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The Kingston Daily News.

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VOL. XXXVI. KINGSTON, CANADA, FRIDAY, MAY 27, 1887. NO. 211.

DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES SUBMITTED AND ADOPTED.

The Proceedings of the Executive Committee—The Divinity Students' Fund—Several Letters Read.

The executive committee of the diocese met at the synod committee rooms on Thursday morning at ten o'clock. Present: the ven. archdeacon of Ottawa, ven. archdeacon of Kingston; Revs. Canon White, J. W. Burke, R. Lewis, C. P. Emery, G. J. Low, R. L. Stephenson, A. Spencer, clerical secretary; E. Loucks, E. P. Crawford, J. J. Bogart, W. B. Carey, S. Tighe and H. Austin; Dr. Henderson, James Shannon, H. Hartney, Judge Reynolds, R. T. Walkem, Judge McDonald and R. V. Rogers, lay secretary. Revs. S. T. Stanton, A. W. Cooke, R. S. Forneri, K. L. Jones, B. B. Smith and F. Prime were also present.

The meeting was opened with prayer.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The secretary reported that the money received for the Ballycanoe church had been lodged with the Frontenac loan and investment society.

Judge Reynolds reported that Mr. Le Richeux having left the city, the committee had appointed Mr. J. R. McCann in his place. The judge reported verbally that the audit committee had examined the books and accounts and had found everything correct and the securities in their proper place.

The action of the audit committee was approved of.

A memorial relative to the parsonage at Bell's corners was read, requesting permission to mortgage the parsonage to pay off a debt due upon it. The necessary permission was given.

On motion of Judge McDonald the Revs. Rural Dean Carey, K. L. Jones, B. B. Smith, the clerical and lay secretaries, with the mover and seconder were appointed a committee to make the necessary arrangements for a church conference to be holden at the next regular meeting of the synod. The secretary reported at his request Sir John Macdonald had donated a set of the government census volumes to the library of the diocese. On motion of Judge McDonald the thanks of the committee were passed to Sir John for his kindness. Mr. Walkem reported that the matter referring to Oxford Mills had been settled satisfactorily.

REPORTS.

Rev. Mr. Tighe presented the report of the finance committee stating a number of accounts which had been paid. Carried.

The archdeacon presented the report of the mission board which briefly defined the operations of the board which can be seen by a reference to the report of the board in another column. The report was adopted.

Rev. Mr. Bogart presented the report of the divinity students' fund committee which was adopted.

Mr. Bogart also presented the report of the widow and orphans' fund committee which was adopted.

The Rev. K. L. Jones presented the report of the committee on the division of the diocese which was adopted.

The archdeacon of Kingston presented the report of the clergy superannuation fund which was considered very satisfactory and was adopted.

The Rev. E. P. Crawford presented the report of the clergy trust fund. The committee reported that the capital of the fund amounts to $262,918.24. The estimated income for the year amounts to $15,209.10. It was resolved that the next senior clergyman, Rev. A. W. Cooke, be placed on the list of annuitants.

The Rev. Mr. Stanton pretented the report of the book and tract committee which reported the outgoings for merchandise and expenses up to February, 1887, $482.15; receipts from sales, $318.59; balance due late Rev. H. E. Plees, $163.59. The report was adopted.

The Rev. Mr. Loucks presented the report of the episcopal trust fund committee, which reported that the mortgage securities, debentures belonging to this fund on the first day of May, 1887, were as follows:—

Cash capital	$34,798.00
	376.37
	$35,174.37
Overdrawn interest	3,500
	$38,674.37

The report was adopted.

The chairman reported that the lord bishop of the diocese would leave England on time to attend the centenary of the colonial episcopate to be held at Halifax, N.S., on the 11th of August, and left it to the committee to appoint the time on which the synod should be held. After discussion it was decided to hold the synod on the 11th of October at the city of Kingston.

A number of notices of motion for the ensuing synod were handed in.

The committee were dismissed with the benediction at 12 o'clock.

WIDOW AND ORPHANS' FUND COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the widow and orphan's fund committee was held at 8 p.m. Present: Rev. J. J. Bogart, chairman, Revds. S. Tighe, Canon White, G. J. Low and A. Spencer, Messrs. Judge McDonald, James Shannon, Dr. Smythe, R. V. Rogers, Judge Reynolds.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted.

