JOB PRINTING.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Executed neatly, cheaply, and expeditiously at the DAILY NEWS JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

Travellers' Guide.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:

GOING EAST		
1 45 a.m.	1 30 p.m. / 1 50 "	Mixed train 3 15 a.m. / " " 6 15 "

GOING WEST		
4 15 p.m. / 4 35 "	3 30 a.m.	Mixed train 6 45 a.m. / " " 10 00 "

(This is by Montreal time, from which deduct 12½ minutes for the difference between Montreal and Kingston time.)

Single copies of the DAILY NEWS may be had at the counter of the publishing office. Price 2d.

☞ Single copies of the CHRONICLE AND NEWS, containing the news of the week, may be had in wrappers for mailing. Price 3d each, issued every Friday.

TO CORRESPONDENTS

Anonymous communications can receive no attention. Everything forwarded for insertion must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of authenticity. It is also requested that correspondents will only write on one side of the sheet of paper. We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

The Daily News.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 23.

☞ *SEE FIRST PAGE.*

The Ottawa *Times* semi-officially announces the speedy return of Lord Monck to England after a brief residence at Spencer Wood, and says that Earl Mayo will succeed him.

The Toronto *Telegraph* calls attention to the circumstance that Fenian literature still pollutes the mail bags, and mentions the name of a Fenian weekly which finds its way to Toronto in spite of the regulations which have been issued to prevent the introduction of such objectionable publications. The publicity given to the fact will doubtless secure the renewed vigilance of the authorities.

It would seem as if the country were again about to be treated to a renewal of the reports and excitement concerning an attack upon Canada by the Fenians which it underwent in 1866. There have been various attempts at exciting the fears of an invasion since the affairs of Niagara and the Eastern Townships frontier, but none so plausible as the one now being made. This is in consequence of the precautionary measures adopted by the government. Still the reports of the sensational journals receive little countenance. The accounts published in Montreal are discredited, and the still wilder accounts published in an Upper Canadian newspaper are manifestly fabricated. To-day the despatches from New York contain an outline of the Fenian plans, which if they were worth anything would have been kept secret. This account goes to state that the Fenians propose a double invasion of Canada in July next, aiming at Toronto and Montreal with a force of thirty thousand troops under General O'Neill. It is said the troops are to concentrate at Buffalo and Detroit and near the Eastern Townships frontier. So far all the accounts have much of a common likeness; and, if they do not gain this correspondence from a common invention, it follows that the United States government and the government of Canada will have to be on the alert. It should not be a difficult matter to gain precise information as to the assembling of Fenians at any point opposite our frontier in good enough season to prevent mischief.

The English Liberals in their agitation for the disestablishment of the Irish Church have to encounter opposition and resistance at every step, but their march is nevertheless triumphant. The bill known as the Suspensory Act, which is intended to suspend the action of the crown for the meantime in the patronage of the Irish Church, was passed in the House of Commons this (Saturday) morning by a vote of 312 against 258. This is the first substantive action in the direction of Mr Gladstone's resolutions, and it shows that the House of Commons is bent upon realizing the spirit of those resolutions. In a former debate Mr John Bright gave an indication of lending his assistance to the government support of denominational (Roman Catholic) schools, but Mr Gladstone has distinctly avowed the intention of the Liberals to discountenance any government aid for the maintenance of religions in Ireland. This is the secret of the adhesiveness of the English Liberals. The grant to Maynooth, the incipient endowment scheme for the foundation of a Roman Catholic University, the *Regium Donum* of the Presbyterians, must all be held to be affected by this declaration. In Ireland, then, the experiment of a separation of Church from State is about to be tried, intended no doubt by the Liberal party to pave the way for the adoption of a similar measure in the remaining parts of the United Kingdom. How true does the observation appear, that in Great Britain the tendency of affairs is towards a democracy. The English people of the present day are living in an era of great change, the mere contemplation of which a few years ago would have been scouted as visionary.

The Montreal *Daily News* gives the following explanation of the rumoured resignation of Colonel Macdougall of the office of Adjutant General of Militia:—

