THE DAILY BRITISH WHIG,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING BY
EDWARD JOHN BARKER, M. D.
At Six Dollars a year, or FIVE DOLLARS, paid in advance, at the Office of the British Whig, Kingston.

THE WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.
TERMS:—To City Subscribers, twelve shillings and six pence per annum, if paid in advance, or fifteen shillings if paid at the end of the year. To Country Subscribers, ten shillings per annum if paid in advance, or remitted by mail within three months after subscription, and twelve shillings and six pence if collected at the end of the year.

The Daily and Weekly British Whig may be found on file at the office of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand, London. Mr. H. advertises extensively in all parts of the world, and pays always in advance. Such persons are really patrons of the press.

Notice to Subscribers.

Subscribers to the *Weekly British Whig*, who do not receive their papers regularly, are required to send word to this office without delay, as a change of carriers may have occasioned some little irregularity.

The Daily British Whig.

Optler per Orbem Decus.

MONDAY MORNING, JULY 24, 1854.

LETTERS AND TELEGRAPHS RECEIVED.

W. M. B., Hamilton; G. G., Port Hope; J. A., Wellington.

G. H. W., Toronto; N. Y. & M. R. R., with remittance, Montreal; P. M. Belleville; J. & H. M. L., Montreal.

G. G., Port Hope, with rem; C. M. R., Toronto, with rem; R. H., Seymour; R. S., Gananoque.

Members Returned to the Reformed Parliament.

LOWER CANADA.	Liberal	Tory
Bellechasse County—Hon. J. Chabot, Chief Commissioner of Public Works	1	
Quebec Co.—P. J. O. Chauveau, Provincial Secretary	1	
Levis Co.—Mr. Lemieux	1	
Sherbrooke Town.—Mr. Galt	1	
L'Assomption (County.)—J. Papin	1	
Iberville (County.)—Chs. Laberge	1	
Montmagny—M. Cusault	1	
Shefford—L. T. Drummond, Attorney General	1	
Quebec City—Dr. Blanchette	1	
Hon. J. Chabot	1	
C. J. Allyn, Esq.	1	
UPPER CANADA.		
Niagara.—J. C. Morrison, Solicitor General	1	
Glengarry—Sandfield Macdonald	1	
Peterboro'—John Langton	1	
South Wellington—A. J. Fergusson	1	
South Simcoe—W. B. Robinson	1	
North Oxford—Mr. Mathieson	1	
Lincoln—Hon. W. H. Merritt	1	
East Brant—David Christie, Esq.	1	
Brockville—George Crawford, Esq	1	

To the Editor of the British Whig.

The Hon. John A. Macdonald.

Kingston, July 22, 1854.

In your issue of to-day I observe a communication, over the signature of "A Brother Elector," in favor of Hon John A. Macdonald as Representative of Kingston. I am afraid that Mr. Macdonald's friends in the city (and their name is legion) will not give our friend all the credit his well-meant zeal deserves, for thus virtually having "damned him with faint praise." It is plain that the writer could not have been one of those who suffered under the Returning Officer's arrangements in front of the City Hall, on Monday last, else something more forcible would have proceeded from his pen, that is, if he had listened attentively to the Hon. gentleman's speech, and that of his nominator and seconder, Thomas Kirkpatrick and James Morton, Esquires.—What these gentlemen merely touched upon or hinted at, was fully and freely entered upon by Mr. Macdonald, and that with a hearty good will, that showed the good faith in which he dealt with his hearers, and that his was no hunkum speech, stereotyped from some old Yankee newspaper, such as one of those we heard at Waterloo the other day, but the genuine heart-felt out-speaking of a man sincere in the principles he professes, and has ever professed, and too honest and honorable to soften or deny them for the purpose of securing a few votes. But apart from what was said by both candidates at the nomination, there is one thing that I would wish Mr. Macdonald's opponents to bear in mind, especially those who belong to the Ministerial party. Of one thing we are all certain, no candidate on the Reform interest intends to offer for the city, consequently the only difference in their choice must be between two Conservatives; the one has for years served them, and has ever had their cordial approval; the other has also for years well and ably served them in a civic capacity; but his voice is unknown in the Legislative Halls, consequently he is yet to be tried in that capacity.

Opposition is said to be the life of business. There is more truth in the adage than the world is generally aware of, and of all the professions in the world, there is none that is more benefitted by a good, fair, wholesome opposition than politics. It is to the great ocean of governmental affairs what the breeze and the tempest are to the natural bodies of water; it may ruffle and disturb them for a while, but ultimately leaves them purer and more wholesome than it found them in their calm repose. If therefore we are to have an opposition party in Parliament, as an opposition party there must be, who so fit to be a leader of that party as Mr. Macdonald? A gentleman of unimpeachable character for honor and political consistency, of a high order of talent in his profession, active and energetic in all his habits, honored and respected by all who have the honor of his acquaintance, Kingston has never yet had cause to blush for her Representative, as many other places have had the painful duty of doing.

