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VOL. XXXVI. KINGSTON, CANADA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1887 NO. 287.

FROM THE METROPOLIS

A FRENCH NOBLEMAN FINED FOR ASSAULTING A FRENCHMAN.

The Death Rate of Montreal—L'Etendard on the Premier's New Colleague—A Hard Fight Over $20,000—Failures Etc.

Montreal, Aug 26.—The estate of the late firm of McDougall, Logie & Co., has been purchased by Alexander Ferguson & Co., Glasgow. The business will be continued by them, with Wm. Brown as resident partner.

According to the Dominion Government returns, there were 705 deaths in Montreal during July. Of these, 375 were males and 330 females. The largest number, 253, died from diarrhœal affections, compared with 243 in June. From local diseases, 149 died, compared with 172; from developmental 184, compared with 181. The total number of deaths in July shows a decrease of 11 when compared with the month of June, when there were 716 deaths.

L'Etendard devotes a column of its space this morning to an unfavorable criticism of the Premier's latest nomination to the Legislative Council. Our contemporary states that it does not pretend to call in question the undoubted talents of the Hon. Louis E Pacaud, but he is to be condemned because he never attempted to hide his advanced Liberal principles and sympathy with Gambetta and Ferry. *L'Etendard* concludes its article as follows: "For our part we cannot but view this nomination as profoundly regrettable."

Beaudin, Lefort & Co., fancy goods importers and hatters, of Notre Dame street, are in financial difficulties. The firm has been in existence for about five years, and has done a rather extensive business. Owing to heavy purchases from England, however, an overstock has resulted, and the firm has asked for an extension of time from their creditors. A statement of the assets and liabilities has not yet been prepared, but the stock is valued at something like $60,000.

Vicomte De La Barthe, a French nobleman was to day fined $15 or one month in jail for assaulting another Frenchman named Francois Giroux.

Two private residences have been entered by burglars during the absence of the occupants at the seaside and several articles of value stolen.

The case of W. Cooper and J. Fletcher was again before Hon. Judge Ouimet this morning. This is a case in which an entire estate of some $200,000 has been illegally seized through an alleged false document, which was introduced into the record, and upon which a recent judgment was given. Mr. Fletcher, who claims that he has been a victim in the present case, now through his counsel presents a *requête civile*, asking the court to over rule the previous decision on the ground, that neither himself nor his counsel had been notified that a sequestator was to be appointed. A lengthy argument took place this morning before the Court, when the jurisdiction of the presiding Judge in the Chambers was tested by one of the counsel so interested, holding that a Judge in the Chambers could not, legally speaking over-rule a judgment delivered by a Judge in the Chambers. The Court, in a lengthy judgment, took the same view, and ordered the suspension of all proceedings in the case until the re-opening of the Supreme Court in September next, when the application could then be renewed before the Superior Court.

AN ECCENTRIC DRUG.

The Remains of Egyptians Buried Thousands of Years Ago Turned Into Medicine.

Nineteenth Century.

Among the standard medicines quoted in the medical books of Nuremburg of two hundred years ago are 'portions of the embalmed bodies of man's flesh, brought from the neighborhood of Memphis, where there are many bodies that have been buried for more than one thousand years, called mumia, which have been embalmed with costly salves and balsams, and smell strongly of myrrh, aloes and other fragrant things." The learned doctors of France, Germany and Italy all made great use of this eccentric drug, and in the seventeenth century grievous complaints arose of its adulteration. Mr. Poinet, chief apothecary to the French king, records that the king's physician went to Alexandria to judge for himself in this matter, and having made friends with a Jewish dealer in mummies, was admitted to his storehouse, where he saw piles of bodies. He asked what kind of bodies were used and how they were prepared. The Jew informed him that he took such bodies as he could get, whether they died of some disease or of some contagion. He embalmed them with the sweepings of various old drugs, myrrh, aloes, pitch and gums; wound them about with a cere cloth and then dried them in an oven, after which he sent them to Europe, and marvelled to see the Christians were lovers of such filthiness. But even this revelation did not suffice to put mummy physic out of fashion, and we know that Francis I. of France always carried with him a well filled medicine chest, of which this was the principal ingredient. A traveller also records how one of his friends found in the tombs at Ghizeh a jar carefully sealed which he opened and found to contain such excellent honey that he could not resist eating a good deal of it, and was only checked in his feast by drawing out a hair, whereupon he investigated further and found the body of an ancient Egyptian baby in good condition and adorned with jewels. He does not record how he enjoyed the meal in retrospect. Imagine dining off the honeyed essence of a baby Pharoah.

Water.

To the Editor of the DAILY NEWS.

