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The Kingston Daily News.

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VOL. XXXVI. KINGSTON, CANADA, MONDAY, AUGUST 22, 1887. NO. 282

TICKS FROM THE WIRES

CAPTURED AND TRANSLATED FOR NEWS READERS.

Pithy Paragraphs Containing Points of Penal or Interest—A Column For Profitable Perusal.

Cholera is abating in northern India.

The Ameer has at present in the field 20,000 regular and 30,000 irregular troops.

Fresh rumors are afloat that the German Government intend to purchase more railways.

King Leopold has approved of the project for a wide canal connecting Bruges with the sea.

Well informed people in Zanzibar regard as baseless the report that Stanley has been murdered.

Nominations for the Ottawa county election will be held on Saturday, September 3rd, the election on the 10th.

The jubilee address of the Chicago people of British birth and parentage will be presented to the Queen this week.

The press of London and Dublin generally approve of the action of the government in proclaiming the Land League.

The Porte refuses to entertain Russia's proposition that Russia and Turkey should jointly occupy Eastern Roumelia and Bulgaria.

A mass meeting has been called to meet in Dublin to-morrow to protest against the proclamation of the Land League.

O'Grady's tenants at Herbertstown refuse to accept a reduction of 20 per cent. unless the costs be remitted. They will probably be evicted.

Wm. Taylor murdered Tony Charles at Savannah, Ga., yesterday by nearly decapitating him with a razor. The row occurred at a negro church supper.

Prince Ferdinand was received with great enthusiasm in Phillippopolis on Friday, and formally accepted the offering of bread and salt from the municipality.

Reports from Murray Bay state that Hon Edward Blake has greatly improved in health by his sojourn there this summer. He takes considerable exercise in the shape of long daily walks.

Messrs. Carrier, Laine & Co., of Levis, Que., have received orders to erect an iron spiral staircase of 250 rounds in the central tower of the Parliament House at Quebec

None of the consuls at Sofia have visited Prince Ferdinand, and the German consul has been instructed not to consider himself attached to the Bulgarian government.

The traffic receipts of the Grand Trunk railway for the week ending August 13th were $372,105, an increase of $26,034 compared with the corresponding week last year.

A despatch from Victoria, B.C., states that Mr. J. H. Turner, Financial Minister, was elected yesterday by 1,553 majority over Mr. Humphreys for the local legislature.

A jubilee representation of Don Giovanni was given at Salzburg yesterday, Herr Richter conducting. The audience was a most brilliant one including the musical lights of Germany and Austria.

Nothing Like It.

The grand street parade of the United Barnum and London shows will take place here on Monday, September 5th, at 8 o'clock in the morning, to be followed by two performances in the mammoth tents. Never before in the history of amusements in this or any other country has there been so immense and stupendous a show as the one that Barnum will present on that day. The capital of the concern has been increased to $4,000,000, and every one of the many departments have been largely added to making the daily expense over $7,000. There will be three circus companies performing in three big rings, each 45 feet, in diameter, and upon an elevated stage 60 by 80 feet; there will be the Roman hippodrome, with its glorious races as only Barnum knows how to do it; the museum of living curiosities, with famous giants, dwarf, etc; the two immense double menageries, the likelife reproduction of dear old Jumbo, with the ivory bone articulated skeleton; Alice, Jumbo's widow; the wonderful Iairy family from Burmah, King Theebaw's mascots; Captain Paul Boyton's equatic performances in a specially constructed lake of clear water, the flying gymnasium, and other curious features; besides other novelties, wonders, and curiosities collected after three years of hard labor by agents in all parts of the world.

Is She in Kingston?

Mrs McCullom escaped from the jail at Watertown on Wednesday morning last, and, taking the train for the Cape, it is said she crossed the river to Canada. Her daughter came with her. During the four years she has been in jail, she had made herself useful until a year ago, when she was taken sick. Since then she has been under the care of the county physician. It was on account of her sickness that the sheriff did not take her to the Onondaga penitentiary to serve her sentence, which was three years and some months. The lawyers had done all they could for her, and all legal means in her case were exhausted. She was growing better every day, and expected to be taken to the penitentiary any day. She had had enough of prison life and did not want to spend the next three years at Syracuse.

Late Local News.

The Binghamtons defeated the Elmiras on Saturday by a score of 18 to 2

The Maud will go down the river on Wednesday at 1:30 on one of her own excursions.

Commissioner Johnson, of the Weights and Measures Department, Ottawa, was in the city to-day.

On Tuesday the 30th, the Toronto league team will arrive in the city and play the Park Nine.

The funeral of the wife of Sheriff Sweetland, of Ottawa, took place to-day. It was very largely attended.

At four o'clock every afternoon, the Park Nine will practice on their grounds, instead of in the evening as heretofore.

