# THE DAILY NEWS.

VOLUME XVII. KINGSTON, (CANADA). TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 17, 1868. NUMBER 137.


## The Daily News.

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 17.

THE CASE OF Mr SPEKE.

In the absence of seven weeks the Rev. Speke is restored to his family, and puzzled and one theories set up as to the cause of his mysterious disappearance. Strange to relate, the fact, as stated by Mr Murdoch, his brother-in-law, that his ordinary conduct has been the result of a hallucination. At the death of Capt. Speke became heir to the Rev. Mr Speke. Since that time, for no tangible cause whatever, he has indulged in a kind of monomania, that his family intend to care for him, and upon more strong opposition previous to his disappearance he assured himself to this effect. He was assured by his friends that his journey to London on the 8th of January, that of standing as bride maid, had at the marriage of an old friend, had the effect of maturing, so to speak, to a state of frenzy. The young gentleman embraced the opportunity, to use his own words, of "absenting himself from his family." This, for the sole reason, if it can be so called, Mr Speke's sudden and strange disappearance and one which it was his full intention to carry out by going to America. The circumstance of his being arrested on suspicion of being a runaway serf. Upon every topic but the one referred to the rev. gentleman is perfectly sane, and although he made little or no attempt to return to London with Mr Murdoch on Tuesday, he still persists that his family are indifferent to him. Indeed, he expressed is he upon this subject that his friends have resolved upon taking the advice of medical opinion as to his condition as early as possible. The circumstances are indeed, Mr Speke to disclose his whereabouts very remarkable. A short ago a person absconded from Hull with a large sum of money, and the police in possession of his photograph, and if it were forwarded throughout England, Ireland, and Scotland; one of the men recognized by a police sergeant and Sandy, of the Cornwall county constabulary, stationed at the port of Padstow, on the north coast of Cornwall. Two days after his attention was attracted to a person who had taken lodgings in the town, and by the dress of and professing to be a drover, carrying about with him a walking stick, similar to those carried by that class of men. Sandy went to the stranger's lodgings, and conversed with him, and on comparing his features with the photograph he was so impressed with the resemblance that he sent for his superior officer—Inspector Opie, of Wadebridge—who went to Padstow on the following day (Saturday), the result of their consultation was that the stranger was taken into custody. The two police officers were corroborated in their belief that their prisoner a considerable sum of money, and they at once set out before Mr H. P. Rawling, a county magistrate, who remanded him for three days, on suspicion of being the man absconded from Hull. Meanwhile the authorities at the county town, were communicated with, and the deputy chief constable and superintendent of the Bodmin jail went to Padstow. After a careful examination of the prisoner they became satisfied that they were mistaken, but being impressed with a conviction that there was a mystery worth solving about their prisoner, they visited on Mr Rawling, who ordered the man to Bodmin. On the following day the officers seem to have been convinced that the man was no drover, but one who had been accustomed to the comforts of life. His gentlemanly demeanor and conversation showed that the rank was of a much higher grade in life than he assumed to be, and on arriving at Bodmin he was re-inspected and confronted with the description of the missing Benjamin Speke, which at once set all doubts at rest. His luggage was subsequently searched and found to include several suits of clothes, and other articles, enabling the prisoner to assume various disguises. Some books were also found with the name of "Dick Maxwell" written on them. The prisoner was subsequently taxed with being the Rev. B. Speke, and, after some considerable hesitation, he admitted that he was that gentleman. The authorities at Bodwin at once communicated with London, and Mr Speke himself, finding that there was no further chance of concealment, wrote a letter to his brother-in-law, Mr Murdoch, which was delivered to that gentleman's house by the first post on Monday morning. The epistle commenced "Here I am. I am ashamed to write." The tone implies that he had conceived the idea of mysteriously disappearing from home at the time he left his home. He said he had been "guilty of many sins," but that he was now brought to a state of contrition, and though he trusted that his friends would forgive him, he could not possibly return to London after what had appeared about him in the newspapers." He also said, "it was impossible for him to go to the wedding." Mr Murdoch at once sought an interview with Sir Richard Mayne, which resulted in the letter being handed over to the Home Secretary, and Mr Inspector Thomson being instructed to accompany Mr Murdoch and a brother of the mysterious gentleman to Cornwall, they arrived at Padstow at seven o'clock on Tuesday evening, and after an interview with Col. Phillipps, the chief constable, they proceeded to Wadebridge, where they found their relative safe and sound, and appeared very delighted to see them. At first he expressed a determination to proceed on his journey on to Liverpool, and thence to America, but by the advice of his friends he consented to come to London, where they arrived on Tuesday morning at six o'clock, at Paddington, and from thence they proceeded to the residence of Mr Murdoch, near Queen's-gate. Mr Speke is in good health, and, as already intimated, seemingly rational upon every point except his family's want of affection for him. Mr Speke kept a diary from the time he left London, of which the following is a copy:—

