THE DAILY NEWS.

VOLUME XVII. KINGSTON, (CANADA). TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 12, 1868. NUMBER 184.

THE
ICLE AND NEWS,
EEKLY FAMILY JOURNAL,
ALL THE NEWS OF THE WEEK,
S STORIES AND SKETCHES
general reading matter, is published every
Subscription Two Dollars per annum.
JAMES NEISH,
Daily News Office, Kingston

MARK

CHINA TEA COMPAN
ts, London and Liverpool.
ANADA DEPOT:
L STREET. MONTRE
AS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct
ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYA
CHINA
Dc or $1 00 per lb. either BLACK, GREEN or
mbining Strength and Flavor.....70 cents
..... 1 dollar
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KINGSTON,
Mr E. H. PARKER, Druggist.
Mr G. S. HOBART, Druggist.

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ROAD CO.
Superintendent,
Dec., 1866.
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WILLIAMS,
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S. WILSON,
Chief Engineer.

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oronto and Hamilton,
Mail Through Line.
THE STEAMER
PASSPORT,
Captain D. SINCLAIR.
leave the St. Lawrence Wharf, foot of
Street, for Toronto and Hamilton,
ediate ports (weather permit-
DNESDAY AFTERNOON, 13th
o'clock, connecting at Port Hope
Cobourg and Peterboro' Railroad and
Rice Lake Railroad for Bartlie and Col-
ton; Steamer for Niagara, Lewiston
c. And at Hamilton with the
Railroad for London, Suspension
Chicago, St. Paul, and all chief
west.
Tickets apply at the office of
on, Ontario Street, or at the Lake
Steamboat Office, St. Lawrence
Johnson Street.
C. H. HATCH,
Agent.
Kingston, May 12, 1868.

MONTREAL,
Mail Through Line.
THE STEAMER
CORINTHIAN,
Captain A. DUNLOP.
leave the St. Lawrence wharf, foot
Street, for MONTREAL,
ediate ports, on THURSDAY
next, the 14th May, at half-past five
touching at Brockville with the Brock-
Railway, & Perth. Smith's Falls,
with the Prescott and Ottawa
Junction City; and with the Northern
Rail Point, Boston, &c., and at Mon-
with steamers for Quebec, passing
the delightful scenery of the Thousand
and all the Rapids of the St. Lawrence
Through Tickets apply at the office of
Ontario Street, or at the Lake
Steamboat Office, St. Lawrence
Johnson Street.
C. H. HATCH,
Agent.
Kingston, May 12, 1868.

DAILY BOAT
Between Picton and Belleville.
THE NEW MAIL STEAMER
Bay of Quinte,
Captain FRANK COMER,
WILL LEAVE THE ST. LAWRENCE
WHARF, foot of Johnson Street, for the
intermediate ports, every day (Sun-
excepted) at FOUR O'CLOCK,
leaving Belleville every morning
(Sunday excepted) at SIX o'clock, a.m.
For Freight and Passage apply to the
on board.
J. SWIFT & Co.,
Freight Agents.
Kingston, May 12, 1868.

THE STEAMER
ROCHESTER,
Will leave Kingston for Oswego Monday,
Wednesday and Friday evenings, at 9
o'clock.
Will leave Kingston for Picton,
Belleville on Tuesday and Thurs-
days, at 8 o'clock; Saturdays at 6
o'clock.
For Freight or Passage apply to
JAS. SWIFT & CO.,
St. Lawrence Wharf.
Kingston, April 30, 1868.

Kingston and Cape Vincent Ferry.
THE STEAMER
WATERTOWN,
Captain WILSON, Master,
WILL leave Kingston daily (Sundays ex-
cepted), at 7 A.M. to meet the train coming from Rome
Watertown and the Grand
Trunk Railway, and leave Cape Vincent for the Train
for the West by meet the Train
for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, Oswego,
Ogdensburg and Western Ports.
RETURNING,
leave Vincent
at 4.30 P.M. on arrival of train
of Railway, leaving the Grand
Trunk East and West, and the
Steamer
For Freight or Passage apply on board, or
G. M. KINGHORN,
Ferry Wharf, foot Brock Street.
Kingston, April 24th, 1868.

