Special Notice.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye. Harmless—reliable—instantaneous—no disappointment—no ridiculous tints—"does not contain lead or any vitalic poison to injure the hair or system." Invigorates the hair and leaves it soft and beautiful; black or brown. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Applied at the Factory, 16 Bond Street, New York.

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Executed neatly, cheaply, and expeditiously at the DAILY NEWS JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

Travellers' and Postal Guide.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

2 25 a.m.	1:25 p.m.	2:05 p.m.

GOING WEST.

3 10 p.m.	3:50 p.m.	4:00 a.m.

[This is by Montreal time, from which deduct 12½ minutes for the difference between Montreal and Kingston time.]

KINGSTON POST OFFICE.

	Close.	Arrive.
Eastern by G.T.R. day train	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
Western " " "	1:45 "	2:30 "
East and West night trains	9:00 "	7:00 A.M.

UNITED STATES MAILS.

Through Mails for New York, Boston, Oswego and Cape Vincent, will be closed at 11:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. daily, Sundays excepted.

BRITISH MAILS

per *Canadian* steamers will be closed every *Friday* at 12 *M.*

Per *Cunard* and *Bremen* line, every *Tuesday* at 5:30 *P.M.*

Letters intended for dispatch per Bremen line must be specially so directed.

☞ Single copies of the CHRONICLE AND NEWS, containing the news of the week, may be had in wrappers for mailing. Price 3d. each issued every Friday.

SINGLE COPIES of the DAILY NEWS may be had at the counter of the publication office, Princess street. Price two cents.

The Daily News.

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 8

☞ *SEE FIRST PAGE.*

Sunday Directory---Hours of Public Worship.

ST. GEORGE'S CATHEDRAL.—Morning Service 11:00; Evening Service, 7:00.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH (Queen Street).—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service (free), 6:30.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH (Union Street).—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service (free), 6:30.

ALL SAINTS CHURCH—Free (Division street) —Choral Service—Morning Service, 11. Evening Service, 7.

ST. MARK'S CHURCH (Barriefield).—Morning Service, 11:00.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH (Portsmouth).—Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 7:00.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH (Princess Street).—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service, 6:30.

CHALMERS' CHURCH (Earl Street).—Morning service, 11:00; Evening Service, 6:30.

BROCK STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service, 6:00.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH (Sydenham Street).—Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 6:30.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH (Queen Street) —Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service 6:30.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH (Portsmouth. —2:30 p.m.

PRIMITIVE METHODIST CHURCH (Brock Street) —Morning Service, 10:30; Evening Service, 6:00

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH (Johnson Street).—Morning Service (free). 10:30; Evening Service (free), 6:00.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH (Wellington street) —Morning service, 11:00; Evening service, 6:30.

VILLAGE SCHOOL (Montreal Road).—Sunday School, 9:00 a.m.; service, 2:30 p.m.

BAPTIST CHURCH (Johnson Street).—Morning Service, 11:00; Evening Service, 6:30.

ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL (Roman Catholic).—Mass, 7 a.m.; Mass 10:30 a.m.; Vespers, 3:30 p.m.

CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH (Queen Street)—Morning Service, 10:00; Evening Service, 5:00.

RELIGIOUS TEMPERANCE MEETING at the Sons of Temperance Hall, Princess Street, every Sunday afternoon, from 4½ to 5 o'clock.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

(*Special to the Daily News.*)

Toronto, Oct. 6.—The crowd today was very great, and the number of visitors was variously estimated at thirty and forty thousand. The weather was pleasant, but the ground was unpleasantly damp, and the sheep and cattle pens in a filthy condition. The district.

SHEEP.

The southdowns were fairly represented, and the largest exhibitor of the class was Mr Stone. Mr W. H. Wallbridge, of Belleville, showed four fine Lincoln ewes just imported from England. One of the animals was the recipient of a first prize at the Royal Society's Show, and also prizes at several local exhibitions in England. There were several good specimens of Merinos, and the number shown was rather larger than common. There were six entries for the Prince of Wales prize of $60 for Leisters, but only three exhibitors, Mr Snell, Mr C. Walker and Mr James Russell, the first gaining the prize. The three lots were a fine show.

POULTRY.

Although there were shown some fine specimens in several of the varieties, yet taken altogether the show was by no means first class, either in numbers or quality, and a large number of empty coops interspersed among the occupied, gave an unsightly appearance to the whole, which might have been easily avoided by placing the birds shown in adjoining coops, instead of allowing them to be scattered over the whole accommodation. Poultry is usually, in agricultural exhibitions, a feature of much interest, and a falling off in this department is felt.

IMPLEMENTS.

The show of implements was very large and embraced machines agricultural and domestic, useful and necessary, in great variety—straw cutters, pumps, drain tiles, churns, fanning mills, root cutters, with many others, and farm tools in endles patterns. Altogether the show in this department was very successful, and that portion which was strictly of Canadian manufacture was very creditable to the country.

