TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications on subjects of general interest to the public are invited. Everything forwarded for insertion must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of authorship. It is also requested that communications be written on one side of the sheet of paper.

We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

The Daily News.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 8.

It is gratifying to read the sentiments of good will expressed by American newspapers apropos of the attempt to shoot the Queen. The Buffalo Commercial cries "Long live the good Queen in spite of all cranks whatsoever. During Victoria's reign the American people have always had a friend at court."

The list of original stockholders in the Canada Pacific Railway Co., shows how misleading it was to call the company a Yankee company. The only Americans are R. B. Angus and Sir Hugh J. S. Kennedy and J. K. Tod, of New York; these have put in $1,500,000. Stephen Melntyre, and Smith of Montreal are down for $2,000,000. The rest is contributed by a number of gentlemen who reside for the most part in London and Paris.

The Committee on Coinage of the American House of Representatives has reported a bill making the standard silver dollar legal tender. Should the bill pass and become law, it will banish the use of gold in American domestic commerce, since a gold dollar will only be worth 86 cents in payment of domestic debts but 100 cents in payment of foreign debts. The disastrous consequence that must necessarily flow from such a state of affairs must be apparent.

Sir Bell M.P.P. has been accused of misrepresenting separate school matters in the Institute of the Orange body. Mr Bell's explanation shows that he acted solely at the instigation of his own Catholic constituents, and that he had refused to introduce another resolution into the house at their request on the ground that it would stir up ill feeling between clergy and laity. Mr Fraser's masterly policy is to make use of religious differences for party purposes, and he may well be proud of the talents he displays in this respect.

The Mississippi basin comprises a strip of land six hundred miles long and forty miles wide from Cairo to New Orleans; and this territory is liable apparently to a destructive overflow at any time. The difficulty is that the channel carved out of the alluvial soil is constantly shifting and being filled up with natural accretions carried down from the sides. The only manner of remedying the difficulty appears to be in replanting the forests along the sides and thus preventing the passage of alluvium with its present facility into the river, after freshets. A deep and uniform channel must also be prepared for the river, in order that its flood may pass harmlessly on to the sea.

The Whig thinks that Sir Hector Langevin has emulated the deeds of Senator Dorsey and other American politicians who have stolen money entrusted to them for a specific purpose. It speaks of "suspicions as to Sir Hector Langevin's $32,000." Our contemporary's suspicions will not inflict serious injury upon anyone. Sir Hector has invited Mr Joly, leader of the Reform party in Quebec, to examine his accounts of the expenditure of the sum named and state whether there has been any dishonesty in its appropriation, but Mr Joly has not thought it worth while to do so. The offer is still open, and doubtless when Mr Joly hears of the Whig's restless state of mind he will make haste to settle the matter once and forever.

Bradstreets disapproves in severe terms of the filibustering tricks of Mr Blaine's foreign policy. There can be no doubt that the general policy outlined by the Secretary of State of the late administration, had it been persisted in, would have involved the United States in South American quarrels. The Joly policy was the Jingo policy of the Beaconsfield government adapted to American surroundings. It cannot be charged that the policy of the present administration is Jingo enough; it is more American. Before the Jingo policy had been discovered, a quotation before the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, at the suggestion of Great Britain, George Washington had declared that the true policy of the American Republic was non-interference, and he had warned his countrymen in his farewell address against entangling alliances.

The Lord's Prayer.

To the Editor of the DAILY NEWS:

SIR,—Under the above heading the Rev. Dr. Wilson in your yesterday's issue says that his prayer was taught on two occasions—first to a mixed multitude, and second to His disciples, thus giving the right to use the proper indemnification of "This is the manly the Doctor would never have stated if he had read Matthew v. 1, the second of which are: "And seeing the multitudes he went up into a mountain, "and when he was set, his disciples came unto him." Here it is as definitely shown that the instruction of the Sermon on the Mount and the Lord's Prayer were given "to His disciples" (possibly in the hearing of the multitude), as in Luke xi. 2. Thus, though the occasions may have been different in both cases our Lord addressed only His disciples. If this was not so, how can we understand the after language of Matthew v., where in verse 13 those addressed are called the "salt of the earth," and in verse 14 "the light of the world." Surely the Doctor will not contend that these words were addressed to the indiscriminate multitude. Nor do we suppose would he much nearer committing the "unpardonable sin" than the conduct of those who say that only Christians should use the Lord's Prayer. I think you will see, Sir, that scriptural consistency requires our keeping strictly to—what saith the Word?

I would, therefore, in conclusion urge the Doctor to read prayerfully and carefully through the Sermon on the Mount, after which I think he will confess that he has hitherto read it from a mistaken standpoint.

—I remain, &c.,

D. J.

Kingston, March 8, 1882.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Music in Public Schools.

