SUNDAY DIRECTORY—HOURS OF PUBLIC WORSHIP.

ST. GEORGE'S CATHEDRAL—Morning Service, 11:00 Evening Service, (free) 7:00; Military Service 2:30; P. M. Daily Prayers at 3:00 P. M., except on Wednesdays, when service is held at 7½ P. M., with sermon. On Saints' Days, morning and evening prayer.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH (Queen Street.)—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service, (free) 6:30.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH (Union Street.)—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service, (free) 6:30.

ST. MARK'S CHURCH (Barriefield.)—Morning Service, 11:00 a. m.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH (Portsmouth.)—Morning Service, 10:30; Afternoon Service, 4:00.

ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL (Roman Catholic.)—Mass 7:00, 8:00, 8:45 (Military Service) and 10:30 a. m.; Vespers, 3:30.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH (Princess Street)—Morning Service, 11:00; Afternoon Service, 3:30.

CHALMERS' CHURCH (Earl Street.)—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service, 6:30.

BROCK STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening service, 6:30.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH (Sydenham Street)—Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 6:00.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH (Queen Street.)—Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 6:00.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, (Head of Johnson Street.)—Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 6:00.

PRIMITIVE METHODIST CHURCH (Brock Street.)—Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 6:00.

BAPTIST CHURCH (Johnson Street.)—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening service, 6:30.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH (Wellington Street.)—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service, 6:30.

CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH (Queen Street.)—Morning Service, 10:00; Evening Service, 6:00.

The Daily British Whig.

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1866.

LETTERS & TELEGRAMS.

J. R. R., Toronto.

REMINDERS.

FRUIT TREES, &c.—Auction Sale of Trees and Shrubs from Donnelly's Nursery, at noon to-day in the Market Square.

CAUSE CELEBRE.

POISONING CASE AT LINDSAY.

THE PRISONER ACQUITTED ON THE GROUND OF INSANITY.

On Monday last at the Victoria Assizes an old woman named Falahey, was placed upon her trial, charged with the murder of her husband's brother, Michael Falahey, on the 26th of December last. The facts are full of great interest to the public, for it is the first case where an acquittal has taken place in this country where the killing had been by poison.

The prisoner and her husband were residing on a farm in the Township of Ops for a number of years, and were supposed to have amassed considerable wealth, the old woman being considered close fisted. With them was residing Michael Falahey, the deceased. He was an old man, apparently of a very inoffensive nature. The woman and her brother-in-law could not agree, and constant rows took place between them, the woman being invariably the aggressor. To punish him she would give him the refuse of the house to eat, hardly ever allowing him a wholesome meal. On the morning of the murder, the parties had another row, and the prisoner became so excited, that she followed the deceased into the yard, where he was chopping fire wood and attacked him violently, striking him several blows with a stick, and continued to beat him until her husband interfered. This was about nine o'clock in the morning. About eleven o'clock the prisoner seemed to relent, and apparently softened down towards the old man. When he came in from his work, she went into her bedroom and took some strychnine, which was kept for poisoning foxes, mixed it in a tumbler with whiskey and gave it to him to drink. After the old man drank the poison, he returned to the yard and came back in a few minutes, trembling violently and complaining of great pain. He caught hold of the kitchen table for a few minutes, but the paroxysms increasing, he fell on the floor, and in a few minutes was a corpse. As he fell on the floor he called to a woman who was present to run for a clergyman, that he was dying, declaring that the prisoner had often threatened to poison him, and now had done it at last. When charged with the murder, she denied it, and said that it was the Judgment of God! A Mrs. Keefe was present when the man drank the whiskey, and also when it was handed to him by the prisoner. Something white was noticed in the bottom of the tumbler by Mrs. Keefe, and after he went out she tasted the white substance that remained in the bottom of the tumbler, and it tasted very bitter. She thought it was poison. A post-mortem examination by order of the Coroner was held on the body, and the stomach with its contents was taken by Dr. Fidlar to Professor Croft, of Toronto. The Professor analyzed the contents of the stomach, and found half a grain of strychnine, sufficient to cause death. The strychnine being dissoluble in whiskey, other quantities may have gone into the intestines and the blood, which he did not examine. This closed the case on the part of the Crown.

For the defence several witnesses were called to establish the prisoner's insanity. They spoke of the woman being subject to illusion, and being of a restless nature and avaricious. That she lost her only son six years ago, and ever since she was unsettled in her mind. That she thought the deceased was the head of a gang that was robbing her. She fancied he stole her cattle and wheat, and sometimes left inferior cattle in the place of her favorite ones; that a gentleman who was her neighbor used to steal her good wheat and leave poor grain in its stead; and that her husband was in league with his brother, and had joined the robbers. That at night she would seldom sleep and was constantly muttering to herself. She always connected the deceased with these illusions.—Some three years ago her friends consulted together as to the advisibility of sending her to an Asylum. That the morning in question she appeared 'strange' and looked troubled. Such was the evidence which was offered to establish her Insanity.

