THE DAILY NEWS.

VOLUME XVIII. KINGSTON, (CANADA), TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 4, 1869. NUMBER 177.

REPORTED DISCOVERIES OF GOLD IN ALASKA.

The San Francisco *Herald* of March 25 says:—The schooner Ann Eliza, belonging to Jansen & Co., arrived here on Tuesday laden with seal skins from Kodiak Island and the lower coast of Alaska, bringing intelligence of immense discoveries of gold, in placers, on the main land, latitude 61 north, longitude 150 west from Greenwich. The specimens of dust, which he says was obtained in the proportion of one teaspoonful to three shovels of dirt, taken from six feet below the surface. He also has specimens of quartz and nugget gold. The captain and crew of the vessel confirm his statements. The discovery was made 120 miles from Kodiak Island, upon the Kuyak river, which debouches into Cook river, by a Russian engineer who was prospecting. He was led to the effort by the appearance of specimens which he obtained from the Indians. The second mines discovered are about sixty miles above Sitka, between Mount Fairweather and the Chilcut river. The third discovery is upon one of the islands the name of which was not known. In the Kuyak river mines the gold is found along the river banks, and in the gulches of the Chigmit mountains. The Kuyak river is navigable, for light draught vessels, for thirty miles above its junction with Cook River. On account of the climate the mines can only be worked for five months in the year. At the time the Ann Eliza left, rumours of silver discoveries were common, but doubt was entertained of its existence; gold, however, was plenty.

The steward and his companion lost their mining tools by the capsizing of their skin boats while crossing the Kodiak. After procuring a proper outfit they will return thither. Of course these new discoveries will attract only ordinary attention on account of their remote location from civilization, and occurring at the height of the White Pine excitement; but under ordinary circumstances a grand rush would set in that direction.

THE POPE'S JUBILEE.

On Sunday last Jean Marie, of the noble House of Mastai Ferretti, the Ninth Pope Pius, celebrated his Communion Jubilee. It is fifty years since he uttered the priestly vow, seventy-seven since he was born, twenty-three since, on the death of the Sixteenth Gregory, he was proclaimed Pontiff in the shortest conclave that ever sat since the election of Gregory XIII. in 1572, and was crowned with the triple tiara. Such an anniversary, in such a career, suggests an extraordinary retrospect. The Pope is the oldest reigning Monarch living; but two of the cardinals equal him in age, while two are his seniors by three years, two by seven, and one by nine. Europe remembers well how, in that memorable 1846, the new Pontiff burst into that which his enemies called "a turbulent and indecent popularity," promising reforms and railroads, and granting an almost universal amnesty, before which even the practised outlaws of Italian sedition felt themselves temporarily disarmed. The Liberal party all over the Continent hailed his accession. Prince Metternich declared him the most astounding phenomenon of modern history. Yet even he could not foretell the unexampled vicissitudes which were to befall him. Within two years another policy was adopted, which has succeeded worse than the policy with which he began. What has come of his fulminations and concordats? It is true that he still continues an aggressive spiritual warfare wherever Protestant statesmen open the gates; but the Roman State has shrunk since he rose to power, and the Pope—the quondam Abbot of St. Michael—once more asks alms from the world. It has been his fate to live under influences of the most contradictory nature. He solicited an asylum from the King of Naples; he leaned on the Imperialism of Austria; and he welcomed the ambassador of the French Republic. It was in a strange generation that he assumed the sacred purple. Those who shouted at his heels expelled him, and those who expelled him find his authority guarded by foreign legions. The bewildering narrative finds him at the Vatican, and in his year of jubilee it leaves him there. From Rome to Portici, and from Portici back to Rome: from Cardinal Gizzi to Cardinal Antonelli the wheel turned completely round, and after a long reign Pius IX. blesses a mighty congregation beneath the dome of St. Peter's and pardon hundreds of his political foes. Whatever his public conduct, the praise must not be refused to him of being just and upright, pious and charitable. Now reviled as a firebrand, as a reckless innovator, as a rash experimentalist; now extolled as the liberator and regenerator of Italy; now denounced as tyrant, Antichrist, *Pontifex et Carnifex*; now on good and then on doubtful terms with Austria, patronised and coerced by France, sending the Golden Rose, in turn, to the French Empress and the Spanish Queen; consecrating the doctrine of the Immaculate Conception and appointing archbishops and bishops in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; secretly made war upon by King Victor Emmanuel, openly made war upon by General Garibaldi, shutting himself up for safety at Gaeta and re-entering Rome, as it were, through a branch in its walls; filling his prisons with conspirators, and amnestying them in a mass—from whatever point of view we regard this man's career, it has been one of amazing contrasts. The Roman Cabinet no longer dreams of reform; it regards itself in the old spirit, and puts its trust in the French Emperor; the truth is confessed, that it can never again have an Italian policy; and so, the visions of twenty years since having melted away, the Ninth Pius celebrates the jubilee of his entrance into the Church in total forgetfulness of the lofty purposes he framed when he first sat in the Papal chair.

