The Daily News,

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 3.

☞ SEE FIRST PAGE.

GENERAL BUTLER ON WAR, ANNEXATION AND RECIPROCITY.

A correspondent of the Boston *Post* relates the conversation of an interview with General Butler. We give the following part for what it may be worth:

We need not go to war. We can afford to wait. England took her chance to cripple us when we were in trouble. We can wait till some fitting opportunity enables us to repay her in kind. We can easily find means, whenever she gets into war, to sweep her commerce from the ocean, and substitute our own in its place. We can afford to wait.

"Among these 'capturest'" I interposed, "which you spoke of in case of a war with England, do you include the Dominion of Canada and the Maritime Provinces?"

"Of course," said the General, "they would be captured at once, but whether they would be profitable things to keep would depend on circumstances. We should certainly save the expense of keeping up a line of custom-houses, which, along a frontier with their indentions, is 6,000 miles in length.

"Do you think," I asked, "as you may have a chance to know at Washington, that there is any general feeling in the Provinces for annexation?"

"Among the people, Yes," rejoined Mr Butler; "among the gentlemen who desire the honours of knighthood and patents of nobility at Ottawa, No."

"What are the chances of renewing the Reciprocity Treaty?" I asked.

"None whatever, I trust," he said, in his most decided tones.

"Why?"

"Because, in the first place, I don't propose that this country shall give to Canada all the advantages of marriage till the rites are performed."

"That, certainly, is a legitimate objection!"

"Again," said the General, "in the last reciprocity we were not fairly treated by Canada. There was no provision in it that they should not raise their duties, and as soon as they had bound us fairly, they commenced raising the duties on our manufactures, and giving preference to the English which went almost to exclude ours, while we were taking her wheat, cattle and lumber to the great disadvantage of the agricultural and lumber interests of the country. True, we got coal somewhat cheaper in Nova Scotia; but as that is only a dollar and a quarter per ton duty, it is hardly worth while to injure so many interests as we should do for the simple matter of coal. The great matter to be gained by this country from the annexation of the Provinces is the facilities it could give us for building wooden ships and vessels; but that is day by day growing less, because the day of wooden ships is passing away. Even the best yachts are now being made from iron."

"There is nothing that the Provinces desire so much," I said, "both in Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, I know, as a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty."

Mr Butler added, "The necessity of reciprocity for Canada is fully appreciated in England, and to force us to it, I understand they have refused to allow Prince Edward Island to make any reciprocal laws with this country on the subject of duties unless the same shall be accorded to the rest of the Provinces; thus, for the first time, interfering with the taxation of the Colonies since the date of the Revolution."

"What is likely to be done at Washington about the trade with the Provinces?" I asked.

"Everything," he said, "will go on as it is, except, possibly, an attempt to get the free navigation of the St. Lawrence."

FOOD PROSPECTS IN ENGLAND.—The *Pall Mall Gazette*, in reviewing this subject, finds that there has been a gradual reduction of prices for some time back, and it thinks that the tendency is likely to continue. The growing wheat generally presents a favourable appearance in France, and when bread is plentiful in France, it is cheap in Europe. In England, also, the appearance of the fields is encouraging, and there is now the promise of abundant grain as well as green crops. Further, the great sums paid for Hungarian wheat during the last two or three years have given an apparently enduring stimulus to Hungarian agriculture, so that the deliveries of wheat from Hungary may be expected to continue large. The extension of railway communication in Russia must favour the exportation of wheat from that country, while the contemplated abolition of the 1s. duty, now levied on corn imported into the United Kingdom, must have the effect of rendering foreign supplies generally 1s. per quarter cheaper. Everything, then, promises a continuance of cheap bread. The editor adds that, of course, a war with the United States would very much alter the aspect of affairs, as last year the importation of food from America amounted to one-fifth of the total imporiations.

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JOHN M. MACHAR.
Kingston, Jan'y 16.

Wilkison & Reeve,
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WM. H. WILKISON. W. A. REEVE, M. A.
County Crown Attorney.

W. R. Mingaye,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Conveyancer, &c. Kingston, C. W. Dec. 1.

James S. Cartwright,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW. OFFICE—CLARENCE STREET, opposite the Post Office. February 17.