Kingston, Napanee and Clayton
Route.
THE STEAMER
C. VIERREPORT, C. Huckley,
Masters, will run as under.
Leaving Kingston and Clayton, at 6
A.M. on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, FRI-
DAYS and SATURDAYS.
Returning will leave Clayton on WEDNES-
DAYS, FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4:30 A.M. for
Kingston, touching at Gananoque and on THURS-
DAYS at 6 A.M. for Kingston.
Will leave Kingston on WED-
NESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 6 A.M.
For Freight or Passage apply to Captain on
Board, or
G. M. KINGHORN,
Ferry Wharf, foot Brock Street.
Kingston, April 1, 1868.

Kingston and Ottawa Route.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMER
City of Ottawa,
J. B. RYAN, MASTER.
WILL resume her trips for the Season on
FRIDAY, 1st May next,
Leaving the Ferry Wharf, foot of Brock Street,
at 3 P.M. for Ottawa, calling at all the inter-
mediate stopping places on the way.
For freight or passage apply to
G. M. KINGHORN,
Foot of Brock Street.
Kingston, April 28th, 1868.

CONVICT LABOUR.
TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for the labour of about Three Hundred (300) Male Convicts in the Kingston Penitentiary, in any suitable manufacture. Two Hundred and Fifty (250) of whom are at present engaged in Shoe-making.
The Institution will furnish Shops and fuel with a sufficient number of Guards. The contractor must employ his own Trade Instructors and Foremen.
Tenders to be received on or before the 1st June next, stating price per day.
D. A. MACDONELL,
Warden Prov. Penitentiary.
Provincial Penitentiary Office,
29th April, 1868.

Signor Carlo Mora,
PROFESSOR of the PIANO & THOROUGH BASS, & CULTIVATION of the VOICE.
For terms, address MR J. REYNER'S Music Store.
Kingston, May 6.

Books Received.
ECCE DEUS-HOMO,
Spiritual Wives,
Pupils of St. John the Divine,
Haydn's Dictionary of Dates,
Palgrave's Central and Eastern Arabia,
Baron Munchausen, new edition,
Adventures of Verdant Green,
Anatomy of Melancholy,
Strickland's Lives of the Queens of England,
Prendergast's Mastery Series for French and German,
Extracts from Secretary Pepys' Diary
JOHN HENDERSON,
Princess Street.
May 2nd, 1868.

REMOVED.
S. BLACK has removed his Music Store to McKay's Buildings, corner of Market Square.
Circulars will be issued in a few days.
☞ Mr Black having to meet large engagements, would be obliged if all outstanding debts be paid immediately.
Kingston, April 3rd.

XXX, XXX, XXX.
THE undersigned would notify the public generally that they have opened a depot for their MILD and PALE ALES, and XXX PORTER, in either wood or bottle, in the premises formerly occupied by William Begg, Grocer, and immediately oppsite the City Book-store. They would call the particular attention of the public to the quality of their ALES AND PORTER which cannot be surpassed in the Dominion; they have been carefully manufactured from the best Canadian Barley and English Hops.
All orders left at the above store will be promptly attended to.
JAMES FISHER & SON.
Kingston, April 13.

Insolvent Act 1864.
ALL parties indebted to the Estate of William Ferguson & Co., Insolvents, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. All accounts unsettled on the 1st of June next will be placed in the hands of John Duff, Esq., for collection.
R. M. ROSE,
Official Assignee.
April 1, 1868.

VIRGIN HONEY, a Fresh Stock (*very fine,*) Prepared Groats and Barley from
R. WHITE,
Chemist & Druggist.
Princess St.

MONEY TO LEND. $50,000 to lend on the security of Real Estate in the City or Country at a low rate of interest. No commission charged.
R. M. ROSE.
April 23.

NOTICE
IS hereby given, that the Court of Revision for the Municipality of the Village of Portsmouth, will be held at the TOWN HALL in said Village on
Monday, 18th May. Proximo.
at 7½ o'clock, p.m.
Any person wishing to appeal against his assessment for the current year must give notice in writing to the Clerk of the Municipality on or before the 30th inst.
JOHN CRAIG,
Clerk.
Portsmouth, 21st April, 1868.

HOUSE TO LET.
A BROUGH CAST HOUSE, two storeys high, containing seven rooms. Connected therewith is a Garden, Stable and Well.
Possession on 1st May.
R. M. ROSE.
March 27.