The cash statement of the fund up to April 30, 1887, was presented and is as follows:—

1886. DR.		
May 1—To balance		$ 1,992 50
1887.		
April 30—Collections received		1,149 00
Subriptions received		545 00
Donations received:		
Mrs. F. W. Kirkpatrick	$ 200 00	
Mrs. L. T. Leathley	5 00	
Archdeacon of Kingston	5 00	
Rev. F. W. Dobbs	5 00	
Anonymous	2 00	
		$ 217 00
Interest received:		
On Debentures	$ 480 00	
On Mortgages	438 00	
Ontario Government Certificates	105 98	
Subscriptions	80 00	
		$ 1,104 18
Capital received:		
Ontario Government Certificates		163 70
		$ 5,171 47
1887. CR.		
April 30—By paid Pensions	$ 2,280 00	
Expenses	80 00	
		$ 2,360 00
Purchased Deposit Receipt		1,800 00
Balance		1,011 47
		$ 5,171 47
May 2—To balance brought down		$ 1,011 47
1887. CAPITAL		
April 30—To paid Pensions		$ 2,280 00
Expenses		80 00
Balance		24,401 47
		$26,761 47
1886.		
May 1—By balance brought down		$23,746 20
1887.		
April 30—By collections received		1,149 00
By subscriptions received		545 00
By donations received		217 00
By incerest received		1,104 18
		$26,761 47
May 2—By balance brought down		$24,401 47

Mrs. Plees, widow of the late Rev. H. Plees, was placed on the list of annuitants. The board adjourned.

DIVINITY STUDENTS' FUND COMMITTEE.

The divinity students' fund committee met at 2:30 p.m. Present: Revs. E. H. M. Baker (chairman), J. J. Bogart, A. W. Cooke, C. L. Worrell and A. Spencer; Messrs. R. V. Rogers and James Shannon.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. The secretary read the following account of the fund:

1886. DR.		
May 1—To balance brought over		$ 169 40
1887.		
April 30—Collections received		4 95
Exhibitions refunded in part of Messrs. Baker and Moore		250 00
Interest received:		
Debentures	$ 60 00	
Mortgages	181 50	
		$ 241 50
		$ 705 85
1887. CR.		
April 30—By paid Exhibitions		$ 200 00
Expenses		50 00
Purchased Deposit Receipt		250 00
Balance		205 85
		$ 705 85
1887. CAPITAL.		
April 30—To Exhibitions paid as above		$ 200 00
Expenses		50 00
Balance		5,605 85
		$ 5,855 85
1886. CR.		
May 1—By balance brought down		$ 5,319 40
1887.		
April 30—Collections received as above		4 95
Exhibitions refunded		250 00
Interest received		241 50
		$ 5,855 85

Letters were read from the Rev. Dr. Adams, principal of Lennoxville college, relative to a grant for Mr. Philip Stone, a former exhibitioner of the committee.

The following communications were read:

From Mr. G. S. Anderson, asking for an increased grant.

From H. H. Johnston, a former beneficiary of the board, requesting a grant.

From Mr. Geo. Bousfield, a former exhibitioner of the board, requesting information regarding a fresh grant from the board.

From the Rev. G. W. G. Grout, applying for a grant to his son, G. H. P. Grout, to enable him to keep his terms at Trinity college.

It was resolved that, in view of the state of the fund, the consideration of all applications be deferred to next meeting.

Resolved further that the clerical secretary be requested to keep on file a statement of each student to whom a grant is given by the board, which shall contain the date of his application, the amount of grant made, the conditions upon which it is granted, and each item in connection with said student until his ordination.

A communication was read from the Rev. C. L. Worrell, suggesting some changes in the constitution, which was referred to a special committee to report at the ensuing meeting of the synod, the committee to consist of the Rev. Mr. Bogart, Rev. Mr. Worrell and Mr. R. V. Rogers.

The committee was addressed by the venerable archdeacon of Kingston relative to the need of candidates for the ministry. The committee adjourned.

Marine News.

The steambarge R. Anglin is again loading ties for Cape Vincent.

The schr. America has cleared from Chicago with grain for Kingston.

The tug Jessie Hall left last night for Montreal with four barges laden with 80,000 bushels of grain.

Tett's barges are expected from Ottawa to night by the Rathbun company, with 380,000 feet of lumber.

The steamer W. Hall from Duluth to Kingston with wheat passed Port Colborne on Wednesday.

The tug Active arrived from Bay City last evening with the barges Bella, Jennie and Regina loaded with lumber.

The steambarge Saxon has been sold by Mr. S. H. Phippen, of Belleville, to Mr. Archie Muir, of Port Huron, for $5,000.

The schrs. Gold Hunter and Annie Falconer have been chartered by the Rathbun company to load lumber for Oswego.

It is expected that the propeller and schr. Grantham, will arrive to night at the M. T. Co.'s wharf, with grain from Chicago.

The schrs. Dauntless from Leamington with 9,790 bush of wheat; Gold Hunter, from Toronto, with 13,543 bushels of wheat; and Annie Falconer, from Toronto, with 12,500 bushels of wheat, are the arrivals at the M.T. Co.'s wharf.

Personal Paragraphs.