On Wednesday he went to Basingstoke the same night, and the next day walked to Winchester, eighteen miles, thence to Bishopstoke, Southampton, and Portsmouth, visiting Ryde, Cowes, and various places in the neighborhood till Wednesday, Jan. 29, when he left Portsmouth for Plymouth, on Thursday, Feb. 10, arrived at Plymouth as a passenger, and remained there till Feb. 16, in the meantime making tours of the surrounding districts, and visiting, among other places, Saltash, Cotehele, Egg, Buckland, Tamerton, Roborough, Ivybridge, and St. Germans; attended St. Budock's Church, St. Germans, on Sunday, Feb. 16.

"On Monday went to Fowey, small port on south coast of Cornwall. Next day to Lostwithiel, ancient town on Fowey river, about six miles distant. On 20th arrived at county town, Bodmin, a journey of some distance, there put up at Queen's Head, second-class inn, where left luggage, consisting of several bags, all enclosed in one large one. Following day went to Padstow, port on north coast of Cornwall, distant 15 miles."

Here Mr Speke was apprehended a few hours after his arrival, on suspicion, as stated above, of being an absconded man. In his possession were sixteen £10 notes, and a purse containing forty sovereigns. He was somewhat excited, but talked quite rationally. He appeared to entertain peculiar views of his religious responsibility, and said his great object was to get to a country where nobody knew anything about him, that he might work for his living and preach the Gospel to his fellow workingmen; that he had obtained greater insight into the Bible by lonely study on rocks and seashores than anywhere else. When asked, if he wanted to go abroad, why he did not do so at once, instead of wandering about England, he replied that he knew it would have been no use to attempt it, for telegraph wires and detectives would have been at work, and he should have been stopped. He, however, hoped by moving about the country to be able, after a time, to get away from a seaport unmolested; that his plan for the future was to return to Bodmin and attend Church there on Sunday, the 22d of February; then visit various places of interest on the Cornish coast; next, proceed to Ilfracombe, in North Devon, and cross to Swansea by a steamboat. He had already ascertained the times of sailing. Then to walk through Wales on to Liverpool, and embark for America. He said he had read the newspapers every morning, but the excitement his absence was causing had had no effect in changing his determination. He said to his brother-in-law that he was now ashamed of what he had done, and shed tears when he said so. He was, nevertheless, cool and composed when he left for London, but looked very dejected.

His friends attribute the freak to his unwillingness to marry. He is perfectly sane. The Cornish police have the reward promised by his friends for his recovery.

THE LORD LIEUTENANT OF IRELAND ON FENIANISM.

The Lord Lieutenant was enthusiastically received at the Lord Mayor's banquet on Tuesday night at Dublin. Referring to Fenianism, he said it was rampant only in Cork and adjoining localities; that the active conspirators were few in number, and that the leaders would be ultimately brought to justice. There never was a time when there was a greater desire in England to do justice to Ireland, and he looked forward hopefully to the time when she would be a prosperous and contented member of the United Kingdom. His Excellency stated that he believed the result of the Railway Commission would be satisfactory to the country.

ATTACK UPON A HOUSE BY ARMED FENIANS.

On Monday night, at nine o'clock, the butler at Maryboro House, about four miles from the city of Cork, answered a knock at the hall door, when immediately five fellows, armed with revolvers, rushed in and demanded delivery of all arms in the house. The proprietor, Edward Eyre Newenham, Esq., county magistrate, came from the parlour, and the demand was repeated, when he went to his bedroom and fired a shot through the window to give an alarm. The band then went into the demesne, and fired at Mr Newenham, in at the window. Mr Newenham replied with three shots from a revolver. One of the assailants fell on his knee, evidently hit, and was removed by the others, who made off. The insurgents are believed to have numbered at least 30. The five that entered the house were armed with revolvers, those in reserve outside carried rifles. The ball fired at Mr Newenham struck over his head, breaking the ceiling plastering, a piece of which wounded him near the left eye. The ball was found in the ceiling. It is a rifled-gun conical bullet.

