The Daily News
TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 23.
SEE LAST PAGE.

TELEGRAPH.

CABLE NEWS.

London, March 20.—Mr Gladstone's Bill [illegible] to the establishment of the [illegible] Church, and to make provision [illegible] of the temporalities thereof, and [illegible] of the Royal College of Maynooth, [illegible] again in the House of Commons [illegible] evening and was debated at great [illegible].

[illegible] night, Liberal member from Kil[illegible] opposed the established Church in [illegible] as a badge of conquest, and assert[illegible] must be abolished.

[illegible] Mill, Liberal member from [illegible] also supported the Bill in a [illegible] considerable length, and was fol[illegible] by the Right Hon. Stafford Northcote, [illegible].

[illegible] Bright then took the floor and de[illegible] a long and able speech in favour of [illegible]. The established Church of [illegible] had the assent of a large majority [illegible] of England, but the question [illegible] Church was good also for the [illegible] of Ireland the opponents of this Bill [illegible] failed to prove. He reviewed [illegible] of statesmen on the question, [illegible] Lord Stanley's remark that [illegible] was the question of the hour." [illegible] to the conduct of Lord Mayo [illegible] Lieutenant of Ireland, and the [illegible] of other Tories, to show that that [illegible] policy on the Irish question [illegible] now before the House, he contin[illegible] acceptable to the mass of the peo[illegible] Catholics and Protestants as [illegible] was almost universally approved [illegible] people of England. As had been [illegible] here, the Established Church [illegible] was a "badge of conquest." [illegible] of the future could view [illegible] of the present Conservatives [illegible] with surprise. He quoted [illegible] works on Ireland, where that au[illegible] that the Established Church [illegible] disaffection and animosities in [illegible], and caused the peasantry to [illegible] worse condition than the slaves of [illegible], and that the Irish were con[illegible] protesting against it. The speak[illegible] contrasted the position of the [illegible] in England. England's liberties, [illegible] were not secured by the Churches, [illegible] the Puritans; and non-conformist [illegible] never forgot their religious griev[illegible] until the cause was removed. [illegible] policy pursued by England [illegible] Ireland more *ultramontane* [illegible] country in Europe. Catho[illegible] not only a matter of faith but of [illegible], for which the Irish were ready [illegible] to die, if need be. The Irishmen [illegible] emigrated to the United States [illegible] were watching anxiously the [illegible] this great question. The entire [illegible] was fed and kept alive by the [illegible] of Americans, under the idea that [illegible] never did justice to Ireland. There [illegible] bitterer foes to England in the [illegible] than the Irishmen. The [illegible] now asked to do justice to Ire[illegible] for fear of foreign enemies, but [illegible] of internal peace and tranquil[illegible]. Disestablished the voluntary system [illegible] Scotland, and anticipated the [illegible] to prosperity for Ireland if this [illegible] law. Mr B. concluded by say[illegible] the measure would have the ap[illegible] of the Supreme Being, for it was [illegible] on principles of mercy and jus[illegible].

[illegible], March 23.—The steamer [illegible] Manchester, from New York, has [illegible].

[illegible] AND COMMERCIAL.

[illegible], March 23, p.m.—Bonds 83¾; Erie [illegible].

[illegible], March 23, p.m.—Lard quiet at [illegible] Corn 30s for old; 29s [illegible].

[illegible] York Press Despatches.

[illegible], March 22.—In a skirmish near [illegible] the rebel General Schmidt was [illegible]. Two more plantations in that dis[illegible] been destroyed by the rebels.

[illegible] reports that twenty-five insur[illegible] of them of high rank in the rebel [illegible] were captured and executed within [illegible] of Trinidad, but adds that the [illegible] in that quarter is more serious than [illegible] appeared.

[illegible] from Hayti to the 11th have been [illegible]. The revolutionists have defeated [illegible] who lost one hundred men and [illegible] of artillery.

[illegible] York, March 23.—Private letters [illegible] in Washington represent the cause [illegible] Cuban insurgents to be favourable, [illegible] it out of the power of the [illegible] to put down the insurrection. [illegible] maintain themselves in more [illegible] half of the island outside of the [illegible] cities, and are increasing in num[illegible].

