SCROFULA

Humors, I do not believe that Ayer's Sarsaparilla has an equal as a remedy for Scrofulous Humors. It is pleasant to take, gives strength and vigor to the body, and produces a more permanent, lasting, result than any medicine I ever used.—E. Haines, No. Lindale, O.

Erysipelas, I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla, in my family, for Scrofula, and know, if it is taken faithfully, it will thoroughly eradicate this terrible disease.—W. F. Fowler, M. D., Greenville, Tenn.

Canker, and For forty years I have suffered with Erysipelas. I have tried all sorts of remedies for my complaint, but found no relief until I commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. After taking ten bottles of this medicine I am completely cured.—Mary C. Amesbury, Rockport, Me.

Catarrh, I have suffered, for years, from Catarrh, which was so severe that it destroyed my appetite and weakened my system. After trying other remedies, and getting no relief, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, in a few months, was cured.—Susan L. Cook, 969 Albany st., Boston Highlands, Mass.

Can be cured by purifying the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla is superior to any blood purifier that I have ever tried. I have taken it for Scrofula, Canker, and Salt-Rheum, and received much benefit from it. It is good, also, for a weak stomach.—Millie Jane Pefree, South Bradford, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price $1; six bottles, $5.

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

CURES ALL HUMORS, from a common **Blotch,** or **Eruption,** to the worst **Scrofula. Salt-rheum, "Fever-sores," Scaly or Rough Skin,** in short, all diseases caused by bad blood are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine. **Great Eating Ulcers** rapidly heal under its benign influence. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing **Tetter, Rose Rash, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Hip-Joint Disease, White Swellings, Goitre, or Thick Neck,** and **Enlarged Glands.** Send two cents in stamps for a large treatise, with colored plates, on Skin Diseases, or the same amount for a treatise on Scrofulous Affections. **"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."** Thoroughly cleanse it by using **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength, and soundness of constitution,** will be established.

CONSUMPTION, which is **Scrofulous Disease of the Lungs,** is promptly and certainly arrested and cured by this God-given remedy, if taken before the last stages of the disease are reached. From its wonderful power over this terribly fatal disease, when first offering this now celebrated remedy to the public, Dr. Pierce thought seriously of calling it his **"Consumption Cure,"** but abandoned that name as too limited for a medicine which, from its wonderful combination of tonic, or strengthening, alterative, or blood-cleansing, anti-bilious, pectoral, and nutritive properties, is unequaled, not only as a remedy for consumption of the lungs, but for all

CHRONIC DISEASES OF THE

Liver, Blood, and Lungs.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills, alternating with hot flashes, low spirits and gloomy boredoms, irregular appetite, and coated tongue, you are suffering from **Indigestion, Dyspepsia,** and **Torpid Liver,** or **"Biliousness."** In many cases only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery** has no equal.

For **Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, Consumption,** and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's book on Consumption. **Sold by Druggists**

PRICE $1.00, OR 6 BOTTLES FOR $5.00.

World's Dispensary Medical Association,

Proprietors, 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's LITTLE Pleasant LIVER Purgative Pellets PILLS. ANTI-BILIOUS and CATHARTIC. Sold by Druggists. 25 cents a vial.

$500 REWARD is offered by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a case of catarrh which they cannot cure.

If you have a discharge from the nose, offensive or otherwise, partial loss of smell, taste, or hearing, weak eyes, dull pain or pressure in head, you have Catarrh. Thousands of cases terminate in consumption.

Dr. Sage's CATARRH REMEDY cures the worst cases of Catarrh, "Cold in the Head," and Catarrhal Headache. 50 cents.

F. NISBET:— BOOKSELLER —STATIONER.:—

NEW BOOK!

BY REV. E. P. ROE.

"The Hornet's Nest,"

Price, 25 Cents, at

F. Nisbet's,

Corner of Brock and Wellington streets.

ALL IN!

NEW SPRING SUITINGS

OVERCOATINGS, &c.,

READY FOR BUSINESS

—AT—

DORLAND'S

SPONGES!

That Will Not Tear.

Good Bath Sponges

Carriage Sponges,

Boat Sponges.

Come and see the stock at WILSON'S PHARMACY. A specially good line for cabmen and liverymen, strong and durable, that will not tear unless great force is used. They will outlast five to ten of the usual kind, and are sold at but a slight advance on cost. Only at

Wilson's Pharmacy.

