters and others desirous of getting up Clubs will be supplied with a Show-Bill on application.

The postage on HARPER'S WEEKLY is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the *subscriber's* post-office.

TERMS:

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year.....$4 00

An Extra Copy of either the WEEKLY or MAGAZINE *will be supplied gratis for every Club of* FIVE SUBSCRIBERS *at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or Six Copies for $20 00.*

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 each. *A complete Set,* comprising Nine Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., *freight at expense of purchaser.*—Volume X. ready January 1st, 1867.

*** *Subscriptions sent from British North American Provinces must be accompanied with 20 cents* ADDITIONAL, *to prepay United States postage.*

Address
HARPER & BROTHERS,
Franklin Square, New York.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S
NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Critical Notices of the Press.

It is the foremost Magazine of the day. The fireside never had a more delightful companion, nor the million a more entertaining friend, than Harper's Magazine.—*Methodist Protestant* (Baltimore).

The most popular Monthly in the world.—*New York Observer.*

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone and varied excellence of HARPER'S MAGAZINE as found with a monthly circulation of about 150,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest literary and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the culture of the American People; and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each Number contains fully 144 pages of reading-matter, appropriately illustrated with good wood-cuts; and it combines in itself the racy monthly and the more philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of the daily journal. It has great power in the dissemination of a love of pure literature.—*Tacoma's Guide to American Literature, London.*

The volumes bound constitute of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as can not be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—*Boston Courier.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

1867.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY *promptly* to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the Office of Publication.

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Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete Set, now comprising Thirty-three Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. *Single volumes,* by mail, *postpaid,* $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

*** *Subscriptions sent from British North American Provinces must be accompanied with 24 cents,* ADDITIONAL, *to prepay United States postage.*

Address
HARPER & BROTHERS,
Franklin Square, New York.

NOTICE.

A SMALL PIG has come into the premises occupied by the Subscriber, and is with his Pigs. The owner can have it by giving its description and paying for this insertion.

DANIEL McKNIGHT,
Ontario Street,
Kingston.

Kingston, Oct. 29, 1866. 256

HOUSE TO LET.

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, a large Stone House on Queen Street, or Rooms in the same, suitable for offices. Terms low.

Apply at the Medical Hall.

Kingston, Oct. 26th, 1866. 254

FRESH
Groceries and Liquors
AT THE
OLD STAND,
PRINCESS STREET.

JUST RECEIVED—
New Teas—Green and Black.
Coffees—Ground and Unground.
Sugars of all Kinds, and the Cheapest among the Cheapest.

A Fresh Supply of the Prize Cheese, from the same Dairy.

Tobaccos, Coffees, Fruits, Spices, Provisions, &c.,
TOGETHER WITH
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Of the Choicest Brands, in Wood and Bottle, at the LOWEST PRICES.

Call and examine quality of Goods and Prices.

ALEX. BRUCE,
158 Princess Street.

Kingston, Oct. 13th, 1866. 243

NEW CARPETS,

Druggets,

HEARTH RUGS,

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HASSOCKS,

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CORNER KING AND PRINCESS STS.

Kingston, Oct. 27, 1866. 255

THE Principles of Surgery, by James Syme, F.R.S.E., edited by his former pupil, Donald Maclean, M.D., L.R.C.S.E., Professor of the Institutes of Medicine, &c., Queen's College, Kingston.

For sale at the City Book Store, King-st.

JOHN CREIGHTON.

Oct. 23, 1866. 252&43

MEDICAL BOOKS

FOR SALE at the City Book Store, King Street:—

Gray's Anatomy,
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Gross' do
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Neligan on Medicines,
Beck's Materia Medica,
Dunglison's do
Taylor's Medical Jurisprudence,
Bennet's Practice of Medicine,
Winslow on the Brain and Mind,
Churchill's Midwifery,
Churchill on Diseases of Women,
West do do
do do Children,
Bedford on Diseases of Women and Children,
Bedford's Obstetrics,
Ramsbotham's do
Miller's Principles and Practice of Surgery,
Druitt's Surgery,
Fowne's Chemistry,
Croft's Practical Chemistry,
Chambers' do
Draper's Chemistry,
Draper's Physiology,
Carpenter's do
Wilson's Dissectors' Manual,
Dunglison's Medical Dictionary,
Hoblyn's do do
Wood's Medical Lexicon,
Ludlow's Manual of Medical Examinations,
Christison & Griffith's Dispensatory,
&c., &c., &c.

JOHN CREIGHTON,
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Oct. 23, 1866. 252&43

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THESE Instruments have acquired a Provincial reputation for qualities which render them superior to any imported or home manufactured Pianoforte. They are made under the personal supervision and direction of Mr. JOHN C. FOX, who has a thorough practical knowledge of the manufacture, as conducted by the best makers on the Continent of Europe and in the United States; and from his extensive knowledge of the details of Piano Manufacture, as well as from his attainments as a Musician, he has been enabled to introduce into his own Pianos improvements which make them unsurpassed for brilliancy of tone, and render them superior to any other in withstanding the vicissitudes of climate.

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THOS. H. B. PURDY
and D. M. CALDWELL,
Travelling Agents.

Kingston, Sept. 19, 1866. 223

FRUIT CROP
1866

3,000 BOXES LAYER RAISINS.
2,000 BOXES MR Do.
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2,400 QUARTER BOXES MR Do.
800 BOXES VALENCIA Do.
100 KEGS SEEDLESS Do.
300 BOXES FIGS, Do.
50 " LEMONS,
40 QUARTER CASES OLIVE OIL,
PER 'DEODAR' FROM MALAGA TO MONTREAL,

FOR SALE TO ARRIVE IN BOND OR DUTY PAID.

