The Daily News,

MONDAY EVENING, NOV. 9.

☞ SEE FIRST PAGE.

THE EARTHQUAKE IN CALIFORNIA.

The *San Francisco Bulletin* publishes full particulars of the earthquake experienced in that city on the 21st ultimo, from which we take the following extracts:

The first shock (at 6¼ minutes before 8 o'clock A.M.) lasted 42 seconds, a long time for such a terrible phenomenon—and gathered violence as it continued, until near the end. It was accompanied by the usual rumbling, and grating sound, to which was added the loud rattling of window frames, shattering of glass, banging of doors, and the crash of objects falling from shelves and mantles.

The first impulse with nearly everybody was to rush into the streets, which were instantly filled all over the city with excited crowds, including some who had not yet completed their toilets or had rushed tumultuously from bed. Several light shocks were felt subsequently, which increased the apprehensions of the multitude, and kept the streets filled as places of safety.

The time of the second shock was 9 o'clock; duration five seconds. Lighter and briefer tremours occurred at intervals of about half an hour until fifteen minutes past 12. The more pronounced of these caused fresh stampedes to the street of those who were attempting to resume business or trying to work. The last shock was most severe in Oakland, the eastern side of the city, and within the limits of the made land between Montgomery street and the water. On the solid land, outside of the thickly-built portion of the city, no serious damage was done to any well-constructed house.

Some window panes were cracked or broken, some chimneys twisted or overthrown, some cornices and firewalls crumbled, plaster split. Mantel ornaments and shelved crockery thrown down and broken all over the city. Some of heavy articles of furniture—like corner cupboards loaded with books—were thrown. Tanks and dishes containing water and other liquids sopped contents. Clocks stopped running. Door bells rang. Imperfectly secured doors and window blinds opened. Tall structures, like steeples and towers, were seen to sway slightly, and the motion of the earth under the feet was unpleasantly plain to persons out of doors and on leaning against any superstructure. Horses started and snorted, exhibiting every sign of fear, and in some cases dashing off furiously with their riders or attached vehicles. Dogs crouched trembling and whining, and in the suburbs fowls flew to the trees uttering notes of alarm. The panic among women and children was for a few minutes excessive, and their cries and tears were very moving. But it was not long before a majority of the inhabitants of the city were walking or riding about curiously inspecting the effects of the shock upon the houses. It was a relief to all to discover that the solid portions of the town site escaped with very little damage, and especially that the loss of life had been much exaggerated, though the cases in which life was lost are numerous and sad enough, as the underadled particulars will show.

In every case but one the fatal casualties resulted from the falling of brick or plaster cornices or firewalls upon persons passing on the sidewalks beneath. Had the shock occurred half an hour later, when a large number of persons would have been on their way to business and labour, many more would have been killed and wounded. The city authorities acted promptly, to prevent further accidents, by stretching ropes to prevent people from approaching or passing cracked or tottering walls or crumbled cornices. Persons were warned not to enter stores which had been badly cracked, and these precautions should be continued. In the limits of the made land at least a score of brick buildings are so badly strained or cracked that business cannot be resumed in them, and they may have to be pulled down. Owing to the excitement, business was generally interrupted, and to some extent suspended. The repeated tremours, which have continued up to the hour of going to press (8 o'clock), made most folks nervous and indisposed to shopping, figuring or writing. The overflow of articles and the dirt made by fallen plaster caused a confusion that would alone have prevented the regular transaction of business. In several newspaper offices matter in type for the press was rather summarily "distributed," and the cases were more or less deranged. The work of the day has been to "put things to rights," make hasty repairs, take account of damage, and exchange experiences. We give below full details of all the incidents which have come to our knowledge:

Upon Russia and Telegraph Hills the shock does not appear to have been so severely felt as in other parts of the city. In some houses ornaments were not displaced from the mantelpieces, and the inmates did not come to the door; in others, books and ornaments fell down, and marble mantels were started from their places. Their oscillations on Russia Hill were more sensibly felt. There was pretty general stopping of clocks, some cracking of plastering and throwing down of light articles. Houses upon the flat between Howard street and Mission Bay were more severely shaken, but the damage, save to chimneys and plastering, is slight.

