The Daily News

WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEB. 10.

SEE LAST PAGE.

BY TELEGRAPH.

CABLE NEWS.

London, Feb. 9.—The members of the Cabinet now unanimously agree with the King in adhering to the resolutions of the Paris Conference.

Constantinople, Feb. 9.—The Sultan has appointed Houssein Pasha to succeed Na[illegible] Pasha as Minister of War. Houssein Pasha has occupied a seat in the Cabinet since March 1868, as Minister of Police.

London, Feb. 9.—The Glasgow Chamber of Commerce has presented an address to the Reverdy Johnson, the American Min[illegible], urging the practial adoption of the principles of Free Trade in the United States.

London, Feb. 9.—Reports of disasters by recent gales are coming to hand. Two American vessels, Pericle and Persian, are among those suffering damage to vessels and cargo. No loss of life is as yet reported.

Southampton, Feb. 9.—The steamer New York, from New York, has arrived.

London, Feb. 10.—The steamship Cella, from New York, has arrived.

Queenstown, Feb. 10.—The steamship City of London, from New York, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

London, February 10, p.m.—Consols 93¼ for money and account; Bonds quiet and steady, U.S. Stocks quiet; Illinois Central 94; Atlantic and Great Western 40¼.

Liverpool, February 10, p.m.—Cotton firm. Uplands quiet. Peas 43s 6d to 44s.

New York Press Despatches.

Chicago, Feb. 9.—Hon. M. McConnell, U.S. Senator, was murdered in his office in Janesville this morning. Marks of five wounds inflicted by a slung shot were found on his head. No cause for the murder is given.

The Wisconsin Senate last evening voted against to the formation of a new State of Northern Wisconsin and Michigan.

New Orleans, Feb. 10.—The Social Equality bill, which decrees that a negro may go anywhere and enjoy anything that any man may, if his purse permits, has passed the State Senate.

Washington, Feb. 10.—In the United States Supreme Court yesterday petitions were filed for the release of Spangler and Mudd, now confined at the Dry Tortugas; Mudd's pardon has already been presented and probably signed.

New York, Feb. 10.—The steamship Germania, from Hamburg, has arrived.

COMMERCIAL.

Kingston, Feb. 10.

Flour—The market continues depressed, and declining: No. 1 super, $4,90 to $5,00. Wheat—wheat declining, held at 95c in store for prompt delivery. Oats firm, 51 to 52c. Rye unchanged; nothing doing in other grains. Pork declining, mess $26 to $27, prime $20 to $22. Timothy and Clover seed, very little arriving—we quote timothy $2, clover $6.

IMPORTS per G. T. Railway—Geo. Robertson 105 boxes raisins, 20 drums caustic soda, [illegible] tobacco, 100 boxes pipes, 2 carboys [illegible], 3 tierces coffee, 4 bales coffee, 16 half-chests tea, 1 cask palm oil, 32 bbls sugar, 17 [illegible].

MONTREAL MARKETS.

(Special Telegram to the Daily News.)

Montreal, Feb. 10.—Gold in New York at 12 and 12¼.

Flour receipts 1,800 bbls. Rates nominally unchanged, but no business to report. Grain—several kinds quite nominal in absence of sales. Provisions generally unchanged.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

(Special telegram to the Daily News.)

New York, Feb. 10.—Flour unsettled and lower; receipts 4,300 bbls; sales 5,900 bbls at $5,05 @ 6,25 for superfine state and western; $6,10 @ 7,05 for common to choice extra state; $6,80 @ 7,35 for common to choice extra western. Rye flour quiet. Wheat firm; receipts 26,000 bush; sales 31,000 bush at 1,08 for No. 2 spring in store; 1,60 @ 1,61 for No. 1 Milwaukee do, 1,64 in store and delivered. Rye heavy; sales 1,000. Corn firm, and 2 @ 3c better; speculative demand; receipts 9,000 bush; sales 40,000 bush at 90 @ 92c for new mixed western; 1,01 @ 1,03½ for old in store. Rye quiet; sales 3,000 bush Canada western at 2,16. Oats dull and firmer; receipts 6,000 bush; sales 17,000 bush at 75½ @ 76c for western in store. Pork lower; 32,50 @ 33,00 for new mess. Lard a shade lower; 19¾ @ 21c for prime.