Sir,—For about three hours yesterday, water was turned off from my house, and, I daresay, this was what happened to every other house in the city. This action of the municipality was productive of very great inconvenience in my case and I presume in that of every other individual concerned. Of course at times it is absolutely necessary to shut the water out from the mains for the purposes of repair, cleansing &c., but on such occasions much inconvenience would be avoided by Messrs Bolger, or Hewitt giving notice previously in the local papers (*Whig* and *News*) that the mains will be closed between — o'clock and — o'clock on a certain date. Being forewarned people could draw off sufficient water to last during the period of stoppage.—R. S. D.

Kingston, Aug 28.

Steamship Arrivals.

At Amsterdam, Edan; at London, Greece; at New York, Saale, from Brewer; Adriatic from Liverpool.

It is rumored that the corporation laborers will hold a picnic at Channel Grove on Saturday afternoon next when they will play a football match.

The Maud leaves Folger's wharf at 7 o'clock this evening for an illumination ramble among the islands. The route will extend as far as Alexandria Bay. A stop will be made at Thousand Island Park going and returning.

KATE FORSYTHE.

One of the Leading Actresses of the American Stage—A Hard Student.

Among leading actresses of renown in America at the present day is Miss Kate Forsythe who is contemplating making a professional tour in a play entitled "The Wife of Miletus." The piece was at one time offered to the late John McCullough and he thought of accepting it and placing Miss Kate Forsythe in the leading role, the part, he thought being particularly adapted to the style of that lady's acting. Miss Kate Forlythe's acting is received everywhere with stormy impressions of applause by her audience, wherever she makes her appearance on the stage, the creation of the paris which she takes being well adapted to the range of her mental and physical capacity. Although hardly as youthful as her appearance would suggest, Kate Forsythe may be numbered among the comparatively young women of the stage. She quickly convinces her audiences that she possesses some of that staginess of declamation and gesture which is so inherent in many of the actresses of the time, and the absence of this great fault improves her impersonations to a thoroughly satisfactory and enjoyable degree, making her an immediate favorite. She is an unusually clever actress, giving promise of some future starring, which may prove unequivocally brilliant, and that she should feel confident of future success in her chosen vocation, is not at all surprising. She entrances her audience by a display of bewildering loveliness in the representations of the characters she assumes and again fires them with a desire to inflict some injury upon her when the character assumed proves to be a very wicked, and malicious one. Miss Forsythe is still studying to perfect herself in her art, and the task is one of hard work and constantly increasing application to the spirited, ambitious actress.

M'GARIGLE

Says he Skipped to Avoid Testifying Against Friends.

Chicago, Aug. 26.—Ex-Ald. Appleton who followed McGarigle Canada, says the latter positively assured him that noone was connected with his escape. He stated that the States-Attorney had told him he would either have to testify against his friends or go to jail and rather than do either he took the first opportunity to escape.

A Congress to be Prevented.

Paris, Aug. 26.—A conflict is imminent between the Government and the Municipal Council. A decree was published yesterday annulling the latter's resolution inviting delegates from all municipalities in France to a grand congress here, but the municipal committee had already issued invitations, and a large number of towns are certain to respond. The Government announces that it is determined to prevent the congress, which will be the first step toward the fédération of the Communes.

Consolation is Needed

Elmira, N.Y., Aug 26.—The water was rough on Seneca Lake when morning dawned at Watkins and the white caps rolled all day long. The regatta was postponed until Sept. 6 and 7. All the oarsmen have signed a contract to be present at that time. Another event has been added to the list of contests in the shape of a consolation race, purse $225.

Killed in a Riot.

Ostend, Aug. 26.—Three additional deaths have been added to Ostend fishermen injured in the recent riots. The funerals of two rioters who died of their wounds took place to day, attended by an immense number of fishermen and others who hooted the police, but made no other demonstration.

More Trouble in the Hebrides.

Melbourne, Aug. 26.—Advices from the New Hebrides say that the tressasses of the French Company have caused a fresh outburst of feeling. The Victorian Government has requested its agent in London to urge the Home Government to maintain Australian interests.

He Married An Indian Heiress.

Pierre, Dak., Aug. 26.—Douglas F. Carlin, Chief Clerk at the Cheyenne Agency, was married to-day to Madison Dupreat, the wealthiest Indian heiress on the Sioux reservation. Carlin is closely connected with prominent eastern families.

Hamilton Beaten at Cricket.

Paris, Ont., Aug. 26.—A cricket match was played here to-day between the Hamiltons and Paris juniors. Two innings each were played, which resulted in favor of the Paris juniors by twelve runs the score was as follows: Paris juniors, 96; Hamilton, 84.

Malicious Falsehoods.

Ottawa, Aug. 26.—The government organ announces that Sir John Macdonald has wired to Ottawa, declaring the remarks attributed to him about sending British troops to Manitoba are malicious falsehoods.