"Our readers are aware that Sir George Cartier,—the Minister of Militia'—characterized the adverse vote of the Commons, reducing the salaries of the Staff, as a blow aimed at the efficiency of the Service, and it is only natural to infer that Colonel MacDougall shared in that opinion. We have reason to believe that Colonel Macdougall declared it impossible to provide for the proper performance of the necessary duties of the Staff with the insufficient salaries now fixed by law, and that he felt it his duty, in the responsible position he occupied, of putting his views in writing, and in the form of an official letter to the Minister of Militia. These facts, of grave importance, doubtless suggested the rumoured resignation, and attest the truth of Sir George Cartier's prognostications. It would be a serious calamity for the Dominion, should we lose the services of the present Adjutant General of Militia. The Abyssinian Expedition has taught the British nation a lesson which it was slow to learn, but will erroneous. The Minister of Militia argued in the House, that if the scale of pay was reduced in one instance, it should be made to apply in all cases. It was his inexorable logic that the different salaries must bear a proportion to each other, which involved Mr Powell in the general scheme of economy. The Adjutant General of Militia never sought an increase of pay. He was perfectly not soon forget, viz: that the highest order of military education on the part of a General is the best guarantee of success. We have one in our Adjutant General of Militia,—one of the most accomplished writers on Modern Artillery—one long at the head of the Corps College, and if he leaves us, we may seek in vain to find one so qualified to organize and instruct our forces. Those who saw the announcement of his meditated or actual resignation,—following so swiftly on the economic vote of the Commons,—might infer that he was mortified at the reduction of his official salary. Such an impression would be satisfied with his allowance; he respectfully declined any augmentation; but he felt that the efficiency of the service would be impaired unless the Staff received adequate remuneration, and so feeling and thinking, he put his thoughts into the form of an official letter to the Minister of Militia."

Obviously the *News* speaks upon the authority of definite information, but it nevertheless fails to communicate any precise fact concerning the resignation, actual or contemplated, by Colonel Macdougall. Possibly the Adjutant General only contemplated resignation, and intended his letter to relieve him from a species of responsibility to his associates for the reduction of their salaries which has been effected by Parliament. We trust that his letter was simply a remonstrance, and we have confidence that he is not the man to leave his post at the hour of difficulty and danger. There is nothing in the Parliamentary debates to show that the House in objecting to an increase of salary to the officers of the Militia staff, was dissatisfied with the personnel of the staff. least of all is there any sign of dissatisfaction with the Adjutant General. The House of Commons has felt bound to resist every increase of expenditure not absolutely demanded, and it has acted consistently in this course throughout the session. Grave reasons of political necessity, lying at the foundation of the union of these provinces, have dictated this regard for economical considerations, which, as they have been passed upon by Parliament, should be accepted without complaint by the public servants.

PUBLIC HOLIDAY.—There will be no *Daily News* published on the evening of Monday next.

PORTRAIT OF THE MAYOR.—The subscribers to this portrait, now completed, have been notified to meet at the Council Chamber at 3.30 o'clock of the afternoon of Monday next for the purpose of presentation.

THE GUN-BOAT HERON.—The gunboat Heron coaled this morning, and started for Toronto. The gunboat Rescue will shortly be stationed on Lake Ontario.

GEN. TOM THUMB.—The public will have an opportunity of seeing the illustrious Gen. Tom Thumb and the renowned Commodore Nutt on Tuesday next at the City Hall. See advertisement in another column.

REVIEW OF THE TROOPS.—Information has been received that Major General Stisted, C.B., will arrive on Tuesday or Wednesday next for the purpose of reviewing the troops in garrison. As Major General Stisted is the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario, preparations suitable to his position will be made to receive him.

LA CROSSE.—The Kingston La Crosse club, notwithstanding the late rain, have determined to play a match with the Pittsburgh club on Monday afternoon next on the cricket ground, the game to commence at a quarter to three. The Prescott club will arrive on Tuesday next for the purpose of measuring their prowess with the Kingston boys on that day.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTH-DAY.—Monday next is appointed a public holiday for the celebration of the Queen's birthday. With the exception of the military review on Barriefield Common we are not aware of anything on the programme for that day. The late rain has rendered the ground too soft for cricket or lacrosse, and the attempt to get up a regatta has proved a failure. Monday is the anniversary of the birth of the Princess Helena, third daughter and fifth child of Her Majesty, born 1846.

POLICE COURT, Saturday.—Susan Brickwood, a vagrant, was sent to gaol for ten days. Joseph Hodgins, from Merrickville, charged with drunkenness, was admonished and suffered to depart. William Walsh was sent to gaol for thirty days for vagrancy. There was a charge against the last person of having stolen a cap from a boy at the House of Industry, which required time for investigation. Two names were down, Brown and Smith, for keeping dangerous dogs.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE—ROYAL GIFT.—By the Queen's orders two volumes have arrived at the library of the College. They are, "The Early Years of H.R.H. the Prince Consort," and "Leaves from the Journal of our Lives in the Highlands." They are superbly bound, and bear Her Majesty's autograph. In a despatch from the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, it is intimated that the Queen presents them "as tokens of the interest with which Her Majesty regards the development of Institutions which tend to the spread of knowledge and intelligence in her colonial possessions; and because she believes that these records of the earlier days of their sovereign and the Prince Consort will not fail to be valued by her subjects in Canada." Copies of the same works have been sent to other institutions in Canada.

The Collingwood *Enterprise* says a splendid quarry of building stone has been opened at Duntroon, near Nottawasaga. It is a fine Medina sandstone, easily worked, and of an even colour. It can compete favourably with Ohio stone and will no doubt supersede the latter in Canada.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 23.—The Fire brigade was inspected on Champ de Mars this afternoon.

