WISTAR'S BALSAM IN VERMONT.

Tunbridge, Orange Co., Vt., Nov. 25.

Mr Seth W. Fowle,—Dear Sir:—One year ago last June, I was violently attacked with a cold and a cough, with a lame side and stomach, and was not free from a cough during that summer. In December following, my cough increased to an alarming extent, so that during that winter I lost about thirty five pounds of flesh, and physicians, with whom I advised could give me no relief. I heard of the beneficial effects of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, by way of a friend, who had received the greatest benefit by the use of the article, and was inclined to make a trial of it myself. I had not taken up one bottle before I was completely cured, and from that day to this, have not been troubled with a cough. I can cheerfully recommend it to all, as being a remedy of great value.

FREEMAN NOYES.

None genuine unless signed I Buts on the wrapper. 104

HAHNEMANN RECONVERTED TO COMMON SENSE. At a meeting of "spiritualists," an invalid was brought forward dreadfully afflicted with ulcerous scrofula that all the doctors had failed to cure. It was proposed to appeal to the spirit land for advice, and a Homeopathic physician present interrogated the departed spirit of Hahnemann as to what remedy should be taken. Loud and distinct raps, audible to the whole audience, told off *Aycr's Cathartic Pills. Hom.* [N. Y. Whig.] 68

Are you getting Bald? Is your hair turning grey? Do you wish to cultivate good whiskers and moustaches? Your hair to be soft, silky, and glossy? Your head to be cool comfortable, and free from dandruff? Mothers! are your children to have luxuriant heads of hair? Then use Bogle's Hyperion Fluid, which never fails in its unerring effects. Prices 25 cents, 50 cents, 75 cents and $1 50 per bottle. Bogle's Balm of Cytheria stands unrivalled for eradicating tan and pimples and beautifying the complexion. Price 50 cents. Inventor and proprietor, W. Bogle, Boston, and sold by druggists everywhere. 23

TO ADVERTISERS.

In consequence of the great increase in the value of everything connected with the publication of Daily Newspaper, the Publisher of the Daily British Whig has deemed it necessary to make a proportionate increase in the rate of Advertising. This increase will not apply to Advertisements now in the paper; to those Advertisers who have Contracts; or to those Advertisers who make Pre-payments, during the remainder of the present year.

Kingston, June 15th, 1857.

The Daily British Whig.

"Order per Orbem Place."

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 8, 1857.

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

On Monday this City Court was convened, the Mayor acting as Recorder, but in consequence of the Quarter Sessions falling on the next day, the Court was adjourned until Monday next.

THE QUARTER SESSIONS.

Yesterday there was an unusual attendance of the County Magistrates present, in order to decide upon a local matter. At the April Sessions it had been proposed to remove the sittings of the Kingston Division Court from Bath to Odessa. This matter was postponed until the July Sessions, hence the gathering. After due debate, the proposal to remove the Court was negatived—Ayes 9; Nays, 64—Majority 55.

By a vote without opposition, the Jailer's Salary was raised from £175 to £225 per annum, he paying his turnkey.

The business before the Courts (including the County Court,) is not great. One case on the Calendar, together with some appeals; and about a dozen cases on the docket.

On the opening of the Court, Judge McKenzie delivered a luminous charge, for which we will find room to-morrow.

THE BEST JOKE OF THE SEASON.—Much wonderment was excited a few weeks ago by the gazetting of a batch of some dozen or fourteen Coroners for the single County of Renfrew. The appointment of such an extraordinary number of Coroners for a county not specially notorious for the multiplicity of violent deaths within its bounds, appeared altogether inexplicable; but the Bathurst Courier has ferreted out the true explanation, and it is certainly a very curious one. Says our contemporary:—"In our last we noticed the appointment of a host of Coroners for the County of Renfrew, who should have been Magistrates, and who, as we since learn, were in reality appointed Magistrates. In the Commission appointing them, they were denominated Magistrates; but in the letter written by the Provincial Secretary, Timothy Terrill, to the Clerk of the Peace enclosing the Commission, they were denominated Coroners, and published as such. It was a most ridiculous blunder, but we suppose it must be excused seeing it's Tim that did it."

