The Daily News

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 19.

SEE LAST PAGE.

BY TELEGRAPH.

CABLE NEWS.

Paris, Jan. 18.—The Senate and Corps Législatif assembled to-day. The session was opened by the Emperor with a speech. He said the task before the Legislature was a serious one, viz., to conduct a government strong enough to repress the excesses while preserving all the benefits of liberty. The result of making concessions to the press and of restoring the right of public meeting had had the effect of preserving public order, and he hoped that the recent elections resulted in a majority of the Government confirmed the wisdom and wisdom of these concessions. The laws providing for military reorganization had given strength and confidence to the nation, which was now ready to meet all contingencies of the future. The armament of the army was perfect, the arsenals were filled with supplies, the reserves were well drilled, and the reorganization of the National Guard approached completion. The fleet had been re-erected, and the fortifications at important points were in good condition. The Imperial wish was realized. France was placed as to vindicate her status in the councils of the world. Peace had been sincere sought, not because of weakness, but to sustain the honour of the State. The situation in Spain had not altered the good relations of France with that country. The revolution which had just terminated its course, and which would extinguish a conflagration which had become imminent, was the grand act, the importance of which all would appreciate. The members of that Chamber had all agreed on a principle calculated to secure friendship between the Turks and Greeks. If the firm hopes of success which were entertained should be realized, nothing would be left to trouble the general harmony of the nation. The Chambers would attend to the internal development of the country mainly through its agricultural interest, and might possibly seek to bring about a reduction in the public charges. The Emperor referred to the approaching session of the Corps Législatif, congratulated the members on the harmony which existed between the throne, the Legislature, and the people, and declared that he favored full and free discussion when it did not touch the Constitution. That instruction was above all debate, and he exalted the benefits which it had conferred upon the country. The Emperor concluded as follows:—"All Governments are liable to reverses. Fortune declines to smile on all their undertakings, but the country knows no faltering, no act of mine, which has not been dictated by the glory of France. It knows that I have sought to create a vigorous control of the administration, and then to enlarge the sphere of deliberative assemblies, to prove that the true support of the Government is in the independence and patriotism of the Chambers of the State. Soon the nation and its elections will mark the path which all should follow, and will repeat its rejection of revolution and its desire to found the destinies of France on the intimate union of order and liberty."

Constantinople, Jan. 18.—The Sublime Porte has sent instructions to its ambassador at Paris directing him to sign the protocol agreed to by the Conference. It is believed that the Greek Government will accept the terms of settlement proposed by the Conference.

London, Jan. 18.—The London *Times* speaks in terms of the highest praise to the treaty which has been concluded between Great Britain and China through Mr Burlingame and the Chinese Ambassadors.

Despatches from India report that sharp shocks of earthquake have been felt in Calcutta and Assam.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

London, January 19, p.m.—Consols 92¼ for money and account; Bonds 75¼; Stocks Erie 26¼; Illinois Central 93.

Liverpool, January 19, p.m.—Cotton easier; Uplands 11½d; Orleans 11¾d.

Market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester unfavorable, and causes much dullness in the market.

Flour 28s 6d; Red wheat 9s 7d to 9s 8d; Western wheat 11s 6d to 11s 8d; old Corn 35s 6d, new do 34s to 34s 6d; Barley 5s; Oats 2s 6d; Peas 44s 6d; Pork 92s 6d; Lard 72s.

New York Press Despatches.

THE ALABAMA PROTOCOL.

New York, Jan. 18.—The *Tribune's* special says: The articles of the Treaty on the Alabama claims matter are eight in number and are substantially as follows:

Article 1.—The two governments agree to the settlement of all claims and differences which have arisen since the Convention of 1853.

Article 2 provides for a commission of three persons—each Government being entitled to two representatives—this commission to agree upon a plan for settlement.

Article 3 provides that a majority of the commission shall decide the questions involved.

Article 4—Provides for cases of disagreement on the commission; in such an event the two Governments shall choose an umpire. The President of the United States shall act for the United States, but the umpire selected shall not be qualified, unless confirmed by the Senate.

Article 5—Provides that in the event of the refusal of the umpire to decide, the question shall be settled by lot in the presence of the commission.