NEW BOOKS.
FOR SALE AT THE
CITY BOOK STORE, KING STREET.
MAGUIRE'S—Irish in America,
White's—Massacre of St. Bartholemew,
Waverly Novels, Vol. 1 & 2, bound in cloth,
6 Novels in each for $1,25,
Brownlow's, by Mrs Oliphant,
One of the Family, by the author of "Carlyon's Year,"
Five Hundred Pounds Reward, by a Barrister.
JOHN CREIGHTON,
King st.
April 4, 1868.

NAVY LIST, 1868.
THE April Navy List just received at the City Book Store, King-street.
JOHN CREIGHTON.
April 27th, 1868.

NEW BOOKS.
LEGENDS and LYRICS, by Miss Proctor, with an introduction by Chas. Dickens.
The Pupils of S. John, the Divine, (Sunday Library,) by the Author of the Heir of Redclyffe.
The Irish before the Conquest, by M. C. Ferguson.
Reports of Artisans—Paris Exhibition, 1867.
Norwood, by Henry Ward Beecher.
Hood's Poems—Cabinet Edition.
Legends of the Wars in Ireland.
Mark's Reef, by Cooper, cheap 13c. Ed.
Bleak House, by Dickens, cheap Ed.
Mutual Friend, by Dickens, cheap Ed., &c., &c.
JOHN CREIGHTON,
King Street.

JUST PUBLISHED.
THE FIRST BISHOP OF TORONTO, A Review and a Study—By Rev. Dr. Scadding. Price 25 Cents. For Sale at the City Book Store, King Street.
JOHN CREIGHTON.
April 24.

The New Dominion of Canada Expects "Every Man to do His Duty."
THE Undersigned desires to impress upon the inhabitants of Kingston and surrounding neighbourhood the importance of supporting resident manufacturers, resident artisans, and resident professionals, especially when they find them *equal* if not *superior* to other *transitory visitors.* It is only by pursuing this policy that Kingston can flourish and become prosperous, as it enables the resident to pay Rent and Taxes. With this view the citizens will see the propriety of employing the undersigned to tune and repair their PIANOS & MELODEONS, &c.
Reference kindly permitted to
John Breden, Esq., Mayor.
John Creighton, Esq., Police Magistrate
Hon. James Patton, Q.C.
Signor Carlo Mora, Professor of Music,
Mr James Shannon.
" S. T. Drennan.
" Jas. Yarker.
Dr. Barker, Ed. "British Whig."
Terms for Tuning and Repairing *Very Moderate.*
Pianos, Melodeons, Sheet Music
and all kinds of
Musical Merchandize
At REYNER'S Music Store,
Princess St.
N.B.—A Second hand Musical Box wanted. A Spring Waggon for removing Pianos kept. Pianoes packed and shipped with accuracy and despatch.
May 7.

STATIONERY.
JUST Received at HENDERSON'S Book Store:
120,000 Buff, Amber, Canary, Blue and White Envelopes, all shapes, qualities and sizes.
300 Photograph Albums, at very low prices.
ALSO,
Large supplies of Note and Letter Paper, School Paper, Foolscap, Inks, Inkstands, Pens, Pencils, Rubber, Mucilage, Rubber Bands, Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, Minute Books, Pass Books, Pocket Books, Purses, &c., &c., Wholesale and Retail.
JOHN HENDERSON,
Princess street.
May 5, 1868.

PHOTOGRAPHS
Of the Late Hon. T. D. McGee,
CARD and Cabinet Sizes.
For sale at
HENDERSON'S,
Bookstore,
Princess street.
Kingston, April 0, 1868.

GARDEN SEEDS!
E. H. PARKER
OFFERS FOR SALE THE USUAL LARGE variety of Garden Seeds of very superior quality.
Lenormand,
Early Paris and other choice Cauliflower.
St. Dennis,
Early York,
Winingstadt,
Low Dutch, and all popular varieties of Cabbage.
The choicest description of Garden
Peas,
Carrot,
Parsnip,
Lettuce,
Radish,
Beet, in great variety,
With all Seeds requisite for a well stocked garden.
Market Square, April 24th, 1868.

W. C. McDONALD,
MANUFACTURER OF FINE
CHEWING AND SMOKING
TOBACCOS,
MONTREAL.

Tavern Stand for Sale
IN the thriving Village of Tamworth, in the County of Addington. The House, Sheds and Stabling are new. Will be sold on easy terms. Apply to
ROBERT OSBORNE,
Inverary,
Or to DR. KNIGHT,
Tamworth.
Inverary July 27th, 1867.