[illegible], Conn. March 22.—Michael Mc [illegible], alias Stanley of Montreal, Canada, [illegible] burglar, was to-day sentenced to [illegible] years for five years.

[illegible] York, March 23.—Several passen[illegible] in the ship "James Foster Jr." made [illegible] yesterday, in which they charged [illegible] with the murder of two pas[illegible] and the boatswain with the murder [illegible]. They also allege that other [illegible] of the ship were implicated in these [illegible]. The first mate of the ship died [illegible] on Sunday.

[illegible] Washington special says [illegible] on the Tenure of Office law, [illegible] Committee have decided [illegible] modification of the following cha[illegible]. Cabinet officers will be entirely [illegible] from the provisions of the law. [illegible] section relating to removals will [illegible] as to provide that the [illegible] shall have power during the re[illegible] to make removals at his discretion [illegible] giving reasons or preferring charg[illegible] that he shall send the names of all [illegible] appointed and so removed to [illegible] within thirty days after it assem[illegible].

COMMERCIAL.

Kingston, March 23.

[illegible] Bazar—Folger Bros., bankers, report [illegible] market as follows:—American currency [illegible] bills, 77¼ silver; selling at 76¼ [illegible] Silver buying at 3¼, selling at 2¼ [illegible] N.Y. 13¼. Sterling Exchange 8¼.

Flour steady. Grain—wheat, a slight downward tendency. Rye dull. Oats unchanged. Barley, few arrivals, and the market dull. Buckwheat nominal. Peas, in demand at former figures.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

(Special Telegram to the Daily News.)

Montreal, March 23.—Gold in New York at 12 o'clock 131½.

Flour receipts 600 bbls. Market quiet at unchanged rates; little business to report. Grain unchanged, but nominal. Provisions—Pork quiet with retail demand at former rates. Lard dull at former prices. Butter neglected. Ashes unchanged.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

(Special telegram to the Daily News.)

New York, March 23.—Gold 131½. Cotton steady at 28½c. Flour dull and favours buyers; receipts 4,700 bbls; sales 4,800 bbls at 5,45 @ 6,00 for superfine state and western; 6,10 @ 6,65 for common to choice extra state; 6,10 @ 7,00 for common to choice extra western. Rye flour quiet. Wheat quiet, and in buyers favour; receipts 3,800 bush; sales 33,000 bush at 1,62 for No 2 Spring in store and delivered; 1,60 for amber Michigan; 1,50 for white Canada. Rye dull and heavy. Corn dull and declining; receipts 8,600 bush; sales 49,000 bush at 84 @ 87c for new mixed western. Barley dull. Oats quiet; sales 28,000 bush at 73 @ 73½c for western in store; 74½ @ 75c for do afloat. Pork dull at 31,00 @ 31,50 for new mess; 31,50 @ 30,75 for old do. Lard heavy at 17½ @ 18½c for steam; 19 @ 19½c for kettle rendered.

HORRIBLE MURDER IN VIRGINIA.

A despatch from Fortress Monroe to the New York press says:—A horrible murder was committed on Sunday evening, about four miles from Hampton, on the Yorktown road, the particulars of which are as follows: A man named John Thomas, who resides near Little Bethel, was aroused by some noise in the vicinity of his smokehouse, and got up to ascertain the cause. Fearing that it might be robbers, he took down his shot gun and passed out of the back door. He advanced cautiously to the smokehouse, and there found three stalwart negroes busily engaged in prying open the door. As he came up near them he asked, "What are you doing there?" when they all fired at him and then fled. The balls took effect, one in the face, one in the shoulder, and the third near the heart. The shots did not prove instantly fatal, and medical assistance was immediately sent for; but when the doctor arrived he informed the family that Thomas was mortally wounded and could survive but a short time. He stated that the negroes were strangers to him and did not belong in that vicinity, though one of them he had seen before. They had extracted two teeth from a harrow, and were with these endeavouring to effect an entrance when they were disturbed in their nefarious designs. Thomas was not more than ten feet from the party when he was shot, which accounts for the accuracy of their aim. He lingered until noon on Sunday, when he died. He leaves a wife and nine small children. No arrests have as yet been made.

AMERICAN FEELING ON THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

(From the New York Times.)