The bar-tenders have challenged the barbers to play a game of baseball on the Park Nine grounds on Wednesday at 2:30 p.m. The challenge has been accepted.

It is understood that the present system of manufacturing gas for the Kingston Penitentiary will probably be abandoned as too expensive, and an arrangement made with the Kingston Gas Company for lighting the penitentiary.

The stockholders of the Napanee, Tamworth and Quebec Railway Company met on Friday, and elected their directors and officers as follows:—A. Henry, Napanee, President; W. R. Aylsworth, Deseronto, Vice President; W. S. Williams, Napanee, Secretary; F. S. Rathbun, Deseronto, Treasurer; H. B. Sherwood, Napanee, Superintendent; R. C. Carter, Kingston, Assistant General Manager; E. W. Benjamin, Yarker; W. F. Hall, Napanee; H. H. Rathbun, Deseronto; E. W. Rathbun, Deseronto, General Manager; C. A. Williams, Geo. A. Brown, Auditors.

THE FINANCES OF THE CITY.

What the Committee Have to Say to the People—The Street Appropriation.

At the council meeting to-night the Finance Committee will submit the budget, the introduction to which says:—

At the last session of the Ontario legislature an act was passed, providing for a re-issue of a portion of the city debentures falling due between 1887 and 1901, and extending their payment between 1905 and 1924. The re-issue on this account for the year is $14 200, and bears 4½ per cent. interest, and has been sold at 102 55. Exclusive of the amount received from this re-issue the current revenue from sources other than taxation is estimated to be virtually the same as last year, amounting to $18 682 20, as against $18 566 09. The re-issue as mentioned practically reduces the current expenditure this year for debentures maturing by $14,200. The other items of uncontrollable expenditure are increased, that for police by $161 17, and schools by $698 43. The formidable expenditure for schools is now $21 138 21, and amounts to 3½ mills on the dollar, or between one-fourth and one-fifth of the whole amount raised by taxation.

In the current controllable expenditure the fire department shows a decrease, the amount of last year being unusually large owing to the purchase of new hose. Insurance and refund of taxes are also less. All other items show an increase. That for the lighting of streets is due to the greater price of electric lighting, estimated from 15th Sept. next. The greatest increase is in the amount for the Waterworks Company. Last year the company increased its demand for water to extra hydrants from $275 to $1,500. The $275 was paid, and the amount now estimated represents the balance of the company's demand for last year and a proportionate amount for this year to 1st Oct., when the city will take over the works. As the company has made the demand it is considered advisable to provide the funds, but the amount to be paid has yet to be determined.

The estimate for streets is $673 20 larger than the amount expended last year. The estimate last year was $18,000. Owing to the pressing nature of the demands for improved drainage the amount expended was $24 326 80, a difference of $6 326 80. The amount asked this year by the Streets Committee is $26 594, exclusive of salaries, team work and the expenditure on the North street main sewer to 3rd August instant. The addition of these will make the total $32 589, to which would be added any future work on the North street sewer.

It is true the sum asked is not beyond the real requirements of the city, and it is with great reluctance your committee feel constrained to curtail improvements when they see the increased house building caused thereby during the last two or three years, but it is at the same time evident that the general taxes cannot take care of the growth now going on, which must in future mainly be provided for by local improvements.

The adoption of the local improvement system by a vote of the people to the whole city would be the fairest method, as all property would then only pay for it. Local improvements, but even its partial adoption in localities is an immense advantage, as owners are able to get the kind of improvements they want and when they want them, instead of having to wait disheartened until the city finances and the more urgent demands of others permit theirs being attended to. It also causes an emulation between different portions, and each has only to blame itself for lack of improvement.

In the statement the current revenue and expenditure is separated from the revenue and expenditure on capital account to show that the rate proposed of 16½ mills on the dollar practically provides for the year's expenses proper. Probably not less than $6,500 or $7,000 of the street expenditure, estimated for this year, is for permanent drains and reconstruction of streets. It is evident, therefore, that the rate proposed is as ample as the year should fairly be called upon to provide

The deficiency brought forward from 1886, and which was created mainly by new drains and reconstruction of streets, was $14 948 42. To provide for this and the purchase of a chemical fire engine, and the opening and widening of certain streets, the debt readjustment act previously referred to authorized the issue of $24 000 of debentures. These and $15 400 of debentures for the new Central School (bearing interest at 4½ and 5 per cent respectively) have been sold at 102 55. The total revenue, however, still shows a deficit of $869 68, and the opening of Sydenham street, between Johnston and Brock streets, remains to be provided for.

The committee have to congratulate the Council on the marked improvement of the city, and believe that the generous cooperation of our citizens in all practical means for the advancement of the city's interests, which seems now to be manifested, will secure the continuance of this satisfactory condition of affairs.

The estimated revenue is 172,043 27, and the expenditure $171,722 95.

Mr. Russell's Change of Views.