It is to be regretted, says the London Prototype, that the works at the Port Stanley harbor have been discontinued. Obstacles still exist at the Port which are calculated to prevent ships of any kind from visiting it late in the fall or early in the spring of the year. Thus the traffic which ought to fall to the Port Stanley and Grand Trunk Railways will find its way elsewhere. It should be remembered, too, that our local railroad was constructed with the expectation and assurance that the harbor would be finished, and ample protection afforded in it for vessels likly to seek the Port.

M. Morat recently made a balloon ascension from Montreal. The editor of the Patrie accompanied him in his sky-ward journey, and has written a narrative of it. They rose to a height of 10,000 feet, and had a splendid birds-eye view of Montreal and the surrounding district. The balloon reached the ground again in safety at St. Valentine, south of Montreal.

DEATH OF HON. W. L. MARCY.

Ballston, July 4, 1857.

The Hon. William L. Marcy was found in his room to-day, at noon, quite dead.—He appeared to be in his usual good health this morning. We have not heard any cause assigned for his death.

Albany, July 5, 1857.

Governor Marcy's funeral will, it is expected, take place here on Wednesday, on which occasion there will be a grand military display. His remains will be brought down from Ballston to-morrow in charge of John N. Wilder, Esq., and Mr. Delavan.

The Paris Debats contains an article on the approaching marriage of the Princess Royal of England. The writer says:—"The union of Prussia, Russia and England, is certainly one of the most ardent wishes of the King of Prussia, and a powerful and numerous party exists in St. Petersburg ready to second the efforts of the King and incline the Emperor Alexander towards that alliance. Still the results anticipated by Lord Palmerston may be illusory, for political marriages do not always respond to the hopes of those who negociate them.

A NEW GOLD FIELD ON BRITISH TERRITORY.

CALIFORNIA AND AUSTRALIA OUTDONE.

[From the Bay of Spain [Trinidad] Gazette.]

Considerable excitement has been caused here by the arrival of a vessel from the Spanish Main, bringing letters and also a copy of the Guayana Gazette, containing extraordinary reports of the discovery of a new gold-field about ninety miles from Upata, where it will be recollected about three or four years ago, a large quantity of gold was taken from the river. We have been favored with a sight of several of letters stating that nearly all the clerks and labourers are leaving Ciudad Bolivia (Angostura) for the new mines, which are at a place called Tupugun, and we understand formerly belonging to the late Colonel Hamilton; that they are leaving in parties of thirty and forty a day. Dr. Pissart, with a detachment of soldiers, has been sent by the Government to the gold fields to keep order. The river steamers have been obliged to cease working in consequence of all their hands having started for the gold fields. The average find is two ounces per day for each man; but there have been instances where much larger quantities have been taken. A Mr. Gruber, who left here some two years ago, obtained twenty-four ounces in between seven and eight hours; and two men who were working at the same time obtained forty-four ounces.

This gold field is said to be within the British territory of Guiana, according to the line run some years since by Sir Robert Schomburgk, by order of the British Government. Letters in town state that Mr. Matheson hec Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul at Ciudad Bolivar, has left that place and proceeded to the gold field.—The gold lies at a depth of between five and six feet from the surface. Large orders have been received here for pickaxes shovels, and other implements for digging.

We see by the Demerara Colonist of the 22nd April, that a French schooner had arrived from Cay one, for the purpose of obtaining one hundred laborers to take to the colony, where gold has also been found in considerable quantities. At that date the Demarara papers had not heard of the discovery of gold on this side of their territory. As the people can travel there by land, we fear it will have a bad effect upon their laboring population. We give below the translation from the Guayana Gazette:—

MINES OF NEW PROVIDENCE.

REPUBLIC OF VENEZUELA—JEFETURA POLITICAL DEL CANTON.

To His Excellency the Governor, First Political Chief of the Province.

UPATA, April 19, 1857.

SIR,—The Juiz de Paz, under a communication dated the 16th of the present month, wrote me the following:—

"St. Jete Politico del Canton Upata.