BOUQUETS
Of Everlasting Flowers.
THE balance of our Stock at
COST PRICE.
R. WHITE,
Druggist,
Princess street.
April 17.

COUNTY COURT SUMMONSES.—Adapted for use in the County of Frontenac, for sale at the Daily News Office. All kinds of Law Forms printed to order with accuracy and expedition.

NEW STYLES OF TYPE HAVE been added to the DAILY NEWS JOB PRINTING OFFICE. Our two Steam Presses and Automatic Platen Printing Machinery enable us to turn out work in good style, with quick despatch and at cheap rates. Inquiry solicited.

WHITE'S
Domestic Cough Remedy.
The Subscriber would draw the attention of the public to the following preparations:
White's Domestic Cough Remedy.
A sure Remedy for Coughs, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness of the chest, &c.
A trial is all that is necessary to prove its value as a COUGH REMEDY.
White's Vegetable Worm Powders.
The safest, most effectual and easiest administered Worm Medicine known.
These Powders are composed of a drug highly recommended and prescribed by all the Medical Profession, and can be given with perfect safety to the most delicate infants. Directions enclosed in each packet.
Remember and ask for
WHITE'S VEGETABLE WORM POWDERS
Prepared and sold only by
R. WHITE,
Chemist and Druggist,
42 Princess Street, Kingston.
May 7.

RELIANCE MUTUAL
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ETNA
Fire and Marine
INSURANCE COMPANY OF DUBLIN.
CAPITAL $2,500,000
ANNUAL INCOME 1,000,000
T. W. GRIFFITH,
Manager for Canada
F. HOOPER,
Agent for Kingston.
Office opposite Burnett House.
Dec. 20, 1867.

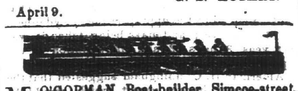
Home Insurance Company of New Haven, Conn.
CAPITAL .. .. $1,000,000.
PREMIUMS RECEIVED DURING 1867—$2,000,000.
Funds deposited in the hands of the Goverment for the security of Policyholders.
☞ All fire risks carefully surveyed, and the rate of Premium made to correspond with the risk assumed.
JAMES SWIFT,
Agent,
St. Lawrence Wharf
Kingston, Feb. 4, 1868.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSE-KEEPERS.
ONE BOX OF HARTE'S CONCENTRATED LYE (costing 25 cents.) will make twenty-five gallons good Soft Soap, or a proportionate quantity of Hard Soap without trouble or difficulty. Full directions accompanying each box. For sale by
J. G. KING,
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST
Near the Market Square.
March 9.

ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET.
AT the MEDICAL HALL is always to be had a good supply of the following TOILET REQUISITES:—
Trichokalogen,
Canada Pomade,
Eau Lustrale,
Crystalline Cream,
Cold Cream of Roses,
Milk of Roses,
Tooth Paste,
Tooth Powder,
Florida Water,
Eau-de-Cologne and other Perfumes from the most celebrated makers in London and Paris.
Kingston, Feb. 26.

SPECIAL AND IMPORTANT NOTICE TO CASH CUSTOMERS.
JAMES HOPE,
Dealer in Boots and Shoes, No. 36 Princess Street, Kingston.
DESIRES most respectfully to thank his numerous Customers for a liberal patronage extending over FIFTEEN YEARS.
In closing his accounts for the past year the advertiser has determined to abandon the *Credit* system altogether, and he wishes his Customers to understand this announcement in the most positive sense. Determined not to be outdone in the price or quality of his Stock, he is prepared to sell BOOTS and SHOES of unrivalled manufacture at the lowest remunerative prices on strictly cash terms.
Unpaid accounts must be settled immediately, otherwise they will be put in suit.
☞ The patronage of Cash Customers solicited.
JAMES HOPE.
Kingston 22nd January, 1868.

FLOWER SEEDS.
A LARGE and choice selection of FLOWER SEEDS is now for Sale at the MEDICAL HALL, comprising in part
Large Flowered Mignonette,
Mixed Large Petunia,
Double Verbenas,
Camelia Balsams,
Portulacca,
Mexican Morning Glory,
Cypress Vine,
Asters, Phloxes, &c., &c.
Among Kitchen Garden Seeds, will be found Lenormand and Demidur Cauliflower, (the only kind that are always sure to head); Cabbage, 12 favourite varieties; Radishes, Cucumbers, Melons of all kinds, and other Seeds too numerous to mention.
All Seeds warranted Fresh and True to name.
G. S. HOBART.
April 9.