Kingston Daily News.

Mr. Creighton asks the Mowat government to test the right of municipal authorities to levy taxes upon dominion government officials. There is no just reason why these persons should escape contribution to the paving, lighting and general government of the cities in which they may reside. Should Mr. Mowat commence an action to try this and be successful he will make capital for the next election. The dominion government will be bound to defend it, and they can then be held up as enemies of the rights of Ontario. By the way, Mr. Mowat has for years been receiving credit from grit papers for his legal triumph in having secured the award of the commissioners, and subsequently the judgment of the privy council in England, adopting as correct the line laid down by him as the western boundary of Ontario. The real credit is due to the Hon. William Macdougall, as will be seen by reference to his memorandum of 1872, Ontario boundary papers, page 225. There Mr. Macdougall says:—"It remains for the undersigned to mention the evidence which he has discovered in favor of No. 3 on the lake of the Woods line, and which in his opinion conclusively shows that the western boundary of Upper Canada, at its southern limit or starting point, is and has been, ever since the treaty of Paris of 1783, or at all events since the 22nd of April, 1786, identical with the northwest angle of the lake of the Woods". Hon. Mr. Macdougall therefore is the man who really defined accurately the western boundary of the province, and Mr Mowat has been strutting in borrowed plumes.

Toronto is being found out in other places as well as Kingston. The Hamilton *Times* says:

"Those Toronto methodists had better toe the mark and put up their $200 000 for the college, or the general conference will have to meet again and treat with a city which puts up money instead of wind. Hamilton is a better place for the methodist college than Toronto. One citizen offers to give $25,000 worth of land for a site, another says he will subscribe $50,000 in cash and there are plenty of others willing to chip in for the establishment of the college in Hamilton Mr. John Macdonald and Mr. George A. Cox promised their subscriptions of $25,000 and $30,000 unconditionally. The college scheme would go all right in Hamilton and the conference certainly made a mistake in selecting Toronto for its location."

All of the above is eminently true. Among other considerations there is less vice and consequent temptation to young men in the beautiful city of Burlington bay than in Toronto.

Ottawa consists principally of the parliament buildings, the normal school, and the houses of civil servants, but its happiness will not be completely rounded off unless the school of science goes there. The *Free Press* argues that the place is "second only to Toronto in point of growth." During the election campaign this same paper was explaining to a horror stricken public how Ottawa was growing. In the department of the interior, for example, the number of clerks had run up from the neighborhood of forty to that of two hundred and forty; and in other departments the city's growth was painted as little less remarkable. Well, this does not seem a perfectly conclusive reason why the school of science should be situated in that out-of-the-way corner of the world.

The Toronto *Week* has an ingenious method of explaining such an eccentricity in writing as stating flagrant untruth. It says "Mr. Grant Allan is a man of picuresque genius, and he may perhaps have overpainted the moral glories of Kingston. But he remains a strong witness against the operation of the Scott act, and his evidence is corroborated on all sides." This will prove encouraging to Ananias Cameron, and other gentlemen with the same weakness. "Picturesque genius" is what Ananias of old was struck dumb for. Further, "corroboration" seems an unsuitable term to apply to universal protestations of the falsity of a statement.

The Hamilton *Times* has invented a pleasing theory concerning the relations of deputy-returning officers with the government. It says: "Some polling districts are known to contain strong liberal majorities. In such districts, deputies have been instructed to spoil the ballots by numbering them, or by writing their full names upon them, instead of their initials, as required by law." Let us hear from Mr J. J. Whitehead, of number seventeen, Victoria ward, on the subject.

The editor of the Ottawa *Free Press* is a receiver of stolen goods. Some weeks ago his friendly thief supplied him with an abstract of the trade and navigation returns not yet made public by the department; now a similar kindness has been done by supplying the report of the department of the interior. A cynical Jacobite, seeing under the royal arms of William III. of England the motto "Non cepi sed recipi"—I did not take; I received—observed that "the receiver is as bad as the thief." The *Free Press* should bear that in mind.

