Special Notice.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye. Harmless—reliable—instantaneous—no disappointment—no ridiculous tints—"does not contain lead or any vitalic poison to injure the hair or system." Invigorates the hair and leaves it soft and beautiful; black or brown. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Applied at the Factory, 16 Bond Street, New York.

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Executed neatly, cheaply, and expeditiously at be DAILY NEWS JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

Travellers' and Postal Guide.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:

	GOING EAST.		
2:25 a.m.	1:25 p.m.	2:05 p.m.
	GOING WEST.		
3.10 p.m.	3:50 p.m.	4:00 a.m.

[This is by Montreal time, from which deduct 12½ minutes for the difference between Montreal and Kingston time.]

KINGSTON POST OFFICE.

	Close.	Arrive.
Eastern by G.T.R. day train	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
Western " " "	1:45 "	2:30 "
East and West night trains	9:00 "	7:00 A.M.

UNITED STATES MAILS.

Through Mails for New York, Boston, Oswego and Cape Vincent, will be closed at 11:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. daily, Sundays excepted.

BRITISH MAILS

per *Canadian* steamers will be closed every *Friday* at 12 *M.*

Per *Cunard* and *Bremen* line, every *Tuesday* at 5:30 *P.M.*

Letters intended for dispatch per Bremen line must be specially so directed.

☞ Single copies of the CHRONICLE AND NEWS, containing the news of the week, may be had in wrappers for mailing. Price 3d. each issued every Friday.

SINGLE COPIES of the DAILY NEWS may be had at the counter of the publication office, Princess street. Price two cents.

The Daily News.

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 20.

☞ *SEE FIRST PAGE.*

WEEKLY REPORT OF CANADIAN SECURITIES.

PELLATT & OSLER,
No. 38 KING STREET EAST,
Toronto, Oct. 18, 1870.

	Capital.	At shares	Paid up	Dec. last 6 mos. or cents per share.	Closing prices.	Rebate due	Where payable.
BANKS—Bank of Montreal	$3,000,000	$200	All.	6 per cent.	216 @ 217	1870	Gifn. Mills & Co.
Bank of British North America	£1,000,000 stg.	£50 s	£5	3 & Bon. ¼ per cent.	105 @ 106	1869	Office of H. M. Receiver General.
Bank of Toronto	$1,000,000	$100	All	...	148 @ 149	...	
Royal Canadian Bank	$1,000,000	$50	50	...	107 1-2 @ 108	...	
Canadian Bank of Commerce	$6,000,000	$100	All	4	120¼ @ 121	...	
Merchants' Bank	$2,000,000	$100	All	4	70 @ 71	...	
Molsons' Bank	$2,000,000	$100	All	4	None	...	
Western Bank	$1,000,000	$100	All	4	103½ @ 104	...	
City Bank of Montreal	$2,000,000	$100	All	3½	109½ @ 110	...	
Ontario Bank	$1,500,000	$100	All	3	110 @ 112	...	
La Banque du Peuple	$1,200,000	$50	All	3	50	...	
La Banque Nationale	$1,000,000	$100	All	3	102 1-2	...	
La Banque Jacques Cartier	$1,000,000	$50	All	3	50	...	
Union Bank of Lower Canada	$1,000,000	$50	50	3	50	...	
SCRIP—Toronto City Gas Company Stock	$1,000,000	$100	100	...	114	...	
Western Assurance Company	$400,000	$40	All	4 per cent.	88 @ 90	...	
British America Assurance Company	$1,000,000	$100	50 per cent	...	90	...	
Canada Permanent Building Society	$400,000	$50	25	2 p.c. 3 months	113 @ 114	...	
Canada Permanent Building Society	$1,000,000	$100	All	4 per cent.	108	...	
Western Canada Permanent Building Society	$400,000	$40	All	4	89 @ 90	...	
Huron and Erie Savings and Loan Society	$300,000	$100	All	4	68 @ 70	...	
Freehold Building Society	$100,000	$50	12½	5	103 @ 105	...	
Canadian Land and Emigration Company	$100,000	$50	All	5	135½	...	
Western Canada Permanent Building Society	$300,000	$50	50	5	126½ @ 127	...	
Montreal Telegraph Company	$125,000	$25	All	4½	116½ @ 117	...	
Canada Landed Credit Company	$300,000	$50	50	5	113½ @ 113	...	
				5½	206 @ 207	...	
				3½	100 1-2 @ 100	...	

