The Daily News,

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 25.

☞ SEE FIRST PAGE.

FARMERS' MARKET.

Kingston, March 25.

The attendance at the markets since our last report has been small, the condition of the roads excluding the presence of farmers residing at any great distance from the city. The produce offered, however, has been sufficient for the demand.

FLOUR—Steady and unchanged.

GRAIN—There is nothing to report in the grain market since our last week's notice. Transactions during the week have been limited in each description, and old prices prevail.

GRASS SEED—Timothy and clover are now offered in abundance at last week's prices.

MEAT—The supply and show prove butchers holding back their prime samples for the Easter-market. Pork has become scarce, and $10 is asked and obtained for choice heavy.

POULTRY—Very scarce, and dealers ask exorbitant prices; fowls of the size of pigeons were sold on Saturday for 70c per pair.

EGGS—Offered in abundance at 20c.

DAIRY PRODUCE—Butter—no decrease in price although a decided dullness in the market fore shadows a decline. This is the more certain from the fact that the American buyers have generally withdrawn from the market, and those who remain are shy in their offers.

TALLOW AND LARD—8 cents for rendered, and no great demand. Lard is still called for.

FRUIT—The market is confined to apples, which appear in sufficient numbers to meet demand. Prices are unchanged.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes unchanged. Cabbages held at high prices, and those offered are generally of an inferior quality. Celery supplied in small quantities at high prices. A few samples of spring salad make their appearance.

HIDES AND SKINS—Unchanged since last report.

HAY AND STRAW—In both the former prices continue, and there is no present prospect of a decline. The supply continues good.

FUEL—Good hard wood is offered at $4, a price which in most cases is realized. Coal—the present price will continue until the opening of navigation when a decline may be expected.

	$ c.		$ c.
Flour, per bbl., Sup extra..	0 00	@	5 50
No. 1 Superfine	4 25	..	4 30
Do. per cental	2 20	..	0 00
Buckwheat flour	2 00	..	0 00
Corn Meal, per cental ..	1 80	..	1 90
Barley per bushel	1 10	..	1 12
Rye do	0 00	..	0 68
Peas, do	0 00	..	0 85
Oats, do	0 48	..	0 50
Buckwheat do	0 47	..	0 50
Wheat, per 60 lbs	1 00	..	1 10
Corn, " " ..	0 80	..	0 85
Timothy Seed, per bushel ..	2 00	..	2 50
Clover, do ..	0 00	..	6 50
Potatoes, per bushel ..	0 45	..	0 50
Turnips, per bush	0 50	..	0 60
Carrots, per bush	0 50	..	0 55
Onions, new dry per bush..	1 50	..	0 00
Beans, per bushel	1 75	..	2 00
Apples, Canada, per bush..	1 60	..	2 00
Apples, per bbl	3 00	..	4 50
Cabbage, each	0 09	..	0 12½
Celery, per head	0 05	..	0 10
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00	..	7 00
Beef, per lb	0 00	..	0 10
Pork, per 100 lbs	9 00	..	10 00
Mutton, per lb per quarter..	0 05	..	0 07
Veal, do	0 04½	..	0 06
Lamb, do	0 00	..	0 00
Hams, do	0 14	..	0 17
Mess Pork, per bbl.. ..	24 00	..	26 00
Prime do., per bbl.. ..	20 00	..	0 00
Salmon trout, ...	0 25	..	0 75
Pike, fresh, per pair ..	0 20	..	0 30
Eels each	0 12½	..	0 25
Lard, per lb	0 14	..	0 17
Tallow, do	0 00	..	0 08
Butter, do (fresh)	0 28	..	0 30
Butter, do (packed) ..	0 24	..	0 26
Cheese, do	0 12½	..	0 14
Eggs, per dozen	0 20	..	0 25
Turkeys, each	1 75	..	2 00
Honey, ...	0 12½	..	0 15
Geese, each..	0 60	..	0 75
Ducks per couple	0 00	..	0 00
Fowls, per couple	0 80	..	1 00
Salt, per bag	1 10	..	1 25
Hay, per ton	9 00	..	13 00
Straw, per ton	3 00	..	4 50
Wood, per cord	2 00	..	4 00
Coal, ...	7 50	..	9 50
Hides, per 100 lbs.. ..	6 50	..	7 00
Sheep's Pelts each	0 80	..	1 12½
Lamb Skins "	0 50	..	0 70
Calf skins, per lb	0 10	..	0 12½
Deacon calf, each	0 30	..	0 40

