THOUSAND ISLAND ROUTE.
By Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Rlt. To Utica, Albany, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, and points in northern New York, Via R., T.I.R., and N.Y. Central Railways.
T. HANLEY, General Ticket Agent.

The Kingston Daily News.

Now that the Warm Weather Has come, Citizens can get Mill Wood at THE RATHBUN COMPANY YARD
For $1.50 per cord before it is piled, and it soon dries fit for use. Carted to any part of the city for 25 cents per load.

VOL. XXXVI. KINGSTON, CANADA, SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1887. NO. 240.

THE VETS AT SUPPER

THEY HAD A GRAND SPREAD LAST NIGHT

The Toasts which were Proposed and Responded to—The Names on the Roll—A Pleasant Time.

The veteran volunteer force of Kingston had a reunion last evening at Harkness' hotel. Two long tables were set and the spread was a good one. Over eighty sat down and did justice to it, and a pleasant time was spent. Captain Minnes and Captain H. Cunningham presided at the heads of the tables, and the vice chair was filled by Captain E. Horsey.

Captain Minnes read a letter of regret from Col Callaghan, as follows:

Dear Captain Horsey—I regret very much that it will be impossible for me to meet with my comrades of 1866 and '70 at their jubilee reunion this evening. Yours sincerely,

DANIEL CALLAGHAN.

Capt. Minnes gave the first toast, "The Queen," prefacing it with appropriate remarks. "God save the Queen" was heartily sung by the company. Captain Cunningham then gave the "Governor-general and the Lieut. Governors," speaking in glowing terms of the Governor-general, and referring to the pleasure it gave him in seeing a Kingstonian of such talent occupy the position of Lieut.-governor. All felt proud of Sir Alex. Campbell. "For he's a jolly good fellow" was sung.

Capt. Adams toasted "the army and navy and volunteers of Great Britain and Canada." Referring to them he said their actions spoke louder than words. Pluck was the well known quality of the British army and navy, and it had always been exemplified by the volunteers of Canada in the way in which, at all hours of the knight or day, they had answered the call to arms in defence of their country.

Here the band that led the vets arrived, led by Mr. Wm. McCammon, and played the "British Grenadiers."

Mr. R. M. Horsey, in giving the toast of the "Officers and members of the veteran force of Kingston," said he was not a member of the 14th, but had always been intimate with the battalion, his family having furnished it with several members, among them a "colonel" of the day. He had always taken great interest in the force. He paid them a visit when at Cornwall on duty, and took charge of a hamper of "goodies" for them sent by some of their friends, who thought they were being starved. All Kingston felt proud of the appearance the 14th made on Barriefield common.

In replying, Captain Minnes spoke of the pleasure he experienced in being again associated with so many of his old companions in arms. He liked to call up old times and trusted that they would have more such gatherings in the time to come. A roll of the veterans should be kept to refer to for future calls.

THE COMMANDING OFFICER SPEAKS.

Capt. Horsey said the old boys felt as young as ever when in the ranks at the review. He referred to the compliments paid them by Col Boulton the commanding officer of the day for their solid, soldierly bearing, and the manner in which they marched past and performed their evolutions, and also to the praise given them by Col Campbell. The veterans' force should turn out at least once a year. The old boys were always "happy, to meet again."

Capt. Cunningham was glad to have had something to do in getting up the reunion, after a silence of twenty two years. The turn out had exceeded his expectations. They should keep alive their "esprit du corps," and keep up the organization. "It will do us good, and make us all feel younger," he said.

Capt. Minnes then toasted the health of "Capt. Horsey," who had been addressed by the commanding officer as "colonel," saying that from the time he joined the 14th as a private to the present day he had proved himself a thorough soldier. "For he's a jolly good fellow" was sung.

Capt. Horsey returned thanks, saying he had always felt a pride in doing his duty. He felt proud of having the command of the veterans at the review. The roll should be preserved. The vets should meet again next year, and it might be well to have a few meetings for drill during the year.

Sergeant Simmons, well known as an energetic army man, sang "Rule Britannia" in good style.

Captain Cunningham toasted "Bugle Major McCammon and his band." "For they are jolly good fellows" was sung, and then Mr. McCammon replied, afterwards proposing the healths of the "non-commissioned officers of the veterans force of '66 and '70." The toast brought forth replies from Color Sergt. Dunlop, Corpl. Healey and others.