FRUIT.

A very attractive part of the show is the fruit, and its tantalizing charms invariably draw around it a crowd of admirers who gloat lovingly over its tempting beauties. The show in this department today was very fine, and the display of apples alone was well worth a visit to the exhibition. There were shown splendid specimens of Snow apples, Fall Pippins, Ribston Pippins, Spitzenburgs, Baldwins, Rhode Island Greenings, Roxburgh Russets, also samples of that fine winter apple the Swayze Pomme Gris, and the splendid, but hitherto much neglected in Canada, Northern Spy. There was also quite a show of very fair seedling apples. There were pears in fair numbers and variety. There were some dozen competitors in grapes besides those in which nurserymen are excluded, and the varieties exhibited embraced those usually shown and were fine specimens. There were two or three exhibitors of domestic wines.

VEGETABLES, PLANTS AND FLOWERS.

This was an average display and exhibitors were represented from all parts of the Dominion.

The show of bee-hives and honey was very creditable and evinced a decided increase in the care and management of the honey bee. Mr J. H. Thomas exhibited his hives and two stocks of Italian bees, and an Italian queen was open to inspection in one of the observing hives There were several new hives claiming to be improvements in some particular respect.

DAIRY PRODUCE &c.

The show in dairy produce was not large, but the quality of the articles shown was decidedly good, and the butter and cheese was pronounced by all who had an opportunity of judging of more than ordinary good quality. Some of the butter could not be beaten anywhere.

THE FINE ARTS.

Taking a rapid survey of the various representatives of the fine arts as shown today, we should be inclined to pronounce the whole as rather better than usual, many of the oil paintings were certainly very creditable, and some of them decidedly good, and among the water colours were some pieces of great merit. Generally in this department in the Provincial and County Fairs of Canada, there is almost an entire lack of true art and the wretched daubs which are exhibited are either shown merely to receive a prize given by ignorant or unscrupulous judges or are the offspring of some self conceited pretender who is entirely ignorant of the very first principals of true art. It is therefore a matter of congratulation to be able to record any improvement in this department. Several of the old artists were represented in both oil and water colour and their works, in almost every instance, show a decided advance from those exhibited several years ago. Mr Fowler of Amherst Island, exhibited several of his choice little bits of still life in water colours and none there were at all equal to them.

The exhibition was visited today by the Governor General and other illustrious guests. They arrived on the ground at noon, escorted by a detachment of the Governor General's body guard under command of Cornet Dunn. The first carriage was occupied by Baron Lisgar, Lieutenant Governor Howland, Sir John A. Macdonald and Hon. Mr Carling. After them came Lady Macdonald, Mrs Howland, and Col Bernard, and another carriage contained Hon. Mr Morris, Col. McNeil and Capt. Curtis. On entering the ground the distinguished party were received by Hon. Mr Christie and Dr. Beatty, of Cobourg, who bade them welcome in the name of the Association. After the interchange of a brief conversation, the vice-regal cortege proceeded and drove up to the Palace, which they surveyed from their carriage, but did not enter the building. They then drove to the stand in the enclosure where the Caledonian games were lately held, and were there welcomed by a number of the directors and members of the Association. The party were here joined by Hon. Mr Tilley, Hon. Mr Howe, Hon. Mr Aikins and Hon. Mr Dunkin.

The horses on exhibition were brought into the enclosure and exercised in order to give the guests an opportunity of observing their excellence. The display was truly an admirable one, and a greater number of magnificent and well bred animals has rarely been seen in the Dominion. They compared favourably in quality and style if not in numbers with those shown at last year's exhibition. The visitors expressed themselves highly pleased with the appearance of the horses, whose spirit, in some instances, was with difficulty restrained. The ladies seemed to be interested in the scene as evinced by their animated expressions of admiration as the fiery animals curvetted proudly over the turf. A superb French Canadian black horse, with a white star on his forehead, owned by Mr R. Wells; Dr. Smith's imported blood mare, and Hon. C. J. Douglas' Revenge received particular commendation for their splendid form and spirited bearing. After the blood and draught horses had been exhibited, the carriage and buggy horses were shown in harness, and the judges proceeded to award the prizes for this class. The party having enjoyed the spectacle for upwards of an hour, re entered their carriages and left the grounds amid hearty cheers.

The other portions of the show were about an average and as usual was subject of attraction to the general public. The ladies' department and the show of those commodities in which ladies are particularly interested, was crowded during each day. The display of the powers of the various sewing machines was attractive to a great many persons, while the piano music and the inspection of the beautiful instruments on show was certainly not the least attractive feature present.

Taken altogether the present show may be considered quite successful, many persons speaking disparagingly of its merits nevertheless.