A correspondent of the Syracuse *Courier* has taken to see the new "Auburn" settlement in Florida. He represents them as disappointed, and adds: "I have had a long trip through the South, all by railroad, and, from what I learn, nine out of ten northern men who have invested South have lost. It has been very unhealthy; fevers prevail in a large portion of the state in the warm season. Our acres out of five of land are very poor white sand, covered with pine. You can raise very early vegetables, but at a great distance from a New York market."

A young man while being married was knocked down by the brother of his bride, on Thursday evening of last week, in the town of Somerville, Giles county, Tenn. He fell into the arms of the girl, who, assisted by friends, conveyed him to a bed, where the marriage ceremony was finished at her request. In a few minutes the newly made husband expired. The murderer escaped.

The Lord Chancellor on Sunday Observance.—Lord Hatherley presided a few days back at a meeting held in St. Margaret's School room, Westminster, for the purpose of forming a working man's "branch" of the Lord's Day Observance Society. His lordship said it was painful to every Christian man to walk through the streets of the metropolis on Sunday, and to see how it was profaned and desecrated by all sorts of unnecessary work and trading being transacted. We had certainly not realised a Continental Sunday in London, but unless some energetic steps were taken to stem the evil, that time might not be far distant. Looking at the question in a low point of view, it was the especial duty and interest of the working men to discourage all attempts to interfere with the seventh day as the day of rest. He advocated a better observance of the Sabbath on higher and religious points. Those who laboured on the Lord's day ultimately took to making it that they called a day of recreation, but purchased it at physical and sensual enjoyments, which too often degraded and brutalised them. He then proceeded to condemn all Sunday trading, the running of excursion trains, and various other modes by which Sunday was made a day of business and pleasure, and concluded by expressing his earnest desire that every man might have one day in seven in which to love and honour his God. On the motion of the Rev. Canon Conway, it was resolved "That it is expedient to form in the parish of St. Margaret's, Westminster, a Working Men's Association for promoting the due observance of the Lord's Day," and a committee was appointed to make the necessary arrangements for the formation of the association.

A SPANISH ELECTION.

The Madrid correspondent of the *Times* describes a Spanish election: "I went," he says, "to the Ateneo, a kind of literary club, in the premises adjoining which are established two of the hundred 'electoral' colleges or polling places into which Madrid is divided. There was a crowd of a score or two perfectly well-behaved persons at the street doors, touters of the different parties, and from these I received a variety of printed electoral lists. I then proceeded to the polling place on the ground floor, that of the Barrio del Caballero de Gracia; it was a spacious and a well-furnished saloon, with long rows of luxurious sofas along the walls, sufficient for the accommodation of at least 200 persons, this being the ordinary meeting room of the Academy of Jurisprudence. The room, as I entered, was altogether empty, though it was between 2 and 3 p.m., the hour at which the poll should have been most brisk. At one end, however, on a raised dais, was the board, and round it were seated the President and his four Secretaries. Upon telling my errand, I was most kindly accommodated with a chair and a cigar, and had my questions readily answred with that courtesy which is one of the genuine boasts of this people. Presently the electors dropped in at intervals of 1 to 5 minutes. The order of election is—A schedule is sent to every man entitled to a vote at his own residence. He presents this schedule to the President, who reads its number aloud. The Secretaries, referring to their registers, identify the name and address in the schedule with that in their books, and the elector then hands in his list of candidates, folded, which the President takes from the elector's hand, and deposits it, still folded, in the urn, saying 'Voto' ('He votes'). All the four Secretaries record the vote in their respective books, and all is done. The polls are open from 9 a.m. till 4 p.m., when the scrutiny begins, the President unfolding and reading the lists of candidates, as he draws them one by one from the urn, and the Secretaries taking down the names of the candidates as he utters them. The numbers given to each of the candidates are then proclaimed, and the final result is handed over to the Home Office. The ceremony, throughout every phase, is open to the public, and room is afforded for a numerous attendance."

THE CONTESTED ELECTION CASES IN ENGLAND.