Rev. J. J. Haylock is convener and Rev. T. Webster secretary of the conference committee on statistics. The other members are the district secretaries.

Those who will be ordained in the First methodist church to night are T. S. Harris, A. A. Radley, James B. Hicks, H. A. Visser, F. H. Sproule, B.A., C. D. Baldwin, H. A. Young, R. C. Horner.

Mr. Harry Folger, B.A., of this city, has successfully passed the law examinations of Columbia college, New York, and received the degree of L.L.B. from that institution. Harry is to be congratulated on his success.

Mr. E. F. Wiser, of Prescott, was married on Tuesday to Miss Evelyn Longley, of Maitland, and left with his bride to take up his residence on his ranch in Texas. Both are well-known in Kingston.

Dr. Montgomery of the asylum for the insane, Hamilton, was stricken with apoplexy for the third time on Wednesday, but seems to be recovering. Dr. Montgomery was formerly assistant physician in the Rockwood asylum.

Dr. Harry E. Burdett, son of Dr. D. E. Burdett, of Belleville, has been appointed to the chair of chemistry in the St. Paul medical college. This is a high distinction for so young a practitioner. The many friends of the young professor in Kingston will join in congratulating him on this high testimony to his ability.

Elected by Acclamation.

To-day at twelve o'clock nominations for the vacancy in Sydenham ward, caused by the retirement of Justice McGuire, took place in the city hall. Joseph Swift was nominated by John O'Shea, and G. Laturney seconded the nomination. After waiting the time allotted by law Mr. G. McMahon, returning officer, declared Mr. Swift elected to fill the vacancy, as there were no other nominations.

The Verdict.

At 3:30 o'clock this afternoon the jury on the W. Cochlin inquest returned a verdict to the effect that deceased came to his death while lying on the track of the K. & P. R. in a state of intoxication, and that no blame can be attached to the officials or employees of the road for neglect of duty.

A Big Bonanza.

Your choice for $13.50. Z. Prevost is giving the choice of any piece of tweed in his window for $13.50 a suit, made to order, and guaranteed a first class fit. They are a range usually sold for $16.50 and are of Scotch, English and Irish manufacture.

Oranges and Lemons.

You can buy large oranges at 30c. and large lemons at 25c. per dozen, and every thing else of the best quality, low down in price at McRae's Golden Lion grocery.

This afternoon a Frenchman employed on an M. T. company barge fell into the hold of the craft, and dislocated his shoulder. Dr. Oliver attended to him.

DESTROYING ELEMENT.

NEW YORK PARTIALLY ENVELOPED IN A CLOUD OF SMOKE.

Further Details of the Paris Theatre Horror—The Conflagration in St. Petersburg of Incendiary Origin—Announced By Placards.

New York, May 27.—The Belt line car stables extending from Tenth avenue, between 53 and 54th streets, westward to about the middle of the Long block, took fire about 1:30 o'clock this morning. The hay made a brilliant blaze at first and soon clouded a large part of the neighborhood in dense smoke. The general call for all engines was sounded. The flames leaped across Tenth avenue, 53rd street and 54th street and set many frame dwellings and stables on fire. These were all destroyed. The police reserves from all the adjoining precincts were called out. The stables, which were of brick, were entirely destroyed. The rapid spread of the flames was due chiefly to the fact that a strong wind was blowing. The inflammable character of the building, divided up as it was into stalls with loose wooden partitions, and the great amount of hay and straw stored in it contributed to make the spread of the flames almost irresistible. There were very few watchmen or stablemen on duty and the flames were so fierce and spread so rapidly that only 25 out of the 1,300 horses in the stable were got out before the smoke and flames drove the men from the vicinity. The houses on the east side of Tenth avenue were two story from structures and burned fiercely, the inhabitants being forced to rush from their rooms to the street in their night clothes in order to save their lives. In the rear of the tenements was a large coal yard which caught fire. A six story tenement house on 54th street opposite the stables was next seen to be in flames. As far as is known all the tenants escaped with their lives and without serious injury, but none of them were able to save much furniture or clothing. The streets were filled with panic stricken occupants of the tenement houses, not only those whose houses had been burned over their heads, but others who feared that in so tremendous a conflagration their homes also would be destroyed. Notwithstanding the kindness of neighbors the night was a hard one for many who were thus rudely driven from their homes. Two policemen and a number of firemen were overcome by the heat but they all recovered. In the first few minutes the fire had gained headway, the horses screamed terribly but the dense black smoke from the burning hay and straw soon did its work. At a quarter to three the fire was burning in four separate blocks and on the west side it was spreading toward 11th avenue, the firemen being so closely occupied that they could not check it in this direction. The rear of the houses on 55th street to the north were also catching on fire. By three o'clock the fire was rapidly spreading to the southward and threatened to entirely consume the block bounded by 10th and 12th avenue and 53rd and 52nd street.