To the Editor of the DAILY NEWS:

SIR,—Among the varied accomplishments now bestowed so liberally in the education of youth none holds a higher place than the divine art of music. None is more cultivated, none more misused, and none more perverted. The results are too numerous to be given just now. For many years I have observed the lack of facilities by which the great mass of the youth of our city could be taught the rudiments of vocal music. Instrumental music is common enough among a certain class of young ladies, but few gentlemen are musical. And how very few of the former have a correct knowledge of vocal music. A knowledge of vocal music very materially aids the instrumental performer. But there are hundreds of another class who are daily taught in our common schools whose parents have not the means to employ instrumental teachers. That provision should be made. Formerly there were singing schools in the city. Now there are none. Forty years ago I had the pleasure and profit of attending a singing school, with about 60 or 70 other youths and adults, in what was then known as the "Line Barracks," opposite the Sydenham Street Methodist Church, taught by a Mr Deane, a very efficient teacher, and more recently one in Colborne street taught by the late Mr Harbach, also a very good teacher. Now, sir, if I had the means I would endow a scholarship of music in the common schools of Kingston, and also a chair in music in Queen's University. I may accomplish it some day. The School Board should adopt a musical text book and make vocal music an elementary study. If the teachers of others are not competent they should employ a good teacher of vocal music. They would thus immortalize their names. The teacher might spend half an hour in each school once a week, or oftener if required. To the honor of music it has been observed that it was the first of the arts having practised the rest in the order of time, and that it is much to be lamented in this that it will exist when they can no longer be of age, and cannot improved when all others shall be forgotten. If our intelligent School Board would introduce and establish this very valuable branch of education it would be a very pleasing relief and an exciting stimulant to the pupils in their other studies. Our children are taught to speak correctly, to read correctly, and they ought also to be taught to sing correctly. They would then be able to read and sing music at sight, as they now read ordinary class books. In the elements of all science it is perhaps of as much consequence to avoid mistakes as to give knowledge, as it is more difficult to clear the mind from the wrong deductions arising from one false idea than to engraft on it new ones. Hence the greater necessity for inculcating correct ideas of vocal sound in the youthful mind. They would not then sing by imitation, but being once instructed they would use their own gifts. A taste for music would be cherished and be likely to find exercise in the songs of our sanctuaries, which is greatly needed at the present time. "Our congregational singing affects our national piety." It is a melancholy truth that many of the churches have given their singing over to a few, who praise (God by proxy. Is it not painful to know that often while pious lips are mute this part of the service is a solemn mockery, conducted by a trifling choir and calculated to raise feelings bordering on disgust in the minds of Christians, and to invite the censure and receive the scoffs of the worldly wise? In the worship of the sanctuary there is not a more solemn, interesting, spiritual and profitable part than devotional music. Surely a gift so helpful to moral and religious feeling should not be neglected. Especially should our School Board furnish the proper instruction to the youth of our city, so that music would be universally diffused. Music is potent for good. More anon.

Yours, etc.,

G.W.A.

[The above letter was unavoidably crowded out of yesterday's issue.]

The Late Inquest.

To the Editor of the DAILY NEWS:

SIR,—In my experience of coroner, yesterday regarding the absurdity of the verdict at the inquest on the girl Sweet, so censure was directed against the jury. By the evidence of Dr. Yates it appears that he saw her on the Wednesday after the Monday on which she came to Kingston, with lungs in a weak state from "vicarious hemorrhage;" that she was in a depressed state of mind; that he saw her nearly every day; that she told him on the morning of the tragedy there was a cloud over her, that she had set up all night; that she had had a row with some young man in the hotel; and that altogether she was in a most wretched state. Now, Sir, could evidence be much stronger, that the girl was insane from the Wednesday on which he first saw her to the following Tuesday when she shot herself? Or, could anything be more clear than that if he had taken steps to have the girl sent to the Asylum, she would not have shot herself? Dr. Yates, however, was not the doctor who saw her first. On the evening of the Monday on which she came to the hotel, Mr Eli Tree, the clerk, was called by her, to her room, and found her at the door, with a bloody handkerchief applied to her face. He immediately sent for Dr. Sullivan, and, not being able to find him, sent for Dr Saunders. Before Dr. Saunders arrived, however, the "vicarious" hemorrhage had ceased, and did not return, having probably been caused by the girl pricking her nose, or tongue, with a pin, or, possibly, the blood had her pocket handkerchief smeared with Saunders's blood. The hemorrhage was opposed to that of his partner in physic generally and coalition in this particular case. He says: "he saw nothing in the conversation to indicate that she was insane," Hence, Sir, the Jury cannot be censured for not agreeing, when two insanity experts, such as Doctors Yates and Saunders, could not come to a conclusion.

