THE DAILY NEWS.

VOLUME XVIII. KINGSTON, (CANADA), FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 7, 1869. NUMBER 180.

The Daily News.

FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 7.

SEE LAST PAGE.

AN ATTEMPT ON THE LIFE OF THE VICEROY OF EGYPT.

An attempt on the life of the Viceroy of Egypt, which has hitherto been enveloped in such mystery that great doubt has been thrown upon its reality, has now proved to be an absolute fact. The commission, composed of the English, French, Italian, and Greek consuls at Cairo, who were nominated to examine into the affair, gave their first opinion was that the affair was a fiction, but upon further inquiry they have come to the conclusion that it was actually intended to assassinate not only the Viceroy, but also his principal ministers and other counsellors, who would unquestionably have accompanied him to the theatre. The following are the most authentic details of the case that have at present transpired. The theatre had been closed for some time, thus giving the actors in it every opportunity for the execution of their plans, which were very simple. The stage is built of wood, and the Viceroy's box is the nearest to the stage on the left side. His Highness's chair is on a raised platform, and in the floor was placed an infernal machine, composed of an ordinary mortar. At the bottom of the mortar was found a layer of gunpowder, which was a layer of balls, upon that a layer of powder, and on the top of all a layer of bullets and small pieces of iron. Between each layer was placed paper, and a quantity of powder was also placed under the raised platform, and connected under the main gas-pipe that would soon have finished the work of destruction. A wick impregnated with some inflammable matter was then introduced into the mortar, and passing down the wall was ignited subsequently by the gas-pipe to escape detection, while the other end of the wick was attached to a beam near a gas-jet in the room, where it could easily be ignited. The course of inquiry is still continuing in the strictest secrecy, but very secretly, and all that has yet indirectly transpired is that they are on the trace of the promoters of the infernal scheme.

A SETTLER TO WALK FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO NEW YORK.

The San Francisco *Chronicle*, April 22, says:—We are informed that Mr Francis Ouelton, an old gentleman 79 years of age, intends to make an overland trip from San Francisco to New York on foot, starting on the plans on the 14th of May next. For a man of such an age a walk of several thousand miles would seem an impossibility. But to one like him, who came to California as a hunter and trapper as early as 1841, and has spent more than a quarter of a century among the Indian tribes of Utah and Arizona, such a feat is but a mere occupation.

He is having lived beyond the "three score and ten" years allotted as the life of man, Mr Crosby is younger, physically, than most men of forty, and is a splendid specimen of the old stock of American pioneers whose exploits furnish the theme for song and story. Tall, and as straight as a hickory sapling, standing five feet ten inches in his moccasins; every inch a gentleman in symmetry; a handsome, full bearded man, hardened by exposure; with a bright, clear eye, which speaks of benevolence and conversation; his hair and beard as white as the snows that crest the Sierra Nevada, but flowing over his breast and shoulders, he forms a picture such as one would be pleased to study. Such a man, one who intends to make the trip on foot, without using railroads or steamboats, speaking the language of most of the Indian tribes dwell on the Plains, he says he has no difficulties to supply his wants, as the Indians never molest those who treat them kindly. Mr Crosby informs us that in the year 1826 he crapped for beaver on the ground now the site of the present city of Denver. At that time the whole country was full of Indians and game of all descriptions, and California was the paradise country in the world for the hunter and trapper. The old gentleman, who has been visiting a few days from Arizona—where he has lived for nearly twenty years—says California has changed since he last visited it. He will find, before he reaches the end of his journey, that the whole world has changed since he left New York, his native city, nearly half a century ago—because railroads, railroads, or telegraphs have not been. He will be a living Rip Van Winkle among the New Yorkers, if he makes the trip successfully.

The upper counties of Virginia peanuts will produce as much per acre of tobacco to a large extent the crop. The peanut culture has grown up entirely since the war, and its present extension may be chiefly ascribed to the fondness acquired for these nuts by the soldiers of the army, who occupied by turns the section of country in which they were cultivated. A number of them sprang up immediately after the retirement of the military. The crop has become most profitable grown in Eastern Virginia, the average price for last year's crop having been less than $2.50 a bushel.