The verdict of the coroner's jury in the case of explosion at the reservoir, is that Dumphy came to his death in an accidental manner by the explosion of powder composed of chlorate of potash and tannin, which in the hands of inexperienced persons is highly dangerous.

McGill college has been presented with a copy of Her Majesty's works, splendidly bound, with Her Majesty's autograph.

Major-General Russell has left for England. His successor will probably be Gen. Bissett, who has seen much service.

PORT OF KINGSTON.

ARRIVALS.

May 23rd.

Str Grecian, Montreal, gen. cargo.
Str Kingston, Montreal, gen. cargo.
Barque Alexander, Dealtown, 4,500 feet square timber, 18,000 West India staves, 4,150 pipe staves.
Sloop Monitor, Pittsburgh, 25 toise stone.
Str City of Ottawa, Ottawa, gen cargo.
Str Brantford, Montreal, gen. cargo.
Str St Helen, Montreal, gen. cargo.
Str Passport, Hamilton, gen. cargo.

DEPARTURES.

May 23rd.

Barge Bruno, Montreal, 7,461 bus corn, and 305 casks copper ore.
Str Passport, Montreal, gen. cargo.
Str St Helen, Trenton, gen. cargo.
Str Brantford, Toronto, no cargo.
Schr Canadian, Port Hope, 30 toise stone.
Str City of Ottawa, Ottawa, gen cargo.
Barque Portland, Montreal, 12,339 bus. corn.
Str Kingston, Hamilton, gen. cargo.
Str Grecian, Hamilton, gen cargo.
Schr Anna Craig, Tyrconnell, no cargo.
Schr Denmark, Sombra, no cargo.
Brig Lafayette, Hamilton, no cargo.
Barque Cambria, Port Colborne, no cargo.
Barque Waterloo, Montreal, 1,831 bus. corn, and 9,621 bus wheat.
Schr Octavia, Colborne, no cargo.
Schr Seabird, Kingston, light.

THE FENIANS AT ST ALBANS AND MALONE.

The Montreal Gazette says:—We have this morning received private and authentic information from our special correspondent at St. Albans to the effect that there is an intention to make a Fenian raid from that vicinity about the 1st of June of a more formidable character than those hitherto attempted. Preparations are being made in the various New England States. St Albans was selected as a base of operations at a meeting on Tuesday night. Our readers will be kept thoroughly posted on any reliable information which may be obtained. Early next week we shall be able to give the full particulars of the strength, organization and financial condition of the Fenian force on the frontier. The volunteer force in Canada is warned to see to the efficiency of its arms, and the supply of ammunition on hand is to be promptly reported to headquarters.

We have received further intelligence from our St. Albans correspondent, to the effect that the Fenians are also making preparations at Malone for the contemplated raid on the Canadian frontier.

A FENIAN FAIR.

The Buffalo *Express* says:—A fair on a gigantic scale, for the benefit of the Irish Republic, is to commence in this city next Monday, to continue two weeks. It is intimated that under the cover of this monetary enterprize a large number of Fenians are to assemble in this city from all parts of the United States and Canada, and at the proper time another invasion of the Dominion is to be made. Gen. Spear, the Jacmel prisoners, and a large number of the Fenian leaders, are certainly coming to Buffalo, and there is no telling what wild scheme may be attempted. An individual who has a powerful ear trumpet reports having overheard a discussion in which it was proposed to seize Fort Porter, and under cover of the guns to take possession of a number of propellers, and then cross the river at this point. The inhabitants of the Dominion need not believe the whole of this story, but the fair is a fixed fact. General O'Neill, it is said, contracted with the Colt Manufacturing Company for the supply of a large number of Berdan rifles, Colt pistols, and Gatling battery guns.

Frenchmen and Russians are agreed in one thing just now, viz., in being very much disgusted at the success of the Abyssinian expedition. So also are the Fenians.

The quantity of rain fallen (6.747 inches) during the first seventeen days of the present month at Toronto, exceeds twice the average quantity due for the whole of May, and is also greater than the heaviest rain-fall recorded—namely, 6.367 inches.

The death is announced of Mrs Maria Harding, of Gloster, New Jersey. This lady was one of the eye-witnesses of the execution of Major Andre. It was she who gave to Major Andre, on the morning of the execution, a handful of peaches. The Major carried the fruit some distance, and then gave it to a little girl. Mrs Harding was accustomed to speak of this event, and to describe, in enthusiastic terms, the gallant bearing of the ill-fated officer, always concluding her description with the *naive* comment, "Somehow, he did not seem to have any appetite."

