The Daily News.

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 20.

ORANGE INCORPORATION.—Gradually the contemptible trickery of the Reformers in the matter of the Orange Incorporation measure is becoming more and more apparent. The matter upon which so much pother has arisen is very simple, so much so that we cannot see how any body can offer the slightest objection to it. All that the Orangemen ask is simply to have the right of holding property in their own name, and not by trustees as at present. The banner they carry, cannot be owned by themselves the very furniture of their lodge room with its jewels and paraphernalia must be held by means of trustees, and because they ask for power which has been granted time and again to the Roman Catholics, forthwith a storm is raised and every Grit of consequence in the House, with one honourable exception, is found doing their prettiest to prevent the Orangemen from having their rights.

It is refreshing to hear the great Christopher Fraser let himself out. He will oppose the measure at every step. He will resent it as an insult to his *religion*. Good men and true in that religion have shrewdly hinted that there is possibly a question whether the Hon. member is not now trying by his loud-mouthed vapourings to atone for past peccadilloes against the church. We wonder if the Kingston Grits could not favour us with another speech from him during the recess. He came here once before, and was cheered by the Grit Orangemen to the echo. We hope they are pleased with the way their man is now conducting himself. A calm and dispassionate review of his course in this matter has fully convinced us that a mere bigoted narrowminded zealot does not disgrace the Local House. He roars like a mad bull, at every mention of an Orangemen, and talks of bloodshed, and butchery, and ill-feeling, and all to induce members to be bully-ragged into his views.

It is most amusing to see the wrigglings of the Ministry on this question. They know that the Hon. Mr Scott controls each of them, and it would appear as if they had determined to send the Premier as the scapegoat, into the wilderness. Their conduct is somewhat after the method of the old Scottish families during the troublous times of 1715 and 1745. The head of the family adopted one side, and the other members the other, so that, come what might, the family estates were secure. So it is here. The Premier like Mr Facing-both-ways in Bunyan, speaks just in such a way as to satisfy neither party, but gives the Orangemen the benefit of a legal doubt and votes for them. The other Ministers and the whole family of Grits of the purest water go dead against it.

We are glad that Mr Robinson has taken the proper course in this matter, and can only attribute it to the fact that he refused the cast-iron pledge tendered to him at his election, and thus lost the votes of the Sachems of Kingston. If he had fettered himself by so doing there is no knowing how it might have affected him. There is one consolation, however, that the bill will become law, and if the Grits think that the will gain more by opposing, than by assisting in the matter, they are quite welcome to the thought. Orangemen do not usually lick the hand that smites them. They have in the past voted for Grits or Conservatives, just as their political opinions led them. If a different result is experienced in the future, the grits will not be able to complain that it is without cause. We hope the Grit Orangemen of Kingston, at any rate, will ask themselves the question whether in supporting the men who are doing all in their power to hamper and annoy, in preference to those who have uniformly given them an unfaltering support, they are acting in accordance with the well understood principle of "standing by their friends."

TOO THIN.—The Grit organ endeavours to make political capital out of the extra notice, we were obliged to bestow on the three "miserable creatures," who permitted themselves to be made tools of to enter a *bogus* petition against the Premier. Our enterprising contemporary has discovered that these worthies were "mechanics" and almost goes into hysterics over the discovery. We believe that it is not the employment that dignifies or disgraces the man, but the man the employment, and that there might be a disgraceful "aristocrat" as well as a dignified "mechanic." Following out this train of reasoning we may say that there are few mechanics in the city who will thank the *Whig* for endeavouring to drag them down to the level of the "miserable creatures" spoken of. We know very few who could have been paid to do such a piece of dirty work.

CURIOUS.—The *Globe* wants American capital to develope our canals and increase our carrying trade, but when it is proposed to ask the aid of American capital to assist in building the Pacific Railway, one would almost think that nothing but an asylum could produce wailing so utterly woebegone. It might be expected that a sense of consistency would prevent a paper which is famous for such acrobatic performances thus holding up the mirror to its own faults, and compelling every body to see that what is good for one is bad for another. The *Globe* makes its own folly too transparent in thus exhibiting the "*bane and antidote*" in too close proximity.