Article 6—Excludes from the jurisdiction of the commission, all cases arising from claims which have been adjudicated by the Courts of Admiralty.

Article 7—Provides that claimants shall have first proved that they are British subjects, that they preserved strict neutrality during the war, and did not aid the South.

Article 8—The sessions of the commission are to be held in Washington.

New York, Jan. 18.—The steamship City of Antwerp, from Liverpool, arrived to-day.

Beware of shelled almonds. In Malaga there are great establishments in which large numbers of women are employed to "assort" broken, chipped and damaged kernels. This is done with mucilage and brown dust, and after the kernels have been restored it is impossible to distinguish them from naturally perfect ones.

THE POPE AND THE PATRIARCH.

Our readers were introduced on Saturday to a personage quite beyond the ordinary range of their thoughts. The Patriarch of Constantinople is a very dignified ecclesiastic, but he is one of the last persons to whom we should look for enlightenment. The account, however, of his reception of some Papal envoys might induce a wish to know a good deal more of him. Without a word of the customary verbiage, it is perfectly dignified, and goes straight to the point. The patriarch has something decided to say, and he says it with the most commendable directness. The opening observation indeed discloses a point of common sense almost incredible in such an Oriental latitude and a personage of such antique dignity. The Patriarch reads the daily papers, and accepts them as an authority! The Pope's envoys brought him a letter of invitation to the proposed "Œcumenical Council" at Rome. The Patriarch told them that he would thankfully have received the letter had he not already known its contents from the summons published in "the daily papers." We are not sure that this degree of civilization has yet been attained even in this country. We can hardly conceive the Archbishop of Canterbury informing a deputation that they need not trouble themselves to present their address, as he had already read it in the daily papers, and some even of our secular authorities would be horrified at such an innovation.

The Patriarch, by this sensible disregard of routine, had acquainted himself with the fact that, in calling a Council, the Pope was in no particular prepared to abandon his characteristic principles. But since these are "utterly abhorrent from those of the Orthodox Eastern Church," the Patriarch does not see what is to be gained by discussion. This is precisely the difficulty which the Church of Rome has opposed to a scheme of mutual accommodation. She is always the same. Infallibility renders it impossible that she should abate one item of her pretensions, or one jot of her doctrinal system. Consequently, there is no possibility of friendship with her except upon her own terms. She will be very good friends on condition she has everything her own way. The Patriarch has the sense to see, what has escaped some dreamers among ourselves,—that this attitude excludes every possibility of reunion. "Since His Holiness," says the Patriarch, "will in no wise deviate from his position, neither (by Divine Grace) do we mean to deviate from ours." The Pope must be left to pursue his own course, and other Churches must be satisfied to pursue in independence of him. It would save a world of trouble to many good people if they could look at the matter in this simple light. When the Pope is prepared to admit that he and his Church may have made some mistakes, it will be time to think of *Kirenica* and to devise compromises. Till then, thinks the Patriarch, "Where is the use of reopening old wounds and stirring up again extinct hatreds by disputings which end for the most part in breaches and ill-will?"