His professions of consistency are no mere election clap-trap got up and paraded for the occasion. His whole past political course, from the day he first entered Parliament, is a guarantee that he will act honestly with his constituents. Of one thing we may be certain, he will never do aught to injure the interests of this his almost native place. I am aware that a great deal has been said about his absence when the vote upon the Seat of Government was taken. At the hustings he explained this, by the fact that he had received a telegraph from two of the most eminent physicians in the city, that a near relative was at the point of death, and hastened to the supposed dying bed-side of a beloved wife! I will not do you the injustice of supposing that one of you possesses a sufficient amount of what some would call "Spartan bravery," but what I would call utter heartlessness. No! I would rather think that you would have been, each and all of you, the first to urge upon him the most hurried departure for that home to which the claims of nature called him. Thus has calumny number one been amply and completely refuted—others I will attend to in due course of time.

Your obt. servant,
HONESTAS.

Electioneering Intelligence.

COUNTY OF RUSSELL.—The nomination for the county of Russell took place at the village of Metcalfe on the 15th inst., Messrs. G. B. Lyon, Wm. Stewart, and R. Bell, were severally proposed. The show of hands was declared in favor of Mr. Lyon.

WEST NORTHUMBERLAND.—Messrs. Smith and Boulton were nominated on Monday as candidates for West Northumberland. The Returning Officer could not decide who had the majority at the show of hands, as the numbers for both parties seemed equal.

BYTOWN.—The nomination for Bytown occurred on the 17th. R. W. Scott, H. J. Friel, Dr. C. Baubien, and Agar Yielders were proposed as candidates. The show of hands was declared in favor of the latter gentleman.

WEST MIDDLESEX.—Thompson Wilson, Esq., has come out with a bold fearless, spirited address, to the electors of West Middlesex. At the nomination on Friday, in Strathroy, four candidates were nominated, namely, Messrs. Ferguson, and Scatcherd, on the Reform side, and Messrs. Wilson, and Keefer, on the Conservative. The show of hands was in favor of Scatcherd. Should Mr. Keefer withdraw, and we believe that he has sufficient respect for the cause to do so, Wilson will be elected. Scatcherd and Ferguson will both run to the last, "no mistake."

EAST MIDDLESEX.—The nomination for this riding took place here on Saturday, Messrs. Niles, and Horton, candidates.—Majority on the ground in favor of Mr. Horton.

COUNTY OF CARLETON.—The nomination for the County of Carleton took place on Monday. Messrs. Malloch and Powell appeared as candidates; and the show of hands was declared in favor of the former.

MONTMORENCI.—The nomination for Montmorenci took place on Wednesday. The show of hands was ten to one against Monsieur Cauchon, and in favor of Mr. McKenzie, the liberal candidate.

QUEBEC CITY.—*July* 21.—The ministerial candidate, two hundred ahead! No danger—all safe.

HAMILTON.—Isaac Buchanan Esq., is out in opposition to Sir Allen McNab.

NORTH RIDING HASTINGS.—The nomination was on the 17th, E. Murney Esq., is opposed to G. Benjamin Esq., Ex, Grand Master of the Orangemen of British North America. The Tribune says that Mr. Murney took the nomination by three to one.

BROCKVILLE ELECTION.—George Crawford, Esquire, a liberal progressive Conservative, was returned for the town of Brockville, on Saturday night by only six of a majority; he was opposed by George Sherwood Esq., one of the old Tory school. Mr. Crawford will give the Ministry a general support, and although we give him to the Conservatives, nevertheless, we would be justified in putting him down as a Reformer. He was opposed by the whole of the conservative strength.

QUEBEC.—THE MINISTERIAL CANDIDATES ONE THOUSAND AHEAD!—The Reformers of Quebec have carried everything before them—Blanchette, Chabott and Allyn led the poll at the start, and at one o'clock on Saturday, three hours before the poll closed, were one thousand votes ahead of their opponents.

THOSE ENTITLED TO VOTE.—The Tories have found out a mare's nest. It appears that one or two of the clauses of the new *franchise* act appear a little contradictory, and from this the Tories seek to argue that all persons entitled to vote by the franchise act, which cannot come into operation till next year, ought to have the privellage of voting at the present election, and they even threaten that the Deputy, Returning Officers belonging to their party will record such votes if it suits their purpose. The *intention* of the act must be the guide, and whenever Deputy Returning Officers act contrary to this, the Returning Officer will have to strike off all votes recorded contrary to such *intention*, and at the same time hold the Deputy Returning Officer so acting liable for the consequences. Returning Officers should remember that *the House* has the power of bringing them to their senses should they act illegally—and an example will no doubt be made.—Those entitled to vote at the present election are such as are entitled to vote under the provisions of the law in force at last Parliamentary election, *and none others.*

RAILROAD ACCIDENT AND LOSS OF LIFE.—We learn from St. Catherines that at about twelve o'clock on Thursday night, the Express train on the Great Western Railroad, going West, was thrown off the track near Thorold by running over two horses. Seven persons were killed and ten wounded, principally German emigrants.