DISCRETION.—Who ever prevented the the presentation of the petition against Sir John Macdonald exercised a wise discretion, which it is a pity, for the credit of the city, had not been exercised to prevent its being got up. We don't know anything that has happened in the city for many years which so aroused the indignation of the community generally. It was not altogether the knowledge that there were no grounds for the petition, nor the fact that the Opposition were unable to come into court with clean hands (which had been admitted by every man of them over and over again), but the genuine love of "fair play" which finds a refuge in the breast of every honourable man. The Grits fought a hard battle against the Premier and did their best—or their worst, and were well beaten, and there it was felt the matter should have stopped. The effort to retaliate upon Sir John personally for the presentation of a petition against Walter Ross or any other Grit was to adopt their quarrels, which very few of our citizens were willing to do, and so the disgraceful affair broke down as soon as it was exposed to the light of day, and to the scorn and contempt of every honorable man.

THE SECOND DIVISION.—The House has again divided and the Ministry has been sustained by a majority of 25. Surely the Reform organs will be shamed into silence at last. Since the opening of the session it has been absolutely nauseating to read the remarks made on the very great weakness of the ministry, and the dictionary was called for such choice phrases as "moribund," "effete," "dying," "despairing," &c., &c. Well the time has now come for another tack. Yesterday's organ did not have a single word about the "terribly shaky" &c. We shall expect a totally new plan of attack developed by to-day.

It is rather amusing to recall the classification of members made last summer by the organ. On no account could Messrs. Shibley of Addington, Jones of Leeds or Rochester of Carleton be considered as supporters of the government, and yet on both divisions Messrs. Shibley and Rochester voted with the government, and Mr Jones who was absent on the first occasion both spoke and voted for the government on the second. Dodge too was an Independent! what right had the Tories to him, and still we fancy that after the occurrences of this week, Mr Dodge will hardly be claimed by Mr Brown as the man of his party.

But what of Blake? They say he has gone home disgusted and will retire into private life. It is a great pity if he does. We heard a great deal about the great union of the Reform party a week or so ago, and yet Mr Mackenzie, a one horse politician, must needs, in the absence of the only man who can keep him in training, insult the representatives of the smaller Provinces by telling them that their petty ways of deciding elections must not be allowed to interfere with the laws and precedents of Ontario. And mark the consequence! Nearly every man from the smaller Provinces teaches him a lesson that they will not be snubbed by him and support him at the same time. The Government is safe. So long as its opponents cannot rise above a mere sectional policy, they may unite and reunite, but the stolid stupidity of their leaders will always be the best card in the hands of the Ministry.

MISREPRESENTATION.—The Grit organ states that we stigmatized the establishment of a Normal School at Kingston as a "foul outrage." The statement is entirely untrue. We have always warmly advocated the establishment of one of the Normal Schools here, and we are only sorry that we see but slight prospect of getting it at present.

The *Globe* says the Sandfield Macdonald Ministry procured drinking and dining utensils, including decanters, wine-glasses, &c., and entered them in the public accounts as "dry-goods," and the *Mail* gives an account in detail of furniture procured for a bedroom in the Government House for the Hon. Mr McKellar, amounting to $194.85.—*Montreal Witness.*

The *Globe* copied the slander concerning the "furniture" from Mr Scott Commissioner of Crown Lands who was obliged to admit that the statement was *untrue*. Will the *Witness* make a note of this?

IS IT POSSIBLE?—A brief telegram from Ottawa yesterday conveyed the rather astounding intelligence that the petition against the return of the Rt. Hon Sir John A. Macdonald had not been presented. Did better counsels prevail, and stem a proceeding which even very strong Reformers condemned as an outrage? The ground of procedure was hardly tenable, the complaint was frivolous in the extreme, and utterly incapable of proof. In fact the only reason we ever heard advanced for making the attempt was a sheer spirit of mischief, and a not very laudable desire of giving annoyance to our member, because he, as they say, gave annoyance to members of the Reform party by urging forward petitions against them. The member for Kingston is a very influential man, he has been blamed for a great many things, and yet in this very matter, we rather fear that an untenable charge has been urged. And the fact of the non-presentation of the petition would seem to argue that at the last moment the sensible view of the case prevailed, and a method adopted which will allay all animosity. Political feeling ran high enough last August in Kingston to convince every sensible man that he who would needlessly stir it up again would incur a very heavy load of responsibility. We cannot yet account for the way in which the matter has been managed. But it seems most probable that the lesson taught poor Savage in the seizure of his household furniture to contest one vote at the same election, may have made the three-honoured-three have a recourse to second thoughts, which are proverbially the safest.

