NOTICE.—Taxpayers who have not yet paid their City Taxes are reminded to do so at once and save costs. 6in3aw232

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH

The Fall Assizes and Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery for the County of Pontiac opened at noon yesterday, his Lordship Chief Justice Draper presiding.

The Grand Jury was composed of:—Thomas Briggs, Esq., Foreman; Messrs. James Byrne, James Fisher, Joseph Dix, Walter Guthrie, Lawrence Herchmer, John Horn, John Hardy, Thomas Keys, Samuel Kane, William Irving, William Walsh, Dennis Kane, James Laidlaw, George Marriott, John Nichol and Henry Rees.

His Lordship made a lengthy and elaborate address to the Jury, explaining the law in each case as it appeared on the calendar, and laying down specific rules for their guidance. He simply referred to matters of law, and did not advert in the least to matters of general interest to the country, as have recently engaged the attention of many other Judges in their addresses.

The Court then proceeded to the ordinary business of the first day's session, and adjourned at an early hour until this morning, when some of the heavier cases will be taken up.

The cases contained on the Civil Calendar are about twenty-five in number, but not one of extraordinary interest, so that the session of the Court will be short indeed. On the Calendar are eight criminal cases—Amos Smith charged with assault, larceny and rape; Francis N. Danley with passing counterfeit money; Wm. Crawford and Thomas McGowan with larceny; John Doyle and George Cochran with assault; William Slater with highway robbery; and John Waddell with perjury. The last of all, as well as Slater and Danley, are under bonds to appear for trial.

The Grand Jury brought in true bills against William Crawford and F. N. Danley. The former pleaded guilty.

The Hon. James Patton, Q.C., acts as Crown Prosecutor. Mr. James O'Reilly, Q.C., left for Belleville yesterday, on a special engagement, and will be absent for one day of the Court. To-morrow he will be punctually at his post.

The Editor's Table.—No. 453.

Our task is light this week:—

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY for October. $4.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS for October. $2.

EVERY SATURDAY for September 29th. $5, or 7ch Cents.

The above are publications of Messrs. Ticknor & Fields, Boston. They require no special notice. The Contents of the 'Atlantic Monthly' are Childhood, Her Pilgrimage, Farmer Hill's Diary, the Darwinian Theory, the Woman Question, Scaratoni ed Altri, Miantowana, Hawthorne's Note Book, X., The Norman Conquest, the Novels of George Eliot, Griffith Gaunt, XI., The Usurpation, Reviews and Literary Notices.

THE SATURDAY READER for September 29th. 7 Cents.

It will be seen by advertisement inserted elsewhere, that the Saturday Reader and Intercolonial Journal are for sale. They are both paying investments, we believe, and offer a capital chance to aspirants for literary fame.

THE NEW MUNICIPAL ACT. A Blue Book. At last this much wished for Act is printed and distributed. Singular to say, owing to the many amendments, and repeals of those amendments, both in the Council and the House, no one knew the provisions of this important Act, not even the Member who introduced it, nor the Members who voted for it. It comes however in good time.

NEW MUSIC.

Messrs. A. & S. Nordheimer, of Toronto, have kindly sent us a Copy of their new National publication:—

THE VOLUNTEER'S FAREWELL, Song and Chorus, arranged for the Piano Forte by Woodlawn. 34. It can be had here at Mr. S. Black's.

Messrs. O. Ditson & Co., of Boston, have also sent us a Copy of the Black Republican's new National Song and Chorus, 'Where is our Moses,' a very spirited piece of music and very popular.

CREIGHTON'S PRIZE PORTER.

In our notice of the recent Provincial Exhibition held at Toronto, we mentioned lightly that our respected townsman, Mr. George W. Creighton, had again carried off the First Prize and Diploma for his Porter against all competitors. The Judges were enthusiastic in their praise of Mr. Creighton's manufacture, and we cordially indorse their admiration of an article which, on analysis, is proved to be compounded of pure and unadulterated materials, in "nice proportions blended." We do it conscientiously, because on 'Our Table' we have a bottle of Creighton's Porter before us, and with the help of an English friend, a proper judge of Malt Liquors, we are discussing its merits while we write. Mr. Creighton's Porter can now boast of more than a Provincial fame, and the home demand is steadily and rapidly increasing; until, let us hope, it will as a beverage ultimately supersede "hot and rebellious distilled liquors." After this additional proof of the excellence of Mr. Creighton's Porter by professed judges,

"Let those now drink it, who never drank before,
And those who always drank it drink the more."