London, Aug 21.—Mr Russel writes that he cannot continue to support the government, the latter having violated its promise in regard to the Land Bill. Mr Russell will cancel all his engagements to speak at Unionist meetings.

Riot at Kenmare.

Dublin, Aug. 20.—A riot occurred yesterday at Kenmare. A mob attacked and stoned the police barracks. The police charged with drawn swords upon the rioters, injuring several of them and arresting a number.

A Dissolution Urged.

London, August 21.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* vigorously attacks the government for adopting Lord Cadogan's amendment to the Land Bill relating to town parks. The *Gazette* urges the Liberals to revolt against the government's Irish policy in the Commons; to obstruct the passage of supply measures, and thus force a dissolution.

Mr. Rouvier's Speech

Paris, Aug. 22.—Radical newspapers, commenting on Mr. Rouvier's speech at the Mercantile banquet, consider his reference to the attitude of the government toward the Right not sufficiently explicit. Moderate Republican organs approve the speech.

London Cheese Market.

LONDON, Ont., Aug. 20.—Twenty factories boarded 1765 boxes of August make. A small lot of July's sold at 11c. Factory men held for higher prices than buyers were inclined to give.

Gen. Van Novosky, Russian Minister of War, after making a tour of inspection, has reported to the Czar that the troops and fortifications of the Caucus and trans-Caspian territory are in excellent condition and are prepared to fulfil any duties that may be imposed upon them. The Czar replied to General Von Novsky that he was well pleased though not astonished at the admirable condition of the army.

Another of the Maud's own excursions will take place on Wednesday. She will leave at 1:30 o'clock.

CHAMBERLAIN A STAYER

GOVERNMENT'S ACTION AGAINST THE LEAGUE SUITS HIM.

The Member for Birmingham Says He and His Colleagues Will Continue to Occupy the Position of Independent Friends of the Government.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Mr. Joseph Chamberlain made a speech at Birmingham to-night. He dilated upon the waste of the greater part of the session by the obstruction to the Crimes Bill and said:

"This legislation has been, in my judgment, grossly misrepresented. I regret that such a bill is necessary for any part of the kingdom, but the act was, in my judgment, intended to protect our Irish fellow-subjects. I do not believe it has given a moment's apprehension to any loyal subject or Irishman who does not desire outrage or is not willing to see it. [Applause.] Our experience, so far as it has gone, justifies the government policy, which we supported. I admit that crime and outrage are less than for many years past. But why is this? It is because those who stimulated disorder and anarchy and winked at outrage have discovered that the law is stronger, and that future law breakers must pay the penalty of their misdeeds. I regret that the Government have proclaimed the league. I will not blame the Government severely, but think they were mistaken, though I and others who acted with me are precluded from condemning the proclamation in strong language. [Cheers.] When the Government asked for these powers we agreed to give them, and now if they consider it absolutely necessary to use them that doubtless is the last resource, but it is for their discretion, not ours. As a matter of principle, I think it right for the Government to have these powers in order to hold them in reserve, but, as a matter of policy, I regret that the Government has thought it necessary to use them at the present time."

Mr. Chamberlain dwelt upon the absence of crime in most districts of Ireland. "We are told that in some districts the league is still paramount, tyrannizing over the minority in districts in which its authority prevails. But I think the other clauses of the Coercion Bill are quite sufficient to enable the Government to deal with isolated cases. The clause enabling stipendiary magistrates to inflict a maximum punishment of six months' imprisonment at hard labor upon persons found guilty of boycotting and for other offences under the act is sufficient to meet any emergency which has arisen." [Cries of "hear, hear."]

Mr. Chamberlain continued: "The Government is responsible, not we. If they think it imperative to use the powers conferred upon them by the Crimes Act, I do not blame them. I admit that they were justified in disregarding our advice and taking the course which they deemed it their duty to take, but I claim also for myself and my colleagues that we shall continue to occupy the attitude we have hitherto adopted—independent friends of the Government. When we differ, as now, we shall express our differences in the usual way—by our votes in the House of Commons. I do not know whether or not you heard the report that I had resigned my connection with the dissident party. [Laughter.] The statement is entirely unauthorized and absolutely without a shadow of foundation. [Cheers.] It is true that I differ from the Government on this one point, but I am prepared to support their general policy so far as, in my judgment, it tends to maintain the union. I have seen no reason why any dissident should desert his party or his leader, the Marquis of Hartington, who up to the present time has led us with conspicuous ability and loyalty."

Referring to the Land Bill, Mr. Chamberlain said: "I do not think the measure perfect; but as it stands, it is a great boon to the tenants." He referred in appreciatory terms to the Allotments Bill, which he said went far towards the realization of the hopes of Mr. Jesse Collings. If it were passed both the Government and the dissident party would have a legislative record of which no man need be ashamed. [Cheers].