The London *Examiner*, founded by Leigh Hunt, and the London *Review*, founded by Charles McKay, have coalesced.

Extensive preparations are being made in Ottawa for the citizens' ball on Wednesday A large number of invitations have been issued.

The business men of St. Louis are taking steps toward calling a mass convention, consisting of all the commercial men of the Mississippi valley, to meet in St. Louis about the middle of June. It is proposed that the boards of trade of the different cities of the Mississippi valley bear the expense pro rata of bringing over from Europe representatives of the press, and passing them over the river region, with a view of obtaining their influence in promoting direct trade with Europe *via* New Orleans.

The new dock at Leith, which cost £350,000, has just been opened without any public demonstration.

Hon. John McAdam, Chief Commissioner of Public Works in the local government of New Brunswick, has resigned his office. Mr Kelly of the North Shore has been appointed in his room.

Mr M. H. Cochrane, of Montreal, has again been a buyer of choice cattle in Ireland. At a sale of Mr Chaloner, a successful breeder of short horns at Kingsport, Ireland, Mr Cochrane purchased Floribunda for 100 guineas, and British Maid for 80 guineas. The cattle were "in good fair condition, without any attempt at pampering, while they handled well, and were covered with an abundance of soft, woolly hair."

Both Houses of the Ohio Legislature have passed a bill giving the city of Cincinnati authority to use $10,000,000 for the purpose of building a short line of railroad through Kentucky to connect with a southern system of railroads at Chattanooga.

This morning eleven emigrants, seven of whom were from Bedfordshire, England, presented themselves on Front street, and seeking situations. Through the influence of Messrs Ford and R. B. Bennett, before dinner all of them were engaged to respectable farmers in the vicinity.—*Belleville Intelligencer.*

A despatch from Indianapolis to a Cincinnati paper says that the new Postmaster at the former place has just discovered, in the basement of the Post-office building, fifty-five bags of undistributed mail matter which had arrived during the winter.

The high prices asked for piano fortes, it is stated, is due to the great strength required in the frame of the instrument to resist the tension of the strings, which in some instances amounts to sixteen tons.

An elevator has been constructed in New Orleans at a cost of $248,000, the proprietor of which was promised aid for all required over $100,000, but has not had a dollar contributed by any person. This elevator is doing no business for want of grain.

Twenty-five and thirty yards of material is now the amount required for a street suit, enough to make three dresses of ten years ago.

The fountains at the Crystal Palace, London, have jets that play to a height of 220 feet, and when in full operation consume 8,000,000 gallons of water daily.

A San Francisco paper says that the fare from that city, 775 miles, to the end of the Central route is greater than from the end of the Central, via Omaha and Chicago, to New York, 2,226 miles. The Central charges ten cents per mile in gold.

If, as the Brockville *Canadian* asserts, smuggling of silver takes place from the American side to Brockville and Prescott, it would be well to touch up the Customs officers there.