That Mr Johnston has not correctly interpreted to the people of England the feeling which we of America bear them, is very clear; but we hold it to be no less clear that the extreme reactionary tirade indulged in certain quarters is quite as grave a misrepresentation of American feeling. It is clearly a mistake in him to figure us as glowing with the fires of fraternal affection toward Great Britain; but it is just as great a mistake to represent us as burning with resentment and hate.

We protest that the wild talk lately indulged of procuring "the humiliation of England," and of taking nothing less in the settlement of the "Alabama" claims, is utterly without authority, governmental or popular. It is the mere raving of journals accustomed to go to frenzied extremes on all subjects, and accordingly on this. There is certainly no official authority for such a position. To propose terms of settlement for damages which by their nature cannot be reduced to definite form, and to make those terms of settlement the "humiliation" of one's adversary "means war,"—as Mr Thornton is reported to have said. President Grant's watchword has always been, "Let us have peace," and in his Inaugural Address he declared, "I would respect the rights of all nations, demanding equal respect for our own." That he is dissatisfied with the first draft of the "Alabama" Convention is very true; but that he proposes "the humiliation of Great Britain" as a substitute for that Convention is an inference as unwarranted as it is preposterous.

Nor is there any popular foundation in this demand for "humiliation." The true feeling of the American people regarding the Clarendon-Johnson protocol has been one of thorough disappointment. But it has certainly been no feeling of anger, nor even of indignation, nor hardly of chagrin. The feeling is simply that the Convention does not represent the well understood popular feeling in Great Britain, as well as America, regarding the proper terms of settlement, and hence must be rejected. Our own conviction at the outset was that, with this popular feeling in both countries so clear, the obvious looseness and vagueness in the formal Convention could be modified after thorough discussion in the Senate, and in any case would not probably impede the expected payment of damages.

From the uniform tone of the Parliament, the press, and the public of Great Britain, we had been led to expect, we still are led to expect, that the British Government is ready to pay every dollar of damages done by the Anglo-Confederate cruisers that escaped from its jurisdiction. If this be *not* so, we had better recommence our cause *ab initio*, and, as Mr Johnson says, it is for England's interest to settle those claims rather than to leave them outstanding. On the other hand, if this *be* so, why do we see nothing of it in the actual protocol?

The Convention starts with the subject that nothing is settled. It supposes it to be a matter of uncertainty whether the Alabama claims ought to be paid at all. It provides that these claims, when presented, shall be acted on, not as a class, but individually, and individually referred for arbitration in case of dispute as to their validity. It is not even provided that the arbiter shall always be the same; whereby it might obviously happen that one claim might be allowed and another disallowed, simply because one arbiter introduced the consideration into his mind of "British recognition of rebel belligerency," and a nother did not. In short—not to multiply examples of this sort—it is clear that the Convention did not express the substantial public understanding which we of America presume that the two countries have come to.

As we have already said, a substantial understanding may, and generally does, guide the decision of a Convention. But a majority of the people of the United States appear to be dissatisfied that this understanding was not made the fixed basis of agreement, in black and white. If this be not the understanding, and the promissory words of the London *Times* and other organs of popular opinion be only chaff, Great Britain has herself to thank for her conduct, and for the disaster that has befallen the negotiations.

On the other hand, the pretence of shallow, sensational writers, that the United States are bent on "the humiliation of England," is entirely without foundation. We are determined to "respect the rights of all nations, demanding equal respect for our own." We suppose it to be useless to proceed further in the negotiations until the British Government makes a formal concession of the validity of the so-called Alabama claims. If that concession be "humiliation," there is some meaning in this latter cry; but that can hardly be "humiliation" in a Government which appears to be voluntarily yielded by its people.

WOMAN IN THE ENGLISH CHURCH.