Major Hunter proposed "Those who have passed away," and then referred to the duty the two Storrington companies did during the Fenian raid. The toast was drunk in silence.

After the roll was called by Sergeant-Major Jones the band played "God save the Queen" and the proceedings terminated. Here is a list of the veterans:

Col E Horsey, Capt J Minnes, Lieuts H Cunningham and J Adams, Sergt-Major O Jones, Col Sergts W Baillie, W Dunn, W Dunlop, A McMahon and G Watson, Bugler W. Mawhinney, privates F Tweddell, J Spooner, J Bennett, C Agger, S Davey, M S. Sutherland, A Simmons, A Macalister, T Barlow, M Claxton, C Smeaton, W Meek, J Allen, J Jamieson, J Baker, R Hewton, J Flynn, W Redmond, J Reid, J Murray, S Birch, E Lynn, T Pope, W McNiece, S Sutherland, W Hogan, J Laird, E Folkes, M Donnelly, C G Sarsfield, T Smeaton, G Hunter, J H Anderson, A Horn, A Carr, H Crothers, P Clark, J Barclay, A Macdonald, J A Greenwood, J Newton, W Skinner, P Ryan, L Verbeck, E Verbeck, S Gilmore, T Cambridge, J Harkess, J Graham, G Young, H Bawden, A C Grant, T Moore, W H Neilson, J Maloney, H Ruttan, W Miller, R Grant, J Schroder, G Healy, H Scott, J Ballantyne, F Morrison, F Tracy, J Evans, A Ritchie W McCammon, A Carr.

Harrowing Scenes in China.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—J. F. Bancroft, U.S. Vice-Consul at New Chwang, China, sends to the State Department a harrowing account of a trip made by him through the flooded districts of China. He was distributing food and necessaries of life to the starving people, and relieved 396 people. He says he found the people generally living on bran or the chaff of a large grass grown for feeding cattle. These were reduced to eating chopped grass, either moistened with hot water or baked in cakes, while others fed on the leaves and seeds of weeds gathered in the fields.

In some of the villages half of the dwellings had been washed away, and the inhabitants were huddled together in the remaining ones. The deaths from starvation had been very numerous, and the sights he saw in some of the villages were pitiable.

Heavy Deliveries of Wheat at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 1.—The deliveries of wheat on the Board of Trade to-day were very heavy. One firm is reported to have put out

MR. ERASTUS WIMAN.

Popularity of the Great American Advocate of Commercial Union.

Dufferin Lake, July 1.—A great meeting of the farmers of the county of Dufferin was held here to-day for the consideration of the question of commercial union with the United States. The meeting took the form of a reception to Mr. Erastus Wiman, of New York. Mr. Wiman was accompanied by Mr. Jackson Wallace, New York; Hon. Benjamin Butterworth, Ohio, and General Waul, of Galveston, Texas. Mr. Wiman and his party came up from Toronto on the morning train, and left the cars at Cataract under a burning sun. Mr. McMillan, of Orangeville, met the party and drove them to Dufferin lake, where a large party of the farming community was assembled. Speeches were made by Hon. Ben. Butterworth, Gen. Waul, Hon. W. McDougall, Mr. J. Wallace, and Mr. Wiman, who spoke in reply to a complimentary address. Mr. Alex. McLean moved, seconded by Mr. W. H. Hunter, "That this meeting is favorable to the scheme of commercial union, and trusts that its early adoption may be consummated on such terms as will be equitable to us as Canadians and in no way derogatory to our relations with the mother country." The resolution was put to the meeting and unanimously adopted. The ground was then dedicated "Wiman park," and the proceedings terminated.

M. ROUVIER.

Some Information about the New Premier of France.