"The recent elections," Mr. Chamberlain said, "seems to have perplexed a great many of our friends. I read the other day that the elections showed that the dissidents were wiped out of existence. But I am glad to find that there are still a good few existing who, when the next general election is held will give a good account of themselves. [Cheers.] We are told that the bye-elections prove that the country is returning to its loyalty to Gladstone. The country never wavered in its loyalty to Gladstone. It thought Mr. Gladstone grievously mistaken, but it has not lost its sense of gratitude for his past services. It will be a happy day for all when Mr. Gladstone enables us to again range ourselves on his side. [Cheers.] I complain that the recent elections were won under false colors. Mr. Gladstone's candidates adopted radical Unionist principles and only gained majorities by throwing overboard altogether Mr. Gladstone's policy comprised in the two great bills we opposed in 1886. This constitutes the greatest danger of our present situation. These gentlemen declare that they accept our conditions and concede to our objections, but their leader, Mr. Gladstone, is either silent or so vague that it is possible that the people will interpret him in altogether different ways. Consequently if Mr. Gladstone returns to power he will be entirely unpledged, and if he thought it his duty to revert to the policy we once have defeated, I have sufficient confidence in the firmness, resolution and consistency of the eager converts and repentant sinners, as the Gladstonians call them, to believe that they would stand by their colors instead of blindly following Gladstone, even if he led them by the path which they declare they have forever abandoned."

In conclusion Mr. Chamberlain emphasized the necessity of maintaining the Unionist principles to which they had given adhesion.

An Urgent Whip Issued.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Mr. W. H. Smith, Government leader in the House of Commons, has issued an urgent circular to the Conservative members of the House. He tells them it is imperatively necessary that the Government be strongly supported in the House during the remainder of the session, and he entreats them to remain at their posts and to decline to pair. This whip is the strongest that has been issued for many years.

Mr. Parnell and a number of Irish Nationalists departed to-day for Paris.

Mr. Timothy M. Healy declared in a speech at Harwich this evening that if the National League was a dangerous association before the proclamation the Government would find it ten times more so now.

Dublin to Protest.

DUBLIN, Aug. 20.—A meeting of citizens of Dublin will be held in the rotunda on Tuesday, the Lord Mayor presiding, to protest against the proclamation of the National League. Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien and several English members of the House of Commons will address the gathering.

Mr. Balfour is at the Castle in consultation with the officials there.

How New York Irishmen View It.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Irishmen here say there never was a proclamation of a national organization issued before in Ireland which will meet with such a determined resistance as this one. They say it will be simply impossible to put down the National League, and that if money flowed into Ireland before from this country in thousands it will be certain to do so now in increased volume.

Michael Giblin, President of the Home Rule Club, said: "You are certain to see bloodshed and slaughter more horrifying that what was witnessed during the worst days of the Forster regime. There will be collisions with the police and soldiers; there will be attempts to rescue those arrested under the Crimes Act, a more determined and general resistance to evictions and stubborn fights all around to keep Nationalist meetings going on in spite of the well-appointed armies of Great Britain that will be sent to scatter and shoot them down."

The Red River Valley Road.

Winnipeg, Aug. 20.—The Red River Valley road was yesterday graded across the land of a man named Jenkins at Union Point, who had threatened to shoot the first contractor who set foot on his property. All arrangements were completed for arresting him if he attempted to carry out his threat, but he attempted nothing. It said that an injunction will be served on the contractors to day, forbidding them to prosecute the work further.

SALVATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS.

They Will Probably Come Out Unscorched—How Things Look Now.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—Although this is Sunday, still there has been a good deal of talk in town over the suspended Bank of London. It has been about the only thing that has received any attention in business circles and around the hotels. It has in a sense cast a gloom over the city. From the towns where the bank has branches comes much enquiry and anxiety. These are Ingersoll, Dresden, Brantford, Watford and Petrolia. They are all more or less affected by the suspension.

Mr. W. R. Meredith was in Toronto on Saturday in connection with the suspension, but he returned to town the same evening. Mr. T. G. Blackstock of Toronto arrived here this evening. It is said he will make an important move to-morrow, but in what direction is not yet known.

It is not at all probable that the liquidation of the bank's affairs—if liquidation is necessary, which is not certain—will cause much loss to the shareholders. There can be no loss to the depositors or bullholders, and for this reason: The amount of subscribed capital is $1,000,000, of which $212,973, or 20 per cent., is paid up. This leaves the shareholders liable for the balance, 80 per cent., and another million dollars—bank stockholders in such cases are liable for double the face value of their stock—making a total of $1,787,027. From this, however, will have to be deducted the $313,400 held by the absconding president, Henry Taylor, on which it is not likely anything to speak of can be realized. As the shareholders are mostly wealthy men, they will be good for any losses that could possibly have been sustained. This of course is looking at the matter from the worst point of view, as unless the bank's affairs have been so managed as to conceal the evidence of losses from the keen eyes of the Bank of Toronto's experts, the shareholders will be at the loss only of the cost of liquidation which would probably amount to in the neighborhood of $50,000. And it is not at all likely that there is anything wrong with the bank's books or that they show the condition of affairs in other than their true light, otherwise Taylor would not have taken advantage of the recent depreciation of its stock to buy in wherever he could get his hands on it, intending, probably, to realize when the temporary trouble had subsided.