The business in meerschaum pipes is reviving in Austria at this time. The meerschaum itself is shipped in lumps of considerable size, packed in wooden boxes. The meerschaum bowls are prepared by soaking the yellow, then in wax, and finally by hand polishing. That the high price of meerschaum pipes has, of course, led to the production of many cheaper substitutes goes without saying, some of which are not easily detected by an unpractised eye. None of them, however, compare in lightness or beauty to the genuine material.

The New York *Times* says:—The way whites are "civilizing off the face of nature" the Alaska Indians rather beats anything in our previous history. Both army and navy have gone at them this year, and they have gloriously "destroyed villages and stockaded forts" of the inhabitants,—of the poor little troglodytes who have worn the snow-clad region and lived in fear ever since the days of Adam. We are told that in this case it was thought better to destroy the Indians to exterminate the people, as they attach value upon their lives, but will fight gladly for want of shelter. This is terribly shocking. It is about time that General Grant to do what he intended some time ago, withdraw our troops from Alaska altogether, if they cannot do it without killing off the few Indians left who give life and diversity to the vast snow-covered solitudes.

THE EMIGRATION OF GOVERNMENT WORKMEN.

Portsmouth dockyard on Monday presented an exceptional appearance of excitement and bustle owing to the embarkation there of a portion of the discharged Government workmen, with their wives and families, on board her Majesty's screw troopship Crocodile, Capt. G. W. Watson, for conveyance to Canada. All the day, men, in groups and singly, with their wives and children, were passing to and fro between the dockyard gates and the ship. At the gangway all embarkation papers were given up by the emigrants, who were then passed on board and numbered off into messing and sleeping berths. This accomplished, the cares of the emigrants, up to the moment of the ship starting on her voyage, were confined to the safely stowing away in their berths of their few effects, and saying a last "good-bye" to relatives and friends. At 2:40 p.m. a special train from Woolwich, consisting of six passenger carriages and three luggage vans and break, belonging to the South-eastern Railway Company, and driven by a powerful engine, arrived in Portsmouth dockyard, via the Mid-Sussex and South-coast lines, containing emigrants from Woolwich and Deptford. The train drew up alongside the Warrior dock, where the great engine which had drawn it down from Woolwich was uncoupled from it, and one of Aveling and Porter's small traction engines, belonging to the superintending engineering department of the yard, was substituted for it, and drew the train quickly over the sharply curved line of rails leading down to the jetty, alongside which the Crocodile was moored. The transfer of the people from the railway carriages to the troopship was afterwards easily managed, and without the slightest trouble or confusion. The emigrants on arrival at the ship were received by Mr Murdoch another gentleman from the Emigration Board, and by the Rev. E. P. Grant, the vicar of Portsmouth, Rear Admiral Chads, and other gentlemen who are members of the Emigrants (Portsmouth) Relief Fund Committee. Capt. Phipps, a member of the Emigrants' (Woolwich and Deptford) Relief Fund Committee, accompanied the train down from Woolwich and superintended the embarkation of the men, women, and children with their effects. Up to sunset the number of those embarked on board were—from Portsmouth, 69 men formerly employed in the dockyard, 105 women and children, and 10 men formerly employed on the Gun-wharf; from Woolwich, 212 men, women and children. Of these 180 is given as the figures for statute adults. The entire number thus embarked undoubtedly falls considerably short of what had been anticipated.

On Tuesday the Crocodile, with its crowd of emigrant passengers, left the jetty for Canada. During the morning the inhabitants of the town, and the men still at work in the dockyard there, showed great interest in the vessel and in her unusual freight. When the Crocodile was seen to move, the efforts of the policemen on duty to keep the workmen in their several sheds were entirely in vain. The men swarmed by hundreds along the faces of the jetty, and, wherever a view of the departing ship could be obtained, joined in rounds of hearty and prolonged cheers with those who were before on the jetty. Those on board returned the cheers—men, women, and children hurrahing and waving hats and handkerchiefs.

A REMINISCENCE OF THE WAR OF 1812.