M. O'GORMAN, Boat-builder, Simcoe-street, Ontario. A good assortment of SKIFFS always on hand. Boats for hire. Work done for parties at a distance must be paid for before leaving the shop.
March 9, 1868.

TOBACCO SEED.
A Superior quality of Tobacco Seed can be procured at the Apothecaries Hall.
J. GEO. KING,
Chemist & Druggist,
Near the Market Square.
April 11.

Stylish, Rich and Chaste designs in
ROOM PAPERS.
A LARGE and magnificent assortment, Just received at
HEATH & GUNN'S,
47 Princess-street.
SPECIAL attention is requested to our Grounded Papers, the patterns of which are entirely new, and designed expressly for the Canadian market.
HEATH & GUNN.
April 30.

Special Notices.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.
℞ For the rapid cure of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.
So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are its cures, that in almost every section of country are persons publicly known, who have been restored by it from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs. When once tried, its superiority over every other expectorant is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs incident to our climate.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists and dealers in medicine everywhere.
NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle,
Wholesale Agents for Canada West.

The Florence Nightingale of the Nursery.
The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the *German Reformed Messenger*, at Chambersburg, Penn.:
A Benefactress.
Just open the door for her, and Mrs Winslow will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "Susy" to say "A Blessing on Mrs Winslow," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking, and teething siege We confirm every word set forth in the Prospectus. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial" "Paregoric" "Drops" "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity and rendered dull and idiotic for life.
We have never seen Mrs Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for children teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists.
Be sure and call for
"Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"
Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "Cough," "cold," or Irritated Throat.
If allowed to progress, results in serious Pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.
Brown's Bronchial Troches
Reach *directly* the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In Bronchitis, Asthma, and Catarrh they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* Brown's Bronchial Troches, which have *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—
E. H. Chapin, D. D., New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate.
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.
Surgeons in the army, and others of eminence.
Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

Philosophy of Marriage.
A new Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy embracing the subjects:—How to live and what to live for; Youth, Maturity, and old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; The cause of indigestion; Flatulence and Nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage philosophically considered, &c., &c. Pocket volumes containing these Lectures, will be forwarded post-paid, on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing "SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Science, 618 Broadway, New York."

To Consumptives.
The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address
Rev EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street, Williamsburgh New York.

Information.
Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a receipe for the removal of Pimples Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
823 Broadway, New York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York.

Errors of Youth.
A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar-st., New York

Hunt's Empire Hair Gloss is nicely perfumed.
Jacobs' Liquid for external and internal use.
Three of Colby's Pills are a medium dose.

The Daily News.
TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 12.
☞ *SEE LAST PAGE.*

UNIVERSITY QUESTION.

ADDRESS TO THE GRADUATES OF THE QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY BY PROFESSOR WILLIAMSON LL.D. AT THE CLOSING CONVOCATION OF THE SESSION 1867-8.

In briefly addressing you, Gentlemen, Graduates of Queen's University, at the close of another Session, no subject occurs to me in our present circumstances so proper to be brought before your notice as the recent action of the government of Ontario, with regard to the future withdrawal of the Legislative grants hitherto made to Queen's and other Colleges.

You, Gentlemen, and many other Graduates of Queen's belonging to every denomination in the province, who now form centres of an elevating influence throughout the land, are the living witnesses of the benefits of that diffusion of the means of a higher education which the Government is bound to promote, but which, we regret to say, it now seems to wish to check. I need not here dwell to you to whom they are well known on the advantages of that diffusion, but in order that you may be better prepared for the duty which devolves on you to maintain and defend the just rights and claims of your Alma Mater, and its sister Colleges in this crisis of their affairs, and by every means in your power to prevent the fatal injury which the step taken by the Government is calculated to inflict on the educational progress of our common country, I shall in what follows lay before you a short history of the origin and management of the public university endowment in Ontario, with reference to the present state of the University question, which we are now forced to revive.