There is no longer any doubt here that President Taylor's failure to appear when wanted to settle the transfer to the Bank of Toronto, was owing to fear of actions that might be taken against him in connection with Ontario Investment matters. There is where the whole trouble has arisen. The enquiry into its affairs has not yet concluded, but there is no doubt that things are about as bad as they can be. At least one stockholder in that concern believes that not only has the entire reserve of $500,000 been swept away, but a big hole made in the capital as well. Here comes in a very curious story if true. It is to the effect that Taylor when in London, England, placed $100,000 worth of bonds in the hands of a broker to sell, that the broker sold and immediately went into bankruptcy, that a liquidator was appointed who failed to liquidate, and hence a loss of $100,000 to the company. If this report be true then it need not be wondered at that Mr. Taylor does not wish to return to Canada at present.

It is almost certain that when Taylor went away it was with the intention of returning. He had intended quitting the country for good he would not have sunk any money buying up bank stock at low figure, he could have taken with him the 20,000 he drew before leaving and he would have cashed several thousand dollars worth of negotiable paper that he left behind. It is pretty certain that after he reached Alexandria Bay the news was received that decided him to remain. As to the Investment Company, if one-half the rumors about its affairs that are going about are true, the report of the investigating committee will tell the story of a financial disaster beside which the bank suspension will be a mere trifle.

THE MANITOBA RAILWAY WAR.

An Injunction to Restrain Contractors on the New Line Applied for.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 20.—The first blow has been struck against the Red River Valley Road. To-day an injunction to restrain the contractors from crossing certain lots on the line owned by a Mr. Browning, an agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, was applied for and granted. The application was ex-parte and stands until next Wednesday, when a motion will be made to continue. The bill of complaint sets forth that the road was graded within a short distance of the lots; that the intention of the contractors was to cross them forthwith, and that unless an injunction was issued at once a dumping car would be constructed and the values of the lots seriously impaired. The prayer was that Premier Norquay, Minister of Public Works Wilson, and the contractors be restrained from building the grade, laying ties or rails, and in any way constructing the road across the lots.

To-night a messenger from the scene bears the important news that the entire outfit of contractors turned out and, by working like beavers all day, succeeded in constructing the grade across the lots for which the injunction was issued.

FIRE AT MARKHAM

Property to the Value of $16,000 Destroyed—The Amount of Insurance.

MARKHAM, Aug 21.—Shortly before 3 o'clock this morning a fire broke out at the rear end of The Markham Sun printing office. The fire spread very rapidly, and Mr. Chauncey and family barely escaped with their lives. The fire extended south, burning Mr. Fleming's piano and organ store, owned by Mrs. Marr, and two stores and dwellings owned by Mr. Moore of Eglinton.

On the north side Mr. H. B. Reesor's beautiful residence caught fire on the cornice. The Speight Manufacturing Company's powerful steam pump began to play at once, but being short of hose had to send to Clarry & Robinson's Woolen Mill for extra hose before the stream could be brought to bear on Mr. Reesor's house which, being farthest away from the pump, was nearly consumed.

Loss on H. B. Reesor's house, $3000; on contents, $500; insured in the Waterloo Mutual, on house, $2000; contents, $300. The Sun printing office and dwelling and stable, owed by J. Robinson, loss $2000; insured in the British American for $1000. Mr. Chauncey's loss on presses, type, plant, paper, store goods and household furniture, about $7500; insured in different companies for $5000. Mrs Fleming's dwelling, owned by Mrs. Marr, loss about $2000; insured for $1200. Mr. Moore's loss, $1500; insured for $500. Cause of fire unknown.

DROWNED OFF GRIMSBY PARK.

A Young Man From Hamilton Loses His Life by the Capsizing of a Boat.

HAMILTON, Aug. 21.—James Stewart of this city was drowned in the lake at Grimsby Park last evening. A party of five young men went to the park yesterday in a sail boat. They anchored the boat a short distance off the pier and intended to stay at the park over night. When a storm came up in the evening and a heavy sea began to roll they concluded to go aboard, fearing that the boat would drag anchor and drift. Three of them, H. Fearman, W. Moore and Stewart put out from the pier in a skiff. When near the boat the skiff was swamped and capsized. A life preserver was flung out from shore and was seized by Moore, who could not swim, and he got safely to shore. Stewart couldn't swim, and Fearman tried to save him, and succeeded in getting him on the skiff, but he was washed off, sank and did not reappear. The body was recovered at noon to-day.