Mr. James O'Reilly, Q. C., assisted by Mr. M. C. Cameron, Q. C., and Mr. Geo. Dormer, conducted the defence. Mr. O'Reilly in a speech of great power, contended that the prisoner's madness took the form of monomania. That owing to the loss of her only son, from being a woman of strong natural affections, she gave way to avarice which seized possession of her soul. That she labored under the notion that every person was robbing her, stealing her cattle and wheat, and that gangs of men were formed for that purpose, connecting the unfortunate deceased with these illusions.—that at length she committed an act while under the influence of her disorder and might not be aware that the act she did involved the crime of murder; in fact, that she did not know the difference between right and wrong. The learned gentleman closed his address with a forcible and telling appeal to the jury, and demanded an acquittal on the ground, that although his client may have an imperfect understanding of the distinction between right and wrong, yet if she labored under an illusion and deception as detailed in this case, and was thereby disabled from judging correctly as to her conduct, she was in that state of mind which rendered her not criminally answerable for her actions. After a very clear and lucid charge from the judge, on the law governing pleas of insanity in criminal cases. The jury in about forty minutes returned into court with a verdict of "not guilty," on the ground of insanity. She therefore remains a prisoner at the Disposal of the Crown, and will probably be sent to the Asylum at Rockwood.

The Hon. Sidney Smith, Q.C., acted for the Crown.

. The rule of law applicable to a plea of insanity is clear. Did the prisoner at the time she mixed the strychnine in the whiskey and gave it to him, know that it would kill Michael Falahy, and that it was wrong to do so?—If so, it was clearly murder, and we can hardly understand how in a case of poisoning it could be anything else.

DISGRACEFUL SCENES IN A DUBLIN CHURCH.

[Dublin correspondence of the London Times.]

The innovation practiced by some of the Dublin clergy in conducting Divine worship has produced a growing dissatisfaction for some time; and at length the Protestant spirit has been so decidedly roused that scenes of disorder are the consequence. One of the most obnoxious of the Romanizing innovators is the Rev. Mr. Carrol, the incumbent of Bride's. Yesterday week there was some unseemly interruptions of Divine service in his church, and the aid of the police was found necessary. Yesterday morning the church was crowded to excess by young men who came for the purpose of putting a stop to the service altogether. At first they repeated the responses aloud, drowning the voices of the choir. When Mr. Carrol ascended the pulpit, the congregation began to cough and sneeze at such a rate that he could not be heard. At length they groaned and hissed, and greeted the clergyman with derisive shouts of 'No Puseyism!' 'Go to Rome!' 'The Confession Box!' &c. The noises were so great that he was obliged to desist from the attempt to administer the communion. The scene of uproar at that time was something fearful, the people mounting on their seats and jeering the discomfited minister as he retreated from the unequal contest. One long dismal groan was kept up while he remained in view, but as soon as he had gained the sanctuary of the vestry-room it changed to a yell of triumph, and several rounds of Kentish fire, one person exclaiming at the top of his voice, 'The Orange boys have it.' A large number of police, with Inspector Armstrong, now entered the building; but their presence only added to the tumult. A rush was made to the communion-table, and a prayer-book, on which a large cross was conspicuous, was taken and flung on the ground. Some persons who remonstrated were rather roughly handled, and obliged to beat a hasty retreat. Some gentlemen cried 'shame,' and requested those most active to remember that they were in a place of worship, but to no purpose. It was thought, indeed, that further disturbance and more serious violence would have been had recourse to, but Chief Superintendent Campbell requested the people to withdraw, or he would be compelled to send for a force of police to clear the building. After some difficulty, and much persistence, but without employing force, this was at last accomplished, the doors were locked, and the crowd which had gathered outside gradually dispersed. The disgraceful exhibition of the morning was re-enacted in the evening. Long before the hour appointed for the commencement of service, a large number of persons had assembled in Bride street, and on the church doors being opened, shortly before 7 o'clock, a general rush was made and the building was immediately thronged. The demeanor of the congregation, stated to be composed for the greater part of strangers, was comparatively quiet until the Rev. Mr. Carrol made his appearance. Then the sneezing and coughing which characterized the morning's celebration of Service was again re-enacted by some persons in the vicinity of the organ, and was taken up by the majority of the congregation with an unflagging determination and energy. This ebullition of the feeling on the part on the congregation was succeeded by a deafening ring of Kentish fire and cries of 'No Popery,' &c. The Rev. Mr. Carrol then appeared in front of the communion table, and was understood to appeal to the congregation to conduct themselves in a peaceful and orderly manner, otherwise he would be obliged to decline to perform the usual evening services. The appeal, in place of appeasing the angry feelings of those present, seemed but to excite their fury to the utmost degree. Instantly the church became the scene of the most indescribable confusion. The congregation stood up in their seats, and what between coughing, sneezing, the clanging ring of the Kentish fire, the various cries of 'True Protestantism,' 'No Popery,' 'No surrender,' 'Down with Puseyism,' at length the clergyman was obliged to retire, and the excitement was so great that the police were obliged to escort him to his residence.

