G. T. R. TIME-TABLE.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:—

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING WEST.

Arrive at.....4:20 p.m. and 4:20 a.m.
Depart at.....5:10 p.m. and 4:30 a.m.
Local Trains arrive at 10:00 p.m., depart at 6:45 a.m.

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING EAST.

Arrive at.....2:00 p.m. and 1:15 a.m.
Depart at.....2:20 p.m. and 1:25 a.m.
Local Trains arrive at 4:00 a.m.; depart at 6:15 a.m.

(Montreal Time—15m. faster than Kingston time.)

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

COMMENCING on MONDAY Next, the 22nd instant, and until further notice,

MAILS GOING EAST

By Day Express Train will Close at 1 p.m.; Arrive at 2.10 p.m.
By Night Express Train will Close at 9 p.m. Arrive at 2.00 a.m.

MAILS GOING WEST

By day Express Train will close at 3.50 p.m. Arrive at 5.15 p.m.
By night Express Train will close at 9 p.m. Arrive at 5.00 a.m.

BRITISH MAILS

Per Cunard Steamers, via New York and Boston, will close on Mondays at 2 P.M., and per Canadian Steamers, via Quebec, on Fridays at 12 M.

UNITED STATES MAILS,

(Via Cape Vincent) will close at 2 P.M., and arrive at 1.30 P.M.

R DEACON,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Kingston, 13th Nov. 1865.

SUNDAY DIRECTORY—HOURS OF PUBLIC WORSHIP.

ST. GEORGE'S CATHEDRAL—Morning Service, 11:00 Evening Service, (free) 7:00; Military Service 3:30, P. M. Daily Prayers at 8:30 A. M., except on Wednesdays, when service is held at 7 P. M., with sermon On Saints' Days, morning and evening prayer.
ST. PAUL'S CHURCH (Queen Street.)—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service, (free) 6:30.
ST. JAMES' CHURCH (Union Street.)—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service, (free) 6:30.
ST. MARK'S CHURCH (Barriefield.)—Morning Service, 11:00 a.m.
ST. JOHN'S CHURCH (Portsmouth.)—Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 4:00.
ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH (Princess street)—Morning Service, 11:00; Afternoon Service, 3:30.
CHALMERS' CHURCH (Earl Street.)—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service, 6:30.
BROCK STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening service, 6:30.
WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH (Sydenham Street) —Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 6:00.
WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH (Queen Street.)—Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 6:00.
METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, (Head of Johnson Street.)—Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 6:00.
PRIMITIVE METHODIST CHURCH (Brock Street.)—Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 6:00.
ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL (Roman Catholic.)—Masses, 7:00, 8:00, 9:45 (Military Service) and 10:30 a.m. Vespers, 3:30.
BAPTIST CHURCH (Johnson Street.)—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening service, 6:30.
CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH (Wellington Street.)—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service, 6:30.
CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH (Queen street.)—Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 6:00.

The Daily British Whig.

"Optifer per Orbem Dicor."

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 30, 1866.

REMINDERS.

THE ASSIZES open at ten o'clock this morning.

GOOD FRIDAY—As to-day is a public holiday, and no work will be done in the British Whig Office, no Daily Paper can be published to-morrow.

The Brigade Major here has received instructions to have the Volunteers, still on duty at Kingston, paid up to Saturday and dismissed. And from notices in other newspapers, we should infer that the order to dismiss all the other Volunteers in the Province, recently called out, is general. This satisfies us that the Government is in receipt of such information as to warrant the disbanding of the Volunteers. They can immediately be got together should their services be needed.

But while we congratulate the country upon its present peaceable prospects, we must not and do not wholly dismiss from our minds all idea of invasion by the Fenian Filibusters. We have reason to be cautious. There is the summer before us, and the Fenians are numerous. Now that all prospect of successfully invading Ireland must be looked upon as chimerical, both factions in the United States may unite upon the Canada question; and as the leaders have taken large sums of money out of their adherents' pockets, it is not improbable, but that something like warlike action will be demanded of them. But, although we are still apprehensive of trouble and mischief, we have not the smallest fear of danger. Canada, with the aid of Great Britain, is sufficiently powerful successfully to resist an invasion of United States Troops, much less a disorganized Mob, however numerous, without military leaders, commissariat or munitions of war. Upon the Government the Country confidently relies for defence, and the subject may safely be dismissed from mens' mind, until occasion be had for its revival. And so for the present good bye to Fenianism.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

THE HON. JUSTICE JOHN WILSON, PRESIDING.

Wednesday, March 28th.

TOLAND VS. HENDERSON, Slander.—The Jury in this case, reported previously, brought in a verdict of $20 for plaintiff, shortly after six o'clock. Mr. J. O'Reilly, Q.C., for plaintiff; Sir Henry Smith, Q. C., for defendant.

