KINGSTON OBSERVATORY.

N. F. Dupuis, A.M., Observer.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 11, 1868.

DAY.	BAROMETER CORRECTED FOR 32°		THERMOMETER.		MAXIMUM.	MINIMUM.
	9 A.M.	3 P.M.	9 A.M.	3 P.M.		
Sunday	.....	.....	.....	.....	82.5	75.0
Monday	.....	.....	68.5	77.5	82.0	63.5
Tuesday	.....	.....	72.0	76.5	78.5	70.0
Wdnesdy	.....	.....	76.0	81.5	82.5	69.5
Thursday	.....	.....	74.0	82.0	82.5	69.0
Friday	.....	.....	78.0	81.5	84.0	69.0
Saturday	.....	.....	78.0	83.0	84.5	70.5

JOB PRINTING.

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Travellers' Guide.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows

GOING EAST.

1:45 a.m.	1 30 p.m / 1 50 "	Mixed train 3 15 a.m. " " 6 15 "

GOING WEST

4:15 p.m. / 4:35 "	3.30 a.m.	Mixed train 6 45 a.m. " " 10 00 "

[This is by Montreal time, from which deduct 12¼ minutes for the difference between Montreal and Kingston time]

Single copies of the DAILY NEWS may be had at the counter of the publishing office. Price 2d.

☞ Single copies of the CHRONICLE AND NEWS, containing the news of the week, may be had in wrappers for mailing. Price 3d each, issued every Friday.

TO CORRESPONDENTS

Anonymous communications can receive no attention. Everything forwarded for insertion must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of authenticity It is also requested that correspondents will only write on one side of the sheet of paper. We cannot undertake to return rejected communications

The Daily News.

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 13.

☞ *SEE FIRST PAGE.*

☞ Remember to pay your Water Account by the 15th and save the discount.

The Ottawa *Citizen* mentions a rumour current in the political metropolis that the Hon. Mr Macdougall will vacate the department of Public Works for that of Inland Revenue, said to be vacant by the appointment of Mr Howland to the position of Lieutenant Governor of Ontario.

The London *Times* of the 26th in its City article, announces "that the circumstance of the arrival in England of Mr. Rose, the Canadian Finance Minister, gave rise to a report that the contemplated guaranteed loan for the Intercolonial Railway will be brought out immediately."

The London *Canadian News* states that a new Company has been formed under the title of "The Canadian North West Land and Mining Company." It will purchase lands, minerals, &c., on this part of the continent, for trading or working purposes.

An important matter of dispute between the Democratic and Republican parties in the United States is whether the government bonds shall be taxed the same as other descriptions of property. The Democrats demand that they shall and that the bondholders shall not form a privileged class. The Republicans claim that it will be unconstitutional for Congress to tax the government bonds, and maintain that State Legislatures have no power to impose local taxation on this species of property. The electioneering canvass now begun is apparently turning on this and kindred questions affecting the debt and currency of the United States.

That Fenianism is not yet extinct in Ireland seems proved by circumstances attending the funeral of a man named Stenson, in Limerick. The populace, believing that his death resulted from long confinement in Limerick gaol, under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act, determined to bury him with certain honours. A procession was formed, and many respectable-looking persons took part in it. Some wore green neckties; others carried laurel branches; from several windows in the poorer streets passed through green flags, draped with black, were suspended. The "Treaty Stone" was covered with a black pall. The coffin was borne shoulder-high, and several trade societies followed, some of the men wearing green rosettes. No disturbance occurred.

It is a notorious fact that the agents of emigrant forwarding companies and the friends of European emigrants have been accustomed to advise those leaving for the United States by way of Canada to plead poverty on their arrival in this country, in order to receive government assistance in forwarding them to their destinations. Numbers have relied almost altogether on this means of getting a passage through Canada; and there is no doubt that the kindness of this government has been systematically abused. A noteworthy instance of the systematic manner in which Canada is depended upon to bear a part of the expense in sending foreign emigrants to the United States, occurred at Quebec in the course of last week, when upwards of seven hundred emigrants, mostly Norwegians and Germans, arrived. Most of them were bound for the United States, but many had not the means to get there, and the customary source of supply being cut off, these pauper emigrants had to go from door to door in the city of Quebec, and beg of passengers by trains and boats to make up the sum required to purchase a ticket for the West. As soon as the notice promulgated by the government can be made operative upon captains of vessels by making them responsible for the expense attending the maintenance and forwarding of pauper emigrants to the Western States, we may expect the system to at once cease, as shipowners will take care to include the cost of a through ticket in the price demanded of the emigrant to convey across the Atlantic.

CORRESPONDENCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE DAILY NEWS.

