TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Anonymous communications are rooms no attention. Everything transmitted for insertion must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of good faith. Rejected communications will not be returned unless the writer incloses sufficient postage for the purpose.

The Daily News.

FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 21

It will be a sad calamity if the Irish harvest which promises so well should be injured by the incessant rain. The people are not in a very comfortable mood at present, as we shown by the outrages which are committed at the rate of fifteen a day, and failure of the crops would add fuel to the flame by adding distress to disaffection. The "great" and brilliant Lord Lieutenant" fill compensate for the political and moteral misfortunes of the rule of saints.

A writer in Macmillan's Magazine declares that the "clerical habit" has developed into a social evil more pernicious than alcohol, drinking or opium-eating. That drug, in its proper use, is one of the most benevolent and noble of medicines, soothing ills that no other prescription will antidote. But to become a victim to the opium habit is to Persistently used it loses its efficacy as a stimulant, so that injurious quantities are taken to supply the old force. Then come nerves that remain unstrung, and a weak mind. Finally it produces death, the victim to the habit at last taking more than the strongest system can withstand. Medical authorities state that the use of the drug is a terrible existence, and it is urged that means be devised to prevent the indiscriminate sale of the article

Ritualism is the less likely than ever to become the prevailing mode in the United States, judging from the following sentiments. But athleticism is not necessarily brutality, and such occurrences as the prize fight between Sullivan and Wilson in a public hall on New York should be branded as fiends, the land of bull baiting. It is little to the credit of our civilization that either thousand rascals of the leading metropolis of America will assemble to see two men pound each other for fifteen minutes, and that one of the human bull dogs can remain on that brief period than a statesman:

"As in quarter of an hour's time the American college contains 18 turn out trained athletes the time may arrive when all differences of opinion will be decided in accordance with the Marquis of Queensbury's rules."

Mr. John Macdonald, of Toronto has written an article in which he expresses the opinion that Methodism is a body without a head, and that this incompleteness has led to a lack of unity, spiritual power, and recognized authority; as a remedy, he proposes the appointment of bishops or superintendents specially fitted for the work of administration. Rev. Dr. Dewart sharply denies the evils of which Mr Macdonald complains, and denies that, even if they did exist, a remedy would be found in so radical a change as the Methodist Episcopal Church, whose bishops are practically irresponsible, and whose system is opposed to the free instincts of Methodism in general. The two articles alleged to have appeared in the Canadian Methodist Magazine, and are interesting, inasmuch as they accept the most different theories of government which have ever been at strife in Church and State

England may wish to annex Egypt, and she should do so it would prove an incalculable boon to the inhabitants of that country some journals amuse themselves by talking in a high flown strain about Egyptian nationality; but what folly it is to speculate about the nationality of people who are taxed $8 per acre! Such talk must be talk and nothing else What the Egyptians want is, first the ability to live like human beings with more comfort than is enjoyed by even the fellaheen, then the opportunity of mental and moral improvement; after these have been secured to them it will be time enough to talk about national aspirations Annexation to Britain would free the Egyptians from oppression and extortion, would civilize them in time, teach them to cultivate their lands economically, and put an end for the reign of Khedives who live in a state of brutal licentiousness and to the anarchy of successive uprisings under adventurers like Arabi Bey.

Col. Lanyer, of Halifax, offers to create a Nova Scotia regiment for service in Egypt, and probably his offer will be accepted. The Nova Scotians are a fine people in some respects, and if Sam Slick is an authority their customs and habits savour of the world before the flood. But they have the sea in their veins, the love of purpose which conquers success and brings sea to the top, so that in almost every field they have distinguished themselves. Sir William Fenwick Williams, the hero of Kars, and Major Inglis, famous for the defence of Lalalabad, were natives of Halifax, and the land that has produced such good men as Lucknow others. Of Nova Scotia, as of Pathia in olden times, it may be said, "Its soil is sterile, but its crops are men."

The extreme heat of torrid climates tries the endurance of British troops severely, and they have succumbed to the sun's fierce rays in India, when the native troops have remained in consciousness, and no doubt the inhabitants of any country of temperate climate would find similar difficulty, but the more arduous the task the greater the honour.