JORDAN VS. CAMPBELL ET AL.—This was an action brought by Mr. Robert I. Jordan against Mr. James Campbell and Mrs. Caroline Smith for trespass, the damages claimed being $1,000. The plaintiff in 1864 leased the wharf at the foot of Queen Street from Mrs. Smith, one of the defendants, and Mr. Charles F. Gildersleeve, each owning a portion, procuring separate leases from each party. He alleges that he paid the rent up regularly, and that in May last Mrs. Smith gave Campbell possession of the wharf, he offering to pay a higher rent, without having consulted the plaintiff. Jordan resisted the defendant Campbell's taking quiet possession, and the result was that the defendants expelled him by force, and still maintains their right to the property. The shooting affray, in which Jordan wounded a son of the defendant Campbell by a shot from a revolver, arose on Campbell's going to the wharf to take possession and Jordan being lodged in jail, could not take proceedings to retain his right to the wharf. He also alleges that he agreed to make certain repairs to the wharf, to be deducted from his quarterly payments, and got the lease backed with the stipulation for that purpose, and left it for Mrs. Smith to endorse, but that she refused to give it up when required to do so. The repairs were to be made by Jordan in the spring of 1865. Mr. Gildersleeve gave defendant Campbell possession on the same day that Mrs. Smith gave over her portion of the wharf. The plaintiff represented that he was carrying on an extensive wood trade, and had suffered pecuniarily to a large amount, which the defendants denied, and contended that his business was anything but prosperous. They also contended that one of the receipts of Mrs. Smith for rent paid by Jordan was forged, for she never signed it. Several witnesses gave it as their opinion that it was not a genuine signature. The main point of the defence was that the lease provided that in event of the rent not being paid regularly, he forfeited the lease. Mrs. Smith therefore contended that as the rent was not paid she had a perfect right to put Campbell in possession. Sir Henry Smith, Q.C., for the plaintiff; Mr. T. Kirkpatrick, Q.C., and Mr. James O'Reilly, Q.C., for the defendants. The Jury after a long deliberation brought in a verdict of $1 for plaintiff.

GREAT F[illegible] IN THE OIL DISTRICT.

On Thursday the greatest fire ever known in an oil district took place at Petroleum Centre, Penn., leaving a horrid and fearful amount of ruins. The conflagration began at the Ocean Well, where two men were engaged in caulking a new tank, containing oil to the amount of 300 barrels. One of the staves being forced out at the bottom, created a vacuum, through which the oil ran out, running down the run, communicated with an engine house, and there caught from the fire in the furnace. From this point it rapidly spread to the oil tanks of the Ocean Oil company, then to the Arctic well and No. 20, Patterson & Dickey No. 19, thence down the run to different wells, five in number, belonging to the Bruden & Tennent leases, which were soon enveloped in one huge mass of flame. With no earthly means of checking the fearful tide it rolled onward down the run, the flames communicating with everything combustible, sweeping every object before them. I soon found a channel, which carried the burning mass into Reneh ff Run, catching in its way three refineries, some 30 or more buildings, and several wells in the progress of drilling—Less than 10 minutes from the breaking out of the fire, it was emptying itself into Oil Creek, at the mouth of the run, thus presenting to the eye a terrible mountain of black smoke and flame nearly a mile in length. The damage is estimated at $150,000. Patterson & Dickey, with the Ocean Oil Company, are the heaviest losers. Twenty thousand barrels of oil were consumed with the tankage. Some eighteen houses, derricks, engines, and the paraphernalia for sinking wells are destroyed. The Bennehoff and Oil Creek sustained $500 damage. Two men are reported burned seriously, three fatally, and one, Frank McKelzie, is already dead. He was the most horrid sight ever witnessed, being nothing but a blackened, charred mass of flesh when extricated from the devouring element. Both eyes were burned out, and he was in every way unrecognizable. Another man is reported to have been burned to death in a derrick, and one jumped from the top of another derrick to save his life, and was slightly injured.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

A Limerick paper, says: An immense number of copies of the N. Y. Irish People are arriving here by every mail. The introduction of the newspaper into the country will be attended with results equally as dangerous as those produced by the defunct Irish People.

Mr. Spellman, the distiller of Laprairie, against whom charges of defrauding the revenue to a large amount are under investigation, made his way on Sunday afternoon across the lines. A warrant has been issued for his apprehension, but it will be rather difficult to bring him back from the place to which he has gone.

The flying squadron to be fitted out by the United States for a cruise in the British North American coast, will consist of seven vessels, mounting 86 guns. The British have some twenty vessels in the same waters, with 500 guns and 7,000 men. The French have a large fleet in the Gulf of Mexico, and amongst the West India Islands.