A barbarous outrage is mentioned by the Owen Sound *Times* as having taken place in the township of Sydenham. It appears that a powerful fellow named Whitney, while walking with his brother-in-law, a cripple, named Farley, struck him to the ground with an axe, jumped on him, smashed his nose, and tried to gouge out his eyes. After having terribly mutilated the poor fellow, Whitney's outburst of passion passed away, and he besought his victim to forgive him. Farley lies in a precarious condition.

The latest swindle is a Rochester invention. When hay is sold by the ton, a man conceals himself in the load and is weighed with it. While the load is being driven to the barn of the purchaser, the man leaves his hiding place and goes back to the hay market to be sold over. The *Union*, of that city, says:—This trick was not discovered until last week, though it is now understood that it has been practiced for years. It might have remained undiscovered for years to come but for the boldness of the operators, who exposed themselves, and were noticed by mechanics employed in laying up the walls of buildings adjacent to the hay market.

A valuable gold discovery has been made near Bedford Basin, about three miles from Halifax. A number of claims have been taken.

The original Mrs Bloomer has adopted skirts, and is now clothed like other ladies, and in her right mind.

Her Majesty's ironclad frigate Bellerophon having been refitted and provided with the whole of her monster armament of 800-pounder Armstrongs, has lately made an experimental trip and averaged nearly 14 knots an hour.

Cricketers will be interested to hear that the Aboriginal Black Eleven are daily expected to arrive in England from Sydney. Before leaving Australia they played a match with the Army and Navy Eleven, and had the best of it. The names of the Aborigines are Bullooky, Tiger, Red Cap, Mullagh, Cuzens, Old King Cole, Dick a Dick, Twopenny, Jim Crow and Lawrence.

PARLIAMENT OF CANADA.

THE PROROGATION.

Chamber of the Senate,
Ottawa, 22nd May, 1868.

This day, at Two o'clock P. M., His Excellency the Governor General proceeded in state to the Chamber of the Senate, in the Parliament Building. The Members of the Senate being assembled, His Excellency was pleased to command the attendance of the House of Commons, and that House being present, the following Bills were assented to in Her Majesty's name by His Excellency the Governor General, viz:

Act to define the privileges, immunities and powers of the Senate and House of Commons, and to give summary protection to persons employed in the publication of Parliamentary Papers.

Act providing for the organization of the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada, and for the management of Indian and Ordnance Lands.

Act respecting the Currency.

Act respecting Inquiries concerning Public Matters.

Act to regulate and restrict the Contingent Charges of the Departments of the Public Service, and to establish a Stationery Office.

Act respecting Commissioners, and Oaths of Allegiance and of Office.

Act for continuing the Parliament of Canada, in case of the demise of the Crown.

Act respecting the security to be given by Officers of Canada.

Act to enable Her Majesty to provide for the Widow and Children of the Hon. Thos. D'Arcy McGee.

Act for the Organization of the Department of Marine and Fisheries of Canada.

Act respecting the Accessories to and Abettors of indictable Offences.

Act to authorize the carrying of Gas Pipes across the River Niagara, in order to facilitate the lighting of the Town of Clifton with Gas.

Act to Incorporate the Clifton Suspension Bridge Company.

Act to amend the Acts relating to the Niagara District Bank.

Act respecting the Department of Justice.

Act to amend an Act intituled: "An Act respecting the Statutes of Canada."

Act to enable Banks in any part of Canada to use Notes of the Dominion instead of issuing Notes of their own.

Act respecting Aliens and Naturalization.

Act to confirm the Amalgamation of the Commercial Bank of Canada and the Merchants' Bank; and to amend and consolidate the Acts of Incorporation of the said Banks.

Act respecting the Navigation of Canadian Waters.

Act respecting the Geological Survey of Canada.

Act respecting Penitentiaries, and the Directors thereof, and for other purposes.

Act to impose a duty on Foreign Reprints of British Copyright Works.

Act respecting the Inspection of Steamboats, and for the greater safety of passengers by them.

Act respecting the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Act constituting the Department of Inland Revenue.

Act constituting the Department of Customs.

Act to annex a portion of the Seigniory of Belair to the County of Quebec and another portion thereof to the County of Portneuf.

Act for the better security of the Crown and of the Government.

Act respecting persons in custody charged with High Treason or Felony.

Act respecting the Civil Service of Canada.

Act for the organization of the Department of Agriculture.

Act to confirm a certain by-law passed by the Directors of the Lake Memphremagog Navigation Company, and for other purposes.

Act to incorporate the Canada Shipping Company.

Act to declare certain persons therein mentioned indemnified for having sat and voted as Members of the House of Commons while holding certain offices under the Crown.

Act to incorporate "The Merchants' Express Company of the Dominion of Canada."

Act respecting Riots and Riotous Assemblies.

Act to amend "An Act to provide for the improvement and management of the harbour of Quebec," and the Act amending the same.

Act to make provision for defraying the expense of certain Works of Fortification required for the Defence of the Dominion.

