The Daily News,

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 26.

☞ SEE FIRST PAGE.

PRINCE ARTHUR'S VISIT TO IRELAND.

His Royal Highness Prince Arthur, attended by Major Elphinstone and suite, left London on Sunday afternoon (April 4) on a visit to Ireland. The Prince and his attendants left the Euston terminus by the five o'clock Liverpool and Manchester express. One of the Royal saloons (used by her Majesty when proceeding to Scotland) had been attached to the train. Upon his arrival at Holyhead the Prince embarked on board a special steamer and steamed away to Dublin. The reception of his Royal Highness in Dublin was respectful and warm. The streets were greatly crowded, and banners and bannerets floated from numerous houses along the route. In reply to the civic address, his Royal Highness returned the following reply:—"My Lord Mayor and gentlemen,—I thank you most heartily for the cordial expressions of your address. To this my first visit to Ireland I have looked forward with anticipations of great pleasure, and I do hope that opportunities will frequently occur of my repeating these visits. From the Queen, my dear mother, I have learned to take the deepest interest in all that concerns the welfare of Ireland, and I know that her Majesty is well aware of the feelings of loyalty to the Throne and of attachment to her person and family which animate the corporation of the city of Dublin. I shall take the opportunity of communicating to the Queen your expression of these feelings, and I shall not forget to let her know how cordial has been the welcome with which you have this day received her son." The equipages drove a moderate pace along Westland-row, Nassau-street, College-green, Dame-street, Parliament-street, over Essex Bridge, and along the northern line of quays to the Viceregal Lodge, Phœnix Park. The procession was somewhat ludicrously closed by two staff officers in full uniform upon a hack jaunting car. In the afternoon Prince Arthur rode in the Park, accompanied by the Lord-Lieutenant, and in the evening there was a distinguished dinner party at the Viceregal Lodge, to celebrate the visit of his Royal Highness.

The attendance at Punchestown Races on Tuesday was nearly as large as on the visit of the Prince of Wales to the course. The weather, if not as tempestuous, was quite as disagreeable as that which marred the success of the volunteer review on Easter Monday, and completely spoiled the enjoyment of the thousands who poured out of Dublin to the plains of Kildare. As early as eight o'clock the city presented a scene of animation with the vehicles setting forth on the road; and from that hour till noon the approaches to the King's-bridge terminus and the line of route were crowded to excess. By far the greater portion travelled by road than on any previous occasion. This was partially attributable to the course taken by the Great Southern Company in increasing their fares by about 40 per cent. At twelve o'clock Arthur, accompanied by the Lord Lieutenant, the Countess Spencer, Lady de Vesci, the Hon. Miss Vesey, Lady Charles Bruce, and Lady Sarah Spencer, and attended by a numerous suite, comprising all the members of the viceregal staff, arrived at the King's-bridge terminus of the Great Southern and Western Railway. A large concourse of people had assembled near the terminus, who greeted his Royal Highness—whose unaffected manners seemed to have already won the hearts of the people—with hearty cheers. The party were received on the platform by the chairman and several directors of the company, together with the Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoress. In a few minutes they were seated in a special train, consisting of an elegantly appointed saloon and two first class carriages, which started immediately for Sallins, at which station several of the viceregal equipages were in attendance to convey them to the course. On the course itself immense crowds were congregated, numbering not less than 30,000. The first race was announced for half-past one, and very shortly after that hour the distinguished party arrived in several magnificent equipages, drawn by four horses each, with outriders. The prince was very warmly received on entering the stand, and the Countess Spencer, who was attired in green silk, elicited quite an ovation by this delicate compliment to popular sentiment. The royal party had scarcely taken up their positions when the long-threatened rain began to fall heavily. A forest of umbrellas presented itself in eachcrowd, and even the spare shelter of hedges and bushes was used by the discomfited pleasure-seekers. From this time till the conclusion of the sports the rain fell with but very slight intermission, drenching everybody exposed to it, and rendering the course a mass of mud and holding clay. It would not be easy to conceive anything more miserable than the spectacle presented by the course and its occupants. All the delicate finery worn by the fair sex was soaked through, its brilliant colours destroyed; and altogether the animation and gaiety of the day were lost. The races were all run, but it is more than probable that the "fortune of war" was unfavourably influenced by the state of the weather. People stood shivering about in their wet clothes, and large numbers left early in the afternoon. The royal party remained till the close of the races, when they were escorted by the stewards to their equipages, and were loudly cheered as they drove from the course.