There is a laborious phenomenon connected with this case, to be noted in the study of disease of the mind, namely, that the insane patient will shoot his or her own mental state when the sane doctor cannot. On the Saturday morning the Tuesday on which the girl Sweet shot herself—being the very morning on which she consented to enter into holy wedlock, and bequeath her vast Blackburn possessions—she asked Dr. Saunders, as he stated, in evidence, "if he thought she was in her right senses." To which question Dr. Yates gave a sort of reply, on the following Monday morning, "If though not brought out, in evidence, that it would be very foolish for her to do so, to possess herself of her property, or to have the protection, she would live to enjoy it herself."—Yours truly,

JOHN STEWART.

Feb. 4.

REPPIN'S SEED LIST.—Mr Reppin, of Toronto, has sent us a copy of his seed catalogue for the present season, which is a very handsome and extensive pamphlet, well worthy the attention of intending seed sowers.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The articles by Col. Ingersoll, Judge Black, and Prof. Fisher, which have appeared in the North American Review have been reprinted in pamphlet form and may be had for 50 cents. It is needless to say that the issues are presented with exceptional force by the writers mentioned.

The Sanitary Engineer, a weekly journal, published at 140 Williams street New York, deals with the all important subject of public health, drainage, ventilation, heating and lighting. Its contributors comprise scientific men of high standing in America, England, France, and Germany.

Harper's Young People like all Harper's publications aims at a high ideal successfully. Children are delighted and instructed by the wondrous tales, true and fictitious, wedded to art, which are to be found in its magic pages.

Harper's Monthly in its last number contained a short illustrated article descriptive of a pilgrimage among the quaint and primitive villages of Quebec. St. Anne de Beaupre, especially, was a revelation to the progressive, bustling, wide awake American traveller. "Picturesque Canada" has shown us that there is a mine of unexplored wealth for the artist in Quebec.

The old Grand Sachem, second, with that silver, lined, thoughtful face peering at us from beneath a black skull cap, condescends this month to dissect the honied sweetness of Juliet's character and conduct and language, as set forth in Shakespeare's play. The duty is well performed, and the reader will acknowledge having received a great deal by way of upon this subject after having read the commentaries of one who has herself personated the fair Veronese, "Mags" also talks instructively of Ireland, electric progress, romance in business, and Bishop Thirlwall's letters. "The fiend fiend" and "Pentock" are continued. Leonard Scott Co., 41 Barclay St., New York.

The Edinburgh is a fine issue this quarter, although there is no book review as usual. Eleven articles on a wide diversity of subjects from Irish discontent to South American affairs make up an usually interesting number. Leonard Scott Co.

Sunbury Votes.

Are a reader of your valuable and interesting paper I respectfully submit to you the following notes; and hope that you will grant me space in your next issue for the same.

Professor Sponcer's band has of late been in great requisition. Sunbury's express agent has given several quadrille parties in honor of some distinguished visitors from the city.

Matrimony is progressing favourably under the N.P. at Sunbury. Mr S. Sloan and Miss Campbell have embarked upon that voyage, also the daughter of our township treasurer with Mr Rankin.

Mr James Crumley, of Richfield Springs, has been spending a few days with his friends here. He is an old Kingston boy and relates many interesting stories of days gone by, and what the old limestone city was half a century ago. He has many friends and acquaintances both in the city and country.

Our weekly concert was held on Friday evening last. An admission fee of 10 cents was charged, the proceeds to help to defray expenses. $11.67 was realized which was a very satisfactory result. The chair was taken by the Secretary-Treasurer of the association, Mr G. P. Meechan, who although he never before filled the position, proved himself to be quite equal to the occasion. After calling the audience to order and thanking them for their presence he stated "That the object of the meetings, of which this is one, was to call, this winter, a social improvement, and that in order to keep pace with the social advancement of the present day, it is necessary that we should improve in that respect. Then arises the question How are we to do this? The Sunbury Literary Association has answered this practically by commencing and carrying on successfully a series of entertainments for the interest, amusement and instruction of all, but with to small themselves of the opportunities offered." The following was then effectively rendered: Music by the Misses Chambers, Webb, Purdy, Fair; Messrs Meechan, Craig and Fair. Songs by Messrs Hughson, Dawson and Smith. Readings by Miss Purdy; Messrs Crumley, Meechan, Sharp, Orr, McDonald, McGrath, Knight and Chambers. Grand Chorus by the Sunbury Glee Club. The entertainment closed with the National Anthem.

SHE IS THEIR DAUGHTER.

Mr and Mrs Judson Sweet, of Hillier, desires the publication of the following:—We wish to inform the public that the young lady found shot in the head in her room at the British American Hotel in Kingston, passing as Miss Edith Gray Stokes, was no other than Mary Elizabeth Sweet, our daughter, born Feb. 0th, 1865, in the township of Camden, county of Lennox & Addington. We, her parents, hereby certify to the truthfulness of the above, and trust this will quell all flying reports as to who she was or who she may have passed for. Feeling keenly the great bereavement under the present circumstances, we wish the error corrected as far as we can.