Sir,—I am informed that there is a law in existence which provides that every vessel sailing in British waters shall be commanded by a British subject, and that full two-thirds of her crew shall also be British subjects. If this be correct, as I am informed it is, the law is being violated in the waters of Lake Ontario by vessels sailing under British colours, which are commanded and manned principally by foreigners. Whose duty is it to see that the Navigation Laws are enforced?

SAILOR.

July 13.

THE GILCHRIST SCHOLARSHIP.—We understand that the examination of candidates at Kingston will take place in the Grammar School at two o'clock in the afternoon of the 27th instant. The gentlemen appointed to conduct the examinations are Dr. Dickson and Mr R. J. Cartwright, M P.

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH.—The Sabbath schools of this church are to enjoy an excursion and pic-nic to-morrow. The steamer to convey them will leave Mr Kinghorn's wharf at 2 p.m. for Dr Yates' farm, opposite Milton Island.

PRESENTATION.—The ladies of the congregation of St James' Church have presented the Rev. W. B. Moffatt with a very handsome silk gown as a mark of their appreciation of his services. The gown was accompanied by an address from the ladies, signed by the churchwarden of the church, expressing their approval of the services of the reverend gentleman.

THE PEAK FAMILY.—To-morrow evening the celebrated Swiss Bell Ringers will give one of their popular entertainments in the City Hall. A talented corps of vocalists, pianist, harpist and violinist are included in the programme, and from the favourable reception which has been invariably accorded to them in their professional tour, the musical public can safely calculate upon a bill of fare worthy their patronage. The troupe give but one entertainment.

POLICE COURT—(Monday)—John D. Haggan, from Waterloo, charged with drunkenness, was fined $2. James Green was charged with stealing three five-dollar gold pieces from W McIlleren, a deck-hand on board the barque Robert Gaskin. The complainant deposed that the prisoner came on board the vessel at Gravelly Bay on Wednesday last, and obtained a free passage to Kingston. On the morning of yesterday complainant, while in the vessel's forecastle, examined the money, which was in a mit, and placed it for safer keeping in a breast pocket of his coat. At the time complainant was examining his money the prisoner lay in a bunk in the forecastle, as complainant supposed, asleep. Upon arriving at Kingston yesterday evening, after the vessel was moored, complainant missed his money, and suspecting the passenger, inquired about him, and was informed by one of the hands that the prisoner had jumped ashore off the jib-boom before the vessel was moored, taking his clothes with him. Complainant believed that no one on board the vessel knew of his having the money excepting the prisoner, whom he supposed saw the money whem complainant thought him asleep. The Magistrate inquired of the prisoner, who admitted jumping ashore off the jib-boom, how much money he had upon leaving the vessel, to which he replied that he had seven or eight dollars in silver. James Hogan, tavern-keeper, Ontario street, was then sent for, upon whose arrival in court was asked if he recognized the prisoner. Hogan at once identified Green as a man who came to his tavern about eleven or twelve o'clock last night and obtained change for a five-dollar gold piece. Hogan swore to the above.

Sergeant Bell accused Hogan of declining to give the police information when inquiring into the present case this morning, and in fact denied having changed the gold. After a rebuke from the Magistrate, the witness was allowed to depart, and the prisoner was remanded until Wednesday next.

Three policemen in Augusta, Ga., got into a fight the other day, arrested each other and entered mutual complaints. It was about an even thing, as half the fine goes to the officer making the arrest.

The California farmers are setting out great numbers of mulberry trees, for silk-worms to feed upon. There is quite a rivalry in making mulberry plantations, as the state offers a premium for every five thousand trees set out.

Reports from Central France say that in the memory of man the grape crop has not been so forward at this season as this year. A very heavy and excellent crop is expected.

The water on the St. John River, N.B., has fallen so low, owing to a continuation of dry weather, that only one steamer (the Gazelle) has been running lately between Fredericton and Woodstock.

Middle Georgia is likely to receive a large body of immigrants from Lombardy. They will engage in the culture of the olive and the silk worm.

The number of cattle driven out of Texas this season is estimated at half a million. An intelligent Texan states that this large amount of cattle will hardly be missed from the prairies.

The German newspapers are full of matrimonial advertisements, inserted by German Americans in all parts of the Union. Even residents of Cheyenne and Dakota advertise for German wives.

Sugar-candy, it is estimated, is consumed in the United States at the rate of about 250,000 pounds per day, or 100,000,000 pounds per year.

In South Manchester, Ct., on Monday, Mrs. Eliza W. Barber, while labouring under a temporary fit of insanity, as some think, drowned herself in the mill pond of H. E. Rogers' paper mill. She was a much esteemed lady of only 22, and was lately married. She rose early from bed and left her husband asleep, while she hurried to the pond and jumped in.