But the Patriarch points out that the Pope's method for procuring unity is the reverse of the right one; and we are inclined to wonder whether he has had any communication with an eminent divine, who gives equally excellent advice to the Convocation of Canterbury. He pronounces that "the least irritating method of solving such questions is the historical method.' There is hope for the Ecclesiastical world when the "historical method" has reached Constantinople. The Patriarch's facts are unquestionable, and it is lamentable that we should have to go so far East to have them recognized. It is manifest, he says, that there was a Church in existence a certain number of centuries back "which held the same doctrines in the East as in the West, in the Old as in the New Rome." While people were content with this standard of doctrine, they contrived to be very good Christians. Why cannot we be content with the same? The Patriarch is quite prepared to accept the consequences of such a reference for himself. "Let us each recur," he says, "to that Primitive Church, and see which of us has added aught, which has diminished aught therefrom; let all that may have been added be struck off, and let all that has been diminished therefrom be re-added, and then we shall, unawares, find ourselves united in the same Catholic orthodoxy." "Rome," he adds, "having strayed from this, takes pleasure in widening the breach by ever new doctrines and institutions at variance with holy tradition." One of the Roman priests innocently inquired what doctrines these might be. The Patriarch referred to the Pope's claim of supremacy; but a learned reply to the Papal invitation which has just been published in Latin, on behalf of the English Church, furnishes a still more pointed retort, by simply referring to the date for which the Council is summoned. It is the 8th of December next year—the day "sacred to the conception of the Immaculate Virgin Mary." To believe in this last freak of "rhetoric turned into logic" is now declared by the Pope to be essential to holding the "unity of the faith." The Pope's way of producing unity is to be continually creating new dogmas, and additional anathemas. The Patriarch's more hopeful proposal is to diminish dogmas, and to go back to the principles of more simple times. Unless for that purpose, he fails again to see the use of a Council. The faith is quite sufficiently settled for the Patriarch. "If haply the bishops of the West have boubt concerning any of their doctrines, and wish to meet, let them meet and discuss them every day if they please. We have no such doubts regarding the standards of religion." Have there not been other assemblies to which this admirable advice would have been not less applicable than to the Pope's Council? There was recently an outcry among certain sections of British Churchmen for new definitions on more than one point of doctrine. Churchmen will be able, for the future, to shelter themselves behind the venerable authority of the patriarch of Constantinople. There ought be no difficulty in maintaining this judicious course among ourselves; for the Patriarch has given a brief description of the very principles on which, according to the boast of English Churchmen, our Reformation was conducted.

The Pope is certainly unfortunate in the letters he addresses to those who are outside his communion. They only have the effect of proving to the world how very numerous and considerable these dissentients are. An Œcumenical Council from which all Anglicans, all Protestants, and the Greek Church are excluded, is in danger of becoming ridiculous. The world will simply learn from next year's assemblage that the Church over which the Pope presides is more Roman and less Catholic than ever. It will meet only to raise one more barrier between itself and the rest of Christendom, to make reconciliation more hopeless, and to add a few more to the long list of excommunications.—*London Times.*

There is no doubt whatever that the Senate will reject the treaty by which Mr Seward agreed to pay seven millions and a half for St. Thomas. There is a disposition, however, to soften this decision toward the Danish government, as all Senators conversant with the subject sympathize with that government for the unpleasant position in which it has been placed.

A French paper states that during the late watering place season a rich American, whose wife was ill, carried his daughter, a young lady of eighteen, to Baden. A married man abducted her and she has not been seen since. The unhappy father has resigned his place at the club, and offers for sale his house and furniture. In accordance with a vow, he will convert all his property into ready money and devote it sacredly to the recovery of his daughter and the punishment of her abductor.

An inhabitant of Hermannstadt, having asked the Emperor of the French to stand godfather to his child, has received the following reply from the French Consul at Bucharest:—"Honoured Sir—By order of his Majesty Napoleon III, Emperor of the French, I have the honour to bring to your knowledge that I shall leave shortly for Hermannstadt for the purpose of attending the baptism of your child. I will inform you by telegraph of the date of my arrival. I remain," &c.

According to the correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* at Rome, the French Government has recently proposed to garrison Velletri, Frosinone, and the Eternal City. Cardinal Antonelli replied that he was willing to see French troops at Velletri and Frosinone, as well as at Civita Vecchia, but not at Rome, except in the gravest eventuality. It was then proposed to place the Pontifical troops under the orders of the commander of the French army of observation. This was also declined, but in such a way as to leave the impression that the Pope would be willing that the Papal troops should be employed as an auxiliary force with French troops against Italy. The appointment of M. Lavalette, as Foreign Minister at Paris, in place of M. de Moustier, is, however, considered as more favourable to Italy.

Max Muller, the great philologist, appears to be delighted with the Turkish language. In one of his lectures he declares that the ingenious manner in which its numerous grammatical forms are presented must strike every one who has a taste for that wonderful faculty of the human mind which reveals itself in speech. "Here is a language," says he, "of such transparent construction that we can study its inner workings as we can watch the progress of cells in a bee-hive." Another distinguished authority is equally enthusiastic on the same subject: "We might take the Turkish language for the scientific result of some learned body; but no such society could have been able to invent what the mind of man has produced in the isolation of the Tartar steppes, only prompted by its own laws or by an instinctive power which is as marvellous as any in nature." Yet this is the language which is popularly regarded as barbarous and utterly incapable of improvement.