LOCAL STATISTICS.

The report of the Minister of Education gives the names of the teaching staff of Queen's at the entrance examination in June last, of 70 candidates from Kingston 22 passed, of 30 from the preparatory form and 53 from the public schools. Kingston has a school population of 4,400, 4 pupils under five years of age, 3,857 between five and sixteen, and 41 between seventeen and twenty-one. 3,897 pupils attend school, of whom 1,945 are boys and 1,952 girls. The average attendance is 51 per cent of the total number of pupils. There are other interesting facts and figures in the report which we will give later.

THE LAST RITES

This afternoon the funeral of the late Mr John O'Donnell took place. It was largely attended by the old residents of the city. The pallbearers were James M. Doran, C. Ciccolari, M. Campbell, D. Donoghue, D. Kane and P. Lynn. The body was first taken to Mary's Cathedral where service was held, after which the cortege refurbished and proceeded to the cemetery.

THE EUREKA SOLD.

This afternoon the Messrs Folger Bros., sold the fast sailing schooner Eureka to Captain Boyd, of Owen Sound, for a good figure. The captain has a good book.

DESPATCHES IN BRIEF.

The Western Union Telegraph Co. will declare a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, or about 20 per cent on the original capital.

213 doctors graduated yesterday in the University of the City of New York.

Mayor Grace, of New York, was naturalized in 1867 and again last year.

The tariff commission bill lies on the table of the Speaker of the Senate at Washington, with over 60 bills on top of it, and cannot be reached this session except by cohesat.

Women have been granted the suffrage in Iowa.

The Phoenix Iron Company, Reading, Pa., have gained a complete victory over their striking workmen.

The W. U. Telegraph Company to-day declared a dividend of 1½ per cent, payable on the 15th April.

At Charlotteville, Va., John Massey and his wife, an aged couple, were found murdered this morning in a house miles from here. An axe was found on the foot of the bed. It is supposed the object was robbery. No clue.

TORONTO NEWS.

Wedding in a Burial-Infants Fund.

Toronto, March 8.—At a late hour last night two infants were found on doorsteps of houses of respectable citizens, one in the western section and the other in the eastern. They were taken to the Infants Home.

A notorious house of ill-repute kept by Mrs Beard was raided on account of a robbery committed last night. When the police entered they found a wedding party under way, a young man had married one of the inmates, and she had married a young myself. The bride spent the first night of her married life in the cells. At the police court this morning the bride sobbed bitterly. She was acquitted and the young husband dried her tears and led her away.

Four Ladies Frozen to Death.

Winnipeg, March 7.—During the storm on Saturday night John Taylor's house at Mud-river was left empty and his wife and three daughters were frozen to death. The bodies of one daughter and the wife were found Taylor had his hands and feet frozen. Miss Read, from Winnipeg, visiting the Taylors, kept close to the fire during the night, and in the morning went to a vacant house close by. When found her fingers and toes were slightly frozen. The neighbours are out en masse in search of the missing girl. Mrs Taylor is about 50 years old and her daughters 18, 20 and 22 respectively, well-educated young ladies. Mrs Reid keeps a boarding house in Winnipeg. Later telegrams say Taylor is out of danger. Mr Taylor is from Stanley Mills, county Peel.

Hanlan and Boyd.

London, March 8.—Five hundred pounds (£100) hundred and fifty pounds was laid on Hanlan against Boyd to day. Strange to say, the Canadian champion is a greater favourite in the north country than in London. Boyd is reported as having made a wonderful trial yesterday, but, of course, the time is a sealed secret. Hanlan has shown trials which have electrified his backers. Both men are now out every day, and could not be in better condition. Boyd has made many friends by his racing, and also by his bearing, and has completely silenced his critics. Laycock's friends are probably his best backers. Boyd will go to Winnipeg, Man., and take part in the proposed great regatta there.

Judicial Swindling

Albany, March 8.—Assemblyman Hagerty yesterday introduced a Bill abolishing fees for naturalization. It is stated that a ring exists in certain Courts of record in New York city under the operation of which certain officials divide $40,000 or $50,000 annually. It is said that this is particularly true of the Court of Common Pleas. It is understood that illegal fees are exacted from persons who have been naturalized, notable

Notice to Contractors

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until 5 o'clock P.M. on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant, for the "Stoves, Fluetower, Carpenters, Blacksmiths', Painters' and Glaziers' work to be done in building TWO BOATS on William Street.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Plans and specifications may be seen at our office.

POWER & BOP,
Architects.

March 8.

Easter Cards,
Easter Cards,

SEE OUR STOCK.

NEW STYLES CHEAP AT
McAuley's Bookstore.

ACCOUNT BOOKS
OF EVERY KIND RULED AND BOUND TO ANY PATTERN.