OUTRAGE AT FORT ERIE.—Last Saturday night some miscreants hoisted a Fenian flag, consisting of a piece of green calico, on a high flag staff in the village of Fort Erie, and as the cord to which it was attached had been cut, the inhabitants were unable to remove the flaunting rag until the flag-staff was cut down. Before this was done, a policeman attempted to climb the pole, but fell and broke one of his legs. It is supposed that some scamp from the American side was the perpetrator of the outrage.—St. Catharines Constitutional.

The Medical Conference at Ottawa has closed its labors. Dr. McDonnell, of Montreal was chairman, and Dr. Tache, of the department of Agriculture, reporter to the Commission. The draft of a report on sanitary matters and the treatment of cholera and measures for the prevention of pestilence submitted by Dr. Tache, was discussed paragraph by paragraph, and an elaborate report on the whole subject was adopted unanimously. The report will be handed to the government.

The revenue of Prince Edward Island for the year ending 31st January, 1866, was £68,041, and the expenditure £66,800. The revenue of the previous year was £66,333.

SICKLY SOLD.

One night last week, a couple of men living on the line of the Grand Trunk, a little east of Rockwood, were walking along the track, when they came on a live pig which was squealing with all its might in one of the cattle guards, unable to get out. Thinking the porker had fallen off a stock train, the two friends came to an early arrangement that they would say nothing about it but take the pig home, kill it, and divide the carcase equally. No sooner was this proposed than it was done, and the unfortunate pig was at once taken off and sacrificed to the cupidity of the two. Next morning, however, one of the men missed his pig, and after looking about for a while he got on its track, and traced it to the identical cattle guard from which the pig had been taken on the previous evening. The thought at once flashed on his mind that he had killed his own pig and given half of it away and so it turned out.—Guelph Mercury.

A NEW VIEW OF POLYGAMY.—It is observed says the English Shilling Magazine, that the principle which lie at the root of polygamy is not generally understood among the Western nations. The principle is a very simple one. It prevents prostitution and proscribes bastardy. It is held by Mahometans at the present day, that the intention of the Koran in permitting the practice of polygamy was to make impossible the justice of illegitimacy. They contend that if a man is not satisfied with one partner of his joys and sorrows, it is better that he should marry another woman, than place her in the position of a mistress; that all the children should be upon the same footing and entitled to the same provision, than that one half of them should be outcast. We certainly do not mean to say that the good counterbalances the evil. But still it is by no means clear that polygamy is not compatible with as much respect for women as was felt for them by the heroes of the Iliad. Hector, the model husband, was not a Greek. But Agamemon, the King of men, seems to have been perfectly ready to give his wife a good excuse for infidelity all the time he was at Troy.

Mr. Tom Hohler, the new English tenor, from whom a splendid effect is looked for, will make his first appearance at Her Majesty's Theatre, London, on the 7th of April. It is not generally known that Mr. Hohler was employed for four years as a clerk in the Secretary's office of Inland Revenue. He then became private secretary to Lord Dudley, who sent him to Italy to complete his musical education.

THE FENIAN CONSPIRACY.

FOLLY OF AN INVASION OF CANADA.

The Chicago Republican, an influential western paper, has an excellent article on the Fenian conspiracy, which we quote as follows:—

"The period assigned for the great Fenian irruption into Canada has passed, and our friends across the border are still free from the invader. St Patrick's day, which was generally understood to have been fixed upon for a general uprising among the disaffected in the provinces, came and went much the same as it has for some hundreds of years. Under the advice of the clergy there was possibly a little less roystering and whisky drinking among the Irish-Canadians than usual, but in lieu of this there were very general and decided marks of loyalty and devotion to the constituted authorities. The Governor General's speech denunciatory of the Fenian movement was most enthusiastically cheered by ten thousands of Irishmen; and the address of Thomas D'Arcy McGee, counselling his countrymen to abstain from any act which could bring dishonor upon the Irish character, was received with prolonged acclamations. These facts, together with the alacrity with which the Canadians, no matter whether Catholic or Protestant, Irish or English, Scotch or French, have rallied at the call to arms, should warn the adherents of Fenianism, against rashly imperilling liberty and life by a mad attempt at invasion. It is clear that they can hope for no succor or assistance from the other side of the border. On the contrary, an attempt to set foot upon the soil of the provinces, for warlike purposes, will surely unite the whole people as one man for their destruction.

* * * There is no sort of excuse for an invasion of Canada. The pretext that it is to lead in some inexplicable way to the liberation of Ireland is sheer nonsense.—Why, then, shall we aid or countenance the violation of our laws and the spoliation of our peaceful neighbors by an armed mob of irresponsible enthusiasts? What harm has Canada done to Ireland? Does she not afford an asylum to hundreds of thousands who, driven from the Emerald Isle by famine, destitution, or dearth of employment, there find a home and prosperity such as they never knew before? Are not all her people governed alike be equal laws, and protected in their persons and their property as thoroughly as we ourselves are? Do they not behave towards us like good neighbors? Why then should the United States citizens—for we presume most of the Fenians claim to be such—make war upon a people who have never wronged them, and who are at this moment largely composed of their own countrymen, contented and happy in the enjoyment of advantages such as are denied them in their native land. We have by dearly bought experience, learned the blessings of peace. Let no rash hand then seek needlessly to draw the sword again. Not that we fear a rupture between this country and Great Britain, in case the Fenians should cross to Canada. But it is our duty to preserve peace; and we are glad to see that United States troops are being sent to the border, as a proper measure of precaution."