On Wednesday Prince Arthur, accompanied by the Lord-Lieutenant and the Countess Spencer, were present at the second day of Punchestown Races. The weather was again unfavourable, but the sport was excellent, and the attendance numerous.

On Thursday Prince Arthur visited Maynooth College, and the Duke of Leinster, at Carlton. He also visited the Royal Hibernian School.

Dublin, Friday.—The troops assembled on the Fifteen Acres in Phœnix Park, at twelve o'clock to-day, but from the extreme inclemency of the weather, there were no evolutions except a march past. The Prince and Earl Spencer were present on horseback.

On Monday his Royal Highness will probably visit the Curragh-Camp; and on Tuesday the Agricultural Show of the Royal Dublin Society.

The inmates of the barracks of the Guards of Paris were shocked last Sunday by the report that Commandant Thevel had commited suicide. On hearing the pistol several persons hurried to the room and discovered the body of the officer lying on the bed and a pistol by his side. A woman in *neglige* was frantically calling for assistance. At first it was feared that the commandant had been assassinated, and the female, who was proved to be a duchess, with whom he had been clandestinely connected for six months, was arrested. The greatest mystery prevails, but from evident traces of a struggle it is inferred that the duchess endeavoured to prevent her paramour from committing the fatal deed. The funeral took place without military honours and all the officers attending wore civilian's dress. The lady has returned to her husband.

The ship Czarowitch, belonging to the American, Russian commercial company, having arrived at Sitka with a cargo of salt, was sent back to San Francisco in charge of a revenue officer. As a number of vessels have sailed from San Francisco for Alaska with assorted cargoes, intending to trade with the Indians and trappers, much anxiety is felt by the owners as to how they will fare in case they fall into the collector's hands and become subject to his rulings.

The site for the new Lunatic Asylum at London only costs $59 per acre. It is known as the Hall farm on the Governor's road, together with fifty acres in the rear, bought of Messrs. McLaren of Hamilton—in all one hundred and ninety-six acres. This price is remarkably low. For the adjoining lands, though not so well situated for the purpose, $80 per acre was asked. The water on the lot is in abundance. Dr. Landor, who is likely to have charge of the asylum when built, has expressed himself well pleased with the selection, his judgment being consulted before the bargain was closed.

Anthony Trollope having been accused of libelling John Bright, in his novel of "Phineas Finn," has denied the soft impeachment in a letter to one of the London papers. He says:—"In the character of Mr Turnbull to which allusion is made, I depicted Mr Bright neither in his private nor public character; and I cannot imagine how any likeness justifying such a charge against me can be found. The character that I have drawn has no resemblance to the Chairman of the Board of Trade in person, in manners, in character, in mode of life, or even in the mode of expressing political opinion. It was my object to depict a turbulent demagogue—but it was also my object so to draw the character that no likeness should be found in any of our own political circles for the character so drawn. I have been unlucky, as the charge brought by you against me shows; but I protest that the ill-luck has not been the result of any fault on my part. I intended neither portrait or caricature, and most assuredly I produced neither."

IMMIGRATION.—Returns in answer to the recently issued circular of the Minister of Agriculture, relative to the number of immigrants that can be accommodated with work in the townships throughout Ontario during the present season, are being already received by the Department here. In each of these the statements are of the most encouraging character. A large deduction could be made, and yet the number be much larger than the total emigration for the last two or three years. The returns specify the nature of the employment, rate of wages and the number likely to be employed, and includes a guarantee that the authorities of the municipality will use their best efforts to find employment for the number mentioned. Farm labourers seem to be in great demand, and a very large number of these, with female help in the more settled districts can be absorbed. Blacksmiths, shoemakers, and tradesmen of other classes are also mentioned as among the wants in nearly every locality.—*Globe.*

At Columbus, O, a few nights ago, Arthur Dupont, while performing a double trapeze act with his brother, at the Gaieties Theatre, fell a distance of nearly twenty feet. He was hanging head downward when he commenced to fall, but turned in his descent so as to light on his hip. He struck on a piano in the orchestra, splitting the top in pieces, but jumped up and turned a hand-spring before he left the stage, to the surprise of the audience, who thought he was surely killed.