Old Quebec is warmly agitated over a project to bridge the St. Lawrence and connect the C. P. R. with the Intercolonial, thus giving us a through line from Halifax to Vancouver. The work would cost $4 000 000, and would be self-sustaining, according to the Hon. Thomas McGreevy. The latter is the whole gist of the matter; the power of paying interest on the investment must be proven before the government of Canada is asked to deal in any way with the matter beyond chartering a company.

In connection with the rumored change of grit leadership, the *World* says of Mr. Mowat: "He is more on the level of the masses of the people, has more sympathy with their views, and is more cordial in his manners. Under a smile which is childlike and bland he conceals a fullness of the heathen Chinee. No one ever got the better of him in a bargain." That's so. When you strike a politician who is a Sunday school teacher, a pillar of the church, or filled with basement piety of any sort, keep your hand on your purse.

We learn from the Port Arthur *Herald* that "the wards of the government" did not support Mr. Dawson in Algoma. That paper says: "The Indian vote! Yes, that is indeed a sore spot for Little Chief Dawson and Big Chief Sir John. *Every Indian voted for Mr. Burk.* "Is things what they seem?" may well be the plaint of Mr. Dawson. The Indian is like a white man, he knows where his true friends are, and he supported them in the contest." If so, why so much grit wrath over his enfranchisement?

In an anti-election speech in London, Mr. Blake expressed confidence in the result. "Why," said he, smiling, "I have a telegram here (producing it) which assures me that we are *certain* of carrying sixteen seats in Nova Scotia, with a strong probability of gaining the entire twenty-one." Mr. Blake's whereabouts are at present unknown. If not gone for a trip up salt creek, he is probably down south. He should stay there. A prophet is not without honor save in his own country.

The Toronto *World*, in its lofty way, says: "The division court has long outlived its usefulness and ought to go, along with its bailiffs, its judgment summons, and its persecutions and costs so grinding on the poor. It is a kind of legal torturing machine that dispenses anything and everything but justice." Our esteemed contemporary deserves the sympathy of the public in its little misfortunes. As Daniel Webster said of the national debt, let us know the amount and we'll pay it.

The decision of the queen's bench divisional court that any married Canadian citizen who crosses the line and marries again in the United States, cannot on his return be prosecuted successfully for bigamy, provided he did not leave Canada with intent to commit the offense, exposes a defect in the law which should be remedied by immediate legislation. The cruelty of a bigamist is only equaled by his meanness, and both deserve punishment.

Ten years ago scientific men declared that the electric light could not be made practicable for business purposes, yet today the investment amounts to $110,000,000. Ten years ago the telephone was exhibited at Philadelphia as a scientific toy, now there is a web of its wires running in every direction over the continent. Verily, we progress by leaps and bounds in this age. But, are we happier than our fathers?

If the civil servants of the dominion are not paid salaries sufficient to enable them to contribute to municipal taxes their salaries should be raised; that is a question for the dominion government to settle. While these gentlemen use sidewalks, streets, gas lamps, and police, like other people, they should pay for them.

It is said that a resident of Union street is suing the corporation for injuries received through municipal neglect. We are not alone in this respect. Five claims for damage done to the legs and arms of Toronto citizens were presented at the last meeting of the council of that city.

One day it was Burk who was elected for Algoma, the next it was Dawson, but this little game of your turn-next suddenly ceased with the North-West elections. There are no further contests to influence by pretending that a defeated grit has been successful.

The only solution of the problem how to guard against railway bridge accidents seems to lie in government superintendence. The strength and security of these structures should be ensured beyond a doubt, and not left to the carelessness of railway directors.

The discussion of a proposed change of leadership in the grit party reminds us that the *Globe* seems to have forgotten to call Sir John Macdonald "Tupper's lieutenant." Most liars have longer memories than the Toronto organ.

A grit organ asks "how shall an overwhelming sentiment against Sir John be created?" Ask Mr. Blake something easier. The *Globe's* policy of slander is unsuccessful.

Enjoy Life.

What a truly beautiful world we live in! Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means of enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up dishearted, discouraged and worn out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof, that *Green's August Flower*, will make them free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint are the direct causes of seventy-five per cent. of such maladies as Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of *August Flower* will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottles 10 cents. Try it.

Extraordinary Remark.