THE FENIANS—THEIR MISSION.—The idea developed in the following is one which has for some time held by many both here and in the States. It seems a very plausible statement; but should it be the fact, it will be hard to find excuses sufficient to keep the unhappy dupes in check until their votes have been secured. They will likely to vote to lynch some of their leaders before the date given, and elect them for the gallows or ornament some lamp-posts with head centres:

A Washington despatch to the Boston Journal says it is rumored in diplomatic circles there that Sir Frederick Bruce has been assured by our Government that the Fenians have no real plans for invading the British Provinces or Ireland, but that they are an association for political purposes, which will vote at the elections next fall strictly in obedience to the instructions of their leaders.

FACTS AND RUMORS FROM VIENNA.

[Vienna (April 10th) telegram London Times.]

A telegram received here from Prague announces the arrest of Count Waldersee at the Prague railway station upon suspicion of being a Prussian spy, his pocket-book having been found to contain a plan of the fortification of Prague.

It is stated that Prussia's reply to the Austrian note has created an extremely unfavorable impression in government circles here.

It is believed that the Russian offer of mediation arrived too late.

A telegram from Cracow announces that several Russian staff officers have recently been inspecting the line of the Galacian frontier.

To-day's journals all express irritation at the reply of Prussia to the Austrian note, and call upon the government to appeal to the federal diet for the settlement of the question at issue.

The statement is confirmed that the letter which has been addressed by the Czar to the Emperor of Austria is couched in friendly terms, and expresses in a general way a wish for the preservation of peace.

A telegram received here from Prague states that, should war break out, the ex-Emperor Ferdinand will leave that city.

Rumors are current here that all the five-florin bank-notes are to be called in, and to be replaced by government notes of the same value. The accuracy of these rumors is, however, much questioned.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The above unfortunate class of patients will be pleased to learn that Dr. Malcolm, one of the physicians referred to in the following letter, which we copy from the Toronto Leader, will be in this city at the British American Hotel for consultation on Wednesday, May the 2nd:—

[To the Editor of the Leader.]

SIR.—Allow me, through the columns of your valuable publication, to give the public a short account of my late illness and recovery by the use of treatment by inhalation.

About two years ago, I caught a severe cold, which left me with a cough that was very troublesome, and accompanied by an expectoration which, after some time, showed streaks of blood. I had pain and soreness in the chest, cold chills, hectic fever, night sweats, shortness of breath, loss of flesh, loss of appetite, sore throat, and in fact all the symptoms of a well-marked case of consumption.

My family I am strongly predisposed to consumption, several members of both my parents' families having died of it.

In this condition I applied to Dr. Robert Hunter about one year ago, who, upon examination, found extensive disease of both lungs, and gave it as his opinion that my cure was doubtful. But on trial of his remedies I soon found myself improving rapidly, and after about six weeks became so much better that I discontinued their use, believing that Nature would complete the cure. In this I was mistaken, for after lingering for some time in partial health, without becoming strong, I was obliged to obtain more medicine from Dr. Malcolm, Dr. Hunter being absent from the office at the time.

On resuming the treatment I began to improve again, which improvement continued until the disease wholly left me, and I am now in the enjoyment of good health, and able to resume my business. This, after having been considered by nearly all who knew me as being a hopeless case of consumption, is, indeed, very satisfactory to me, and I take great pleasure in recommending this treatment of Drs. Hunter and Malcolm to the afflicted, believing that it, through the blessing of God, will effect cures of consumption where no other system of treatment is of the slightest benefit.

With much gratitude to the above-named physicians for their kind care and attention to my case, and many thanks, Mr. Editor, for your indulgence, I remain,

Your obedient servant,
WILLIAM G. SWAN.

Yorkville, Toronto, 14th Sept., 1864.