Among the Assyrian tablets at the British Museum have been discovered records of earthquakes. These are not supposed to have been recorded for any scientific purposes, but as annals of omen and augury, each earthquake recited being accompanied by an enumeration of the events supposed to have occurred in consequence.

NEW INSOLVENTS.—The following insolvents are gazetted.—Wm. Stuart, Galt; W. & J. Coleman, Pembroke; Story & McCulloch, West Winchester; Nathaniel Maribet, Brantford; Jessie Ferguson, Kingston; Samuel Black, do.; John McKay, senior, do.; George McBean, Lancaster; Duncan Sinclair, Chatham; Freeman and Mouny, Hamilton; Alex. Grant, Guelph; Chas. White, Lindsay; James Davis, Pelham; Edward Fonton, Seaforth; Garret & Co, Belleville; T. W. Patterson, Clinton.

FIRE AT GANANOQUE.

Gananoque, July 11.—Last night, about twelve o'clock the barns, stables, and sheds belonging to Dr. Richmond were totally destroyed by fire, together with their contents, consisting of carriages, harness, &c. The loss is estimated at two thousand dollars, half of which is covered by insurance. No clue as to the origin of the fire.

CELEBRATION OF THE 12th JULY.

The anniversary of the battle of the Boyne happening on Sunday this year, it was determined by the Orange brotherhood to hold the annual celebration on the following day. In accordance with this arrangement the representatives of the various lodges commenced arriving in the city at a very early hour this morning, as did also large numbers of visitors from the country, and by ten o'clock Orangemen, officers and members of the district lodges of Kingston, to the number of over fifteen hundred, had congregated in the Orange Hall and around the City Buildings. Shortly after ten o'clock the procession formed, and after the customary promenade throughout the principal streets of the city, proceeded to the Park, where the expected addresses were to be delivered. Mr Alderman William Robinson headed the procession in an open carriage as Grand Marshal of the day and Mr Charles Livingston and Mr W. Makins acted as assistants, while the Garden Island band lent its enlivening strains to the occasion. A more than ordinary show of fine flags and banners were to be seen on the present occasion, gave to the proaession an appearance somewhat better than those of its predecessors of late years. This year the turnout was composed of the district only, and not of the county, and seventeen lodges were represented to-day, besides the Prentice Boys, which last added a good deal to the general effect, and each year are becoming a more prominent feature of the procession, in every instance highly creditable to the Orangemen of their respective localities. The greatest order and decorum pervaded the whole of the proceedings of the day, so much so that many alluded to it as worthy of remark, and the very few instances of anything approaching to intoxication was also an especial feature worthy of notice; in fact the whole affair passed off with perfect harmony and with much satisfaction to all these concerned with it, and with credit to the managers

In the park the Rev. Mr A. Wilson, of the Brock street Presbyterian Church, delivered a stirring address which was much enjoyed by the listening crowd, and was loudly applauded at its conclusion. The Revs. Messrs. Ryckman and Brock followed respectively, and their remarks were equally well received.

At the conclusion of the addresses the procession again formed, and marching round the park proceeded back to the city hall when the various lodges separated for their respective dining places.

The weather was fine, but the excessive heat and dust rendered the march round the city fatiguing in the extreme, and had a tendency to lessen the pleasures of the day.

The Orangemen of Prince Edward celebrate Monday at Pleasant Valley, Hillier.

Notwithstanding the dulness of the book trade, there are fifteen more publishing houses in New York now than there were twelve months ago.

When a rich and patronizing man proposed to Alexander Dumas a literary labour, as a person who ought to be encouraged, he replied: "I am not a man who wants to be encouraged; I am a man who wants to be paid."

The London *Star* of June 26 remarks:—Charles Dickens is said to be indebted to the "Post Office Directory" for most of those extraordinary names of ladies and gentlemen which, of themselves, give no little character to his creations. He might have searched long there without finding a name more extraordinary than that of Gustavus Adolphus Whalebone, the owner of which, a cabdriver, appeared yesterday before Mr Arnold, in answer to a summons.

We would direct special attention to the newly arranged advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. They send four to one address, carriage paid. Their suggestion for four families to club together, is really very good. There cannot possibly any mistake occur, as they mark each party's box plainly, so that each get their own tea. This mode of doing business and selling at wholesale prices cannot possibly fail to have the desired effect. The Company is a most deserving one, and those wishing a genuice article, as well as effecting a great saving, should give them a fair trial.—[*Advertisement.*

A FENIAN MOVEMENT.—A very handsome design of the memorial cross to be erected in Glassnevin, in honour of "the Manchester martyrs," Allen, O'Brien, and Larkin, has just been produced here by Mr John J. Foley, of 119 Nassau street. It is artistically designed and elegantly executed in variegated colours. Around the circular top of the old Irish cross, tastefully intertwined with shamrocks, are the names of the executed Fenians, and, on either side, the lines of Davis:

"Whether on the scaffold high
Or in the battle's van,
The fittest place for man to die
Is where he dies for man."