The United States grand jury at Cincinnati found fifty-two indictments, mostly against whiskey dealers for defrauding the revenue. The parties mostly live in Cincinnati and at Dayton. There are some big fish in the net. One of the whiskey ring made a confession, but no names are published as yet.

The New York *Times* is indignant at learning that Mr Motley goes to England, as the accredited Minister of the United States at the Court of St. James, without instructions on the Alabama case. It asks, what is he going for, since it was understood that the object of his appointment was to settle existing difficulties.

Business in Toronto appears to be active and prosperous, if one may judge from the Custom-house returns. For the month ending on the 30th April the amount of duties collected was $98,935 45. The amount collected during the corresponding period of 1868 was $65,527 75, showing an increase this year of $32,407 70, or nearly fifty per cent.

Emigration from England to the United States, it is reported, will hereafter be systematically organized. Leading members of the English Trade Unions, aided by liberal capitalists and politicians, it is stated, have turned their attention to emigration as a means of relief for the operatives. The spinners and miners now on a strike will be aided to emigrate, and a committee of three or five of the leading workingmen are about coming to the United States to obtain information, and on their return to England will establish a Bureau of Emigration in London.

A party of twenty-five labourers had been engaged at Castle Garden, in New York, to be transhipped to Norwalk, Ct., there to supply the same number of other workmen who had struck for higher wages. They were all Germans, unable to speak English, except one. Being placed on board of a propeller, they were left without food or any provision for bedding, and the same carelessness was shown them at Norwalk, where they were walking the town all night, unable to obtain accommodation for sleep or even a meal.

On the 5th of April two deputations waited on the Home Secretary with very different requests though presenting the same ground of complaints, namely, that a the present time most of the great national collections of works of art are virtually sealed from the working classes, depriving them thereby of the opportunity of making that intellectual advancement which they earnestly desire. One urged the Government to throw open the National Gallery and the British Museum on Sundays. The other begged that they might be opened on week-day evenings, remaining closed on the Sabbath. Mr Bruce merely replied that for his own part he could not see any objection to opening these institutions on Sunday.

A deputation from the forwarders and vessel owners of this city, composed of Messrs William McNaughton, John McLennan, James H. Henderson, and George Hubback, proceeded to Ottawa this week for the purpose of securing a remission of the tax imposed under a law of last session, by which all craft are made liable to a tax of 10 cents per ton, towards the support of the Marine Hospital and the river police. This forced contribution to the Hospital was considered a hardship, as the men employed upon the river are almost without exception Canadians, and return to their own houses in case of sickness, while the police do not relieve the forwarders of the necessity of having to place special guards over property left on the wharves. The deputation had satisfactory interviews with Sir G. Cartier, Hon. Mr Rose, and Hon. Mr Mitchell, from whom assurances were received that the impost for the hospital would at least be removed. The matter was to be brought before the Privy Council yesterday. Speedy action is required, as no vessel affected can obtain a clearance until the tax has been paid.—*Montreal News.*

Special Notices.

OWNERS OF HORSES.

CUT THIS OUT! AND KEEP IT!

Lewis A. Philips, of Providence, R.I., writes as follows:

Messrs Perry Davis & Son.—Gents: I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN-KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c. &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it. LEWIS A. PHILIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr Deal, of Bowersville, O., who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER in many cases of colic, cramp, and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

Dr JOHN R. DEAL.

PAIN-KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers at 25 and 50 cents a bottle.

Perry Davis & Son,
PROPRIETORS,
Montreal, P.Q.

April 8.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS,

Prepared from prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known remedy is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and though a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited; it will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the 2nd page of pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Sir James Clarke's Female Pills are extensively counterfeited. The genuine have the name of "JOB MOSES" on each package. All others are worthless.

N.B.—One dollar and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., General Agents for Canada, will insure a bottle of the *genuine*, containing Fifty Pills, by return mail. Sold by all Druggists in Kingston, and medicine dealers everywhere.