A PLEASANT EXCURSION

The attention of our readers is called to the announcement in another column of an excursion on Tuesday next to Brockville by the fine steamer Maxwell. The steamer leaves Gunn & Co's wharf at 8:30 o'clock, connects in Brockville with the Kingston morning arrives home at 10:30 in the evening The lovely scenery of both the American and Canadian channels may be enjoyed by all those who take advantage of this trip, to which we heartily commend our readers As the fare, viz., 50 cents, is so low and as meals may be had on board, no complaints whatever can be made.

THE EXHIBITION.

What the Secretary States About it—A Good Prospect.

The Secretary of the Dominion and Provincial Exhibition to be held this year in Kingston, says the Globe, has been busy during the present week sending out prize lists. Entries have already commenced, and there is every prospect of a first-rate exhibition. There is reason to believe that the number of entries this year will be largely in excess of previous years Mr. Acton Burrows, Deputy Minister of Agriculture for Manitoba, has kindly consented to take charge of and collect any exhibit from that Province, towards which the Government has given $1,000. The Secretary has also been in communication with Mr J. L. Inches, Secretary of the Department of Agriculture of the Province of New Brunswick, with Mr George Lawson, Secretary of the Central Board of Agriculture of Halifax, and Nova Scotia, and with Mr A McNeil, kindly consented to take charge of and collect any exhibit from that Province, towards which the Government has given $1,000. The Secretary has also been in communication with Mr J. L. Inches, Secretary of the Department of Agriculture of the Province of New Brunswick, with Mr George Lawson, Secretary of the Central Board of Agriculture of Halifax, and Nova Scotia, and with Mr A McNeil, Secretary of the Provincial Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition of Nova Scotia, town, Prince Edward Island, as to the attitude of the Maritime Provinces. Letters have also been sent from the Dominion Government lead granted Scientific transportation of animals and goods. The various secretaries of the sanguine of being able to procure a very handsome exhibit from each Province. The favorable appearance of the crops this season will no doubt greatly increase the number of exhibits and make the coming exhibition Favorable rates have been arranged by the Ledge Brook, of Kingston, with the Grand Trunk, of Canada, the Bay of New York, and monster excursions are expected and being arranged from all parts of the Bay Quinte. It is to be hoped that Americans brethren to see what Canada can do in natural and industrial productions.

This exhibition will be unusually interesting, in consequence of the unveiling of Sandfield Macdonald, Oliver Mowat, Hon. Edward Blake, Sir Hugh Allan, and other statesmen of interest, and many valuable exhibits will be made by manufacturers, which will be in addition to competing, also in the manufacturers' building. Applications and letters will be offered the new, and the Secretary is to be congratulated on the prospect of the success of the exhibition.

AFFAIRS IN EGYPT

More Butcheries of Europeans Suspicions of Treason

Alexandria, July 20 The Khedive has created the following important moves from there Arabi, after receiving the Khedive's letter, sent to Yacoub Pasha ordering him to assemble the notables. About seventy or eighty came together, and were told by Arabi that the Khedive was now entirely in the hands of the English, that he slept every night on board an English man of war, and was providing food for the English troops Arabi a Moslem were said to be at 10 pt. the circumstances Hussein Kiaz, one of the chiefs, rose and said that he like Arabi had left the country to the English he ought no longer to be obeyed. Arabi Pasha got up and declared that he did not believe the statements that had been made, A great clamour then arose and several officers drawing Arabi with violence Several other notables spoke but those favoring Europeans were afraid to express their views. Finally a commission was appointed, consisting of Arabi Pasha, Mahmoud, Assim Bey, Hussein Hassan Moussa, and others, mostly adherents of Arabi. The commission was to meet at 4 p. m. this evening, and to report to a full meeting of the notables at 8 p. m. this evening.