UNDERWOOD, THE FENIAN BARRISTER.

[Dublin (March 8th) Correspondence of the London Times.]

The first arrest of a member of the bar in connection with Fenianism was made yesterday evening. His house was surrounded by a large body of constabulary, all the approaches being carefully guarded. It was supposed by the people who crowded the street that Stephens was the object of the search, as one constable was seen on the roof to prevent exit in that direction. They remained in and about the house for nearly three hours. At length they arrested Mr. Underwood, who was sent by rail to the county jail at Omagh, with a strong escort, under the command of the county inspector, Mr. Barry. The prisoner was many years ago an active member of the Irish Tenant League, and at a public dinner in the town of Omagh he was called to order for the violence of his language against the Government, but he was warmly defended by Mr. Gavan Duffy, who was present. Mr. Underwood's enthusiastic Young Irelandism made him exceedingly popular with the tenant farmers of the northwest, and he offered himself several times as a candidate for Tyrone and Donegal. After the Tenant League was broken up, he became a member of "The Brotherhood of St. Patrick," which distinguished itself by the demonstrations in honor of the remains of McManus, and which seems to have merged into the Fenian Brotherhood. I have sometimes wondered that he escaped so long; for in the evidence at the close of the Fenian trials in Dublin (not published,) there was an entry of money sent to a person at Strathaee, bearing his initials, "T. N. U.," and it now appears that documents about pike drilling were found in his possession. As Mr. Underwood is the only barrister arrested, he is the only Protestant of any note among the prisoners. He belongs to a small but highly respectable and loyal body of dissenters—the Unitarians. He is descended from a "United Irishman," and was always regarded as a little eccentric.

BURYING ALIVE.

The French Senate has had under consideration a petition calling for further precautions against the possibility of people being buried alive on the supposition of their being dead. Cardinal Donnet, the Archbishop of Bordeaux, in a speech which made a great sensation, adduced many instances within his own authority who turned out to be alive. He remembered a case when he was a young priest of an old man who lived twelve hours after the legal warrant for his burial was issued. In another case at Bordeaux a young girl was certified to be dead. He (M. Donnet) providentially came to the house just as she was about to be screwed down. He conceived doubts about her dissolution, spoke to her in a loud voice, and had the happiness of hearing her answer. That woman, who belonged to one of the most respectable families at Bordeaux, was still alive, a wife and a mother. He would mention another case yet more striking. In 1826 a young priest preaching on a hot day in a crowded church suddenly fell down unconscious. He was taken home and laid out for dead. A medical certificate of his death was given, and preparations were made for his funeral. The bishop of the cathedral in which he had been preaching came to the foot of his bed and said a De Profundis. The measure of his coffin was taken, and he, alive all the time, heard the orders given for his burial, and was not able to protest against them. At length the voice of a friend of his boyhood produced a magical effect upon him, and he awoke. The priest, said Cardinal Donnet, is now, at the distance of forty years, alive; he is here among you a member of the Senate, and he now supplicates the Government to frame better regulations, so as to prevent terrible and irreparable misfortunes. Several other senators mentioned cases of suspended animation, and the Senate was so struck with the arguments brought forward, that in spite of a speech by President Royer, contending that the existing regulations were as perfect as could be, it overruled the report of the committee, and voted that the petition should be referred, as worthy of consideration, to the Minister of the Interior.

THE FINNIGANS THAT'S COMIN'.

Air—Limerick lace.

When one excitement dies,
There soon springs up another,
And the Fenians just now,
Are making quite a bother.
If you happen to walk out,
Some one in your ear is hummin',
And asking if you know,
When the Finnigans are comin'.

Chorus—Descriptive of low rumbling of shillelahs, with great dust in the distance—Mushy ding di ah, whack fol, &c.

As soon's they get the cash,
They mean to cross the lines, sirs,
But we do not doubt they'll find,
Things exactly to their minds, sirs,
When our 14th Volunteers,
And our Armstrong guns a hummin',
We'll send to Smithereens,
All the Finnigans that's comin'.

Chorus—Illustrative of Smithereens and Greek fire—ye gallant volunteers dance right merrily to Mushe ding di ah, whack fol, &c.

Great General Sweeney says
That he'll take us by surprise, sir,
And make all Canada
A base for his supplies, sir;
But if the varmints come,
We'll send them back a hummin',
And make 'head centres' of
All the Finnigans that's comin.'