Bookbinding, Paper Ruling and Blank Book Manufacturing.

The only Bindery between Montreal and Toronto that can do all kinds of work.

THOMAS McAULEY.

The Cheap Bookseller and Stationer
KING STREET

March 8

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Bylaw intituled "A By law for opening up the original allowance for a street on the Division of Lots 1 and 2 in Concession Frontenac and Twenty-eight and Three Hundred and Seventy nine to the original survey of the Town, now the City, of Kingston, to be known as the original allowance for West Street in the said City," was passed at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Kingston on the sixth day of March instant.

All persons in possession of the said allowance or streets, or any part thereof respectively, by the said By-law are hereby required to deliver up such possession of the same and to remove all fences, obstructions and impediments thereon within two weeks from the date of the said By-law, and in default thereof the same will forthwith be taken possession of by the Corporation, who will then proceed to enter upon and take possession of the said allowance for streets opened up by the said By-law.

By order,

M. FLANAGAN,
City Clerk

Kingston, March 8, 1882.

Auction Sale.

LOOK HERE, LADIES.

Owing to the immense crowds I have had since my selling off sales commenced, and the small size of my store, I find it impossible to hold any more auctions until my stock gets reduced somewhat; but, in the meantime, I will sell at auction prices

C. B. ROUTLEY,
178 Princess st.

P.S.—All accounts not settled by the 20th of this month will be placed for collection.

March 8

BUY THE PATENT
DUPLEX LACE CURTAINS.
NEWEST AND NEATEST
Window Drapery
YET INTRODUCED
Combining Lambrequen and Curtains in One.
CALL AND SEE THEM AT
HARDY & MURRAY'S,
176 PRINCESS STREET,
Opposite Rose Bros.

NEW GOODS! - - HANDSOME GOODS
—AT—
WALDRON'S

10 Cases New Dress Goods at very low prices.
New Colours Nun's Veiling, all wool, 25c., 30c., 35c., 37½.
New Cheviot Cashmere, all wool, 20c., 25c., 30c., 40c.
New Fancy Goods, pretty colours, 10c., 12½c., 15c., 20c.
New All Wool Delaines, 20c., 25c., 30c.
3 Cases Embroideries at one half usual prices.
100 Pieces New All Wool Black Cashmeres, 40c., 45c., 50c., 60c., 70c.
New Black Moire Antiques for Trimming, $1.25, $1.75, $2.00.
FOR NEWEST GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES GO TO
March 7. R. WALDRON'S.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

RICHMOND & BOYDEN beg to announce that they have now received the

Largest and Choicest Stock of CARPETS
THAT HAS EVER BEEN SHOWN IN THE CITY.

An extreme care has been taken in the selection of tasteful and artistic patterns, and they only buy from the most reliable manufacturers and have all the advantages that can be had in the trade. We will offer Lots equal in variety, style and value to that of any Carpet Warehouse in Canada.

Intending purchasers are respectfully invited to look through their stock before purchasing.

March 7

F. X. Cousineau & Co. are Showing a
LARGE STOCK OF NEW PRINTS
Call and see them.
F. X. COUSINEAU & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET.

March 6.

At McFAUL'S United States Hospital
11 CASES OPENED UP TO-DAY

BELIEVING in the superiority of some American Domestic Goods over all others, we have purchased the goods of the following lines (BOUGHT FOR PROMPT CASH) and we are in a position to sell them as low as the lowest of the N.P.

WAMSUTTA COTTONS,
New York Mills Cottons,
Lonsdale Cambrics,
Cotton Skirtings,
Laces and Pipings,
Muslins in variety,
Wamsutta Sheetings, Bleached, from 1¼ to 2½ yards wide.

SHAKER FLANNELS,
Domet Flannels,
Undressed Shirts,
Pillow Cottons,
36 and 40 inch Grey Cottons,
Cambric Frillings,
Wamsutta Sheetings, Unbleached, from 2½ yards wide.

R. McFAUL, FERGUSON'S BLOCK, 180 PRINCESS STREET

March 4

OSCAR WILDE AT THE NEW HAT STORE

LATEST AMERICAN NOVELTIES. LATEST ENGLISH STAPLES, ALL Canada's Own Manufacture. The productions of the Canadian factories are now fully equal to those of the United States, and are receiving a liberal support at the hands of the trade. Call and inspect our styles and prices.

MILLS BROS.,
CORNER PRINCESS AND BAGOT STREETS

March 7

BLACK SILKS, BLACK SILKS
—AT—
WALSH & STEACY'S
106 Princess Street.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT 1 Case of these goods, including in part of Ladies will find it will pay them to examine our stock and prices before they purchase elsewhere. PRICES FROM 50 CENTS TO $3

March 3. WALSH & STEACY.