VERY NATURAL.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended, he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse medicine known as "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." All are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a condition medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. s on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

CONCENTRATION the great principle. The system of infinitesimal doses of medicine diffused in gallons of injurious stimulants exploded. All useless material discarded. The active principle only of the most powerful and efficient remedies known concentrated in a small convenient form. HABITUAL CONSTIPATION CURED. All diseases of the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels permanently relieved by using Dr Colby's ANTI-COSTIVE AND TONIC PILLS, Sugar-Coated. Recommended by the Medical Profession.

SUCCESS begets envy. Hence the efforts of certain vendors of Liniment to decry JACOBS' RHEUMATIC LIQUID. Wherever introduced, it drives all others from the market. Pain positively annihilated by its use. We have not room to enumerate the virtues accorded to it by the thousands who have used it. No medicine ever invented is capable of more extended application. It has hundreds of imitators, but not one RIVAL. *Beware of Counterfeits.*

GLAD TIDINGS FOR ALL.—Those who have no hair may have it. Those who have plenty, may preserve and beautify it. Those who are losing it may have its loss arrested. The hair strengthened, beautified, restored, by using HUNT'S EMPIRE HAIR GLOSS, *cheapest, cleanest, best.* Don't rest till you have tried a bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

March 25.

Mrs S. A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

Philosophy of Marriage.

A new Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy embracing the subjects:—How to live and what to live for; Youth, Maturity, and old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; The cause of indigestion; Flatulence and Nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage philosophically considered, &c., &c. Pocket volumes containing these Lectures, will be forwarded post-paid, on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing "SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Science, 618 Broadway, New York."

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts per box.

Canadian Navigation Company.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers.

ONE of the Steamers of the above Line will leave Kingston for Toronto and Hamilton every afternoon (Monday excepted) at HALF-PAST FIVE o'clock. Also, one of the Steamers will leave for Montreal every Morning (Monday excepted) at HALF-PAST FIVE.

For Passage Tickets apply at the office of Folger and Bros., Ontario Street, or at the Lake and River Steamboat Office, St. Lawrence Wharf, foot of Johnson Street.

C. H. HATCH,
Agent.

Kingston, April 27, 1869.

Kingston and Ottawa Route.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMER

CITY OF OTTAWA,

BURROWES, MASTER,

WILL resume her trips about the 7th instant, and will leave Kingston every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 3 P.M. Leaves Ottawa every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 7 A.M., calling at all intermediate stopping places on the way.

For Freight or Passage, having superior passenger accommodation, apply on board, or to

D. MURPHY,
Ottawa.
G. M. KINGHORN,
Kingston.

Kingston, May 3, 1869.

Kingston and Wolfe Island Ferry.

THE STEAMER

PIERREPONT,

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, RUNS AS UNDER:—

Leaves Kingston daily.	Leaves Wolfe Island.
At 8 A.M.	9 A.M.
11:30 A.M.	1 P.M.
2 P.M.	3 P.M.
4 P.M.	
Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	7 A.M.
Mondays and Saturdays.. ..	5 P.M.
Steamer Watertown on way from Cape..	..7.15 P.M.

SUNDAY TRIPS.

9 A.M.	10 A.M.
1:15 P.M.	4 P.M.

G. M. KINGHORN,
Ferry Wharf, foot of Brock Street.

Kingston, May 1, 1869.

Kingston and Cape Vincent Ferry.

Commencing Wednesday, 28th Instant.

THE STEAMER

WATERTOWN,

C. HINCKLEY, SENIOR, MASTER,

WILL leave Kingston daily (Sundays excepted) at 4 A.M. (except Mondays), connecting with the Grand Trunk Trains and Lake Steamers, meeting the 6:25 A.M. train for Rome and Oswego.

