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| | Mail. | Express. | Mixed. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Arrive ..... | 3.45 p.m. | 4.15 a.m. | 9.30 p.m. |
| Depart ..... | 4.05 p.m | 4.15 a.m. | 6.00 a.m. |

GOING EAST.

| | Express. | Express. | Local. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Arrive ..... | 2.30 a.m. | 1.15 p.m. | 2.15 a.m |
| Depart ..... | 2.45 a.m. | 1.35 p.m. | 5.15 a.m |

[This is by Montreal time, from which deduct 12½ minutes for the difference between Montreal and Kingston time.]

Nov. 6, 1870.

KINGSTON POST OFFICE.

| | Close. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Eastern by G.T.R. day train | 12:00 M. | |
| Western " " " | 2:30 P.M. | |
| East and West night trains | 9:00 " | 7:00 A.M. |

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Through Mails for New York, Boston, Oswego and Cape Vincent, will be closed at 10:30 a.m. and 3.00 p.m. daily, Sundays excepted.

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Per *Cunard* and *Bremen* line, every *Wednesday* at 10:30 *A.M.*

Letters intended for dispatch per Bremen line must be specially so directed.

☞ Single copies of the CHRONICLE AND NEWS, containing the news of the week, may be had in wrappers for mailing. Price 3d. each issued every Friday.

SINGLE COPIES of the DAILY NEWS may be had at the counter of the publication office, Princess street. Price two cents.

# The Daily News.

MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 27.

☞ *SEE FIRST PAGE.*

## WOMEN IN LONG CLOTHES.

So long as English ladies will persist in wearing long dresses in the streets and in public places of amusement, we cannot but think they give some countenance to the famous classification which refuses the franchise to "criminals, lunatics, idiots, women, and minors." "Minors"—very minor, indeed, that is, under a year old—may properly enough wear long flounces over their helpless little feet. But how any rational and full-grown human beings can be so inexpressibly silly, it is hard to imagine. Now and then some deplorable accident occurs to show the dangerous nature of their folly. The useless mass of clothing becomes ignited, and the flames have too large a quantity of tinder at their mercy to be subdued. Or in a carriage accident, where the woman might easily have escaped unhurt, her long dress causes her to be caught up in a wheel and destroyed. The difference of safety in short or long dresses in this latter case was shown strikingly in two instances in London last week. In the first, a lady leaving a first-class carriage at a metropolitan station slipped down—before the train had stopped—between the carriage and the platform. Wearing a short dress, there was nothing to catch on any part of the machinery, and she actually escaped from her awful position with no injury beyond a slight squeeze. Another poor lady, differently attired, was not apparently exposed to any danger at all while walking on the Holborn Viaduct. Her dress, which the report describes as "very long," flowed, unhappily, a little over the kerb stone of the pavement. The wheel of a passing waggon, on its proper track, caught up the garment, and instantly dragged the wretched lady under the heavy vehicle. Both her legs were crushed beneath it, and we hear that she now lies in St. Bartholomew's Hospital in a dying state. It should be added that this, poor lady whose fate all must regard with sincere pity, was not the victim of the failing senses of advanced life; she was only 38 years of age. But it is by no means the accidental disasters which follow foolish fashions which form the best argument against them. It is their regular and unvarying ill results, which, in the case of women's clumsy attire, involve the diminution by a very large amount of the average health of the female sex, and through it, of course, of the whole community. A woman in a long dress dawdles when she does walk, instead of warming her blood and raising her spirits by quick movements She finds herself debarred from a dozen kinds of useful occupations which she would be disposed to undertake if more unshackled. She is helpless and dependent upon everybody about her. If she needs to open a door, or to carry a parasol, or a candlestick, and requires to go up-stairs at the same moment, she is instantly in a difficulty, because one hand is busy holding up her dress, and if she lets it go she will trip and come down on her face. Her grandmother at 70 is more what a Yankee calls "spry" than she is at 25.—*London paper.*

In discussing the Russell-Bismarck incident the London *Standard* says it has done more to throw discredit on the diplomacy of England and lower her influence than anything that occurred during the disastrous year of 1870.

The *Hamburger Nachrichten* admits the existence of a treaty or understanding between Russia and Prussia. It says that great influences were brought to bear upon both Austria and Italy, with the view of inducing them to aid France, but that the attitude of Russia restrained them.

The streets of New Orleans were covered on Thursday morning of last week with a yellow powder resembling sulphur, which somewhat alarmed the superstitious. The city papers explain that the powder was nothing more than the pollen of the flowers of trees of the forest, all now in full bloom, and which, especially under the influence of high wind, become diffused in the upper regions and are borne down by the rain.