M. Rouvier's recent consent (in May of 1887) to form the new ministry of France—after it was declined by M. D. Freycinet, Clemenceau and Floquet—has accepted by President Grevy with a sort of heartfelt gratitude, as leading to a final settlement of a very knotty problem. M. Rouvier, as premier and minister of France, has formed the cabinet and hopes are entertained that it will not be as short-lived as the preceding one, to which General Boulanger held office and when General Ferron now succeeds. M. Rouvier's statement of his future policy, which he read to the chamber of deputies, was concise and to the point, urging financial reforms and retrenchments, the new budget would be prepared in accord with the vote of the Chamber. He would maintain his predecessor's (Goblet) Cabinet's military bills and announced the determination of the ministry to resign unless they could obtain and hold the republican votes in the chamber. M. Rouvier also said that his foreign policy would be firm and prudent, and preparations for the exhibition to be held in 1889 would be actively forwarded. He also promised that the ministry would firmly apply the existing legislation on education and concluded by saying that the cabinet relied upon the support of the masses. M. Rouvier is apparently 48 or 50 years of age and has had ample opportunity during his lifetime to fit himself by experience and application for the position he now fills. He has served in various political positions from which he has withdrawn with eclat. The policy adopted by him when officiating as minister of commerce and agriculture won for him much praise and President Grevy is fully satisfied that he will give the administration good and efficient service.

Telegraphic Briefs.

R. W. Boyd, the sculler, is dead.

The forthcoming marriage of the emperor of China is officially announced.

Ex-Governor Gilpin of California has been granted a divorce from his wife.

A strike of weavers in Cohoes, N.Y., has struck idle 400 out of the 6000 looms in the Harmony mills.

The Queen in a kindly letter thanks the women of the kingdom for the gift on their ocession of her jubilee.

A fifteen-year-old boy was badly mangled by a leopard in Barnum's show at Springfield, Mass., this morning.

A secret meeting of the Dominion grocers' association was held in Montreal, at which it is understood a proposition to raise the price of sugar was discussed.

Prince Ferdinand says he will accept the Bulgarian throne if the sobrange elects him. It is thought that all of the European powers except Russia would acquiesce in his election.

Mrs. Bell, an Ottawa boarding house keeper, has entered an action against Sir Charles Tupper to recover $250 as payment for services as a private detective on the Intercolonial railway in 1881.

The loss of revenue consequent upon closing the saloons, in St Joseph, Mo., has forced the authorities to shut off the gas and electric lights and dismiss all the firemen and all the policemen but two.

The oil producers of the Lima, Findlay and North Baltimore fields have signed an agreement with the Standard oil company to cease production for nine months in order to give the Standard company a chance to find a market for Ohio's crude oil as fuel.

Over one hundred English, Scotch and Welsh members of the house of commons have signed a memorial to the president and

A GREAT DAY OF JUBILEE.

TORONTO THE SCENE OF AN IMPOSING DEMONSTRATION.

Ten Thousand Processionists in Line—Immense Crowds on the Streets and at Exhibition Park—Patriotic Speechifying—No Accidents.

TORONTO, July 2.

"The biggest thing of the kind ever seen in Toronto" was the unanimous verdict of the tens of thousands who participated in and witnessed the Queen's jubilee demonstration yesterday. And so it was. The procession was immense and imposing, the crowds innumerable and enthusiastic, the weather sultry, but fine and the affair a grand success, passing off without serious accident.

The celebration was of a dual nature, in honor of Her Majesty's jubilee and the Dominion's twentieth birthday. All Toronto took a holiday, and the buildings and streets wore a gala appearance. While thousands of old and young left by boat and train for a day's pleasure abroad, thousands upon thousands remained at home to jubilate, and jubilate they did in great style. The heat was intense, the thermometer scoring as high as 86 at 4 in the afternoon, but the people's enthusiasm and spirits seemed to rise with the mercury and the enjoyment was general. Flushed and perspiring faces were seen on every side and cooling drinks were in universal demand.

Formation of the Procession.

The different bodies who took part in the procession met at their respective headquarters good and early, and marched to their place of assignment on the side streets running off Jarvis street from the City Hall as far north as Shuter. By 11 o'clock this region was a crowded mass of humanity, and music and the sound of many voices filled the air. Ald. Piper, well mounted and with a heavy pink silk sash flung across his manly bosom, was grand marshal, and he had Capt. J. Edward Hughes of England for his aide. A start was effected precisely at 11 o'clock, and was announced to the waiting multitude by the pealing of the neighboring bells. Mounted police led off and kept the route clear. Then came the Mayor and aldermen in carriages. Hon. Oliver Mowat rode with His Worship. Following were cabs containing trustees of the Public and Separate Schools, the Industrial Exhibition directors and Public Library trustees. The horses drawing the carriages were gaily plumed. Walker's band was the first in the procession. Then came the following societies, military corps and organizations in the order mentioned, bands being freely sandwiched in, and banners and flags as thick as the proverbial leaves in Valambrosa:

Retired officers; Army, Navy and Militia, in uniform; Veterans, Army and Navy; Veterans, Volunteers; Governor-General's Body Guard; Toronto Field Battery; Garrison Artillery; Queen's Own Rifles; 10th Royal Grenadiers; Irish Protestant Benevolent Society and Sons of Ireland; Sons of Canada; St. David's Society; Sons of England; St. George's Society; Young Men's Protestant Benevolent Association; Orangemen; Knights of Pythias; A. O. United Workmen; Manchester Unity Oddfellows; Knights of the Maccabees; Peter Ogden Lodge Oddfellows; Toronto Butchers' Association; The Toronto Fire Brigade, &c.

In the Park.

Mayor Howland made an Anti-Commercial Union speech.

The Hon. the Premier of Ontario was then called upon by Mayor Howland to address the meeting. Mr. Mowat said that he had no intimation on coming there that day that he should be called upon to make a speech, but nevertheless he could devote the few minutes allotted to him without going into the question of commercial union, on which the Mayor had said so much. He would not say that he agreed or disagreed with those who advocated that question, but of this he felt assured, that if commercial union meant annexation with the United States or the severance of their loyalty and attachment to the Mother-Country, he would not go for commercial union, nor would the people of Canada. [Cheers.]

A Strong Sentiment of Loyalty.

He was glad to hear and see the strong sentiments of loyalty manifested by the people of Toronto that day. He had the same faith in the progress of this fair Dominion as had the Mayor, and he hoped they all shared in it. People might complain that they had not got enough for their money—complain that the public moneys were wasted; but it this were so the public themselves were responsible for it. The country could stand it, and more than it. He was happy to see and rejoice that the people of the capital of his native province were fully in accord with those of Ontario, and indeed the whole Dominion, in their genuine loyalty to their Queen and to their country. [Cheers.]

He had never witnessed a more magnificent procession, or greater enthusiasm than that displayed in Toronto that day. They had there that day the sons and daughters of old England, the sons and daughters of dear Scotland, and the sons and daughters of the beautiful Emerald Isle (whose troubles he trusted would soon be at an end), all joining with Canada in celebrating the jubilee of their beloved Queen, and their enthusiasm was but the outcome of their loyalty. In all ages men were found willing to make great sacrifices at the shrine of loyalty, and even to face death itself. This, however, was a time of peace and jubilee, but should the time come again when the people of Canada might be called upon to make sacrifices in the cause of loyalty, they would, he felt sure, be as willing to do it as they were in the past. [Cheers.] They loved the dear Old Country and her Queen, but they loved Canada too.

If they compared their Dominion with the United States, they would find that they had nothing to be ashamed of. [Hear, hear.] A comparison of the statistics of both countries for the past half century would show that the percentage in every department was greater in Canada than it is, on the aggregate, in the United States; and as Canada had prospered in the past, so she would in the future. [Cheers.]

In speaking of the representation of the people, he held that the President of the United States was elected by a voice of not more than one-half of the people, and the other half might be adverse; but the Queen of Britain was the unanimous choice of a free and loyal people. [Cheers.]

Movements of Ministers.

OTTAWA, July 1.—There was a meeting of Council to-day, but it is understood that only routine business was transacted.

The Department of Public Works has awarded the contract for the residence of the superintendent of the Experimental Farm here to Fred Toms of Ottawa, who was the lowest tenderer. The price is understood to run about $10,000.

Parliament at its last session made provision for an accountant for the Department of Justice and I understand that Mr. Narraway, son of Mr. Narraway of St. John, N.B., has been appointed to the position.

Hon. Mr. Thompson, Minister of Justice, leaves for Halifax to-morrow on business connected with the seizure of American fishing vessels and will be absent about a week.

Hon. Mr. Foster, Minister of Marine, expects to leave for Quebec to-morrow to start on his tour down the Gulf and around the fishing grounds.

Sir Hector Langevin goes to Quebec to-morrow for a few days, returning probably on Thursday.

The Combination at Orangeville.

ORANGEVILLE, July 1.—The Wiman combination reached here this evening and addressed the large crowd that had assembled at the lacrosse grounds to witness the fireworks. Messrs. Wiman, Butterworth, Waul and Hon. Wm. Macdougall were the speakers. They spoke in the same strain as characterized their efforts at the Lake. To-morrow the party go to Drayton, where they are promised a good reception.