A man in the new Memphis Theatre, on Monday night, ran a narrow escape of his life, in imitation of the school boy story of William Tell and the apple-shooting on his son's head. The circumstance was the sending of a pistol shot through an orange placed on a man's head. Mr A. J. Talbot fired the shot, and Mr Frank Benton stood the risk of losing his life in its accomplishment. He was blindfolded and placed facing the marksman at a distance of ten paces. While Mr Talbot slowly and deliberately aimed his pistol, the audience remained in breathless suspense. At the first fire the ball was heard to strike the wall of the theatre and fall to the floor, while the orange remained untouched on the head of Mr Benton. The second fire was true to the mark, the orange fell to the floor smashed and broken by the shot.

Campbell, Mowat & Macdonnell,

BARRISTERS, &c., Princess Street, Kingston (opposite Daily News Office).

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, Q.C.,
GEORGE LEVACK MOWAT,
GEORGE MILNES MACDONNELL.

March 15, 67.

Gildersleeve & Walkem,

BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-at-LAW, Conveyancers, Notaries Public.

Richard T. Walkem,

SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY. Office—Clarence Street, Kingston, C.W.

J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, L.L.B. | RICH. T. WALKEM.

Macdonald, Patton & Machar,

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Offices—18 Clarence St., opposite the Post Office, KINGSTON, C. W.

JOHN A. MACDONALD, Q. C. | JAMES PATTON, Q.C.
JOHN M. MACHAR.

Kingston, Jan'y 16.

Wilkison & Reeve,

BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-at-LAW, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Napanee, C. W.

OFFICE.—South West corner of Dundas and East Streets.

WM. H. WILKISON. W. A. REEVE, M. A.
County Crown Attorney.

W. R. Mingaye,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Conveyancer, &c. Kingston, C. W. Dec. 1.

James S. Cartwright,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW. OFFICE—CLARENCE STREET, opposite the Post Office. February 17.

James Agnew,

BARRISTER and ATTORNEY-at-LAW, Conveyancer, &c. Office Bagot Street, second door south of the *British Whig* Office, upstairs. August 1.

O'Reilly & Draper,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-at-LAW Solicitors in Chancery—Chambers Nos. 7, 8, & 9, Anchor Buildings, Kingston, C. W.

JAMES O'REILLY, Q.C. | FRANK C. DRAPER.

John Mudie,

BARRISTER, Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c. Office opposite Post Office, Clarence Street, Kingston. August 6.

OFFICE REMOVED TO KING STREET NEARLY OPPOSITE THE CITY BOOK STORE.

Joseph Rawden,

ATTORNEY AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, &c., 33 King street, Kingston.

J. R. Smith, M.D.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., PORTLAND, Residence Harrowsmith.

MONEY TO LEND. $50,000 to lend on the security of Real Estate in the City or Country at a low rate of interest. No commission charged.

April 23 R. M. ROSE.

1d. SINGLE COPIES of the DAILY NEWS may be had at the counter of the publication office, Princess street, price three coppers.

Phœnix Fire Assurance Company
OF LONDON.

Agent at Kingston,
THOS. KIRKPATRICK.

Royal Assurance Company
OF
LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
MAXWELL W. STRANGE,
Agent for Kingston

Office—33, Clarence Street.
Kingston, March 20, 1862.

Home Insurance Company of New Haven, Conn.

CAPITAL .. .. $1,000,000.
PREMIUMS RECEIVED DURING 1868—$2,079,896.

Funds deposited in the hands of the Goverment for the security of Policyholders.

☞ All fire risks carefully surveyed, and the rate of Premium made to correspond with the risk assumed.

JAMES SWIFT,
Agent,
St. Lawrence Wharf

Kingston, March 31, 1869.

1869. Marine Insurance. 1869.

Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.

L. J. HENDEE, President. | E. P. DORR, General Agent.

INCORPORATED IN 1819.

CAPITAL $3,000,000. ASSETS $5,150,931,71

HULL AND CARGO RISKS to and from Inland Ports on favourable terms.

Losses promptly and liberally adjusted and paid in Canada Currency.

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LAKE AND RIVER RISKS taken on hulls and cargoes at reasonable rates.

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"Ætna" Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn

PAID UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS—$5,150,931,71.