I have just learned that it has been decided to hold the next show at Kingston. Ottawa put in and strenously supported its claims to that honour.

C. P.

NAPOLEON III.

Wilhelmshoche, Sept. 18—(Correspondence of the London *Times*)—After two days' stay at the Grand Hotel Schombardt, Princess Mary of Baden, Duchess of Hamilton, whose arrival at Wilhelmshoche I announced in my last letter, left us again on Thursday en route for Frankfort. She spent a good deal of her time at the Palace and was the Emperor's guest at dinner on both days In attendance upon her were Herr von Leoprechting and Fraulein von Cohausen.

The hospitality once shown to Prince Louis Napoleon in England seems likely to be repeated toward the dethroned Napoleon III, for the Duchess had hardly departed when Lady Crowley arrived. It is a touching proof of the fact that the esteem which Lord Crowley enjoyed for so many years at the Tuileries as the Ambassador of the Court of St. James, and the close friendship which consequently sprang up between his own and the Imperial family, have not vanished or been obliterated by the misfortune which has now befallen the Napoleonic dynasty. In her emergency the Empress Eugenie appeals to the friendship of Lady Crowley, and the latter consents at once to be a messenger between the husband and the wife, so distant from each other. As I communicated to you by telegraph, the Countess came early in the morning, and having alighted at the hotel, she went at once on her mission to Napoleon. What a heart-stirring meeting it must have been! After remaining at the Palace for several days, her Ladyship returned to the hotel, and, having partaken of a hurried dinner, returned on her noble errand by the Frankfort train, unmindful of the fatigues of a wearisome journey.

I have seen an account in several papers relating to a young man having been arrested by the police on the 12th inst., at Wilhelmshoche, whose object had been the assassination of Napoleon. Upon inquiries I instituted I can give you the following, on good authority, as the truth: A youth in Berlin, having embezzled some money belong to his master, had been traced to Cassel, and, after some resistance on his part, he was taken into custody at Wilhelmshoche, whither he had strolled to have a glimpse at the Imperial prisoner. For some reason or other he had bought a pocket pistol in Cassel, which was found upon him when arrested, and for this circumstance people, in war time always too prone to exaggeration, inferred the crime imputed to him.

As to the present life of the Emperor, it is marked by the same uniformity I have mentioned already in my former letter. He is taking his regular walks in the vicinity of the Palace. Only once last week he had a two hours drive by a road leading through the neighbouring villages Kirchditmold and Harleshausen, returning by way of the Reisen-Allee, a road formerly kept for the exclusive use of the Elector, and connecting Wilhelmshoche with the hunting castle Wilhelmsthal, five miles distant. The party consisted of nine, all of them being French, Raimbaud, mounted on horseback, riding in front, and Comte Davillier at the side of the carriage. The Emperor, with the rest, was seated on a *Char a banc*, drawn by four horses. To amend his equipage, a few days ago a Royal carriage was sent over from Berlin, together with a team of six beautiful black horses.

Inside the palace there are many memorial signs of the past. In the billiard room stands the very identical billiard table of his royal uncle, as also the cues with the initials "J.N." engraved upon them. Leaving the ante room, where the rules of the game, printed in French, are still hanging, he may enter the front vestibule, and looking down on the lovely valley before him, his eyes may chance to rest upon an inscription on the glass panel, cut with a diamond ring by some attendant of King Jerome, "Vive le Roi!" with the retort underneath, "Le Roi est disparu, vive l'Electeur!"

PARIS IN BRUSSELS.

(*Correspondence London Times*).