Under date of the 15th March last I informed you of the new discovery of gold made at the Baretal, or Nueva Providencia, as it is now called. This department was not then in a position to give any very correct account of the particulars, as it then had no trustworthy data at hand.

I am now enabled to inform you that the amount of gold extracted from the soil is (e-canduloso) beyond belief. There are many spots immensely rich in ore, and to give you an idea, I will give you the most extraordinary instance we have heard of. Two men, Pedro Juan Garcia and Bentura Mena, both searchers after gold on the spot alluded to, yesterday obtained thirty-four ounces of gold. The gold thus found was in large nuggets. To-day a nugget was found weighing four and a half ounces.—All the diggers are successful, finding from two to four ounces per day. I have mentioned the above instances as having been the most remarkable. The gold has been found at the depth of five and a half feet from the surface, more or less. I must now inform you that some proper authority is required at the diggings to keep the people there in order. There are always upwards of one hundred men assembled there, and there have been many disturbances already, and others may take place which may lead to fatal consequences unless an immediate check be put on their disorderly proceedings.

ANDRES HERNANDEZ"

DREADFUL ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon an accident of a most deplorable character occurred in Waterloo village, which created the most painful and intense excitement. At the conclusion of the election of councillors the artillery company and band turned out to celebrate the event. The cannon, which is of considerable dimensions, was placed in front of the engine house, on a back street and in rear of Mr. Schmitt's Hotel. A number of rounds had been fired with great rapidity, and two young men named Andrew Saunders and Robert Lade were in the act of ramming in a charge, where, from some cause yet to be explained, the cannon went off! Both of the parties named had hold of the ramrod at the time of the explosion, and the consequences may well be imagined.—The ramrod, of course, passed through their hands, shattering Saunders' and portions of his arms, in a fearful way, at the same time lodging a splinter in his chest. His shirt was almost torn from his body, and his chest, face and eyes were very severely burned. Lade got off easier, though he was also badly contused and burned. But the worst part of this melancholy casualty remains to be told. The ramrod, after leaving the hands of these unfortunate men, flew down the street, and struck a man named Muchleisen, who was standing at least a hundred yards from the cannon, cutting his throat from ear to ear, and tearing out the very neck bone! The poor fellow fell to the earth and expired instantaneously. The ramrod was afterwards found broken on the opposite side of the street. Muchleisen, poor fellow, had only arrived on the spot a few minutes before, from Berlin, where he resided. The body was removed to Schmitt's Hotel.—Saunders and Lade also found their way there—the former walking along with assistance, although so fearfully injured.—Dr. Bowlby, of Berlin, was immediately sent for, and was very soon at work doing his best for the living sufferers. We understand that he had to remove two fingers and a portion of one of Saunders' hands, and also remove several of the shattered bones of the fingers, and wrists. In fact, the poor fellow is in a most critical state, and will be blind and maimed for life. He is a most respectable and hard working mechanic, and has a wife and young family. Lade is not seriously injured, we believe, though he will be a patient for weeks. Muchleisen leaves behind him a wife and child, and an aged father, all dependant upon him for support. He was a respectable industrious man.—Berlin Chronicle July 1st.

THE DISCOVERER OF GUTTA PERCHA.—The discoverer of this inspissated sap of an Indian tree—now so extensively used in the arts and sciences—was Dr. Wm. Montgomerie of the Indian Medical service, and this only in the year 1846, although many of the countries producing the article have been in European occupation for above 300 years. The modesty which the discovery was made is worth mentioning. Dr. M. observing certain Maylay knife and kris handles, inquired the nature of the material from which they were made, and from the crude native manufacture inferred at once the extensive uses to which the gutta percha might be put in the arts of Europe. He purchased a quantity of the raw material, sending one Singapore, part of it to Boston, and part to Europe, suggesting some of the uses to which he fancied it might be applied. The quantity sent to England is cured to him at once as the discoverer, the gold medal of the Society of Arts, his sole reward, until the President of the India Board, on no other grounds whatever than this discovery, liberally bestowed his patronage on Dr. Mo son.

ALLEGED IMPOSITION.

(To the Editor of the Ob.)