The ex-collector at Oswego, N. Y., Mr. Jacob Richardson has been indicted by the Grand Jury of the United States Court for the Northern District, for defalcation under the sub-treasury law. The amount is said to be about $100,000. He has not yet been arrested.

CANADIAN BISHOPRICKS.—The London Times says that the vacant bishoprick of Toronto has been offered to Rev. Hamilton Verschoyle, Minister, Episcopal Chapel, Upper Baggot street, Dublin. Kingston may be meant. Some say that the *late* Rev. Egerton Ryerson, having rated both in religion and politics is to be the new bishop.

The New Currency.

The act to regulate the currency passed last session in Quebec, had in it a clause which made it inoperative until after a day fixed by Her Majesty for it to come into operation. That day has now been fixed by a proclamation just out for the 1st of August, 1854. The act, it will be remembered, was passed after a refusal on the part of the Imperial Government to sanction some acts on the currency, which was previously passed at Quebec. All former currency acts repealed, and it is enacted that the denomination of money in the currency of this Province shall hereafter be pounds, dollars, shillings, pence, cents and mills: the pound, shilling and penny shall have, respectively the same proportionate values as they now have. In any agreement or statement as to money, either denomination may be lawfully used. The pound currency is to be of 101 321-1000 grains, Troy of gold, the standard the United Kingdom; the dollar to be one-fourth of the value. The pound sterling to be £1 4s. 4d., or $4, or 864 cents currency and to be a legal tender for that amount. Less British gold coins to be also a legal tender for proportionate rates.

Public accounts to be kept in the denominations of coin prescribed by Her Majesty. Accounts may be kept or stated, or agreements made, however, to be legally binding, in either class.

Such silver coins as may be struck at the Royal Mint, of the fineness now fixed by law for coins of the United Kingdom, and of weights, bearing respectively the same proportion to the value to be assigned to such coins in this Province, which the weights of the silver coins of the United Kingdom, shall, by Her Majesty in her proclamation, declaring them lawful money of this Province, be a legal tender at the rates assigned in such proclamation.

Until otherwise ordered by Royal proclamation, the silver coins of the United Kingdom shall pass current for sums in currency according to the proportion hereinbefore fixed to the sums in sterling, for which they pass current in the United Kingdom, and no other silver coins than those declared to be so by this act shall be a legal tender in this Province. No silver coins can be a legal tender for more than £2 10s. currency.

The copper money of the United Kingdom to pass current and be a legal tender to the amount of 1s. currency; and no more, that is to say,—the copper penny, two cents; halfpenny one cent; and other subdivisions proportionably. Provided that any copper coins of like weights which Her Majesty may direct to be struck for the purpose shall be a legal tender, at the like rates, to the above mentioned amount; and Her Majesty may declare by proclamation that the copper coins of the United Kingdom shall not be lawful current money of the Province.

The American Eagle coined before 1st July, 1834, is to be a legal tender, and to pass current for $10 262-3 cents, or £2 7s. 4d. currency; coined after that day and before the 1st January, 1852, or after that day; but while the standard of fineness is retained in the United States mint, and weighing 10 cents. 18 grs. Troy shall pass current for $10, or £2 10s. currency; and Gold coins the multiplesor half of the above of the respective dates to be current for proportionate sums.

Other gold coins may be made current by Her Majesty's proclamation, at rates to be assigned in such proclamation; such rates being proportionate to the quantity of gold in such coins, reckoning ninety-two and eight hundred and seventy-seven thousand parts of grains to one pound currency.

The Reciprocity Treaty.

The correspondent of the New York "Journal of Commerce," says of the Reciprocity treaty:—

The *Union* urges the importance of early action by the Senate upon the subject of the Fisheries and Reciprocity Treaty. It is no doubt the most important and most beneficial treaty to the United States that has been made with England since the Treaty of 1783. It gives us even greater advantages in regard to the Fisheries than we held under that treaty, and it opens to us the commerce of an active and prosperous people, now numbering three millions. To settle all questions that may ever disturb the harmony of the three parties to the treaty, is of vast importance. The Senate is not disposed to act upon the treaty at this session. They have not yet turned their attention to it at all, and they consider it as too great a subject to be disposed of in a hurry. The Administration will, however, if they are as earnest as they appear to be in favor of the Treaty, influence the Senate to take it up at once.