A Colored Bishop Dead.

XENIA, Ohio, July 1.—Bishop James A. Sheeter, of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, died suddenly of heart disease to-day at his home in Wilberforce.

Dom Pedro Sails for Europe.

RIO DE JANEIRO, July 1.—The Emperor Dom Pedro has sailed for Europe on the steamer Gironde.

A Murderer Hanged.

LOUISVILLE, July 1.—Albert Turner, colored, one of the murderers of Jessie P.

UNITED STATES' CROP REPORT.

Winter Wheat a Failure in Several States—Other Crops Fair to Middling.

ROCHESTER, July 1.—The American Rural Home, from its 5000 special crop correspondents—all parts of the country, summarizes the present condition of the crops as follows:

We are beginning to reap the effects of the dry spring and of the dry weather of last year. The bulk of the winter wheat is already secured and without a drop of rain in Illinois, one of the best in the winter belt, the crop has been a failure. Kansas has been overrun with insects and the crop is practically a failure. Missouri is not coming up to expectations owing to dry weather. Indiana sends favorable reports, but in Ohio the crop is uneven and varied in quantity. In Michigan the crop is not yet secured, but indications point to a small crop. The crop is likely to be slow to move.

The reports of spring wheat are conflicting. The Northwest has been free from insects, but the yield will not be equal to that of last year.

Corn is in splendid condition. Cultivation has been thorough, and thus far there has been no trouble from dry weather. Kansas is the only exception in the great corn belt.

The oat harvest is much earlier than usual. In Kansas the crop is poor. Iowa and Nebraska show up better, but Minnesota and Dakota will have feed to spare. Illinois has a large acreage and a good crop. As a whole the yield is likely to equal that of 1886.

The grass crop is largely a failure, attributable quite as much to the dry season of last year as to the drouth of this.

THE HALF-BREEDS' COMMISSION.

An Action Against the Minister of Finance for $550.

OTTAWA, June 30.—The Secretary of the Interior Department has received information from the Halfbreeds' Commission to the effect that Commissioners Goulet and Cote had reached Prince Albert, whence they will descend the Saskatchewan River by steamer to Lake Winnipeg, visiting the various settlements and adjusting claims at the various settlements en route. The places to be visited are Fort A'Lacorne the Pas, Cumberland House and Grand Rapids. They will also visit Norway House, Beren's River and Fort Alexander on Lake Winnipeg.

The Northwest Central Railway meeting to have been held yesterday afternoon for the purpose of awarding contracts, was postponed.

The Free Press to-night states that Mrs. R. R. Bell, wife of an employe of the House of Commons, has brought an action against Sir Charles Tupper personally for $550 for alleged services as a private detective on the Intercolonial Railway in 1881. It is stated that Bell was employed as a sort of detective and spent some months on the line of the Intercolonial, being accompanied by his wife. Bell was paid for his services, and now Mrs. Bell claims that she did something for which she wants to be paid.

The Concordat of France.

PARIS, June 30.—A majority of the committee of the Chamber of Deputies, appointed to study the question of the separation of Church and State, approve M. Boysset's project for the abrogation of the Concordat.

The main articles of the scheme are as follows: The republic will respect all religions, but will grant subsidies or special privileges to none. Various regulations and laws will be repealed. The departments and communes will retake possession of various religious edifices and real and personal properties. Ministers in receipt of a Government stipend and over 50 years of age will receive a life pension of 1000 francs yearly; if under 50 they will be entitled to a lump sum, the maximum amount to be 800 francs. Citizens may form religious societies or syndicates without Government authorization under the law relating to professional syndicates, and municipal councils will be empowered to let edifices to such syndicates.

The Failures of the Week.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days are, for the United States, 155, and for Canada, 20; or a total of 181 failures, as compared with 197 last week and 213 the week previous to the last. The total for the corresponding week of last year was 179, made up of 159 in the United States and 20 in Canada.

An Insane Man's Doings.

MORRISTOWN, N.J., July 1.—This morning John Wilson, in an insane fury, attempted to murder his daughter. She ran out and her mother interfered. Wilson then shot his wife through the heart, killing her instantly. Reloading the gun Wilson committed suicide, horribly mutilating himself. He leaves a family of children.