Stewart was a young Scotchman, 21 years of age, employed as a clerk by McPherson, Glasgow & Co., wholesale grocers. He had been in Canada five years. His only relative in this country is a brother living here.

Mr. Parnell's Opinion.

London, Aug. 21.—Mr. Parnell in an interview said the action of the government in proclaiming the National League was a gratuitous insult to the Irish, considering the present condition of Ireland. It was merely a move to cover the weakness of the Land Bill. If the bill did not protect tenants from eviction, trouble would be inevitable during the coming winter. Mr. Parnell postponed his departure for Dublin to attend the debate in the House of Commons.

For cleansing and preserving the teeth try Curtis' cheery tooth paste, only at the City drug store

A WAR-TATTERED TROPHY

THE ROYAL CANADIANS SENDING THE COLORS HOME.

A Young Farmer Killed in a Runaway Accident Near Ottawa—A Boy Robs His Employer of $127—A Young Man Released From the Penitentiary.

OTTAWA, Aug. 21.—In the spring of this year representations were made to the Canadian Government, through the War Office and the Colonial Secretary, that it was the wish of all ranks in the 1st Battalion of the Prince of Wales Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians) to offer the old colors of the battalion to the Dominion of Canada. Sir Adolphe Caron, the Canadian Minister of Militia, has now recommended that the present be accepted with thanks by the Dominion Government, with a view to their being suitably cared for as a memento of the distinguished corps which formerly carried them. The Canadian Government had decided accordingly and the colors will shortly be forwarded to the Dominion.

Found Dead on the Road.

Last evening a young man named Robert Curran and a friend named Johnson, both of the township of Gloucester, left the city together on their way home. Both were together in Johnson's wagon, Curran's team and wagon being hitched behind. After driving some distance that way Curran got into his own wagon and attempted to pass Johnson, who playfully drew across the road to prevent him, Curran pulled up and Johnson drove on but had not gone far when he heard Curran's team coming up at a rapid rate, and pulled out of the road to let them pass, which they did at a furious pace, having run away. Curran was not in the wagon, and going back a little Johnson found him lying on the road dead with his skull fractured. The horses had evidently been frightened in some way, and starting suddenly thrown Curran out, his head striking a large stone and killing him instantly.

He Knew the Combination.

Harry Throsbag, a lad of about 18, who came from Montreal about eighteen months ago and got employment with Dr. C. C. Stackhouse, surgeon dentist, skipped out on Friday night with $127 and is supposed to have gone to Toronto. Dr. Stackhouse is away, and his landlord was looking after his office for him. About 8 o'clock on Friday Throsbag went to the landlord for the key of the office, saying there was a small job which was wanted early in the morning and he would go to the office and finish it. He returned the key in half an hour. He knew the combination for opening the safe, and when the landlord went to it yesterday morning he found that Throsbag had made use of his knowledge and decamped with all the money there was in the safe.

I.O.F. SUPREME COURT.

How the Funds of the Order Will Be Invested—Election of Officers.

MONTREAL, Aug. 21.—The Supreme Court of I.O.F. resumed its session yesterday in St. Lawrence Hall and amongst the business done was the voting of $2000 to the Chief Ranger for services during the past year and further that in future he be paid $2500, and also to invest the funds of the order as follows: $10,000 in the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company; $10,000 in the Dominion Savings and Investment Company; $10 000 in New Brunswick debentures and bonds; $10,000 in City of Hamilton debentures; $10,000 in City of Toronto debentures; $5000 in Bank of British North America or Bank of Montreal; $10,000 in city or county debentures.

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: Supreme Chief Ranger, Dr. Oronhyateka; Supreme Vice-Ranger, H. C. Creed; Supreme Secretary, E. S. Cummer; Supreme Treasurer, T. G. Davy; Supreme Physician, Dr. T. Millman; Supreme Councillor, J. A. McGillivray; Supreme Auditors, R. Street and Thomas Lawless. All were elected by acclamation. The next meeting of the Supreme Court will be held at the Thousand Islands in 1889.

CUTLER'S NEW LINE OF ACTION.

He Discovers a Flagrant Abuse of the Marine Law by a Canadian.

BUFFALO, Aug. 21.—A Lockport special to The New York Tribune says: "Steamboat men on the Niagara River below Lewiston at Youngstown have made complaint to the Collector of Customs O. W. Cutler, at Suspension Bridge, of the flagrant abuse of the marine law by the str. Chicora between Lewiston and Toronto. The boat is a Canadian one and stops daily at Youngstown and then goes to Lewiston, another American port. A penalty of $2 for each passenger carried by a foreign vessel between two American ports is fixed, and the management of the steamer have been warned that they will be held to the law.