MORTON'S FAMILY PROOF.

Creighton's Porter is not the only good thing potable on 'Our Table' to day, while we write. Byron took Gin to become inspired—our humble merits are satisfied with Morton's Family Proof, some of which Mr. McRea, of Brock Street, Grocer and Liquor Dealer, has politely sent us. And this reminds us to say, that the price of Good Whiskey has not gone up proportionately with the increased Excise Duty; for Mr. McRea sells his Articles (of various qualities) at nearly the same rate as before the home duty was increased. See Advertisement.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Queenstown, Sept. 25.

The steamship City of Boston, from New York, arrived at Southampton on Tuesday.

The Mayor of Southampton has invited the officers of the United States warships to a dinner.

Berlin, Sept. 25.

Count Bismarck's illness is considered grave.

Florence, Sept. 25.

The volunteers of Garibaldi at Lecco are to be disbanded.

London, Sept. 25.

The presence of three United States ships of war at the Island of Candia attracts much attention.

Southampton, Sept. 25.

The 'Teutonia' sailed for New York with 2,000,000 francs in gold.

The 'Bremen' sailed with £142,000 in gold.

Berlin, Sept. 26.

The Chamber of Deputies has passed a bill authorising a loan. Ministers agreed to a reduction of thirty millions thalers, but urged upon the Chambers that government should be kept in a strong financial position.

Rome, Sept. 27.

The Empress Carlotta is here on a visit to the Pope.

London, Sept. 27.

The Bank of England has reduced its discount to 4½ per cent.

Berlin, Sept. 27.

The Prussian Diet has been prorogued.

Madrid, Sept. 27.

General Marshlus is appointed Governor-General of Cuba.

Florence, Sept. 27.

The Military Commission has gone to Vienna to take possession for the Italian Government of the war materiel there.

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

The steamships Virginia and Nova Scotia have arrived.

London, Sept. 28.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Telegraph Cable Company, it was resolved to raise the capital of the company, and it was promised that the tolls for messages should shortly be reduced.

It is expected that the treaty of peace between Italy will be signed within a day or two.

THE POT CALLING THE KETTLE BLACK BOTTOM.—The Watchman, whose Editor professes to be a good Churchman, thus takes to task the Toronto Telegraph, for lightly treating the election of the new Coadjutor Bishop:

"The language used was too bad for a bar-room, and certainly not fit to be read in decent society, and could not have fallen from the pen of any one beside a bigoted papist, or one of the lower kind of the legal profession who cares little for God or man. Some able articles have appeared in this paper, but if such scurrilous slang as that produced on the respective candidates for the office of Bishop be allowed, it is not difficult to predict the prospects of its future."

It is a great pity, that this Christian critic had not taken the beam out of his own eye, ere he troubled himself with the mote in his neighbour's. Hear the pious man himself on the very self same matter:—

"We do not say this meets with our approbation; in fact we would prefer the provost himself to him. For the antecedents of Mr. Bethune are of a much more extreme tendency than the provost. The provost is not half as much given to ritualism as the archdeacon, and we must confess is far more capable of discharging the duties of Bishop than the Rev. Mr. Bethune. But some say it was better, and have chosen the archdeacon with all his faults on the ground that, humanly speaking, he is not likely to survive the present Ven. Bishop, and that therefore, however much he felt inclined, he cannot do much harm, and that a better prospect awaits the Church afterwards."

THE CAMP AT ST. JOHNS.

Montreal, Sept. 27.

In consequence of the unfavorable reports received of the state of the ground, and of probable danger to the health of the troops of putting them under canvas at present, the formation of the camp at St. Johns is postponed till further orders.

The orders of the 22nd instant relative to the movements of battalions to the camp are therefore cancelled.

(Signed), P. S. MACDOUGALL, Colonel.
Adjutant-General Militia.