WASTE OF INTELLECTUAL POWER IN THE GOVERNMENT OFFICES.

The small economies now enforced in England by the Government leads the *Pall Mall Gazette* pertinently to make this point against waste in administrative departments of the nature mentioned:—"Nothing could well be more senseless or wasteful than the plan hitherto pursued. We subject candidates to a competitive ordeal of no ordinary severity, which, by reason simply of its competitive character, has a tendency to become severer year by year; we virtually thus require from them proofs of capacity and acquirements which qualify them for high functions and peculiarly intelligent service, and which might command liberal remuneration in the open professions; and then when we have obtained these superior young men we set them to work for years upon mere copying or calculating tasks which an ordinary national schoolboy could do just as well, and which could scarcely fail to exercise a stupefying and dwarfing influence upon any intellect devoted to it for six hours a day, and we pay them about the same scanty salary that we give our gardener and our butler—the same, too, that was assigned to them years ago, when the work was far laxer, the educational requirements far smaller, and the cost of living nearly one-third less. A sillier waste of intellectual power, or a sadder spectacle of intellectual degradation and consequent discontent, than is presented by a highly educated and successful young candidate occupied in transcribing letters or calculating the duty on so many chests of tea at sixpence a pound, can scarcely be found on this earth. The great reform we need, as was long since pointed out, is a division of the civil servants into two ranks—the intellectual and the mechanical."

The Bruce *Reporter* says: The Court of Error and Appeal—the highest tribunal in Canada—has reversed the judgment of the Court of Queen's Bench, in a celebrated case which has been in litigation for five years, and sustains the legality of Mr McLay's appointment to the Registrarship of Bruce; which thus entitles him to all the fees and emoluments of the office from the time he was gazetted, in February, 1864.

The Prussian monarchy will shortly be enriched by the incorporation of the Duchy of Lauenberg. This little territory was ceded by Denmark by the treaty of October, 1864, and was acquired by Prussia, along with Schleswig-Holstein, in 1866. King William thus became Duke of Lauenberg instead of the King of Denmark, but the duchy has not yet, owing to some scruples, been incorporated in the monarchy. The Prussian Chambers have repeatedly urged that the formal act of annexation be made, and at length the Representative Assembly of the duchy itself has preferred the same request, which will now be granted. Another item of annexation has been completed. The principality of Wakdeck has ceased to exist. The Prince who ruled this territory had leased to Prussia the care of his 60,000 souls for a term of years. He has now sold them.

POSTAL TARIFF.

HALF-OZ LETTERS—PREPAYMENT OPTIONAL.

	Prepaid.	Unpaid.
In the Dominion	3c ..	.. 5c
Prince Edward Island ..	3c ..	.. 5c
United States	6c ..	.. 10c
Local or Drop Letters, *i.e.*, for delivery by same Office at which posted—pre-payment compulsory		.. 1c

HALF-OZ LETTERS—PREPAYMENT COMPULSORY

Britain, by Canada Steamships	12½c
" *via* Halifax	12½c
" " New York	15c.
Newfoundland	12½c
British Columbia and Vancouver	10c
Red River	6c

NEWSPAPERS.