A correspondent of the Washington *Express* tells the following:

"In the summer of 1858 or '59 the writer of these notes was quietly seated in the pleasant reading room, in London, of George Peabody. We had just parted with Mr Hulbut when two venerable personages entered the room, wearing badges and medals, who were formally introduced, one as Com. Gordon, and the other Sir John Wilson, both of Greenwich Hospital. Sir John Wilson had been engaged in the war of 1812. We being introduced as from America; and Sir John turned and said 'Mr W., I have two very substantial reasons for feeling interested in your country.' Glancing at Mr Peabody, he continued: 'I have, you know, $10,000 Mississippi Planters' bank bonds, upon which I can't get the interest. Never mind about money matters; the next reason is, that I was literally shot to pieces in the action at Fort George, and was picked up by the Americans—a prisoner, helpless, and almost hopeless of life. All chance of my ever again standing under the red cross of England, I was assured, was now at an end, and I applied for, and obtained, a parole as soon as I could possibly leave the hospital. I started on a stretcher in an improvised ambulance for New York. Whenever we stopped I was lifted out and in, fastened on my bed, not exactly a bed of down, and generally I rested in the day time in the largest public rooms at hand. I think it was at a village called Canandaigua. I lay an object of inquiry and curiosity, in the cool parlor, doors open, thinking of friends at home, and calculating my chances of ever seeing them again, when a plainly attired person approached me and said: 'I say, Britisher, I am sorry to see you in this way, but what the devil sent you over here to fight us? All we ask is free trade and sailors' rights; and d—n it, every true Englishmen ought to be in favour of them.' 'I was worried and sleepy at the moment,' added Sir John, 'and in no humour to argue a point so pertinaciously intruded upon me.' I said, 'My good fellow, pick up some other Englishman that hasn't five bullet holes in his body unhealed, and two balls not yet extracted, and talk to him.' He turned away saying, 'I didn't know you were so bad as that.' At that moment the hotel keeper came in and asked me if there was anything he could do for me. I was faint and thirsty, and I replied, 'If you could give me a bottle of English porter or brown stout I should like it above all things.' He replied he was sorry he had not, and could get nothing of the kind in that place.' Sir John continued: 'My attendant soon after proposed moving on to our next station, and we started. I suppose we must have travelled some six or seven miles, when I heard a hallooing from behind, and a call to halt. I turned and saw the same persecutor (as I deemed him for the moment) that I had met at the hotel, who was so warmly interested in behalf of free trade and sailors' rights. Coming up alongside, he cried out, 'I say Britisher, you didn't expect ever to see me again, did you?' I was irritated, and replied, 'No, I never expected nor wanted to see you again.' 'Jest so; but I heard you ask the landlord for some brown stout. I knew an old Scotchman who had some about four miles off, and I went and got you a dozen bottles Here, driver (addressing my attendant), take 'em in.' He had driven his fine team four, and returning, made eight miles, and followed me six or seven more, attested by his foaming horses, to bring me—a Britisher, bleeding from a fight with his own countrymen—relief which I had fruitlessly asked for at the hotel!' There was a tear plainly trembling in the old baronet's eye as he recounted this, and Admiral Gordon, who was looking at a map on the wall at the moment, broke out, 'A good fellow, by G——, if he was a Yankee.' Business intervened, and we left. This was the last and all we ever saw of either of these brave old men."

At Toledo, Ohio, on Friday afternoon, April 23, a race came off between a velocipede, ridden by Wm. B. Joslyn, and a trotting horse, owned by Fred P. Beaver. The distance was two miles. The horse was hitched to a post unharnessed, when the velocipede started. Mr Beaver threw on harness, hitched to a light skeleton, and went after the two-wheeled affair, made the mile and returned, unharnessed, and tied to the post again. The time was: Velocipede, 10:15; horse, 12:15, the velocipede winning by two minutes. About $150 changed hands on the result of the race.

Special Notices.

OWNERS OF HORSES.

CUT THIS OUT! AND KEEP IT!

Lewis A. Philips, of Providence, R.I., writes as follows:

Messrs Perry Davis & Son.—Gents: I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN-KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c. &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it. LEWIS A. PHILIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr Deal, of Bowersville, O., who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER in many cases of colic, cramp, and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

Dr JOHN R. DEAL.

PAIN-KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers at 25 and 50 cents a bottle.

Perry Davis & Son,
PROPRIETORS,
April 8. Montreal, P.Q.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS,

Prepared from prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known remedy is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and though a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited; it will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the 2nd page of pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Sir James Clarke's Female Pills are extensively counterfeited. The genuine have the name of "JOB MOSES" on each package. All others are worthless.