OPENED LAST SATURDAY
—AT THE—
NEW DRY GOODS STORE

8608 Worth of LONG OSTRICH FEATHERS.
IN CREAM, TIEL, IVORY, WHITE AND BLACK.

The largest lot in one line ever brought into the city, and certainly the cheapest. All selected. No culls. Secure one, as they are selling fast.

March 2. SPENCE & CRUMLEY.
132 and 134 Princess Street, opposite City Hotel.

THE NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

BOWES & BISSONETTE
(LATE OF F. X. COUSINEAU & CO.,)

HAVE much PLEASURE in announcing to their friends and the public generally that they will open their NEW STORE, No. 1 in the OPERA HOUSE BLOCK, directly opposite the Windsor Hotel, Princess Street.

On SATURDAY, the 18th of March,

With a large and well assorted stock of NEW SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS; also, a complete stock of GENTS' FURNISHINGS, which we offer at remarkable low prices. Wait for our Opening! Call and see us!

R. J. BOWES. | 204 Princess Street. | C. B. BISSONETTE

February 28.

INSURANCE.
ASSETS REPRESENTED, $25,000,000. (FIRE AND LIFE.) ROYAL INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND.
OFFICE: Clarence Street.
January 15, 1877. STRANGE & STRANGE, Agents.

BUY UP
New Cottons
—AT—
S-H-A-W-'-S!!
All Cottons at Wholesale Prices.
New Wamsutta Cottons.
New Canadian Cottons.
New London Cottons.
New English Cottons.
New Dwight Anchor Cottons.
New Amory Man Co's Cottons.
New Pepperell Man Co's Cottons.
New Borrockses Cottons.
New Lybster Cottons.
New Cornwall Man Co's Cottons.
New Rochelaza Cottons.
New Valleyfield Cottons.
New LAWRENCE COTTONS in a few days cheap.

BE CERTAIN!

To be sure your life is insured against accidents, you must take a ticket in the UNITED STATES MUTUAL ACCIDENT ASSOCIATION. Office—Equitable Building, corner Broadway and Pine street, New York. Capital, $1,500,000. Secured by actual deposit with Government securities. Over $1,500,000 paid for accident at home and abroad. Over 15,000 Accidents Paid. $5,000 Accident Insurance Ticket, $5 Only $5 Yearly Compensation $25 Weekly. Business does not interfere. Ask for Tickets. Ask any Railway Company's Ticket Agent. John Patton, Jr., Gen. Agent, Hartford, Conn.

A O U W.

LIMESTONE LODGE, No. 91, Ancient Order of United Workmen, meets on the second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month in the Odd Fellows' Hall, over Mr Coleman's Store, Princess Street.

Auger, 24.

MASONIC

The Next Regular Monthly Meetings of the City Lodges will be held as follows:

ANCIENT ST. JOHNS, No. 3, on THURSDAY, 2nd March, at 7.30 p.m.

MORNING, No. 283, on MONDAY, 6th March, at 7.30 p.m.

ST. PATRICK, No. 62, on WEDNESDAY, 8th March, at 7.30 p.m.

F. C. MILO & SON,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painters,

LAZING, Kalsomining, Paper Hanging, and all kinds of work in the trade done in satisfactory manner, guaranteed.

Shop and residence: 167 Queen Street.

January 7

REMINDERS.

THIS EVENING

Mr Oscar Coates, Evangelist, at City Hall. Meeting of Young Men's Club, at 8 o'clock.

MORROW

O. Coates, Evangelist, at the City Hall. Barlow, Wilson, Primrose & West's Minstrels at the Opera House.

The Daily News.

LEWIS W. SHANNON, PROPRIETOR.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 8.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—Some days have elapsed since we last heard of a very sad accident on Albert street, belonging to Mr B. M. Britton. A gate has also been carried off. The loss who destroyed the property are known.

HIS RAMAIN.—The remains of Mr Steers, who was killed at the Rideau falls mines, were brought to the city this morning on the 8 o'clock train and placed on board the Pierrepont for Cape Vincent. The corpse will be buried at Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania.

DEAD AT CALIFORNIA.—We regret to announce the sudden death of Mr Duncan Reid, at California. Deceased was for over 40 years a resident of Kingston, where his family are now living. Mr W. Reid, in the A. Ross store, is a son of the deceased.

THE GRAIN MARKET.—There is little or no grain coming into the city at present, consequently no doubt, upon the condition of the roads. The prices are: Barley, 75c to 80c; rye, 75c to 80c; peas, 75c to 80c; buckwheat, 50c; wheat, $1.25, clover seed, $4.00 timothy, $1.75 to $2.

FORWARDING for the next twenty four hours. Lower lakes—Fresh to strong northeasterly to easterly winds, fine weather today, followed by increasing cloudiness with snow or rain by to-morrow night, higher temperature. St. Lawrence—Moderate winds, fine cold weather, milder to morrow.