Mobilizing of French Troops.

Paris, Aug. 26.—The Seventeenth Army Corps has been selected for the mobilizing experiment for which the government has arranged. Final instructions to the commanding officers were issued this morning.

Death of a Manufacturer.

Brantford, Aug. 26.—Jno. Harris, president of the firm of H. Harris, Son & Co., manufacturers of agricultural machinery here, died last night.

The New Canal.

Ottawa, Aug. 26.—Contractors have been invited by the government to inspect the site of the proposed Sault Sainte Marie Canal.

The "Herald" Burned Out.

Montreal, Aug 26.—An extensive and destructive fire broke out in the building occupied by the Montreal *Herald*. The building was destroyed.

IT WAS VOTED DOWN

GLADSTONE'S RESOLUTION DEFEATED BY 78 VOTES.

He Did Not Expect to Beat the Government, But Thinks the Change in His Favor is Coming Fast Enough.

London, Aug 26.—In an interview with a representative of the press to-day Mr. Gladstone in reply to a question as to whether he expected to beat the government to-night said: "No, we can't expect to do that; but the fact that a year ago the government majority was 110 while now the most sanguine Conservatives only anticipate a majority of 60 on proclaiming the League shows what a tremendous change has come over the face of the country. The change is coming more rapidly than many people imagine, and in fact quite fast enough." Mr. Gladstone seemed to be in high spirits and declared he was in excellent health.

The Debate in the House.

In the House of Commons to-day Sir G. O. Trevelyan, one of the late Gladstonite recruits resumed the debate on Mr. Gladstone's motion for an address to the Queen praying for nullification of the government's proclamation of the Irish National League. He said the late government did not ask the House of Commons to pass their Irish Crimes Bill on hearsay, but that they based their demands on parliamentary returns of grave outrages. There had been committed 7788 outrages during the previous year and 26 agrarian and political murders during the first half of the year. He contended that the House should have tabulated statistics of crime in Ireland and that to mention one crime here and another crime there was not sufficient to justify such action as the government were now taking against the whole Irish people. He denied that the general operations of the Irish National League increased crime in Ireland or led to the general non payment of rent. Let the House understand, he continued, that if the proclamation of the League is sanctioned. Every Irishman belonging to it, who will not leave it at the command of the government will be liable to be punished as a common criminal, and that liability will not depend upon any judicial proceedings worthy of the name. In conclusion, he complained that the statements made by Mr. Balfour and only given out last night left no time for the examination of their character. Mr. Balfour had presented a series of alleged facts in justification of the government's action. These allegations the House should have a chance to corroborate or refute before coming to a decision.

Mr. Gladstone's resolution was negatived, 272 to 194.

The Division.

London, Aug. 27.—In the division in the House of Commons last night, all the Conservatives, including Lord Randolph Churchill, supported the Government as did Lord Hartington and Messrs. Bright and Russell. The bulk of the Unionists voted with the Gladstonians and Parnellites. Messrs. Joseph and Richard Chamberlain, Collings, Williams, of Birmingham, Hingley and Buchanan also voted with the minority. During the evening Mr Bright had a short talk with Mr. Gladstone. There were only 82 pairs on the vote and a few absentees unpaired.

Mr. John Bright's Criticism.

London, Aug. 27.—Mr. John Bright, in a letter supporting the Crimes Act says: "No government would risk the unpopularity arising from such a measure unless convinced that it was necessary." Referring to Mr. Gladstone, he says: "No Minister has done more for Ireland, and I am often almost ready to think that, in despair, he is willing to hand them over in future to the tender mercies of the men who gave him so much trouble during his tenure of office in 1880 and 1881."

Notes.

Dublin, Aug 26.—The *Freeman's Journal* says Mr. Gladstone's speech in parliament yesterday was the best encouragement and justification Irishmen could have to boldly confront coercion like men, not like mice, while they must not forget its appeal to their patience, prudence and forbearance.

The O'Gorman Mahon, Nationalist, the newly elected member for Carlow, entered the House this afternoon and took his seat. He was greeted with cheers by the Parnellite members.

At a meeting of landlords at Dublin to-day a deputation was appointed to wait upon the Government Ministers and urge them to consider their claims in arranging the terms of the Land Purchase Bill.

A Conference on Sugar Bounties.

London, 26.—Sir James Ferguson, Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office, stated in the House of Commons this afternoon that Austria, Hungary, Germany, Holland, Italy, Spain and Denmark had joined the conference proposed for the arrangement of a union among European nations concerning sugar bounties. France, Russia and Portugal he added had not yet answered the invitation to join the conference.

Fort Callieres.