Everybody witnesses, both in England and America, some new move in the enlargement of the sphere of woman. Her position in the Protestant Church has of late excited much attention from Anglican divines. The *Pall Mall Gazette* of a recent date says:—

"The Dean of Chester (Dr. Howson) spoke last night at a meeting held in Liverpool to establish 'a church ministry of women,' which shall be free from life vows and in harmony with the parochial system. The dean, after pointing out that there was something wanting in the Church of England beyond what it now possessed with regard to the ministry of women, said that during the past few years there were indications of the progress of public opinion in favor of the providing of nurses, the most recent of which was contained in the speech of Mr Gladstone in the House of Commons on the previous evening, when he said that what was most urgently needed in Ireland was a supply of properly trained nurses for the use of paupers, and the poor who were above the condition of paupers. He (Dr. Howson) venture to say that twenty years ago no speech made in the House of Commons would have contained such a paragraph. What they wanted in the Church of England was not a sort of conventual sisterhood, which was not in harmony with the diocesan, and was outside the Church, but they wanted educated gentlewomen devoted to the work of Christian charity and piety as the business of their lives."

BEET-ROOT SUGAR.

The manufacture of sugar has become one of the grand staple industries of the world. It is daily assuming larger proportions, absorbing more capital and yielding more employment to a greater number of people. Sugar as an article of food is entering more fully continually into the consumption of all civilized people.

It is estimated that the annual production of sugar is now about 2,320,000 tons. More than two thirds of that amount is cane grown in tropical or semi-tropical countries. The remainder, 639,000 tons, is manufactured from beet-root in France, Germany, Austria, Russia, Holland and Beligium. At the commencement of the century Beet-Root Sugar manufacture was not in existence. It is only within the last thirty years that this industry has assumed proportions of large magnitude. France is the principal seat of this manufacture. In that country within a few years it has been developed with wonderful rapidity, greatly to the advantage of large tracts of country. The production in France, which in 1840 was only 22,000 toons, had in 1858 reached the large amount of 274,000 tons. It is estimated that the value of the French beet root crop in one form or another is now not far from $100,000,000 annually.

It is said that after the juice from which the sugar is obtained is expressed from the root, there remains a most nutritious pulp, of which cattle are exceedingly fond, and on which they thrive notably. There is also a considerable amount of refuse left in the course of manufacture very valuable as manure. And it is further stated that the sugar beet being a triennial rotation crop admirably prepares the soil for wheat, so that from one fourth to one third more of that grain can, on the average, be raised on land previously cultivated for beet root than would otherwise be obtained. Thus it is claimed that the introduction of the beet-root sugar manufacture not only enriches a country with a new and profitable industry, it also stimulates the production of meat and bread. It is also confidently affirmed that facts are abundant showing that the beet-root sugar can compete in the markets of the world with cane grown sugar, without the aid of protective duties in its favour. It is manifest that if these alleged facts shall be demonstrated to be as trustworthy as affirmed, that a great revolution and extension of the sugar manufacture and sugar trade of the world is not far off. Should the insurrection in Cuba greatly diminish the sugar production in that Island for any length of time, the result would be to immensely stimulate the manufacture of sugar from beet-root.

The supposition that the change recently announced in the court dress has been made to meet Mr Bright's case is incorrect, for Mr Bright has received special permission to have a court dress made for himself, absolutely according to his own ideas. The chief distinction of the exceptional costume from the accredited court suit will be absence of the sword, which Mr Bright regards with contempt as an article of modern dress.—*Vanity Fair.*

The Board of Trade have given instructions for the preparation of a telescope for presentation to Captain Cushing, of the ship "Victory," of New York, in acknowledgment of the kindness shown by him to the survivors (12) of the crew of the bark Lancaster, of Montreal, which vessel, when on a voyage in November last from Quebec to Liverpool, became, owing to stress of weather, an unmanageable wreck. The rescued men were taken from the wreck by the "Warrior," of Jersey, on the 15th of November, but three days later they were transferred to the "Victory," and by that vessel conveyed to Liverpool, where they were landed on the 28th of the same month.