THAT CARPET BAG.—It will be remembered that Mr Gibson, M.P., of Dundas, was involved in a very questionable transaction about a carpet bag at the time of his election last summer. And he appears to have a hankering after such things as the following cutting from a Western Grit journal would seem to show. The Grit paper puts it in with the flourish of a good joke:

To-day the sitting members for Dundas and Cornwall will be petitioned against. One of the petitioners in the former case, Mr Myers, started yesterday by the noon train for Ottawa, to present the petition against Mr Gibson's return. On the same train were Mr Gibson (Dundas), Mr Cook (North Simcoe), and Mr Flynn, of Morrisburg. On nearing Ottawa, Mr Myers was unable to find his valise, which he had placed underneath his seat on leaving Prescott, and the valise has not yet turned up. He is quite satisfied as to its whereabouts, however, and his explanation of the difficulty is to the effect that the trick was devised at Morrisburg to relieve him of his papers before he should get to Ottawa, that Mr Flynn was brought along by Messrs Gibson & Cook to carry out the plan, and that in pursuance of his engagement, he secured the valise and left the train at Kemptville. Mr Myers, however, is chuckling over the fact that he had his papers in his pocket. Of course the satchel was taken by mistake, and there is not a particle of foundation for the suspicion that Messrs Gibson & Cook would be implicated in such a transaction.

NORMAL SCHOOLS.—Here is what the Belleville *Intelligencer* thinks of our chances of getting a Normal School: "The Premier of Ontario stated in the House yesterday, in answer to a question, that it was the intention of the Government to establish three Normal Schools, one at Ottawa, one at Kingston, and one in the West. It was not intended, however, to make provision but for one school this session, and that would be the Ottawa establishment. What a perfect farce! The idea of establishing a Normal School at Ottawa and at Kingston also, is so absurd that the Government may well postpone the appropriation for the Kingston establishment until a more convenient season. And postponing it this season, virtually means abandoning it altogether. The House in its sober senses certainly would never sanction such a waste of public money."

CHANCERY EXAMINATION TERM AT KINGSTON.—Owing to the pressure of business at Toronto, Vice-Chancellor Strong has ordered that these sittings will not commence till the afternoon of Wednesday the 26th inst.

THE CELEBRATION.—St. Patrick's day was celebrated in Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, St. Catharines, Belleville, this city, and other places, with more than usual display. Street processions during the day, and concerts in the evening were the general form which the festivities took.

L. O. L. OF B. A.—The Loyal Orange Institution of Ontario held their annual session at Ottawa yesterday. In the absence of Mr H. S. McDonald, R.W.G.M., H. S. Peck, Deputy Grand Master, presided, and Bro. George Brown, of Kingston, filled the vice chair. There was no important business transacted.

COMPLIMENTARY.—We received a letter this morning from the State of Ohio, in which the writer says he hears from a friend that "the CHRONICLE AND NEWS is the best paper published in Canada." Well, after that, we will scarcely be accused of egotism if we say that we think so too.

TREES.—Mr Nicol, of Cataraqui, advertises fruit and ornamental trees, shrubs, &c., for sale. It is highly desirable to protect our own industries and purchasing acclimatised trees from Mr Nicol is a step in the right direction—by all means patronize the Cataraqui Nurseries.

BARNACLES.—A correspondent writes from Dungannon that parties take his paper from the Post Office without his knowledge and read it, and that sometimes he does not get it at all. This is too bad these "miserable creatures" are informed that $1.50 paid in advance would secure them the pleasure of reading the CHRONICLE for a whole year.

CHALMER'S CHURCH.—Rev. P. Gray, delivered a very interesting and meritorious lecture in the basement of Chalmer's Church last evening on Reformation in Scotland, in the 16th century, in connection with the social and Literary Association of that edifice. The auditorium was completely filled, and the lecture—a masterly effort—duly appreciated.

ELOCUTION ASSOCIATION.—The members of the Elocution Association of Queen's University advertise another literary entertainment in the St. Andrew's Hall, to-morrow evening. Selections, amusing and sentimental, will be rendered by able readers, who, we have reason, to believe, will produce them very effectively. The public, supporting a taste for intellectual culture, should attend in numbers.