Sir,—Of all the humbugs in this humbugging day of ours is the bogus advertisement in your and other papers of "A Retired Physician, whose sands of life have nearly run out," proposing, for a small fee, to give an infallible remedy for consumption, &c. I send him a fee about two months ago, but have not since had a prescription or the money returned. I observe by the paper from New York that he is a regular impostor.

I send you this to prevent others being imposed upon.

Yours, &c., M.

Toronto, July 4, 1857.

The Directors of the Great Western Railroad have resolved to erect on their wharf at Hamilton, a Grain Elevator of such dimensions as will facilitate the loading and unloading of Grain at that port. It will probably be completed during next summer.

EASTERN ENTRANCE TO THE HARBOR OF TORONTO.—On Friday afternoon the Harbor Commissioners, with some gentlemen interested in the Lake Navigation, started in Capt. Moody's tug to examine the feasibility of an eastern entrance. After proceeding from Gooderham's Mills across to the mouth of the Don, the tug, after crossing the bar, where about 6½ feet was sounded, found there was on the Gutter-Bar, about 300 feet feet from the mouth of the Don, only 4½ or 5 feet of water, and consequently could proceed no farther. The Commissioners then took the boat belonging to the Harbor, and rowed through the large pond to Ashbridge's Bay, and thence to the Bar formed at the outside of Ashbridges Bay, connecting with the Lake. On this Bar, 3 feet of water on hard bottom was found, running out easterly; at 300 feet, 10 to 12 feet water was sounded; beyond that, it deepened rapidly into the Lake. Through the large pond, from 5 to 6½ feet was found; and in Ashbridge's Bay from 12 to 14 feet in general. It was the opinion of nearly all that a channel cut, commencing inside the Bay, and running about 50 feet south of Gooderham's Mills, through the large pond and Ashbridge's Bay, keeping to the north side, and terminating at the end of the bar, close to the main land, was the most feasible as then viewed. By the channel a tow path might be constructed nearly all the way on mainland. After spending about 4 hours about the Bay and Pond, the party returned to Gooderham's wharf, about 7 o'clock. In connection with the above soundings, it should be remembered that the water in the Bay is 38 inches higher than at any time during the last five years.

Atrocious Attempt to Murder.—Parricide.

From the Saugeen Pioneer, July 2.

This neighborhood has been the scene of another murderous outrage, which equals in horror the one which took place in Arran only a few weeks ago.

The victim is a farmer named John Landy, he resides on the line between the townships of Brant Elderslie, and has a family of four children; he has been a widower for several years, and was recently married again, since which, (the father says) his two eldest sons, Peter and Thomas, the former about 17, and the latter about 15 years of age, have exhibited a bad feeling towards him.

The father's statement of the case is as follows:

On Wednesday the 24th ult, the father and the sons were logging; when the eldest son refused to obey his orders, he struck him several times, and the son left and went to Walkerton.

On Friday morning, his second son, (Thomas) went out to look for the 'cattle,' and in about half an hour returned and desired his father to get up, as one of the cattle had got hurt. He got up and proceeded with him to the woods towards the place where he said the ox was; when they came into the woods the son halted, apparently for the purpose of ascertaining the way to go, the father asked him if he was sure he knew the direction where the ox was, he pointed the way, the father turned to proceed in the direction, when his son lifted a gun which he had concealed in the woods and fired at his father; the shot did not take effect, but passed so near as to knock off his cap; the eldest son then rose from his hiding place where he had secreted himself, and with a newly cut club in his hands, went towards his father. When he saw that the shot had not taken effect he turned and lifted a gun and fired, the father fell; the shot having taken effect principally in the left groin, then they dragged their father a short distance, and took a rope which had been used to secure the ox to prevent it going with other cattle, and tied him to a tree, the second son then placed the gun to his father's ear, and commanded him to tell where the money was, threatening to blow out his brains if he did not tell; he then told them where the money was, threatening to blow out his brains if he did not tell; he then told them where the money was. They desired him to mind and tell them the truth, or they would kill their step mother if they did not get it. He told them they could get it without asking her for it, and he told them where they would find it. They went to the house and demanded the money, which was given to them. The amount was something over $300.