The fire was finally got under control at 4 o'clock this morning. The stables with their contents and the frame houses on the opposite side of Tenth avenue and down 54th street were destroyed. The loss will be over $1,000,000. Elizabeth Walsh aged 76, one of the occupants of the house, No. 540 west 54th street, which was burned, was sick in her bed. The police rescued her and brought her to to the side walk where she expired from fright and the shock.

The Theatre Conflagration.

PARIS, May 25.—The remains of three men and two women were found in the stage box, where the victims had taken refuge from the flames. It is ascertained that many bodies lie buried in the debris in the upper galleries, where escape was exceedingly difficult.

Late this afternoon the bodies of eighteen ladies, all in full dress, were found lying together at the bottom of the staircase leading from the second story. These ladies all had escorts to the theatre, but no remains of men were found anywhere near where the women were burned to death.

The walls of the theatre began falling this evening and the search for bodies had to be abandoned for the day. The library attached to the theatre was entirely destroyed with all its contents, including many valuable scores. Six thousand costumes were burned in the wardrobe.

Inquiries for Missing Relatives.

PARIS, May 26.—To-day 156 missing persons have been inquired for by relatives. They are supposed to have perished in the flames. The bottom of the theatre is flooded with water to the depth of five feet. Sixty bodies have been found floating in the water by the firemen.

The Opera Comique was insured for one million francs.

The Chamber of Deputies has voted a credit of 200,000 francs for the relief of sufferers by the Opera-Comique fire.

Fifty Bodies Already Recovered.

PARIS, May 26.—The work of searching for the bodies of victims of last night's fire was resumed to-night and a number more were exhumed. The official statement says fifty bodies have already been recovered. Mr. Revallon, a deputy, speaking in the Chambers of Deputies this afternoon, estimated that at least 200 persons lost their lives in the fire.

Paris, May 27.—Among the audience at the opera Comique, on Wednesday night, were General Boulanger, General Saussier, General Thibaudin, M. Goblet, M. Berthelot and the Marquis Ferronaye, prefect of police. They all escaped unhurt. An artist named Phillipe performed prodigies of valor in saving life. He mounted a ladder three times and saved three danseuses after they had been abandoned by the firemen. Eye witnesses confirm the statement that there was no panic until the gas was extinguished. The occupants of the boxes and stalls were able to get their overcoats and cloaks before leaving the theatre. The sudden darkness caused confusion, and the staircases were soon choked.

M. Clarite has granted the use of the theatre Francaise for a grand benefit to the victims of the opera Comique fire.

Paris, May 27.—The examination of the ruins of the opera Comique for the remains of victims continues vigorously. Twenty bodies have been found in the dining room. These victims had all met their death by suffocation. The firemen saw other bodies, but were unable to reach them. It is believed there are 150 more bodies in the ruins.

The St. Petersburg Disaster.

London, May 27.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg gives the particulars of the destructive conflagration which occurred near there on the 24th inst., by which sixty houses were destroyed. The fire was of incendiary origin. Placards were posted throughout the town on Sunday threatening that at 12 o'clock that night the villas would be in flames and on Monday similar notices appeared. When the fire did break out on Tuesday a raging wind carried the flames from one house to another and the fire could not be controlled until sixty villas had been destroyed. The loss amounts to several million roubles. The incendiaries have not been arrested.

Ald. Redden complains that some person or persons have stolen some of the flowers lately planted in the city park.

THE O'BRIEN'S PROGRESS.

The Crowd That Welcome Him in Montreal Groan for the Queen.

ALBANY, N.Y., May 26.—After his visit to the Assembly Chamber this afternoon Editor O'Brien was conducted to the Governor's room, where he was presented to the Hon. David B. Hill, with whom he conversed for a few minutes. The Governor expressed warm sympathy with Mr. O'Brien. Mr. O'Brien left by the 1.15 p.m. train on the Delaware and Hudson Railway for Montreal. The party had to go aboard without their tickets and were nearly missing the train as the ticket agent refused to take either English Bank notes or English sovereigns. "Well," said Mr. O'Brien, "that is about the most inhospitable treatment I have experienced so far. There is not very much about England that I like, but I certainly thought that British gold was current anywhere. However, I begin to see every day, more and more, the thorough independence of the American people, and every day, more and more, to admire it."

O'Brien's Friends Groan the Queen.

MONTREAL, May 26.—Wm. O'Brien and Denis Kilbride arrived at Bonaventure Depot to-night at 10.40. On alighting from the train Messrs. O'Brien and Kilbride and the New York correspondents were welcomed back by President Cloran of the National League and President Barry of St. Patrick's Society and deputations from Ottawa and Quebec. Fully 300 persons were at the depot and gave the party an enthusiastic reception. The crowd took the horse from the carriage in which the agitator rode and drew it to St. Lawrence Hall. The crowd groaned the Queen. O'Brien and Kilbride made the usual speeches and the meeting broke up without disturbance.