Mr Justice Keogh, after a trial lasting only three days, has decided that Mr Whitworth's election for Drogheda is invalid, owing to intimidation. He laid down that the matter was not of private, but of public interest; that every man had a right to give his vote without injury, threat, or insult; that the intimidation even of a few voters vitiated an election, because the intimidation of one man alarmed many; and that it was illegal for a priest to tell a voter that if he voted in a particular way "his salvation would be impossible." The people of Drogheda, who have been accustomed to a good deal of "fun" at elections, and think a few broken heads a bagatelle, seem thunder-struck at the decision, and have offered the seat to Mr Whitworth's son. His election will probably be quiet, and we should think the Court's proceedings will be studied with some interest in Newport, and Blackburn, and Staffordshire generally. This Act is going to work.

Mr Baron Martin decided on Thursday that Sir H. Stracey (Conservative) was not duly elected for Norwich, but that he was not guilty of any personal knowledge of, or consent to, the bribery which undoubtedly did take place. Sir H. Stracey is therefore unseated—and will, it is understood, be disqualified under the old Act from sitting in the present Parliament. Bribery was brought home to a man named Hardiment, who had absconded, and who, as it was shown, canvassed at the request of some of Sir H. Stracey's leading supporters, and in company with the candidate's own son, Mr Stracey. Mr Baron Martin very justly said that this was moral proof of agency. I should be bringing this tribunal, said Baron Martin, "into utter contempt, if I failed to draw the conclusion that man was acting under the authority of Sir. H. Stracy." But the judge exonerated Sir H. Stracey from any knowledge of the bribery, or from having provided the money. The great problem which he still wished to solve, was, where the money really came from. He dedlared it clearly proved that there was a vast deal of small bribing, and he intimated somewhat grimly the doubt whether there would ever be another election in Norwich. Costs were given to Mr Tillet both for his expense in proving his own innocence of bribery and the bribery for which Sir H. Stracey was responsible. On the question of the prevalence of general corruption in Norwich Mr Baron Martin did not pronounce very decidedly, but he seems likely to report that it existed.

Lent begins this year on Ash Wednesday February 10. Good Friday comes March 26, and Easter Sunday, March 28, which is somewhat earlier than usual.

Deer, it is said, were never more plenty in the Northern part of New Hampshire than at present. This is the result of a protective law rigidly enforced.

The Galveston *Bulletin* says the reports of disorder and violence in Texas are bad enough, but the truth is worse than the reports.

The Limit of Profitable Railway Speed.—"Gath," the New York *Tribune's* Washington correspondent, has been talking with a British railway capitalist, who is reported as having said concerning railway speed:—"It is a question vital to the American people and their railway system—the subject of utilizing your railroads to the fullest extent, by running slow and frequent trains of freight at greatly reduced rates of shipment. You know, I suppose, that very many of your railways are in use not more than four hours out of the twenty-four. You know that, in geometrical progression, almost, the cost of railway carriage increases with the cost of speed. It costs half as much to run a train at ten miles an hour as at twenty. Increase the rate to thirty and it costs double the tariff at twenty. The fuel, the wear and tear, accident, and cost of rolling stock make the difference. An engine, to run forty miles an hour, as some of ours do, costs an extravagant sum of money. It must weigh sixty tons to insure safety. This sixty tons pulverizes the rails. The speed shakes the extravagant engine speedily to pieces. We have found, in England, that no railway train pays anywhere in the kingdom which exceeds thirty miles an hour. The Royal Holyhead mail, which makes a mile a minute, exclusive of stoppages, has to be subsidized extravagantly. The same applies to fast ships. Behold, only yesterday, the French steamer Pereire, built to outstrip the Scotia, puts back to Havre with her engine room full of dead men. High rate of speed! That was the matter. That destroyed your Collins' line of vessels. But for the mail subsidy and the extraordinary competition in England between railways, we should not have a train to make above thirty miles an hour. Our island is hardly longer than the State of New York, but in this country, where you have so vast distances between your grain and cotton districts and the sea, the subject of low speed for the sake of cheap freights is of vital importance."

NEW BRUNSWICK GRUMBLING.