Transient Papers in the Dominion, to Britain, United States, P. E. Island and Newfoundland	2c
To Subscribers.	
Weekly .. .. per quarter	5c
Semi-Weekly .. .. .. " "	10c
Tri-Weekly .. .. .. " "	15c
Daily .. .. " "	30c

☞ Subscribers residing in Britain, United States, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland, &c., must prepay their Canadian postage as above through the Canadian publisher.

Newspapers coming into Canada.

From Britain, by Canadian Mail Steamers	Free
" " " New York	2c
" United States	2c
Circulars, Prices-Current, Hand Bills, Books, Pamphlets in the Dominion, to P. E. I., Nfld., and U. S. .. per oz	1c
Periodicals, as above . . . . per 4 oz	1c
Parcel Post .. .. per 8 oz	12½c

New Stamps are issued of ½c, 1c., 2c., 3c., 12½c. 15c.

A course of lectures on the Tamuil, one of the languages of Southern Hindostan, is to be given in Paris by M. Sandon-Vdayar de Patchacapy. The *Charivari* says that the first year will be given to learning to read and pronounce the instructor's name.

Baron Rothschild, who lately died in Paris, always undervalued his property for taxation purposes, and there is talk of bringing a suit against his heirs to recover heavy sums as arrears, perhaps several million francs.

A writer in Europe, whom the New York *Times* declares to be declares to be perfectly familiar with the affairs of Greece and Turkey, remarks as follows upon the annexation of the Ionian Islands to Greece:—"Under the British Government, the Ionians were very prosperous; they had good schools, a well cultivated soil, and most excellent roads. In fact they were, to my eye, among the most beautiful and attractive portions of the earth's surface that I have seen. Now all is changed. No attention has been paid to the maintenance of the roads, which have consequently gone to destruction. Government and order have been succeeded by violence and anarchy, and the people are fast relapsing into barbarism. And yet the Ionians were in a far more advanced state of civilization than the Cretans are at this day." This confirms all that we have said upon the condition of the Grecian kingdom. Insted of improving we fear it is going from bad to worse. We have little doubt that the provinces of Turkey are generally governed better and more justy, and are in a more progressive situation, than those of Greece.—*N. Y Sun.*

Campbell, Mowat & Mac[illegible],
BARRISTERS, &c., Princess St[illegible] ston (opposite Daily News Office)
ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, Q.C.,
GEORGE LEVACK MOWAT,
GEORGE MILNES MACDONNELL.
March 15, 67.

Gildersleeve & Walkem,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-at-LAW, Conveyancers, Notaries Public.
Richard T. Walkem,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Office—Clarence Street, Kingston, C.W.
J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, L.L.B. | RICH. T. WALKEM.

Macdonald, Patton & Machar,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-at-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c.
Offices—18 Clarence St., opposite the Post Office, KINGSTON, C. W.
JOHN A. MACDONALD, Q. C. | JAMES PATTON, Q.C.
JOHN M. MACHAR.
Kingston, Jan'y 16.

W. R. Mingaye,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Conveyancer, &c. Kingston, C. W. Dec. 1.

James S. Cartwright,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW. OFFICE—CLARENCE STREET, opposite the Post Office. February 17.

James Agnew,
BARRISTER and ATTORNEY-at-LAW, Conveyancer, &c. Office Bagot Street, second door south of the *British Whig* Office, upstairs. August 1.

Wilkison & Reeve,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-at-LAW, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Napanee, C. W.
OFFICE.—South West corner of Dundas and East Streets.
WM. H. WILKISON. W. A. REEVE, M. A. County Crown Attorney.

O'Reilly & Draper,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-at-LAW Solicitors in Chancery—Chambers Nos. 7, 8, & 9, Anchor Buildings, Kingston, C. W.
JAMES O'REILLY, Q.C. | FRANK C. DRAPER.

John Mudie,
BARRISTER, Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c. Office opposite Post Office, Clarence Street, Kingston. August 6.

OFFICE REMOVED TO KING STREET NEARLY OPPOSITE THE CITY BOOK STORE.
Joseph Rawden,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, &c., 33 King street, Kingston.