Numbers of magistrates of the local Municipals and tribunals, three of the native provinces of Lower Egypt, have been dismissed and replaced by friends of Arabi's party. In the villages all the Europeans are being violently maltreated, even the natives who have assisted the servants are beaten and fined. The Egyptian regiments have been ordered to be ready to defend Kassaba. The Egyptian authorities continue in very bad humour with the Europeans. They refuse to and punish the criminals, they seem anxious that the English should be driven out of the country at any hazard. Among the officers are those composing the council of the Khedive are regarded with great suspicion, and it may eventually be necessary to arrest several of them for treasonable communications with Arabi.

Alexandria is in a very difficult position, and it would be far better that the fleets should not anchor here, Arabi Pasha doubtless that the fleets are here for the purpose of protecting the Khedive's palace, Ramleh and the Khedive's guns command the entrance, and should the fleets open fire on the palace, Ramleh and the guns the Khedive would be in the power of Arabi. Many of the Egyptian officers have left for Cairo, and it is said that the Egyptian troops will be withdrawn from Alexandria to Cairo.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS

[Telegraphic News Condensed into Small Compass

Hugh Wilson has challenged sullivan to fight for $2,500. The fight will take place in Canada, on an local line.

Benjamin Cridgell Chief of the Fifth Battalion of Firemen, New York, fell from a third story and was seriously injured.

Salem Wood's marble works, Michael Dempsey's mantel manufactory, and Kaufman and Bros. picture frame factory, all in Cherry street New York, were damaged by fire last night to the extent of $50,000.

Selling a Child

Victoria, July 20—Mr W. H. Gullett, master of the schooner Winifred, while on a trading voyage to the north end of this land, a native woman, two weeks since, gave birth to a child, and when the infant was only three days old her parents came to her lodge for the purpose of killing it, because the child had no legitimate father. The native doctor, hearing of their murderous intentions, rushed into the lodge and snatching the child from its mother, the would be murderers, took it to the nine clockhouse to trail but this woman being unable to get the child. The child's suitable nourishment, the doctor, fearing it would die of his hands, proceeded with the child to Alert Bay. There Inspector Lucas, R. M. P. gave it two blankets The child is still in the possession of the doctor, who refuses to part with it, as the knowledge that he has saved a human life and is now as blankets richer

Price Fighters Arrested

Ashby, Mass., July 21—Wm Hoffman Justice of the Peace, and William Davis and Jack Wall as a dance and fight for $500 a side with hard gloves. After several rounds, the Deputy-Sheriffs arrested the principals at the solicitation of prominent citizens They were released then they were brought before Justice Hoffman, and fought again. At eighteen rounds the principals were satisfied. The fight was attended by 1,000 people. Davis gave out a general challenge which was accepted by Edwards, who knocked him out in the first round.

Death of Fanny Parnell

Londonderry, July 20 Miss Fanny Parnell, second sister of Mr Parnell, leader of the Irish party in Congress, died at the old fromadies mansion near here at two o'clock this afternoon. She had taken a carriage ride this morning, and on her return was apparently in her usual health. She was shortly afterwards seized with a sinking spell and died. Physicians pronounce the malady paralysis of the heart

Perhaps it was not a coincidence, Whittington's play but in these times no sort man could aspire to be Lord Mayor of London. History says Lord Mayor's Day, during his year in office might well adorn himself handsomely, considerably more than a competency on last Lord Mayor's Day the dinner cost $8,000, the decorations, $3,148, the procession $2,337, the Guildhall music, $158, printing and stationery, $1,402, and the general expenses were $2,078 total, $16,123, of this total nearly one half, or $8,017, came out the Lord Mayor's own pocket. The salary of the office is $40,000 a year, so it will be seen that the first day's expense make a pretty big hole in it

It never pays to tell what it costs, said the old lady about her rheumatism, which was also attended by a spasmodic action of her calves. One venerable friend said Mrs Jacobs did and was cured of all her troubles

It Catarrh has destroyed your sense of smell and hearing, Hall's Catarrh Cure will restore them. 75 cents by druggists. Sold by C. King, sole agent for Kingston.