James Agnew,
BARRISTER and ATTORNEY-at-LAW, Conveyancer, &c. Office Bagot Street, second door south of the *British Whig* Office, upstairs. August 1.

O'Reilly & Draper,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-at-LAW Solicitors in Chancery—Chambers Nos. 7, 8, & 9, Anchor Buildings, Kingston, C. W.
JAMES O'REILLY, Q.C. | FRANK C. DRAPER.

John Mudie,
BARRISTER, Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c. Office opposite Post Office, Clarence Street, Kingston. August 6.

OFFICE REMOVED TO KING STREET NEARLY OPPOSITE THE CITY BOOK STORE.
Joseph Pawden,
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PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., PORTLAND, Residence Harrowsmith.

MONEY TO LEND. $50,000 to lend on the security of Real Estate in the City or Country at a low rate of interest. No commission charged.
April 23 R. M. ROSE.

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Office—33, Clarence Street.
Kingston, March 20, 1862.

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PREMIUMS RECEIVED DURING 1868—$2,079,896.
Funds deposited in the hands of the Government for the security of Policyholders.
☞ All fire risks carefully surveyed, and the rate of Premium made to correspond with the risk assumed.
JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf
Kingston, March 31, 1869.

1869. Marine Insurance. 1869.
Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.
L. J. HENDEE, President. | E. P. DORR, General Agent.
INCORPORATED IN 1819.
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HULL AND CARGO RISKS to and from Inland Ports on favourable terms.
Losses promptly and liberally adjusted and paid in Canada Currency.
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And is prepared to issue policies on terms as low as the safety of the assured will permit.
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Perfumes for the Handkerchief.	Glycerine Toilet Requisites.
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DR V. BAUD, Graduate and Member of the Medical College of Paris, Chief Physician Extraordinary for Epidemics in Paris, late M.D. of the Civil Hospitals of Algiers, has just introduced in England his ORGANIC MEDICINES.
They consist of three preparations—
THE BAUDEINE,
An efficient and prompt Remedy for Cholera, Yellow Fever, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and the excessive action of the Bowels. A gold medal was awarded by the French Government to Dr V. Baud for this valuable preparation.
Price: Small, 1s 1½d; Medium, 4s 5d; Large Size, 11s per Bottle.
THE DIASTATIZED IRON,
For strengthening the System.—Price 2s 9d per Bottle.
THE DIASTATIZED IODINE,
For purifying the Blood.—Price 2s 9d per Bottle.
⁂ The above Preparations are in the form of Sweetmeats, pleasant to the taste, and particularly adapted for Infants and Mothers nursing.
By the combination of the Iron or Iodine with Cress Seeds in a state of germination, they are united with organic life, which thus renders them digestible. The irritative and stubborn mineral has thus become the nucleus of an organic substance capable of being absorbed by the blood without injury to the stomach.
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May be obtained of all Chemists.

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EARL RUSSELL sent to the College of Physicians a communication received by him from Manilla (where cholera had been graing fearfully) to the effect that, of all remedies tried, Chlorodyne was the most effective.
"The day seems as yet, unhappily, far distant when public opinion or State interference will prevent the advertisement or sale of any secret medicine whatsoever. It is to be hoped that the profession will continue to brand as unworthy the conduct of those of its members who by testimonial or otherwise aid the disposal of such things."—*Lancet.*
TOWLE'S CHLORODYNE.
The Original Preparation of known Composition.
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Sir,—I think if you would advertise your Chlorodyne more than you do, you would help to beat the others, which are secret compounds, out of the market. Many medical men think with me, and recommend your compound, but will never prescribe a secret remedy. CHARLES KIDD, M.D.
To Mr Towle, Chemist, Manchester.
A Surgeon from New York writes:—"I only requires to be known to be appreciated. I have no hesitation in characterising it (viz., Towle's Chlorodyne) as the most useful medicine that has appeared during the present century. In diarrhœa, colic, ague, spasms, I have found it to relieve more pain and cause more joy than any other article that can be named."
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Sole Manufacturer:—A. P. Towle, Chemist, Manchester.