At the bottom of the cross is the harp of Erin, with the motto, "Their bright names will hallow song," and their last words in the dock, "God save Ireland."—*New York papre.*

The *Atheneum* is resprnsible for an announcement of a marvellous undertaking which is just about to be commenced for connecting the north and south banks of the Thames below London Bridge. There is great need of such a communication, for a million people live on the banks of the river below London Bridge, and the distance from the bridge to the Thames Tunnel is a mile and a half. The plan is to sink a vertical shaft on each side of the river to the depth of fifty feet, furnished with an hydraulic lift to raise and lower a carriage and ten passengers, to drive a tunnel in the clay under the river, not exceeding eight feet in diameter, between these shafts, and to line it as driven, partly with Staffordshire blue brick and partly with cast-iron, by which means it can be rendered air-tight, and all danger from the river avoided. The time necessary to complete the works is not expected to exceed six months, so that the metropolis may really hope to have the new subway opened by New Year's Day.

The Boston *Traveller* says:—"When the Massachusetts banks became national banking associations under the laws of the United States the bills issued under the State laws were called in, and a certain time was given for holders of these bills to exchange them for national currency. The completion of this work shows that some of the banks in Boston have discovered over-issues, one bank to the amount of $12,000; and it is intimated that in another case the over-issue amounted to $20,000. To have detected these over-issues in any other mode than by redeeming the entire circulation would probably have been impossible. There are several ways in which to account for this discrepancy. When old bills were destroyed from time to time, some that were changed off might have been overlooked in the process of committing them to the flames; and then, again, there is a possibility that bills in blank were occasionally abstracted from the possession of the printers, the signature forged, and the paper set afloat. To discover exactly when and how these over-issues were made is an impossibility, as many years have intervened between that time and this."

THE CRICKET MATCH AT OTTAWA.

The K.C.C. went to Ottawa with certainly not their best team, and arrived there about 10.30 a.m. on Wednesday morning. Their old umpire, Mr James Linton, went with them, and was quite in his element.

Ottawa won the toss, and decided to take the field. Play was called about 12 noon, when Messrs Hornby and Burns faced the bowling of Steele and Wetherall. No double figures were indulged in until Mr Glancy went in, and totted up 17 runs, among which were 5 twos, nicely got away from Wetherall's end. The innings came to an end for 65 runs, all told.

Ottawa now came to the scratch, with Scott and Sir A. R. Palmer for the defence. Scott was bowled with a rasper from Mr Burns, in his second over, for a well made 14. Sir A. Palmer was nicely caught and bowled by a ticer from Mr Brown. Rev. T. D. Phillips now came in, and was cleverly bowled by Mr Brown, after adding 10 to the score, in which there were a three and 2 twos. The K.C.C. soon disposed of the rest for 55, much to the joy of the K.C.C. men, who evidently were charmed with their good fortune at getting their opponents out for so small a score.

Kingston again took the bat at 5.15 p.m., and sent in Messrs Burns and Johnson. Steady play, very steady, good, and cautious play on the part of Mr Johnson, was now the order of the day. Mr Johnson played so coolly on his guard, as also Mr Burns, that before they could dispose of the former, the bowling was evidently broken. Mr J. J. Linton followed without scoring. Mr Hornby now took the willow, and runs came fast and furious, until he gave Mr Wise a chance, which was cleverly accepted, and sent him back with a fast and well got 21, among which were 3 threes, and 4 twos. Mr Brown now faced Mr Burns, who in a few overs succumbed to a rattler from Steele, after having played a really fine innings, without a chance, of 25. Mr Burns's style and judgment in play shows exceedingly well for the future, and in this innings was certainly displayed to great advantage, and to the admiration of all on the ground. Mr George Barrow now went in to Mr Brown, and they kept the ball rolling and the scorers at work until "time" was called at 6 30 p.m. Mr Brown had now 17 to his name, and Mr G. Barrow 10.

Thursday, at 12.15 or thereabouts, play was resumed. Mr Brown now added 3 to his score, and was disposed of by Finch at longstop by an easy catch. Mr R. W. Barrow went in, and was bowled by a bailer from Wetherall. Mr Glancy went in, made a 3 and a 1, and was caught and bowled by Scott. The remainder were soon disposed of, and the K.C.C. gave up the willow for 123 runs. Their opponents now had 133 to tie.