* BANKS AND DEBENTURES.

	Closing prices.	Rebate due	Where payable.
Dominion Stock, 6 per cent	96 @ 98	1869	Gifn. Mills & Co.
Montreal Consolidated Stock, 7 per Cent	105 @ 106	1870	"
Montreal Water Works, 6 per cents	105 @ 110	1878	"
Montreal City Bonds, Currency, 6 per cents	103 1-2	...	"
Montreal Harbour Bonds, Currency, 6½ per cents	109	1901	"
Quebec City Bonds, 6 per cents	102 1-2	1905	City Hall, Montreal.
County Debentures	...	1906	"
Township Debentures	...	1909	"
	...	1914	"
	...	1875	"
	...	1877	"
	...	1880&84	Baring Bros. & Co., London
	...	...	"
	...	...	"
	...	...	"

* The accrued interest is added to the prices of all bonds and debentures sold in the market.

Exchange on London: 60 days' Bank...108¼
" " " Private....108
" New York, on demand, Bank..... 89
Gold in New York 112½

Bank of Montreal—Has sold during the week at prices ranging from 205 to 220; sales have been made today at 215 to 217.

Bank of British North America—None on market; buyers would give 106¼ to 107.

Ontario Bank—Has sold freely during the week at 106¼ and 107, closing firm and in demand at latter rate, with no sellers under 107¼.

Bank of Toronto—Has advanced, with sales at 147, 148 and 148¼; closing with buyers at 148 and sellers at 149.

Royal Canadian Bank—Has been largely dealt in throughout the week at 69, 69¼ and 70, closing with buyers at latter rate.

Canadian Bank of Commerce—Small sales at 121¼, at which rate stock is still procurable.

Merchants' Bank—Sales at 114¼, 115, 115¼ and 116, closing with buyers at 116 and sellers at 116¼.

Quebec Bank—Is asked for at 110, with none on market.

Molson's Bank—Sellers ask 103¼; buyers offer 102¼.

City Bank—Little doing; nominal at 89 and 90.

La Banque du Peuple—Buyers at 102¼ and sellers at 103¼.

La Banque Nationale—Would be taken at 108; none on market.

La Banque Jacques Cartier—Asked for at 113¼; none offering.

Mechanics' Bank—Nothing doing.

Union Bank—Is held at 108, with buyers at 107¼.

Toronto City Gas Company—Is in demand at 115, with no sellers.

British American Assurance Company—Would be taken at 70; none on market.

Canada Life Assurance Company—Not a share on market; 104 would be paid.

Canada Permanent Building Society—Is heavy at quotations, 135¼ to 136

Western Canada Permanent Building Society—Is on the market at 126; not much demand.

Freehold Building Society—Is asked for at 127; no sellers under 127¼.

Huron and Erie Savings Loan Society—Offering at 117; in very little demand.

Union Permanent Building Society—No sales to report; procurable at 113¼.

Montreal Telegraph Company—Sales as high as 205; market closing with no sellers at this rate.

Canada Landed Credit Company—Asked for at par; little on market.

Canada Debentures—Sterling Fives are procurable at 96¼; Dominion stock would be taken at 110.

City of Toronto Debentures—Sales at 93; market closing firm at this rate, with very limited offerings.

County Debentures—Are on the market at from 102 to 103; small sales have been made at the latter rate.

Mortgages—Continue in demand at from 7½ to 8 per cent interest.

The stock market has been fairly active during the past week. Stocks and Bonds have been freely dealt in and at advancing rates. Bank of Montreal advanced over 10 per cent.

INSIDE PARIS.