Losses paid in 50 years, ... $24,000,000

THIS Company has been doing business in Canada for nearly 50 years, and during that time has secured the public confidence by the prompt and liberal settlement of every fair claim. It has fully complied with the laws of Canada by the deposit with the Government of Stocks to the amount of

$50.000

And is prepared to issue policies on terms as low as the safety of the assured will permit.

JAMES SWIFT,
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Kingston, March 31, 1869.

EUGENE RIMMEL,

PERFUMER by appointment to their Majesties the Emperor of the French, the Queen of Spain, the Queen of Holland, the Queen of the Belgians, and the King of Portugal; and H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.

Toilet Soaps.	Toilet Powders.
Lavender Water.	Portable Fountains.
Cold Cream.	Toilet Vinegar.
Perfumed Vaporizer.	Hair Preparations.
Rose Leaf Powder.	Tooth Powders
Perfumes for the Handkerchief.	Glycerine Toilet Requisites.
Eau de Cologne.	

All the above are carefully prepared for Exportation, and retain their excellent qualities in any climate.

96 Strand; 128 Regent Street; 24 Cornhill, London. 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris.

DR. VICTOR BAUD'S ORGANIC MEDICINE.

DR V. BAUD, Graduate and Member of the Medical College of Paris, Chief Physician Extraordinary for Epidemics in Paris, late M.D. of the Civil Hospitals of Algiers, has just introduced in England his ORGANIC MEDICINES.

They consist of three preparations—

THE BAUDEINE,

An efficient and prompt Remedy for Cholera, Yellow Fever, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and the excessive action of the Bowels. A gold medal was awarded by the French Government to Dr V. Baud for this valuable preparation.

Price: Small, 1s 1½d; Medium, 4s 5d; Large Size, 11s per Bottle.

THE DIASTATIZED IRON,

For strengthening the System.—Price 2s 9d per Bottle.

THE DIASTATIZED IODINE,

For purifying the Blood.—Price 2s 9d per Bottle.

*** The above Preparations are in the form of Sweetmeats, pleasant to the taste, and particularly adapted for Infants and Mothers nursing.

By the combination of the Iron or Iodine with Cress Seeds in a state of germination, they are united with organic life, which thus renders them digestible. The irritative and stubborn mineral has thus become the nucleus of an organic substance capable of being absorbed by the blood without injury to the stomach.

Agent for England and British Possessions,
E. G. DUFRESNE, 79 Watling Street.
May be obtained of all Chemists.

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, &c.

EARL RUSSELL sent to the College of Physicians a communication received by him from Manilla (where cholera had been graing fearfully) to the effect that, of all remedies tried, Chlorodyne was the most effective.

"The day seems as yet, unhappily, far distant when public opinion or State interference will prevent the advertisement or sale of any secret medicine whatsoever. It is to be hoped that the profession will continue to brand as unworthy the conduct of those of its members who by testimonial or otherwise aid the disposal of such things."—*Lancet.*

TOWLE'S CHLORODYNE.

The Original Preparation of known Composition.

From Dr C. Kid[illegible] [illegible]thor of Standard Works [illegible]roform.

Sackville [illegible], Piccadilly, London.

Sir,—I think if you would advertise your Chlorodyne more than you do, you would help to beat the others, which are secret compounds, out of the market. Many medical men think with me, and recommend your compound, but will never prescribe a secret remedy. CHARLES KIDD, M.D.

To Mr Towle, Chemist, Manchester.

A Surgeon from New York writes:—"I only requires to be known to be appreciated. I have no hesitation in characterising it (viz., Towle's Chlorodyne) as the most useful medicine that has appeared during the present century. In diarrhœa, colic, ague, spasms, I have found it to relieve more pain and cause more joy than any other article that can be named."

NOTE.—The Profession is warned against inferior, secret, and cheap compounds now in the market. Each genuine bottle bears a facsimile of Proprietor's signature on the stamp outside.

LIQ. CHLOROFORMI Co. OR CHLORODYNE WITHOUT PEPPERMINT.

Sole Manufacturer:—A. P. Towle, Chemist, Manchester.

CAUTION.