The New German Loan.

BERLIN, July 1.—Subscriptions for the first 1,000,000 marks to the new Imperial loan will be opened on July 5 at all the great banks of the Empire. It is expected there will be a rush of applicants for the loan as the rate of issue, 99, is about 70 pfennigs under the present quotations.

Fire at Orangeville.

ORANGEVILLE, July 1. To-day at noon a fire broke out in the premises of The Advertiser printing office. The flames spread rapidly and totally destroyed The Advertiser office and the office of the Great North Western Telegraph Company next door. The origin of the fire is unknown. No insurance.

Charged with Fraud.

DETROIT, June 30.—George Ferguson of Lotus, Ont., was arrested this afternoon on a debtor's warrant, issued on complaint of Sampson & Kennedy's dry goods firm, Toronto. Ferguson started in business at Lotus an I bought stock of the firm. He sold out in March still owing them upwards of $538, and fraud is charged.

Ferguson has been in Detroit with his family since April. He lives on Michigan avenue, and was arranging to go into business here. He had received shipments of goods from Canada.

Fire on a German Steamship.

LONDON, July 1.—A fire was discovered on June 26 in the cargo of the North German Lloyd steamer Fulda from New York. The discovery was made after the vessel had left Southampton.

It required twelve hours of hard work to quench the flames, and it was necessary to jettison twenty-two chests of tobacco and forty bales of cotton from between decks. Other cargo in the same compartment was damaged by fire.

Railway Dividends.

NEW YORK, June 30.—The directors of the roads in the Vanderbilt system met to-day and declared the following dividends: New York Central, 1 per cent. for the quarter; Lake Shore, 2 per cent. for the half year; Michigan Central, 2 per cent. for the half year, and Canada Southern, 1½ per cent. for the half year.

The Failure of McIver & Barclay.

MONTREAL, June 30.—It is not decided yet whether McIver & Barclay, stock brokers, will continue business. Their liabilities are in the neighborhood of $15,000 and their assets total $8000. Their creditors are L. J. Forget, $11,700; J. E. Brais, $2000; A. F. Clerk, $1900; and others in small sums.

A Blaze at Gravenhurst.

GRAVENHURST, Ont., June 30.—Chew's lumber mill at West Gravenhurst was burned this morning. The weather was calm and consequently the fire did not extend to the lumber or the other buildings. The mill was partly insured.

Heavy Damages for Libel.

VICTORIA, B.C., June 30.—In the libel suit, Walkem v. Higgins, the plaintiff being the late Premier and now Judge of the Supreme Court in British Columbia, and the defendant the late publisher and proprietor of The Colonist newspaper, the jury to-day awarded $2500 damages.

The case will be appealed to the Divisional Court and, if necessary, carried to the Supreme Court of Canada. The libel consisted in reproducing certain sworn evidence which was commented on unfavorably to the plaint-

DEBATING THE LAND BILL.

THE HOUSE OF LORDS GIVES A FEW HOURS TO IRISH MATTERS.

Earl Spencer Says the Bill is not Worth Considering, as It Would Not Relieve the Tenants, nor Settle the Difficulties Now Existing.

LONDON, July 1.—In the House of Lords this evening, on the report stage of the Irish Land Bill, the Earl of Dunraven said that there were 300 amendments waiting which might almost recast the bill, many of the provisions of which derogated from the main object of the measures.

Earl Spencer declared that the bill would fail to bring about a settlement of the Irish question and was not worth considering, as it would not relieve the tenants. He did not think that the Government understood some of the clauses, because in some cases the clauses would injure tenants, and in other cases they would injure landlords. Tenants might be ordered to pay arrears in small instalments, but the payment of rent was not provided for. Therefore the tenant might continue paying instalments and allow the rents to accumulate. Directly the bill passed the courts would be crowded with applicants, whose cases would not be settled for years.

Lord Ashbourne, Lord Chancellor of Ireland, said that after the bill passed necessary evictions would not be open to harsh criticism. The bankruptcy clauses of the bill were fair to reasonable.

Baron Herschell said that the clauses dealing with evictions, in which power is given to lessees to go to court, were the only clauses worth anything.