Act respecting the Governor General, the Civil List, and the Salaries of certain Public Functionaries.

Act to amend the Acts relating to the Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company, and to change the name of the Company to the "Canada Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company."

Act to increase the Excise Duty on Spirits, to impose an Excise Duty on Refined Petroleum, and to provide for the inspection thereof.

Act respecting the Militia and Defence of the Dominion of Canada.

Act to provide for Oaths to Witnesses being administered in certain cases for the purposes of either House of Parliament.

Act to incorporate "The Canadian Lake Underwriters' Association."

Act respecting the Internal Economy of the House of Commons and for other purposes.

Act for the regulation of Fishing and protection of Fisheries.

Act respecting the Northern Railway of Canada.

Act relating to Light-Houses, Buoys, and Beacons.

Act respecting the Treatment and Relief of Sick and Distressed Mariners.

Act respecting certain Penalties in respect of Stamp Duties.

Act respecting the Canada Vine Growers' Association.

Act respecting Police of Canada.

Act further securing the independence of Parliament.

Act relating to Quarantine and Public Health.

Act respecting Fishing by foreign vessels.

Act respecting the Manufacture or Importation of Copper Coins or Tokens.

Act to incorporate the Stratford Board of Trade.

Act to amend the Act of the present Session, intituled: An Act imposing duties of Customs with the Tariff of Duties payable under it.

Act to incorporate the Bank of Agriculture.

Act to continue for a limited time the several Acts therein mentioned.

Act respecting the commencement of certain Acts of this Session therein mentioned.

Act for better securing the payment of the duty imposed on Tobacco manufactured in Canada.

Act respecting Railways.

Act to amend the Act for the incorporation of the North West Navigation and Railway Company.

Act respecting Copyrights.

Act respecting Trade Marks and Industrial Designs.

Act respecting Harbour Police.

Act respecting Insurance Companies.

Act respecting forgery, perjury, and intimidation in connection with the Provincial Legislatures and their Acts.

Act to provide for taking evidence in Canada in relation to civil and commercial matters pending before Courts of Justice in any other of Her Majesty's Dominions or before Foreign Tribunals.

After which His Excellency the Governor-General was pleased to reserve the following Bills for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure thereon:

Act respecting the Treaty between Her Majesty and the United States of America, for the apprehension and surrender of certain Offenders.

Act to fix the Salary of the Governor General.

Act for the relief of Joseph Frederick Whiteaves.

Then the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons addressed His Excellency the Governor General, as followeth:

May it please your Excellency,

The Commons of Canada have voted the Supplies required to enable our Government to defray the expenses of the public service.

In the name of the Commons, I present to your Excellency a bill, intituled: "An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money required for defraying certain expenses of the public service for the financial years ending respectively the 30th day of June, 1868, and the 30th day of June, 1869; and for other purposes relating to the public service:" to which I humbly request your Excellency's assent.

To this Bill the Royal Assent was signified in the following words:

In Her Majesty's name His Excellency the Governor General thanks Her loyal subjects, accepts their benevolence, and assents to this Bill.

After which His Excellency the Governor General was pleased to close the First Session of the First Parliament of the Dominion with the following

SPEECH:

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate,

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I am glad to be enabled to release you from further attendance to your duties in Parliament.

The Acts which you have passed for remodelling the Militia Force of the Dominion, and securing the defence of your territory, will, I trust, accomplish the objects which you desire to obtain.

I hope the measures which have been adopted for regulating the fiscal system of the Dominion will tend to the promotion of commercial enterprize, and to the stability of the public credit.

I congratulate you on the passage of the Acts by which the Executive Departments of the Dominion have been organized, and their efficiency provided for.

I must express my regret that the measures for the assimilation of the Criminal Law of the several Provinces of the Dominion which were submitted by my directions to Parliament, have not been presented for the sanction of the Crown.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I thank you for the provision you have made for the public service, and I am satisfied it will be applied with a due regard to efficiency and economy.

Honourable Gentlemen, and Gentlemen:

I rejoice that I am in a position to congratulate you on the general prosperity which prevails throughout the Dominion, and I feel assured that on your return to your homes you will exert yourselves in promoting obedience to the laws and inculcating attachment to the free institutions under which it is your happiness to live.

The Speaker of the Senate then said:

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate of the House of Commons:

It is His Excellency the Governor General's will and pleasure, that this Parliament be prorogued until Wednesday, the First day of July next, to be here held, and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued until Wednesday, the First day of July next.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Thursday May 21.—There has been but a small business done in Stocks and Securities generally since our last. The Transfer Books of five Banks have closed in anticipation of half-yearly dividend payable on 1st proximo.

Bank of Montreal—Transfer Books closed. Nothing doing ex div.

Bank of British North America—103 would be paid. No stock in market.

City Bank—Transfer Books closed.