THE MARKET IS SO IMPROVED—L. McLean and J. Kenny have arrived from Montreal to superintend repairs on the Richelieu and Ontario Company's boats. It is the intention to lengthen the Magnet 18 feet and put her up on the ways. The other steamers will have a general overhauling also.

FINISHED LOADING.—The loading of the Jessie Beck with ice has been completed. Fifty 500 tons has been placed on board. Before the loading was half completed she began to get bad, and it was with much difficulty that Captain Booth could get a good article, being compelled to bring it from some distance.

GATHERED IN.—Patrick Walsh, of Howe Island, and who received a wound on the head from a fall from a load of straw, was conveyed to the street yesterday afternoon, having whiskey both on the inside and outside. He was gathered in by the Police. A bottle of whiskey was found in his pants leg near his boot. He was allowed to go this morning.

THREATENING A MAGISTRATE.—Yesterday morning one Michael Cunningham came before Mr Thos. Dawson, J. P. charged with assaulting one Hawley. He was fined $1 and costs, or sentenced to the Penitentiary. After he had paid the money he said to Mr Dawson, "You have got your money now, and if it costs me $45 I'll give you a thrashing before I leave this place."

FIRE AT THE CAPE.—Two barns and 20 head of cattle near the village of Lawrence, belonging to Mr Cape, Tinsmith, were burned on Monday evening. The property belonged to a widow woman by the name of Tucker, and the farm was worked by John Tucker, who was employed by Mr Cape, belonging to him except a team of horses. In the barns were 300 bushels of oats, about 50 tons of hay, and considerable quantity of straw. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

LIFE INSURANCE.—Those who want to effect Life Assurance, should call on or convey the Agents of the Ontario Mutual before doing so as the advantages offered by this company are not equalled by any other office. Last year the Ontario Mutual Life Company has yet had and Mr Robinson, their agent here, informs us that the issue, so far this year has been upwards of half a million, thus showing that the public appreciate economical management and large cash dividends to policy holders.

FOR THE RELEASE OF T. MCCUTCHEON.—A petition is being circulated for signature for the release of Thomas McCutcheon, who was sentenced to 18 months in the Central Prison for being implicated in the robbery of one Bryant, a fisherman. McCutcheon has served a year. He follows sailing for a living, therefore it is serve his full time he will be discharged when the season is over. An effort will be made to get him out by the opening of navigation. His wife took sick immediately after his imprisonment, and has been in the hospital ever since.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Scraps from our Reporter's Note-book.

Fresh eggs are only 15c. per dozen at Tamworth.

Carleton Place is to have a branch of Molson's Bank.

The minstrels to-morrow night. The combination is said to be an excellent one.

The shop and residence of Mr W Cassiff, Belleville, were burnt by an incendiary fire yesterday morning.

Slosson, the champion billiardist of the world is to give an exhibition in Ogdensburg, where he first hit a ball.

Mayor Gaskin is communicating with the Minister of Militia regarding the proposed review here on the 24th of May.

Miss Morhan, who competed here some time ago, gave an exhibition of her pedestrian powers at Napanee last night.

The M. E. Church at Wilmot will collect its friends at tea on Friday the 24th instant. The tea will be the usual addresses &c.

J. A. Hackett, President of the Cleveland Sanitary Union, has required from the Sanitary Committee of Cleveland, Ohio, 300 copies of his lectures on the sanitary condition of Cleveland.

The Thousand Island Park Association has bought of McCance, the lake house contracted to be burned by a foot bridge. It will be run by the association hereafter.

Two terriers belonging to as many young gentlemen, who were promenading King street yesterday, got into a fight and made things lively for passersby for some minutes.

Mr Potter Palmer, owner and proprietor of the Palmer House, Chicago, is about erect ing a private residence to cost $300,000. The stone for which will be taken from Pond Ann quarry near Belleville.

Mr E. Kelly, formerly a well known checker player of this city has been discovered in Chicago, where he now resides. He lately ran a 126 yard race for $25 aside against Enonos of Winnipeg, and won by one yard. Kelly was beaten in several contests here.

William A. Hamilton, District Inspector of Inland Revenue for the Kingston, has been appointed a commissioner to administer oaths to persons required to subscribe to the Queen's Canada or under the Privy Seal, or seal of arms of the Governor General of Canada within the Counties of Stormont, Dundas, Glengarry, Prescott, Russell, Renfrew, Leeds, Grenville, Frontenac, Lennox, Addington, Hastings, and Prince Edward, the District of Nipissing and the Cities of Ottawa and Kingston.

PERSONAL

Mrs Caldwell sang at Belleville last night.

The Duchess of Argyll is reported as being seriously ill in London.

Thomas G. Pile, of Dosoronto, has been appointed a Collector of Customs.

Merrill E. Gates, of Albany, has been chosen President at Rutgers College.