Montreal, Aug. 27.—The last shadow of doubt as to the identity of the walls that have been excavated in Common street with those of Fort Callieres has been removed by another interesting discovery. According to the plans that have been consulted, outside of the fort was an open space of thirty feet, then the outer stockade composed of cedar wood. The remains of this were unearthed yesterday exactly as the plans describe it. In one of the old books written by the Jesuits mention is made of a cargo of Norway pine being imported for use in the construction of Fort Callieres. A large beam of Norway pine has been got out and found to be in splendid condition. Several gentlemen have carried away relics of this interesting piece of antiquity.

Zobehr Pasha.

London, Aug. 27.—Zobehr Pasha, who was recently released from confinement at Gibraltar, had an interview with the Khedive of Egypt yesterday on the subject of Zobehr's return to the Soudan. For many reasons the presence of Zobehr in Upper Egypt and Nubia would be advantageous to the Egyptian Government, but the advantages are offset by the fact that he is capable of doing more harm than good, and is none too scrupulous to repeat his old performances of double dealing. Nobody believes he has been chastened by his adversities, and most of the Egyptian officials are in favor of estimating the value of his services to the government in a negative way with the result of keeping him where he can do the least harm.

Escape of Ayoub Khan.

London, Aug. 26.—In the House of Commons to day Sir James Ferguson also announced that it was true that Ayoub Khan had escaped from Teheran, but said the government did not know in what direction he had gone.

MINUTE DESPATCHES.

Brief, But Interesting And From All Parts of the World.

The fish in some of the streams in Illinois have died by the million.

Fillon Danzy, colored, was hanged this morning at Columbia, S.C., for the murder of Noel Parkins in a quarrel.

The Carrickmon Suir branch of the League has passed a resolution to use every means to prevent fox hunting in that district, which the farmers are about to establish.

A special to the New York *Herald* from Glenwood Springs says that a fight took place between Sheriff Kendall's men and Coloron's men in which several of the latter were killed.

The Belgium government has demanded an explanation from Germany of the ill-treatment to which German soldiers subjected four Belgium soldiers who had unintentionally crossed the frontier.

Archbishop Fabre, of Montreal, is expected in Winnipeg on September 3. He will go through to the Pacific, and will return here in time to consecrate the Catholic churches at St. Boniface, St. Norbert and Winnipeg.

The Russian government has issued a decree ordering that the number of Jewish children in the secondary schools shall not exceed ten per cent. on the frontier line, five per cent. in St. Petersburg and three per cent. in Moscow.

The Canadians played with the Westcheshire team on Thursday. The game resulted in a draw. The home team made 212 in the first inning and 138 in the second. The Canadians made 162 the first and 90 in the second for nine wickets.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

Changes in the Legislature—Election Contests Abandoned—Arrest of Rioters.

Quebec, Aug. 26.—A number of warrants were issued to-day against the parties implicated in the attack on the Salvationists last night, and some arrests have been made, among them a lower town Batteau man, who led the attack.

A rumor is current to-day in political circles that Hon. Mr. Lynch will be asked to accept a seat in the local cabinet; that Hon. Mr. McShane will retire in favor of Mr. Murphy; and that Mr. Deschene, M.P.P., has decided to support the Mercier Government.

His Excellency the Governor General will preside at the opening of the Provincial Exhibition, which takes place in Toronto on the 6th of September. His Excellency will then return, and will visit the Quebec Exhibition on the 9th.

The following election contests have been abandoned: Sir Hector Langevin (Three Rivers), and Montplaisir in Champlain; as well as that of Hon. F. Langlier, Quebec Centre, and Dr. Trudel (local) in Champlain.

The Provincial Government have decided to constitute a special commission of agriculture, to be composed of all the members belonging to the agricultural class. The object of the commission is to study all the reforms which are wanted to re-organize our agricultural system.

A horse attached to a grocery wagon belonging to Geo. Drolet took fright and ran away. In his mad career he came in contact with a vehicle driven by Thomas Charland, who was thrown out and received severe bruises on the head and side. He was taken to a medical man, who gave him the necessary care.

A BAD INDIAN.

Old Colorow, of Colorado, is Anxious for a Big Fight

Denver, Aug. 26.—Telegrams received here this afternoon from Meeker deny the reports of yesterday that Colorow is surrounded by militia and desires peace. The Indians are intrenched in the hills and so protected by natural fortifications that their dislodgement by all the state militia combined will be impossible. Colorow yesterday said that he did not want a "little fight," but a "big fight," and that they would have it if the troops were not called back. "Injun no fraid," he said. Captain Lawson who was returning to Meeker on Wednesday afternoon from Camp Adams with telegrams, was headed off and chased twenty miles up Piceance Creek and held by the Indians until darkness permitted his escape.