The London *Morning Post* publishes a long and interesting letter from its Paris correspondent, received by balloon. The writer, describing the atmosphere of suspicion in which he lives, and which in a journey to and from St. Denis brought him three several times into trouble, says:—

"You have no idea what a nervous thing it is to move about under a thousand jealous eyes, all turned suspiciously upon one, and belonging to twice the number of ready hands burning to put a bullet or a little cold steel into the first stranger they come across. The oppression of the thing is terrible, and I would rather be under any amount of fair open fire. You dare not look at the name of a street or ask for the slightest information, or even so much as to turn your head, and to point at any object or to take a note would be as much as your life was worth. The only safety, and that, of course, is purely comparative, lies in assuming an air of most careless indifference to everything around, and when the inevitable arrest comes, in remaining perfectly cool and showing the most perfect frankness. All the same, I am convinced that had it not been for my pass our friend's prediction would have been realized, and that we should never have returned safe to Paris. When we did return, I assure you, we were looked upon with an incredulous wonder by no means vouchsafed to those troops who are hourly returning from actual battle.

The chemists have been set to work for the defence of Paris. One assured the writer that with a recently discovered preparation—fulminate of picrate of potass, which is ten times worse than picrate of potass in its simple form—he can blow the Prussian army off the face of the earth. He has another preparation which at once asphyxiates and burns any living creature upon which it is projected; and, in addition to that, he declares that he possesses the means of decomposing water itself and turning it into consuming flame. This gentleman is in the employ of the government, and has already prepared a most diabolical reception for the Prussians. They have, indeed, already experienced the awful effects of his skill in the explosion of two torpedoes, which are said to have killed 700 men, and the exposed points of the defence are thickly sown with like engines of destruction." There are dangers even to balloon mails, it appears. The correspondent adds a postscript to his letter, in which he says: "I went down to the post office at six o'clock this morning to send off a letter by the balloon which was to have been started. Its departure is, however, postponed till to-morrow, but in the meantime, various private individuals have resolved to try their fortune through the air. I shall send my letters whenever an opportunity offers, and to increase the probability of their arrival I have had them printed, so as to be able to send off several copies, on the chance of one at least arriving safely. The mail balloon promises to be a regular institution; but it appears that even that is not quite safe, for we are told that the Prussians sent a balloon of their own in pursuit of that which started yesterday morning."

GEN. LEE'S DEATH-BED.

There was a general suspension of the duties of Washington College, Virginia Military Institute, and the minor schools, and they will not resume again until after the final interment of the great chieftain. Every business house in the community was closed, and crape affixed to the door, and a general expression of deep grief was visible in every face. Washington College, the College Chapel, the Virginia Military Institute, and the Episcopal Church, of which Gen. Lee was a communicant, were draped in mourning a few hours after his death. General Lee had been almost entirely unconscious since Monday night last, and he expired very peacefully and quietly at 9:30 Wednesday morning. He was first taken sick on Wednesday evening, September 28, while just about to sit down to tea, when he suddenly sank in his chair insensible. He soon reacted, and in the course of the next ten days steadily improved, until it was hoped that he was out of danger, but on Monday evening he became suddenly and rapidly worse, and continued to sink until Wednesday morning. During the early part of his sickness he slept much, and spoke but little, but was rational when he awoke, and always recognized those who approached him. At times his mind seemed for a little while to wander, and on several occasions reverted to the army. He once ordered that his tent should be struck, and at another time desired that Hill should be sent for. He suffered but comparatively little pain during his whole sickness. He will be buried on Saturday, Oct. 15, at twelve o'clock. The place selected for his interment is a vault beneath the College Chapel, which stands in the midst of the College grounds. This was the first building he had erected after his removal to Lexington, having declared that it was proper that the first thing the college did should be to dedicate a house to the services of religion. Here he will rest, surrounded by the monuments of his latter years.

An order has been issued by Captain-General de Rodas, of Cuba, liberating 2,000 apprenticed negroes captured from slaves in 1855, 1856 and 1857.