Lord Salisbury said it was because the Liberals had tried to apply an impossible system to the relations between landlord and tenant that the Government was obliged to introduce the present bill. It was a pity that the Liberals had not foreseen these evils, so that the Government would not have to undertake the impossible task of introducing sanity into a landed policy, which was absolutely insane. [Cheers.] He did not regard the bill as a final measure, but he believed it would be an element in restoring peace and good will.

Earl Kimberley asserted that the bill of 1881 violated the rights of contract less than the present bill, which broke the contracts of 150,000 leasers.

LATEST SPORTING TOPICS.

News From the Baseball Field—Other Affairs in the Sporting World.

TORONTO, July 2.

The second day of the Glen Grove trotting meeting was well attended, but hardly up to the first day. The trotting itself was A 1 and well contested, although some little unpleasantness occured in the unfinished 2.34 race. Summaries:

Free for-all, purse $600. Mile heats.

W. Wright's (Lachine, Que.) b. g. Tommy H.	1	1	1
Alf Brown's (Toronto) b. g. Parke	3	3	2
A. Hunter's (Carleton Place) b. m. Little Vic	4	2	3
W. Bishop's (Strathroy) b. g. Victor	2	4	4
Time—2.34½, 2.34, 2.34½.			

Novelty race, the horse that reaches the wire the nearest to three minutes secures first money; $70 to 1st, $20 to 2d, $10 to 3d.

Mr. Macadam (Chippewa) gr. g. Tilden; time 3.00½, 2.57½				1
Mr. Wilby (Toronto), ch. g. Saladin, 2.49½	3.07½	2		
J. Fleming (Toronto), b.g. Billy Owens, 3.07½				3
Mr. Dixon (Toronto), br. g. Little Hero, 2.58½				4
Mr. Taylor (Toronto), ch. g. Jim Maclean, 2.56½				5
Mr. Hodgins (Toronto), gr. g. Grey Friar, 3.04½				6
Mr. McFarren (Toronto), b.g. Dundas, 3.12				7
Owen (Toronto), b.m. Cassinette, 3.20½				8
2.40 Trot.				
H. M. Garney, (Lachine, Que.) b.g. Geo. Hall jr.				1 1 1
Geo. Bringer, (Ogdensburg, N.Y.) b.g. George H.				3 2 2
Smith & Co., (Cannington) br.m. Maud S.				2 4 4
J. F. Scholes, (Toronto) blk m Shela				4 3 3
S. S. Dixon (Toronto) br.g. Photographer				5 dis
Time 2.34½, 2.36, 2.36½.				

Baseball.

Brilliant fielding was the characteristic feature of the play of the home team in the games against Buffalo yesterday. Sheppard and Oldfield were the battery for the Torontos in the forenoon game, and they worked together splendidly. Score:

BUFFALO	R.	B.	P.	A.	E.	TORONTO.	R.	B.	O.	A.	E.
Galligan, l.f	0	0	1	0	0	Alberts, ss	2	2	1	3	0
Hamburg, r	1	1	2	0	0	Slattery, l.f	2	1	3	0	0
Lehane, 1b	0	2	12	2	0	Crane, p	2	1	0	2	0
Grant, 2b	1	1	2	2	1	Casey, 1b	2	2	9	1	0
Remers, c.f	0	2	1	0	0	Beecker, 3b	1	1	1	1	0
Esterday, ss	0	0	1	4	0	Sheppard, c.f	1	1	1	0	0
Purdy, c. & p	0	0	7	2	0	Oldfield, r.f	0	1	1	0	0
Gray, 3b	0	0	1	1	0	Quinn, c.f	0	0	1	0	0
Purvis, c	0	0	1	1	0	Kerins, 2b	0	0	1	2	0
Walsh, p	0	0	1	3	0	Trafley, c	0	1	10	0	0
Total	3	6	27	15	1	Total	8	12	27	10	0

By Innings:									
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Toronto	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	4

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES.

											R.	H.	E.
At Utica:													
Binghamton	4	1	1	1	0	0	4	0	1	5	15	21	3
Utica	0	0	0	1	0	7	0	2	1	1	11	22	6
Batteries: Green and Kappell, Pendergrass and Hofford.													
At Scranton:											R.	H.	E.
Newark	5	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	5	4
Scranton	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	14	4
Batteries: Storey and Walker, Oberlander and Schriver.													
At Hamilton—Morning Game:											R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	11	5
Hamilton	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	12	0
Batteries: Parsons and Zimmer, Jones and Morrison.													
At Hamilton—Afternoon Game:											R.	H.	E.
Rochester	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	3
Hamilton	0	0	0	1	7	2	0	0	X		10	17	2
Batteries: Hay and Zimmer, Wood and Moore.													