At 2:15 P.M., connecting with the Grand Trunk trains from the West and Bay of Quinte Steamer, meeting the 4:30 P.M. train for Rome and Oswego, and the Northern Transportation Company's Propellers leaving Cape Vincent for Oswego and all Western Ports.

On Monday only at 8 A.M.

RETURNING,

Leaves Cape Vincent

At 9:45 A.M. on arrival of the train from Rome and Oswego, meeting Grand Trunk trains East and West and Bay of Quinte Steamer.

At 6 P.M. on arrival of train from Rome and Oswego.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to

G. M. KINGHORN,
Foot of Brock Street.

Kingston, 27th April, 1869.

Kingston and Gananoque Route.

THE STEAMER

PIERREPONT,

C. HINCKLEY, Junior, Master.

COMMENCING 22nd instant will run as under. Leave Kingston Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, at 4 p.m.

Leave Gananoque on Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 a.m. and 8 p m.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to

G. M. KINGHORN,
Foot of Brock Street.

Kingston, 21st April 1869.

DAILY BOAT

For Bath, Picton and Belleville.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAMER

BAY OF QUINTE,

CAPTAIN FRANK COMER,

WILL LEAVE CARRUTHER'S WHARF foot of William Street, for the above and intermediate ports, every day (Sundays excepted) at FOUR O'CLOCK.

Returning, leaves Belleville every day (Sundays excepted).

On MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY mornings at SIX O'CLOCK, Kingston time, and on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and SATURDAYS at ONE O'CLOCK A.M.

For rates of Freight or Passage apply to the Captain on board, or to

J. CARRUTHERS & CO.,
Freight Agents.

C. H. HATCH,
Passenger Agent.

Kingston, April 20, 1869.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

ADDRESSED to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until Noon on

SATURDAY, 15th May next,

For the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:—

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8 in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF AND DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONE-CUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipes and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House for Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT-BUILDINGS for the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S RESIDENCE. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL, to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above-named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario.
Toronto, April 24, 1869.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (Statutes of Ontario), will be held on Tuesday, the 8th day of June next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of May next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the Voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions, at two o'clock P.M., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	.....	Chatham.
Malahide and Tecumseh "	"	.....London.
Saugeen and Brock "	"	.....Guelph.
Gore and Thames "	"	.....Woodstock.
Erie and Niagara "	"	.....Brantford.
Burlington and Home "	"	.....Hamilton.
Midland and York "	"	.....Toronto.
King's and Queen's "	"	.....Whitby.
Newcastle and Trent "	"	.....Cobourg.
Quinte and Cataraqui "	"	.....Kingston.
Bathurst and Rideau "	"	.....Ottawa.
St. Lawrence and Eastern "	"	.....Brockville.

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to e register ed practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of the Council.

Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869.

FOR SALE

THE ST. LAWRENCE ICE HOUSES,

And the business as at present so favourably established, including

THE WHOLE PLANT.

THE Subscriber, owing to pressure of other business, cannot devote the time necessary to carry on this branch, and therefore has decided to dispose of it.

For further information and terms of sale, apply to

R. WHITE,
Chemist & Druggist.

N.B.—If the business is sold, no doubt my successor will supply all who may favour him with their patronage with the same liberality. If the business is not sold it will be carried on as heretofore.

April 9.

1868. COAL. 1868.

ANTHRACITE COAL YARD

Office—St. Lawrence Wharf,

Foot of Johnson Street.

OUR Coal is Pure Lackawana, being mined in the very heart of the Lackawana Valley, Scranton, Pittston, and Wilkes Barre, from the best selected mines, and is prepared with great care expressly for Family use, and will be *screened* and delivered in the best possible condition.

Best selected *Soft Coal* for grates constantly on hand, also Lehigh Lump for Foundry use and Blossburg for Blacksmiths.

Terms Cash. Delivered in any part of the city.

JAMES SWIFT & CO.

October 21, 1868.