Ottawa sent Rev. T. D. Phillips and Scott to the wickets to commence operations, but Scott very soon let Hornby into his wicket, which brought Sir A. Palmer on the scene. Rev. Mr Phillips, after making a quick innings, was at last bowled by Mr Hornby off his leg. There was now no stand made until Mr Wise came in and made a pretty 13, but at last laid his wicket open to Mr Brown, who took the chance. Aumond now came in, and made the finest hit, to square leg, of the match, for 4, but soon after gave a chance to Mr Hornby. Finch came in, and rattled up 21 (the ledger on their side) in quick time and pretty style, though he gave Mr R. W. Barrow at cover-point a chance too high for a catch. The remainder fell quickly, and the match came to an end—the K.C.C. winning by 23 runs.

The weather was very hot and close the first day, and perfectly roasting on the second. The ground was in splendid condition, thanks to Tuesday's rain. The Ottawa Club will play the return match here before long, but the time is not at present decided. We give the score as sent us by the secretary, and copied from the scoring-book:—

KINGSTON—1ST INNINGS.

C. L. Hornby, Esq., R.C.R., b Steele	5
A. N. Burns, Esq, R.C.R., b Wetherall	6
A. M. Brown, Esq., R.A., lbw, b do.	0
G. Barrow, Esq, b do.	4
R W. Barrow, b Steele,	4
T. Glancy, Esq, R.E., b Dutton,	17
W. Johnson, Esq., R.C.R., c Finch, b Dutton	4
C. M. Ferguson, Esq, b Wetherall	0
J. J. Linton, Esq., not out	5
Emergency, c Finch, b Dutton	1
Emergency, c Wise, b do.	0
Byes	11
Leg byes	0
Wides	6
	2
Total	65

2ND INNINGS.

C. L. Hornby, c Wise, b Steele	21
A. N. Burns, b do	25
A. M. Brown, c Finch, b Scott	20
George Barrow, not out	20
R. W. Barrow, b Wetherall	0
T. Glancy, c and b Scott	4
W. Johnson, b Wetherall	4
C. M. Ferguson, c Dutton b Wetherall	0
J J. Linton, c and b Steele	0
Emergency, c Aumond, b Wetherall	0
Emergency, c Phillips, b do.	1
Byes,	11
Leg byes,	4
Wides,	13
Total	123

OTTAWA—1ST INNINGS.

J. Scott, Esq., b Burns	14
Sir A. R. Palmer, R.B., c and b Brown	13
Rev. T. D. Phillips, b Brown	10
F. A. Wise, Esq, b do.	5
G. Kavanagh, Esq, c Glancy, b Brown	0
W. Aumond, Esq, b Burns	0
H. J. Dutton, Esq, R.B., c and b Brown	5
R. B. Lane, Esq, R B., b Hornby	1
Private Wetherall, R.B., c Ferguson, b Hornby	1
Private Finch, R.B, not out	2
V. Steele, Esq, b Brown	0
Byes	4
Total	55

2ND INNINGS.

J. Scott, b Hornby	1
Sir A R Palmer, b Hornby	5
Rev. T. D Phillips, b do.	14
F. A. Wise, b Brown	13
G. Kavanagh, b do.	2
W. Aumond, c Hornby, b Brown	12
H. J. Dutton, c and b Brown	0
R. B. Lane, b do.	6
Private Wetherall, b Hornby	6
Private Finch, c Emergency, b Brown,	21
V. Steele, not out	6
Byes	13
Leg byes	6
Wides	5
Total	110

The mere catalogue of scientific serial periodicals published in Europe in the present century is 1,400, filling 63 printed pages.

It is stated that the export of manufactured goods from Great Britain to the United States for the year ending with April, 1868, was 45 per cent less than for the year ending April, 1866.

Of the two hundred English sparrows for Boston Common, shipped by the steamer City of London from Queenstown, there were only 23 found alive when the cages reached Boston.

New gold discoveries are made almost daily in Colorado, and the prospect is that the gold and silver product this year in that territory will reach $600,000,000, or more than California produces.

THE PARIS SHOPKEEPERS.