O'Brien is Tired.

Montreal, May 27.—Wm. O'Brien and Dennis Kilbride have spent the forenoon very quietly remaining in doors and receiving visitors. Mr. O'Brien looks tired and careworn and says he feels as if he needed a rest of two or three days. There will be a grand demonstration to night.

AT THE CAPITAL.

Deputations—The Railway Committee—The Queen's County Case.

OTTAWA, May 25. Messrs. Hickson, Wainwright and Bell of the Grand Trunk are here to look after legislation affecting their road. They say they are not trying to get into Winnipeg and that the story was got up by the Canadian Pacific Railway people.

Hon. Thomas White will visit the Northwest and British Columbia as soon after Parliament rises as possible.

The Railway Committee to-day took up the bill to construct a line from Woodstock to the Niagara River, but ultimately left it over until the representatives of other railways on the Peninsula could be present. The Athabaska and Peace River Railway charter was amended and the Chinook Belt and Peace River Railway withdrawn.

Sir Adolphe Caron to-day authorized the holding of the Brigade Camp at Ottawa this year. The men will go under canvas on June 21.

Ex-Premier Ross of Quebec is in the city, probably in connection with the Quebec Lieutenant-Governorship.

Mr. Angus McKay of Wolsley, N.W.T., and Mr. Betson of Whitwood, N.W.T., are here to study scientific farming at the Central Experimental Farm. They are qualifying for the position of managers of the proposed experimental farms in the Northwest and Manitoba respectively.

Mr. Baird of Queen's, N.B., is back again in his seat calm and cheerful. It is whispered that he went down home to resign his seat and face his opponent at the polls, and that the Conservative Association of Queens wouldn't listen to it on the ground that the Reform candidate should resort to the courts.

Ald. Baxter is here and Ald. Boustead is here. When the balance of the Toronto delegation will arrive, if they ever do arrive, is not at this writing given to the undersigned to know.

The Disallowance Act.

OTTAWA, May 27.—The House of Commons debated Mr. Watson's disallowance motion until 4 o'clock this morning. A vote was taken and the motion was defeated.

The Belgian Strikers Threatening.

BRUSSELS, May 26.—A committee of strikers have written to Premier Beernaert demanding universal suffrage and the abandonment of the cattle bill, and hinting that if he fails to reply before Sunday the strikers will march upon Brussels.

Bismarck Has Rheumatism.

BERLIN, May 26.—Prince Bismarck has for several days been suffering from muscular rheumatism. Every sudden movement he makes causes him much pain. His physicians have advised him to take complete rest.

Seven Mournful Women.

NEW YORK, May 25.—Seven women accompanied by eleven children attended the funeral of John Rate Holmes in Plainfield on Monday. Each asserted that she was his widow and that he was the father of her children. During the Tweed regime Holmes was City Surveyor of New York and some of the maps made by him are the most valuable property he left. He has lived on a little farm on the mountain side near Plainfield for the past twenty-two years, and during the greater part of that time his propensities for "heroic treatment" in connecting his housekeepers and his disagreements with neighbors had involved him in many lawsuits. But it was hard to find an officer brave enough to serve a warrant on Holmes and he was seldom molested. The present Mrs. Holmes was the old man's housekeeper and is in possession of his farm, but it is said the other women will make a legal fight for their share of it.

Regarding Tug-boats.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Recent correspondence with the Canadian Government has resulted in an understanding that the Canadian regulations in regard to the towing of vessels in Canadian waters and at Canadian ports by American tugs shall be amended so as to extend to American tugs when on Canadian waters "the same rights and privileges as are granted to Canadian tugs in American waters."

Complaint is made by the British Minister that the privileges covered by section 4370, revised statutes, have not been extended to Canadian tugs when visiting American harbors in the upper lakes. The Treasury Department has issued a circular to customs officers, calling their attention to the law on the subject and instructing them to allow Canadian tugs visiting American harbors full privileges under the law.

Hind Admits the Libel.

HALIFAX, N.S., May 26.—A suit brought by Professor F. C. Sanderson, Principal of Girton House, against the somewhat famous Professor Henry Youll Hind of Windsor for $25,000 damages for alleged libel contained in a printed circular addressed to the late Bishop Binney was settled to-day by the defendant allowing a verdict for $1500 to be entered against him and agreeing to pay all costs. The circulars with the libel, which were sent out by Professor Hind, contained statements damaging to the moral character of Professor Sanderson and designed to affect his standing as a member of the Church of England.

Shot by a Thief.