J. R. Smith, M.D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., PORTLAND, Residence Harrowsmith.

MONEY TO LEND. $50,000 to lend on the security of Real Estate in the City or Country at a low rate of interest. No commission charged. R. M. ROSE. April 23

½d. SINGLE COPIES of the DAILY NEWS may be had at the counter of the publication office, Princess street, price three coppers.

TO A YOUNG MERCHANT—When you pay more for the rent of your business house than for advertising your business, you are pursuing a false policy. If you can do business, let it be known."—FRANKLIN.

EFFECT OF ADVERTISING.—It is amusing at times to observe the stores of the merchants who don't advertise; to see the anxious proprietors looking into the streets and see the people go by, wondering why they don't come in, while the stores of their neighbours who do advertise are thronged with customers. Some people will learn by observation, others will not.—*Daily Palladium.*

Phœnix Fire Assurance Company
OF LONDON.
Agent at Kingston,
THOS. KIRKPATRICK.

Royal Assurance Company
OF
LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
MAXWELL W. STRANGE,
Agent for Kingston
Office—33, Clarence Street.
Kingston, March 20, 1862.

Home Insurance Company of New Haven, Conn.
CAPITAL .. .. $1,000,000.
PREMIUMS RECEIVED DURING 1867—$2,000,000.
Funds deposited in the hands of the Goverment for the security of Policyholders.
☞ All fire risks carefully surveyed, and the rate of Premium made to correspond with the risk assumed.
JAMES SWIFT,
Agent,
St. Lawrence Wharf
Kingston, Feb. 4, 1868.

1869. Marine Insurance. 1869.
Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.
THOS. A. ALEXANDER, President. | E. P. DORR, General Agent.
INCORPORATED IN 1819.
CAPITAL $3,000,000. ASSETS $5,150,931,71
HULL AND CARGO RISKS to and from Inland Ports on favourable terms.
Losses promptly and liberally adjusted and paid in Canada Currency.
JAMES SWIFT, Agent,
March 9, 1869. St. Lawrence Wharf.

Home Insurance Company of New Haven,
D. SATERLEE. President. | CHARLES WILSON Secretary.
CASH CAPITAL .. .. $1,000,000.
LAKE AND RIVER RISKS taken on hulls and cargoes at reasonable rates.
JAMES SWIFT, Agent,
July 1. St. Lawrence Wharf.

"Ætna" Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn
PAID UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS—$4,833,543,39.
Losses paid in 49 years, ... $23,000,000.
THIS Company has been doing business in Canada for nearly 50 years, and during that time has secured the public confidence by the prompt and liberal settlement of every fair claim. It has fully complied with the laws of Canada by the deposit with the Government of Stocks to the amount of
$50.000
And is prepared to issue policies on terms as low as the safety of the assured will permit.
JAMES SWIFT,
Agent,
St. Lawrence Wharf.
Kingston, Feb. 4, 1868.

EUGENE RIMMEL,
PERFUMER by appointment to their Majesties the Emperor of the French, the Queen of Spain, the Queen of Holland, the Queen of the Belgians, and the King of Portugal; and H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.

Toilet Soaps.	Toilet Powders.
Lavender Water.	Portable Fountains.
Cold Cream.	Toilet Vinegar.
Perfumed Vaporizer.	Hair Preparations.
Rose Leaf Powder.	Tooth Powders.
Perfumes for the Handkerchief.	Glycerine Toilet Requisites.
Eau de Cologne.	

All the above are carefully prepared for Exportation, and retain their excellent qualities in any climate.
96 Strand; 128 Regent Street; 24 Cornhill, London. 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris.