The Newbrunswickers are bitterly complaining of the treatment that Province receives from the Dominion Government. All the fat offices, they say, are filled by persons from the Upper Provinces, and it is with the greatest difficulty that a Newbrunswicker can get a chance at the public crib. The St. John's *Telegraph* laments over the state of affairs in the following doleful manner:

"We read with regret in an Ottawa paper a short time back that Rev. C. P. Bliss, of this Province, and Private Secretary to the Minister of Customs at Ottawa, would probably not make application for the position of Chaplain to the Senate, which is now vacant. We certainly expected that Mr Bliss would urge his claims to the Chaplaincy, which, by the way, with its limited salary, is a place of honour instead of emolument, and might properly be held by Mr Bliss without his resigning his present Secretaryship. We still hope that Mr Bliss will not be deterred by talked of opposition. He is thoroughly qualified for the duties, and his appointment would be hailed with pleasure by Unionists in this section. Besides, it is about time that the government and Parliament were beginning to act with some show of justice to the Maritime Provinces in the matter of public appointments. What is the state of affairs at the Capital of the Dominion at this moment? Since Mr Bliss's name has been mentioned in connection with the Chaplaincy of the Senate we have carefully gone over the lists of officials in the Public Departments in Ottawa, with the following result:—

"In the House of Commons there are 93 employees, of whom three are New Brunswickers.

"In the Senate 31, of whom one is a New Brunswicker; and it was only after a hard struggle that this one was appointed.

"In the Privy Council offices there are 10 employees, not one of whom is a New Brunswicker.

"In the Governor's Secretary's office there are 6 employees—but no New Brunswicker.

"In the Department of Justice there are 7, but no New Brunswicker.

"In the Militia Department there are 26 employees—not one of whom is a New Brunswicker.

"In the Customs Department there are 18, three of them hailing from this Province.

"In the Marine Department there are 12—four of whom are from New Brunswick.

"In the Finance and Audit Department there are 29 employees—but not a solitary New Brunswicker among them.

"In the Public Works, 21, but not a New Brunswicker.

"In the Inland Revenue, 10, but no New Brunswicker.

"In the Office of Secretary of State, 26, and of Secretary of State for the Provinces, 6—but not a New Brunswicker in either of them.

"In the Post Office there are 39, including one solitary individual from New Brunswick.

"In the Department of Agriculture there are 22 employees, and not one of them a New Brunswicker.

"In the Receiver General's Office, 12—and no New Brunswicker.

"The Departments and Legislature show a total of employees numbering 337, of whom just twelve are from New Brunswick; and the case of Nova Scotia, we understand, is even worse.

"Our fellow subjects in the Upper Provinces must not expect the Lower Provinces to be content with this virtual proscription from the public offices. It was bad enough to foist upon the Dominion all the old, and in many cases useless officials of the former Legislature of Canada. It will be much worse policy to fill up vacancies as they occur, from the Upper Provinces only. The matter ought to be tested at once; and for this reason, among others, we trust Mr Bliss will allow himself to be nominated for the Chaplaincy. The sooner we learn our real position in this respect the better for all concerned."

A newly-married lady of Weedsport, Cayuga county, going out of church the other evening, took the arm of an entire stranger, supposing it to belong to her husband, and didn't discover her mistake until the obliging stranger had accompanied her some distance. Feelings—imagined—than, &c.

FOR SALE,

At the KINGSTON FOUNDRY,

A SIX HORSE-POWER PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE, with Boiler complete. Both are almost new, and, from their peculiar construction, are adapted to any purpose where steam power is required.

ALSO,

A BREWER'S KETTLE, of Boiler Plate; capacity about 1,400 gallons.

They will all be sold at a bargain, and time for payment given if required.

DAVIDSON & DORAN,

Feb. 10th, 1869.

GUNN'S

DERBY CONDITION POWDERS FOR HORSES AND CATTLE.

THIS Preparation, long and favourably known, will thoroughly re-invigorate broken down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as lung fever, glanders, yellow water, heaves, coughs, distemper, founder, loss of appetite and vital energy. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy skin, and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of cows this Preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk, gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

Prepared and sold by

HEATH & GUNN,
Chemists & Druggists,
47 Princess Street, Kingston.

February 10.

HOW THEY MADE FOOLS

OF THEMSELVES!