A man in Ohio has been convicted of murder in the first degree—his crime consisting of throwing a train of cars, on the Pittsburg and Fort Wayne Railroad, off the track. The verdict is a righteous one. Imprisonment for life is not too stern a punishment for an act which imperilled the existence of many scores of passengers.

Fever continues to increase with such alarming rapidity in Liverpool that special meetings of some of the boards of guardians were held on Friday. At the Toxteth Board of Guardians it was determined to build sheds for the emergency, and also to petition the Privy Council to put the clauses of the Infectious Diseases Act into operation. Brownlow-hill workhouse over 12,000 patients are under treatment, and a conference with the medical officers of the board took place yesterday at which revelations of the filth and over-crowding in the poor districts were made.

Something has just occurred in Boston which may be the means of making druggists and druggists' clerks more careful than heretofore, judging from the alarming number of deaths and injuries from druggists' mistakes. A gentleman has recovered in the supreme court the sum of $639 as damages for negligence on the part of a druggist in putting up a prescription, which caused the death of the plaintiff's son.

Hon. A. C. Mattoon, among other adornments of his charming place in Oswego, had a trout pond containing a large number of beautiful fish, some of large size, which cost him years of care and considerable expense. On Sunday morning all the trout—over 1,000 in number—were found floating on the surface of the pond, lifeless. The supposition is that some scoundrel entered the premises in the night and threw some description of poison in the water.

Hypochondriasic is one of the most difficult to treat successfully of all nervious diseases. Reasoning with nervous or hypochondriacal and insane persons rarely proves serviceable. The mind cannot be overcome while the nervous system is irritable. In many instances, the derisive laugh at the unfortunate, or the more temperate appeal to the reason, is absolutely injurious, by exciting further irritation in the mind of the sufferer, who thinks his advisers either unfeeling or incredulous towards his complaint. Under the use of Fellows, Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, there is no longer necessity of resorting to such treatment.

Price $1 50 a bottle; 6 for $7 50. Sold by apothecaries and by F. Cundill & Co. wholesale agents, Montreal.—*Adv.*

Gildersleeve & Walkem,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-at-LAW, Conveyancers, Notaries Public.
Richard T. Walkem,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Office—Clarence Street, Kingston, C.W.
J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, L.L.B. | RICH. T. WALKEM.

J. R. Smith, M.D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., PORTLAND, Residence Harrowsmith.

Joseph Bawden,
ATTORNEY AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, &c., 33 King street, Kingston.

James S. Cartwright,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW. OFFICE — Over Parker's Drug Store.
June 9.

Phœnix Fire Assurance Company
OF LONDON.
Agent at Kingston,
GEORGE A. KIRKPATRICK.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

COUGHS COLDS WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY CONSUMPTION LUNG DISEASES

Royal Assurance Company
OF
LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
MAXWELL W. STRANGE
Agent for Kingston
Office—Ontario Street.
Kingston, March 31, 1870.

THE ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE, invented by R. Freeman, Pharmaceutist, is allowed to be one of the greatest discoveries of the present century. It is largely employed by the most eminent Physicians and Surgeons in hospital and private practice in all parts of the world. It has effects peculiar to itself, and which are essentially different to those produced by the various compounds bearing the name of Chlorodyne, but have no pretence to possessing its virtues. It rapidly relieves pain, from whatever cause, allays the irritation of fever, soothes the system under exhausting diseases, and gives sleep without producing any one of the unpleasant feelings so commonly arising from the use of opiates. It continues to hold its unshaken position in the estimation of the Profession as the best, most reliable, and cheapest preparation. Eminent and scientific Physicians made affidavits that they have tested its effects in careful comparison with those of "DR. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE," and deposed to the facts that they found it a more certain and reliable preparation, and greatly preferred "FREEMANS."

Earl Russell communicated to the Royal College of Physicians and to Mr Freeman, that in Manilla the only remedy of any use in Cholera was Chlorodine.