SINGULAR CASE.—A Mrs. McCrae was confined lately, at Montreal, and her husband being away, she was afraid, not having heard from him for some time, that she might be unable to maintain the infant.—She therefore asked the woman who had attended her during her confinement, an unlicensed midwife named Prevost, to carry the child to the Grey Nunnery, where it would be nursed until she could be able to do something for her own support and that of the child. The woman, Prevost returned and said she had done so. A few days after Mrs. McCrae asked for her shawl, which was round the child, and was told that the Grey Nuns kept everything in which the children taken there were wrapped. The mother, not satisfied, made inquiry in other directions, and at last discovered that Prevost had disposed of the child to a childless couple named Pare, who had offered to adopt it, and that she had carried it to the French Church, representing it to be the legitimate child of M. and Mad. Pare, giving some plausible reason why the father had not come to have it baptized and registered in their name. The mother who is a Scotch woman, was indignant at this, and demanded to have the child restored to her, as she had no intention of permanently giving up her child, and Mr. Pare had accordingly to hand it over to the mother. No blame whatever, attaches to him but it is probable proceedings will be taken against the woman Prevost for practicing without license, as well as for the other offences connected with the transaction.

ROBBERY.—On the night of the 20th inst., a bay mare and set of plated harness, were stolen from the premises of Mr. Henry Vandewater, 2nd concession Sidney. He immediately placed himself in communication with the Chief of Police, at Belleville, who suspected a person well known in the vicinity of Shannonville, that has been engaged in several robberies recently. A farmer, from whom on the same night, about eight bushels of oats were stolen, tracked the wheels of a democrat to a wood near that village, and obtaining the assistance of constable Boulton, searched and discovered the horse, harness, a democrat, containing a new cooking stove and other articles, tied up in the wood. After watching for some time, the robber leaped up from behind a log and effected his escape. Capt. James has discovered that the democrat was stolen from the front of Mitts' forge, in this town, and the stove from the Foundry of Mr. Smith. It is to be hoped that the authorities of Shannonville will exert themselves to procure the removal of this notorious robber from their midst, and render him amenable to justice.—Intelligencer.

JOURNALISM IN TORONTO.

Toronto, April 25.

An Evening Paper is to be started here about the first of June, to be called the Daily Telegraph, by Mr. J. Ross Robertson of the Globe, and J. Cook of the Leader. The price is to be ten cents per week, and it will not depend on street sales, but on its subscription list, as no evening paper started on such grounds could stand against the Evening Leader.—The proprietors of the new paper are both enterprising men.

Gordon Brown, who recently withdrew from the Globe on account, it is thought, of some financial misunderstanding with his brother, has had the difficulty satisfactorily settled.

A rumor is in town that Mr. C. Capreol is going to start a paper in the interest of the Georgian Bay Canal Company. The Leader and Globe being down on progress, Mr. Capreol thinks if he had a paper it would be all right.

SINGULAR ACTION IN TORONTO.

Toronto, April 24.

An interesting action took place at the Assizes to-day the authorities at Weston Trinity Grammar School being the defendants.

The plaintiff, Mrs Dunham, set forth in her declaration that two years ago she kept school in Yorkville for the education of young ladies, that defendant, the Rev. Mr. Johnson, Principal of Weston School, induced her to remove to that village and take charge of the boarding house of the school and promised that he would allow the boys attending the school to board with her.

He stated that if she could get three dollars and twenty-five cents per head per week, she would make one dollar per head and be in comfortable circumstances for the rest of her life.

She made preparations for the reception of the boys, but defendant refused to let them go and took twenty-eight of them to board with him, doubtless believing that if he made twenty-eight dollars per week he would be comfortable for the rest of his life.

She consequently claimed damages, and retained that very successful lawyer, R. A. Harrison, Esq., to conduct the case.

Defendant contended that in the early part of the spring of last year he ceased to have control of the school, Rev. Mr. Badgley being appointed head master, but that notwithstanding the change he (defendant) desired that the plaintiff should continue matron and keep control of the boarding house. Owing to the discontent, however, on the part of the boy's relatives to the treatment at Mrs. Dunham's table he took them to board with him.

The jury failed to see it in that light, and gave a verdict for $300.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

Brignoli is engaged at Convent Garden.

A Magyar poet has appeared in Europe.

Wagner's wife has just died suddenly at Dresden.

Many postoffices have been re-opened in Mississippi.

Mongini, the new tenor in London, gets $3,000 per month.

The strike of the London tailors is ended. A partial advance was obtained.

The Deseret News says the matrimonial immortality in Christendom is shocking!

A man in Worcester fainted the other day on seeing Heller perform the trick of cutting a man's nose off.

A great grand-daughter of the famous Siddons has made a successful debut as Juliet in Edinburgh.

The Davenport Brothers have come down from their stilts, and announce themselves as common jugglers.

Lord Houghton has been appointed President of the Art Union of London, in place of Lord Monteagle, deceased.