A gentleman that has been bald for ten years remarked recently that if he knew that he would be unable to procure another substitute of a toupee that he had procured from Prof Dorenwend he would not part with the one he now had for a thousand dollars as its use had cured a long standing cold in his head, besides giving him comfort and a perfect appearance. Gentlemen, call at the British American hotel on March 23 and 24, and see these fine toupees and wigs, Prof. Dorenwend will have a complete stock with him.

What's the Use?

Why suffer a single moment, when you can get immediate relief from internal or external pain by the use of Polson's Nervilina, the great pain cure? Nervilina has never been known to fail. Try a 10 cent sample bottle. You will find it just as recommended. Neuralgia, toothache, cramps, headache, and all similar complaints disappear as if by magic when Nervilina is used. Large bottles 25 cents. Test bottles 10 cents, at druggists and country dealers.

Ayer's Hair Vigor stimulates the hair to a vigorous growth. It contains all that can be supplied to make the hair beautiful and abundant, removes dandruff, and renders the hair flexible and glossy.

It is with pleasure that we recommend our readers to try West's Cough Syrup. You will find it especially useful at this season of the year to cure sudden colds, check coughs and lung and throat troubles. All druggists.

THE GREAT PREACHER.

LIFE AND DEATH OF REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

His Early Struggles—Development of His Liberal Views on Religious Matters. The Brooklyn Scandal—General Review of a Most Eventful Career.

Henry Ward Beecher, whose death and funeral services have lately drawn the attention of the country, inherited from his parents, Lyman and Roxana Foote Beecher, the two greatest blessings of an earthly nature—a perfectly sound body and a cheerful disposition. It was remarked from the start that in body, mind and disposition he was almost a perfect blending of both parents, while his nine brothers and sisters—for it was truly a strictural

MR. AND MRS. BEECHER.

family—partook more of the father's or the mother's nature. The family was thoroughly American. In 1638 a yeoman named Andrew Ward and a widow, Hannah Beecher, came to New Haven in the same vessel from England; from the latter Roxana Foote, from the former Lyman Beecher, descended, and these two united in marriage Sept. 19, 1799, locating first at East Hampton, L. I., and afterward crossing to Litchfield, Conn. Henry Ward was their eighth child.

The family was not only thoroughly American, but also thoroughly Calvinistic—thoroughly New England in blood, faith and manners. It was a family of talent, too. If Henry Ward had died in infancy, the name of Beecher would still have been enrolled forever in American history; if he had been a lawyer or a doctor, his father would have held a still higher rank as the great preacher than he now does as Dr. Lyman Beecher. Noted as he was in his time, he is now known to most young Americans chiefly as the father of the great Brooklyn divine. And eminent as other members of the family are in their separate walks, their eminence is made comparative obscurity, and they are often referred to merely as the brothers or sisters of Henry Ward. To this general statement there is one brilliant exception—the name of Harriet Beecher Stowe will shine among the great ones of earth and she will be honored and loved as long as the English language is read and human hearts beat in sympathy with the oppressed. For it was her pen that roused the heart and conscience of the common people against slavery.

The children of Dr. Beecher were reared in a rather strict, old fashioned way. Festivals for children, fancy toys and story books were unknown in the Connecticut of that day; but they had a severe moral training, and with it much freedom in the open air, in the woods and the fields. Of this experience Mr. Beecher said: "I think I was well brought up, because I was let alone. Except here and there I hardly came under the parental hand; but I knew where the sweetflag was, where the

BEECHER'S BIRTHPLACE, LITCHFIELD, CONN.

hickory trees were, where the chestnut and the sassafras and the squirrels were—so I had a world of things to do." The good effects of this close familiarity with nature appear in all of Mr. Beecher's productions. When Henry was but three years old his mother died, and little more than a year after his father married again. The new mother did all a mother's part to the children, and Henry Ward always spoke of her with the utmost reverence; but he confesses that she was a woman to be venerated rather than warmly and tenderly loved, and that her religion was of a strangely severe and solemn kind. He confessed that he could not open his heart to her, and often felt his emotions chilled. The family discipline was somewhat less severe than was usual at that day in New England, but there was strictness enough. Especially were the children trained to habits of truthfulness; duplicity in any form was the one unpardonable offense in a true New England household.

It was while he was attending a mathematical school, which his father had persuaded him would be necessary if he went to sea, as he at one time wished to do, that Henry Ward Beecher professed religion and united with his father's church in Boston. All his thoughts now turned toward the ministry, and as soon as he could prepare therefor he entered Amherst college.