DR. VICTOR BAUD'S ORGANIC MEDICINE.
DR V. BAUD, Graduate and Member of the Medical College of Paris, Chief Physician Extraordinary for Epidemics in Paris, late M.D. of the Civil Hospitals of Algiers, has just introduced in England his ORGANIC MEDICINES.
They consist of three preparations—
THE BAUDEINE,
An efficient and prompt Remedy for Cholera, Yellow Fever, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and the excessive action of the Bowels. A gold medal was awarded by the French Government to Dr V. Baud for this valuable preparation.
Price: Small, 1s 1½d; Medium, 4s 5d; Large Size, 11s per Bottle.
THE DIASTATIZED IRON,
For strengthening the System.—Price 2s 9d per Bottle.
THE DIASTATIZED IODINE,
For purifying the Blood.—Price 2s 9d per Bottle.
⁂ The above Preparations are in the form of Sweetmeats, pleasant to the taste, and particularly adapted for Infants and Mothers nursing.
By the combination of the Iron or Iodine with Cress Seeds in a state of germination, they are united with organic life, which thus renders them digestible. The irritative and stubborn mineral has thus become the nucleus of an organic substance capable of being absorbed by the blood without injury to the stomach.
Agent for England and British Possessions, E. G. DUFRESNE, 79 Watling Street.
May be obtained of all Chemists.

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, &c.
EARL RUSSELL sent to the College of Physicians a communication received by him from Manilla (where cholera had been graing fearfully) to the effect that, of all remedies tried, Chlorodyne was the most effective.
"The day seems as yet, unhappily, far distant when public opinion or State interference will prevent the advertisement or sale of any secret medicine whatsoever. It is to be hoped that the profession will continue to brand as unworthy the conduct of those of its members who by testimonial or otherwise aid the disposal of such things."—*Lancet.*
TOWLE'S CHLORODYNE.
The Original Preparation of known Composition.
From Dr C. Kidd, Author of Standard Works on Chloroform.
Sackville-street, Piccadilly, London.
Sir,—I think if you would advertise your Chlorodyne more than you do, you would help to beat the others, which are secret compounds, out of the market. Many medical men think with me, and recommend your compound, but will never prescribe a secret remedy. CHARLES KIDD, M.D.
To Mr Towle, Chemist, Manchester.
A Surgeon from New York writes:—"I only requires to be known to be appreciated. I have no hesitatien in characterising it (viz., Towle's Chlorodyne) as the most useful medicine that has appeared during the present century. In diarrhœa, colic, ague, spasms, I have found it to relieve more pain and cause more joy than any other article that can be named."
NOTE.—The Profession is warned against inferior, secret, and cheap compounds now in the market. Each genuine bottle bears a facsimile of Proprietor's signature on the stamp outside.
LIQ. CHLOROFORMI Co. OR CHLORODYNE WITHOUT PEPPERMINT.
Sole Manufacturer:—A. P. Towle, Chemist, Manchester.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL
TRADESMEN
AND MERCHANT
ADMIT THE IMPORTANCE OF
ADVERTISING!
AND ATTRIBUTE
THEIR SUCCESS
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JUDICIOUS USE OF
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ATTRACT CUSTOMERS
ADVERTISE
IF YOU WOULD
DRIVE YOUR BUSINESS,
AND NOT TO BE DRIVEN,
ADVERTISE
IF YOU HAVE
SPENT MONEY
IN THE PURCHASE
AND ERECTION OF AN
ATTRACTIVE SIGN
FOR YOUR PLACE
OF BUSINESS
CARRY SUCH
A JUDICIOUS STEP
A LITTLE FURTHER
AND REPEAT THE
SIGN A THOUSAND
TIMES. PLACE THE
PARTICULARS OF
YOUR BUSINESS
BEFORE THE
PUBLIC AND
ADVERTISE!
A LOCAL PAPER
IS THE BEST
MEDIUM WHEREIN
TO ADVERTISE A
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THEREFORE GO AND
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THE LARGEST
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AGREEMENTS
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SEE TARIFF OF
RATES, AND IF YOU DO
NOT ALREADY TAKE
ADVANTAGE OF
TYPES AND INK
RESOLVE AT ONCE TO
ADVERTISE.