HEAVY SUIT FOR LIBEL.—It is announced in Toronto that both a criminal and civil suit will be entered by Mr A. P. Dodge, M. P., against the *Globe* newspaper, for malicious libel and intimidation. Damages are laid at $500,000.

THE FERRY ROUTE.—The Messrs Folgers, Nickle and Co., evidently think with us that the opening of navigation is close at hand—that the rippling blue water will be uncovered of ice, and the boats the means of communication between the Cape, the Islands and the city. The ferry steamers are receiving extensive overhauling, and will be ready for service as soon as required.

ACCIDENTAL.—On Wednesday of last week as Mr Thompkins, of Mallorytown, was on his way home, the colt he was driving shied when crossing the Kingston Bridge, throwing Mr Tompkins out of the cutter, his head striking against the wall. His head was severely cut. He was taken to Mrs Ferguson's and his wounds dressed.

THE DOG NUISANCE.—In valuating the assessible property of the city, they would be only discharging a duty to the Council and to the city were they to tax the half of the dogs now but an unmitigated nuisance. The number running loose would be thereby reduced.

POLICE COURT, THURSDAY. — (Before Mr Strange, P.M.)—Jamie Wright, for drunkenness and smashing the windows of Mr Vincent Ockley, Princess street, was set at liberty on promise to compensate Mr Ockley for all damages, and to become a total abstainer for one year. George Thompson, an unmitigated libbulist, was dismissed with a caution.

A SHORT CUT.—Some parties, not havin the fear of the law and the Philistines before their eyes, have been using the head of Union street as a site for the deposit of nuisance. The police have been patroling the locality for a couple of nights, to detect the law-breakers, but unsuccessfully. They have doubtless "smelt a rat."

The Montreal Telegraph Company have re opened Wolfe Island office.

EVENING AMUSEMENTS.—To a larger and more appreciative audience the Garrison Dramatic Association gave their second performance this week in the Tete du Pont Barracks last evening. The programme consisted of three farces, "A Romance Under Difficulties," "The Limerick Boy," and "The People's Lawyer," for which some of the players are well fitted for the characters which they portray, and in which they may be said to excel. Messrs Humphreys, Lake, Chester, Hyde and Large are the principal actors, and for amateurs, who have little experience in this new profession, they acquit themselves very creditably. The String Band furnishes the requisite music, which is in keeping with the rest of the programme. They play again on Monday evening next.

LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT.—The Elocution Association of Queen's College will give a public reading in St. Andrew's Hall to-morrow evening. We hope there will be a good attendance.

WHAT DULCET STRAINS!—Displeased with the miserable weather of the present season, music has a consoling effect upon our nerves. At least a band of youthful minstrels must think so, as they have never ceased to produce their ravishing strains about the streets since their arrival in the beginning of the week. They are Italians by birth, and very young, on whom the public look with feelings of pity, and therefore extend them liberal assistance.

"Out in this cold world, out in the street,
Asking a penny of each one they meet,
Fatherless, motherless, sadly they roam,
Nursed by their poverty, driven from home."

FROM LONDON.—Matthew Burns and Chas. Cross, two convicts, arrived here last evening from London in custody of the Deputy-Sheriff, sentenced to two years each in the Kingston Penitentiary. They remained in the police station during the night, and left for their new lodgings this morning.

Col. Corbett, acting under instructions from the Dominion Government, handed over to the Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company this morning the fuel yards Nos. 1 and 2, and lot No. 19, Place d'Armes, for a depot for the railway.

FRONTENAC LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.—Yesterday at the society's office, in Clarence street, the annual meeting of the stockholders was held, when the usual business of the meeting was transacted. The report of the affairs of the society was favourable. Messrs Cartwright, Yates and Strachan, the retiring directors, were re-elected. The stockholders, as a mark of their appreciation of the ability, great care and attention shown by the manager, Thomas Briggs, Esq., in conducting the affairs of the society since its formation, unanimously voted that a testimonial be presented to the manager, and a committee was appointed to carry this vote into effect; also that the sum of $100 be given to D. Callaghan, Esq., the book-keeper. At a subsequent meeting of the directors, Dr. Henderson, Q.C., was re-elected President, and R. J. Cartwright, Esq., M.P., Vice-President for the ensuing year. The directors are: Dr. Henderson, Q.C., President; R. J. Cartwright, Esq., M.P., Vice-President, Dr. H. Yates, Messrs James Macnee, G. M. Wilkinson, Noel Kent, R. Waddell and M. Strachan.