N.B.—One dollar and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., General Agents for Canada, will insure a bottle of the *genuine*, containing Fifty Pills, by return mail. Sold by all Druggists in Kingston, and medicine dealers everywhere.

VERY NATURAL.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended, he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse medicine known as "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." All are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a condition medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. s on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

PHYSICIANS AND CLERGYMEN

Testify to its merits in restoring GRAY HAIR to its original colour, and promoting its growth. It makes the hair soft and glossy. The old in appearance are made young again. This is the best

HAIR DRESSING

ever used. It removes Dandruff and all Scurvy Eruptions. It does not stain the skin.

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

Beware of the numerous preparations which are sold upon our reputation.

R. P. HALL & Co., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts per box.

SEND IT TO YOUR FRIENDS.—The CHRONICLE AND NEWS is published every Friday morning, and contains all the news of the week. For Fifty Cents, paid in advance, you may send it to your friends for three months at the reduced rates of postage. For One Dollar it may be sent six months. Single copies, price Five cents, may be had at the *Daily News* office, Princess Street.

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN and BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follows the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples, moth patches, and all eruptions of the skin.

IN THE SPRING MONTHS, the system naturally undergoes a change, and HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is an assistant of the greatest value.

YOUNG LADIES BEWARE!

OF THE INJURIOUS EFFECTS of Face Powders and Washes. All such remedies close up the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy, and youthful appearance, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

NOT A FEW of the worst disorders which afflict mankind arise from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigour of health into the system, and purges out the humours that make disease.

QUANTITY vs. QUALITY. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. The dose is small. Those who desire a large quantity and large doses of medicine ERR.

THOSE WHO DESIRE BRILLIANCY OF COMPLEXION must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Ask for *Helmbold's*. Take *no* other.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the *Great Blood Purifier*.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

ERADICATES ERUPTIVE & ULCERATIVE DISEASES OF THE

THROAT, NOSE, EYES, EYELIDS, SCALP, and SKIN,

Which so disfigure the appearance, PURGING the evil effects of mercury, and removing all taints, the remnants of DISEASES, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect SAFETY.

TWO TABLESPOONFULS of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoctions as usually made.

AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review, on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affections by Benjamin Travers, F.R.S., &c. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the excess of mercury, he states that no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic, with this invaluable attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the system so sunken, and yet so irritable, as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable or injurious.

HELMBOLD'S

Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla,

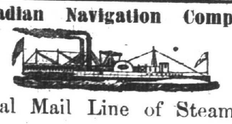
Established upwards of 18 years. PREPARED BY

H. T. HELMBOLD,

DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST,
594 Broadway, N.Y.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price $1,25 per bottle, or 6 for $6,50.

Canadian Navigation Company.



Royal Mail Line of Steamers.

ONE of the Steamers of the above Line will leave Kingston for Toronto and Hamilton every afternoon (Monday excepted) at HALF-PAST FIVE o'clock. Also, one of the Steamers will leave for Montreal every Morning (Monday excepted) at HALF-PAST FIVE.

For Passage Tickets apply at the office of Folger and Bros., Ontario Street, or at the Lake and River Steamboat Office, St. Lawrence Wharf, foot of Johnson Street.

C. H. HATCH,
Agent.
Kingston, April 27, 1869.

Kingston and Ottawa Route.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMER

CITY OF OTTAWA,

BURROWES, MASTER,

WILL resume her trips about the 7th instant, and will leave Kingston every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 3 P.M. Leaves Ottawa every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 7 A.M., calling at all intermediate stopping places on the way.

For Freight or Passage, having superior passenger accommodation, apply on board, or to

D. MURPHY,
Ottawa.
G. M. KINGHORN,
Kingston.
Kingston, May 3, 1869.

Kingston and Wolfe Island Ferry.

THE STEAMER

PIERREPONT,

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, RUNS AS UNDER:—

Leaves Kingston daily.	Leaves Wolfe Island.
At 8 A.M.	9 A.M.
11:30 A.M.	1 P.M.
2 P.M.	3 P.M.
4 P.M.	

Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays .. .. 7 A.M.
Mondays and Saturdays.. .. 5 P.M.
Steamer Watertown on way from Cape.. .. .. .. 7.15 P.M.

SUNDAY TRIPS.