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John Gosnell & Co.'s Prince of Wales' Perfume, a most choice and fashionable perfume.
John Gosnell & Co's Princess Alexandra's Perfume, a most choice and delicate perfume, prepared expressly for the use of Her Royal Highness.
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John Gosnell & Co.'s Jockey Club Perfume is in universal request as the most admired Perfume for the Handkerchief. Price 2s 6d.
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La Noblesse Soap—esteemed for its unequalled perfume and fine emollient qualities.
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The Patent Mechanical Chair for Brushing Hair by Machinery. For Prospectus and particulars, apply to the Patentees and Sole Manufacturers, JOHN GOSNELL & Co., Perfumers by Appointment to Her Majesty, the Princess of Wales, &c., RED BULL WHARF, 93 UPPER THAMES STREET, late of 12 Three King Court, Lombard Street.

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Retail by Chemists, Grocers, Italian Warehousemen, and others, throughout the Kingdom, and every part of the world.
Ask for "The" Sauce.—Special Export Agents—Burgoyne, Burbridges, and Squire, 16, Colman Street, London.

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Sold in patent stoppered glass bottles, price 2s 6d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 21s each. Special agents required and appointed in all parts of the world.

SIR WILLIAM BURNETT'S DISINFECTING FLUID, for the purification of sick rooms, hospitals, workhouses, factories, prisons, crowded places, between decks of ships, fever wards, clothes and linen of sick, night-chairs, cesspools, drains, water closets, stables, dairies, larders, musty casks, tubs, &c.; bilge-water, and the holds of ships; apartments for searchers, undertakers, and jurymen, and for post-mortem examinations; for the prevention of infectious disease, canker and fungus in trees; for the disinfection of dead bodies, and for the preservation of subjects for dissection; for the extermination of bugs and other vermin.
Sir W. Burnett's Disinfecting Fluid was the only Disinfectant used at the Agricultural Hall during the Smithfield Club Cattle Show in 1866, by order of Her Majesty's Privy Council.
The value of the fluid is shown by the following letter from the Secretary and Manager:
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"Dear Sir,—Please to send eight gallons more of your Disinfecting Fluid, as per order enclosed. Having used various Disinfecting Fluids at our many shows, I can say with confidence that none have had the instantaneous and complete effect of Sir William Burnett's, and this too without producing any nuisance like the smell of chloride of lime or carbolic acid.—I am yours faithfully, "S. SIDNEY, Sec. and Manager.
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This fluid acts on the essential cause of disease by destroying the local conditions of the atmosphere under which cholera is most frequently developed and propagated. For instance: "In a house in St. Andrew's street, Plymouth, occupied by fifty-two persons, it was sprinkled in every room except four; in these the occupants would not permit it to be applied; the result of which was, that in those parts of the house where it had been used, **not a single case of cholera subsequently occurred**; while in the four rooms above alluded to, the disease still exists and some deaths have taken place. Two houses immediately opposite were supplied with a quantity, in neither of which has there been a single case, although the disease is raging in the neighbourhood."
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Earl Russell communicated to the Royal College of Physicians and to Mr Freeman, that in Manilla the only remedy of any use in Cholera was Chlorodine.
The Medical Times and Gazette, January 13th, 1866, states, "It has an immense sale amongst the public, and is prescribed by scores of Orthodox Medical Practitioners, and, of course, it would not be thus singularly popular did it not 'supply a want and fill a place.'"
Manufactured by the Inventor, Richard Freeman, 70, Kennington Park Road, London, S.
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Detecting organic impurities in air and water.
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One gallon makes 200 to 300 gallons adapted for use.
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H. BOLLMAN CONDY, Patentee, Battersea, London.

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MAGENTA: The strength and beauty of this dye is almost incredible. A Sixpenny bottle will dye 20 yards of Bonnet Ribbon in 10 minutes; it will also produce a clear Rose Pink by using less dye. Suitable also for Woollen Goods, Feathers, Silks, &c.
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LEATHER: Blue, Magenta, Violet and Orange. Dye in warm water.
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CONFECTIONERS will find Magenta, Violet, Orange and Pink useful colours.
GELATINES and GLUES are successfully coloured with these dyes.
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