The Legion of Honor.

Washington, Aug. 26.—At to day's session of the Legion of Honor officers were elected for the next two years as follows: Supreme Commander, E. S. Brown, New York; Supreme Vice Commander, W. J. Newton, District of Columbia; Supreme Orator, F. H. Robinson, Louisiana; Past Supreme Commander, Michael Nesbitt, Pennsylvania; Supreme Secretary, Adam Warner, New York; Supreme Treasurer, John M. Gwinnell, New Jersey; Supreme Chaplain, Rev. C. C. Bitting, Maryland; Supreme Guide, Geo. F. Hazen, Tennessee; Supreme Warden, Chas. E. Meyer Pennsylvania; Supreme Sentry, R. D. Welborn, Texas; Supreme Trustees, B. B. Teaman, New York; M. F. Hudnall, Virginia; J. P. McFarland, Tennessee. Medical Examiner in Chief, Foster Bush, Boston. A resolution was offered providing that no council hereafter instituted shall bear the name of any living person. The report of the Committee on Laws, recommending the adoption of the amendment substituting 60 days instead of 30 as the time when a member in good standing of a suspended Legion may continue himself in good standing upon application to the Supreme Secretary, was adopted.

Spurious Coin.

Montreal, Aug. 27.—A very sad case was brought up in the police court yesterday morning when a former well-known Montreal captain, Paul Bourdon, was committed to stand his trial before the Court of Queen's Bench on a charge of uttering a $5 note of the defunct Mechanics' Bank. The accused was formerly well-to do, but of late years has been in difficulties. It appears that the accused came to St. Ann's market early in the morning and ordered a dish of soup from Mrs Labelle, for which he was to pay 3 cents. Bourdon felt around his pockets and finally pulled out the bill in question. Mrs. Labelle's suspicion being aroused she made enquiries and found that the bill was worthless and had Bourdon arrested. Bourdon formerly was captain in a volunteer regiment and gained honors on the field.

The Czar Visits Denmark.

Copenhagen, Aug. 26.—The Czar and Czarina and family arrived here to-day in the Imperial yacht. The trip from St. Petersburg was prolonged by fog. King Christian, King George of Greece, and several members of the Danish royal family went out to meet the visitors in the Danish royal yacht. A number of the Danish iron-clads also met the imperial visitors in the offing and escorted them into the harbor. On landing they were received by Queen Louise and after the greetings were over were driven to Freedensburg. The city is lavishly decorated in honor of the Emperor and Empress. Great crowds greeted the Imperial party as they drove through the city and there was general enthusiasm.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE REVIEW OF TRADE

THE RAIN CAME TOO LATE TO BENEFIT THE CROPS.

The Week's Failures Throughout Canada And the United States—Large Imports of Gold—Uneasiness Caused by Failures.

New York, Aug. 26.—Dun, Wiman & Co's weekly review of trade will say: The tendency of prices during the past week has been upward for most products and the state of business is rather better but there is still much hesitation and irregularity. The money market for speculative use is made easier by gold imports and treasury purchases of bonds but much mercantile paper is discounted with difficulty and some considerable failures cause uneasiness. The failure to reach a settlement of the Rosenfield case at Chicago troubles some creditors. The delay in settling the wheat deal in San Francisco and the fall of wheat 5 cents per cental in a day make some disturbances. The Ives entanglement, the failure of a stock firm for $1,500,000 and the receivership for Mitchell, Vance & Co. do not increase confidence. The volume of legitimate business is large but not equally distributed and in important branches there is shrinkage. Wheat has been going abroad largely, 8,822,340 bushels in three weeks against 7,321,107 last year, but mainly on purchases of one or two months ago, and the export demand has been so checked by improved foreign crop reports that even only 13½d. for freight to Liverpool fails to produce activity. Prices are about where there were a week ago.

The yield in spring wheat States appears to be excellent. Rains came too late to save a considerable part of the damaged corn but have nevertheless done great good. Cotton is strengthened by extravagant reports of injury to the crop. Oil has risen 25¼ cents and pork product a shade, though the market is dull. Sugar has been advanced, a foreign corner in beet sugar being the cause. Beef is dearer, with no change in hogs. Copper advances, with sales of 1,000,000 pounds in a day on account of the fire in the Calumet and Hecla mine. The wool trade is hesitating. At Chicago wool is called the dead est thing above ground, and at Boston, Ohio xx is offered by Philadelphia dealers at 32½. A boom in June on reports of a short yield caused sales throughout growing regions at advancing prices, but manufacturers report no profits and are chary in their purchases, and prices are now 2 cents to 3 cents below the June level. In the woolen goods trade there is no improvement, while cotton goods are largely distributed at firm prices.