STATISTICS OF INEBRIETY.—Dr. McKenley of St. Louis, says the *Medical Reporter* of that city, has compiled, after a very careful research, some very interesting and startling statistics of inebriation in the United States. By him the following statements are made: Taking the population of this country at 40,000,000; of 300 men, 122 never drink spirits at all; 100 drink moderately, but not to intoxication; 50 are ephemeral drinkers; 25 drink periodically, called "spreeing;" and 3 are habitual inebriates. To every 178 who drink, 3 are confirmed inebriates; 25 are periodical drinkers; 50 are ephemeral drinkers. One confirmed inebriate to every 59⅓ men. Of 700 women, 600 never taste olcoholics of any kind; 30 taste wine occasionally; 17 taste ardent spirits; 36 drink ale or beer constantly; 14 drink ardent spirits periodically, and 3 are habitual inebriates. Predominance in confirmed inebriates of the sexes: 3 men in every 178; 3 women in every 100; 1 confirmed inebriate to every 33⅓ of women. Fewer women drink than men; but a larger proportion of them become habitual drinkers. Debauch drinkers rarely become habitual, but periodicial drinkers; the latter rarely become habitual inebriates, as the violence of their drinking is too great and leads to disgusting satiety, and hence to intervals of sobriety.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 23.—The design of C. P. Thomas, architect, has been accepted for a memorial to the late Bishop Fulford, which will be raised next summer in the Cathedral grounds.

Yesterday afternoon Mrs Jane Drumm, a widow living in St. Montique street, in a fit of insanity, attacked another woman named Smith, and attempted to cut her throat with a razor. Dr. Bell and Mr Bigging broke in the door and disarmed the mad woman, who was taken in charge by the police.

Dorwin, it is reported, will return. He has been found in Burlington.

Francois Lambert and J. Franck, merchants, are under examination, charged by John Fraser with obtaining goods under false pretences.

Sleigh, of the Varieties, who has absconded, has left debts to the amount of $1,600, the assets being worth about $100.

There were 83 deaths last week.

An ice-bridge has formed at Three Rivers.

The coloured people are going to start a paper in Washington, under the managment of Fred. Douglass, Geo. T. Downing, and other influential coloured men.

The New York correspondent of the *Belgian Literary Review* says that the year 1869 was an unprofitable one for the authors and book publishers in the United States.

Key West, Fla, is at present literally overrun with Cuban refugees, and every vessel, steamer, yacht, or smack arriving from Havana is generally crowded with them.

It is decided in England that telegraphic messages are not of such a confidential character that a company is justified in withholding them when necessary as evidence in legal cases.

Mr Boggs, who was Gen. Grant's St. Louis partner in the real estate business ten years ago, died in that city on Monday. He was to have been made Surveyor of the Port by Gen. Grant.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that SUSANNA GIVENS, widow of GEORGE GIVENS, deceased, late of Battersea, will after the expiration of twenty days from the first publication of this notice, apply to the Surrogate Court of the County of Frontenac for letters of guardianships of John Thompson Givens, Susanna Givens, Mary Elizabeth Givens and Wilhelmina Givens, infants and children of the said George and Su. Givens.

JAS. AGNEW,
Atty. for SUSANNA GIVENS.

Kingston, March 23rd, 1869.

HOT X BUNS.

PARTIES WISHING US TO FURNISH HOT X BUNS

FOR GOOD FRIDAY, will please leave their orders one day previous at the KINGSTON BAKERY.

H. & W. J. CROTHERS.

March 23.

Queen's University.

A MEETING of CONVOCATION will be held in Convocation Hall on THURSDAY, the 25th instant, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the Laureation of Medical Graduates. An Address to the Graduates will be delivered by Dr NEISH.

The public are invited to attend.

J. B. MOWAT,
Registrar.

March 23.

AT

STACEY'S BOOKSTORE.

New Music for the Pianoforte.

THE DOMINION CHORALIST, Volume 1, a collection of Secular and Sacred Music, consisting of new and Popular Songs, Choruses, Sabbath School Pieces, &c., with Pianoforte Accompaniments, price 25 cents.

The Gem, a selection of the most popular and choice Hymns and Tunes for Sabbath Schools, price 25 cents.

New Publications of the London Religious Tract Society, Paternoster Row.

Sunday School Libraries.

The White Foreigners, Missions from over the Water.

Which Wins, or Life's Battle.

Table Talk, William Cowper, with numerous illustrations by eminent artists.

Stories of Old England, fine engravings

John Newton of Olney, by Rev. Josiah Bull.

The Harvest of a Quiet Eye, an elegant gift book, profusely illustrated.

The Parables of our Lord explained and applied.

Memorials of the English Martyrs.