WINNIPEG, May 25.—Chief of Police McCrae was shot and probably fatally wounded last night by Joe Fast, a notorious cattle thief whom he had arrested. When near the Station House Fast leaped from the Chief's buggy and ran. McCrae fired at him and Fast turned and shot him. The chief fell, but managed to fire upon the fleeing thief, who reached, leaning against a house on the sidewalk, and has not been seen since. Fast came here several years ago from New York State.

A Special Consistory.

ROME, May 26.—At a special Consistory yesterday Mgr. Pallotte and Father Bauza were made cardinals. Ten bishops were preconsecrated in France and one in Mexico. The Most Rev. Michael Logue, D.D., Bishop of Raphoe, Ireland, was transferred to the diocese of Armagh, and the Most Rev. P. J. McCormick, Bishop of Achonry, was transferred to Raphoe. The Pope has proclaimed the new Catholic hierarchy of Australasia, making the Bishops of Adelaide, Brisbane and Wellington archbishops.

The great cotton mill of Boyd & Houghton at Ramsey, in the Department du Nord, France, has been burned. Loss $100,000.

LOYALTY'S TRIUMPH.

HOW OTTAWA ANSWERED O'BRIEN'S DISLOYAL APPEAL.

Thousands Gather in the Gaily Decorated Streets to Welcome Lord Lansdowne Home—His Reply to the Address of Welcome—The Invasion of Canada.

OTTAWA, May 26.—Nice weather, gay decorations, evergreen arches, brass bands, mounted guards, enthusiasm, cheers and 2500 children singing in chorus combined to make the Governor-General's reception to-day a credit to the Ottawa district and an honor to the Capital of the Dominion. The arrangements were perfect in every detail, no mishap of any kind occurred and the element of opposition, if such existed, could not have been discovered with the giant Lick telescope. The streets presented a splendid appearance, every building along the line of march being decorated to a greater or less extent, while many were fairly masked with bunting and evergreens. There were several fine arches, one at the corner of Sparks and Elgin streets being a massive evergreen affair, surmounted by a moose head and crown and bearing the legend: "God Save the Queen;" "Welcome to Lansdowne."

From early morning visitors commenced pouring into the city from the surrounding districts, and in the afternoon business was entirely suspended. The last touches were put to the decorations, mounted marshals dashed through the streets and highways, and by 5 o'clock everything was in readiness.

A Hearty Welcome Home.

The Toronto train was but a few minutes late. When it drew up at the platform Royalty's representative received a right royal reception. Cheer after cheer greeted Lord and Lady Lansdowne and scores of friends crowded about to shake them by the hand and escort them to carriages. No. 1 Company of the Forty-third Battalion detached the horses from the Vice-Regal carriage, attached ropes thereto, and, headed by Percy Sherwood in pants mounted, drew the vehicle from the station to Cartier-square, and from the square to Rideau Hall, and then came marching back, singing the regiment's war song.

The bicycle club headed the procession, 200 mounted citizens formed the body guard, 100 carriages conveyed distinguished personages, thousands gave the time to the thousands of citizens who marched on foot, and many, many thousands more lined the sidewalks and cheered again and again, until the echoes came back from the Laurentian Mountains and seemed mighty enough to roll right away across the Atlantic and tell the people of the Mother Country in thunder tones what the opinion of the Capital of Canada is as between Lord Lansdowne and Wm. O'Brien.

In Cartier-Square.

At Cartier-square the scene was one never to be forgotten. A great circular platform had been erected, with rising tiers of seats, on which were seated 2500 school children. There were also three or four hundred prominent personages, members of the Reception Committee, judges of the Supreme Court, Judge Henry, by the way, was on horseback leading the mounted body guards, members of the Senate, members of the House of Commons, aldermen of the city, members of the county municipal bodies, etc. The members of the Cabinet present were Sir John Macdonald, Sir Charles Tupper, Sir Adolphe Caron, Hon. Mr. Bowell, Hon. Mr. White and Hon. Mr. Foster. Sir Hector Langevin viewed the procession from the window of his residence. Mayor Stewart, magnificent in his scarlet robes of office, read the address of welcome and Father Dawson read a poem composed purposely for the occasion.

Lord Lansdowne's Reply.

When Lord Lansdowne rose to reply the cheering lasted five minutes. He said:

Mr. Mayor, ladies and gentlemen, or shall I take the courage and say, my excellent friends and neighbors of the City of Ottawa: You have very properly given in the address which you, sir, have been good enough to read to me, the first place to the fervent expression of your loyalty and attachment to Her Majesty the Queen, and of your reverence for the constitutional system of the Empire. If there is any part of the Dominion in which these sentiments ought to prevail it is in the city of which you are the chief officer, a city which, as the Capital of the Dominion, is its political centre; the centre in which the general feeling of the community ought to be represented. I rejoice, therefore, to find the city of Ottawa loyal to the core and placing on record its loyalty to the Sovereign who, during this, the fiftieth year of her memorable reign, fills so large a place in the thoughts of all her subjects. And, sir, while we are speaking of Ottawa, it is very satisfactory to me to find that you are able to offer such strong testimony to the rapid advance which has been made of late by the city. What advance has been perceptible to me even during the brief period of time which I have spent among your citizens, a period which, as you have perceived, has witnessed to a very large extension of the limits of the city. I shall watch the continued progress of the city with the deepest interest, and with the full confidence that under your able and [illegible] it will be rapid and [illegible] greatest.