THE gross frauds which continue to be practised by obscure manufacturers, more particularly in Germany, by imitating the labels attached to JOHN GOSNELL & Co.'s PERFUMERY, render it imperative upon the Proprietors to CAUTION the public against such nefarious proceedings, and to request their friends and patrons to purchase only of respectable dealers, who import direct from John Gosnell & Co.; and invite special attention to the address—

RED BULL WHARF, 93 UPPER THAMES STREET.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Select Perfumes: Ess Bouquet, Royal Yacht Club Bouquet, Jockey Club Perfume, Essence of Wood Violet, Victoria Bouquet, Frangipanni, Military Bouquet, the Bride's Bouquet.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Prince of Wales' Perfume, a most choice and fashionable perfume.

John Gosnell & Co's Princess Alexandra's Perfume, a most choice and delicate perfume, prepared expressly for the use of Her Royal Highness.

John Gosnell & Co's Upper Ten Thousand Perfume.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Jockey Club Perfume is in universal request as the most admired Perfume for the Handkerchief. Price 2s 6d.

John Gosnell & Co.'s La Noblesse Perfume, a most delicate Perfume of exquisite fragrance.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Noblesse Pomade, elegantly perfumed, and highly recommended for beautifying and promoting the growth of the hair.

La Noblesse Soap—esteemed for its unequalled perfume and fine emollient qualities.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Violet and Millefleur Nursery Powder is guaranteed pure. No nursery should be without it. Sold in boxes at 6d; in tins 1s each.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Cherry Tooth Paste is greatly superior to any Tooth Powder, gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, protects the enamel from decay, and imparts a pleasing fragrance to the breath. Price 1s 6d each.

Instantaneous Hair Dye: certain to produce any shade Brown or Black, of good natural colour. It cannot possibly injure the hair, has no disagreeable odour, and is easily applied.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Patent Trichosaron, or newly invented Hair Brush, the peculiar mechanical construction of which accompanies the two operations of cleansing and polishing simultaneously.

The Patent Mechanical Chair for Brushing Hair by Machinery. For Prospectus and particulars, apply to the Patentees and Sole Manufacturers, JOHN GOSNELL & Co., Perfumers by Appointment to Her Majesty, the Princess of Wales, &c., RED BULL WHARF, 93 UPPER THAMES STREET, late of 12 Three King Court, Lombard Street.

"THE" SAUCE. Prepared by Alexander Southwood Stocker, from a recipe by his Cousin, the late Dr Southwood Smith, thirty-five years Physician to the London Fever Hospital; Father of Sanitary Reform; Medical Member of the first General Board of Health; Author of the first work on Fever in any age or country, the Philosophy of Health, &c.

Delicious with every known dish. Its habitual use increases the appetite and promotes digestion. It is much esteemed for its digestive properties.

As an assurance of its purity and salutary properties, it is only necessary to point out the name of the celebrated and philanthropic Physician from whose prescription it is compounded. The entire life of that distinguished man was spent in promoting the health of his fellow-creatures, and his death, in December, 1861, was mourned as a national loss.

Wholesale and for exportation by the Proprietor, 69, Lamb's Conduit Street; Barclay and Sons, Farringdon Street; Batty and Co., Finsbury Pavement.

Retail by Chemists, Grocers, Italian Warehousemen, and others, throughout the Kingdom, and every part of the world.

Ask for "The" Sauce.—Special Export Agents—Burgoyne, Burbridges, and Squire, 16, Colman Street, London.

LAMPLOUGH'S PYRETIC SALINE.—A Medicine that cures Sea Sickness or the worst form of Billious Headache in a few minutes; effervescing and tasteless, its constant use is especially calculated to maintain health. When mixed with water and taken during the effervescence, it immediately blends with the food, and is rapidly absorbed into the system. It vitalizes and supplies the blood with those saline principles that are lost, altered, or destroyed during the hot weather. In Jungle, Scarlet, Yellow, Typhus, Eruptive Fevers (or Cholera), also in several other conditions, where the vital current is poisoned by infection, and thereby rendered unfit to support health and life, it has been found eminently beneficial; and its sustaining and purifying influence acts as a preventive to disease, as the numerous unsolicited testimonials accompanying each bottle will prove. Its portability renders it admirably adapted to the traveller, tourist, emigrant, or private family, more especially when distant from medical advice or assistance.

Sold in patent stoppered glass bottles, price 2s 6d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 21s each. Special agents required and appointed in all parts of the world.