La Banque du Peuple—Offering at 105¼. Buyers of small lots at 105 to 105¼.

Ontario Bank—Transfer Books closed. No sales ex div.

Molsons Bank—Inactive at 107¼ to 108¼. No transactions to report.

Merchants' Bank of Canada—Has been sold at 105 to 105¼.

Bank of Toronto—Buyers at 112; Holders asking 112½.

La Banque Jacques Cartier—Transfer Books closed.

Gore Bank—Offering at 50. No demand.

Quebec Bank—Transfer Books closed.

La Banque Nationale—Nothing whatever doing.

Eastern Townships Bank—Buyers at 98. Sellers at 99.

Union Bank of L. C.—Nominal at 101½ to 102½.

Mechanics' Bank—Inactive at quotations—95 to 97.

Royal Canadian Bank—Quoted nominally 87 to 89; but no transactions since our last.

Railway Stocks and Bonds—Nothing doing.

Montreal Telegraph Company—In good demand and scarce at 133 to 133½.

Richelieu Navigation Company—Buyers at 106. No stock offering.

City Passenger Railway Company—105 would be paid.

City Gas Company—Nominal at 132½ to 133½.

Montreal Mining Company—Sellers at $2,50; buyers at $2 per share.

Canada Debentures—We quote sales of Dominion Stock at par. Currency and Sterling "Sixes" in good demand at 99½; no sellers under par. No Five per cents in market under 90.

Montreal Corporation Bonds—Quotations for Six per cent debentures almost nominal. Seven per cent Stock asked for at 102, without sellers.

Montreal Harbour Bonds—Sales of 6½ per cents continue to be made at par. Nothing doing in other denominations.

Exchange—But little doing outside the Banks. 60 days Bank and Bank endorsed worth 9¾ to 10¼, with but moderate demand.

The Stratford *Beacon* says that great numbers of Irish Catholic farmers have left that county of late, and more are preparing to leave, for the Western States. Within the last six weeks, not less than seven families in the township of Ellice have sold their homesteads and gone away, taking with them considerable sums of money, the proceeds of their property. We hear also of numerous departures of Irish Catholics, within the past twelve months, from Logan, Downie, and Hibbert. Indeed, so serious has the movement become that the Catholic Dean, Very Rev. Mr Crinnan, took occasion recently to refer to the subject from his pulpit.

Under the title of the "Steam Bird," Mr J. K. Smythies, of Paddington, England, Barrister-at-law, proposes to introduce a "flying steam engine," fitted with wings, flapped by the action of steam. He reduces the ratio of the weight of the engine to its power by using a tubular boiler, with very small and thin tubes. He will use liquid fuel, and carry very little water, condensing the steam by a very light condenser, made like the tail of a bird, to sustain the bird and steady its flight. The arms of the wings are connected with the piston-rod of the engine, so that the apparatus is raised by the strokes of the wings alone, without light gas, heated air, or other contrivance to give it buoyancy. To this engine he attaches seats for one or more passengers.

COMMERCIAL.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

(*Special Telegram to the Daily News.*)

Montreal, May 23rd.—Flour—Super Extra 8,00 to 8,25; Extra, 7,80 to 7,90; Fancy, 7,60 to 7,70; Welland Canal Super, 7,30 to 7,45; No. 1 Canada wheat, 7,30 to 7,50; Super Western wheat, 7,00 to 7,10; Super No. 2 3,50. Wheat—Canada Fall 0,00 to 0,00. Oats—per 32 lbs, 46 to 47. Barley—per 48 lbs, 1,10 to 1,15. Butter—Dairy 15 to 18c; store-packed 15 to 18c. Ashes—pots, 5,30 to 5,40. Pearls, 5,80 to 0,00. Gold in New York at 12 o'clock, 139¾. Pork, Mess, 22,75 to 23,00; Prime Mess, 16,00 to 16,50. Prime, 15,00 to 15,50. Peas, 90 to 92. Rye Flour 5,90 to 6,00.

Flour—receipts moderate; market quiet but steady at yesterday's rates; sales of super to fair extent at 7,00; strong ranges up to 7,10. Wheat—sales of common U. C. spring from store 1,64 to 1,65. Peas—sales of cars at 1,00 per 66 lbs. Pork quiet. Butter neglected and drooping. Ashes dull and drooping.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

(*Special Telegram to Daily News.*)

New York, May 23.—Cotton quiet but steady at 30½ @ 31c for Middling Uplands. Flour dull; receipts are 298 bbls and 5,608 bags; sales are 6,400 bbls at 8,25 @ 9,00 for superfine state and western; 9,20 @ 9,85 for common to choice extra state; 9,25 @ 10,50 for common to choice extra western; 9,75 @ 13,40 for round hoop Ohio. Rye flour quiet but firm at 8,00 @ 10,10. Pork quiet and steady; sales at 28,75 @ 28,87 for new mess; 27,75 @ 27,87 for old do. Lard a shade firmer; sales at 18 @ 19c. Wheat closed steady; receipts are 56,909 bush; sales are 41,000 bush at 2,18 @ 2,20 for No. 2 spring; 2,28 @ 2,29 for No. 1 do.; 2,70 for winter Red Canada, and 2,65 for white Wisconsin. Rye quiet; receipts are 60,640 bush. Corn closed dull and drooping; receipts are 164,964 bush; sales are 61,000 bush at 1,10 @ 1,11 for new mixed western afloat. Barley quiet and firm. Oats unchanged; receipts are 24,100 bush; sales are 41,000 bush at 86 @ 87c for western in store and afloat.