A man out in Michigan sold his wife for $7 and five pounds of maple sugar, taking a note for the money.

A parliamentary return shows that during last year 140 persons were run over and killed in the streets of the city of London.

The Earl of Moray has intimated to all his tenant farmers that he will bear half of their loss in consequence of the cattle plague.

A queer typographical error was made by a Philadelphia paper. Instead of saying 'Jeff Davis Toasted,' it said, 'Jeff Davis Roasted!'

The Cannes journals announce that Jenny Lind is to sing at the Nautical Club of that place, at a morning concert for the benefit of the hospital.

At Eton 32 masters teach 806 boys; at Winchester 12 teach 209; at Westminster 9 teach 136; at Harrow 22 teach 481; at Rugby 19 teach 463.

A vine grower made $7,987 last year from five acres of island soil in Lake Erie. He raised 34,500 pounds of grapes, and made 6,000 gallons of wine.

The fair sex in France are getting expert with the violin. Some half-dozen young ladies have been playing solos and concert music with great success.

The Bishop of London is considerably better. The right rev. prelate is able to quit his bed, and there is every prospect of his ultimate restoration to health.

The Banffshire Journal records the fact that a Mrs Mowatt, in that county, has just presented her husband with two sons and two daughters, all doing well.

The number of Mormons in Norway has lately been considerably increasing. There are now 563 of them at Christiana, 198 of whom are men and 365 women.

The appointment of the Rev. William Hepworth Thompson, M.A., as Master of Trinity College, Cambridge, void by the death of Dr. Whewell, is gazetted.

By the recent statistics of the kingdom of Italy it has been proved that no less than 584,485 of its inhabitants are artists, of whom 407,732 are men and 126,763 women.

The Belgian Chamber is about to introduce a new clause into the penal code of that country punishing with fine or imprisonment all persons convicted of cock-fighting.

The elegant Brownlow, in a speech at Knoxville, said that President Johnson could carry no State north of Kentucky, and he wished the President would carry that State to h—ll.

The plasterers in Wolverhampton have just come to the determination that henceforth they will settle all disputes between themselves and their employers by arbitration, and not by strikes.

A storekeeper the other day struck upon his door the following laconic advertisement: 'A boy wanted.' The next morning, on opening the store, he beheld a little urchin in a basket with the following label: 'Here he is.'

The other day a man got entangled in the crinoline of a woman who was walking along Ludgate-hill, by which he was thrown to the ground, and so severely injured that death ensued from effusion of blood on the brain.

It is stated that three publishers—an Englishman, an American, and a Frenchman—have offered Gustave Dore £16,000 to illustrate a complete edition of the works of Shakspeare. The artist, however, will not close under £20,000.

Girardin is succeeded in the editorship of the Paris Presse by M Emile Oliver, who is to direct the politics of the journal at a fixed salary, with a franc a line for everything signed with his name. The literary columns will be left to the care of Arsene Houssaye.

It is stated that the successor of Dr. Colenso will be a Cambridge man, of high academical distinction, who has had administration experience in another colony.

FURTHER BY THE AFRICA.

MR. GLADSTONE'S BUDGET.

The Owl says that Mr. Gladstone's budget will contain several small but progressive changes, sweeping away certain minor customs duties, and dealing with the duty on timber, bottled wines, &c.

GOVERNORSHIP OF JAMAICA.

It is stated that the Government has sent orders to Mr. Rawson, the Governor of the Bahamas, to assume the Governorship of Jamaica on the return of Sir Henry Storks.

THE REFORM BILL.

In the House of Commons on the 12th, in the presence of a crowded house, Mr. Gladstone in a earnest speech moved the second reading of the Government Reform Bill. He replied to various objections raised by the opponents of the Bill. He said the time had come for deeds not words, and besought the House not only to be wise, but wise in time. Earl Grosvenor moved the amendment, of which he had given notice, in favor of postponing the question of Reform until the entire scheme contemplated by the Government was laid before Parliament. Lord Stanley seconded the amendment. Neither of them questioned the expediency of reform, but contended that extension of the franchise should not be separated from the question of redistribution of seats. Speeches were made in favor of the Bill by the Marquis of Hartington and others, against it by Gen. Peel and others, when the debate was adjourned. There was no undue excitement either inside or outside of the House, and no indication whatever of that mob demonstration which some members affected to anticipate. The few hundred which were assembled outside the House loudly cheered Mr. Gladstone and other prominent liberals on their arrival.

On the 10th inst, the debate was resumed. Among the speakers were Sir E. Bulwer Lytton and Mr. Liddell against, and Mr. Stuart Mill and Mr. Baxter in favor of the Bill. The debate was again adjourned.—London papers comment on the debate, reiterating the former arguments with considerable vehemence.