The Medical Times and Gazette, January 13th, 1866, states, "It has an immense sale amongst the public, and is prescribed by scores of Orthodox Medical Practitioners, and, of course, it would not be thus singularly popular did it not supply a want and fill a place."

Manufactured by the Inventor, Richard Freeman, 70, Kennington Park Road, London, S.

The genuine has engraved on the Government Stamp (outside each Bottle), "FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE."

DR. VICTOR BAUD'S ORGANIC MEDICINE.

DR V. BAUD, Graduate and Member of the Medical College of Paris, Chief Physician Extraordinary for Epidemics in Paris, late M.D. of the Civil Hospitals of Algiers, has just introduced in England his ORGANIC MEDICINES.

They consist of three preparations—

THE BAUDENE,

An efficient and prompt Remedy for Cholera, Yellow Fever, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and the excessive action of the Bowels. A gold medal was awarded by the French Government to Dr V. Baud for this valuable preparation.

Price: Small, 1s 1½d; Medium, 4s 5d; Large Size, 11s per Bottle.

THE DIASTATIZED IRON,

For strengthening the System.—Price 2s 9d per Bottle.

THE DIASTATIZED IODINE,

For purifying the Blood.—Price 2s 9d per Bottle.

*** The above Preparations are in the form of Sweetmeats, pleasant to the taste, and particularly adapted for Infants and Mothers nursing.

By the combination of the Iron or Iodine with Cress Seeds in a state of germination, they are united with organic life, which thus renders them digestible. The irritative and stubborn mineral has thus become the nucleus of an organic substance capable of being absorbed by the blood without injury to the stomach.

Agent for England and British Possessions,
E. G. DUFRESNE, 79 Watling Street.
May be obtained of all Chemists.

CAUTION.

THE gross frauds which continue to be practised by obscure manufacturers, more particularly in Germany, by imitating the labels attached to JOHN GOSNELL & Co.'s PERFUMERY, render it imperative upon the Proprietors to CAUTION the public against such nefarious proceedings, and to request their friends and patrons to purchase only of respectable dealers, who import direct from John Gosnell & Co.; and invite special attention to the address—

RED BULL WHARF, 93 UPPER THAMES STREET.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Select Perfumes: Ess Bouquet, Royal Yacht Club Bouquet, Jockey Club Perfume, Essence of Wood Violet, Victoria Bouquet, Frangipanni, Military Bouquet, the Bride's Bouquet.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Prince of Wales' Perfume, a most choice and fashionable perfume.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Princess Alexandra's Perfume, a most choice and delicate perfume, prepared expressly for the use of Her Royal Highness.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Upper Ten Thousand Perfume.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Jockey Club Perfume is in universal request as the most admired Perfume for the Handkerchief. Price 2s 6d.

John Gosnell & Co.'s La Noblesse Perfume, a most delicate Perfume of exquisite fragrance.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Noblesse Pomade, elegantly perfumed, and highly recommended for beautifying and promoting the growth of the hair.

La Noblesse Soap—esteemed for its unequalled perfume and fine emollient qualities.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Violet and Millefleur Nursery Powder is guaranteed pure. No nursery should be without it. Sold in boxes at 6d; in tins 1s each.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Cherry Tooth Paste is greatly superior to any Tooth Powder, gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, protects the enamel from decay, and imparts a pleasing fragrance to the breath. Price 1s 6d each.

Instantaneous Hair Dye: certain to produce any shade Brown or Black, of good natural colour. It cannot possibly injure the hair, has no disagreeable odour, and is easily applied.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Patent Trichosaron, or newly invented Hair Brush, the peculiar mechanical construction of which accompanies the two operations of cleansing and polishing simultaneously.

The Patent Mechanical Chair for Brushing Hair by Machinery. For Prospectus and particulars, apply to the Patentees and Sole Manufacturers, JOHN GOSNELL & Co., Perfumers by Appointment to Her Majesty, the Princess of Wales, &c., RED BULL WHARF, 93 UPPER THAMES STREET, late of 12 Three King Court, Lombard Street.