The shopkeepers of Paris appear to be making a good thing out of the expropriation caused by the Haussmannisation of the capital. They evidently think it no crime to rob the public purse, and some of them have had recourse to the most ingenious methods of cheating the revenue. For instance, a wineshop-keeper, whose house had been condemned to the prefect's unmerciful axe, demanded some fabulous sum as an indemnity. The case was referred to arbitration, and the jury, before giving their verdict, visited the premises. When they arrived they found the place so crammed with customers that there was no getting served. This appeared proof positive of the "roaring" trade done by the plaintiff, whose indemnity was consequently fixed at a very high figure. But, lo and behold! on the next day a number of workmen waited on the commissary of police to inform him of the trick which the wineshop-keeper had played. They said that he had engaged a hundred of them to to drink as much as they liked on his premises on a certain day without paying and in addition he would pay them for the day's work they would lose. The first part of the contract was duly carried out, but when it came to the second the wineshop-keeper refused to pay, whereupon it was decided to appeal to the commissary. It is needless to add that the authorities were soon down on the wineshop-keeper, who had to disgorge. A leather-seller at Montmartre, hearing that his premises were doomed, and having no lease, immediately set his wits to work. An interview with his landlord, who proved very accommodating, resulted in the fabrication of a lease for a good number of years, the lease being, of course, ante-dated a year or two to prevent suspicion; the indemnity, it was arranged, should be divided between the two. The "little affair" succeeded, and a good round indemnity for expropriation was awarded. But, unfortunately, Midas-like, the leather-seller could not keep the secret to himself. The fraud was discovered in a most singular way. The expropriated tradesman, dining at a restaurant, one day, got into conversation with a venerable-looking old gentleman at the same table, and Haussmannisation coming on the *tapis*, he naively related his *petit coup*. The old gentleman, however, turned out to be a policeman in disguise! and he immediately put himself in communication with the chancellor of King Haussmann's exchequer. The result was that the indiscreet tradesman had not only to return his indemnity money, but to pay all his costs The poor fellow, on leaving the court, was heard to exclaim that, after all, there was nothing like leather.

COMMERCIAL.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

(*Special Telegram to the Daily News.*)

Montreal, July 13th.—Flour—Superior Extra 0,00 to 0,00; Extra, 0,00 to 0,00; Fancy, 0,00 to 0,00; Welland Canal Super, 6,65 to 6,70; Super No. 1 Canada wheat, 6,65 to 6,70; Super No. 1 Western wheat, 6,65 to 6,70; Super No. 2 Western wheat, 6,20 to 6,30; bag flour 3,26 to 3,40. Wheat—Canada Fall 0,00 to 0,00. Spring, 1,55 1,56½; Western, 0,00 to 0,00; Oats—per 32 lbs, 42½ to 43. Barley—per 48 lbs, 1,05 to 0,00. Butter—Dairy 13 to 16c; store-packed 00 to 00c. Ashes—pots, 5,50 to 6,00. Pearls, 5,45 to 5,50. Gold in New York at 12 o'clock, 141½. Pork, Mess, 24,50 to 25,00; Prime Mess, 16,00 to 00,00. Prime, 15,50 to 00,00 Peas, 0,00 per 66 lbs. Rye Flour, 0,00 to 0,00.

Flour—receipts moderate; market dull and slightly easier. Grain—no sales reported; rates nominally unchanged. Pork, mess scarce and advancing; other grades held higher but little taken at the advance. Butter—good demand for choice. Ashes quiet at quotations.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

(*Special Telegram to Daily News.*)

New York, July 12.—Stocks active: Sterling exchange 110¾; Gold 140¾. Cotton quiet at 32 @ 32¼c. Flour dull; sales 6500 bbls at 6,00 @ 7,20 for superfine, and at 8,00 @ 8,70 for common to choice; extra western 8,70 @ 12,15 for common to choice. Rye flour quiet; sales at 7,75 @ 9.50. Wheat dull; receipts 59,000 bus; sales 60,000 bus at 2,07 for Canada club in bond. Rye quiet. Corn unchanged; receipts 38,000 bus; sales 59,000 bus at 1,06 @ 1,11½ for mixed western afloat, the latter an extreme; 1,12 for western yellow and 1,14 white western. Barley nominal. Oats quiet; sales 37,000 bus at 84 for western in store; 86½ do afloat. Pork firmer at 28,25 @ 28,56 for old mess. Lard firmer and quiet at 17½ @ 18¼ cents for steam.

A citizen of Robertson county, Tennessee, reports a strange and unnatural movement among the small game in that vicinity. For some days past his plantation has been literally overrun with myriads of rabbits in groups and gangs, coming from the north and leisurely passing to the southwest. During the day they travel but little, generally lying close, nibbling the herbage in the shade until disturbd, when they break cover like swarms of flies. At night, however, the earth is literally covered with them, marching, countermarching, dancing, and romping in the starlight, their movements seemingly directed by certain gray-whiskered patriarchs. The gentleman has been compelled, in self-defence, to inaugurate, with dogs, clubs, and firearms, a war of extermination, but although he has killed hundreds, there seems to be no diminution in the number of these little "cotton tailed" erratics. He thinks they are feasting upon the locusts, as they are following the general direction of this seventeen-year pest.