ALSO:

100 BOXES NEW CROP LAYER RAISINS.
500 " " " VALENCIA Do.
NOW LANDING IN MONTREAL EX STEAMER,
490 BBLS. OLD CURRANTS.
285 " NEW CROP DITTO.
TO ARRIVE PER STEAMSHIP HIBERNIAN AND STEAMSHIP NARVA,
518 BAGS DEMERARA SUGAR
500 HHDS. CUBA DITTO.
NOW IN STORE,
FOR SALE BY
J. CARRUTHERS & CO.

500 KEGS BI-CARB. SODA,
1,500 BAGS RICE,
1,000 BOXES TOBACCO,
3,590 CHESTS GREEN & BLACK TEA,
500 BAGS GREEN COFFEE,

FOR SALE BY
J. CARRUTHERS & Co.

Kingston, Oct. 3, 1866. 234&40

WATER WORKS NOTICE.

CONSUMERS are hereby informed that on and after to-morrow, the supply will be shut off the city, from 1 till 6 o'clock every Tuesday and Friday afternoon, until 1st December next, or further notice, for the purpose of putting in new service pipes, and making repairs to the works.

Water Works Office,
April 19th, 1866.

The supply will also be shut off on Sundays, from 9 A.M. till 4:30 P.M.

J. WILSON,
Manager K. W. W. Co.

Oct. 11th, 1866. 24

TWO HUNDRED BEAUTIFUL SONGS, Duets, Trios and Sacred Pieces, for 50 Cents.

'Merry Chimes,' designed for Juvenile Classes, Public Schools, Seminaries and Young Folks at Home. Prefixed to which are Elementary Instructions, Attractive Exercises, &c. By L. O. Emerson. Price 50 cts. Sent post paid. OLIVER DITSON & Co., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston. 241

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All the Best Singing Schools, The Principal Musical Conventions, All Families of Musical Taste,

Are using L. O. Emerson's New Book of Church Music, 'The Jubilate,' decidedly the best work of its kind before the public. Price $1 38. Sent post-paid. OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston. 241

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From 'Richardson's New Method,' 25,000 copies of which are sold every year. Its Lessons are adapted to pupils of all ages, and its exercises attractive and useful in every stage of advancement. This book has, on account of its actual merit, become the standard work of Piano instruction, and the only one which every well-informed teacher and scholar uses. Price $3 75; on receipt of which it will be sent, post-paid. OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston. 241

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NEW FRUIT, NEW FRUIT!
AND WILL BE SOLD
CHEAP FOR CASH.

BOXES LAYER RAISINS,
Halves " "
Quarters " "
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Halves " "
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Sultana Raisins,
Smyrna Figs,
Dates,
Malaga Lemons.

W. R. McRAE & Co.

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON,

Labrador Herrings,

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This Season's Catch.

BBLS. and Half Bbls. Large Fat Herrings, Tins and Half Tins Fresh Salmon,

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SUGARS! SUGARS!! SUGARS!!!

10 LBS. Bastard Crushed Sugar for one Dollar,
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8 " " Loaf for one Dollar,
14 " Cuba Sugar for one Dollar,
12½ " " Barbadoes for one Dollar,
11½ " " Porto Rico for one Dollar,
10½ " Extra Bright for one Dollar,
2½ " Good Tea for one Dollar,
15 " Good New Currants for one Dollar,
8 " Candles for one Dollar,
4 " Tobacco for one Dollar,

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ALE & PORTER.

DOW'S XXX ALE,
Bass & Co's. XXX Ale, India Pale,
Alsopp's XXX Ale,
And a choice lot of Superior Scotch Ale, ex Shandon direct.
Guinness' XXX Irish Stout,
Blood's XXX Stout,
Hobbert's XXX English Stout,
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ARRIVING
EX SHIP "SHANDON,"
FROM GLASGOW.

20 BBLS. SCOTCH ALE,
50 Firkins Lochline Herrings,
50 cases Red Herrings in tins,
100 fill Firkins do. do.
20 cases Scotch Ling,
10 qtr. casks Scotch Whisky,
10 cases Preserves,
10 kegs Glasgow Brose Meal,
50 bales Candle Wick.

Ex ship "CITY OF HAMILTON,"
FROM LONDON.

12 DOZ. PATENT GROATS,
12 doz. Ox Tail Soup,
12 doz. Mock Turtle Soup,
12 doz. Soup and Bouilli,
6 doz. Potted Beef,
6 doz. Potted Tongue,
6 doz. Potted Ham,
6 doz. Essence Beef,
10 cases Sardines, qts. and halfs.

W. R. McRAE & Co.

Oct. 27, 1866. 255

MR. BLACK begs to inform the public, that Mr. E. CASWELL, Piano Tuner, from Nordheimer's, will be in Kingston about the beginning of November. Any new orders for Tuning to be left at

BLACK'S MUSIC STORE,
Princess Street.

Kingston, Oct. 25, 1866. 253

CLAIM AGENCY.

THE UNDERSIGNED, a Counsellor at Law and Licensed Claim Agent, resident at Cape Vincent, New York, will attend at the Burnett House, in this city, on the Second and Fourth Tuesday of each Month, commencing with the Second Tuesday in October, to receive for prosecution claims against the Government of the United States, or any of the States. Letters addressed to him at Cape Vincent or at Kingston will receive prompt attention, and information will be gratuitously given.

FRANCIS N. FITCH.

Kingston, Sept. 11, 1866. 3mw216&37

JUST RECEIVED
800 BARRELS