The Custom House is terribly damaged, and it is questionable whether it will admit of repairs, so general does the destruction appear at first sight. The chimney top at the north end of the building fell at the first wave, injuring a lady and gentleman who were passing. The chimney on the west side is twisted in a direction opposite to that of its original one. The earthwalks, generally solid and firm, became so loosened by the vibration that a stick could be pushed down several feet without difficulty.

Several of the public clocks stopped. The one on Tucker's new building stopped at five minutes before 8 o'clock, and the hour and minute hand have silently pointed out the time of the shock during the forenoon. The large pendulum clocks in private houses also stopped from five to seven minutes before 8.

A man sitting in a job waggon in the yard of the gold refinery says he felt himself perceptibly lifted up and swayed backward and forward with a motion almost violent enough to throw him off his seat.

There were a great many panics during the forenoon, some of them having their origin in fresh shocks and others being quite causeless. During one of these, two women were trampled down by the crowd on Clay street, below Montgomery, but fortunately neither was injured.

The ferry steamer Contra Costa was near Angel Island when the shock occurred, and the sensation was so peculiar and so strongly marked that the captain and passengers first thought the vessel had struck a rock.

About one hundred feet of the merchandize shed on the south side of Folsom street wharf was completely wrecked, and lies on the wharf; workmen are engaged removing the debris. The long shed on the easterly side of the wharf was injured, but is now being secured.

At the corner of Market and First streets the ground opened in a fissure several inches wide, and forty or fifty feet in length. At other places the ground opened and water was forced above the surface.

At the College of St. Ignatius on Market street a large number of people had assembled for the service of Mass. The shock rocked the immense building like a cradle. The priests maintained their positions and composure, but great consternation seized upon the audience. Several women fainted, but beyond this there were no casualties reported.

The City Hall is in a bad condition, and the only people inhabiting it at present are the officers of the Fire Department. The courts all adjourned and the prisoners were taken from the station house to the county jail. A line has been stretched across the front to keep people away. Several large stones in the front wall fell out, and the entire structure may be considered a wreck.

There were recurring shocks during the day at about the time stated below. After the first one there were shocks at 8:10, 8:15, 8:30, 8:45, 9:20, 9:35, 10, 10:30, and 11:05 A.M., 12:14, and another quite perceptible at two minutes before 3 P.M.

All the patients in the United States Marine Hospital were removed, the structure having been declared unsafe.

A young man named Joseph Nesbit was struck by a falling awning, on Sansome street, and was terribly injured about the head and in the region of the spine.

A Chinaman was reported at the County Hospital, mortally wounded.

A lady, whose name could not be ascertained, had one of her legs broken by falling while attempting to escape from her house; and another lady was reported from Folsom street to have had her leg broken in a similar manner. There are many other casualties, the particulars of which could not be accurately ascertained.

A dead Chinaman was taken out, at about three o'clock this afternoon, from under the fallen bricks of the cornice in front of the building occupied by the California Wire Works, on Clay street, between Sansome and Battery. His right arm was completely severed, and his head and shoulders were shockingly mangled.

The earthquake at Oakland was very severe. A gentleman who left there this forenoon communicates the following: Hundreds of chimneys were thrown down, and many houses more or less damaged. Brick buildings were very badly damaged, but fortunately none fell. No lives were lost, but a few persons were injured by the falling of a chimney, but none seriously.

The draw of the railroad bridge was thrown twelve inches out of line, so that the cars cannot cross.

At Rachife's grocery, one of the largest in the city, the shelves and goods were tumbling together in one mass, and very large damages must have been sustained. Wilcox's building, the only three-storey edifice in the city, sustained scarcely any damage, the walls appearing to be perfectly sound. It is reported that the elegant private residence of Mr Wedderspoon was very badly damaged.