BEECHER'S FIRST CHURCH, BATAVIA, O.

His classmates were not impressed with his scholarship, but in the debating club he soon took high rank. He also became an enthusiast on the subject of phrenology, and was very early distinguished as an ardent speaker against slavery. Here, too, his religious views underwent a peculiar change. Dr. Lyman Beecher was then the great orthodox divine of New England, and Henry Ward has recorded the terrible struggles his own mind went through in revising and finally rejecting some of the harsh features of the old creed. After his graduation in 1834 he followed his father's family to Cincinnati, where Dr. Beecher had become a professor in Lane seminary. He entered at once upon the study of theology in that institution, but as the divergence of views between him and his father became more marked, he fell into another state of deep depression. His older brother had just withdrawn from the ministry on the ground of unbelief in the standards set up, and for a season Henry Ward suffered great darkness and confusion of mind. From this he emerged with an enthusiastic conviction of the truth of the more liberal views he had previously held only tentatively.

The congregation at Lawrenceburg, Ind., of which he was first made pastor, was poor; the lower part of the town was subject to overflows, and there was sickness and want of energy. But Mr. Beecher acted as his own sexton, and by enthusiastic devotion to duty was building up a church when he received a call to Indianapolis. In that city, he says, he dropped the study of theology and began the study of mankind; the effect on his preaching was so marked as to attract wide attention. He became a magnetic and popular preacher. He had married just before leaving Cincinnati, and in Indianapolis he and his wife led very active lives for a little over seven years, when he received his call and made his last change to the Plymouth Congregational church of Brooklyn, with which his name and fame have been identified for nearly forty years. On Sunday, Oct. 10, 1847, he preached his first sermon in Brooklyn, then a city of 60,000 people, with but two Congregational churches and thirty-nine of all other denominations.

His first sermon at Plymouth created a sensation. In it he declared with extreme plainness his position on all the leading national questions—slavery, the Mexican war, temperance and other issues; but as to theology, contented himself with saying that he should strive to make his preaching "a ministry of Christ." He was publicly installed as pastor Nov. 11, 1847, and in the next ten years Plymouth church grew rapidly, grew to be not only one of the great churches of the land, but a great center of liberality. In 1849 Mr. Beecher suffered his first severe illness, which left him enfeebled for a long time, and in 1850 the society sent him to Europe, where he remained three months. His next visit there was in 1863, when he did that great work in England which made him so dear to all Union loving Americans. This is no place to relate that wonderful story. Suffice it to say that American statesmen credit him with having "converted the

THE BODY LYING IN STATE.

British people to a just view of the American Civil War." Mr. Beecher himself always looked upon this as the most trying experience of his life, though he had been very active and prominent in the anti-slavery agitation preceding the war, and had fought for freedom of speech in the darkest hours. Of one of the gatherings he addressed in England he said: "The uproar would come on and drown my voice—then I would wait and get in five minutes or so. The reporters would get that down. Occasionally I would see things that amused me and laugh outright; the crowd would stop to see what I was laughing at and I would sail in with a sentence or two."

Mr. Beecher returned home to be welcomed as no returning American had ever been, and to remain for nine years the great representative American, the honored patriot, the influential politician and the one pulpit orator whose life was an almost constant ovation.

Then came the great cloud upon his fame, which had lifted, indeed, but was not entirely cleared away even at his death. In this space it can only be touched upon—a large volume would be needed to give the details of the "Great Brooklyn Scandal" of 1872-75. It was emphatically a Brooklyn scandal, not exclusively a Beecher scandal; for its destructive fury made havoc in many circles, sundered lifetime friendships, destroyed the peace of families, bankrupted business men, poisoned schools and churches and wrought a moral desolation which even now we cannot estimate. Take any view we can of it, some people have been cruelly wronged; place the guilt where we may, many people have perpetrated the vilest treachery and some the most unhushing perjury. In fact, the saddening conclusions which logically follow any verdict are so depressing that many good men shrink from them and refuse to make up their minds at all. But in spite of this blot Henry Ward Beecher will live in American history as one of the really great men of his age. We do well to honor him as a patriot, orator and friend of the oppressed, ignoring any personal weakness; his monument is in the hearts of millions, and his career will long remain as a bright chapter in the history of Brooklyn.