NORTH AMERICAN FISHERIES.

In the House of Commons, on the 15th instant, Mr. Cardwell, in reply to to an inquiry, said that the question of protecting the interests of fisheries on the North American coasts, on the termination of the Reciprocity Treaty, was under consideration by the law officers of the Crown.

IRELAND.

Mr. Maguire gave notice that he would, at an early day, call attention to the serious inconveniences arising in Ireland from the too stringent exercise of powers given by the suspension of the habeas corpus.

HEAD CENTRE STEPHENS!

The Paris correspondent of the London Times says if the object of Head Centre Stephens, in going to Paris, was to attract general attention to his cause or person, it has proved a failure.

General P. Edward Conner, lately in command at Salt Lake City gives a very deplorable account of affairs in Utah. Brigham Young is carrying things with a very high hand. Some effort will soon be made in the U. S. Congress to augment the force in Utah, at present inadequate, and to change the laws in reference to that territory, so that soldiers of the United States may kick over the polygamist government by their votes. Brigham Young has ten thousand men capable of bearing arms, and a brigade is at least necessary to watch them properly, in Gen. Conner's estimation.

REPUBLICANISM.—The Boston Radical, utterly disgusted with Republicanism, says: 'What do Republican institutions come to if we can never get a first class man into the Government—if the Phillipses, Emersons, Whittiers, Lowels, Sumners, Stevenses, Wades, Schuizes, are to be under foot of vulgar tailors and tinkers? There is nothing sadder, under the sun, than to see that which is noble overruled and humiliated by the ignoble.'

THE WAR IN SOUTH AMERICA.—The English and American naval commanders at Valparaiso have insisted upon time being allowed for the removal of neutral property, together with the women and children, from the city, before its bombardment by the Spaniards; and have also protested against the bombardment itself. The Spanish iron-clad 'Numancia' is a ponderous vessel, 380 feet long, plated with 5-inch iron, carries 40 guns, and has a capacity of 7,200 tons.

A DISTINGUISHED MARRIAGE.

Montreal, April 27.

The Hon. Capt. Raymond Harvey de Montmorency, of the 32nd regiment, who is now aux-aide-de-camp on Lieut.-Gen. Michel's staff was married to Miss Michel, the eldest daughter of the General, in Christ-church cathedral, yesterday. The church was crowded with ladies, who had assembled to see the happy event. His Excellency the Governor General, Major General the Hon. James Lindsay, Col. Lyons, C. B., Col. Thackwell, Col. Fane, 25th regiment, Col. Pakenham, 30th regt., Col. Irvine, A.D.C., Mr. Godley and Dr. Muir were also present, and the respective staffs of the Governor and the two Generals. The happy couple arrived at the cathedral shortly before 11 o'clock, and were greeted with the beautiful strains of the wedding march. His Lordship the Bishop of Montreal and Metropolitan officiated, and was attended by the Rev. Canons White and Leeswoore. The fair bride, who wore a white satin dress and lace veil, was given away by her father. She was accompanied to the altar by Miss Irvine, Miss Mitchell, and the Misses Reynolds, who all wore white muslin dresses, lace veils and blue sashes. The gallant bridegroom being attended on his part by Lord Viscount Cole, Lord George Hamilton, Mr. Monck and another gentleman. At the conclusion of the service the wedding party drove to the General's residence, where a sumptuous wedding breakfast had been produced, to which about 50 guests sat down; immediately after the happy pair took the train to Saratoga, where it is understood they intend to pass the honey-moon.—The affair was quite an event in fashionable circles, and passed off most successfully.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE SCHOLARSHIPS.—There are a number of Scholarship Prizes annually competed for by the Students of Queen's College. To these have been added two others, making twenty-two in all, being one from Mr. E. H. Hardy of the value of $50, to be termed the 'Hardy Scholarship.' The other one is to be known as the 'Leitch Memorial Scholarship,' having been instituted by the friends in Scotland and in Canada of the late Principal, Dr. Leitch, as a remembrance of his connection with Queen's College. This Scholarship will amount to $75 or more each session. The Scholarships during the session just closed were closely contested, and were awarded as follows:—

Watkins—Robert Crawford, Kingston.
Campbell—William Claxton, Inverary.
Mowat—Irwin Stuart, Waterloo.
Trustees—William J. Muckleston, Kingston.
Toronto—John H. Nimmo, Camden.
Faculty—Alexander Nicholson, Prince Edward Island.
Kingston—Nathan F. Dupuis, Kingston.
Foundation—Francis H. Chrysler, Bath.
Allan—Samuel McMorine, Almonte.
Aberdeen—Robert Chambers, Norwich.
St. Andrew's University—James M. Gray, Kingston.
St. Paul's, Montreal, No. 1—P. C. McGregor, Lanark.
St. Paul's, Montreal, No. 2—Donald Fraser, Glengarry.
Kingston Presbytery—William Malloy, Vaughan.
Bursary Committee—Robert Campbell, Brockville.
Colonial Committee of Scotland, No. 1—William McLennan, Glengarry.
Colonial Committee, No. 2—John Ferguson, Esquesing.
Colonial Committee, No. 3—Daniel McGillivray, Nova Scotia.
Trustees—Robert Crawford, Kingston.
Foundation—James A. McDowall, Kingston.