"THE" SAUCE. Prepared by Alexander Southwood Stocker, from a recipe by his Cousin, the late Dr Southwood Smith, thirty-five years Physician to the London Fever Hospital; Father of Sanitary Reform; Medical Member of the first General Board of Health; Author of the first work on Fever in any age or country, the Philosophy of Health, &c.

Delicious with every known dish. Its habitual use increases the appetite and promotes digestion. It is much esteemed for its digestive properties.

As an assurance of its purity and salutary properties, it is only necessary to point out the name of the celebrated and philanthropic Physician from whose prescription it is compounded. The entire life of that distinguished man was spent in promoting the health of his fellow-creatures, and his death, to December, 1861, was mourned as a national loss.

Wholesale and for exportation by the Proprietor, 69, Lombs Conduit Street; Barclay and Sons, Farringdon Street; Batty and Co., Finsbury Pavement.

Retail by Chemists, Grocers, Italian Warehousemen, and others throughout the Kingdom, and every part of the world.

Ask for the "The" Sauce.—Special export Agents—Burgoyne, Burbridges, and Squire, 16, Colman Street, London.

LAMPLOUGH'S PYRETIC SALINE.—A Medicine that cures Sea Sickness or the worst form of Billious Headache in a few minutes; effervescing and tasteless, its constant use is especially calculated to maintain health. When mixed with water and taken during the effervescence, it immediately blends with the food, and is rapidly absorbed into the system. It vitalizes and supplies the blood with those saline principles that are lost, altered, or destroyed during the hot weather. In Jungle, Scarlet, Yellow, Typhus, Eruptive Fevers (or Cholera), also in several other conditions, where the vital current is poisoned by infection, and and thereby rendered unfit to support health and prolong human life, it has been found eminently beneficial; and its sustaining and purifying influence acts as a preventive to disease, as the numerous unsolicited testimonials accompanying each bottle will prove. Its portability renders it admirably adapted to the traveller, tourist, emigrant, or private family, more especially when distant from medical advice or assistance.

Sold in patent stoppered glass bottles, price 2s 6d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 21s each. Special agents required and appointed in all parts of the world.

SIR WILLIAM BURNETT'S DISINFECTING FLUID, for the purification of sick rooms, hospitals, workhouses, factories, prisons, crowded places, between decks of ships, fever wards, clothes and linen of sick, night-chairs, cesspools, drains, water closets, stables, dairies, larders, musty casks, tubs, &c.; bilge-water, and the holds of ships; apartments for searchers, undertakers, and jurymen, and for post-mortem examinations; for the prevention of infectious disease, canker and fungus in trees; for the disinfection of dead bodies, and for the preservation of subjects for dissection; for the extermination of bugs and other vermin.

Sir W. Burnett's Disinfecting Fluid was the only Disinfectant used at the Agricultural Hall during the Smithfield Club Cattle Show in 1866, by order of Her Majesty's Privy Council.

The value of the fluid is shown by the following letter from the Secretary and Manager:

"Agricultural Hall, Islington, Jan. 1868.

"Dear Sir,—Please to send eight gallons more of your Disinfecting Fluid, as per order enclosed. Having used various Disinfecting Fluids at our many shows, I can say with confidence that none have had the instantaneous and complete effect of Sir William Burnett's, and this too without producing any nuisance like the smell of chloride of lime or carbolic acid.—I am yours faithfully, "S. SIDNEY, Sec. and Manager.

"Capt. Jackson, R.N., 90, Cannon street."

This fluid acts on the essential cause of disease by destroying the local conditions of the atmosphere under which cholera is most frequently developed and propagated. For instance: "In a house in St. Andrew's street, Plymouth, occupied by fifty-two persons, it was sprinkled in every room except four; in these the occupants would not permit it to be applied; the result of which was, that in those parts of the house where it had been used, not a single case of cholera subsequently occurred; while in the four rooms above alluded to, the disease still exists and some deaths have taken place. Two houses immediately opposite were supplied with a quantity, in neither of which has there been a single case, although the disease is raging in the neighbourhood."