In a region of vast extent like Ontario, with an area much greater than that of Great Britain and Ireland, with a rapidly increasing population now amounting to two millions, the centralization of the means of a College education, and their monopoly by one locality, and for the benefit of a comparatively small number, are manifestly most unjust and injurious to the best interests of the great mass of the people. Not only so; they are the very reverse of what was designed by the original grant of the public University Endowment. It was expressly declared in the despatch of the Duke of Portland in 1797, communicating the gracious intention of His Majesty, George III., to set apart a portion of the Crown Lands for the purposes of a higher education in Upper Canada, that the object of that endowment was for the establishment, and maintenance, not of one University or College, but of Colleges—in the words of the despatch, "of Seminaries of a larger and more comprehensive nature," that is, than the Grammar Schools before mentioned and provided for in the same documents, "for the promotion of religious and moral learning, and the study of the arts and sciences." This is carefully kept out of view by the advocates of the Toronto monopoly; yet such are the terms of the despatch, in conformity with which a grant from the Crown of upwards of 250,000 acres was placed in 1798 at the disposal of the Provincial legislature as the allotment for the support of Colleges in Upper Canada, terms which show a wisdom that puts to shame the shortsightedness of our local government in the present day. How miserably, alas, have the objects of this munificent endowment been carried out!

Nothing was done for a long time to fulfil the benevolent intentions of the Crown. The scantiness of the population for a number of years in the beginning of the century, together with the difficulty of disposing of the lands thus set apart, in a great measure account for the delay. At length, when the country became better settled and more prosperous, certain parties in Toronto belonging to the old family compact, without the knowledge of the Provincial Parliament at whose disposal the lands had been left, and by the grossest misrepresentations to the Home government, applied for and obtained in 1827 a royal charter of the most exclusively Episcopalian character, establishing King's College, Toronto, and the whole 226,000 acres of University lands, (the number of acres having been reduced by exchange for Crown lands more valuable and available at the time,) were through the same influence made over for its support. These proceedings, intended to throw the means of a liberal education entirely into the hands of Episcopalianism of the most exclusive kind, while only a small proportion of the population were of that denomination, created, as might have been expected, universal dissatisfaction, and were generally disapproved of even by Episcopalians. Repeated appeals were made on the subject by the Provincial Parliament and the people to the Imperial authorities, who soon became sensible of the error into which they had been led, and insisted on the surrender of the charter which had been thus wrongfully obtained. After ten years' obstinate resistance by the College Council to their remonstrances, they were at length compelled to submit to its amendment to a certain extent by the Provincial charter of 1837.

The charter of 1837, however, made no provision for extending the benefits of the Imperial Grant to other Colleges, and left the management of its revenue, and of the College as thus constituted, virtually in the same hands as before. General dissatisfaction therefore, still continued. No attempts, also, were made to set King's College in operation, although the annual income from the University Endowment was now considerable, and the population of the Province was greatly increased. In view of all these circumstances, and resolved not to remain supine, if others did, in providing for the more liberal instruction of the youth of Upper Canada, the Methodists obtained a Provincial charter in 1840 for Victoria College, and the Presbyterians a Royal charter for Queen's College in 1841, several years before King's College was at length opened, 45 years after the date of the Original Grant. Still, however, these denominations, or rather the people of the Province generally, never ceased to urge their claims to share in the benefits of the public endowment, and to require that it should not be confined to one College, and that College devoted exclusively to one Church, as King's College undoubtedly was even after the amended charter of 1837. Accordingly, the Hon. Mr Draper, now Chief Justice, when at the head of the Government in 1846, brought in a bill which clearly and explicitly provided for the incorporation of the several chartered Colleges as integral parts of one University, and for the participation of each in the public University fund. It was a wise and statesmanlike measure, and is still, we are persuaded, in these its leading features, a settlement of the question which would generally satisfy the country, and effectually promote the wider diffusion of literary and scientific knowledge. It was, however, interrupted in its course by the abrupt termination of the Session of Parliament which preceeded the advent of the Hon. Mr Baldwin to power.

A bill was thereafter brought in by Mr Baldwin in 1849. That bill became law, and changed entirely the constitution of the University. It established one university called the Toronto University, of a wholly secular kind, strictly excluding form its walls all the services of religion, and providing for the affiliation of the other Colleges. None of these, however, were to receive any portion of the public endowment, while thet were to give up their power of conferring degrees, and to become merely Theological Colleges or Halls.

As might have been foreseen, still greater dissatisfaction, if possible, than before arose from the passage of this Act, and not only did none of the other Colleges so affiliate, but the late Bishop of Toronto immediately began to collect subscriptions, and prepare for the erection of Trinity College, which was incorporated by Royal Charter in 1852.