The *Whig* assures us that the firm of Brokenshire, Dodds & Co. are sound financially. We wish we could say the same of them politically.

The Band of the Garrison Artillery will play on Friday evening in the Ontario Hall The following is the programme:

1. March—Linda.....Arranged by A.H.R.
2. Quadrille—First of the Season..Mrs Murray.
3. Overture—Nabucodonosor.....Verdi.
4. Waltzes—Mabel.....Godfrey.
5. Selection—Memories of Scotland.....
6. Galop—The Beautiful Danube.....Strauss.

God save the Queen.

A. H. RACKERR, Bandmaster.

Local Weather Report.

Local Observations for 24 hours ending at 7.30 a.m., March 20, 1873.

	BAROMETER.	THERMOMETER.	DIRECTION OF WIND.	VELOCITY OF WIND.	STATE OF WEATHER.
1.30 p.m.	29.87	36.0	SW	8	Fair.
4.30 p.m.	29.87	31.7	Calm.	0	Cloudy
7.30 a.m.	29.70	34.4	SE	5	L'snow

Range—max. 41; min. 31. Snow 0.12 inches.

The Barometer is read, corrected for temperature, and reduced to Sea Level.

S. WOODS.

REMINDERS.

Sabbath Reformation Society's meeting in St. George's Hall this evening.

Bethel Lodge entertainment to-night.

Elocution Society's entertainment in St. Andrew's Hall to-morrow evening.

Special service at St. Paul's Church this evening, and at St. James' to-morrow evening.

THE CHRONICLE AND NEWS of the present week contains a selected story, "The story of a Passion," together with the very latest news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication; the Ministerial crisis in England.—Mr Disraeli declines to accept office; Dominion Parliament—the estimates; the "Globe" and Mr Dodge—extraordinary exposure, gold coin values and the par of exchange; Interesting letter on Political affairs—position of parties and the government; Better terms—what New Brunswick demands; Destructive fire at Ogdensburg; Ontario Legislature—the Agricultural Farm; the Governor-General's Levee in the Senate Chamber; St. Patrick's Day Celebration—Speeches and concert; Wesleyan Tea-meeting at Gananoque; Oyster Supper at Colebrook; Tea-meeting at Elginburg; Shooting Match; House of Industry. London, New York, and Montreal Markets; Political, Literary, Artistic, Religious, Police and Sporting Intelligence, Obituary Notices, Financial and Commercial Intelligence, and accounts of all the important and interesting local and district events of the week. The CHRONICLE, can be procured at the office, done up in a wrapper, every Thursday. Price 5 cents.

The St. Patrick's procession in New York was a very imposing affair, and it was conducted with the most perfect order, avoiding, we believe, all interference with the street cars and other traffic. It was composed of a very fine body of men, who, in their handsome uniforms, looked remarkably well. All were perfectly sober during the procession, and there was not much intemperance, so far as we could learn, after.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(Per Montreal Line.)

Dominion Parliament Yesterday—

(From our own correspondent.)

Ottawa, March 21.—The House sat yesterday only till six o'clock, and little business of importance was transacted.

In answer to Mr Cartwright, the Hon. Mr Tilley explained that at the close of the last fiscal year the money loan for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway had been expended, or nearly so. It then became a question with the Government whether they should place the balance of the loan upon the market or not. Owing to the stringency of the money market his predecessor opened a correspondence with financial agents of the Dominion in England, asking upon what terms they would make advances on guaranteed Intercolonial loan and upon guaranteed bonds amounting to £300,000, lying in London, for the purchase of the Northwest Territory. They replied that they would advance any sums the Government required from time to time until those bonds were sold, for four per cent, on the Bank of England rate of interest. That would be the minimum rate, and the bank rate would be taken for any excess between the middle of July last year and the middle of February. The Government had paid on account of the Intercolonial Railway out of the surplus revenue $3,500,000, from the same source $1,500,000, for the purchase of the North West Territory in the middle of February. It was desirable to recoup the Government and to put the exchange upon the market on account of these advances. Just at that time there was a very great demand for exchange to pay for large importations that had been made, and there was a scarcity of exchange in the country there would therefore of course be a large demand on the gold of the Dominion and consequent decrease in the circulation of Dominion notes, and large quantities were sold to eight different banks at rates ranging from 9¼ to 10¼. The effect of this had been to cause a relief in the money market at that particular time, but the effect on the Dominion had been that they had been receiving five per cent on the money; thus realized, for which they were paying 4 per cent, and that they had realized on the sale of exchange fifteen or twenty thousand dollars more than would have been realized at another time.