'TWAS about 9 a.m. on Saturday last that two ladies entered my Store, and asked the price of my best FAMILY FLOUR. I told them in plain English. "Oh," said one, "we can get the best flour a quarter-dollar a barrel less at a little place where they have not near such a stock of flour as you seem to have." After a little further conversation they left. Ah! but how disappointed they returned about the same hour this morning, and told me how they made fools of themselves. Of course I was aware of it.

100 barrels of the same splendid FAMILY FLOUR as I have been selling lately, to hand. 50 barrels XXX PASTRY FLOUR just received at

M. MORRISON'S.

40 Princess Street, Feb. 10.

SEND IT TO YOUR FRIENDS.—The Chronicle and News is published every Friday morning, and contains all the news of the week. For Fifty Cents, paid in advance, you may send it to your friends for three months at the reduced rates of postage. For One Dollar it may be sent six months. Single copies, price Five Cents, may be had at the *Daily News* office, Princess Street.

ORANGE CERTIFICATES and Lodge Summonses may be obtained at the Daily News Office. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Devices for every description of Orange printing kept on hand at the Daily News Steam Printing House.

IMPORTANT SALE

OF

STOCK

OF

Dry Goods.

THE subscribers will offer, by public auction, at their Store, Princess Street, Kingston, on TUESDAY, 23rd February instant, the Stock of

DRY GOODS

therein contained, amounting to about $18,000, and including a general assortment.

It will be offered *en bloc* at so much on the £. The Stock and Stock Book can be seen on and after Thursday, 18th instant. For terms of sale apply to the auctioneer.

Sale at 11 o'clock a.m.

FERGUSON BROS.
PRINCESS STREET.

J. G. STRATTON,
Auctioneer.

February 10.

Joseph Rogers & Sons' Superior

IVORY-HANDLED

Table & Pocket Cutlery,

JAMES DIXON & SONS'

SILVER-PLATED

SPOONS, FORKS, &c.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

IN THE CITY,

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE.

CHARLES GRIGOR.

Feb. 10.

THE NEW ASSESSMENT ACT,
PRICE 25 CENTS.

JOHN HENDERSON,
February 10. PRINCESS STREET.

SUPERIOR SALE

OF

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Brussels Carpet, and Excellent China, Crockery, and Plated Ware.

J. J. LINTON has received instructions to sell on

Thursday the 18th inst.,

at the residence of G. E. SMALL, Esq, Queen street, adjoining the premises of Wm. Ford, Jr., Esq., all the first-class Furniture, &c., therein contained, comprising—

DRAWING ROOM.

Green Rep-covered Boston Sofa, large Easy Chair, Democrat do., and 6 Caned Chairs (all to match), 1 set Rep Curtains, Damask do., 1 Fancy Chair, Brussels Carpet, Whatnot, Ornaments, 2 handsome Gilt Frames and Pictures, Centre and Card Tables.

DINING ROOM.

1 Oak Dining Table (2 leaves), 6 Chairs, Carpet, handsome Sideboard (marble top), Lounge, Easy Chair, Curtains, Cruet, Liqueur Stands, 1 Elegant China Breakfast and Tea Sets, handsome Dessert and Dinner do. complete, Tea Trays, Cut Champagne, Port, Finger, and Liqueur Glasses, Cut Decanters, Tumblers, Preserve Dishes, Jugs, and a large assortment of Cutlery and Plated Ware, &c.

HALL.

Hat Stand, Stove and Pipes, Table and Chair.

BED ROOMS.

Excellent Bedsteads (walnut and iron), Hair and Spring Mattresses, Feather Beds and Pillows, Bedding, Wardrobes, Dressing Bureaus (double enclosed), Washstands and Furniture, Baths, Carpet, Lounges, Work Tables, &c., &c.

KITCHEN.

1 Excellent Cooking Stove and Utensils, Crockery and Tin Ware in great variety, B. L. Dish Covers, 1 Refrigerator, and a quantity of Preserves, &c.

The above goods are all in excellent order, and may be viewed on the day previous to the sale from 2 to 5 P.M.

Terms of Sale—Cash in Bankable Funds.

Sale at 10 o'clock A.M.

J. J. LINTON,
Auctioneer.

Feb. 10.