DARING BURGLARY AT SMITH'S FALLS

On Tuesday morning, the announcement was made that the office of Messrs. G. M. Cossit & Bro's Foundry had been burglariously entered, the safe broken open, and a large sum of money abstracted. The safe was a wreck, and a sum verging on $600 had been stolen, besides a check on the bank of Montreal for upwards of $90. The whole operation had evidently been planned with coolness and deliberation; and executed with a system and audacity so consummate that one is inclined to the belief that it was done by an organized band, quite familiar with the premises, and fully aware of every step to be taken in accomplishing their ends. The safe was a large 'Fire King, Burglar Proof,' and the process of breaking it open had evidently been a tedious one. The top, the hinges, and lock, had been attacked in succession, and, in the absence of all science, had ultimately yielded only to the application of sheer brute force. Very little clue has yet been obtained to lead to the detection of the guilty parties. A couple of fellows are under arrest on suspicion, but it is not generally thought they are the culprits.—Smith's Falls Review.

A FEW FACTS ABOUT LONDON.

The population of London is now considerably over three millions, and it is computed that before the close of the present century it will increase to four millions.

Annually 5,000 new houses are in course of erection for upwards of 40,000 new comers.

The continuous line of buildings stretching from Holloway to Camberwell is twelve miles long.

London has 11,000 distinct streets, squares, avenues, crescents, terraces, rows, places, lanes, courts, alleys, mews, and yards.

London contains 1,900 miles of gas pipes, with a capital of nearly £4,000,000 spent in the preparation of gas.

The cost of gas lighting is half a million. It has 360,000 lights; and 13,000,000 cubic feet of gas are burned every night.

Last year along these streets the enormous quantity of upwards of 80,000,000 gallons of water rushed for the supply of the inhabitants, being nearly double what it was in 1845.

To accommodate the crowd, 125,000 vehicles pass through the thoroughfares in the course of 12 hours, 3,000 cabs, 1,000 omnibuses, 10,000 private job carriages and carts, ply daily in the streets; 3,000 conveyances enter the metropolis daily from the surrounding country.

According to a Parliamentary 'Blue Book,' London has 6 length streets, 12 Thomas streets, 14 Gloucester streets (with 9 Gloucester places, 9 terraces, and 6 Gloucester roads), 15 Market streets, 18 James streets, 20 George streets, upward of 20 Duke streets, 20 Princess streets, 21 Union streets, 25 William streets, 26 High streets, 30 Charles streets, 35 Devonshire streets, terraces and places, 40 Wellington ditto, 40 John street, 40 King streets, and upwards of 30 Queen streets. There are 46 Park streets, places, terraces, and roads; the name Victoria occurs 40 times in the London Street Directory, including 4 streets, 8 terraces, 9 roads, and 6 places, and the name Albert occurs about as often. York a very favorite street name, occurs about 60 times. There are 13 West streets, 12 East streets, 17 South streets, and 20 North streets in the metropolis; 85 thoroughfares designated 'Great,' and 118 designated 'Little' (there are as many as 8 Little George streets alone) and there are 50 Lower streets, and the large number of 139 Upper streets.

THE BREECH LOADERS FOR THE VOLUNTEERS.

Some further experiments were made today with an improved pattern of the Remington rifle. The breech in this weapon has been very much strengthened, so as to render the bursting of that part almost impossible. Several bull's eyes were made with the rifle at one thousand yards. The government, however, has no intention of procuring any of these rifles just now as the arms already ordered are quite sufficient for present requirements. The five thousand Peabody rifles ordered some time ago will shortly be supplied by the manufacturers, and with the arms that are now being sent out by the English government, it is expected that there will be thirty thousand breech-loaders of the best pattern ready for distribution by the first of November next.

NAVAL—MORE GUNBOATS FOR THE LAKES.—About one hundred men and officers from H. M. S. 'Niger,' now lying at Quebec, have arrived at Cornwall to relieve the crew of the 'Prince Alfred,' now on the Canadian gunboats. The 'Niger' winters at Sorel. The London Times, of the 13th, Sept., says: 'The 'Nestor' and 'Triboulo,' screw gunboats, building out in the steam basin of Portsmouth yard, will in a short time be ready for trial under steam and commission. They are said to be intended for service on the Canadian lakes, but it cannot well be believed that Sir John Pakington's Board of Admiralty would despatch unarmed wooden gunboats to a part of the world where if they chanced to meet with an enemy he would certainly be one carrying armed pieces.'