After a number of unimportant questions and answers, Mr Cartwright, in an able speech, moved for a select committee, to consist of the Hon. A. Campbell, Messrs Anglin, Fortier, Young (Montreal), McKay, Young (Waterloo) and the mover, to inquire into and report on the best and most direct route for mails and passengers between the Dominion and London, England.

The motion was carried.

Mr Kirkpatrick moved that the House go into committee on a resolution declaring it expedient to make provision for the collection of demands against vessels navigating certain inland lakes and waters. The principle involved was to give mechanics and tradesmen a lien on vessels for claims against them, and the resolution provided that vessels doing any damage by collision should be detained until security was given for such damage.

The resolution was reported as submitted.

GRAND ORANGE LODGE OF ONTARIO EAST.

Ottawa March 19.—The Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario East, assemblod here yesterday in the Court Room, which had been placed at the disposal of the Society.

The Lodge opened at 2 o'clock. In the absence of the Right Worshipful Grand Master, Bro. H. S. McDonald, who is attending his Parliamentary duties in Toronto, the Chair was occupied by Br. S. S. Peck, Deputy grand Master

Bro. M. Bowell, M. P., Grand Master of British America, and about 100 delegates are present from all sections of Ontario, East.

In the absence of the Right Worshipful Grand Master, Bro. Bowell read an Address from the Right Worshipful Grand Master, and telegrams from Toronto and New Brunswick, announcing the passage of Acts of Incorporation of the Orange Institutions in both Provinces, which were received with loud applause.

After which the Standing Committees were appointed and the Grand Lodge adjourned till to-day.—*Belleville Intelligencer.*

The following is the list of the Grand Officers for the ensuing year, who were all re-elected.

H. S. McDonald M.P.P. Grand Master.

S. S. Peck Senior Deputy, and Andrew Broder Junior Deputy Grand Master.

Rev. James Norris Grand Chaplain.

A. J. Van Ingen Grand Secretary.

John G. Meore Grand Treasurer.

John Holmes Grand Lecturer.

William Henderson Grand Director of Ceremonies.

The next meeting of the Grand Lodge will take place at Port Hope.

We regret to announce the death of Mr George Gregg, of the Toronto *Mail*. The sad event took place at the Russell House at 4 a.m., Tuesday. He had been suffering for several days previously from inflamatory rheumatism, but it was only four days ago that his life was thought to be in danger and his mother was telegraphed for to attend at his bedside. Since last Sunday he continued to sink rapidly, but he retained his consciousness until the last moment. Mr Gregg was born in Oswego in 1836, of Irish parents, who emigrated with him to Toronto. He commenced his journalistic life at fifteen years of age as a reporter on the *Patriot*. From that newspaper he went to the *Colonist* then under the able management of Mr Morrison. When Mr Beaty purchased the *Colonist* some fifteen years ago, Mr Gregg was appointed night editor of the *Leader*, a position which he filled in a most creditable manner until the *Mail* Company was formed. He took stock in the new enterprise and was appointed Chief Parliamentary reporter and associate editor of the *Mail*. At the opening of the session he was in good health and greeted his co-workers in the gallery in his usual hearty manner. His sudden and untimely decease will cast a gloom over the large circle of his journalistic friends, among whom he was universally esteemed and respected. Young though he was one of the oldest as well as one of the best Parliamentary reporters in the Dominion. His remains will be taken to Toronto for interment on to-night's train, and will be followed to the station by all the journalists and many of his friends in this city.—*Ottawa Citizen.*

ANOTHER VICTIM.—Amongst the boarders at St. James' Hotel was a Mr Hyatt, who, since the fire, has been missing. A search was last night instituted for him, and this morning, about ten o'clock, Messrs. Shorey and Decker discovered the body of the missing boarder in a narrow closet with a sink in it on the upper floor. He was fully dressed, and Shorey imagines at present that the unfortunate gentleman donned his apparel and left his room, and, meeting the flames, ran for the stairs, passed them, and took refuge in the mines, where he died.—*Witness*

FROM OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 19.—It is said here that Mr Scott is at loggerheads with his colleagues in consequence of his dictatorial management of the Crown Lands Office. As the statement is made by his particular friends there must be some truth in it.