A few volomes remaining of the Leisure Hour, the Sunday at Home, the Cottager and Artizan,

AT STACEY'S

POSTAGE STAMP OFFICE,

80 KING STREET.

March 23.

FINE GOLD,

GARNET, SILVER, PEBBLE,

JET AND BOG OAK

BROOCHES,

EARRINGS,

SCARF PINS,

SOLITAIRES, STUDS,

&c. &c. &c.

LARGE ASSORTMENT,

CHEAP,

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE.

CHARLES GRIGOR.

March 23.

TO-NIGHT.

ASTRONOMY.

THE FIRST LECTURE in connection with the Observatory will be given in the CITY HALL, on TUESDAY Evening, March 23, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. Lecturer—N. F. DUPUIS, A.M. Subject—"The Planet Jupiter." Admission free.

March 17.

W. J. MAHOOD

HAS just received a lot of CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, and an assortment of SMALL WARES, at the Store formerly occupied by S. P. White, Princess Street.

March 22.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Dry Goods,

CONTINUED

EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

FRASER'S BLOCK, PRINCESS ST.

Opposite Henderson's Bookstore.

Sale at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and 7 o'clock in the evening.

J. G. STRATTON,
Auctioneer.

March 17.

DR HENRY B. EVANS, M.R.C.S., London. Residence—PRINCESS STREET, house lately occupied by Dr Maclean.

March 8.

A. SWANSTON'S BAKERY,

THE BEST BREAD IN KINGSTON

FROM

THE BEST FLOUR IN KINGSTON

BY

THE BEST BAKER IN KINGSTON.

True weight always guaranteed.

N.B.—If Drivers are not civil and punctual, please let us know, two doors above Barrie, on Princess Street.

A. SWANSTON.

March 19.

VELOCIPEDE SCHOOL

WILL OPEN AT

WESLEY HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, March 20, at 10 a.m.,

AND will continue day and evening until further notice. Admission 15 cents.

FOUR first-class VELOCIPEDES, with a competent teacher.

March 19.

SMOKERS, ATTENTION!

RECEIVED AT

Skinner's Drug Store,

DR. BURTON'S TOBACCO ANTIDOTE,

Warranted to remove all desire for Tobacco.

COME AND SEE THE LATEST AND BEST THING IN

LAMP GOODS,

AT SKINNER'S DRUG STORE.

February 27

TO LET.

THE premises lately occupied by the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Ontario and Johnson streets. Apply to the Manager of the British North American Bank, or to R. M. Rose.

Jan. 8th, 1869.

TO LET,

A COTTAGE and a few acres of Land, pleasantly situated on the St. Lawrence, near Milton Island, and about 4 miles from Kingston. Part of the land is suitable for Garden purposes. Apply to Dr Yates.

March 1.

PROGRAMMES AND POSTERS Steamboat and Excursion Bills and Tickets, executed expeditiously at the DAILY NEWS STEAM PRINTING HOUSE Princess Street.

TO A YOUNG MERCHANT—When you pay more for the rent of your business house than for advertising your business, you are pursuing a false policy. If you can do business, let it be known."—FRANKLIN.

EFFECT OF ADVERTISING.—It is amusing at times to observe the stores of the merchants who don't advertise; to see the anxious proprietors looking into the streets and see the people go by, wondering why they don't come in, while the stores of their neighbours who do advertise are thronged with customers. Some people will learn by observation, others will not.—*Daily Palladium.*

ART OF ADVERTISING.—Horace Greeley, of New York, says:—The most successful business men in this city are those who have advertised liberally and constantly. A small advertisement constantly appearing is better than a display column occasionally.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.—The large circulation of the DAILY NEWS renders it the natural medium for the publication of all small and transient advertisements, as well as larger announcements Advertisements of religious notices and Sabbath services; situations wanted; situations vacant; houses for sale; houses to rent; houses wanted; board and lodging; rooms wanted; board wanted; articles lost; articles found; cattle wanted; cattle for sale; cattle strayed, &c., when set close, inserted for 25 cents each insertion, payable only in advance. When displayed, a proportionate price will be charged.

STEAM PRINTING HOUSE, Princess Street, Kingston. Printing of all kinds at the DAILY NEWS STEAM PRINTING HOUSE.