The water of the bay was perfectly smooth at the time of the shock, and no perceptible disturbance of the surface took place. Even at the edge, where the ground was almost level and the water constantly shallow for a considerable distance, the ripple was hardly noticeable. I was informed, however, that the shock was felt on the steamers very distinctly, and that the engines were stopped, the officers supposing that some accident had occurred to the machinery.

The tall chimney of the workshop of the Alameda Railroad vibrated more than a foot from a perpendicular line, but was not thrown down.

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" " New York	..	15c
Newfoundland	..	12½c
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Semi-Weekly	" "	10c
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From Britain, by Canadian Mail Steamers	Free
" " " New York	2c
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Periodicals, as above .. .. .. per 4 oz	1c
Parcel Post .. .. per 8 oz	12½c

New Stamps are issued of ½c., 1c., 2c., 3c., 12½c. 15c.

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GEORGE LEVACK MOWAT,
GEORGE MILNES MACDONNELL.
March 15, 67.

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W. R. Mingaye,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Conveyancer, &c. Kingston, C. W. Dec. 1.

Wm. B. Thibodo,

BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Anchor Buildings.

Wilkison & Reeve,

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County Crown Attorney.

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☞ **Try Gardner's Baking Powder.**

☞ **Try Gardner's Cough Remedy.—See Advertisement.**

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CAPITAL .. .. $1,000,000.
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Funds deposited in the hands of the Goverment for the security of Policyholders.
☞ All fire risks carefully surveyed, and the rate of Premium made to correspond with the risk assumed.
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St. Lawrence Wharf
Kingston, Feb. 4, 1868.

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LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ETNA
Fire and Marine
INSURANCE COMPANY OF DUBLIN.
CAPITAL $2,500,000
ANNUAL INCOME 1,000,000
T. W. GRIFFITH,
Manager for Canada
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Agent for Kingston.
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Dec. 20, 1867.

SUGAR-COATED

ARE a safe and reliable remedy in all diseases of the *Stomach, Liver* and *Bowels*. They are not *quack* Medicines puffed up by high sounding testimonials from imaginary people, but are the result of forty years experience of a first-class physician, and their extraordinary success is due to the fact that they answer exactly their name. The formula from which they are prepared, is based on sound, scientific principles, and has received the unqualified approbation of the *medical profession*. They do not profess to be a cure-all, but for all diseases arising from any derangement of the *Stomach, Liver* and *Bowels*, they furnish an efficient remedy. We have in our possession, over one hundred testimonials from physicians who have used them in their practice and highly approve of them, among which are the following:

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JOHN ERSKINE, M.D., Waterloo.
NORMAN CLEVELAND, M. D., Barnston.
N. JENKS, M. D. Barnston.
C. W. COWLES, M. D. Stanstead.
JOHN MEIGS, M. D., Stanstead.
JOSEPH BREADON, M. D., Surgeon, R N.
BENJAMIN DAMON, M.D., Coaticook.
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E. D. WORTHINGTON, M. D., Sherbrooke.
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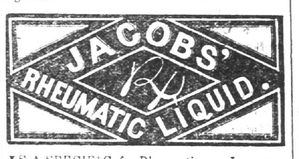

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JACOBS' RHEUMATIC LIQUID.

Is an internal as well as an external remedy, and is the only one that *always* gives entire satisfaction, and all who once use it will never consent to change it for any other.

We have not space to enumerate the virtues accorded to it by thousands who have used it, and voluntarily testify to its merits. Buy a bottle and satisfy yourself that it is the best remedy ever offered.

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THE BEST Tonic Hair Dressing ever discovered. It effectually cleanses the scalp, prevents the Hair from falling off or turning prematurely gray, and when the follicles and glands are not destroyed, will produce a new and luxuriant growth of hair where it has already disappeared.

It is the cheapest as well as the best, being only 25 cents for a large bottle. Buy it, try it, you'll like it and recommend it to your friends.