Sold by all Chemists, and at 90, Canon street, London. Quarts, 16s; pints, 8s; half-pints, 4s; glass-stoppered Imperial pints, extra strength, 16s per dozen; and in bulk at 4s per gallon: bottles included. Each gallon making 200 gallons, when diluted with water. See directions on every bottle.

Recommended and used by Professor Simonds at the Royal Veterinary College, during the last twenty years.

N.B.—This fluid is a certain cure for greaes in horses, also the scab and rot in sheep.

CONDY'S PATENT FLUID or natural disinfectant purifies, deodorises, and disinfects, by the agency of nascent or ozonic oxygen,—its active principle. Being entirely innoxious, this truly scientific preparation is peculiarly adapted for the following useful purposes, for which all other disinfectants, on account of their poisonous or other objectionable qualities, are unavailable and useless:—

Detecting organic impurities in air and water.

Purifying drinking and other water from organic matter, lead, &c.

Freshening the air of close places, and removing bad smells.

Freeing meat, fish, butter, or other provisions from taint.

Counteracting the effects of organic poisons taken into the stomach.

Curing Musty provender. Freeing wheat and other seed from smut.

Maintaining the health of plants in pots and conservatories.

Preserving and restoring the freshness of cut flowers kept in water.

Destroying the blight of the potatoe, vine, hop, mulberry tree, &c.

Washing dogs and other domestic animals.

Cleansing bottles, beer barrels, pickling tubs, dairy utensils.

Washing the hair and darkening its colour when turning grey.

Enhancing the purifying and invigorating effects of baths and tubs.

Dressing poisoned wounds and destroying animal virus.

Treating the infectious diseases of cattle, horses, dogs, &c.

One gallon makes 200 to 300 gallons adapted for use.

N.B.—Condy's Fluid is the Standard Scientific Test for Organic Matter in Water, and affords the only known means of rapidly and completely freeing Drinking Water from Organic Taint, which is so common a cause of serious disease.

To rapidly purify the air, use the diluted fluid with "Condy's Ozoniser" or other Spray-producer.

CONDY'S PATENT OZONISED WATER,
(FOR TOILET PURPOSES,)

Removes from the mouth impure and foreign tastes and odours, whether arising from tobacco or other causes, and counteracts the irritation and morbid secretions of carious teeth. It purifies and softens the skin, and, used in the bath, tends to promote a healthy state of the whole body.

H. BOLLMAN CONDY,
Patentee, Battersea, London.

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, &c.

EARL RUSSELL sent to the College of Physicians a communication received by him from Manilla (where cholera had been raging fearfully) to the effect that, of all remedies tried, Chlorodyne was the most effective.

"The day seems as yet, unhappily, far distant when public opinion or State interference will prevent the advertisement or sale of any secret medicine whatsoever. It is to be hoped that the profession will continue to brand as unworthy the conduct of those of its members who by testimonial or otherwise aid the disposal of such things."—*Lancet.*

TOWLE'S CHLORODYNE.

The Original Preparation of known Composition.

From Dr C. Kidd, Author of Standard Works on Chloroform

Sackville-street, Piccadilly, London.

Sir,—I think if you would advertise your Chlorodyne more than you do, you would help to beat the others, which are secret compounds, out of the market. Many medical men think with me, and recommend your compound, but will never prescribe a secret remedy. CHARLES KIDD, M.D.

To Mr Towle, Chemist, Manchester.

A Surgeon from New York writes:—"I only requires to be known to be appreciated. I have no hesitation in characterising it (viz., Towle's Chlorodyne) as the most useful medicine that has appeared during the present century. In diarrhœa, colic, ague, spasms, I have found it to relieve more pain and cause more joy than any other article that can be named."

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COTTON: Mauve, Violet and Purple are recommended.

LEATHER: Blue Magenta, Violet and Orange. Dye in warm water.

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STARCH: Stir in a few drops of Colour—Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Blue or Pink; these impart delicate tints to Lace, Linen, &c.

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