The Opposition members sit glum and disconsolate under the leadership of Mr Mackenzie, who seems as ill-satisfied with himself as his followers are. Without Mr Blake, whose return is anxiously expected, they are all at sixes and sevens.

Public opinion continues strongly in sympathy with Mr Dodge.

SOUTH BRANT.

Brantford, March 19.—Mr J. J. Hawkins was the unanimous choice of the Moderate Conservative Convention for the coming South Brant election, at the meeting held here to-day, at which there were not less than from 75 to 80 delegates present, and which comprised leading mon from all sections of the Riding, both town and township. Mr J. J. Hawkins is a rising and highly talented and popular young man. He was unanimously chosen to be the standard bearer af the party at the coming eleciion for the Local Legislature. The party are in great spirits, and feel certain that they can now, with Mr Hawkins, defeat any candidate the Grits may bring out. Mr A. S. Hardy has been nominated by the Grits.

MURDER AND RETRIBUTION.

Syracuse, New York, March 17.—A horrible murder, attended by swift retribution, occurred here this afternoon, the particulars being as follows:—A young man named Keeler, from Kansas, has been stopping with some friends in this city named Spencer. The family had left the house to go out to see the parade of the St. Patrick's Societies, leaving their daughter, aged 14, in the house with two old ladies, both being deaf. The girl, being up stairs, Keeler went up, it is supposed, with the intention of violating the person of the girl, and meeting with great resistance on her part, and, being afraid of exposure, he seized an iron poker and struck her several frightful blows on the head, killing her almost instantly. The murderer then ran down stairs and out of the house, which was in the immediate vicinity of the New York Central Railroad depot. Upon reaching the depot he attempted to get upon a passing train, when he was thrown under the cars and instantly killed.

TERMS OF UNION.

We understand that the following terms of Union will be conceded to Prince Edward Island:—

First.—An annual allowance of $5,000, in addition to the subsidy proposed to be granted by the better terms for the expense of the Local Government and Legislature.

Second.—The Dominion to take the Prince Edward Island Railway and assume its debt, not exceeding $3,250,000.

Third.—Dominion to take new Steam Dredge.—Boat new under contract at cost of $22,000.

Fourth.—Dominion to take the new Law Courts and Post Office Building at cost, say, $69,000.

Fifth.—Fisheries—Prince Edward Island to be dealt with in the matter of the Fisheries similarly with the other Provinces, unless questions pending before the Halifax Commission should be settled before Union.

Sixth.—An annual payment of 80 cents a head on the population till it reaches $400,000

Seventh.—In the event of Union the Government of the Dominion to endeavour to secure for the Island from the Imperial Government fair compensation for the loss of Crown Land, and failing in that to raise by loan the sum of $800,000—and pay the same as a compensation for the loss of said lands.—*Citizen.*

PARTICULARS OF THE BANK OF ENGLAND FRAUDS.