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EARL RUSSELL sent to the College of Physicians a communication received by him from Manilla (where cholera had been raging fearfully) to the effect that, of all remedies tried, Chlorodyne was the most effective.

"The day seems as yet, unhappily, far distant when public opinion or State interference will prevent the advertisement or sale of any secret medicine whatsoever. It is to be hoped that the profession will continue to brand as unworthy the conduct of those of its members who by testimonial or otherwise aid the disposal of such things."—*Lancet.*

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The Original Preparation of known Composition.

From Dr C. Kidd, Author of Standard Works on Chloroform.

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1866. Marine Insurance. 1866.

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HULL AND CARGO RISKS to and from Inland Ports on favourable terms.
Losses promptly and liberally adjusted and paid in Canada Currency.
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PAID UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS—$4,833,543,39.
Losses paid in 49 years, ... $23,000,000.
THIS Company has been doing business in Canada for nearly 50 years, and during that time has secured the public confidence by the prompt and liberal settlement of every fair claim. It has fully complied with the laws of Canada by the deposit with the Government of Stocks to the amount of

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Toilet Soaps.	Toilet Powders.
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All the above are carefully prepared for Exportation, and retain their excellent qualities in any climate.
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TIDMAN'S SEA SALT, for producing a real Sea Bath in your own Room. The above favourite preparation is strongly recommended.
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Every variety of Fancy Soaps in lb Bars. Also in Cartons of 3 Tablets.
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DR. V. BAUD, Graduate and Member of the Medical College of Paris, Chief Physician Extraordinary for Epidemics in Paris, late M.D. of the Civil Hospitals of Algiers, has just introduced in England his ORGANIC MEDICINES.

They consist of three preparations—

THE BAUDEINE,
An efficient and prompt Remedy for Cholera, Yellow Fever, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and the excessive action of the Bowels. A gold medal was awarded by the French Government to Dr V. Baud for this valuable preparation.
Price: Small, 1s 1½d; Medium, 4s 5d; Large Size, 11s per Bottle.

THE DIASTATIZED IRON,
For strengthening the System.—Price 2s 9d per Bottle.

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By the combination of the Iron or Iodine with Cress Seeds in a state of germination, they are united with organic life, which thus renders them digestible. The irritative and stubborn mineral has thus become the nucleus of an organic substance capable of being absorbed by the blood without injury to the stomach.

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THE ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE, invented by R. Freeman, Pharmaceutist, is allowed to be one of the greatest discoveries of the present century. It is largely employed by the most eminent Physicians and Surgeons in hospital and private practice in all parts of the world. It has effects peculiar to itself, and which are essentially different to those produced by the various compounds bearing the name of Chlorodyne, but have no pretence to possessing its virtues. It rapidly relieves pain, from whatever cause, allays the irritation of fever, soothes the system under exhausting diseases, and gives sleep without producing any one of the unpleasant feelings so commonly arising from the use of opiates. It continues to hold its unshaken position in the estimation of the Profession as the best, most reliable, and cheapest preparation. Eminent and scientific Physicians made affidavits that they have tested its effects in careful comparison with those of "DR. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE," and deposed to the facts that they found it a more certain and reliable preparation, and greatly preferred "FREEMAN'S."

Earl Russell communicated to the Royal College of Physicians and to Mr Freeman, that in Manilla the only remedy of any use in Cholera was Chlorodine.

The Medical Times and Gazette, January 13th, 1866, states, "It has an immense sale amongst the public, and is prescribed by scores of Orthodox Medical Practitioners, and, of course, it would not be thus singularly popular did it not supply a want and fill a place."

Manufactured by the Inventor, Richard Freeman, 70, Kennington Park Road, London, S.

The genuine has engraved on the Government Stamp (outside each Bottle), "FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE."