The leather market is quiet, but rather firmer, and boot and shoe manufacturers report better orders, with less decrease than was expected from the drought damaged regions. Imported silks are offered at prices unprecedently low. The iron business is in uncertain shape. The competition of Southern pig is felt and stocks are accumulating rapidly while large imports continue. Manufactured iron also appears to accumulate, and Western competion is felt by Eastern mills. Another small sale of foreign rails is reported and some makers are taking $36 for winter delivery. The *Iron Age* reports that sales of railway iron do not meet expectations because funds are forthcoming only slowly for the floating of bonds and new orders for axles are very scarce, while on some contracts already made delay in deliveries is asked. The uncertainty in Wall street and behind that the enormous diversion of available capital to other uses affect the iron interest quickly. Stocks have been weak with spells of rather rapid depression and some realizing by discouraged investors. On the other hand, signs of foreign buying still are not wanting, though that is not the only explanation that can be given of gold imports. Foreign investments in real estate manufactures and mines have been large. But for these, the excess of merchandise imports over exports $51,827,133 in four months ending with July would probably take gold out of the country. In three weeks of August, New York imports increased 18 per cent., with only half of one per cent. increase in exports.

The Treasury bought $3,138,000 bonds on Wednesday, but, in spite of all purchases, it now holds $7,300,000 more gold than on August 1st, $100,000 more silver and $1,100,000 more legal tenders. Imports and revenue are so large that even heavy pension payments will scarcely clear off the surplus for the month.

The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number for the United States 173 and for Canada 32, or a total of 185, as against 161 last week, and 180 the week previous. In the corresponding week of last year there were 171 failures in the United States and 30 in Canada.

The Fisheries Improving.

St. John's Nfld., Aug. 27.—Reports received say the Northern Labrador fishery is slightly improved. Vessels will average 150 quintals, boats 30, and traps 100. At Labrador Straits the fishery is poor. Herring are plentiful. The shore fishery has not improved any. The weather is good, and roots are improving. The better prospects of the fishery and crops are offset by the threatened increase in the price of food products in Canada and the United States.

Another Attempt to Kill the Czar.

London, Aug. 27.—It is reported in Berlin that a fresh attempt was made to kill the Czar on the 20th inst. A Nihilist, disguised as an officer of the guards, approached the carriage on a journey from St. Petersburg to Krasnoesels and fired a revolver twice. The first shot missed the Czar but the second perforated his coat. The Czarina has since been suffering from nervous prostration.

Nova Scotia Election Cases.

Halifax, N.S., Aug. 27.—The trials in three of the Nova Scotia election cases were yesterday fixed to begin as follows: Victoria, before Mr. Justice James, September 15th, at Baddeck; Queens, before Chief Justice McDonald, September 19th, at Liverpool; Colchester, before Mr. Justice McDonald, September 27th, at Truro.

Not Surprised After All.

Winnipeg, Aug. 26.—Sir Geo. Stephen, Sir Donald Smith and Mr. Van Horne passed through Winnipeg at 1 o'clock this morning *en route* to Montreal, and thus escaped the little surprise the Manitoba Government had prepared for them in the way of subpœnas to attend an examination to-morrow afternoon.

Hotelkeepers to Close Up.

Kincardine, Ont., Aug. 27.—All the hotelkeepers of this town have entered into an agreement not to accommodate anybody and to close their hotels to the public after Sunday, August 28th, as a result of the enforcement of the Scott Act.

Emperor William Recovering.

Berlin, Aug. 26.—The Emperor continues to make progress in regaining strength and now attends daily to the business of the state.

NEWS FROM THE TURF.

The Result of Yesterday's Races at Cacouna, Binghamton, Saratoga and Albany.

Cacouna, Que., Aug. 26.—In the races to-day, Quebec blood met Montreal blood and foot for foot contested every inch of the turf. Although the exact time cannot be learned, the races were exceedingly fast and resulted in the following order: First race, 3 feet 6 inch hurdle, three-quarters of a mile heats, purse $120—1, Elliott's King Tom; 2, McNab's Ruby; 3, Lebet's Dandy. Second race, three-quarters of a mile, flat dash, purse $60—1, Harris' Cooperstown; 2, McKenna's Mountain Girl; 3, Elliott's Daisy. Carters' and farmers' race, purse $60—1, Lebet's Dandy; 2, Dumont's Bay; 3, Boube's Napoleon; 3, Guay's General Boulanger.

AT BINGHAMTON.

Binghamton, Aug. 26.—The 2.40 race to-day had seven starters, and was won by Raly in the fourth heat. Summary:

Raly	1	2	1	1
Surprise	6	1	5	6
William H	2	3	3	3
Harry Cardinal	3	4	2	4
St. Evie	5	5	4	2
Octavius	4	6	6	5
Little Phil	Distanced.			