HOW A SCOTCHMAN SAVED HIS GOODS IN PARIS.—It is pleasant nowadays to hear of any respect being paid to the British flag. It seems that a Scotch resident in Paris who had very reluctantly to desert his shop when the siege commenced happily bethought himself that in a country where no spurious flags or ensigns are allowed the "Union Jack" would be respected. Accordingly, after locking up and with a heavy heart taking leave of his property, he hoisted the British standard over the house. When the gates of the beleagured city were partially opened after the capitulation he returned to the scene of his operations, and was delighted to find that his whole property, "goods and gear," remained untouched, while other houses and shops in the locality had been thoroughly ransacked, even the floors being torn up in the search for hidden treasure. An American who had neglected to float the stripes and stars had upwards of £240 worth of silver plate and other valuables carried off. It is to be regretted that further experiments of this nature were not tried before the close of the war.

At certain seasons of the year most persons are subject to diseases, emanating from a low state of the blood. The causes are various, but it is only necessary, in order for the prompt purification of that fluid, that the patient should use Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, with full assurance of obtaining the desired results. This Syrup will strengthen the organs of digestion, promote healthy assimilation, nourish the muscles, and renovate the nervous system.

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THE

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ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

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**Daily News Steam Printing House,**

PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON.

PROSPECTUS.

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It is intended to offer to the local public a cheap, interesting and useful family newspaper.

In politics the KINGSTON GAZETTE will occupy a neutral ground, identifying itself with neither of the existing political parties, but be independent and non-partizan in its discussions and arguments on all political questions. Politics, however, will be less a feature than interesting news and reading matter, as in the present state of the country the appetite for political disputations appears to have become lost, or at all events greatly lessened, since the advent of Confederation, which has given a destiny to Canada and harmonized previous discordant political elements. When the time comes, however, that important political principles have to be battled for, the KINGSTON GAZETTE will be found on the side of that body of public men who shall best try to guide the great destiny of British North America as a united country, held by a common people, cherishing the traditions and enjoying the political liberties of a glorious race. The KINGSTON GAZETTE will be thoroughly Canadian; and while cherishing that which is good-will advocate all needful reforms in our political institutions.

Special attention will be paid to local intelligence and the furnishing of accurate market reports.

Choice readings from the literature of fiction will appear in every number unless it happens that the pressure of important news renders it necessary to exclude the story in order to make room for other subjects.

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JAMES NEISH,
Publisher of the Daily News.

Kingston, Dec. 1, 1870

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Sir,—I think if you would advertise your Chlorodyne more than you do, you would help to beat the others, which are secret compounds, out of the market. Many medical men think with me, and recommend your compound, but will never prescribe a secret remedy. CHARLES KIDD, M.D.

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Earl Russell communicated to the Royal College of Physicians and to Mr Freeman, that in Manilla the only remedy of any use in Cholera was Chlorodine.

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They consist of three preparations—

THE BAUDEINE,

An efficient and prompt Remedy for Cholera, Yellow Fever, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and the excessive action of the Bowels. A gold medal was awarded by the French Government to Dr V. Baud for this valuable preparation.

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Physician in Ordinary to the Queen in Ireland.

"I have frequently prescribed Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil. I consider it to be a very pure oil, not likely to create disgust, and a therapeutic agent of great value."

DR. EDWARD SMITH, F.R.S.,
Medical Officer to the Poor Law Board of Great Britain.

"We think it a great advantage that there is one kind of Cod Liver Oil which is universally admitted to be genuine—the Light-Brown Oil supplied by Dr. de Jongh. It has long been our practice, when prescribing the oil, to recommend this kind, since, amidst a much variety and uncertainty, we have confidence in its genuineness."—(Extract from "Consumption: its Early and Remediable Stages.")

DR. LANKESTER, F.R.S.,
Coroner for Central Middlesex.

"I consider that the purity of this oil is secured in its preparation, by the personal attention of so good a chemist and intelligent a physician as Dr. de Jongh, who has also written the best medical treatise on the oil with which I am acquainted. Hence, I deem the Cod Liver Oil sold under his guarantee to be preferable to any other kind as regards genuineness and medical efficacy."

DR. LETHEBY,
Medical Officer of Health, and Chief Analyst to the City of London.

"In all cases I have found Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil possessing the same set of properties, among which the presence of cholaic compounds, and of iodine in a state of organic combination, are the most remarkable. It is, I believe, universally acknowledged that this oil has great therapeutic power; and from my investigations, I have no doubt of its being a pure and unadulterated article."

DR. BARLOW, F.R.S.,
Senior Physician to Guy's Hospital.

"I have frequently recommended persons consulting me to make use of Dr. de Jongh's Cod Liver Oil. I have been well satisfied with its effects, and believe it to be a very pure oil, well fitted for those cases in which the use of that substance is indicated."

DR. GRANVILLE, F.R.S.,
Author of the "Spas of Germany."

"Dr. Granville has found that Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil produces the desired effect in a shorter time than other kinds, and that it does not cause the nausea and indigestion too often consequent on the administration of the pale oil."

EDWIN CANTON, ESQ., F.R.C.S.,
Surgeon to Charing-cross Hospital.

"For several years past I have been in the habit of prescribing Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil, and find it to be much more efficacious than other varieties of the same medicine which I have also employed with a view to test their relative superiority."

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