ORANGE CERTIFICATES and Lodge Summonses may be obtained at the DAILY NEWS OFFICE. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Devices for every description of Orange printing kept on hand at the DAILY NEWS STEAM PRINTING HOUSE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

ARE NOW RECEIVED DAILY

AT THE

LIVERPOOL HOUSE.

HAVING ordered all COTTON GOODS previous to the late advance in Cotton, I am prepared to sell WHITE COTTONS, GREY COTTONS, PRINTS, REGATTA and STRIPED SHIRTING, TICKINGS, and all COTTONS, at last year's prices. Our Stock consists of—

Horrockses' Cottons, in all numbers, from 32 inch A to 36 inch M 2
We are selling a splendid Family Cotton, in white, at 7½d per yard
Grey or Factory Cottons, from 4½d per yard
36 inch Factory Cotton, heavy make, at 6d per yard
2,500 yards Print, slightly imperfect, worth 6½d, at 5½d
75 pieces Print, in Browns, Lilacs, Pinks, and Buffs, from 7½d per yard
We are still selling a splendid Hoop Skirt, in plain or plastique, at 25 cents or 1s 3d each
25 Spring Skirt, for 50 cents or 2s 6d
30 Spring Skirt, for 55 cents or 2s 9d
35 Spring Skirt, for 60 cents or 3s
40 Spring Skirt, for 75 cents or 3s 9d
To parties requiring a whole piece of White or Grey Cotton, they will be charged Montreal wholesale prices.

Remember our Hoop Skirts at 25 cents.

JAS. GREENFIELD.

March 23.

M. GAGE,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER,

KING STREET,

BEGS TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC TO HIS STOCK OF

English, Geneva, and American Watches,

GOLD AND SILVER CHAINS, GUARDS, &C.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HOUSE AND OFFICE CLOCKS.

A good supply of Materials of every description always on hand.

REPAIRS of all kinds carefully attended to.

M. GAGE.

October 21.

BURNETT HOUSE.

ONTARIO STREET, KINGSTON, ONTARIO

R. R. Stephens, Proprietor.

Trusty Porters in attendance at Railroad Depot and Steamboat Landings.

Oct. 28.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE Commodious and Well-fitted STORE on the corner of King and Princess Streets, lately occupied by Messrs Ferguson & Co. Immediate possession given. Apply to

J. BAWDEN, Solicitor.

July 25.

THOS. IRELAND,

ENGRAVER,

24 WELLINGTON STREET,

Opposite McKelvey & Birch's,

KINGSTON.

WEDDING, Visiting, Invitation, and Professional Cards, engraved in the most fashionable style. Notarial and other Seals, Seal Presses, Silver and Brass Door-plates, and all other engraving promptly executed. Silver Plate, Knives, Forks, &c., crested and cyphered in the neatest manner.

Orders respectfully solicited.

I will have in a few days an EMBOSSING PRESS, for stamping Notepaper, Envelopes, &c., in colours, with crests and monograms.

February 25.

R. S. WILLIAMS'

ORGANS AND MELODEONS

HAVE taken the FIRST PRIZE for eight successive years, and are allowed to be the best in the Dominion. These celebrated Instruments can be had at the lowest prices from

B. HOLDER,
PRINCESS ST.,
Sole Agent for Kingston.

March 9.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE large Stone DWELLING-HOUSE adjoining the residence of Augustus Thibodo, Esquire, on Ontario Street, lately occupied by Daniel Macarew, Esquire. Possession will be given on the first day of May next.

For particulars, apply at the law office of

RYAN & GREIG.

Kingston, March 9, 1869.

INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

RECEIVED TO-DAY, Ridge's celebrated Food for Infants and Invalids.

Also, a large stock of Granular Effervescing Citrate of Magnesia, sold by bottle or in quantity.

R. WHITE, Chemist, &c.,

42 PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON, ONT.

March 9.

TAKE YOUR TIME!

THERE is no necesity for people from the back Townships jumping over fences half mad, leaving pieces of their coat-tails here and there along their track. Just fancy a couple of hundred of those hardy sons of the soil scudding along with a fair breeze, for MORRISON'S FLOUR STORE. Let all parties take their time, MORRISON can supply you all if you come in any kind of rotation, not with a rush like yesterday. EXPECTED TO-MORROW, 400 bags of Thistle mills flour; 100 bbls. XXX. Pastry; 150 Sugar Cured Hams, and half ton Breakfast Bacon.