THE NEGRO OUTBREAK IN JAMAICA.

On Thursday at Bow-street police-court, Sir R. Collier, on behalf of Mr J. S. Mill, the President, and Mr P. Taylor, the treasurer of the Jamaica Committe, waited on Sir T. Henry to apply for a warrant against Governor Eyre.—Sir R. P. Collier said he was instructed to apply for a warrant against Mr John Edward Eyre on the charge of having been accessory to the murder of Mr John William Gordon, at Morant Bay, in Jamaica, on the 23rd October, 1865. The application (the learned counsel proceeded to observe) was made under the 24th and 25th Vict., ch. 100, sec. 9, and 11th and 12th Vict., ch. 4, by which any person might be tried in this country for a murder or manslaughter committed in the Colonies. It might be said that these proceedings were taken at a somewhat late period considering the date at which the alleged offence took place. Upon that point he must mention that at the time when a warrant was applied for and obtained against General Nelson and Lieutenant Brand as principals, it was intended to make the application also against Mr Eyre as accessory, but it was found that he was not within the jurisdiction at that time. Sir R. P. Collier then proceeded to give an outline of the circumstances under which the execution took place and of the legal grounds upon which it was contended that. it amounted to murder. Sir Thomas Henry said he should decline to grant the warrant That, however, would not prelude the prosecutors from preferring a new bill before another grand jury if they thought fit.

On Ash Wednesday, the Pope took part in the usual ceremonies in the Sistine Chapel, His Holiness blessed the ashes, and distributed them to the members of the Sacred College and Diplomatic Body who were present.


Dr. Colby's Pills are Sugar-Coated.

Jacobs' Rheumatic Liquid Cures Diarrhœa.

Hunt's Empire Hair Gloss beautifies the Hair.

**Insolvent Act of 1864 and Amendments thereto.**

*In the matter of GEORGE CHAFFEY and WILLIAM CHAFFEY trading under the name, style and firm of GEORGE CHAFFEY & BRO., Insolvents.*

THE Creditors of the Insolvents are notified that they have made an assignment of their Estate and effects under the above Act to me, the undersigned assignee, and they are required to furnish me within two months from this date with their claims specifying the security they hold if any and the value of it, and if none stating the fact, the whole attested under oath with the vouchers in support of such claims.

JAMES GRANT MACDONALD, Assignee.

Dated at Kingston this 12th day of March, 1868.

M. O'GORMAN, Boat-builder, Simcoe-street, Ontario. A good assortment of SKIFFS always on hand. Boats for hire. Work done for parties at a distance must be paid for before leaving the shop.

March 9, 1868.

**IMPORTANT TO HOUSE-KEEPERS.**

ONE BOX OF HARTE'S CONCENTRATED LYE (costing 25 cents.) will make twenty-five gallons good Soft Soap, or a proportionate quantity of Hard Soap without trouble or difficulty. Full directions accompanying each box. For sale by

J. C. KING, CHEMIST & DRUGGIST, Near the Market Square.

March 9.

**SPECIAL AND IMPORTANT NOTICE TO CASH CUSTOMERS.**

JAMES HOPE, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, No. 36 Princess Street, Kingston.

DESIRES most respectfully to thank his numerous Customers for a liberal patronage extending over FIFTEEN YEARS.

In closing his accounts for the past year the advertiser has determined to abandon the *Credit* system altogether, and he wishes his Customers to understand this announcement in the most positive sense. Determined not to be outdone in the price or quality of his Stock, he is prepared to sell BOOTS and SHOES of unrivalled manufacture at the lowest remunerative prices on strictly cash terms.

Unpaid accounts must be settled immediately, otherwise they will be put in suit.

☞ The patronage of Cash Customers solicited.

JAMES HOPE.

Kingston, 22nd January, 1868.

**NEW DOMINION SAUCE.**

THIS SAUCE possesses a peculiar piquaney, and delicious flavour, which together with its excellent Stomachic qualities, will eventually bring it prominently and favourably before the public for

FISH, SOUP, GAME, CHOPS, STEAKS, CUTLETS, or COLD MEAT, in Bottles at 20 cents and 30 cents from

R. WHITE, Chemist & Druggist, 42 Princess-st.

Store-keepers, Farmers, and Others

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

**The Importers Direct.**

THE MONTREAL TEA COMP'Y

6 HOSPITAL STREET, MONTREAL,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonals already received:

Rusell Hotel, Quebec, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

Gentlemen,—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c., S. SKINNER.