Chorus—Descriptive of great foot-race—sudden disappearance of the rinderpest cutting off all retreat—General Sweeney curses the breed of Irish bulls—Mushy ding di ah, whack fol, &c.

If they dare invade our soil,
Or try to work us harm, sir,
We'll let them feel the might
Of "Britain's brawny arm," sir:
On every hill and dale
They will meet with gallant foemen,
Who'll defend their hearths and homes
From the Finnigans that's comin'.

Sledge-hammer Chorus, illustrative of the brawny arm grinding up the residum of the Finnigan army into super-phosphate for agricultural purposes—Mushy ding di ah, whack fol, &c.

Remember Queenstown Heights,
That place renowned in story,
Where the gallant General Brook
Led our fathers on to glory;
Remember how our sires
Sent the Yankee soldiers hummin',
And their sons will do the same
With the Finnigans that's comin'.

Low rumbling and sepulchral refrain. The Finnigans disappear earthward in a cloud of sulphuric smoke while ye gallant Volunteers push the whole in after them—Mushy ding di ah, whack fol, &c.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EASTER MEAT.—The display of Easter Meat in the Shambles this afternoon and evening promises to be good. Easter comes so early this year that Veal and Lamb cannot be so large or so good as in ordinary seasons, but Beef, Mutton and Pork will need no excuse. Kingston has ever been famous for its Easter Meat, and this year of Our Lord will form no exception to this rule.

MUSTER PARADE.—The Volunteers under arms in Kingston, parade to-morrow afternoon at the Drill Shed and will be mustered out of active service, in accordance with instructions from Ottawa. They will be paid up to that day inclusive.

GOOD FRIDAY.—Although it is Good Friday and a public holiday, yet the Judge of Assize, anxious to finish the business of the Court and allow the Jurors to go home, has determined to sit to-day. And very properly too.

ECLIPSE OF THE MOON.—There will be a total eclipse of the moon to-night, visible throughout Canada and the United States. It begins at 9h. 20m.; reaches its total at 10h. 12m.; begins to disappear at 11h. 51m.; and ends altogether at 1h. 17m. next morning. Look out for the eclipse.

LAUREATION OF STUDENTS IN QUEEN'S COLLEGE.

Yesterday was the great day of granting degrees to the Medical Students, who had passed their Examinations. The following is the Official List:—

Graduates in Medicine, Session 1865-'66.

Alfred Armstrong, Kingston.
Wm. Beattie, do.
Henry M. Jones, Belleville.
Peter E. Jones, (Kahkowaquonaby) Brantford.
R. Darragh, Glenburnie.
Charles Lake, Murvale.
John Newton, Portsmouth.
R. B. Price, Bath.
James Sommerville, B.A., Kingston.

Also, John Bell, B.A., who passed his examination last year, but who had not then attained the required age.

The following Students passed the Primary Examinations for the Degree of M.D.:—

Albert Armstrong, Smith's Falls.
J. J. Dugdale, Kingston.
Geo. Howell, Bothwell.
J. C. Mooro, South Finch.
David Monro, Lanark.
James Rae Paterson, North Bruce.
Lawrence Saunders, Kingston.
Allan H. Walker, Barrie.

LATE FROM OTTAWA.

ALMOST A RAILROAD DISASTER.

Ottawa, March 28.

The train from Prescott had a narrow escape this morning from being precipitated on the Rideau Bridge. When but a short distance from it, one of the wheels of a freight car gave way; but the train was stopped before any of the other cars got off the track.

Joseph Boileau, a private in No. 1, Ottawa Rifles, was, this morning, brought before the Police Magistrate, charged with breaking windows, and otherwise conducting himself in a disorderly manner. In his defence, he stated that he was billeted at the house of broken windows, and was assaulted. He was also charged with having stolen a turkey in January last; but the turkey charge was not proved. The breaking of windows was proved, and the prisoner was fined $5 and costs, or two weeks in gaol.

The young man, McKinnon, arrested here on Saturday last for forgery alleged to have been committed in Quebec about a year ago, was sent yesterday to that city for trial.

Madame Lochepaile, aged nineteen, wife of Monsieur, aged seventy, residing in the township of Aylmer, cut her throat with a razor, on the 20th inst., inflicting a gushly wound. Prompt medical aid arrested hemorrhage and closed the wound. Monsieur Lochepaile has two sons married to two of his wife's sisters. Domestic difficulties and jealousy, on the part of the husband, are said to be the cause of the rash act.

Sixty dollars in a wallet, laid on a bench in a cellar where a Mr. Rabby had two young men were weighing iron, mysteriously disappeared yesterday. The police were called in to make a search for the money, but neither on the persons of the youths, nor anywhere else could it be found. There had been no other persons in the cellar except the three themselves.