M. MORRISON.

Toronto Flour Store, Princess St.,
March 19, 1869.

VIRGIN HONEY.

A LOT of delicious strained HONEY just received by

R. WHITE,
Chemist &c.

N.B.—German Died Flowers below cost.

TO LET, the HOUSE in Earl Street at present in the occupation of Assistant-Commissary-General Pennell. Possession given 1st May next. Apply to MRS RANTON, Earl Street, near House of Industry.

March 10.

1½d, SINGLE COPIES of the DAILY NEWS may be had at the counter of the publication office, Princess street, price three coppers.

TO LET.

THAT Valuable Premises situate at the foot of Princess Street, and known as the

Atlantic Wharf.

Possession given on the 1st of April next.

For terms, &c., apply to

JAMES HARTY & Co.

MEDICAL.

A MEDICAL PRACTICE of $1,000 a year for disposal. Terms very reasonable. Address S. L. NASH, M.D., Ameliasburgh, Ont.

Ameliasburgh, Jan. 23.

FOR SALE,

IN THE VILLAGE OF PORTSMOUTH.

LOTS Numbers 31 and 32, with a large Stone Building thereon; Lots 34, 46, 48, 50, 51, and 59, each containing about the one-fifth of an acre, all of them being desirably situated.

Also, Park Lot Number six, containing about five acres of fertile land and a dwelling-house, situated on the east side of King Street in the said village.

Apply to

J. MUDIE,
Opposite the Post Office,
Clarence Street.

Kingston, 23rd Feb., 1869.

TO LET,

CATARAQUI GRANGE, late the residence of George Baxter, Esq., deceased, within 3½ miles of the City of Kingston. The Land consists of about 25 acres, ten of which are under Orchard and Garden. The Dwelling has attached to it a Conservatory and suitable Outbuildings, and is a desirable residence for any gentleman wishing to live out of the city.

Also, for sale, at the Grange, a quantity of Conservatory and other plants.

For particulars apply to

JOHN C. INNES.

Kingston, March, 1869.

CHEAP

PIANOFORTE MUSIC.

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR—12 Songs for the Little Ones.
The Children's Musical Gem—14 Nursery Ditties.
Songs for our Little Friends—12 Nursery Ditties.
The Treasury Hymnal, being a selection of Hymn Music reprinted from the "Christian Treasury."
Exeter Hall, a Magazine of Sacred Music.
Bond Street, a Magazine of New and Copyright Music.
The Casquet of Lyric Gems—150 Songs, with accompaniments.
The Scottish Melodist—47 Songs, with symphonies and accompaniments.
The National Melodist.
The Home Circle—Collection of Piano Music.
Cantara—a complete Musical Text Book.
Excelsior Series of Pianoforte Music—the cheapest collection of airs published.

JOHN HENDERSON,
PRINCESS STREET.

March 22.

GODEY AND DEMOREST

FOR APRIL,

At HENDERSON'S.

March 17.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

A SMALL HOUSE and one-fifth of an Acre of Land, with an excellent well of water, for sale on Victoria Street, near Division. Terms very liberal for *Cash*, as the parties are about leaving the city.

Apply to MRS SIMPSON, on the premises.

March 15.

MARINE PROTESTS.—Printed forms, for the use of Notaries Public, much facilitating the drawing up of Protests in cases of disaster to vessels. For sale at the Daily News Office.

THE CIRCULATION of the DAILY NEWS is fully one-half larger than that of any other daily journal published in Kingston. The circulation of the old established weekly CHRONICLE AND NEWS is also greater than any other weekly published in the county. Advertisers will perceive that these journals are the best media for attracting public attention in this locality.

SEND IT TO YOUR FRIENDS.—The CHRONICLE AND NEWS is published every Friday morning, and contains all the news of the week. For Fifty Cents, paid in advance, you may send it to your friends for three months at the reduced rates of postage. For One Dollar it may be sent six months. Single copies, price Five Cents, may be had at the *Daily News* office, Princess Street.