FLORAL DECORATIONS.

The steadfast devotion of Mrs. Beecher to her husband and family is well known. She was a teacher before marriage, and was noted for conscientious devotion to duty. It is not too much to say that the funeral of the dead pastor was unique. In accordance with his wish, flowers were everywhere—the very pall was covered with flowers, and no near friend wore mourning. There was a private service at the house Thursday, and on Friday a public service at Plymouth church, where the floral decorations were the most profuse. The body lay in state part of Thursday, all of Friday and part of Saturday. Nearly 100,000 people viewed it.

OUR BABY.

FIGURATIVELY DESCRIBED BY HIS LITTLE SISTER.

Our baby is a 1der rare;
He's awful cunning, 2,
And well his worth 3 pays the share
Of work 4 him I do.

I hope he will sur5, although
He's squeezed almost to death;
It makes him 6 sometimes, I know,
And takes away his breath.

Our home is 7 since there came
The angel from above;
He's so affection8. His name
Is "Toosey Wootsey Love."

He makes our papa look be9
And feel a 10der joy;
I pray he never will incline
2 B A 0E boy.

When he's awake his eyes are blue;
I lift him when I can:
He'll B 2 so 4 1 2.
Lift up when he's a man.

—H. C. Dodge in Goodall's Sun.

Go at Once to the Root.

Of the evil; doing by halves makes waste half the energy expended by mankind. Why should you trifle with disease? When indications are given that something has gone wrong, make the restoration of normal conditions the real, not incidental business of life. Few curative agents have equaled Hamiltons Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, compounded of purely vegetable substances, on scientific principles and beautifully sugar-coated. They constitute the most certain, safe and pleasant family medicine in existance. Try Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. Sold by N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, and by all dealers in medicine.

Bulbs for Planting.

Hyacinths, tulips, crocuses, lillies, etc., just arrived from the celebrated nursery of James Vick, Rochester, will be sold at reasonable prices at Hobart's medical hall.

Mr. T. C. Wells, chemist and druggist, Port Colborne, Ont., writes: "Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and dyspetic Cure sells well, and gives the best of satisfaction for all diseases of the blood." It never fails to root out all diseases from the system, cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, etc., purifies the blood, and will make you look the picture of health and happiness.

Rain umbrellas in silk, alpaca and cotton, at very low prices at R. McFaul's.

Materials for Spring Jackets

—AT—

WALSH & STEACY'S

Boucle Cloth, single and double fold. Scotch Tweeds in great variety.

Melton Cloths in new shades. Brocade Velvets, Brocade Tricotines,

Silk and Satin Brocades. Ottoman Silk in three qualities.

KID GLOVES.

Three buttons, 40 cents and 50 cents. Four buttons, 60c, 75c, 90c, $1.35.
Four clasps only 60c Undressed in Buttons and Mosquetaire shapes. All new stock.

Walsh & Steacy's Popular Dry Goods House.

EVERYBODY INVITED TO THE BIG BANQUET OF BARGAINS TO-NIGHT AT F. X. COUSINEAU & CO'S. A Grand Spread! Tables loaded with Choice Goods, Novelties, Nic-Nacs and New Things for the Spring Season. Room for all. Let no one stay away from this Money-Saving Feast. The "Great Shirt" we recently advertised at 33 cents are in sizes 14, 14 1-2, 15, 15 1-2, 16.

F. X. Cousineau & Co.,

PRINCESS STREET.

ORANGE HALL BUILDINGS.

200 Pieces of New Frock Goods

AT WALDRON'S!

New Grey All Wool Frock Goods.
New Camel Hair Goods, double fold, all wool.
New All Wool Boucle Spot Goods.
New All Wool Boucle Check Goods.
New All Wool Costume Cloths at low prices.
New Colors All Wool Cashmeres at low prices.
Handsome All Wool Jersey Cloths, 20 cents, 25c, 30c.

R. WALDRON, WILSON'S BUILDING.

UNPARALLELED

Spence & Crumley

—ARE SHOWING—

Checked Pongee Washing Silks at 20c per yard.

Six Patterns to choose from.