This will be news to the steamboat men on the Niagara River below Lewiston, and some one should hasten to tell them. The seekers will need magic appliances to find the steamboat men referred to, as their existence doesn't seem to be prominent. At least well informed residents of the river locality below Lewiston at Youngstown do not know where to look for the complaining steamboat men. Collector Cutler is probably working a new lake, his anti Canadian blue ground not having materialized to his complete satisfaction.

Fire at Ingersoll.

INGERSOLL, Ont., Aug. 20.—About 10:30 last evening a fire was discovered in Carroll' mill. Before the fire brigade could reach the place the fire had made such headway that all that could be done was to protect the surrounding buildings. The loss cannot be fully estimated. The insurance on the mill is $3000 and on the contents $1000.

A Waif From Hamilton.

DETROIT, Aug. 20.—The police found a girl wandering on the streets last night and took her to the Central Station. She gave her name as Annie Buckley and said she had run away from her home in Hamilton, Ont., with a young man a few weeks ago. She was deserted by her lover and left to take care of herself. The girl will be sent home.

Terrible Destitution in Newfoundland.

Quebec, Aug 22.—The *Chronicle* correspondent at Shigawake, County Bonaventure, says he is in receipt of news from the northwest coast of Newfoundland with regard to the cod fishery there which has always been good, but the present year is an exception to the rule as the fishery is a total failure so far and even at the present time many families are in a state of more than semi starvation. To make matters still worse the seal fishery in the spring also proved a failure. There is one small island on the coast upon which reside eight or ten families. In former years it was by no means uncommon for these families to have at this time of the year as many as two hundred quintals of fish apiece. Now they have not half that quanuity amongst them all. No one who has observed the state of affairs in Newfoundland as they at present exist, with even a careless eye, can but be convinced of their extreme gravity.

Nothing But "Be-tud."

Toronto, Aug. 22.—Two society young men quarreled about a young lady to whom they both were paying their addresses. They decided that nothing but blood would satisfy them and on Saturday night they, with their seconds, met in Rosedale ravine and one of them now has his arm in a sling. They declare it was only a hoax for the purpose of frightening the young lady but residents near the scene of the duel declare they heard two pistol shots. The young fellows are evidently ashamed of their conduct and are trying to laugh it off.

The prohibition camp at Simcoe was opened on Friday afternoon and will be continued till Tuesday evening. The prohibitionists are working energetically in view of a probable contest for the repeal of the Scott act.

THE LOST CITY OF MONTREAL.

No Tidings of the Boat That Sailed Away With Thirteen Occupants.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The New York agency of the Inman Line Steamer Company received no further news to-day regarding the burning of the City of Montreal. The office was quiet, and the usual routine business proceeded just as if nothing untoward had happened. Notwithstanding the publication far and wide of the list of missing passengers, no anxious relatives appeared to ask about their safety, and even if they had the company could only have told them that they also were as yet in the dark as to whether the first boat that left the doomed vessel's side had been picked up. They still cling to the hope that it had, as it was in the direct course of ocean ships.

A curious feature of the disaster is the comment excited in some quarters by the face of the missing boat containing the number of thirteen. That there were not more in a boat that could easily have held many more is said to be attributed to the cowardice of the thirteen who, in their anxiety to save themselves, pushed off before the life-boat had its full complement. Although there were several women and children on board, not one was taken in the boat.

Nothing definite has been learned about the insurances. The City of Montreal was undoubtedly fully insured. The company will compensate the passengers for their losses, and in all probability as many as desire it will be returned to this country without further charges. The official report of the occurrence will be made to the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce before the shippers to whom the cargo belongs can recover the amounts of their insurance.

There were rumors in maritime circles yesterday of a probable agitation in favor of laws forbidding the loading of cotton on passenger-carrying ships. Cotton is not a dangerous material in itself, but it possesses the peculiar property of treasuring up a little spark for days and weeks, and this spark is almost certain to cause a fire that cannot be extinguished.

A SMASH-UP AT HAMILTON.

Part of a Train Runs Down a Grade and Collides With an Engine.

HAMILTON, Aug. 20.—Freight No. 69 left for the west at 2 a.m., and as the train was light no pilot was sent along to help it up the long grade to Copetown. About half way between the Desjardins junction and Dundas station the train came to a stand owing to the fact that the one engine did not furnish sufficient motive power. The train was cut in halves and part went on to Dundas, while the caboose and four loaded freight cars were left standing on the track. After awhile they began moving down the grade to Hamilton station and started back at a speed that increased continually. No obstruction was encountered on the way until the cars ran right up the yard within a few hundred yards of the station. There a pilot engine barred their further progress. The caboose dashed into it, completely wrecking it and two lumber cars following. A brakeman sleeping in the cupola on the roof of the caboose escaped without injury, although nearly every part of the car was knocked into splinters. Robert Martin, driver of the pilot was rather badly shaken up but not seriously hurt. The pilot was badly wrecked. The track was cleared by 8 o'clock and no delay took place.