SIR WILLIAM BURNETT'S DISINFECTING FLUID, for the purification of sick rooms, hospitals, workhouses, factories, prisons, crowded places, between decks of ships, fever wards, clothes and linen of sick, night-chairs, cesspools, drains, water closets, stables, dairies, larders, musty casks, tubs, &c.; bilge-water, and the holds of ships; apartments for searchers, undertakers, and jurymen, and for post-mortem examinations; for the prevention of infectious disease, canker and fungus in trees; for the disinfection of dead bodies, and for the preservation of subjects for dissection; for the extermination of bugs and other vermin.

Sir W. Burnett's Disinfecting Fluid was the only Disinfectant used at the Agricultural Hall during the Smithfield Club Cattle Show in 186[illegible], by order of Her Majesty's Privy Council.

The value of the fluid is shown by the following letter from the Secretary and Manager:

"Agricultural Hall, Islington, Jan. 1868.

"Dear Sir,—Please to send eight gallons more of your Disinfecting Fluid, as per order enclosed. Having used various Disinfecting Fluids at our many shows, I can say with confidence that none have had the instantaneous and complete effect of Sir William Burnett's, and this too without producing any nuisance like the smell of chloride of lime or carbolic acid.—I am yours faithfully, "S. SIDNEY, Sec. and Manager.

"Capt. Jackson, R.N., 90, Cannon street."

This fluid acts on the essential cause of disease by destroying the local conditions of the atmosphere under which cholera is most frequently developed and propagated. For instance: "In a house in St. Andrew's street, Plymouth, occupied by fifty-two persons, it was sprinkled in every room except four; in these the occupants would not permit it to be applied; the result of which was, that in those parts of the house where it had been used, not a single case of cholera subsequently occurred; while in the four rooms above alluded to, the disease still exists and some deaths have taken place. Two houses immediately opposite were supplied with a quantity, in neither of which has there been a single case, although too disease is raging in the neighbourhood."

Sold by all Chemists, and at 90, Canon street, London. Quarts, 16s; pints, 8s; half-pints, 4s; glass-stoppered Imperial pints, extra strength, 16s per dozen; and in bulk at 4s per gallon: bottles included. Each gallon making 200 gallons, when diluted with water. See directions on every bottle.

Recommended and used by Professor Simonds at the Royal Veterinary College, during the last twenty years.

N.B.—This fluid is a certain cure for grease in horses, also the scab and rot in sheep.

THE ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE, Invented by R. Freeman, Pharmaceutist, is allowed to be one of the greatest discoveries of the present century. It is largely employed by the most eminent Physicians and Surgeons in hospital and private practice in all parts of the world. It has effects peculiar to itself, and which are essentially different to those produced by the various compounds bearing the name of Chlorodyne, but have no pretence to possessing its virtues. It rapidly relieves pain, from whatever cause, allays the irritation of fever, soothes the system under exhausting diseases, and gives sleep without producing any one of the unpleasant feelings so commonly arising from the use of opiates. It continues to hold its unshaken position in the estimation of the Profession as the best, most reliable, and cheapest preparation. Eminent and scientific Physicians made affidavits that they have tested its effects in careful comparison with those of "DR. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE," and deposed to the facts that they found it a more certain and reliable preparation, and greatly preferred "FREEMANS."

Earl Russell communicated to the Royal College of Physicians and to Mr Freeman, that in Manilla the only remedy of any use in Cholera was Chlorodine.

The Medical Times and Gazette, January 13th, 1866, states, "It has an immense sale amongst the public, and is prescribed by scores of Orthodox Medical Practitioners, and, of course, it would not be thus singularly popular did it not supply a want and fill a place."

Manufactured by the Inventor, Richard Freeman, 70, Kennington Park Road, London, S.

The genuine has engraved on the Government Stamp (outside each Bottle), "FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE."

CONDY'S PATENT FLUID or natural disinfectant purifies, deodorises, and disinfects, by the agency of nascent or ozonic oxygen,—its active principle. Being entirely innoxious, this truly scientific preparation is peculiarly adapted for the following useful purposes, for which all other disinfectants, on account of their poisonous or other objectionable qualities, are unavailable and useless:—

Detecting organic impurities in air and water.

Purifying drinking and other water from organic matter, lead, &c.