FELLOWS.—At the Convocation in Queen's College on Thursday afternoon, the following were elected Fellows for the different Faculties:—Arts, Mr. N. F. Dupuis; Law, Dr. Romanes; Theology, Mr. Robert Jardine.

NEW PAPER.—By reference to a paragraph in another column, it will be seen that a new daily paper is about to be issued in Toronto. It is to be called the 'Daily Telegraph,' and will make its first appearance about the middle of the ensuing month. Mr. J. Ross Robertson, of the 'Globe,' and Mr. James B. Cook, of the 'Leader,' are the editors and proprietors. We have not received the prospectus; but from the long experience of these gentlemen in the newspaper line, we predict that the 'Daily Telegraph' will commend itself to a large share of public favor. While Mr. Robertson assumed the management of the local department of the 'Globe,' that newspaper wonderfully improved in local interest. His withdrawal therefore from the editorial corps of the 'Globe,' will be a loss severely felt, and not easily supplied. We wish the projected new daily every success.

A SUSPICIOUS VESSEL.—PROBABLE FENIAN PIRATE AFLOAT.

Portland, Me., April 26.

Capt. Rose, of the brig Scotland, from Mantanzas, reports that in lat. 37, long. 73 he was chased by a schooner carrying the English flag, which overhauling him ascertained his name. The captain of the schooner then hauled down his flag. On being aided his destination he replied after some hesitation New York, though the course of his vessel was not laid for that port. The crew of the schooner were unusually large for a merchant vessel, and a tarpaulin amidships covered something like a pivot gun.

CONFLAGRATION IN DETROIT.

Detroit, April 27.—The passenger and freight depot of the Detroit and Milwaukie and Michigan Southern railroads, and the ferry steamer Windsor, was destroyed by fire last night.

THE CHOLERA.

New York, April 27.—Dr Bissell reports there have been no admissions, of cholera patients to the Hospital ship since last report.—There have been three more deaths.

THE FENIANS IN MAINE.

New York, April 26.

A special from Eastport to the Tribune, says the Fenians are all leaving by boat for Portland. British war vessels left yesterday. The Fenian Convention this morning decided on leaving.

THE FENIANS RETURNING HOME!

Portland, Me., April 27.—The New Brunswick arrived from Eastport this morning with 200 Fenians. On leaving for Boston, several who had gone ashore were left behind. At the entrance of the harbor the Fenians who were spoiling for a fight, mutinied, drew their pistols on the officers, and obliged the boat to be put back. Some of the ringleaders were put ashore and sent on by rail, and the boat proceeded at nine o'clock.

Telegraphy has tapped Vancouver Island. This week the first message was transmitted all the way from Victoria to Washington, in words of greeting from Governor Kennedy to President Johnson. That despatch and the President's reply fittingly signalise the important event.

DIED.

In Kingston, on the 26th instant, Mr. Angus McLeod, aged 53 years.

Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend the funeral THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON at HALF-PAST TWO O'CLOCK from his late residence, Barrie Street, to the Waterloo Cemetery.

In Montreal, on the 25th instant, John Dunbar, aged 20 years.

In Montreal, on the 24th instant, Eliza Elgin, widow of the late Hugh McKeeman.

On the 24th instant, Henry Cheterode Thompson, son of Henry H. Thompson, Esq., of March, C.W.

In Thurlow, on the 6th instant, Mr. Frederick Post, aged 66 years.

At Quebec, on the 6th inst., Mrs. Mary Anne Parker, aged 70, relict of the late Mr. Francis F. Wyatt, of this city.

On the 6th inst., at Rotherite, London, Wm. Holmes, late Commander of the ship Sunbeam, of Quebec.

Near Quebec, on the 23rd inst, Mr. James Grinnell, aged 32 years.

In London, on the 24th inst., Catherine Matilda, wife of Mr. P. Barclay.

At Hamilton, on the 16th inst. Sister Mary Herman Joseph, in the 27th year of her age.

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON.

JUST Received, a fine lot of Pineapples, the first of the season.

R. TOWN,
Corner of Ontario and Clarence Streets.
Kingston, April 28th, 1866. 100

Canadian Inland Steam Navigation Company.