BACK AT DALHOUSIE.

Sir John and Lady Macdonald Conclude Their New Brunswick Trip.

DALHOUSIE, N.B., Aug. 20.—Sir John and Lady Macdonald arrived here last evening, having concluded their New Brunswick trip. Sir John was very much fatigued, having answered three addresses, made two speeches and shaken hands with over 2000 people in one day. He intends remaining quietly here a week to recoup, as he finds the air here very invigorating.

The fishing here is very fine—a party of Toronto and Montreal gentlemen caught 350 trout in the Nouvelle River on Thursday, and Mr. Mumo, Manager of the Bank of Montreal, Chicago, accompanied by Mr. Woodruff of Ottawa, caught nearly one hundred pounds of codfish to-day in one hour within a hundred yards of the hotel.

Among the late arrivals here are: Mr. John S. Hall, M.P.P.; Mr. and Mrs. Torrance, Mr. Sinea on [illegible] and Mr. C. E. Howard of Montreal; Messrs. Travers, Lewis and James Fletcher of Ottawa; Mr. F. Wyld and family of Toronto; Mr. Vandyke of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Shannon and Mr. Lewis Shannon of Kingston; Lord Alex. Russell and his son, Capt. Russell, A.D.C., of Halifax.

A DOUBLE SUICIDE.

Death of a Mother and Daughter in New York—They Feared the Bad House.

New York, Aug. 21.—The bodies of Malvina R. W. Payne, a widow, aged 60, and her daughter Anna, aged 25, were found, yesterday, in their room in a tenement house, at No. 51 Charles street. They had been dead since Tuesday, and their bodies were badly decomposed. A terrible gash was found in the right arm of each above the elbow, and by the side of the bed on the floor lay a large bottle which had contained a mixture of arsenic, morphine and laudanum. It was nearly empty. A blood stained razor was also found. The women had cut the arteries at their elbows and ankles and bled to death locked in each other's arms.

A letter written by the daughter was found addressed to to Miss H. A. Weed, sister of the late Thurlow Weed. The letter asked that the bodies be buried in a plot in the Albany rural cemetery, a deed for which was found. The letter added: "My mother has $191 in the Bleecker street bank for savings. I have money in the above bank, also in the Bowery Savings Bank on Third avenue. The amounts will pay all expenses, and what is left after the funeral expenses have been paid we both wish to be spent in taking care of the cemetery lot at Albany. We have saved this money for a little homestead, but that is all hopeless now. We are both helpless now as to our minds. We are not fit to take care of ourselves. The contents of our home are to be given to the poor."

A letter written by the mother stated: "We are all alone; no one to care for us. You and your dear brother have been our only friends. My darling daughter prefers death to being separated from her mother. We worship each other. We can not be separated. My darling is almost raving mad. Forgive us, for God only knows how we suffer." In another note, Mrs. Payne said: "We are both of us insane, my daughter and I. Insane and dread the madhouse. We want to lie with our families."

Miss Weed, who was out of town, was notified of the affair. The Payne family had lived in the house upwards of three years. They were quiet gentlewomen, and hailed from Albany county, where they had known the Weeds. The daughter was said to be a teacher in the East 12th street grammar school.

Indiana in a Bad Way.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—A special from Indianapolis says the financial embarrassments of Indiana are growing more and more serious. The last dollar in the general fund of the state treasury was paid out yesterday and there are no resources that can be drawn upon before December.

The Missing Boat.

London, Aug. 21.—The captain of the bark Traband cruised around the City of Montreal after the York City left the scene. There is therefore reason to hope that the missing boat has been rescued.

The Premier of Tonga.

London, Aug. 21.—The government has decided to allow Rev. Shirley Baker to remain at Tonga as Premier, but his future doings will be closely watched and the government will interfere if necessary.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

JUBILEE CLOTH,
JUBILEE CLOTH,
—AT—
Murray & Taylor's
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FULL RANGE OF THE ABOVE GOODS IN BLACK AND COLORED, BEING A DOUBLE FOLD
DRESS GOODS
WE INVITE INSPECTION OF THIS LINE, AS IT IS SOMETHING NEW.
ALSO, OF OUR MOIRE PLUSHES AND NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS.
A large and well-selected stock just to hand at
Murray & Taylor's, 176 Princess-st.

A ROW AT CHAUTAUQUA.

The Cottage Owners and the Assembly to Plunge Into Law.

JAMESTOWN, N.Y., Aug. 20.—The row at the Chautauqua Assembly grounds between the assembly management and the cottage owners is assuming enormous proportions and promises to devolve into a long and tiresome contest. Three arrests were made to-day. Deputy Sheriff Jenner left the city this morning supplied with an armful of papers which