London papers of the 3rd and 4th are at hand, with the following details of the great forgeries on the Bank of England:—It was discovered on Saturday that bills to an enormous amount had been forged upon all the principal houses in the city of London, and that these bills had been discounted at the West End branch of the Bank of England, in Burlington Gardens, which does an entirely different kind of business from the parent establishment in the city. It is intended for the convenience of gentlemen and ladies and West End tradesmen, who might find it inconvenient to journey to the city in order to transact their occasional business. It is not, therefore, ordinarily concerned with large bill transactions of city commerce, and in consequence is less bound by strict regulations in dealing with any business of that nature which might accidentally be brought to it. The conspirators must have been aware of this, and they laid their plans for approaching the Bank of England by this weaker portion of its defences. Mr Warren, an American, who managed the plot, was in no hurry, and took care to gain a good footing before he ventured on his ultimate enterprise. He behaved for some time just like a customer with good resources. He drew upon his balance and renewed it, but kept it always at a good figure. After a while he deposited some bills, they were good and genuine bills, still he was careful not to be hasty, and he continued his transactions with the bank until he had acquired the reputation of a person engaged in legitimate commerce, and thoroughly trustworthy. At length the moment came for the presentation of the forged bills. They were discounted without hesitation, and the authors of the fraud had, to all appearance, succeeded in safely pocketing about £100,000. All these arrangements were masterpieces of ingenuity and patience, but the bills themselves must have required the greatest amount of labour, for, in the first place, many of the large firms upon whom the bills purported to be drawn are in the habit of using a peculiar kind of paper with certain water marks and printed matter. All this would have to be imitated, and, as the bills were drawn on more than one firm, there must have been several such imitations. There remained the drawing of bills and affixing of signatures, and each bill must have required a series of hands in successful forging. Some bills were backed by several acceptors, so that there might easily be as many as half a dozen signatures on a single bill; yet the bills were so perfect that not one of them was questioned on the ground of the acceptances not appearing genuine. But the men who had exerted a skill, foresight, and perseverance sufficient to insure the unhesitating acceptance of forged bills could not escape the trivial blunder which revealed the whole plot. They presented two bills in which the date of acceptance had been omitted. Inquiry was of course made of the firm whose acceptance was thus undated, when it was discovered that the bill was not genuine, and the whole series were then found to be forgeries. How much further the plot might have been carried it is impossible to say. Advertisements are published to caution bankers, brokers, and all other persons, against dealing in a number of United States 5 20, 10-40, and funded loan bonds, amounting in the aggregate to $237,000, which it is alleged have been acquired out of the profits of forgery. The loss to the Bank of England is stated at $80,000. The Rothschilds are mentioned as one of the firms on which forged drafts were drawn, but no other names are given.

A special from Ottawa, states that the contract for the enlargement of the Welland Canal has been given to parties in St. Catherines, who will proceed with the work immediately.

SHAW & M
ARE RECEIVING A
IMMENSE ST
—OF—
NEW SPRING
CALL AND
—OUR—
NEW PERC
—AND—
FANCY PR
—AT—
SHAW AND M
GLASGOW WARE

1873—Spring Fashio
NOW OPEN and ready for choice selection of New
Gentlemen's Spri Summer We
of our own importation of all desirable styles of the season
ENGLISH, SCOTCH AND C TWEEDS,
PLAIN AND FANCY WOO
BLACK, BLUE AND BROW TIANS.
MELTONS, SPRING OVERC
WEST OF ENGLAND &c., &c.
For fit, workmanship and be beat.
THOMAS MOO
MERCHANT
Kingston, March 21, 1873.

Sweet Orange
Sweet Orange
Sweet Orange
CHOCOLATE CREAM DROP
TAFFEY, BUTTER SCOTCH, day, and the choicest lot of C our own manufacture.
A superior lot of TABLE APPLE and LEMONS.
Also a very fine assortment of COFFEE.
H. DUMBL
March 21.

Card of Thanks
THE ST. PATHICK'S SOCI leave to return their sincere the ladies and gentlemen who volunteered their services on their Concert on the 17th inst. Messrs Weber & Co., for the magnificent piano on that occasion.
M. CONNORS of the St. Foster a
March 21.

AMATEUR THEATR
Tete-du-Pont Ba
THREE NIGHTS O
Under the patronage of Colonel the officers of the Garrison
Monday Evening, M
Will be produced
"A Theatre in an Upro
"THE DAY OF THE WED
"Romance under Difficu
"The Limerick Boy
"The People's Law
A full and entertaining programme
Admission 15 cents; Reserved S cents.
Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o
SERGT.-MAJOR J. MORTIM
STAFF SERGT. H. HYDE,
Stage Ma
March 21.

No. 1 PIG IRON
BEST LUMP LEHIGH
FOR SALE
In lots to suit purchasers. Apply Kingston Foundry.
DAVIDSON & DOB
Kingston
March 12.

Election.
AN election for Reeve for the Town of Kingston, will be held in the polling places in the municipality, on the 21st inst., commencing at 9 o'clock
POLLING PLACES.
No. 1 2, Cataraqui, Town Hall.
" 3, Elginburgh, Eli Meachams
" 4, Westbrook, Mr Leonard's
" 5, Collin's School House, Mo
P. Ma
March, 15, 1873.