RITUALISM AT BRIGHTON.—On Christmas Eve a midnight celebration was held at St. James's, Brighton. The church was partly filled by a respectable auditory; the building itself profusely decorated with flowers, and on a side table was the usual light burning, but on this occasion surmounted by a carved figure of the infant Saviour. The usual display of embroidered dresses, &c., was exhibited by the officiating priests and choristers. The proceedings commenced with an imposing procession, during which and throughout the entire service incense was freely scattered about. In fact, nothwithstanding the recent decision of the Privy Council, lights, incense, bowings, &c., were upon the usual excessive scale. Many slightly suppressed sounds of discontent were heard throughout the service, both within and without the building; but at the commencement of the offertory sentences a gentleman cried out "It is a perfect bosh; I say perfect rubbish." Immediately some of the vergers, with their oaken staves, rushed to the pew in which he was sitting; the priests looked aghast, and the choristers and the congregation seemed terror-stricken. The gentleman proceeded to say, when efforts were made to expel him, "I expected this. I am not afraid to repeat my words; it is all perfect rubbish."

NOTICE.

ALL Persons INDEBTED to me are hereby notified to make payment immediately to JOHN M. MACHAR, Clarence Street. All Accounts not settled before 1st March next will be placed in suit for collection. All CLAIMS against me to be sent to above address.

DONALD MACLEAN, M.D.

January 19, 1869.

LOST, last evening, between the Skating Rink and the head of Earl Street, an OPERA CLOAK. The finder will receive a suitable reward on leaving the Cloak at the *Daily News* Office.

Jan 19.

WANTED, a good second-hand SAFE, medium size, cheap for cash. Apply to *News* Office.

January 19.

LOST, on Monday evening, in the streets, a GOLD SCARF PIN, with view of International Exhibition in head. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office.

January 19.

THE NEW ENGLAND GLASS BLOWERS

HAVE COME.

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY!

THE NEW ENGLAND GLASS BLOWERS respectfully inform the inhabitants of Kingston that they will commence their Exhibitions on PRINCESS STREET, next door to Mr Ireland, engraver. Doors open from 10 a.m. till 10 p.m.

ADMISSION FREE.

January 19.

GRAND INSTRUMENTAL AND CHORAL CONCERT.

MR HINDMARSH will give his first GRAND CONCERT in the

CITY HALL,

ON

THURSDAY Evening, Jan. 28,

Under the patronage of Lieut.-Colonel Hibbert, Commandant of the Garrison, Lieut.-Colonel Paton, and the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the 14th P.W.O. Rifles, and will be assisted by the leading Amateurs of the city, and the Band of the Battalion.

On this occasion the Programme presented will be entirely new, and no pains have been spared to make this THE CONCERT OF THE SEASON.

Mr Wm. Cunningham has kindly consented to furnish his Concert Piano, and preside at it on the occasion.

Tickets 25 cents; Reserved Seats 50 cents May be obtained at the Book and Music Stores, and also from the Officers of the 14th Battalion.

☞ Programmes will be issued in a few days.

W. H. HINDMARSH,
Bandmaster P.W.O. Rifles.

Jan. 19.

BOARD WANTED for Wet nurse and child. Apply at this office.

Jan. 18, 1869.

RELIGIOUS ANNIVERSARIES.

THE ANNIVERSARY MEETINGS of the following Societies will be held (D.V.) in the City Hall as follows:

Kingston Auxiliary to the British and Foreign Bible Society, on TUESDAY, the 19th January, 1869.

Kingston Auxiliary to the London Religious Tract Society, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th January.

Kingston Sabbath Reformation Society, on THURSDAY, the 21st January.

French Canadian Missionary Society, on FRIDAY, the 22nd January.

ADDRESSES will be delivered by Rev. Thos. Goldsmith, Lieut.-Colonel Haultain, and several other Clergymen and Laymen, in support of the Societies.

An efficient Choir, under the leadership of the Messrs Tandy, will be in attendance.

Collection will be made to defray expenses.

The Chair will be taken each evening at 7:30 o'clock.

The public are respectfully and earnestly invited to attend.

January 18.

TO LET.