The Duke of Edinburgh has taken away with him a large and varied collection of colonial birds and animals. In Tasmania he procured a very fine wombat, which was presented to him by Lady Dry, wife of the Chief Secretary of that colony; this wombat was so tame and docile that it soon became a general favourite with all on board the Galatea. From South Australia, Victoria, and Tasmania his Royal Highness obtained a large collection of beautiful parrots and other birds, and this collection received some valuable additions in Sydney. His Royal Highness received as a present from a gentleman in the Hunter River district a pair of very fine emus, and on the Saturday prior to the sailing of the ship he was presented with a pair of large and very tame kangaroos—one reared and presented by the Colonial Secretary, Mr Parkes, and the other by Mr J. T. Ryan, M.L.A. His Royal Highness also received from Mr Parkes the moongoose which killed the snakes at the museum on the occasion of the Royal visit to that establishment. This little animal was as docile and as playful as a kitten. The same gentleman also presented to his Royal Highness a pair of native cats, which, having been taken from their mother when very young, were reared and rendered as tame and tractable as ordinary domestic cats.

The exports from Great Britain have multiplied three-fold during the last twenty years. The amount exported in 1848 was £52,849,455; in 1849, £63,596,025; in 1850, £71,367,885; in 1851, £74,448,722; in 1852, £78,076,853; in 1853, £98,933,781; in 1854, £97,184,726; in 1855, £95,688,085; in 1856, £115,826,948; in 1857, £122,066,107; in 1858, £116,608,756; in 1859, £130,411,529; in 1860, £135,891,227; in 1861, £125,102,814; in 1862, £123,992,264; in 1863, £146,602,342; in 1864, £160,449,053; in 1865, £165,835,725; in 1866, £188,917,536; and in 1867, £181,183,971. In 1848 the value of the exports of British and Irish produce to foreign countries was £39,163,407; in 1867 the total had risen to £131,303,770. In 1848 the value of the exports of British and Irish produce to British colonies was £13,686,038; in 1867 the total had risen to £49,880,201.

NEW POSTAL TARIFF.

HALF-OZ LETTERS—PREPAYMENT OPTIONAL.

	Prepaid.	Unpaid.
In the Dominion	3c	5c
Prince Edward Island	3c	5c
United States	6c	10c
Local or Drop Letters, *i.e.*, for delivery by same Office at which posted—pre-payment compulsory		1c

HALF-OZ LETTERS—PREPAYMENT COMPULSORY.

Britain, by Canada Steamships	12½c
" *via* Halifax	12½c
" " New York	15c
Newfoundland	12½c
British Columbia and Vancouver	10c
Red River	6c

NEWSPAPERS.

Transient Papers in the Dominion, to Britain, United States, P. E. Island and Newfoundland	2c
To Subscribers.	
Weekly per quarter	5c
Semi-Weekly " "	10c
Tri-Weekly " "	15c
Daily " "	30c

☞ Subscribers residing in Britain, United States, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland, &c., must prepay their Canadian postage as above through the Canadian publisher.

Newspapers coming into Canada.

From Britain, by Canadian Mail Steamers	Free
" " " New York	2c
" United States	2c

Circulars, Prices-Current, Hand Bills, Books, Pamphlets in the Dominion, to P. E. I., Nfld., and U. S. per oz	1c
Periodicals, as above per 4 oz	1c
Parcel Post per 8 oz	12½c

New Stamps are issued of ½c, 1c., 2c., 3c., 12½c. 15c.

California is producing strawberries weighing five to the pound.

SELLING OUT.

A splendid opportunity for any enterprising Gentleman wishing to invest any Capital in Mercantile Business.

STOCK consists of Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, and a few Groceries, such as Teas, Sugars, &c. All have been selected with care and experience. Fine situation, good business, &c.

For further information, address O P.T., office of the *News*.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Noon of

Friday, the 31st July instant,

for the construction of a PIER at the head of the Cornwall Canal; and also for the construction of a REGULATING WEIR and RACEWAY, between Locks Nos. 17 and 18, opposite the Town of Cornwall.

Plans and Specifications of these works can be seen at this office, or at the office of the Superintendent of the Cornwall Canal, on and after Tuesday, the 21st instant, where Printed Forms of Tender can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent persons willing to become surety for the due fulfilment of the Contract must be attached to each Tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order.

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 10th July, 1868.

TO TEACHERS.

THE Board of Public Instruction for the County of Frontenac will meet at the TOWN-HALL, Harrowsmith, on WEDNESDAY, 22nd July, at 10 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of Examining Teachers.

All applications must be forwarded to the Secretary (post-paid), at least one week previous to the meeting.

By order.

THOS. GORDON, Secretary.

Kingston, June 22.

ARRIVED THIS DAY.