[illegible] I feel [illegible] than my own merit. I am afraid, however, that even upon this assumption I cannot entirely account for the extraordinary reception which we have encountered at the hands of your people. We have often returned to your city after tours of various duration in the country and we have always done so quietly, and I might almost say, without attracting observation and with no other greeting than a friendly salutation from any passing acquaintance whom we happened to meet upon our way to Government House. I do not think I shall be far wrong in saying that we know each other so well that we are able to dispense as a rule with everything in the shape of formalities and public demonstrations of regard.

Well, sir, how are we to explain the change which has taken place. Upon this occasion we have had such a reception as, I will venture to say, has never been accorded to any Governor-General before. Triumphal arches are raised in our honor, your streets are decorated all along our course, your citizens assemble in thousands to greet us. I am afraid I cannot account for all this upon the theory that the purpose for which we have assembled ourselves from time to time for a few weeks has been such as to merit such exuberant marks of approbation at your hands. I have not suppressed a rebellion nor have I annexed a new province to the Dominion. We have simply been spending, in the most agreeable manner possible, a few short weeks in the capital of your province, where we experienced at the hands of its loyal and enterprising people a most gratifying and enthusiastic welcome. Wherever and when-ever we showed ourselves, in the schools and colleges, the factories and workshops, in all places where people were assembled for purposes serious or grave, it was our good fortune to encounter outbursts of loyalty to the Queen such as that which has taken place in Ottawa this evening, accompanied, I am glad to say, with similar tokens of good will and kindness towards ourselves.

Now, sir, how are we to account for this exceptional and unusual display of your confidence and good will. I have made enquiries and endeavored to arrive at some explanation of the facts and I am given to understand that the explanation is this. That since we saw you last the invasion of Canada has taken place, that the invasion has not been successful, I learn that the invasion was in some respects a remarkable one. The invading force was not numerically strong. It made up, however, in intrepidity for its weakness in numbers. It appears, however, to have taken at the outset of its operations a step which is, I believe, not unusual with skilled strategists. It seized possession of the telegraph wires through which information of the most startling character was literally poured into the country. I understand further that the object of the invaders was to overrun the country and above all things to put to flight a certain high official of the state, of whom, unless I misunderstand what has taken place upon this occasion, the people of Ottawa are not particularly anxious to get rid just at present.

Well, sir, there appears to have been one weak point in the arrangement. We all know that one of the most important departments in the military service is that which is known as the intelligence department, in which information bearing upon any operations which may be in contemplation is collected. In this case the invaders were completely misled by their intelligence department. They had been assured that the moment they showed themselves there would be a general rising of the natives. Well, sir, the general rising took place, but unfortunately for these calculations it was on the side of the defenders and not on that of the attacking party.

Now the end of all this has been that the invasion is over, that Canada is still a part of the British Empire, that the Governor-General is still Her Majesty's representative here. Nay, more, I think we might also say that but for the event which I have described we would not have received the magnificent reception accorded to us by the people of Toronto, which you have followed up this evening by the remarkable demonstration which has taken place. These events will have their effect, not only in Canada, but on the other side of the Atlantic, where the conduct of your people is being closely watched, and I think I am justified in saying that the moral which will be drawn will be a twofold one; first, that the Canadian people do not look with an approving eye upon such interferences with their affairs, and secondly, that the Canadian people are able to take care of themselves.

As a public man does his duty in this country he is likely to be supported by your people.

I have only one word more to add. I trust that if these events have occasioned any difference of opinion, or any bitterness of feeling, that bitterness will not be allowed to endure. There is, however, one thing which we shall certainly not forget and that is the immense kindness you have shown to us. It will remain indelibly impressed upon our memories not only during the remainder of my official connection with this country, but so long as we live. In our eyes Ottawa is not only the Capital of the Dominion, but the place in which we have found our Canadian home, the place in which the quietest and most enjoyable portions of our life in this country have been passed. We shall, to use your own words, always look back with pleasure to the days we have spent by the banks of the Ottawa as days made happy and delightful to us by the confidence and good-will which your people have expressed so unmistakably by their conduct this evening. [Loud cheers.]

MINUTE DESPATCHES.

Brief, Interesting And From All Parts of the World.