CONDY'S PATENT FLUID or natural disinfectant purifies, deodorises, and disinfects, by the agency of nascent or ozonic oxygen,—its active principle. Being entirely innocuous, this only scientific preparation is peculiarly adapted for the following useful purposes, for which all other disinfectants, on account of their poisonous or other objectionable qualities, are unavailable and useless:—

Detecting organic impurities in air and water.
Purifying drinking and other water from organic matter, lead, &c.
Freshening the air of close places, and removing bad smells.
Freeing meat, fish, butter, or other provisions from taint.
Counteracting the effects of organic poisons taken into the stomach.
Curing Musty provender. Freeing wheat and other seed from smut.
Maintaining the health of plants in pots and conservatories.
Preserving and restoring the freshness of cut flowers kept in water.
Destroying the blight of the potatoe, vine, hop, mulberry tree, &c.
Washing dogs and other domestic animals.
Cleansing bottles, beer barrels, pickling tubs, dairy utensils.
Washing the hair and darkening its colour when turning grey.
Enhancing the purifying and invigorating effects of baths and tubs.
Dressing poisoned wounds and destroying animal virus.
Treating the infectious diseases of cattle, horses, dogs, &c.
One gallon makes 200 to 300 gallons adapted for use.
N.B.—Condy's Fluid is the Standard Scientific Test for Organic Matter in Water, and affords the only known means of rapidly and completely freeing Drinking Water from Organic Taint, which is so common a cause of serious disease.
To rapidly purify the air, use the diluted fluid with "Condy's Ozoniser" or other Spray-producer.
CONDY'S PATENT OZONISED WATER,
(FOR TOILET PURPOSES,)
Removes from the mouth impure and foreign tastes and odours, whether arising from tobacco or other causes, and counteracts the irritation and morbid secretions of carious teeth. It purifies and softens the skin, and, used in the bath, tends to promote a healthy state of the whole body.
H. BOLLMAN CONDY,
Patentee, Battersea, London.

JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE. Any one can use them; anything can be dyed with them. It is impossible in this small space to enumerate the many uses to which these wonderful and beautiful chemical preparations can be applied; while their chief use is for dyeing textile fabrics, they are also invaluable as a colouring agent for almost every known material, the ease with which they can be used and the brilliancy of the result being, indeed, almost magical. By their use almost any article of clothing can be dyed in a few minutes for a few pence without soiling the hands.

MEMORANDA.

MAGENTA: The strength and beauty of this dye is almost incredible. A Sixpenny bottle will dye 20 yards of Bonnet Ribbon in 10 minutes; it will also produce a clear Rose Pink by using less dye. Suitable also for Woollen Goods, Feathers, Silks, &c.

WOOLLENS: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Purple, Orange, Pink, and Crimson produce the most satisfactory results. Use a large quantity of boiling water in an earthen pan. RIBBONS and SILKS: Brush them with soap and water to avoid creases, and to render them clean. Dye in boiling water.

FEATHERS: Dye in hot water (a few drops of the dye is sufficient for one feather).

COTTON: Mauve, Violet and Purple are recommended.

LEATHER: Blue, Magenta, Violet and Orange. Dye in warm water.

WHITEWASH: To color: *Magenta*, for Pink or Rose; add half a bottle to a pail of water, then stir in the Whitening as usual. Mauve, Violet, Purple, Blue and crimson produce pretty tints by using one bottle or more, as directed above.

STARCH: Stir in a few drops of Colour—Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Blue or Pink; these impart delicate tints to Lace, Linen, &c.

WILLOW SHAVINGS, Wicker, Ivory, Bone, Hair, Fibres, Seaweed, &c., attract the dye quickly, if applied in boiling water.

BLUE: For laundry purposes is A 1.

BOOK EDGES: A Sixpenny bottle of Magenta, Violet, Crimson or Blue will make from a pint to a quart of beautiful colouring, according to shade required. Apply with a brush.

PAPER and WOOD STAIN: Ditto.

OAK STAIN: A bottle of No. 2 Black to half a-pint of hot water.

SATINWOOD STAIN: A Sixpenny bottle Canary dissolved in a pint of boiling water

PHOTOGRAPHS may be tinted; dilute the dye with water; a bottle of Magenta to a pint of water, &c.

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