The Chinese Must Go

San Francisco, July 21 Three hundred crippled, eagerly Chinese left here for Hong Kong on the steamer on Wednesday. In comparison of three hundred more Chinese have took passage. Only seventy five secured passports for their return. Yesterday a steamer left for Hong Kong with several hundred more Chinese, one hundred and fifty of whom were deported. The exodus is due to the fact that the passage is cheaper now

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

[per telegraph MARKET

Wheat, Mixed, white state or Ungraded, 1 Corn, steady, 1 Oats, steady, 1 Rye, nominal, 1 Barley, nominal, 1 Pork, Quiet, Mess, New, 1 state at 0 Lard, Quiet, Western steam, 1 Butter, Western, 1 Cheese, Canada, fair to good, 1 Sugar, Fair refining, Molasses, Foreign, quiet, 1 Rice, Steady, fair to good, 1 Petroleum, Quiet, Refined, in bbls, 1 Coffee, Fair, fair Rio, Low to ordinary, 1 Tallow, Steady, 1 Rosin, Steady, 1 Turpentine, Steady, 1 Eggs, Steady, 1 Hops, Steady, 1 Pig Iron, Quiet, 1 Copper, Dull, 1 Lead, Dull, 1 Tin, Dull, 1 Stocks, Dull, 1 Freights to Liverpool, Steady, 1

CHICAGO MARKETS

Wheat, 1 to 1 July, 1 to 1 August, 1 to 1 September Corn, 1 to 1 July, 1 to 1 August, 1 to 1 September Oats, 1 to 1 July, 1 to 1 August, 1 to 1 September Pork, 1 to 1 July, 1 to 1 August, 1 to 1 September Lard, 1 to 1 July, 1 to 1 August, 1 to 1 September

MONTREAL GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKET

Flour, Receipts, 1,800 bbls; sales, 800 bbls Pollards, 1 to 1 Bran, 1 to 1 Shorts, 1 to 1 Middlings, 1 to 1 Wheat, No 1 Spring, 1 to 1 Peas, 1 to 1 Oats, 1 to 1 Barley, 1 to 1 Rye, 1 to 1 Cheese, 1 to 1 Pork, 1 to 1 Lard, 1 to 1 Bacon, 1 to 1 Tallow, 1 to 1 Hams, 1 to 1 Eggs, 1 to 1 Butter, 1 to 1

TORONTO MARKETS

Wheat, Fall, 1 to 1 Spring, 1 to 1 Red winter, 1 to 1 Barley, 1 to 1 Peas, 1 to 1 Oats, 1 to 1 Rye, 1 to 1 Corn, 1 to 1 Flour, 1 to 1 Bran, 1 to 1 Shorts, 1 to 1 Butter, 1 to 1 Eggs, 1 to 1 Cheese, 1 to 1 Pork, 1 to 1 Lard, 1 to 1 Hams, 1 to 1 Tallow, 1 to 1 Wool, 1 to 1 Hides, 1 to 1

Receipts of Produce—500 barrels, 30 of wheat, Sales—

Wheat—Fall, 1 to 1 Spring, 1 to 1 Red winter, 1 to 1 Barley, 1 to 1 Peas, 1 to 1 Oats, 1 to 1 Rye, 1 to 1 Corn, 1 to 1 Flour, 1 to 1 Bran, 1 to 1 Shorts, 1 to 1 Butter, 1 to 1 Eggs, 1 to 1 Cheese, 1 to 1 Pork, 1 to 1 Lard, 1 to 1 Hams, 1 to 1 Tallow, 1 to 1 Wool, 1 to 1 Hides, 1 to 1

Receipts of Produce—Wheat, 1,000 bush; Flour, 1,000 barrels; Oats, 1,000 bush; Barley, 1,000 bush; Peas, 1,000 bush; Rye, 1,000 bush; Corn, 1,000 bush; Bran, 1,000 bush; Shorts, 1,000 bush; Butter, 1,000 lbs; Eggs, 1,000 dozen; Cheese, 1,000 lbs; Pork, 1,000 lbs; Lard, 1,000 lbs; Hams, 1,000 lbs; Tallow, 1,000 lbs; Wool, 1,000 lbs; Hides, 1,000 lbs.

Shipments