Freshening the air of close places, and removing bad smells.

Freeing meat, fish, butter, or other provisions from taint.

Counteracting the effects of organic poisons taken into the stomach.

Curing Musty provender. Freeing wheat and other seed from smut.

Maintaining the health of plants in pots and conservatories.

Preserving and restoring the freshness of cut flowers kept in water.

Destroying the blight of the potatoe, vine, hop, mulberry tree, &c.

Washing dogs and other domestic animals.

Cleansing bottles, beer barrels, pickling tubs, dairy utensils.

Washing the hair and darkening its colour when turning grey.

Enhancing the purifying and invigorating effects of baths and tubs.

Dressing poisoned wounds and destroying animal virus.

Treating the infectious diseases of cattle, horses, dogs, &c.

One gallon makes 200 to 300 gallons adapted for use.

N.B.—Condy's Fluid is the Standard Scientific Test for Organic Matter in Water, and affords the only known means of rapidly and completely freeing Drinking Water from Organic Taint, which is so common a cause of serious disease.

To rapidly purify the air, use the diluted fluid with "Condy's Ozoniser" or other Spray-producer.

CONDY'S PATENT OZONISED WATER,
(FOR TOILET PURPOSES,)

Removes from the mouth impure and foreign tastes and odours, whether arising from tobacco or other causes, and counteracts the irritation and morbid secretions of carious teeth. It purifies and softens the skin, and, used in the bath, tends to promote a healthy state of the whole body.

H. BOLLMAN CONDY,
Patentee, Battersea, London.

JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE. Any one can use them; anything can be dyed with them. It is impossible in this small space to enumerate the many uses to which these wonderful and beautiful chemical preparations can be applied; while their chief use is for dyeing textile fabrics, they are also invaluable as a colouring agent for almost every known material, the ease with which they can be used and the brilliancy of the result being, indeed, almost magical. By their use almost any article of clothing can be dyed in a few minutes for a few pence without soiling the hands.

MEMORANDA.

MAGENTA: The strength and beauty of this dye is almost incredible. A Sixpenny bottle will dye 20 yards of Bonnet Ribbon in 10 minutes; it will also produce a clear Rose Pink by using less dye. Suitable also for Woollen Goods, Feathers, Silks, &c.

WOOLLENS: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Purple, Orange, Pink, and Crimson produce the most satisfactory results. Use a large quantity of boiling water in an earthen pan. RIBBONS and SILKS: Brush them with soap and water to avoid creases, and to render them clean. Dye in boiling water.

FEATHERS: Dye in hot water (a few drops of the dye is sufficient for one feather).

COTTON: Mauve, Violet and Purple are recommended.

LEATHER: Blue, Magenta, Violet and Orange. Dye in warm water.

WHITEWASH: To color: *Magenta*, for Pink or Rose; add half a bottle to a pail of water, then stir in the Whitening as usual. Mauve, Violet, Purple, Blue and crimson produce pretty tints by using one bottle or more, as directed above.

STARCH: Stir in a few drops of Colour—Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Blue or Pink; these impart delicate tints to Lace, Linen, &c.

WILLOW SHAVINGS, Wicker, Ivory, Bone, Hair, Fibres, Seaweed, &c., attract the dye quickly, if applied in boiling water.

BLUE: For laundry purposes is A 1.

BOOK EDGES: A Sixpenny bottle of Magenta, Violet, Crimson or Blue will make from a pint to a quart of beautiful colouring, according to shade required Apply with a brush.

PAPER and WOOD STAIN: Ditto.

OAK STAIN: A bottle of No. 2 Black to half a-pint of hot water.

SATINWOOD STAIN: A Sixpenny bottle Canary dissolved in a pint of boiling water

PHOTOGRAPHS may be tinted; dilute the dye with water; a bottle of Magenta to a pint of water. &c.

ILLUMINATING: Magenta, Violet, Blue, Orange; pour a few drops into an egg cup add warm water; use with a brush or pen Borders of books, similar to Ward and Lock's Arabian Nights, &c., may be prettily illuminated in this manner.

BLANCMANGE, JELLY, CORN FLOUR ICE CREAMS, &c: While in a liquid state add one or two drops of Magenta. A more simple or elegant tinting cannot be had.

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INK: A Sixpenny bottle of Magenta to a pint or more of cold water

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