Time—2.36¼, 2.37½, 2.34¼, 2.36½.

The free-for-all had four starters, St. Jacob winning in the fifth heat. Summary:

St. Jacob	4	4	1	1	1
Nora	1	2	2	2	2
Nornet	2	1	3	3	3
Dan S	3	3	4	4	4

Time—2.32½, 2.32, 2.32½, 2.29¼, 2.32¼.

AT SARATOGA.

Saratoga, N.Y., Aug. 26.—Although the track had been repaired, it was still slow. There was a fair attendance and the weather was fine. First race, three-quarters of a mile—Mattie Louriam won, King Crab second, Danella third; time, 1.19. Second race, a mile and a furlong—Alarair won, Hypasia second, Tramp third; time, 2.02¼. Third race, three-quarters of a mile—Little Minnie won, Swift second, Mamie Hunt third; time, 1.17¼. Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile—Modesty won, Queen Bess second, Carissema third; time, 1.17¼. Fifth race, a mile and seventy yards—Orlando won, George L. second, Moonshine third; time, 1.55.

AT ALBANY.

Albany, N.Y., Aug. 26.—The second day of the grand circuit races drew a large attendance. The track was fast. The summaries are:

First race, 2.25 trotting class, purse of $1,000, divided:

Atlantic	4	9	1	1	1
White Sox	1	3	3	2	5
Ben Starr	3	1	2	6	8
Mill Girl	2	2	5	5	2
Jessie B	5	5	6	4	4
Wallace	6	4	4	8	3
Perplexed	7	6	8	3	6
St. Elmo	8	7	7	7	7
Hades	0	8	9	9	dr

Time—2.22¼, 2.22¼, 2.23¼, 2.24½, 2.25.

Second race, purse of $1,000, divided, free for all pacers:

Gossip Jr.	4	1	1	3	4
Jennie Lind	3	3	4	1	1
Little Mac	2	2	3	4	3 dr
Joe L	5	5	2	2	2 dr.
Dan D	1	4	drawn.		

Time—2.21½, 2.20¼, 2.17, 2.20, 2.19, 2.19½.

Third race, purse 1,000, for 2.27 trotting class:

Belle Ogle	1	1	1
Grey Light	2	2	2
Jessie Ballard	3	3	3
Spotted Beauty	4 dr.		
Erin	5 dr.		

Time—2.26¼, 2.23¼, 2.23¼.

Miss Myrtle Peek drove a team a running mile in 1.51½, beating all previous records. Miss Lamont and Miss Peek drove a three mile race, both ladies changing horses at each mile without touching the ground. The race was won by Miss Peek, who took the lead after the first half mile and maintained it to the finish. The time was 6.28½. Miss Lamont failed to run but two miles, her horse becoming unmanageable and running into the stables. Fortunately she escaped injury.

A WAR VETERAN LOST FOR YEARS.

Wounded in the Head During the War He Forgets His Identity.

Van Wert, Ohio, June 26.—When the Fifteenth Ohio Infantry was organized, in 1862, Company H, from this county, was mustered into its ranks. In the last named organization was Hugh Thompson, son of a farmer who lived a few miles west of Van Wert. He was a sturdy boy and a good soldier. At the battle of Chickamauga, Sept. 19, 1863, he was very severely wounded in the head, and conveyed to a place of safety by comrades, where, they believed, he was left to die. The regiment was driven back, Thompson fell into the hands of the enemy, was not heard of, and finally his company's roll bore the entry opposite his name, "killed in action."

Years rolled on and the friends of Hugh Thompson clung to the belief that he was numbered with the unknown dead. But at a G. A. R. encampment at Springfield, Ohio, last year, a report from Kansas was read of a lost soldier named Thompson, who had been deranged from the time of the battle of Chickamauga until the great fire at Chicago. During the excitement of that event he regained in a measure his senses, yet he was not entirely restored. He believed that his name was Henry Thompson, and that he was still a member of the Fifteenth Ohio, but he had forgotten the names of his friends and everything connected with his early history, except the death of his mother, which took place when he was thirteen years old. He wandered from town to town, and finally settled in Minnesota, where he was married. Afterward he moved to Mead County, Kansas. While living there he gave an imposter, who pretended to be a claim agent, $25 to look up the rolls of the Fifteenth Ohio. This swindler falsely reported that the name Thompson did not appear on the rolls of the regiment. With this announcement all hope of finding his friends vanished, until the statement made at the Springfield meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic brought forth good results.