LATE FROM MONTREAL.

AID TO VOLUNTEERS.

THE DANGER CONSIDERED OVER.

RIVER BELOW QUEBEC OPEN.

Montreal, March 28.

The committee of the Volunteer Fund has given $3,000 towards clothing for those on the frontier, and fifty cents a day to the families dependant on them.

The Hon. James Ferrier has been elected President of the Drill Association, in place of B. Chamberlin, who has retired.

People here feel as if the danger was over. It is said that the volunteers in this city are to be paid off at once. Excitement is at an end.

It is supposed that the party who was shot on Saturday last was shot by his own revolver going off.

Thaw to-day; but winter is holding on much longer than usual.

The river below Quebec is said to be open enough for vessels-of-war to come up if necessary.

DEATH OF SENATOR FOOTE.

The telegraph announces the death at Washington of the Hon. Solomon Foote, U. S. Senator from Vermont.

BEAMSVILLE.

March 28.

The two companies from Grimsby were sent back to Grimsby last night and dismissed; and the two companies from here are still on duty under command of Captain Kenkle.

Clifton, March 28.

We have just given an enthusiastic welcome home to our Clifton volunteers. The Home Guard and citizens turned out en masse to receive the Clifton volunteers, for whom a lunch was prepared at Mr. Bampfield's. Addresses were delivered by the Mayor, Capt. Vener, Mr. Orchard, and Mr. Benson, of St. Catharines. Cheers given for the Queen, Governor General, Mayor, &c. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

New York, March 29th.—The steamships City of Baltimore and Fulton, from Liverpool, have arrived. News anticipated.

New York, March 29.—The Tribune's Washington telegram says:—During the last year of the war the post-office earned a net profit of over $860,000 from mail service in the loyal States. The first three months that mail service was resumed at the South there was a loss in the whole country of over $20,000. As the mail routes are being extended over the south the deficiency rapidly increases.

In reply to a letter of the Collector of New York asking whether he should should admit a cargo of South American hides just arrived at this port, the Secretary of the Treasury has given permission for their entry if, after a careful inspection, it is ascertained that they do not come from a region infected with the cattle plague.

The Herald's Toronto telegram says:—Orders have been issued to muster out the surplus Volunteers over 10,000, which number will be kept as a standing army of observation on the frontier.

The Herald's Cincinnati special says a negro in Paris, Ky., who had outraged a white child, ten years old, was this evening taken by the citizens from the jail and hung. His body is still suspended.

The gentlemen who furnished securities for the late Preston King have united in a request to the Secretary of the Treasury to be released from their bonds. The friends of the Acting Collector of the port of New York are urging upon the department the justice and propriety of paying that official the monies which would accrue to him were he full Collector. During the interregnum the fees go to the legal representatives of the late Collector, while Mr. Cinch performs all the duties of Collector on the salary of a Deputy. The stir in these matters may tend to hasten the appointment of a Collector for New York.

New York, March 29.—The World's telegram says the Senate Finance Committee have reached no conclusion in regard to the loan bill. Senator Sherman is in favor of amending it, so as to limit the amount of greenbacks and gold required to be kept in the Treasury. It will not be acted upon definitely before next week.

Castine, Me., March 29.—The steamer M Johnson, Captain Thomas Fuller, of and from Deer Isle, bound to Castine, yesterday when about one mile southwest of Mobrook's Island, was found to be on fire and beached upon the Island, when the boat was wholly destroyed. The passengers and crew were saved. The vessel is said to be insured for $2,000.

Philadelphia, March 29.—There is a flutter amongst the oil companies caused by the failure of several banks at Titusville, Oil City and Frankyn, where many Philadelphia companies have their bonds deposited.

Portland, March 29.—The steamer Moravian, Capt. Aston, from Liverpool on the 5th, via Londonderry on the 17th inst., arrived here 4.45 o'clock this morning, bringing 250 passengers. She was detained until Saturday at Londonderry for Government despatches.

Philadelphia, March 26.—Christian Berger the murderer of Miss Anna Watts, who was to be executed on the 27th of April, was found dead in his cell this morning. His death is ascribed to apoplexy.

New York, March 29.—Olean House, barns and livery stables of John King, were destroyed by fire this morning. The barns contained 14 horses, 11 of which belonged to the guests of the house and three of the proprietors. They were also filled with hay and grain, loaded waggons, and carriages. The loss to Jennings Brothers, proprietors of the Olean House, is not less than $3,000; no insurance. A pedlar's waggon just loaded at Cuba with Yankee notions, medicine, &c., belonging to Messrs. Crosby & Co., of Cuba, valued with its contents at $3,500, was burned, together with a very valuable team worth at least $600; no insurance.

WISCONSIN NEGROES AND THE SUFFRAGE.

Madison, Wis., March 28.