KINGSTON MARKETS.

Saturday, May 23.—Flour, extra superfine per bbl $8,35 to 8,50; No. 1 do. $7,30 to 7,40 per bbl; the latter per cental $3,70. Corn meal per cental $2,00 to $2,10. Grain—Wheat, spring $1,60 to $1,65 per bushel; barley 90 to $1 per bushel; rye $1,00 per bushel; peas 85c to 90 per bushel; oats 55 to 60c per bush; buckwheat 75 to 80c per bushel; clover seed $5,50 to $6,00 per bush; timothy seed $1,50 to $2 per bush. Beef $8 to $9,50 per 100 lbs; retail 12½c per lb; young pork 7c to 9c per lb. Veal 5 to 7c per lb; mutton 7 to 9c per lb. Hides per 100 lbs $5,00 to $7,00; sheepskins each 50c to $1,00; lamb skins 12c to 16c; calf skins 12c to 15c, wool per lb 10c to 12c; the market for the new clip will open with 25c per lb for good clean washed. Poultry—turkeys 75c to $1,00; live do $1,50 each; fowls 50c to 75c per couple; ducks 75c per pair. Produce—Fresh butter 17 to 20c per lb; eggs 12½c per doz.; maple sugar 12½c per lb; honey 12½c per lb; maple syrup 80c per gallon. Vegetables—Potatoes $1,00 to 1,25 per bag of 1½ bushels; turnips 70c to 80c per bush; carrots 80 to $1 per bush; celery 3 to 5c per head; cabbages 15c to 20c each; spring lettuce 4c to 6c per head; radishes 6c to 10c per bunch; rhubarb 4 to 10c per bunch; asparagus 8c per bunch; spring onions 3c per bunch. Apples $1,50 to $2 per bush; dealers asking $4 to $5 per barrel; oranges 40 to 60c per dozen; pine apples 25 to 50c each. Fish—A fair supply in market; salmon 12½ to 70c each; whitefish per pair 20 to 30c; cod 12½ to 20c each. Hay, a limited supply, which sold at from $10 to $12 per ton. Straw—$8 per ton. Wood $3,50 to $5 per cord.

The Legislature of Ohio has at last adjourned. This distinguished body remained in session a month or two after its business was completed, in the expectation that Ben Wade would be transferred to the White House. Then the plan was to elect the Hon. H. J. Jewett to fill the place of Mr Wade in the Senate. The cost of this notion to the State of Ohio is something more than fifty thousand dollars.

DIED.

In Newburgh, Camden East, on 22nd instant, John Peter, only son of John D. Ham, Esq., aged 17 years.

ENGLISH MAGAZINES
FOR MAY

CORNHILL MAGAZINE,
Saint Paul's,
Belgravia,
Family Herald,
Englishwoman's Domestic Magazine,
Young Englishwoman,
London Society,
Exeter Hall, (Sacred Music,)
Sunday Teacher's Treasury,
Sunday Magazine,
Good Words,
Broadway,
Home Visitor,
Churchman's Penny Magazine,
&c., &c., &c.

In consequence of the imposition of customs duty on Books and Magazines, I intend only keeping a few copies of Magazines on hand in future. Non-Subscribers will therefore please purchase early.

JOHN HENDERSON,
Princess Street.

May 23rd, 1868.

ARRIVING.

EX-SHIP

ARDMILLAN

FROM LONDON.

MIXED PICKLES.—CROSS & BLACKWELL'S
Onion " " "
Walnuts " " "
Chow Chow " " "
Mushroom Catsup " " "
Essence Coffee " " "
Orange Marmalade in Glass " "
Lemon " " " "
Bloater Paste " " "
Mock Turtle Soup " " "
Ox Tail Soup " " "
Calvesfoot Jelly " " "
Essence of Beef " " "
Potted Ham " " "
Potted Tongue " " "
And all kinds of Sauces &c., &c., &c.

McRae & Co.

Kingston, May 13th, 1868.

The Daily News.
SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 23.
☞ SEE LAST PAGE.

BY TELEGRAPH.

CABLE NEWS.