Letters from the members of the Fifteenth regiment were soon received and Hugh Thompson was identified as a son of Robert Thompson, of Van Wert. He carried on his person from the day he was wounded until he arrived at Chicago, a Bible presented to him when he enlisted by his cousin, Mrs. W. L. Rank, of this town, in which the donor had written a verse of poetry. Thompson still has the Bible. By the liberality of friends in Kansas and in Van Wert the hero of this strange story arrived here to-day and is fullly identified.

He is the center of curious crowds, prominent among whom are his old comrades in arms. He left here in his youth and returned a gray-haired man, broken down mentally and physically. But his story, which is true, is one of the stangest that has grown out of the sufferings and privations of the terrible struggle with rebellion.

Fifteen Persons Drowned.

London, Aug. 26.—The excursion yacht Monarch was capsized by a squall in Bristol Channel to-day, and fifteen persons were drowned.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT
—AT—
Murray & Taylor's
WE HAVE NOW IN STOCK OVER FOUR HUNDRED PIECES OF
New Fall Dress Goods
In the following lines: All Wool Jersey Cloths, All Wool Costume Cloths, All Wool Satin Soliels, All Wool Canvass Cloths, All Wool Ottoman Cords, All Wool Cashmeres, All Wool Jubilee Cloths and Fine French Merinos. WE SHOW A COMPLETE RANGE OF THESE GOODS IN ALL COLORS; also, a large assortment of Double Width Dress Materials, now in great demand, and three hundred pieces Melton Cloths, in all colors.
BE SURE AND SEE OUR MOIRE PLUSHES AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.
INSPECTION INVITED AND NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS AT
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A VISIT TO HONOLULU.

A Kingstonian Makes the Trip From San Francisco—Delightful Weather.

We sailed from San Francisco on the elegant steamship Mariposa, of the Oceanic Steamship Company, and Royal Mail Service, and from the hour we left the dock the voyage was full of interest, and incidents. Owing to an incoming tide, the ship took a long turn round the bay which gave us a splendid view of Alameda and Oakland on the opposite shore, and the monster ferry-boats and sailing crafts on all sides, passing close by Goat Island with its immense fog horn turned towards us. Berkley and the mountains, Alatasy with the military prison, Saucelito and a fleet of vessels in quarantine, Telegraph Hill and Observatory Presidio barracks and the forts, each in their turn kept the excited interest and expectation of even the oldest among over 100 passengers, who were all on deck until we passed through the Golden Gate. Twenty five miles north was Point Reyes, stretching out in the sea. A few miles ahead we could see the Farleone Islands, while close to port was the celebrated Seal Rocks, covered with a mass of brown and yellow seals, moving like maggots on a cheese. Above the rocks stood the Cliff House and Sutro heights with its drives and statuary clearly defined through our field-glasses. The reflection of the setting sun upon windows and roofs gave the scene a touch of grandeur. The motion of the vessel was just about 'knocking out' more than a few, when the cry of "whale' caused a rush to the starboard side. Dizzy or not, every body must see a whale. There he was rolling and plunging and blowing water some 20 feet in the air. We had just got a good view of his glassy back and tail, ere he receded under the briny waves and the passengers under their bed covering, for, with a graceful dip of her stern, the Mariposa began to show her dancing propensities. The voyage for the next three days was simply sailing on the sea. Mostly everybody was inclined to stay abed with a berth cup in each hand, but the fourth day's calm sea, and steady deck enticed some sixty or seventy out and the ship's speed of sixteen knots caused a delightful breeze over the awning covered deck, and fun commenced in earnest. Everybody knew everybody in a few hours. Music from the magnificent piano, dancing, singing and all sorts of games were in full blast. Promenading was not the least enjoyed, especially by the ladies, and quite a number more than enough gallants were to be found among the 100 officers and men comprising the ships company. These fellows, mostly Americans, were ever manifesting the greatest interest in making the voyage as agreeable as possible. At the tables we had every chance to make informal inquiries and found our fellow voyageurs were made up from all parts of the world, and as a consequence our interest never was allowed to lag. Among those at the captain's table we found Mr. Dan O'Connell of the 'Frisco *Argonaut*, the American Consul elect for New South Wales, one of the firm of the *World* Publishing Company, of Toronto, Rev. Logan and wife, missionaries *en route* to Micronesia, two M. P's from England, and a member of the committee sent from Melbourne to study the system of irrigation carried on in California. There were other prominent people aboard, and two very quiet divines who seemed not at all anxious to advertise their calling, but the very extreme was a soldier of the Salvation Army, who was all over the ship, bright and happy from morning until night. This young man, late of Kingston, Canada, accustomed to the ocean, was always on hand, and enlightened us often concerning the sea and the One who made it. One day we met the Zealander, a large four masted steamship, on the way to San Francisco. She was quite near, and each ship signalled the other. The running of different colored flags