Joseph Pancoast, an eminent medical author of Philadelphia, died yesterday at the age of 78.

Mr Borradaile's appointment as District Inspector of the Inland Revenue for Halifax is gazetted.

Thomas Stanton, of Milford, will, it is said, be appointed curate to Archdeacon Jones of Napanee.

Mr P. R. McNamee, the contractor, had a narrow escape from drowning on Saturday last at the Cataloon dam.

Robert A. Parker, well known on lake Ontario in connection with the steam yachts is reported hopelessly ill in Florida.

Edwin Booth travels in a special car, and remains in it during his stay in the various cities he visits, not stopping at the hotels.

Rev Ballaris (the wife of the Rev. Canon Baldwin, of Christ Church Cathedral), has been ordered by her medical attendant to take a trip South.

WEDDING AT PORTSMOUTH.

St. John's Church, Portsmouth, was the shrine of a fashionable pilgrimage this morning, the devotees being drawn thither by a desire to witness the nuptials of Miss Slater, well known as a vocalist, and Mr Henry Augustus Stitz, of Calderwood. The service was conducted by the Rev. F. W. Dobbs. The bride was charmingly arranged in a Princess costume of white satin, the skirt ornamented with frayed ruchings of the same material. Hornton lace collar and cuffs, tulle veil; orange blossoms. The bridesmaids, Miss Bell, Miss Ward, Miss Ella Ward, Miss Florric Bates, wore pale blue cambric skirts, white Turkish toweling overdresses, mob caps to match, white feathers and flowers. After the ceremony the happy couple, many the bridal party repaired to Calderwood, the residence of Mrs Betts, where the wedding breakfast awaited them. The bride received a number of costly and useful presents from appreciative friends. The newly married couple left Kingston for their new home in the North-West by the afternoon train, bearing with them the best wishes of all who have known them here.

HOME RULE.

At the regular meeting of the Young Irishmen's Catholic Benevolent Association held in the Victoria Hall on the evening of March 6th, '82, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted,—

Whereas, We, the members of Branch No. 9, of the Irish Catholic Benevolent Association of Canada, believe that the Irish people in Ireland are entitled to the same system of local government and land laws, which are enjoyed by our fellow-men in Canada, we hereby resolve

First, That we do heartily and sincerely sympathize with our fellow countrymen in Ireland in their struggle for freedom and justice, and that we hereby pledge our word to be in the interest of the Empire, that "Home Rule" should be granted to Ireland, and that the political prisoners should be immediately released.

Second, That we request Mr Costigan, M.P., to move a resolution in the House of Commons at Ottawa, to the effect that such are the opinions and wishes of the members of this Branch.

Third, That Messrs. A. Gunn and G. A. Kirkpatrick, members of Parliament of this district, be requested to support any address to this effect, that may be made by Mr Costigan, M.P.

Fourth, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to Messrs. A. Gunn, M.P., G. A. Kirkpatrick, M.P., John Costigan, M.P., and to the press.

A THRILLING SCENE

A Difficult Operation Performed by Dr. McLean.

Dr. McLean, of Ann Arbor University, Michigan, formerly of Kingston, recently performed a difficult operation upon a little daughter of Mrs Oaks, of Decatur, aged one year, which has attracted considerable attention. It was performed in the amphitheatre of the University. A few whiffs of chloroform were taken of all administered, in order that an examination might be made without causing pain or inducing terror. The professor (Dr. McLean) then introduced the forceps of a high hand into the throat, mouth and down the throat, into the windpipe, where he at once detected the presence of something that ought not to be there. Even this gentle examination aggravated the difficulty of breathing to an alarming extent, and the precaution was then taken to have every thing in readiness for the purpose of opening the windpipe, and inserting a silver tube for the child to breathe through, in case efforts at extraction should fail, and in case the foreign body might become so lodged as to cause complete suffocation. Chloroform having been again administered, the professor cautiously but determinedly endeavored to guide a long, curved pair of forceps down to the foreign body, for the purpose of grasping and extracting it. After one or two unsuccessful trials of this kind, the operation was commenced to open the windpipe through the neck, a critical operation in any case, but more especially so in the present one. At this point the professor was obliged to call upon assistance to make one more effort with the forceps, and in the event of that proving unsuccessful, to proceed with the operation of tracheotomy at once. It then proved that the foreign body had lodged in the child's mouth, and on it guided the forceps, which he held of his right hand, into the windpipe. The little patient was then unwrapped, and the operation of tracheotomy was dispensed with, the operation of success or failure had to be determined very speedily, since a continuance of the use of the forceps would have caused death by strangulation. The great crowd in the amphitheatre were by the time worked up to the highest pitch of sympathetic excitement. Not a sound was heard, the breath, and the stillness and suspense were oppressive. Presently the professor quietly but distinctly uttered these words "I have hold of it, at the same moment he drew from the foreign body, safely in the gr