THE lot on Princess Street, adjoining Commercial Mart Good stabling on the same. Possession given immediately. Inquire of

JOSEPH GEORGE,
Wellington street.

Jan. 18th, 1869.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to her numerous friends and customers for the liberal support extended to her during her resumption of the Tailoring business, begs to state that she has sold the Stock in Trade and good will to her former Foreman, Mr J. S. Sands.

All outstanding accounts will be received by J. S. Sands, whose receipt will be a sufficient acknowledgment for the same, and all accounts not paid by the 1st of March will be put in suit.

E. KINNEAR.

Jan. 13.

IN reference to the above, I would beg to state to my friends and the public that it is my intention to carry on the business of Tailoring in all its branches, in first class style and at moderate prices, being a practical mechanic of 18 years experience, both in cutting and making up; and also having worked in the first Tailoring establishment in the Dominion, I feel confident I will be able to satisfy all who may kindly favour me with their orders.

I have a few good articles of Ready-Made which I will dispose off below cost.

JOHN S. SANDS,
Wellington St.

Jan. 13.

CORRECTION.

ORDNANCE LANDS SALE, KINGSTON.

ON WEDNESDAY, 3rd February, 1869, at Noon, by J. J. Linton, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale, on the ground, the following Lots and Parcels of Land, situate and being in the City of Kingston:

Ordnance Street—Lot No. 413. Colborne Street—Lot No. 382. Herchimer Farm—Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18.

Lots Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, Place d'Armes, and parts of Lots 92 and 104 Queen Street north, and parts of Lots 93, 100, 105, Queen Street south, are omitted, having been advertised by error.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.

Department of Secretary of State, Ottawa, January 15, 1869.

TO LET.

THE premises lately occupied by the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Ontario and Johnson streets. Apply to the Manager of the British North American Bank, or to R. M. Rose.

Jan. 8 h, 1869.

AUCTION SALE OF SCHOONER HELEN.

UNDER and by virtue of a Power of Attorney from George Davidson and William Givens, dated 31st December, 1868, and as Assignee of the Estate of William Ferguson under the Insolvent Act of 1864, the undersigned will sell, at Murray's Auction Rooms, in the city of Kingston, on SATURDAY, the 30th of January, A.D. 1869, at Twelve o'clock noon, the

SCHOONER HELEN,

Built in 1858. Rig, Schooner; Canvas two years old; Registered Tonnage, 140; Class, B1; capable of carrying 8,000 bushels grain or 120,000 feet of lumber; and now lying at Kingston.

Terms Cash.

R. M. ROSE.

January 9.

SALE OF MILITARY STORES.

WILL BE SOLD, by auction, at the Military Stores, Dockyard, on the

21st inst., at Eleven o'clock a.m.,

90 Pairs of ANKLE BOOTS,
440 Pairs of MOCCASINS,
285 Pairs of MOCCASIN WRAPPERS,
And a quantity of other Stores.

Terms—Cash in bankable funds as the sale proceeds.

Customs duty to be paid by the purchaser.

J. J. LINTON,
Auctioneer.

January 12.

1½d. SINGLE COPIES of the DAILY NEWS may be had at the counter of the publication office, Princess street, price three coppers.

THE CIRCULATION of the DAILY NEWS is fully one-half larger than that of any other daily journal published in Kingston. The circulation of the old established weekly CHRONICLE AND NEWS is also greater than any other weekly published in the county. Advertisers will perceive that these journals are the best media for attracting public attention in this locality.

ADVERTISEMENTS for the DAILY NEWS, intended to appear the same evening, should be sent in at as early an hour in the day as possible.

LEASES—Forms of Leases and other descriptions of Law Printing kept in stock at the Daily News Office. Every description of printing done to order.

ST. GEORGE'S HALL.

On FRIDAY, January 22, 1869.

GRAND CONCERT

GIVEN BY

F. J. PRUME,

ASSISTED BY

MR MAYERHOFFER, PIANIST,

AND DISTINGUISHED AMATEURS.

Admission 50 cents; Reserved Seats $1. Tickets to be had at Creighton's Bookstore, and at the door on the evening of the Concert. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8.

January 16

NOTICE.