It is said that upon the conclusion of the Treaty, the negotiators on the part of the British Government are to be rewarded for this signal service with great distinctions Lord Elgin is to be made a Duke and to be appointed Governor General of India. Mr. Crampton and Mr. Merritt are to be knighted, and otherwise honored. There is not so much danger of the loss of the Treaty in the Senate as has been supposed. The Southern Senators thought that the terms of the arrangement would enable free negroes from Barbadoes or Jamaica to fish upon the coast of Florida and enter Southern harbors.—The objection was made by Florida Senators. But the Treaty provides against that construction, by limiting the right of British subjects to fish in waters north of a certain parallel,—thirty-six. Thus turtledom is safe from black invasion.

Then, again, the South is specially interested in the preservation of peace and commerce between the U. S. and England.—Though the results of the Treaty are to be specially beneficial to the Eastern States, yet it must be considered that we have given Texas to the South; and may soon give Cuba, and have recently paid a round sum for a Southern Railroad route to the Pacific.—There is really more danger to be apprehended to the treaty, from the want of the assent of the Colonial Legislatures, than from opposition in the Senate.

FROM THE EXPLORING EXPEDITION.

New York, July 18.

The steamer Franklin brings us an interesting account of a voyage of the North Pacific exploring Expedition which sailed from the U. S. under Commander Ringgold, a little more than a year ago. They arrived at Hong Kong on the 20th of March, after touching at Madeira, Cape De Verdes, Cape of Good Hope, Sydenham, and traversing the Coral sea, visiting the Santa Cruz ground, Carolines, &c. They have made a great many important observations, barometrical, thermometrical, and geological, all of which will be promptly forwarded to the Navy Department at Washington, and published as speedily as possible for the benefit of our valuable commerce with Australia, East Indies, and California.

COST OF THE BRITISH COLONIES.—As to the British Colonies they are maintained by England at an immense expense, which is a dead loss to the mother country. A Parliamentary return recently issued, gives some idea of the amount of this loss. It appears that in round numbers the net Colonial expenditure for 1852 was £3,550,000; that out of this the military cost was over £3,000,000; that the civil expenditure was within a fraction of £500,000 and the cost of the navy was nearly £56,000. Here are nearly $18,000,000 actually expended in one year, and year after year in maintaining Colonies which, "except for the honour and glory of the thing," are a dead loss. Look at the Cape of Good Hope, costing England $15,000,000 in two years, and yielding no equivalent whatever, except that Great Britain waves her flag in every quarter of the Globe.

The Harvest in Canada.

The hay harvest throughout the County of York is nearly over. The crop is barely an average one; in the opinion of many persons something below an average. Wheat harvesting has been commenced in the townships of York and Markham and at several other points in the County of York. The wheat crop in this County is fully an average, if not something more. It is probably better than in any other part of the Province. The late violent storms have been found not to have produced so much injury to the wheat crop as had been anticipated. Along the line of the storm, the crops were laid and the harvesting of them will be more difficult, but the wheat was too near ripe to suffer much damage otherwise by the storm. The Spring crops promise much better than last year, when they were very light, and are likely to be as good as in an average of years. There is a large quantity of spring wheat growing this year; the high prices that prevailed having proved a great a temptation to farmers to put in as much wheat as possible. This crop, more backward of course than Fall wheat, is likely to turn out well. Potatoes look well; though the value of the crop has yet to be determined by the weather between this and the time for taking them out of the ground. Last year, at this time, the potato crop did not promise badly, but it afterwards became a total failure. We may mention, *en passant* that there have been scarcely any old potatoes in this market for a week past; on several days there have been none at all; and although new ones have been procurable, they are not deemed desirable or safe food, owing to their unripeness, at this season.—Of the fruit crop we are not able to give any very flattering account. So far as we can learn, the state of the crop does not promise a very abundant yield in this neighborhood.

Private letters from the old Niagara district state the wheat crop is not more than half an average in that locality; and that the hay crop is still worse.

TO CAPTAINS OF STEAMBOATS RUNNING THE COTEAU RAPIDS.—The engineers engaged in surveying the rapids of the St. Lawrence, have now commenced an examination of the well known shoal which obstructs the northern or present steamboat channel between Prisoner's Island (I'lle du Coteau) and Pig Island. To make this examination as minute as desirable, will require the running of lines across, and the mooring of scows in the channel; and the engineers therefore respectfully request the Captains of Steamers, as well as the Pilots, running the Coteau Rapids, for the next two or three weeks to come, to run the channel round the south side of Pig Island, now used by mail and other steamboats of light draft. The channel thus proposed being the same which is now run by steamboats and barges of heavy draft, the engineers trust that the Captains and Pilots kindly comply with their request, and they promise to give notice as soon as they shall have accomplished the survey of the above mentioned portion of the northern channel. The Engineers also respectfully beg to express the wish that Editors of Newspapers, who take an interest in their operations in the Rapids, would be pleased to copy the above request, as well as other requests of a similar character, which circumstances may hereafter compel them to address to the Captains and Pilots running the Rapids, of whose friendly disposition towards their operations, they are happy to say, they have already had numerous proofs.