It is reported that the father and sons had a dispute about their claim to some land, and that this was the cause of this most disastrous event, but we do not know how far it is true. The two sons have made their escape and have not been heard of since the morning of the occurrence; they are said to be short in stature, with stout frame of body.

THE GREAT WEST, AND ITS SETTLEMENT.

We are forced to draw attention, from day to day, to the settlement of the great West by the Americans. No sooner is one territory organized, than another is taken possession of, and either "squatter sovereignty" is established in it, or a regular territorial Government is organized. Minnesota, a few years ago, was looked upon as a vast waste, with here and there a pioneer of civilization, and with corn fields somewhat like Angelica cemetery for between. It is now a regular State of the Union, with capital, electoral districts, sheriffs and constables in abundance, and status emancipated for home consumption by home-made legislators. And no sooner is this immense tract added to the organized States, than another large slice of the western continent takes its place as a territory. This last is called Dacotah, and recent advices from Minnesota inform us that it has already civilized settlements planted in it. By the act passed by Congress to enable Minnesota to organize as a State, the western boundary was made to run along the Red River of the North, from the point where it crosses the British boundary to its source in Lake Traverse, and thence, through that sheet of water and Big Stone Lake to the southern end of the latter, where the boundary strikes off due south to Iowa. This leaves the county of Pembina west of Red River, and in it are located all the settlers of the Red River colony and the town of Pembina. There may be other settlements also in it, for it appears the country has elected six delegates to the constitutional convention, which would appear to be tolerably populous somewhere. In view of the fact that these people are located beyond the jurisdiction fixed by Congress for the future State of Minnesota, it is proposed to exclude their delegates from the convention, on the ground that they belong to the Territory of Dacotah, for the organization of which the Minnesota bill provides. In all likelihood this will be done, and thus there will be an immediate necessity for appointing some sort of government for them. Every thing seems to conspire to stimulate progress in the remote West.

We understand that at the meeting of the Grand Trunk Board yesterday, authority was given to the contractors to go on with the works from St. Marys to Sarnia; it having been previously determined to proceed without delay with the works from St. Marys to London. The President of the Company, the Hon. J. Ross, has, we understand, left for England.

New York, July 6th.

Terrible Riots.—Loss of Life—The Military Called Out.

The city was a scene of several riots on Saturday, the 4th inst. In one of these affairs 7 men were killed, and thirty-nine were wounded some of whom will also, probably die with the injuries. These disturbances occurred in the 6th, 7th, and 13th Wards, but chiefly in the 6th, where they were renewed last night, and then resulted in the injury of twelve or thirteen more, who were so badly wounded that it was deemed necessary to take them to the city hospital. The police being insufficient, three regiments of uniformed militia were ordered out.

"Lord Napier has communicated to Secretary Cass a disavowal of the cession to England of the Islands in Panama Bay. He also denies the allegation that the Chiriqui Islands were conveyed to British subjects, or have been placed under a British and French protectorate. He furthermore disclaims generally the policy of territorial acquisition in or near this Continent, but admits that her Britannic Majesty's Government will oppose the monopoly by any power of the rights and privileges, commercial or of other description, rightfully appertaining to the general use of the world."

In consequence of the decision of the Court of Appeal at Albany, against Mayor Wood's Municipal Police Force, he has disbanded the force, and the "Metropolitan" force is now legally recognized, but quite inadequate we are told, to perform the duty. The Mayor has it in contemplation to appoint day and night watchmen.

ARRIVALS AT THE BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL.

July 6th.

Rev. G. S. Lauder, Napanee, Rev. Dr. Lauder, Napanee; Mr. Mrs. and Miss J. McCindy, Miss C. Rhodes, New York; G. Peer, wife and children, Victoria; W. Meyers, Picton; B. C. Davy, R. Esson, Napanee, E. J. Gay, Miss S. Gay, A. W. Gay, St. Louis; J. Spires, R. Edminson, J. Levey, Montreal; Hon. B. Seymour & son, Port Hope.

IMPORTS.

July 7th.