ADVERTISEMENTS for the Daily News, intended to appear the same evening, should be sent in at as early an hour in the day possible.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.—The large circulation of the Daily News renders it the natural medium for the publication of all small and transient advertisements, as well as larger announcements. Advertisements of religious notices and Sabbath services; situations wanted; situations vacant; houses for sale; houses to rent; houses wanted; board and lodging; rooms wanted; board wanted; articles lost; articles found; cattle wanted; cattle for sale; cattle strayed, &c., when set close, inserted for 25 cents each insertion, payable only in advance. When displayed, a proportionate price will be charged.

ART OF ADVERTISING.—Horace Greeley, of New York, says:—"The most successful business men in this city are those who have advertised liberally and constantly. A small advertisement constantly appearing is better than a display column occasionally.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having purchased the right to manufacture and sell the DOMINION CLOTHES BOILER, hereby cautions all persons against infringing on the patent, as anyone infringing on the same will be prosecuted as the law directs.

JOHN SHIELS,
King Street, Kingston.

February 9, 1869.

NOTICE to all whom it may concern, that S. H. Harper and A. D. McFaul have dissolved partnership. All debts standing against that firm are to be paid by A. D. McFaul, and all after this 8th day of February, A. D. 1869.

S. H. HARPER.

Feb. 8.

TO LET, the HOUSE in Earl Street at present in the occupation of Assistant-Commissary-General Pennell. Possession given 1st May next. Apply to Mrs RANTON, Earl Street, near House of Industry.

February 9.

HEALTH, COMFORT, AND ECONOMY.

THE Subscribers have much pleasure in introducing to the public of Kingston NORTH'S PATENT DRUM HEATER, by the use of which a saving of fully 25 per cent will be gained. Having thoroughly tested this valuable invention they can confidently recommend it as a great fuel saver. The cost of the Heater is small compared with the great saving it effects. In many places where two stoves were formerly required, sufficient heat can now be obtained from one with the Heater attached. Parties wishing to try them can do so, and if after a fair trial they are not satisfied that the saving claimed is effected, the Heater can be returned without any charge.

McKELVEY & BIRCH,
No. 75 Wellington Street,
KINGSTON.

REMOVAL.

ROBERT WHITE,

DYER & SCOURER,

HAVING removed to Newland's Buildings, opposite to Mr Pillar's Bakery, Princess Street, is now prepared to receive orders for dyeing and scouring at the shortest notice.

I will resume business in my old stand as soon as it is repaired.

ROBERT WHITE.

Feb. 5.

ST. VALENTINE.

NEW ENGLISH VALENTINES, cheap, at the ONTARIO BOOKSTORE, Wellington Street.

H. G. GOODFELLOW.

February 4.

HOUSE TO LET.

A LARGE ROUGH CAST HOUSE to Let on Rideau Street, at present occupied by Captain Taylor. Possession on 1st May. Apply to

JACOB BAJUS,
February 4. Kingston Brewery.

SEWING MACHINES

THE HOWE

AND

WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES

ARE the best in the world for any purpose. Intending purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine them at

John Cunningham's,
KING STREET, Kingston.

Hand Machines in great variety, cheap. Machines of all kinds skilfully repaired. Needles, Oil, &c., on hand.

January 28.

TESTIMONIAL

From F. J. PRUME, Violinist,

AND

C. L. MAYERHOFER, Pianist,

OF MONTREAL.

To Messrs RAPPE, WEBER & Co.—

GENTLEMEN—We are satisfied with your Piano, and we recommend it to the public of Kingston for its superior quality.

F. JEHIN PRUME.
C. L. MAYERHOFER.

Saturday, 23rd January, 1869.

DISCOUNT

20 PER CENT FOR THIS MONTH.

Quarter Dollar Articles for Twenty Cents.

BUY YOUR MEDICINES AND PERFUMES at the

MEDICAL HALL,

And save ONE SHILLING on every Dollar.

Jan. 6.

NOTICE.

TAVERN-KEEPERS and GROCERS are hereby notified that "The Tavern and Shop Licence Act of 1869" declares "No certificate for a licence to retail spirituous, fermented, or other manufactured liquors, in any Tavern, Alehouse, Beerhouse, Place of Public Entertainment, or SHOP, shall be granted to any applicant, except *upon petition* by the applicant to the Police Commissioners." In conformity with this provision of the Act, I hereby give notice that I will be in attendance at my office, from 10 to 3 o'clock daily, from the 10th to the 17th February instant, for the purpose of receiving such petitions.