MAILLEFERT & RAASLOFF.
Coteau Landing, July 11, 1854.

The Board of Health,

JULY 22nd, 1854.

At the Board, the Mayor and a quorum.

A letter from the Reeve of Pittsburgh was read.

A circular from the Central Board of Health, asking for Daily Returns of Mortality was read.

An order was passed directing the Sextons of the several Grave Yards to make daily returns of interments. The President of the Waterloo Cemetery was asked to direct a daily return of interments, from within the City limits.

No Hospital Report received, nor any private Report, in the absence of which we must report the City healthy.

Police Court.

Saturday, July 22.

Timothy McCarty, in the employment of Mr. Quinn, Ontario Street, was charged with breaking his windows, as he passed along. Defendant admitted the truth of the complaint. Fined 5s., and to pay damages 5s.

Mary Clancy, alias Brockley, who was found drunk on Barriefield Commons, was discharged on her promising to leave town, and go back to a situation she only a short time since left.

Quebec, July 20.

HEALTH OF QUEBEC.—The Chronicle states, on the authority of a leading physician, that not a single death from Cholera has this year occurred within the city of Quebec. We are glad to be enabled to state, on excellent medical authority, that the epidemic has almost entirely disappeared in the Lower Town. The latest daily return shows but three cases.

Arrivals at the British American Hotel

July 22.—William Kirkland, Quebec; W Deamer Bath; Mr. and Mrs. Clarke, New York; John Brkmire, Port Glasgow; Daniel Molson, Montreal: Charles Perry, Peterborough; Samuel J Firth, New Orleans; J G Jenkins, Rochester; W Summers, do.; P F Betts, Mr. Lester, New York; C Gasell, Senr, Wellington; D Stewart, New York; C Fitzgibbon, do; C C Pill, do; W Man, Belleville; A Maynard, Boston; James Browne, do.

CUSTOM HOUSE REPORTS.

IMPORTS.

July 22.—Steamer Ontario, Montreal, 1 cask, E. W. Palmer, 10 bags nuts, J. Carruthers, 10 tons pig iron, J. Kerr, 4 bars iron, W. Rudston, 1 cask, 2 bags nails, J. Fraser.

Steamer St. Lawrence, Montreal, 1 bbl. gin, Browne & Hardy.

Steamer Star, Cape Vincent, 2 pieces machinery, 1 bundle, 1 box, J. Davidson, 1 package, H. Armstrong.

EXPORTS.

July 19.—Str. Ontario, Oswego, 1 carpet.

July 22.—Propeller Hope, Cape Vincent, 160,550 feet pine lumber.

Schooner Prince of Wales, Hamilton, 120 tons pig iron.

Steamer Cataract, Lewiston, 3 boxes fish. Schooner S. Bond, Oswego, 135,000 feet lumber, 250 bunches laths.

DIED.

This Morning, JANE MILLIGAN, wife of Mr. Robert Clarke, and daughter of Mr. Barraclough Atkinson, aged 24 years and 3 months.

☞ Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend the Funeral from her father's residence, (near the Grand Trunk Railroad Work Shops) to the place of interment, (Waterloo,) THIS AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock.

At Quebec, on the 15th instant, Mr. Miles Coroner, Stevedore, aged 41 years.

On the 15th instant, Mr. Edward Broughton, Book-Keeper, native of Scotland, aged 47 years.

At Quebec, on July 17th, the Rev. Mr. Thomas McGuire, Vicar General and Chaplain to the Ursuline Convent.

In Toronto, on July 20th, Elizabeth Irwin, sister of Jonathan Black, Printer, aged 26 years.

In Hamilton, on the 16th instant, of dropsy, Benjamina Munson, the wife of Mr. Alexander Finlayson, aged 49 years.

In Brampton, on the 9th instant, John Stoddard, M. D., in the 51rd year of his age.

AUCTION SALE
Of Damaged Hardware, &c., &c.

AT the Premises occupied by H. ARMSTRONG, Esq. On Monday, 31st inst., and Tuesday, 1st August, (if the goods remaining unsold by private sale), will be sold without reserve by Auction, the stock of Damaged Hardware, consisting of every article in the trade, and which will be put up in lots to suit buyers.

Terms, Cash; but persons purchasing to the extent of twenty-five pounds and upwards, will be allowed a credit of three months, by furnishing approved endorsed paper, with interest added.