Schr Hiawatha, Chicago.—97 bbls flour and 14,400 bush Indian Corn, Holcomb and Hender on.

Schr Sarah Bond, Oswego.—40 bbls flour P. Hyland.

Str Napier, Cape Vincent.—25 cases teas, 6 bales batts, Jas Hickey; 20 bdls paper, W Harty & Co; 12 bdls paper, W Martin; 55 bdls paper, J Carruthers & Co; 2 cases fixtures, C Mudie; 28 boxes saleratus, J S Gilman; 2 boxes oranges, H Dumble; 1 box goods, J Ross, per H Home; 2 horses, M Goodwin; 1 box goods, G Miller; 1 box, O E Campbell.

ARRIVALS AT QUEBEC.

July 1.

Brig Matthew, Wilson, 15th May, Bordeaux, order, bal.

—— Edward, Scott, 13th June, St. Johns, Nfld, A Gilmour & Co. ballast.

—— Camilla, Quirk, 16th do, St. Johns, Nfld, C & J Sharples & Co, ballast.

—— Brilliant, Neilson, 13th do, Harbour Grace, M H Warren & Co, herrings and codfish.

—— Sally, Lowry, 11th do, St Johns, Nfld. order, bal.

Bark Elizabeth, Brown, 23d May, Liverpool for Montreal, general cargo.

—— Orion, Erikhren, 3d May, Bergen, order, ballast, 189 passengers.

—— Anna, Bullen, 20th do, Chatham, Hamilton's & Co, ballast.

—— Olverston, Johnson, 11th May, Garrucha, C E Levey & Co, bal.

—— Mechanic, Rogers, 1st do, Cadiz, order, bal.

—— Constance, Craggs, 28th April, Barcelona, Benson & Co, ballast.

Ship Riverdale, Richards, 19th May, Gibraltar, H Fry, ballast.

—— Ben Lomond, Rhodes, 4th June, Liverpool, Gillespies & Co, ballast.

—— Advice, Dick, 30th May, Liverpool, A. Gilmour & Co, ballast.

—— Ottawa, Crawford, 29th May, Liverpool, A Gilmour & Co, ballast.

Schr Marie Flose, Painchaud, 9 days, Magdalen Islands, for Montreal, fish and oil.

Bark Maiquis, of Chandos, Colenso, 22nd May, Penzance, G B Symes & Co, ballast.

July 3.

Brig Abalisado, Arocha, 10th June, Halifax, order, bal.

Bark Brutus, Holland, 30th April, Villaricos, order, bal.

Ship Argo, Mitchell, 30th May, Liverpool, A Gilmour & Co, ballast.

July 4th.

Barque Thomas Lee, Harrison, 23rd May, Bristol, order, coal.

Brig Ann Davies, Humphreys, 13th June, Carbonere, Newfoundland, G. & J. Sharples & Co., ballast.

July 5th.

Brig Beaver, Shield, 20th May, Bordeaux, order, ballast.

—— Golden Grove, Bogle, 6th May, Vallaricos, do. do.

—— Jane, Saul, 13th June, St. John's, Newfoundland, G. B. Symes & Co., order, ballast.

—— Wrangel, Klegin, 26th April, Marseilles, C. E. Levey & Co., do.

Barque Undine, Robertson, 10th May, Bordeaux, Hy Le Mesurier, Jr., do.

—— Syria, Taylor, 29th May, St. Vincent, A. & D. Ritchie & Co., do.

A SURE CURE FOR A FELON.—When the soreness first commences, or even when far advanced, it can be relieved and entirely cured by holding the finger or part affected in Perry Davis' Pain Killer for half an hour. It has been thoroughly tested, and proves a never failing remedy. A felon is a troublesome thing, and we would advise all so troubled to test the remedy.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.—The thousands who have been relieved, as well as the thousands who have the most unbounded confidence in Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer, will read among our special notices this week another of the additional evidences of the power of application. We are doing an act of humanity, when we urge every family to possess themselves of it.—Buffalo Christian Advocate.