THE undersigned is now prepared to remove all nuisances on reasonable terms. Orders left at the Chimney Viewers office, or at the Police Station, will be promptly complied with.

W. B. FOLLEST.

Jan. 18.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Cataraqui Bridge Company will be held on MONDAY the 25th JANUARY instant (being the last Monday in the Month), at the hour of 2 o'clock P.M, for the purpose of appointing Directors for the ensuing year, agreeably to the Act of Incorporation of said Company, 8 Geo. 4, cap 12, sec 10.

WILLIAM FERGUSON,
Sec. and Tresurer, C.B.C.

Cataraqui Bridge Company office, Kingston, 16th January, 1869.

DR THOMSON, 1, CLYDE TERRACE, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons and Licentiate of Medicine, London, intends to practise his profession in Kingston.

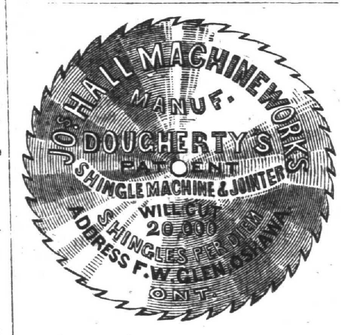
Jan. 12, 1869.

THE NEW SPELLING BOOK

JUST received and for sale at the CITY BOOK STORE. Price 25 cents.

JOHN CREIGHTON
King Street.

Jan. 6, 1869.



Oshawa, Jan. 6.

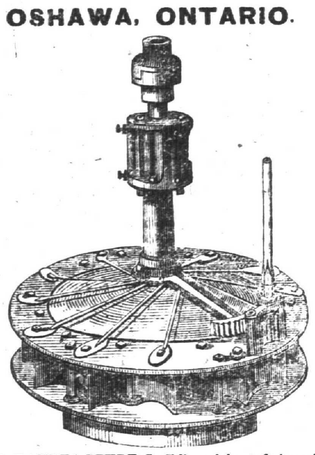
JOSEPH HALL MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851.

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.,

PROPRIETORS,

OSHAWA, ONTARIO.



MANUFACTURE Leffel's celebrated American DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEELS, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

Springfield, Ohio, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a wheel in all respects equal to our own.

(Signed) JAMES LEFFEL & Co.

WARRANTY.

Our wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

☞ We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-Rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-Rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c. &c. Also, Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woolen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Cataloges containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
OSHAWA, ONT.

Oshawa, Dec. 29.

AGENT

FOR JOSEPH HALL'S MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED IN 1851,

FOR BEST THRESHERS, Mill Gear, Shingle Machines, Jointers, Printing Presses, &c., &c, at Makers' Prices. Orders promptly filled for Machines and Repairs.

A. CHOWN,
No. 7, Bagot Street.

Kingston, Jan. 18, 1869.

Evening Dresses!

RIGNEY & SLAVIN

ARE NOW SHOWING

A LOT OF NEW MATERIAL FOR EVENING WEAR

CONSISTING OF

White and Coloured Tarlatans, Brocaded Tarlatans, Lavender and Dove Coloured Empress Cloths, French Delaines and Merinos of every shade, Printed and Brocaded Muslin Robes, Rich Silk Velvets, Satin Ribbons and Buttons of every shade.

We would also call the attention of Gentlemen to our New Fashion Plates of Coats suitable for evening wear.

The Glencross system of Measuring and Cutting, which our new Cutter is introducing here, is the most perfect in the world, and is now used in all the Fashionable Clothing Houses in the United States, and never fails, when properly used, to ensure a perfect fit.

Fashion Plates and Cut Patterns received monthly of all the newest garments worn in Paris, London, and New York.

RIGNEY & SLAVIN.

January 16.

IMMENSE CLEARING SALE FOR ONE MONTH,

AT THE

LIVERPOOL HOUSE.

MARK THE REDUCTIONS—

15 SPRING HOOP SKIRT reduced from 1s 10½d to 1s
Good White Cotton reduced from 6d½ to 5½d
Scarlet Flannel from 1s 6d to 1s
Mohair and Alpaccas for dresses from 10½d to 7½d
All Fancy Dress Goods are reduced to cost price
One penny per yard off all prints
Canada Tweeds from 6s to 1s per yard off
Blankets from 5s to 10s per pair off
Striped and Checked Shirting reduced from 9½d to 7½d
Home made Fulled Cloth 2s 6d per yard, reduced from 3s 3d
Table Linen, Bleached and unbleached, reduced from 2s 6d to 1s 10½d
SPECIAL.—250 Doz Hoop Skirts 25 per cent below manufacturer's prices
Superior French Kid Gloves 3s 9d per pair

J. GREENFIELD.

Jan. 6, 1869.