—ALSO:—

Immediately after the above, will be offered to the Trade on credit, for negotiable paper, about one hundred and fifty packages Fresh Goods, selected in the best markets, and purchased for cash in lots to suit the trade.

Sale each day at one o'clock punctually.

JACKSON,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, 21st July, 1844. 171

Auction Sale,
Of Magnificent Carved Rosewood and Mahogany Furniture,
On THURSDAY, THE 3RD AUGUST,

WILL be sold without reserve, at Jackson's Sale Rooms, a collection of the choicest Household Furniture, &c., Piano Forte & Stool, the most Superb Library ever offered for sale either by Auction or otherwise in this City. The undersigned has been employed to inspect and value this very choice collection of furniture, Piano Forte, Library, &c., &c., &c., and pledges himself that it surpasses anything of the kind that has passed through his hands for the last twenty-five years, and will only instance the fact that the Piano Forte cost 1 hundred and twenty-five pounds cash. Several of the articles of furniture are surmounted with the choicest Egyptian Marble, and the Library consists of about two thousand of the choicest standard works by both ancient and modern authors. The Library will not be sold until after the Furniture, &c. is disposed of. Due notice will be given of the day and hour of sale and an endeavor will be made to make out a catalogue, not only of the Furniture, but also of the Books.

Sale each day at 1 o'clock, until all is sold.

N. B.—Every facility will be given to intending purchasers.

JACKSON,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, July 21st, 1854. 171

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

THE Commissioner of Public Works not now deeming it expedient to close the Lachine Canal, as advertised under the date 4th July, notice is hereby given that it will remain open until the close of the season.

By order
THOMAS A. BEGLEY,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
20th July, 1854. 171-1m.,2w

FOR MURRAY BAY, RIVIERE DU LOUP, AND RIVER SAGUENAY.
The First Class Seagoing Steamer

SAGUENAY,
CAPT. RENE SIMARD,

WILL run as follows during July and August, leaving the Napoleon Wharf, every Tuesday Morning at 8 o'clock, on a Pleasure Excursion up the River Saguenay, calling at Riviere Ouelle, Murray Bay, Riviere Du Loup, and be back in Quebec on the following Thursday evening, leaving Quebec again on SATURDAY MORNING, at eight o'clock, for River du Loup, calling, on down Trip, at L'Islet and Murray Bay.

Returning, will leave River du Loup early on Monday Morning, calling at River Ouelle and Murray Bay alternately, will arrive in Quebec same evening.

Quebec, July 19th, 1854. 171

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

United Counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington, } ON Saturday, the 28th October
To wit:

next, at the Court House, in the City of Kingston, at noon, the following property, seized and taken under execution:—

JOSEPH H. MEAD, Plaintiff,
vs.
JOHN SHAW, Defendant,

all the right, title and interest of Defendant, in Lot No. 44, on Arthur Place, at the corner of Arch and Union Streets, in the subdivision of Lot 24, 1st Concession Kingston, now part of the City of Kingston, 4,300 square feet.

J. M. McKAY, Plaintiff,
vs.
SIDNEY W. SCOBELL, Defendant,

all the right, title and interest of Defendant in Lots 27, 28, and 29, North side of Street formerly called Market Street, in a sub-division of Lot 24, 1st Concession Kingston, Lot 36, North side of Princess Street, and Lot 30, South side of Grave, now Queen Street; also, part of Lot 24, 1st Concession Kingston, now part of the City of Kingston.

Lot No. 19, Town plot of Selina, in the City of Kingston; Lot 53, in the 96th con. Camden, and Pew No. 49 in the St. George's Church, City of Kingston.

THOMAS A. CORBETT,
Sheriff,
U. C. F. L. & A.

Sheriff's Office,
Kingston, 24th July, 1854. } 171

A. W. MURDOCH,
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC,
(Late Band Master 71st Highland Light Infantry.)
REMOVED TO
RAMSAY & ARMOUR'S OLD STAND,
EAST SIDE OF KING STREET,
KINGSTON, C. W.

*** All kinds of Musical Instruments, the very latest New Music, everything in fact, connected with the business, constantly on hand.

Kingston, 29th December, 1853.

1854.

VERMONT CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Northern and Western, British and United States Mail Route.

ON and after June 5th, 1854, Passenger Trains will run as follows:—

GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leave Boston at 7½ A. M.; reaching Burlington at 5½, and Rouse's Point at 7 P. M., Montreal at 9, and Ogdensburgh at 11½ P. M.

Leave Boston at 12 M., New York 8 A. M., lodge at Montpelier, Vt., and arrive at Burlington at 6.40 A. M., Montreal at 10, and Ogdensburgh at 1 P. M. next day.

GOING EAST AND SOUTH.