The Superior Court of Wisconsin, to-day, decided that the vote of 1849, giving the negroes of this State the right of suffrage, is constitutional, and they have the right to vote.

SENATOR FOOTE'S LAST ACT.

Washington, March 28.

It is related that before taking leave this morning of all in the room, including his wife, brother and nephew, and Dr. Baxter of Vermont—Mr. Foote expressed a desire to take a last look at the capitol, and requested to be raised in his bed that he might do so. His wishes were at once complied with. Just as they had raised him so that his eyes rested on the building, he expired. His remains will be taken to the Senate Chamber to-morrow, and the funeral services held at one o'clock, p.m. Both Houses of Congress will adjourn to attend the funeral. The friends of the deceased will leave the city for Vermont with the body to-morrow afternoon. Eulogies will be pronounced in both Houses of Congress at a future day.

'TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.'

New York, March 28.—An opportunity is now offered to the friends of Capt. C. F. Hall, who may wish to communicate with him, to do so. A vessel will sail for Repulse Bay about the middle of April, the captain of which will gladly take out all parcels, letters, &c., entrusted to him. Persons wishing to avail themselves of this opportunity, may send their letters and packages to S.S. Osborn, 132 Nassau street, room 23, any time before April 10th, and he will see that they are forwarded.

DIED.

In Ottawa, William Lindsay, aged 28 years.

In Montreal, on the 27th inst., Patrick Corcoran, aged 30 years.

In Montreal, on the 27th inst., Catherine, daughter of Mr. Nicholas Kinsella, aged 10 months.

In the township of Adjala, on the 20th instant, the Rev. J. F. Synnott, aged 39 years.

New Books, New Books.

LIVINGSTONE'S Expedition to the Zambesi. Illustrated.
A Noble Life, by the author of 'John Halifax.'
Agnes, a new novel, by Mrs. Oliphant.
Maxwell Drewitt, by F. G. Trafford.
The Story of the Kirk, by Robt. Nasmith.
Tales from Blackwood, Nos. 8, 9, and 10.
Woods' Demosthenes.
Harper for April.
Godey " do.
Queen's Regulations.
D'Aguilar on Courts' Martial.
For Sale at the City Book Store, King street.
JOHN CREIGHTON.
Kingston, March 29th, 1866. 76

JUST RECEIVED FROM PORTLAND,
1 BARREL LIVE LOBSTERS,
1 box COD FISH,
1 box HADDOCK, at
S. H. BLONDHEIM'S,
Brock Street.
Kingston, March 29th, 1866. 67

Royal Canadian Bank.

AT A MEETING of the Board of Directors held this day, a further
CALL OF TEN PER CENT.
on the subscribed stock in this institution, was made, payable at the Bank or its Agencies on the 16th day of April next.
Stockholders will please pay up promptly.
By order,
T. WOODSIDE,
Cashier.
Toronto, March 14, 1866. 76

FOR SALE,
THE FOLLOWING
WOOD MACHINERY
OF
FAY & CO.'S MANUFACTURE,
In first-rate working order:—
Daniel Planer, Swing and Cut-off Saws, Side Planer, Boring and Tenooning Machines, Double Scroll, Morticing and Moulding Machines, Saws, Lathes, Shafting and Belting; also, an assortment of Building Plant.
For terms, apply to
JONES, HAYCOCK & CLARKE,
Contractors, Ottawa.
March 29th, 1866. 76

Montreal Ocean Steamship Compy.

LOST, from on board the S.S. 'Moravian,' in October last, ONE CASE ELECTRO-PLATE WARE, marked [A. & Co.] § 390. M.
Any information concerning its whereabouts will be gladly received by
H. & A. ALLAN.
Montreal, March 28. 78

AUCTION SALE
OF
LANDS.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Property will be Sold at
PUBLIC AUCTION,
By Jas. Linton at his Sale Rooms
IN THE
City of Kingston,
On Saturday, the 7th day of April, 1866, at Noon.
Under power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage from
PATRICK NOWLAN,
TO THE
Kingston Permanent Building Society.
To satisfy the amount due to the said Society, viz:—
The North half of Lot No. 19 in the first concession of the Township of Loughborough now Storrington, containing by admeasurement one hundred Acres, more or less.
The above is a valuable Farm, with dwelling, Frame Barns, Out-Buildings, &c., &c. There is also a fine Orchard on the place, in which there is a choice collection of grafted fruit trees.
Terms made known at Sale.
DANIEL CALLAGHAN,
Secretary & Treasurer.
K. P. B. Society.
Kingston, March 26th, 1866. 74

POST OFFICE NOTICE

ON FRIDAY NEXT (Good Friday) this Office will only be open from 7 A.M. until 10 A.M.
THE DAY MAILS GOING EAST AND WEST will close at 10 A.M.
THE BRITISH and all other Mails for the day will close at 9 A.M.
☞ The usual NIGHT MAILS GOING EAST AND WEST will close at 9 P.M.
R. DEACON,
Postmaster.
Post Office, Kingston, 27th March, 1866. 3in74

STOCKS FOR SALE.