9 A.M.	10 A.M.
1:15 P.M.	4 P.M.

G. M. KINGHORN,
Ferry Wharf, foot of Brock Street.
Kingston, May 1, 1869.

Kingston and Cape Vincent Ferry.

Commencing Wednesday, 28th Instant.

THE STEAMER

WATERTOWN,

C. HINCKLEY, SENIOR, MASTER,

WILL leave Kingston daily (Sundays excepted) at 4 A.M. (except Mondays), connecting with the Grand Trunk Trains and Lake Steamers, meeting the 6:25 A.M. train for Rome and Oswego.

At 2:15 P.M., connecting with the Grand Trunk trains from the West and Bay of Quinte Steamer, meeting the 4:30 P.M. train for Rome and Oswego, and the Northern Transportation Company's Propellers leaving Cape Vincent for Oswego and all Western Ports.

On Monday only at 8 A.M.

RETURNING,

Leaves Cape Vincent

At 9:45 A.M. on arrival of the train from Rome and Oswego, meeting Grand Trunk trains East and West and Bay of Quinte Steamer.

At 6 P.M. on arrival of train from Rome and Oswego.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to

G. M. KINGHORN,
Foot of Brock Street.
Kingston, 27th April, 1869.

Kingston and Gananoque Route.

THE STEAMER

PIERREPONT,

C. HINCKLEY, Junior, Master.

COMMENCING 22nd instant will run as under. Leave Kingston Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, at 4 p.m.

Leave Gananoque on Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 a.m. and 8 p m.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to

G. M. KINGHORN,
Foot of Brock Street.
Kingston, 21st April 1869.

DAILY BOAT

For Bath, Picton and Belleville.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAMER

BAY OF QUINTE,

CAPTAIN FRANK COMER,

WILL LEAVE CARRUTHER'S WHARF foot of William Street, for the above and intermediate ports, every day (Sundays excepted) at FOUR O'CLOCK.

Returning, leaves Belleville every day (Sundays excepted).

On MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY mornings at SIX O'CLOCK, Kingston time, and on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and SATURDAYS at ONE O'CLOCK A.M.

For rates of Freight or Passage apply to the Captain on board, or to

J. CARRUTHERS & CO.,
Freight Agents.

C. H. HATCH,
Passenger Agent.
Kingston, April 20, 1869.

☞ **Try Gardner's Baking Powder.**

☞ **Try Gardner's Cough Remedy.—See Advertisement.**

STEAM PRINTING HOUSE, Princess Street, Kingston. Printing of all kinds at the DAILY NEWS STEAM PRINTING HOUSE.

GREAT STOCK OF

ROOM PAPERS!

JUST RECEIVED AT

HEATH & GUNN'S,

47 Princess Street.

NEW and elegant patterns in Stamped Gold, Gold, Satin, Ground, Marble, Oaks, &c.

Special attention is invited to our very fine assortment of FRENCH HALL PAPERS and BORDERS, the most beautiful selection ever brought to Kingston.

As we import direct from the manufacturers, our prices are EXTREMELY LOW.

FLOWER SEEDS.

HEATH & GUNN,

SEED MERCHANTS,

47 PRINCESS STREET, Kingston,

HAVE now on hand a very large and choice selection of Flower Seeds, imported direct from reliable growers in England and Germany. Full varieties of German Asters, German Stocks, French Double Balsams, Sweet Peas, Mignonette, Phlox Drummondii, Zinnia Elegans, &c. &c.

☞ For particulars see our Catalogue for 1869.

May 4.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

ADDRESSED to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until Noon on

SATURDAY, 15th May next,

For the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:—

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8 in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF AND DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONE-CUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipes and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House for Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT-BUILDINGS for the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S RESIDENCE. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL, to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed applications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above-named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.
Department of Public Works for Ontario.
Toronto, April 24, 1869.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (Statutes of Ontario), will be held on Tuesday, the 8th day of June next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of May next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the Voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions, at two o'clock P.M., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	.....	Chatham.
Malahide and Tecumseh	"	London.
Saugeen and Brock	"	Guelph.
Gore and Thames	"	Woodstock.
Erie and Niagara	"	Brantford.
Burlington and Home	"	Hamilton.
Midland and York	"	Toronto.
King's and Queen's	"	Whitby.
Newcastle and Trent	"	Cobourg.
Quinte and Cataraqui	"	Kingston.
Bathurst and Rideau	"	Ottawa.
St. Lawrence and Eastern	"	Brockville.