FRESH OYSTERS,

HERMETICALLY SEALED.

25 Dozen OYSTERS, in 1 lb Tins, very fine.

W. R. McRAE & CO.

TOMATO SAUCE

25 Dozen very fine TOMATO SAUCE.

W. R. McRAE & CO.

CONCENTRATED LEMONADE.

10 Dozen CONCENTRATED LEMONADE, for cool and delicious Summer Drinks.

W. R. McRAE & CO.

LOBSTERS IN VINEGAR.

25 Dozen very fine LOBSTERS, in Quart Bottles.

W. R. McRae & Co.

June 29.

The Daily News.

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 13.

☞ SEE LAST PAGE.

BY TELEGRAPH.

CABLE NEWS.

London, July 11.—The comments of the ...on the Democratic nomination are ...ally unfavourable to the success of ...ket. They all think Seymour stands ...chance against Grant. The "News" ...s the country wants a strong and ...healthful opposition than it is likely ...to have, and believes that intelligent ...icans will soon acknowledge this with ...

...erp, July 11.—The United States ...steamer "Swattara," of the Euro... squadron, arrived in this harbour ...

...July 11.—The Generals who ...recently arrested here for political ...have been sent in banishment to ...Canary Islands.

...lin, July 11.—By virtue of the pro...of the naturalization treaty, re...ly concluded between North Germany ...the United States, the Government ...dropped all prosecutions against the a...ed citizens of America of German birth, ...who have been sentenced or impris...will be released forthwith.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

...don, July 13, 1:20 p.m.—Consols for ...94½ to 94¾; account 94¾; Bonds 72¾; ...1 ¼; Illinois Central 101¼; Petroleum ...

...pool, July 13, 1:20 p.m.—Cotton quiet. ...11¼.

...York Press Despatches.

...York, July 13.—The *World's* Washing...ecial says the rumour of a new Chase ...ment is all nonsense.

...bill to regulate representation of ...States in the Electoral bill will be ...before the President to-morrow. The ...constitutional limit will expire on the 23rd ...Congress will not adjourn *sine die* ...the bill may become a law by the re...of two-thirds vote over the President's ...which is anticipated.

...ington, July 13.—The United States ...at Victoria, Vancouver's Island, ...to the Secretary of State that ad...from Sitka, Alaska, report that ...have had discovered very rich gold ...in that country and the miners were ...up gold in lumps. Great excite...was prevalent.

...York, July 13.—The Rev. Dr. ..., late President of Seaton Hall ...Orange, New Jersey, was yester...consecrated Catholic Bishop of Roches...by Archbishop McCloskey. The cere...y, which was a most impressive one, ...celebrated at St Patrick's Cathedral. ...Five hundred Mormons, in charge of ...Perry, sailed in the steamer Min...at the port yesterday from Liver...They are on the way to Utah. — ...Two men calling themselves Lamartine ...Cavelly were arraigned on Saturday ...Commissioner Stillwell, and were ...committed for perjury, it having been ...in evidence that their real names ...Shaw and Howe, and that under the ...assumed names given above they had made ...against J. F. Bailey, Collector of ...Fourth District of New York. Collector ...Bailey has sent on a statement of the ...conspiracy against him to Secre...McCulloch.

...Herald's China correspondent gives ...account of the cruise of the Shenandoah, ...Tabiger, along the coast of Corea ...the survivors of the crew of ...American schooner "General Sherman." ...naval mission was conducted with ...and skill, the American com...having secured a communication ...the local officers and sovereign. It ...however, as if the Sherman, ...as an unknown vessel, had been ...when on the coast, returned the ...and was then assailed and blown up, ...every person on board lost.

...York, July 13.—The bricklayers ...city who have been on the strike ...the 22nd of June are still confident ...obtaining a concession to their demands. ...strikers number 30,000. Previous to ...they were at work for five dollars ...for 10 hours. At the last meeting of ...society it was voted to work eight ...for $4.50. The employing Masons ...to accede to this, hence the stop...of work upon buildings and the idle...of tradesmen employed, but they de...that they have funds to the amount of ...which they can draw within the ...thirty days should the emergencies of ...case require. The Plasterers of Brook...have come to the rescue with $50,000 ...promise of $5,000 a month if that be ...sufficient. They propose to levy on ...man a contribution of half his daily ...besides this, munificent offers of aid ...being tendered by kindred organizations ...in all parts of the United States. About ...men are at work in this city, and from ...in drawing on the society for funds ...have been sent off to neighbour ...cities, here it is said they find em...ment. On the other hand the employing ...masses are determined to hold out ...against what seems to them a lawless ...tyrannical combination.

...York, July 13.—The steamers ...and City of Boston, from Ham...and Liverpool,