Sold by E. W. Palmer, Kingston. 104

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

But one solution to the mysterious effects performed by Dr. Smith's "Electric Oil," of Philadelphia, that any Physiologist can thus far discover, which in its probable preparation with the nervous fluid of the body, as pains are in the nerves. On no other principle can this be explained." Rheumatism has been most baffled stem and little understood. This Oil, if genuine, is known to cure amaurosis.

Do you know that Dr. Smith's genuine Electric Oil will cure Gravel, Kidney Complaints, Gout, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, Ear, Tooth and Headache, Amaurosis, Cramps, Incident, Swellings, Tic Doloreaux, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Weak Ankles, Tumors, and Joints, acute nervous pains, instantly. Burns, Felons, Wounds, Piles, always. Try it, and you won't wonder at its popularity. The genuine Dr. Smith's Electric Oil is always signed A. E. Smith. Grand Central Depot, N. E. corner Walnut and Eighth streets, Philadelphia. Beware of counterfeits.

P. S.—Col Wallace, the distinguished Editor of the Philadelphia Sun, says:

SMITH'S ELECTRIC OIL.—Among the many evidences of sympathy for those injured by the late railroad accident, we are pleased to see that Dr Smith has tendered the gratuitous supply of his Electric Oil, as well as the personal services of himself and lady. The Doctor has a heart "open as day to melting clay," and his valuable medicines deserve all the popularity they have attained.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE "ANGLO-SAXON."

Mr. Samuel Hough (formerly Superintendent of the International Telegraph Company,) having been appointed General Agent in Canada for the Boston "Anglo-Saxon," is now in town, for the purpose of soliciting subscriptions to that excellent newspaper.—We commend this mission to the favorable attention of our readers, many of whom are, doubtless, already aware that the "Anglo-Saxon" is one of the most respectable and best conducted literary journals in the United States, ably rivalling, in Boston, its longer established compeer, the New York "Albion." It is truly English in tone and sentiment, and is edited by Dr. Bartlett, well and favorably known in this Province.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

R. & G. A. WRIGHT'S FRANGIPANNI, THE EVERLASTING PERFUME.

Frangipanni Extract, Fo. Frangipanni Pomade, Fo. Sachet, Esap.

This delightful and fashionable Perfumery is from the Laboratory of Messrs. R. & G. A. WRIGHT, Philadelphia, Manufacturers of the celebrated Gold Medal Perfumery.

For sale wholesale and retail by E. W. PALMER, Andby Druggists generally. 120

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The success of the new Toilette Luxury, "Persian Balm," and the great demand for it in Kingston and vicinity have made a wholesale agency at this point desirable.—The proprietors have made arrangements with E. W. Palmer, Esq., by which Merchants can be supplied at all times, and in large or small quantities.

This Elegant preparation has only been in existence about eight months, yet its success has been greater, it is believed, than any other similar preparation ever offered to the public—and the name "Persian Balm" has become as familiar as "Household Words." The Secret of its rapid success is simple—*it combines in itself everything requisite for the complete Toilette* and not only that, but is prescribed by the most eminent Physicians for diseases of the Skin, and with the most happy effects. Let every one try this great Home Luxury.

To be had at all the Druggists. 2w 118

THE ONLY SAFETY.

Neglect a cold! and soon, with terrors rife
Consumption sips the citadel of life.
Slow paced, yet sure—while hope with tints untrue,
Depicts a future glorious to the view—
The spoiler steals along with hidden dart,
And Death's cold shadow darken round the heart.
Yet hath Consumption warnings, that foretell
The love's quick ear the loved one's coming knell;—
To deepening Cough, flushed check, and pulses high,
The failing strength, and fever-lighted eye,
Those, and the wasted form, and shortened breath,
Are symptoms all, too eloquent of death!
OH WISE IN TIME!—remedial means apply,
Nor stand inert to see the sufferer die.
If Cough or Cold the Lungs or Throat assail,
Employ a remedy that cannot fail!
Tar, Canchalagua, Liverwort, combined,
The golden gift of science to mankind,
These in concentrate form, a compound rare
Bath Rogers gives, banishing despair! 14

CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

Prepared from a Prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous disorders to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, Price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

Sole Agents for the United States and Canada. I. C. BALDWIN & Co., Rochester, N. Y.