THE 13TH HUSSARS.—On Thursday this regiment disembarked from the Cunard steamers 'Europa' and 'Cuba' at Quebec. A detachment of 15 officers, 242 men and 219 horses left Quebec by special train for Toronto, where they are to be stationed. The remainder, including nine officers and 153 dismounted men which arrived by the Canadian steamer 'Damascus,' have arrived at Montreal. The regiment altogether is 500 strong, and when it sailed from Liverpool had 303 horses, several of which however died during the passage out. The 90 men and 60 horses of the Hussars which reached Montreal on Friday, are quartered in the Artillery Barracks. The officers quarters are at the Donegana Hotel. The 'Damascus' brought out 100 more in addition to the Hussars, as well as several hundred tons of Military stores.

COLLEGE SESSION.—The University of Queen's College, as well as the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, Kingston, incorporated last session but now affiliated with the University, opens its session of 1866-67 to-morrow. A number of Students have already reached here to prosecute a vigorous winter campaign. The Registrar of Queen's College announces on his circular that the Matriculation Examinations and Competitions for Scholarships in Arts begin on the following day in Theology on the 7th November. The Session will be formally opened to-day at three o'clock in the Convocation Hall, when the Rev. Professor Mowat will deliver an address suitable to the occasion. The public are invited to attend. The Royal College will be formally opened at the same time and place.

THE PITTSBURGH SHOW.

The Annual Fair and Cattle Show of the Township of Pittsburgh came off yesterday in the hamlet of Barriefield. The show of Cattle and Sheep was exceedingly good, and that of Young Horses almost equally good. There was not much Grain, and very little Butter, but what there was was good. The display of Roots, especially Potatoes, was excellent, never better; and the Cabbages were splendid. On the whole the Show was the best for several years past. Some of the Cattle and Sheep will be exhibited to-day at the County Show, and will win Prizes. We shall give the Prize List on Thursday in our Weekly Issue.

LAUNCH AT PORTSMOUTH.—On Saturday afternoon a new ship of nearly seven hundred tons burthen was launched at Mr. Berry's ship yard, Portsmouth. The new candidate for nautical honors was named the 'Ottawa,' and is a vessel of fine build, strength and carrying capacity being combined to make her a good a profitable vessel. She is about the tenth sea going ship launched from the same yard, within the last two or three years, comprising a tonnage approaching to 10,000 tons. Another vessel is being built in the same yard the frame work at present being completed. This new ship will be ready for launching in the spring. The 'Ottawa' is not fully rigged, and will be completed in that department when she reaches Quebec.

Kerosene & Gas Stoves.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.

All the Cooking for a family may be done with Kerosene Oil, or Gas, with less trouble, and at less expense than by any other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

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206 PEARL STREET, N.Y.
July 21st, 1866. d&w173

SAUCE.—LEA AND PERRIN'S
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE
PRONOUNCED
BY
CONNOISSEURS
TO BE THE
ONLY GOOD SAUCE
AND APPLICABLE
TO
Every Variety of DISH.

Extract of a letter from a medical gentleman at Madras to his brother at Worcester, May 1st:—'Tell Lea and Perrins that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

CAUTION.

LEA AND PERRINS

Beg to caution the Public against spurious imitations of their celebrated

Worcestershire Sauce.

L. & P. have discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with SPURIOUS IMITATIONS, the labels closely resembling those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances the name of L. and P. forged.

L. and P. will proceed against any one who may manufacture or vend such imitations, and have instructed their correspondents in the various parts of the world, to advise them of any infringement of their rights.

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.

*** Sold Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Messrs. Crosse and Blackwell; Messrs. Barclay and Sons, London; &c., &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Nov. 1, 1865. 264w

RIMMEL'S UNRIVALLED PERFUMERY
Warranted to retain its excellent quality in any climate.

RIMMEL'S TOILET VINEGAR, to supersede Eau de Cologne.
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RIMMEL'S IHLANG IHLANG, a new Perfume.

Sold by all Perfumery Vendors in the World.

E. RIMMEL, Perfumer, to H.R.H. the PRINCESS OF WALES, 96, Strand, cor. Wellington St. Lond.
May 9th, 1866, and 24 ... Jan 1st

PRINTING, &c., AT THE BRITISH WHIG OFFICE.

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.
J. C. Ayer & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acquaint you what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Some two years ago, I had a tumor on my hands and arms, which turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two tumors also broke out on my head and covered my whole scalp with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I consulted many physicians and several physicians, but without much relief from anything. In fact, the complaint grew worse. At length I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla, for I knew from your pamphlet, or advertisement, that you had prepared an alterative (sarsaparilla),