Leave Rouse's Point at 8 a. m. and 3 45 p. m., in connection with trains from Montreal and Ogdensburgh, and arrive in Boston and New York the SAME DAY, by the 8 A. M. train, and the next day, by the 6 & 7 P. M. train.

For further information, apply at the Ogdensburgh and Rouse's Point Passenger Stations, the Champlain and St. Lawrence Railroad Office, Montreal, to CYRUS KIMBALL, Agent, 108 State Street, and at the Ticket Office, Scholley's Building, 60 Court Street, Boston.

☞ Freight Trains run daily.

JAMES MOORE,
Supt. Vt. C. R. R.

Northfield, Vt., June 1, 1854. 171

NEW BOOKS.

JOHN DUFF has received—

Mrs. Stowe's New Book, Sunny Memories of Foreign Lands. By Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin."
Fern Leaves, from Fanny's Portfolios. Second Series. First Supply.
Christopher North, in his Shooting Jacket.
The Recreations of Christopher North.
Twenty years in the Phillippine. Translated from the French of Palde La Gimier.
The Boyhood of Great Men, intended as an example to Youth.
Footprints of Famous Men, designed as incitements to intellecual Industry. By John S. Edgar.
Sir Jasper Carew Knight, his Life and Experiences. By Charles Lever.
Agatha Beaufort, or Family Pride. By the author of "Pique."
Boithwarte's Retrospect of Practical Medicine and Surgery for July.

Kingston, July 22nd, 1854. 171

RECEIVED in Store,
Per Barge Huron from Montreal,
20 bbls. Sugar House Syrup;
Per Steamer Champion from Montreal,
3 hhds Loaf Sugar,
13 bbls. Vinegar
Per Steamer Star, Cape Vincent,
66 doz. Corn Brooms,
10 bbls. Golden Syrup.

T. HENDRY.

22nd July, 1854. 171

On such subjects the Testimony of Women should be Conclusive.

New York, Aug. 2, 1852.

Mrs. Clute, of No. 272 Second street, believing her child, about three years old, to be troubled with worms, purchased one bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, and gave it two teaspoonfuls, which had the effect of causing the child to discharge a large number of worms. The child is now enjoying good health. We would advise all parents who may suspect their children to be troubled with worms to lose no time, but immediately purchase and administer Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge. It will cure. *The money will be refunded in all cases where it does not give satisfaction.*

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

☞ Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others, in comparison, are worthless.

E. W. PALMER, Kingston, Agent.

LYON'S KATHAIRON,

FOR PRESERVING, RESTORING, CLEANSING, AND BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, ALLEVIATING NERVOUS HEADACHE, AND CURING ERUPTIVE DISEASES OF THE SKIN. Its reputation, coextensive with the civilization of the globe, makes all praise superfluous, all exaggeration impossible; and since its discovery has found no substitute to compete its uncontested—its incontestable superiority. Physicians and Chemists,—honorable citizens from all professions of life,—the leading Journals of Europe and America,—Ladies who have used it upon their dressing-tables, and Mothers in their Nurseries,—in fact, its million patrons everywhere, from plebeians to kings, pronounce it the most pleasing and effective article either as a Medicinal or Toilet preparation ever produced. Do not fail to give it a trial.—Price but 25 cents.

D. S. BARNES, Proprietor, 161 Broadway, N.Y.
E. W. PALMER,
Wholesale Agent, Kingston.

BALDNESS POSITIVELY CURED
BY
"C. S. EMERSON'S"

AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE is truly the wonder of the age. Perhaps no article ever offered to the public is received with greater favor than this, and persons Bald or becoming so, have only to test the article to be fully satisfied.

N. B.—Agents are authorized to give written guarantees if preferred; price to be agreed upon between the parties.

C. E. FISHER & CO., Proprietors,
No. 57, Superior St., Cleveland, Ohio.
E. W. PALMER
Agent, Kingston, C. W.

NEW BOOKS.

JOHN DUFF has received

'Flora Lyndsay,' or passages in an eventful life. By Mrs. Moodie, author of "Roughing it in the Bush," etc.
Wearyfoot Common. By Leigh Ritchie. (From Chambers' Journal.)
Walter Warren. By Owen Duffy.
Russia. Translated from the French of the Marquis de Custine.
Frank Leslie's Ladie's Gazette, of Paris, London and New York Fashions for July.
Household Words. July.
Eclectic Magazine. do.
London Lancet, for do.

July 15.

BOAT BUILDING.

THE Subscriber begs to inform his Friends, and the Yachting and Boating Public generally, that he has commenced the above Business, in all its branches, at the Premises in Green Bay Barriefield, lately and so long occupied by the Messrs. Knapp, whose joint services he has secured. Those therefore in want of neat and substantial Boats, can be supplied on short notice, and can have them in the Messrs. Knapp's best improved style of building.