Every Department now complete for Spring. Make your selections early. Spring Millinery Goods all opened up. Leave your orders before the rush. Two hundred Boys' Jersey Suits from $1.25 to $5.

SPENCE & CRUMLEY,

Opposite the City Hotel. 132 and 134 Princess street.

REMEMBER,

BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY,

March 23rd and 24th,

FOR TWO DAYS ONLY.

To my patrons and all the suffering public that are in need of a Natural and Becoming Growth of Hair to cover their Bald Heads and Thin Hair.

The time has arrived that no one, either Lady or Gentleman, young or old, need to appear in such an unnatural, uncomfortable and unhealthy state of baldness. The appearance of a Lady's Head wherein the natural growth of hair has disappeared, and where the bare scalp is visible more than what is natural is detrimental to their good appearance, and, in many cases, to their health.

Prof. Dorenwend, of the Paris Hair Works, Toronto,

Has succeeded in manufacturing Styles and Goods to be worn by either Ladies or Gentlemen that when placed on top of the head NOT THE SLIGHTEST FALSENESS IS VISIBLE. This fact has been appreciated by thousands of Ladies and Gentlemen in Canada who are already wearing my goods, and, as I will soon be departing on a trip to the North-West with a stock of Hair Goods, I shall not be able to visit the eastern part of Ontario FOR ONE YEAR. I, therefore, INVITE ALL in want of a first-class article, such as Ladies' Bangs, Wigs, Fine Long French and German Hair Switches, Braids, Water Waves, Gent's Toupees, Wigs, etc., etc., to call at the BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL, KINGSTON, ON WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, MARCH 23RD AND 24TH, and see the finest display of Artistic Styles in Hair Goods ever offered in Canada.

A. DORENWEND, PARIS HAIR WORKS,
103 and 105 Yonge street, Toronto.

HEALTH FOR ALL !!!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

THE PILLS

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the
LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.
They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For Children and the aged they are priceless.

THE OINTMENT

Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

FOR SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at THOMAS HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
78, NEW OXFORD STREET (late 533, OXFORD STREET), LONDON
And are sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box or Pot, and may be had of all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

Our Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is no 533, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

BEWARE

OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS

As there are many inferior goods, corded with jute, hemp, etc., offered and sold as Coraline by some unprincipled merchants trading on the reputation of our genuine Coraline, we warn the ladies against such imposition by drawing their attention to the necessity of seeing that the name

'CROMPTON CORSET CO.'

is stamped on inner side of all Coraline goods, Without which none are genuine.

ADVERTISERS can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of advertising in American papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co., Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., New York. Send 10cts. for 100-Page Pamphlet.

—WHEN YOU GIVE—

A Friend a Present,

Let it be useful as well as ornamental, and select from the following goods:

HANGING LAMPS for the parlor, the library, and the hall.

STAND LAMPS in bronze, brass, and decorated porcelain ware.

CHANDELIERS AND BRACKETS for churches, halls, &c.—a magnificent collection.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW

AN ILLUMINATED CLOCK LAMP which gives a good light and tells the time at night.

GENTS AND LADIES' Dressing Brushes and Combs, manicure and shaving cases, jewel boxes, spectacle cases in plush, ivory, xylonite, leather, &c.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES in gold and silver, with the finest polished lenses.

SOMETHING NEW IN

BEAUTIFUL CARDS!

ALSO IN ARTISTS' GOODS.

Of which we keep a full line and sell cheap.

PERFUMERY and toilet articles in great variety.

CUT GLASS Toilet and Smelling Bottles in cases.

NOVELTIES in brass goods.

G. S. HOBART

MEDICAL HALL.

ROBERTSON BROS

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

CROCKERY, CHINA

GLASSWARE.

LAMP GOODS, PLATEDWARE

CUTLERY, ETC.

178 Princess Street, Kingston.

Seasonable Poetry.

The signs of Spring now coming on
Require a change of tile;
And while these things are on your mind
Place GALLOWAY'S name in file.
To call and see him and his goods
You'll find it worth your while
For he can furnish you with HATS
In every make and style.
At lowest prices (he says he can)
Supply his goods to the working man;
It makes no difference who may call
He's bound to try and suit them all.

IS GALLOWAY'S 84 PRINCESS-ST

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse, [ABUSE] error, indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Kingston by H. Wade and W. J. Wilson. August 17.