Felcome, Dec. 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

Gentlemen,—The Oolong Tea, which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obdt. servt., JOHN T. DAY.

BLACK TEA.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season do. 55c, 60c, and 65c, Excellent Full Flavoured do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavoured do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Finest, 65c, 75.

GREEN TEA.—Twankay Common, 38c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, and 70c: Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs or two 12 lbs, sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 30 lb box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60 to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

All boxes from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Feb. 3.

TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

The Subscriber would direct the attention of the PROFESSION to his fresh stock of PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS and PHARMACEUTICAL Preparations.

The following is a list of Preparations just received.

ATROPINE,
PODOPHYLLIN,
LEPTANDRIN,
CHINOIDINE,
QUININE,
MORPHINE,
BROMINE,
IODINE,
ZINCI CHLOR.,
FERRI IODID.,
FERRI CARB. SACCHAR.,
OXIDE OF SILVER,
CITRATE of IRON and QUININE,
POTASS. IODID.,
POTASS. BROMID.,
POTASS. ACETAS,
HYPOPHOSP. LIME, SODA, AND POTASH,
SYR. FERRI ET QUIN. IODID.

Prescriptions carefully and accurately dispensed.

R. WHITE, Chemist and Druggist, 42 Princess Street.

SLOOP FOR SALE.

THE Subscribers offer for sale the sloop Gull, of Montreal, lying at Gananoque. Measurement—25 tons. She was built at Ogdensburgh in 1865, is capable of carrying 28 cords of wood, or 2,000 bushels of Grain, with a draft of 3 feet. She has a complete set of Hatches, Sails, Rigging, Anchor, Chains, &c., all in good order.

For terms or further particulars apply person ally, or by letter, post paid, to

JAMES TURNER, Or CAPT. HENRY KIDD.

Gananoque, Jan. 8th, 1868.

**A POCKET TIME PIECE**—FOR 75 cents,

NEWLY imported, and for sale at the MEDICAL HALL. ☞ A large and varied assortment of

Optician's Goods and Fancy Articles, as under:

Spectacles to suit every Sight, from 25 cents to
Single and Double Eye Glasses, convex and concave,
Railroad and Colored Specs,
Blue and Green GOGGLES,
Reading Glasses, Linen Viewers,
Single and Double Magnifiers.
Botanical and Seed Glasses,
Microscopes, Tripod, &c,
Pocket Compasses,
Pocket Timepieces, in neat Brass cases, &c.

G. S. HOBART.

Dec. 6th.

**CAUTION.**

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:—

AMERICAN WATCH CO.
APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO.
P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY.
HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.

Office of the General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we formerly trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS, *General Superintendent.*

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Locomotive Dep't Western Division, Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their uses. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON, *G. Chief Engineer,*
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON, No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.,
ROBERT WILKES, Toronto and Montreal, GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 8th

ENGLISH COMIC PAPERS.

PUNCH,
FUN,
JUDY,
TOMAHAWK,

Received every week At HENDERSON'S Book Store, Princess Street.

Feb. 24.

**ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET.**

AT the MEDICAL HALL is always to be had a good supply of the following TOILET REQUISITES:—

Trichokalogen,
Canada Pomade,
Eau Lustrale,
Crystalline Cream,
Cold Cream of Roses,
Milk of Roses,
Tooth Paste,
Tooth Powder,
Florida Water,
Eau-de-Cologne and other Perfumes from the most celebrated makers in London and Paris.

Kingston, Feb. 26.

**The three great Novelists**

SCOTT, DICKENS, COOPER.

THE Waverley Novels, *original Copyright Edition*, containing all the author's notes, published by A. & C. Black, Edinburgh, are now being issued at 12½c per volume. The whole set of 25 volumes will be furnished for $3. This edition and ROUTLEDGE'S ENGLISH EDITION at the same price in smaller volumes, are by far the CHEAPEST ever issued.

Cooper's novels are also being issued uniform with Routledge's Waverley Novels at the same price. The complete set of 26 volumes (nearly all of which are now ready) for $3.

Dickens' Novels—re-printed by Appletons, New York, are being published at 15 to 35c per volume. They are neatly got up, and uniform with the English Editions of Scott and Cooper. The complete set—17 vols., will be supplied by the subscriber at $4:50.