All orders punctually executed and promptly attended to; and Repairs neatly and satisfactorily performed.

*** Perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

GEORGE MEDLEY.

Barriefield,
June 12, 1854. }

NEIL McNEIL,
PLUMBER, &c., &c.,
Wellington Street, three doors South of the Glasgow Warehouse.
☞ ARCHWAY ENTRANCE. ☜

PRESSMAN WANTED.

A GOOD Pressman would get good wages and constant employment in the British Whig Office.

Kingston, July 21, 1854.

TO CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

TENDERS will be received at the office of Mr. Kirker, in Gananoque, till 3 o'clock on Tuesday the 15th August, from persons willing to contract for the construction of a STONE BRIDGE across the Gananoque River.

Plans and specifications may be seen at Mr. Innes' Office in the City Buildings, Kingston.

Gananoque, July 22nd, 1854. 170

CARRIAGE HORSES.

FOR SALE a pair of handsome Carriage Horses, quiet in harness, and gentle in the saddle. For Cards of address apply at office of the British Whig.

Kingston, July 22nd, 1854. 170

RECEIVED in Store and for sale by the Subscriber,
30 boxes Starch,
40 tins Mustard,
30 boxes Raisins,
3 bbls Currants,
10 gross Box Blacking,
50 boxes Havana Cigars,
20 do Chewing Tobacco in Tin Foil.

HUGH SCOTT,
Princess Street.

Kingston, July 22, 1854. 170

CORDAGE, OAKUM, &c.

FOR SALE—
Cordage,
Oakum,
Sail and Tarpoulin Cloth,
Salt Fish, &c., &c.
Flour, Grain, Ashes and Produce generally, sold on Commission.

J. & H. McLENNAN,
No. 2, Grey Nun Street.

Montreal, July 20, 1854. 170

AUCTION SALE
OF STEAMER

CATARAQUI,
Will be sold BY AUCTION
On Tuesday, the 8th of August

NEXT, AT THE UNITED STATES WHARF, (Kinghorn's), the Steamboat CATARAQUI, together with her Engine and Boiler, as she now lies at the wharf. She has been lately caulked and is in first rate working order; is 92 tons register, and is capable of going through the Grenville, Wolfe Island, Rideau and all other Canals. She is ninety feet long by nineteen feet beam; is well adapted for carrying lumber, being capable of holding 55 M. feet and at same time tow two or three large loaded Barges.

If any person is desirous of purchasing before the day of Sale, can do so by applying, if by letter (post-paid), to the Subscriber. Persons in the above line of business will do well by applying immediately.

TERMS:

One-fourth, Cash; the balance in three equal instalments, payable at 6, 9, and 12 months from day of Sale.

☞ Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

JAMES LINTON,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, July 20, 1854. 169

SEA BATHING.

For Saguenay, Cacouna, Ha Ha Bay, Montreal and Quebec.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMER

MAY FLOWER,
CAPTAIN A. MACDONALD,

WILL make another Pleasure Excursion to the River Saguenay and the Watering Places on the St. Lawrence, leaving Kingston on THURSDAY MORNING, the 27th instant, at Four o'clock.

To secure good accommodation, immediate application should be made to the undersigned.

A Medical Gentleman will accompany the Party.

For State Rooms, Freight, &c., apply to
GEO. W. M. WYATT,
Toronto.
STARK HILL & CO.,
Ogdensburgh.

July 21, 1854.

POWELL & FOX

BEG leave to announce that in addition to the large assortment of Stoves, Ploughs, Tinware, &c., formerly kept, they have made such arrangements as will enable them to supply their numerous friends and the public generally, with a large and complete assortment of

HARDWARE,

comprising Building and Shelf Goods, Cutlery, Mechanical Tools, Paints, Oil and Colors, Glass and Putty, Cut and W. Nails, &c., &c.; also a large assortment of Agricultural Implements, consisting of Plows, Seed Sowers, Cultivators, Scythes, Snaiths, Forks, &c., &c. Their assortment of Stoves will comprise the King of Stoves, No. 9, of which it is unnecessary to say much, as the public are generally aware of its superiority over any Stove now in use, particularly for Farmer's purposes. The Improved Farmer, which is generally well liked, and a variety of Cooking Stoves of other patterns; Box and Parlor Stoves, Plows, Castings of all kinds on hand. They will also manufacture Tin Ware of all kinds, and attend promptly to any jobbing with which they may be entrusted. Hot-air Furnaces, Conductors and Conductor Pipes, put up on short notice, and at a reasonable rate.

Old Metal, Brass, Copper, Lead and Rags taken in exchange.

GIVE US A CALL.
Sign of the Watering Pot,
Princess St., Kingston.

July 19th,