A serious wreck has occurred on the Houston and Texas railroad, between Waxahachie and Garrett. An engineer and a fireman were killed.

The Dublin *Freeman's Journal* denies that Parnell has been guilty of cruelty to Kennedy, one of the Irish leader's Avondale tenants, as charged yesterday by the Dublin *Express*.

The Royal society this morning elected officers for the current year as follows:—President, Sir A. M. Dawson; vice-president, Sandford Fleming; secretary, Dr. J. G. Bourinot.

As the Grand Trunk express for the east was passing Kingston road crossing, Toronto, last night some one fired a bullet from a revolver through a car window, escaping arrest.

Jno. Greenwall, the murderer of Lyman S. Weeks, was, at Brooklyn, N.Y., to day, sentenced to be hanged on July 15th. Greenwall declared that the authorities had convicted the wrong man.

At evictions which were being carried on at Bodyke, Ireland, to day a fight occurred when the sheriff in charge of the police was seized with epilepsy. The people are strongly barricaded and is is feared there will be bloodshed.

Lord Colin Campbell has consented to be placed in bankruptcy, in accordance with the decision of the bankruptcy court on the petition of the duke of Marlborough. His liabilities are £9,000, including £6,000 for costs incurred in prosecuting his divorce suit against his wife.

An important mass meeting of brick layers and their employers is to be held in Toronto to-night to discuss the difficulties in connection with hours, wages &c. It is believed that an amicable settlement will be arrived at, both parties being firm, and, if so, one of the worst strikes that ever occurred in Toronto will take place on June 1st in which all the building trades will join.

Mr. Blake's Unguarded Utterances Act.

Ottawa, May 26.—In the house of commons to-day, Mr. Small moved, seconded by Mr. Trow, that at 4:30 Mr. Speaker do leave the chair, and that the house do take recess until 8 o'clock, in order to give the members an opportunity to take part in the reception to the governor-general.

The speaker, having read the motion in English and French, then put the question:—Shall this motion be adopted? (Cries of "Carried," "Lost."

Mr. Blake—I understand that the motion cannot be put without the unanimous consent of the house.

Mr. White, (Cardwell)—And Mr. Blake objects?

Mr. Speaker—If anyone takes objection the motion cannot be put.

Mr. Blake—I take it. (Derisive ministerial cheers.)

The motion was accordingly dropped.

The Cabinet Crisis.

Paris, May 27.—At the meeting of the chamber of deputies to-day much discontent was manifested over the delay in the formation of a cabinet. The chamber decided by a vote of 307 to 212 to adjourn until Saturday.

Paris, May 27.—A hitch has again occurred over the retention of Gen. Boulanger as war minister. M. Defreycinet, finding that he would be unable to form a cabinet of all new men and thus exclude Gen. Boulanger, now insists that the latter must remain at the head of the war department.

Paris, May 27.—President Grevy this morning induced M. Rouvier to undertake the task of forming a cabinet. M. Rouvier will endeavor to persuade M. Flourins to retain the foreign port folio and it is understood M. Lekroy and M. Granit, minister of commerce and minister of posts and telegraphs, respectively, in M. Goblet's government, will remain in office. Gen. Saussier is mentioned for minister of war and M. Falliercs for minister of the interior.

Cars Fall into Lake Champlain.

Troy, N. Y., May 27.—The Montreal express train which left Troy at 11:40 o'clock last night met with an accident this morning. Four cars fell 15 feet into lake Champlain. Express Messenger L. V. Thayer and Baggageman James Cobine were slightly injured. None of the passengers were injured. The accident was caused by a land slide.

Strikers Attack the Troops

Brussels, May 27.—The striking colliers at Hornu, a village of Hanaut, have attacked the troops who were guarding mine property. Three lancers were wounded. An attempt has been made at Hornu to destroy the house of a non-striker with dynamite.

The Oaks Stakes.

London, May 27.—The race for the Oaks stakes to-day was won by Reve d'Or, with St. Helen second, and Freedom third. The weather at Epsom during the morning was cold and raining. There were nine starters.

The New Welland Canal Open.

ST. CATHARINES, May 26.—The new Welland Canal was opened this morning to vessels drawing fourteen feet of water. The steamer Blanchard, Chicago to Ogdensburg, arrived at Port Collarne this morning loaded to that depth, and was locked through safely.

The Writs Issued.

Toronto, May 27.—Writs have been issued for elections in east and west Algoma. Nomination day is June 23rd, and polling day July 7th in both constituencies.

IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE.

A Special Meeting of the Kingston Branch of the Irish National League will be held in St. Patrick's Hall on Sunday evening next at 8:30 o'clock. All members and friends of the League are particularly requested to attend this meeting, as business of great importance will be laid before the meeting. By order.

W. DUFFY,