All attempts having failed to render the University endowment useful for the purposes for which it was set apart, the present Act of 1853 was brought in by the Hon. Mr Hincks. By this act the University proper, or the body which appoints Examiners, awards scholarships, and confers degrees, is declared to be altogether separate and distinct from the University College, and provision is made for the affiliation of other Colleges to the University, and for their receiving a portion of the University funds for their support. Such is its tenor, and such undoubtedly were the purposes for which it was framed and passed into a law. That such was its intent is proved by the testimony of at least three of the Ministry of Mr Hincks at the time—the Hon. James Morris, the Hon. Dr. Rolph, and the Hon. Malcom Cameron. The preamble of the Act declares the desirableness, for various important reasons, of different Colleges in a growing and widely extended country. It expressly provides for the separation of the University from University College, Toronto, and by sec. 54 explicitly recognises the right of the other chartered Colleges to share in the public endowment for the diffusion of higher education, and provides that the whole surplus revenue shall be set aside for their support. It is in these terms: "Any surplus of the said University income Fund, remaining at the end of any year after defraying the expenses payable out of the same shall constitute a Fund to be from time to time appropriated by Parliament for Academical Education in Upper Canada." Nay more, in order that there might be as large a surplus as possible for the support of the Faculties of Arts in the other Colleges, the professional Faculties of Law and Medicine were abolished in the University College, which was thenceforth to consist of only one faculty, the Faculty of Arts. The sum also, to be expended from the capital for building purposes was expressly limited to what was necessary for "improvements or additions" to the buildings then occupied by the College, and erected only a few years before. In this way it was naturally and confidently expected, that out of a revenue then amounting to £16,000, and which by the sale of the remaining lands would soon amount to upwards of £21,000 a year, £10,000 annually would, after amply providing for the support of the Common University and the College at Toronto, be left for the maintenance and encouragement of the other affiliated Colleges.

The Act of 1853 was begun at first to be carried into effect fairly, and according to its intention, before evil influences had begun to work. At the end of the first year after its being passed, notwithstanding the very large sum even then absorbed by the University, and the payment of a year's salary to the Professors of Law and Medicine as a compensation for the doing away of those Faculties in the University College, a surplus of £3,400 was realised and set aside "to be appropriated by Parliament for Academical Education in Upper Canada." Nothing, however, was made known to the other Colleges regarding the existence of this surplus, and no appropriation of it was made in the manner required by the statute. Thereafter both the spirit and letter of the Act of 1853 in every essential particular were violated.

1. In the first place, one of its main objects, following the example of the English University of London, is the complete separation of the University, as examining body, from University College, or any one similar Academical Institution affiliated to the University. In conforming with this leading object, the Senate at its first nominated was composed of the Heads of the three chartered Colleges, Queen's, Victoria and Regiopolis, only one Professor of University College, Toronto, and other prominent persons of different persuasions and professions. It consisted, moreover, of only twenty-two members, and was really in no far an independent body. The number was not fixed, but only twenty-two being appointed, it is natural to suppose, that it was not intended at all events very largely to exceed that amount. At present, through the intrigues of the partizans of University College, and with a very evident design, the number of members of the Senate has been increased to no less than forty-seven, comprising four Professors of that Institution together with sixteen of its graduates, besides the Principal of Upper Canada College, its Grammar School—make 21 out of 47, almost all resident in Toronto. Three or four others are ministers or members of the Free Church, whose students obtain tuition in the under-graduate classes of the Toronto College free, besides scholarships, and who, therefore, on all occasions side with its Professors. Of the remains or ten are non-resident, and cannot, if they would, attend frequent meetings of Senate at their own expense. Its times of meeting, also, are not statutory, but may be adjourned from week to week at pleasure of the Toronto majority, whenever any inconvenient subject of discussion is introduced. The result is, that, the quorum of the Senate being only five, the number of its members, as contemplated by the Act not being intended to exceed the twenty-two originally appointed by the Governor in Council, the whole management of the University is now practically in the hands of the Professors of University College. Instead, therefore, of the University being, according to the express intention of the Act, a wholly separate and independent body, as the University of London is with respect to its affiliated Colleges, and as Queen's University in Ireland is with respect to its three Colleges of Belfast, Galway, and Cork, the University, and the University College of