Peterson's Edition of Dickens in 17 vols., for $4.

Complete sets of Scott, Dickens and Cooper, 68 volumes, in either of above editions will be furnished for $10 by

JOHN HENDERSON, Princess-street.

February 28, 1868.

TESTIMONIAL

**From Sig. Carlo Mora, Professor of Music, Kingston:**

HAVING had ample opportunity of testing Mr Reyner & Son's Tuning and Repairing of Pianofortes, &c., since I have been in Kingston, I heartily recommend them to all those having Instruments to tune or repair, and would further advise those that have instruments that are not in good order, to give them a call at once, as delay will only occasion more work and money when it is done.

SIG. CARLO MORA, Professor of Music, Kingston.

FROM MR RIDDELL.

MR REYNER has recently re-covered the Hammers of the Pianoforte used in my family with the new improved patent leather, and otherwise repaired it. He has also tuned it, and it is altogether much improved, the quality of the tone being greatly better than before the instrument was put into his hands. I shall certainly continue to keep the piano under his charge for the future.

J. RIDDELL, King-street, Kingston.

SHEET Music of all kinds, Instruction Books, in fact anything you want connected with the Music Trade, to be had at

J. REYNER, Marble Block, Music Store, Princess Street.

Feby. 29.

BRITISH AMERICAN COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

PUBLIC TESTIMONY.

*(From Lyman & McNab, Wholesale Hardware Merchants)*

Toronto, Sept. 13, 1866.

Messrs MUSGROVE & WRIGHT, *B. A. Com. College, Toronto.*

Dear Sirs,—We have much pleasure in testifying to the order of training for commercial pursuits obtained by the young men educated at your College.

We have now in our employment one of your graduates who, notwithstanding the fact that he never had any previous experience, has proved himself a most reliable, accurate, and efficient Book-keeper.

We may further state, that having had occasion to engage another office hand we gave a decided preference to one of your graduates. In short, we have no hesitation in saying, that as far as our experience goes, your course of training is eminently adapted to make a thoroughly efficient office man.

Yours truly, LYMAN & MACNAB.

*(From Morrison, Taylor & Co, Wholesale Provision Dealers.)*

Toronto, May 21, 1867.

Messrs MUSGROVE & WRIGHT, *B. A. Com. College, Toronto.*

Dear Sirs,—We can eminently recommend your establishment to the business public, from which to select their Book-keepers. The young man in our employ bears testimony to the efficient system taught in your College, and the accurate habits derived therefrom, and though different houses pursue different methods, yet the general principles, rules, and varieties of commerce are so thoroughly inculcated by your system of tuition as to render the knowledge applicable to each new feature in each peculiar system.

Your efforts are worthy of every appreciation in founding a sound Commercial Emporium of the intelligent youth of Canada, and though occasionally students fail to become proficient, it can only be attributed to lack of ability on the student's part, and not the incapacity of the tutor. We shall ever give and advise preference to your pupils for an office, and feel glad to thus attest our experience of the same.

We remain, Gentlemen, yours, &c.,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & CO., Wholesale Provision Dealers.

For Circulars, Penmanship, Bank Notes, &c., Address MUSGROVE & WRIGHT,

Feb. 1. Toronto.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS AND HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

THE GREATEST REMEDIES FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE Liver, Stomach, or Digestive Organs.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Is composed of the pure juice (or, as they are medicinally termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

Hoofland's German Tonic.

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and the Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries possesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—

Hoofland's German Bitters, AND Hoofland's German Tonic

PREPARED BY Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Philadelphia, Pa.

Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, &c.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone of vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE,

And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC an elixir that will instill new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well established fact that fully one-half of the female population of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the Tonic, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulate in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

Testimonials.

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes:

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find Hoofland's German Bitters is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. JAMES THOMPSON, Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 28th, 1866.

"I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion for Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience in it. Yours, with respect.

JAMES JOHNSTON."

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D., Pastor to the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

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FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL, Assistant Editor *Christian Chronicle*, Philada.

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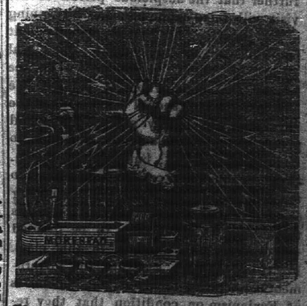

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