London, May 22.—The despatch concerning the action of the government on the motion of the Scotch reform bill in the House of Commons last night was inaccurate. The following is a correct report:—Mr Baxter, member for Montrose, on Monday night moved, as an amendment to the Scotch reform bill, that the number of Scotch members of the House of Commons be increased by taking the franchise from some of the small English boroughs. This amendment, which was opposed by the Ministry on Monday night, but which was carried on a division of the House, was last night accepted by Mr. Disraeli. The premier subsequently proposed, on part of the Ministry, a new clause, providing that persons excused from the payment of rates by reason of their poverty be not entitled to vote. The further consideration of the bill was then postponed.

Berlin, May 22.—The Zollverein Diet adopted a resolution to adjourn to-morrow. The members will make an excursion to Kiel next week to inspect the Prussian fleet now lying in that harbour.

London, May 22.—The court requires Home, the spiritualist, repay Mrs Lyon $25,000 and costs.

A despatch from Rome states that the Pope has invited the Roman Catholic Bishops of the United States to raise 1,000 volunteers for the Papal army, authorizing them to make such terms with the recruits as they may deem necessary and proper.

London, May 22.—In the House of Commons to-night Mr Disraeli moved a vote of thanks to General Sir Robert Napier, commanding the Abyssinian Expedition.

Sir Stafford Northcote, Secretary of State for India, said no despatches had recently been received from General Napier. The last despatch was dated April 22nd.

Mr Reardon, member for Athlone, gave notice that he would propose to the Government the following question. If the health of the Queen is such as to detain her Majesty from London, why do not the Ministry advise abdication. The question was ruled out of order.

London, May 23, a.m.—The debate on the Irish Church was again resumed, the suspensory bill being under considertion. Mr Gladstone made a speech explaining the character and intent of the measure. He said the Liberals would not consent to sub-divine any religion in Ireland. He expressed his amazement that the Tories should now threaten resistance to this bill after yielding assent to the resolutions of which it was the logical result. The House of Lords might possibly reject it, but still it was the duty of the House of Commons to proceed with the movement of reform which had commenced. Mr Gladstone closed by moving that the bill pass to a second reading.

Mr Gathorne Hardy moved that the second reading be postponed six months, and supported this motion with a speech of much warmth. He declared the bill was a surprise and meant confiscation. He misinterpreted the Queen's reply to the address of the House concerning the disposal of ecclesiastical patronage, and robbed the Crown of some of its greatest prerogatives, including the veto power. He ascribed the origin of this movement to enemies of the Church and State, and made an earnest appeal to all Protestants to oppose it.

The debate was continued at great length.

Mr Disraeli at a late hour rose. He defended the action of the Tory party in opposing the bill. The policy which had created this measure was disastrous to the country, and its direct tendency was to the abolition of both Church and State.

Mr Gladstone replied. He said the step taken by the Liberal party was not hostile either to Protestantism or the interests of the Church of England.

The debate terminated with Mr Gladstone's speech, and a division took place on the motion that the bill have its second reading. Votes for second reading 312; against 258. The announcement of the vote was read with loud and prolonged cheers from the Liberals. A motion was then made that the House go into committee for the consideration of the bill on 5th June next. The motion was carried without a division, and the House at two o'clock this morning adjourned.

Glasgow, May 23.—The steamer United Kingdom, from New York, has arrived.

New York Press Despatches.

New York, May 22.—The trotting race to-day for a purse of $1,000, mile heats, best three in five, in harness, was won by Lady Thorne, beating Lucy, Geo. Wilkes, and Butler. Time 2,24¼, 2,23 and 2,25. The race between Henrietta and Flora was won by the former. Best time 2,28½.

St Louis, May 22.—The first race to-day was a two mile dash, won by Queen of the West; time, 3,45½. The second race was a three mile heat for a purse of $600; won by Plantagenet: time 5,48¾, 5,41½.

Providence, Rhode Island, May 22.—Captain Spooner and son, of Fall River, were drowned in the bay yesterday while sailing.

New York, May 23.—A programme for the Fenian invasion of Canada in July lists supplies General O'Neill with 30,000 troops; attacks Montreal with 15,000 men; marches 5,000 from Detroit to the same point; and sends a body of 10,000 men to Buffalo and 3,000 from Buffalo against Toronto.

New York, May 23.—The steamers to-day took out 746,000 dollars in treasure. The steamers Cella, from London, and Ohio, from Liverpool, have arrived.

STATUTORY DEEDS.—Approved and carefully printed copies of the Short Form of Deeds legalized by Statute, for sale at the Daily News Office. Statutory Mortgages and other law forms kept on hand.

CHEAP DRESS SA... AT THE OLD GLASGOW ... Corner Princess & Wellington ... R. WADDELL ...

100 MUSLIN DRESSES ... 500 Yards Printed French ... Yard. 300 Yards French Mohair ... 200 do. Fancy Merino ... 250 do.