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to a registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of the Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869.

1868. COAL. 1868.

ANTHRACITE COAL YARD

Office—St. Lawrence Wharf,

Foot of Johnson Street.

OUR Coal is Pure Lackawana, being mined in the very heart of the Lackawana Valley, Scranton, Pittston, and Wilkes Barre, from the best selected mines, and is prepared with great care expressly for Family use, and will be *screened* and delivered in the best possible condition.

Best selected *Soft Coal* for grates constantly on hand, also Lehigh Lump for Foundry use and Blossburg for Blacksmiths.

Terms Cash. Delivered in any part of the city.

JAMES SWIFT & CO.

October 21, 1868.

TO LET,

CATARAQUI GRANGE, late the residence of George Baxter, Esq., deceased, within 3½ miles of the City of Kingston. The Land consists of about 25 acres, ten of which are under Orchard and Garden. The Dwelling has attached to it a Conservatory and suitable Out-buildings, and is a desirable residence for any gentleman wishing to live out of the city.

Also, for sale, at the Grange, a quantity of Conservatory and other plants.

For particulars apply to

JOHN C. INNES

Kingston, March, 1869.

SPECIAL AND IMPORTANT NOTICE TO CASH CUSTOMERS.

JAMES HOPE,

Dealer in Boots and Shoes, No. 36 Princess Street, Kingston.

DESIRES most respectfully to thank his numerous Customers for a liberal patronage extending over FIFTEEN YEARS.

In closing his accounts for the past year the advertiser has determined to abandon the *Credit* system altogether, and he wishes his Customers to understand this announcement in the most positive sense. Determined not to be outdone in the price or quality of his Stock, he is prepared to sell BOOTS and SHOES of unrivalled manufacture at the lowest remunerative prices on strictly cash terms.

Unpaid accounts must be settled immediately, otherwise they will be put in suit.

☞ The patronage of Cash Customers solicited.

JAMES HOPE.

Kingston, 22nd January, 1868.

R. S. WILLIAMS'

ORGANS AND MELODEONS

HAVE taken the FIRST PRIZE for eight successive years, and are allowed to be the best in the Dominion. These celebrated Instruments can be had at the lowest prices from

E. HOLDER,
PRINCESS ST.,
Sole Agent for Kingston.
March 9.

GARDNER'S BAKING POWDER.

FIRST

PRIZE.

THE remarkable success which "GARDNER'S BAKING POWDER" has met with since its introduction here warrants an increased demand. It can be obtained from most of the leading Grocers in Kingston, and at Manufacturer's prices from Messrs J. CARRUTHERS & Co., Wholesale Grocers, Ontario Street, and also at Messrs W. R. McRAE & Co.'s, Kingston.

If you wish the best "BAKING POWDER," ask for GARDNER'S.

March 20.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having arranged for carrying on the business of the

FRONTENAC BREWERY

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF

Mild and Strong ALES, PORTER and STOUT,

Hereby appoints GEO. W. CREIGHTON as his Agent.

The business will be conducted on strictly CASH principles, and at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Custom kindly solicited, thankfully received, and promptly attended to.

Wanted, 3,000 Bushels Barley,

For which the highest market price will be paid.

A. LIVINGSTON,
Princess Street.
Kingston, February, 1869.

EYE WATER.

MRS STENSON'S EYE WATER is for sale by

E. H. PARKER,
Market Square.
Dec. 9.

GERMAN DRIED FLOWERS

OF BRILLANT COLOURS.

A CASE of HANGING BASKETS and BOUQUETS of these beautiful and appropriate Christmas Ornaments just arrived and for sale by

E. H. PARKER,
Market Square.
December 12.

PRIVATE BILLS.

PARTIES intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette*), to give NOTICE of their application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a Newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto, 25th Feb., 1869.

EFFECT OF ADVERTISING.—It is amusing at times to observe the stores of the merchants who don't advertise; to see the anxious proprietors looking into the streets and see the people go by, wondering why they don't come in, while the stores of their neighbours who do advertise are thronged with customers. Some people will learn by observation, others will not.—*Daily Palladium.*

BILL HEADS and other kinds of JOB PRINTING executed with neatness and despatch at the Daily News office, Princess Street.