STEAMER FOR TORONTO AND HAMILTON.

ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE.

THE STEAMER

GRECIAN,

CAPT. C. HAMILTON,

WILL leave the St. Lawrence Wharf, foot of Johnson Street, for Toronto & Hamilton, calling at intermediate ports [weather permitting] THIS AFTERNOON, April 28th, at 6 o'clock.

For Tickets and other information, apply at the Lake and River Steamboat Office, St. Lawrence Wharf, foot of Johnson Street.

C. H. HATCH, Agent.
Kingston, April 28th, 1866. 100

STEAMER FOR MONTREAL.

ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE.

THE STEAMER

KINGSTON,

CAPT. A. DUNLOP,

WILL leave the St. Lawrence Wharf, foot of Johnson Street, for Montreal, TO-MORROW Morning, the 29th April, at half-past FIVE o'clock.

For Tickets and other information apply at the Lake and River Steamboat Office, St. Lawrence Wharf, foot of Johnson Street.

C. H. HATCH, Agent.
Kingston, April 28th, 1866. 100

1866.

Dickinson's

Rideau Passage and Freight Line,

BETWEEN

KINGSTON AND OTTAWA CITY!

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS

"CITY OF OTTAWA,"

CAPT. J. RYAN,

"BYTOWN,"

CAPT. THOS. FARMER.

THE above named Steamers will run as follows between Kingston and Ottawa, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"

Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p.m., arriving at Ottawa next evenings at 7 o'clock.

RETURNING—Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday, at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a.m. the following days.

"BYTOWN"

Leaves Kingston every Monday and Thursday at 3 p.m. and arriving at Ottawa on the following evenings at 8 o'clock.

RETURNING—Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following days.

Connecting with Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday and Sunday Evenings.

These steamers connect here with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville and Trenton; and with the American Steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.

Parties shipping freight from Kingston will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.

Apply to
M K. DICKINSON, Ottawa,
GEO. HEBBLACK, Montreal,
JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls,
Or to JAMES SWIFT,
St. Lawrence Wharf,
Kingston, C. W.

Kingston, April 27th, 1866. 100

1866.

MONTREAL AND BELLEVILLE.

BAY OF QUINTE AND RIVER ST. LAWRENCE STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

THE STEAMER

ST. HELEN,

CAPT. SMITH,

WILL make her regular weekly trips during this season to Montreal, as follows:

Leaving Trenton, every Monday at.....6 A.M.
" Belleville, from Flint's wharf.10 "
" Picton, from McCuaig's wharf. 2 P.M.
" Kingston, from Anderson & Ford's wharf.....9 "

and calling at all intermediate ports, arrives at Montreal on Tuesday evening; connecting with the Quebec steamers.

RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every Thursday.....3 P.M.
" Kingston every Saturday....7 A.M.

arriving at Belleville and Trenton the same evening.

For Freight or Passage, apply to Captain on board, Mr. John F. McCuaig, at Montreal, or to the undersigned at Kingston.

ANDERSON & FORD,
United States Wharf.

Kingston, April 26th, 1866. 100

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

CITY BOOK STORE,

KING-STREET,

LIFE and Philanthropic Labors of Andrew Reed, D.D.
Miscellanies from the collected writings of Edward Irving.
Letters from Abroad, by Dean Alford.
Sermons and Expositions, by the late John Robertson, D.D.
Our Inheritance in the Great Pyramid. By G. Piazzi Smith.
Six Months among the Charities of Europe. By John De Liefele.
A year at the Shore. By P. H. Gosse, F.R.S.
Sea and Land, do.
Lights in Art, a review of Ancient and Modern Pictures. By an Artist.
Richard Cobden, the Apostle of Free Trade. By John McGilchrist.
President Lincoln—self-portrayed. By J. M. Ludlow.
The Regular Swiss Round. By Rev. Harry Jones, M.A.
Simple Truths for Earnest Minds. By Norman Macleod, D.D.
Christ the Light of the World. By C. J. Vaughan, D.D., Vicar of Doncaster.
Stories told to a Child.
The Angel's Song. By Thos. Gunthrie, D.D.
Preparation for the Lord's Table. By Rev. Alex. Clerehew, of Gartmore.
The Contemporary Review, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.

For sale by
JOHN CREIGHTON,
King-st.

April 25th, 1866. 100

TO-DAY.

Just Arrived

Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

WILL be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on

SATURDAY, the 28th of April,

IN THE MARKET SQUARE,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,

together with an Assortment of ROSE BUSHES and FLOWERING SHRUBS, from the Nursery of Mr. J. DONNELLY, of Rochester, N.Y.,

☞ Sale at