$800 OF STORRINGTON ROAD Stock.
ALSO,
$100 of Kingston Water Works Stock for sale.
Apply to
JOHN CREIGHTON,
City Book Store.
Kingston, 12th March, 1866. 62

Wanted,

A SITUATION, or Employment as a Gardener, by a person who fully understands the business, and is moreover accustomed to the raising of Green House Plants and the management of Fruit Trees. Satisfactory references can be given. Any application addressed 'R.,' at this office, will meet with attention.
Kingston, March 13th, 1866. 4inw63&11

To Let on the 1st of May,

FIRST CLASS HOUSES in Wellington and Crimean Terraces. Also, improved Farm, 3 miles from the city. Possession immediately.
THOMAS A. CORBETT,
Kingston, March 14th, 1866. 11&63.

TO LET.

A FIRST CLASS SHOP in Wellington Buildings, lately occupied by J. W. Carman, one of the best stands in Kingston.
Apply to
T. WILSON,
Agent.
Kingston, 26th March, 1866. 2i & 72

EX "ST. DAVID."
NEW DRESS GOODS.

NEW SHAWLS, NEW PARASOLS, NEW STAYS, NEW LINEN SETS,
NEW LACE CURTAINS, NEW SWISS CURTAINS, NEW LACE VEILS, NEW PRINTED MUSLINS,
AT
William Ferguson & Co's,
CORNER OF KING AND PRINCESS STREETS.
Kingston, March 27th, 1866. 75

GRAND ORATORIO
AT
ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL
ON
WEDNESDAY EVENING,
4th April Next, at 7:30 O'clock.
UNDER the direction of Professor Fleck, assisted by Professor Green, and a
FULL ORCHESTRA,
IN AID OF THE FUNDS OF THE CATHEDRAL.
The Selections are from the Music of MOZART, ROSSINI, BELLINI, SCHUBERT, NEUKOMM, &c., &c.
The Choir of St. Mary's Cathedral have spared neither trouble or expense in their endeavors to make this Oratorio the most successful ever given in this city.
Tickets 50 cents; Children half price. To be had at the City Book Store, and at the Music Stores of Messrs. Burrowes and Black, and at the Cathedral door.
Kingston, 24th March, 1866. 74

BILLIARDS.

THE Subscriber having re-opened his Billiard Room, under his own superintendence, hopes to see his friends, and to merit a share of patronage from the Billiard Public generally.
ALEXR. PHILLIPS.
Kingston, March 28th, 1866. 1w

BEST PENNSYLVANIA
ROCK OIL!
Only 50 Cents per Gallon.
R. WHITE, Druggist,
42 Princess Street.
Kingston, March 28th, 1866. 74

MORE LIGHT

GENUINE PENNSYLVANIA COAL OIL (not the bogus article) at 60 CENTS PER GALLON at
R. M. HORSEY'S,
Princess Street.
Kingston, March 26th, 1866. 72

Just Received Per Express:

Carthagenia Cocoa Nuts,
Messina Oranges,
And Lemons,
At R. TOWN'S.
Kingston, March 22nd, 1866. 7

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE!

THE Undersigned has been instructed to offer for sale, the
BRICK HOUSE
and Premises on Ontario Street, in the City of Kingston, known as
'The Hall Property,'
and at present
Occupied by Mr. Owen McGinnis.
This property is advantageously situated close to the Railway Depot and the principal wharves. It is one of the best stands in the city for an Hotel or Grocery Store, and will be sold on reasonable terms.—Title perfect, and possession (if required) on the First of May Next.
Apply to
D. MACAROW,
Barrister, &c.,
Clarence Street.
Kingston, 19th March, 1866. 67

CITY OF KINGSTON.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Public
FREE MARKET,
OR
FAIR,
WILL BE HELD ON
THURSDAY, the 5th April Proximo,
In the Market Place, in the City of Kingston, for buying and selling Horses, Cattle, and other Live Stock, and all kinds of
FRUIT, GRAIN, MEAL, FLOUR,
And other Agricultural Products, (Hay and Straw excepted) and also all articles of Home Manufacture.
No Fee or Toll will be charged or demanded for exhibiting, buying or selling the same.
By Order of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Kingston.
M. FLANAGAN,
City Clerk.
City Clerk's Office, City Hall, Kingston, March 27th, 1866. 3ins 73

Insolvent Act of 1864.

ALEXANDER ROSS—Plaintiff,
vs.
JULIA KEELEY, Executrix of the last Will and Testament of William Keeley, late of the City of Kingston, Merchant Tailor, deceased—Defendant.
A Writ of Attachment has been issued in this cause.
THOMAS A. CORBETT,
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