THE ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE, invented by R. Freeman, Pharmaceutist, is allowed to be one of the greatest discoveries of the present century. It is largely employed by the most eminent Physicians and Surgeons in hospital and private practice in all parts of the world. It has effects peculiar to itself, and which are essentially different to those produced by the various compounds bearing the name of Chlorodyne, but have no pretence to possessing its virtues. It rapidly relieves pain, from whatever cause, allays the irritation of fever, soothes the system under exhausting diseases, and gives sleep without producing any one of the unpleasant feelings so commonly arising from the use of opiates. It continues to hold its unshaken position in the estimation of the Profession as the best, most reliable, and cheapest preparation. Eminent and scientific Physicians made affidavits that they have tested its effects in careful comparison with those of "DR. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE," and deposed to the facts that they found it a more certain and reliable preparation, and greatly preferred "FREEMANS."
Earl Russell communicated to the Royal College of Physicians and to Mr Freeman, that in Manilla the only remedy of any use in Cholera was Chlorodine.
The Medical Times and Gazette, January 13th, 1866, states, "It has an immense sale amongst the public, and is prescribed by scores of Orthodox Medical Practitioners, and, of course, it would not be thus singularly popular did it not supply a want and fill a place."
Manufactured by the Inventor, Richard Freeman, 70, Kennington Park Road, London, S.
The genuine has engraved on the Government Stamp (outside each Bottle), "FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE."

CONDY'S PATENT FLUID or natural disinfectant purifies, deodorises, and disinfects, by the agency of nascent or ozonic oxygen,—its active principle. Being entirely innoxious, this truly scientific preparation is peculiarly adapted for the following useful purposes, for which all other disinfectants, on account of their poisonous or other objectionable qualities, are unavailable and useless:—
Detecting organic impurities in air and water.
Purifying drinking and other water from organic matter, lead, &c.
Freshening the air of close places, and removing bad smells.
Freeing meat, fish, butter, or other provisions from taint.
Counteracting the effects of organic poisons taken into the stomach.
Curing Musty provender. Freeing wheat and other seed from smut.
Maintaining the health of plants in pots and conservatories.
Preserving and restoring the freshness of cut flowers kept in water.
Destroying the blight of the potatoe, vine, hop, mulberry tree, &c.
Washing dogs and other domestic animals.
Cleansing bottles, beer barrels, pickling tubs, dairy utensils.
Washing the hair and darkening its colour when turning grey.
Enhancing the purifying and invigorating effects of baths and tubs.
Dressing poisoned wounds and destroying animal virus.
Treating the infectious diseases of cattle, horses, dogs, &c.
One gallon makes 200 to 300 gallons adapted for use.
N.B.—Condy's Fluid is the Standard Scientific Test for Organic Matter in Water, and affords the only known means of rapidly and completely freeing Drinking Water from Organic Taint, which is so common a cause of serious disease.
To rapidly purify the air, use the diluted fluid with "Condy's Ozoniser" or other Spray-producer.
CONDY'S PATENT OZONISED WATER,
(FOR TOILET PURPOSES,)
Removes from the mouth impure and foreign tastes and odours, whether arising from tobacco or other causes, and counteracts the irritation and morbid secretions of carious teeth. It purifies and softens the skin, and, used in the bath, tends to promote a healthy state of the whole body.
H. BOLLMAN CONDY,
Patentee, Battersea, London.

JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE. Any one can use them; anything can be dyed with them. It is impossible in this small space to enumerate the many uses to which these wonderful and beautiful chemical preparations can be applied; while their chief use is for dyeing textile fabrics, they are also invaluable as a colouring agent for almost every known material, the ease with which they can be used and the brilliancy of the result being, indeed, almost magical. By their use almost any article of clothing can be dyed in a few minutes for a few pence without soiling the hands.
MEMORANDA.
MAGENTA: The strength and beauty of this dye is almost incredible. A Sixpenny bottle will dye 20 yards of Bonnet Ribbon in 10 minutes; it will also produce a clear Rose Pink by using less dye. Suitable also for Woollen Goods, Feathers, Silks, &c.
WOOLLENS: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Purple, Orange, Pink, and Crimson produce the most satisfactory results. Use a large quantity of boiling water in an earthen pan. RIBBONS and SILKS: Brush them with soap and water to avoid creases, and to render them clean. Dye in boiling water.
FEATHERS: Dye in hot water (a few drops of the dye is sufficient for one feather).
COTTON: Mauve, Violet and Purple are recommended.
LEATHER: Blue, Magenta, Violet and Orange. Dye in warm water.
WHITEWASH: To color: *Magenta*, for Pink or Rose; add half a bottle to a pail of water, then stir in the Whitening as usual. Mauve, Violet, Purple, Blue and crimson produce pretty tints by using one bottle or more, as directed above.
STARCH: Stir in a few drops of Colour—Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Blue or Pink; these impart delicate tints to Lace, Linen, &c.
WILLOW SHAVINGS, Wicker, Ivory, Bone, Hair, Fibres, Seaweed, &c., attract the dye quickly, if applied in boiling water.
BLUE: For laundry purposes is A 1.
BOOK EDGES: A Sixpenny bottle of Magenta, Violet, Crimson or Blue will make from a pint to a quart of beautiful colouring, according to shade required. Apply with a brush.
PAPER and WOOD STAIN: Ditto.
OAK STAIN: A bottle of No. 2 Black to half a-pint of hot water.
SATINWOOD STAIN: A Sixpenny bottle Canary dissolved in a pint of boiling water
PHOTOGRAPHS may be tinted; dilute the dye with water; a bottle of Magenta to a pint of water, &c.
ILLUMINATING: Magenta, Violet, Blue, Orange; pour a few drops into an egg cup add warm water; use with a brush or pen Borders of books, similar to Ward and Lock's Arabian Nights, &c., may be prettily illuminated in this manner.
BLANCMANGE, JELLY, CORN FLOUR ICE CREAMS, &c: While in a liquid state add one or two drops of Magenta. A more simple or elegant tinting cannot be had.
CONFECTIONERS will find Magenta, Violet, Orange and Pink useful colours.
GELATINES and GLUES are successfully coloured with these dyes.
INK: A Sixpenny bottle of Magenta to a pint or more of cold water
WATER: One drop of dye will tint a quart.
PRINTING on Cotton, Silk or Wool in the ordinary way.
BLENDING some of the dyes in the bath will produce an infinity of shade, according to taste.

LEA AND PERRINS' Worcestershire Sauce. This delicious Condiment, pronounced by Connoisseurs "The only good sauce," is prepared solely by Lea and Perrins. The Public are respectly cautioned against worthless imitations, and should see that Lea and Perrins' Names are on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper. Ask for Lea and Perrins' Sauce. Sold Wholesale and for Export, by the Proprietors, Worcester; Messrs. Crosse and Blackwell; Messrs. Barclay and Sons, London; &c.&c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally

THE
CHRONICLE AND NEWS
A WEEKLY FAMILY JOURNAL,
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ENTERTAINING STORIES AND SKETCHES
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BRITISH PERIODICALS.

THE LONDON QUARTERLY (Conservative
THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (Whig).
THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Radical).
THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (Free ch'h)
AND
BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE (Tory.)

THESE foreign periodicals are regularly re published by us in the same style as heretofore. Those who know them and who have long subscribed to them, need no reminder; those whom the civil war of the last few years had deprived of their once welcome supply of the best periodical literature, will be glad to have them again within their reach; and those who may never yet have met with them, will assuredly be well pleased to receive accredited reports of the progress of European science and literature.

TERMS FOR 1869.

For any one of the four Reviews - -	$4.00
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