M. GAGE,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER,

KING STREET,

BEGS TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC TO HIS STOCK OF

English, Geneva, and American Watches,

GOLD AND SILVER CHAINS, GUARDS, &C.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HOUSE AND OFFICE CLOCKS.

A good supply of Materials of every description always on hand.

REPAIRS of all kinds carefully attended to.

M. GAGE.

October 21.

BURNETT HOUSE,

ONTARIO STREET, KINGSTON, ONTARIO

R. R. Stephens, Proprietor.

Trusty Porters in attendance at Railroad Depot and Steamboat Landings.

Oct. 28.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE Commodious and Well-fitted STORE on the corner of King and Princess Streets, lately occupied by Messrs Ferguson & Co. Immediate possession given. Apply to

July 25. J. BAWDEN, Solicitor.

JUST RECEIVED AT

Skinner's Drugstore,

A SUPERIOR LOT OF

HAIR, TOOTH, AND NAIL BRUSHES

COMBS.

Lubin's and Rimmel's

GENUINE PERFUMERY.

A FURTHER REDUCTION ON

LAMPS.

Jan. 7.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.—The large circulation of the DAILY NEWS renders it the natural medium for the publication of all small and transient advertisements, as well as larger announcements. Advertisements of religious notices and Sabbath services; situations wanted; situations vacant; houses for sale; houses to rent; houses wanted; board and lodging; rooms wanted; board wanted; articles lost; articles found; cattle wanted; cattle for sale; cattle strayed, &c., when set close, inserted for 25 cents each insertion, payable only in advance. When displayed, a proportionate price will be charged.

NEW STYLES OF TYPE HAVE been added to the DAILY NEWS JOB PRINTING OFFICE. Our two Steam Presses and Automatic Platen Printing Machinery enable us to turn out work in good style, with quick despatch, and at cheap inquiry is solicited.

STEAM PRINTING HOUSE, Princess Street, Kingston. Printing of all kinds at the DAILY NEWS STEAM PRINTING HOUSE.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FIRST PRIZE

ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

THESE celebrated Instruments can be obtained at B. HOLDER'S Cabinet Ware-Rooms. Illustrated Catalogues supplied, describing the various styles and prices. Superior Music Stools cheap.

B. HOLDER,
PRINCESS ST.

Dec. 5.

TO LET.

THAT Valuable Premises situate at the foot of Princess Street, and known as the

Atlantic Wharf.

Possession given on the 1st of April next. For terms, &c., apply to

JAMES HARTY & CO.

Jan. 6.

TO MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS.

JUST READY,

A NEW MERCANTILE MAP of the WORLD on Mercator's Projection. Constructed by John Bartholomew, F.R.G.S. Size, 55 x 40 inches.

The following are the leading features in this Map:—

I. All the States, Kingdoms, and Empires of the World are clearly defined by the aid of colour printing.

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III. It also contains 18 enlarged Maps of important British Colonies and Ports.

IV. Overland Routes and Steam and Sailing Routes, with distances in miles and time in days

V. Overland Telegraphs, Cables, Railways

VI. Currents of the Ocean, Limits of Icebergs and Drift Ice, &c. &c.

Price, in cloth case, $6.

John Henderson,
PRINCESS STREET.

January 16.

ORANGE CERTIFICATES and Lodge Summonses may be obtained at the DAILY NEWS OFFICE. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Devices for every description of Orange printing kept on hand at the DAILY NEWS STEAM PRINTING HOUSE.

BILL HEADS and other kinds of JOB PRINTING executed with neatness and despatch at the Daily News office, Princess Street

ART OF ADVERTISING.—Horace Greeley, of New York, says:—The most successful business men in this city are those who have advertised liberally and constantly. A small advertisement constantly appearing is better than a display column occasionally.