TUTTLE, MOSES & NORTHRUP, General Agents, Newcastle, C. W.

N. B.—$1.00 enclosed to any authorized Agent, will ensure a bottle of the Pills by return mail.

[SPECIAL NOTICE.]

EUREKA, EUREKA, EUREKA

The greatest luxury of life—PERSIAN BALM—for the Teeth, Shaving, the Hair, the Bath, the Nursery, for beautifying the Complexion, removing Tan, Pimples, Freckles, and for all Toilette purposes.

This delightful preparation is the greatest luxury a lady or gentleman can use. It does away entirely with all soaps, oils, powders, &c., for toilette use, and is in reality what we claim it to be—

"THE COMPLETE TOILETTE."

In addition to this, its valuable medicinal qualities as a Liniment and Pain Killer are winning for it a most enviable reputation.

Price 25 & 50 Cents per Bottle. Sold by all Druggists. See that each bottle has upon it the signature of S. S. BLODGETT.

S. S. BLODGETT & Co., Proprietors, 45 Pearl Street, N. Y.

E. W. PALMER, General Agent, Kingston

117-6m.

BEST HAIR DYE IN THE WORLD!

This is strong language, yet Bogle's Electric Hair Dye (recently improved) was proven to be so, by the judges at the late mechanic's Fair, held in Boston, (among whom was Dr. Hayes, the eminent chemist and State assayer) who awarded it the PRIZE MEDAL AND DIPLOMA, over the choicest Hair Dyes on exhibition from all parts of the Union. Its unparalled superiority consists in,—1st. The ingredients are nourishing to the hair, not destructive as others are. 2d. Does not stain nor Burn the skin. 3d. Is easily applied, and dyes the hair any color required, from a delicate brown to a deep black, so natural as to appear marvellous. Manufactured, sold and sold by Wm. Bogle, 277 Washington st. 232

Permanent Cures in all affections of the throat and lungs are constantly being made by Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Great as is its reputation, its works are greater. Many physicians speak of it in the highest terms.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS will cure any disease of the liver and stomach after all other remedies had failed.—There is no medicine in the world which enjoys such an extensive sale as these inestimable Pills, and none which deserves it. The myriads of individuals who have been restored to health after every other remedy has failed, is the chief and deserved cause of their popularity, they have been introduced into every country of the world, and have been found signally efficacious in all disorders incidental to the human frame; liver and stomach complaints are quickly carried off by their use, and their virtues in severe cases of dropsy, are the most extraordinary ever witnessed by men. 103

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT,

Toronto, 3rd July, 1857.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned lands in the County of Renfrew, will be open for sale on and after the 29th instant, upon application to WILLIAM HARRIS, Esquire, at Admaston, near Renfrew, upon the following conditions:—

The price, 4s. per acre; one fifth to be paid down, and the remainder in four equal annual instalments, with interest; the purchasers to reside on the land, and to clear at least two acres annually on each 100 acres during the first five years.

No timber to be cut, unless under License, except for agricultural purposes.

ALGONA.

South of Golden Lake.

1st Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

2nd Con. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

3rd Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

4th Con. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

5th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

6th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

7th Con.—1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33, 34.

8th Con. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

9th Con. 3 4 5 6 7, 8 9 10 11, 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22, 23 24 25 26 27, 28 29, 30 31 32, 33 34.

10th Con.—1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

11th Con.—26 27, 28, 29 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

12th Con. 29, 30, 31, 32 33, 34.

TOWNSHIP OF BURGESS.

1st Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

2nd Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

3rd Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

4th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

5th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

6th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

7th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

8th Con.—6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

9th Con.—6 7, 8 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 19, 20, 21, 22 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28; 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

10th Con.—1, 2, 3, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

11th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

12th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 26 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

13th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 27, 28, 29 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

14th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

15th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 34.

16th Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 30.

TOWNSHIP OF SEBASTOPOL.

1st Con.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 19 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 30, 31, 32 33 34.

2nd Con.—1, 2, 3 4 5, 6, 7, 8 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34.

3rd Con.—1, 2, 3 4 5, 6,