☞ **Try Gardner's Baking Powder.**

☞ **Try Gardner's Cough Remedy.—See Advertisement.**

EFFECT OF ADVERTISING.—It is amusing at times to observe the stores of the merchants who don't advertise; to see the anxious proprietors looking into the streets and see the people go by, wondering why they don't come in, while the stores of their neighbours who do advertise are thronged with customers. Some people will learn by observation, others will not.—*Daily Palladium.*

COAL OIL.

JUST RECEIVED, at the Medical Hall, a lot of DOUBLE REFINED CEDAR CREEK OIL (the best brand in the market) purchased expressly for our Retail Trade, which will be sold at the same price as commom Coal Oil.

G. S. HOBART.

N.B.—By leaving your orders at the Medical Hall, you will have your Coal Oil promptly delivered in any part of the city.

April 1.

TO LET,

CATARAQUI GRANGE, late the residence of George Baxter, Esq., deceased, within 3½ miles of the City of Kingston. The Land consists of about 25 acres, ten of which are under Orchard and Garden. The Dwelling has attached to it a Conservatory and suitable Out-buildings, and is a desirable residence for any gentleman wishing to live out of the city.

Also, for sale, at the Grange, a quantity of Conservatory and other plants.

For particulars apply to

JOHN C. INNES.

Kingston, March, 1869.

SPECIAL AND IMPORTANT NOTICE TO CASH CUSTOMERS.

JAMES HOPE,

Dealer in Boots and Shoes, No. 36 Princess Street, Kingston.

DESIRES most respectfully to thank his numerous Customers for a liberal patronage extending over FIFTEEN YEARS.

In closing his accounts for the past year the advertiser has determined to abandon the *Credit* system altogether, and he wishes his Customers to understand this announcement in the most positive sense. Determined not to be outdone in the price or quality of his Stock, he is prepared to sell BOOTS and SHOES of unrivalled manufacture at the lowest remunerative prices on strictly cash terms.

Unpaid accounts must be settled immediately, otherwise they will be put in suit.

☞ The patronage of Cash Customers solicited.

JAMES HOPE.

Kingston, 22nd January, 1868.

R. S. WILLIAMS'

ORGANS AND MELODEONS

HAVE taken the FIRST PRIZE for eight successive years, and are allowed to be the best in the Dominion. These celebrated Instruments can be had at the lowest prices from

E. HOLDER,
PRINCESS ST.,
Sole Agent for Kingston.

March 9.

GARDNER'S BAKING POWDER.

FIRST PRIZE.

TRADE—MARK. GARDNER'S BAKING POWDER. MONTREAL.

THE remarkable success which "GARDNER'S BAKING POWDER" has met with since its introduction here warrants an increased demand. It can be obtained from most of the leading Grocers in Kingston, and at manufacturer's prices from Messrs J. CARRUTHERS & Co., Wholesale Grocers, Ontario Street, and also at Messrs W. R. McRAE & Co.'s, Kingston.

If you wish the best "BAKING POWDER," ask for GARDNER'S.

March 20.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having arranged for carrying on the business of the

FRONTENAC BREWERY

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF

Mild and Strong ALES, PORTER and STOUT,

Hereby appoints GEO. W. CREIGHTON as his Agent.

The business will be conducted on strictly CASH principles, and at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Custom kindly solicited, thankfully received, and promptly attended to.

Wanted, 3,000 Bushels Barley,

For which the highest market price will be paid.

A. LIVINGSTON,
Princess Street.

Kingston, February, 1869.

EYE WATER.

MRS STENSON'S EYE WATER is for sale by

E. H. PARKER,
Market Square.

Dec. 9.

GERMAN DRIED FLOWERS

OF BRILLANT COLOURS.

A CASE of HANGING BASKETS and BOUQUETS of these beautiful and appropriate Christmas Ornaments just arrived and for sale by

E. H. PARKER,
Market Square.

December 12.

PRIVATE BILLS.

PARTIES intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette*), to give NOTICE of their application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a Newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, 25th Feb., 1869.