National League Games.

At Detroit:											R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	1	1	2	0	1	3	1	2	2	0	13	17	3
Detroit	2	0	1	4	2	2	0	3	3	X	17	20	5
At Chicago:											R.	H.	E.
Washington	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	10	3
Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	9	1	3	X		5	9	4
At Pittsburg:											R.	H.	E.
Boston	2	0	2	0	4	1	0	0	6		9	14	6
Pittsburg	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	9	7
At Indianapolis:											R.	H.	E.
New York	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	5	11	2
Indianapolis	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	4		13	20	1
Batteries: Keefe and O'Rourke, Healy and Hackett.													

American Association Games.

At Cincinnati:											R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	5	15	3
Cincinnati	0	3	1	2	0	0	2	1	1	0	10	16	4
At Louisville:											R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	X		4	7	3
Louisville	1	0	3	0	2	3	2	5	X		16	20	3
At Philadelphia:											R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	9	11
Athletics	6	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	12	2
At New York:											R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	3	X		9	9	1
Metropolitan	1	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	7	13	7

The Locomotive Engineers.

OTTAWA, June 30.—The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers held their final secret session to-day, over three hundred members being in attendance. Grand Chief Arthur presided. The business was concluded at noon, the Grand Chief being given a farewell send-off a half an hour later, when he started for Fargo, Dak., where another meeting of engineers will be held next week. Mr. Arthur will then proceed to another session of railway engineers to be held in Florida next month.

Matters of a private nature were discussed at to-day's meeting, but it is understood that the Grievance Committee, after sitting here for a few days for the purpose of adjusting one or two local issues, will proceed to Montreal. In the latter city the Grand Trunk Railway authorities will be interviewed with the view of a better arrangement regarding the present mileage rate allowed the engineers. Any representations made will be

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Grist From the Mill of Perambulating Reporters—Little Bits of Local News.

Thursday was a poor business day.

The Bellevilles beat the Pictons by 31 to 13 recently.

No. 1 company of the 14th go to the butts on Friday.

It is said that the Belleville water works will cost near $360,000.

The thermometer registered 85° in the shade at noon to day.

The salvationists held an open air meeting in the Park yesterday afternoon.

Wanted—A good salesman for staple department. Apply to J. C. Hardy & Co.

Four men of No. 1 company of the 14th marched with the veterans yesterday.

The orangemen of Lennox and Addington will celebrate the twelfth at Tamworth.

Five minutes after the first edition of the NEWS was issued the bracelet advertised as lost was returned.

Lace and embroideries the cheapest in the city, at R. McFaul's.

Prof. Crocker's equine entertainment last night was excellent. It will be repeated to-night.

Mrs. McCue, a notorious woman, was arrested yesterday and this morning remanded to jail until Monday.

Call at McMahon's "Jubilee dry goods store" to night for hosiery, gloves, corsets, etc.

The Oswego Times says there are two clubs in that city which are superior to the Ontarios.

A beefsteak is tough—but the most tenderest and daintiest is a piece of our sugar cured ham or roast beef. James Crawford.

The mayor has the baseball prize money and will hand it over to the winners when called on to do so.

W. Warner, of South Fredericksburg, has a two-weeks-old calf which has only one fore leg.

Public opinion is in favor of ordered clothing as supplied by Lambert & Walsh.

Jas. Fisher, who has been suffering with cancer in the throat for some time, died yesterday. He was an upright man.

White piques, white sateens, check muslins, stripe muslin at very low prices, at R. McFaul's.

John Grahame, who owns a foundry at Stirling, was killed on Thursday by the bursting of an emery wheel.

The Maud has two cheap excursions to Cape Vincent on Monday, to-morrow and 4th of July celebration. See the advertisement.

The bell-boy of the Windsor hotel, while asleep last evening, was relieved of his watch and chain by a friend, who returned it to him to-day.

J. E. Jones has purchased from D. Henderson a piece of land adjoining his own property opposite the post office. He has now 66 feet on Clarence street.

The Belleville nine was given a grand reception on their return to that city from Kingston. They were met by a large crowd, at