Such petitions to be on a form supplied to applicants at my office.

THOMAS MOSTYN,
Inspector, Tavern and Shop Licences.

Kingston, 5th February, 1869.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE FARM, containing one hundred and thirty acres of land, being the east half of Lot No. 33 in the 7th Concession of the township of Ernestown, within two miles of the village of Wilton. There is a good substantial Stone House, Barn, and Sheds, about sixty acres under a good state of cultivation, and twenty acres of a cedar swamp. Well timbered and well watered.

Also, a SLOOP, the Victoria, between 30 and 40 tons burthen, slip keel, suitable for either canal or lake navigation. Is in good running order, standing rigging and canvas all complete.

For particulars apply to Mr George Brown, or

WILLIAM MURRAY,
Kingston, January 29. Auctioneer.

THE FIRST

Annual Clearing Sale

AT

RIGNEY & SLAVIN'S,

AND THE GREATEST SALE OF THE SEASON,

WILL COMMENCE ON

MONDAY NEXT, 1ST FEBRUARY,

WHEN OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS & READY MADE CLOTHING

Will be offered at COST PRICE, in order to save trouble in taking stock.

The Sale will commence on MONDAY morning with forty pieces of Fancy DRESS GOODS from 6d to 1s 3d per yard. Cheap Job Lots will be thrown out on the tables every day during the Sale.

Special attention is called to our stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, as it chiefly consists of Misfits, and is therefore made of the finest materials and best workmanship.

RIGNEY & SLAVIN,
Wilson's Buildings.

February 1.

IMMENSE CLEARING SALE

FOR ONE MONTH,

AT THE

LIVERPOOL HOUSE.

MARK THE REDUCTIONS—

15 SPRING HOOP SKIRT reduced from 1s 10¾d to 1s
Good White Cotton reduced from 6d¼ to 5¼d
Scarlet Flannel from 1s 6d to 1s
Mohair and Alpaccas for dresses from 10½d to 7½d
All Fancy Dress Goods are reduced to cost price
One penny per yard off all prints
Canada Tweeds from 6s to 1s per yard off
Blankets from 5s to 10s per pair off
Striped and Checked Shirting reduced from 9½d to 7½d
Home made Fulled Cloth 2s 6d per yard, reduced from 3s 3d¼
Table Linen, Bleached and unbleached, reduced from 2s 6d to 1s 10½d
SPECIAL.—250 Doz. Hoop Skirts 25 per cent below manufacturer's prices
Superior French Kid Gloves 3s 9d per pair

J. GREENFIELD.

Jan. 6, 1869.

M. GAGE,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER,

KING STREET,

BEGS TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC TO HIS STOCK OF

English, Geneva, and American Watches,

GOLD AND SILVER CHAINS, GUARDS, &C.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HOUSE AND OFFICE CLOCKS.

A good supply of Materials of every description always on hand

REPAIRS of all kinds carefully attended to.

M. GAGE.

October 21.

BURNETT HOUSE,

ONTARIO STREET, KINGSTON, ONTARIO

R. R. Stephens, Proprietor.

Trusty Porters in attendance at Railroad Depot and Steamboat Landings.

Oct. 28.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE Commodious and Well-fitted STORE on the corner of King and Princess Streets, lately occupied by Messrs Ferguson & Co. Immediate possession given. Apply to

July 25. J. BAWDEN, Solicitor.

JUST RECEIVED

AT

Skinner's Drugstore,

A SUPERIOR LOT OF

HAIR BOTH, AND NAIL BRUSHES

COMBS.

Lubin's and Rimmel's

GENUINE PERFUMERY.

A FURTHER REDUCTION

ON

LAMPS.

Jan. 7.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned is now prepared to remove all nuisances on reasonable terms. Orders left at the Chimney Viewers office, or at the Police Station, will be promptly complied with.

W. B. FOLLEST.

Jan. 18.

The Ontario Farmer, No. 1,

JANUARY, 1869,

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