Brussels, Sept. 20—Few English who have not dwelt in Paris for long periods and examined it below its merest surface-life, know of what all that fast-and-loose population of the boulevards consists, and how many nationalities it comprises, for all these people dress alike, look alike, speak the Parisian slang of the day with equal glibness, and French sufficiently well to impose on the majority of Britons. Numbers of them are now to be seen in Brussels, either on their way to more peaceful lands than France, or awaiting the happy hour when they may return to their cherished haunts and habits. The floating population of Brussels, yesterday, was 35,000—enormous for a city of this size. I know not to what extent members of the defeated French armies figure in it; but there must be a considerable number of them here, in hospital or in private houses. Several ambulances have been installed, and the wounded meet with ready sympathy and aid, and excite great curiosity and interest. Before one of the hospitals, in the bustling Rue Neuve, tan has been spread to deaden the noise of vehicles, and there, on Sunday, a permanent crowd kept its station, conversing in low tones and gazing up at the windows There was not much to be seen; occasionally an emaciated countenance peeped through a pane, and one could frequently discern the white summits of several nightcaps, but that was about all. Imagination did the rest, and when some of the papers grew weary and departed others took their places, and so all day the hospital had its guard of peaceful and sympathizing citizens. On the balcony of private houses one sees wounded Frenchmen sitting and smoking most kindly cared for by their hosts, who have volunteered to take them in. I saw a sergeant of Turcos—neither black, brown nor yellow, but pure white, for many of these African troops, whose employment has justly scandalized the Prussians, are native Frenchmen—with a sleeve of his jacket hanging empty and his bandaged arm in a sling, conversing on a balcony with a worthy Belgian burgess, whose honest round face beamed with sympathy, and also, if I mistook not, with admiration of the might feats of war and perilous adventures his interesting guest was relating to him. Probably most of the unwounded French military now in Brussels have put on civilian garb, but one still meets a certain number of uniforms, their colours faded, their smartness gone—gone, too, not a little of their wearer's former swagger. Can these be the Hussars and Chasseurs we saw ruffling it in Paris so short a time ago? Sore, indeed, must have been their disasters, and sadly has the pride been taken out of them by Prussia's stern and steadfast legions. They form but a very minor feature which comprises innumerable familiar faces. Here are journalists, actors, pillars of the Bourse, singers and dancers, artists (in France every tumbler or tight-rope vaulter is an artist) from the Cirque de l'Imperatrice, whole orchestras from Paris concerts (Strauss himself included,) ballet girls, and ambiguous females in numbers, but hardly recognizable in sedate attire and in the absence of paint. That national institution of France, the rouge pot, at times pretty freely exported into some other countries, is forgotten in the sadness of exile. If war is a great destroyer and a dreadful scourge, it is also in some respects a mighty purifier, and so Paris, when it shall have got through its present trials, will, perhaps, find it to have been.

FARMERS' MARKET.

Kingston, Satusday, October 8.

There was an unusually large market this morning, the farmers' waggons filling the Market Square and extending up Brock street, and occupying a portion of Wellington street as far as the Post Office. There was an abundance of every kind of farm produce, and the prices of last week were well maintained. Some very fair beef appeared in market today, and was sold for $4 50 for fore and $5 for the hind quarters; and some excellent pork was slow sale at $10 per 100 lbs. Poultry was abundant, but being for the most part brought to market alive, the owners preferred taking it back to their farms to selling under last week's prices. Numbers of ruffed grouse were offered, and a few pairs of woodcock. Vegetables were abundant and at mid prices. There is little to report in the hay and straw market. Comparatively very little is offered in market, and for what is a high price is asked, irrespective of quality. The fact is now fully acknowledged that the article is extremely scarce, and farmers are now regulating their stock with a view to their requirements of winter feed. The remarks of last week's DAILY NEWS upon this subject are still applicable. Canadian buyers of live stock are few, and require extra animals at low figures to induce them to invest.

Flour per bbl., wholesale	$ 5 50	@	$ 5 50
" " Retail	6 00		6 50
No. 1 Superfine	0 00		0 00
" per 100 lbs.,	3 00		3 50
Barley per bushel (new)	0 70		0 76
Rye (new) do	0 00		0 65
Peas, do	0 60		0 65
Oats, do	0 40		0 45
Buckwheat do	0 00		0 00
Wheat, per 60 lbs	0 00		1 00
Parsnips per bunch	0 10		0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 40		0 50
Turnips, per bushel	0 60		0 00
Onions, per bunch	0 10		0 00
Carrots, per bunch	0 03		0 05
Cabbages per head	0 05		0 15
Apples, per bushel	0 50		0 75
Water Melons	0 00		0 25
Musk do.	0 12½		0 25
Beef, per 100 lbs	4 50		5 00
Mutton, per lb per quarter	0 05		0 07
Lamb, do	0 40		0 60
Hams, do	0 12½		0 15
Fresh Pork, per lb	0 10		0 00
Mess Pork, per bbl	21 00		23 00
Prime do., per bbl	20 00		22 00
Tallow, per lb	0 00		0 00
" Rough, per lb	0 05		0 07
Lard, "	0 15		0 17
Butter, do (fresh)	0 21		0 25
Butter, do (packed)	0 19		0 20
Cheese, "	0 10		0 15
Honey per lb	0 13		0 00
Eggs, per dozen	0 15		0 17
Fowls, per pair	0 50		0 60
Chickens, "	0 00		0 50
Ducks "	0 50		0 60
Ruffed Grouse, per pair	0 50		0 00
Salt, per bag	1 00		1 20
" Per bbls,	1 75		1 85
Hay, per ton	16 00		18 00
Straw, per ton	0 00		0 00
Wood, per cord	3 75		4 00
Coal,	6 50		9 00
Hides, per 100 lbs	5 00		6 00
Sheep's Pelts each	0 50		1 25
Lamb Skins "	0 30		0 50
Calf skins, per lb	0 10		0 12
Oil cake per cwt	0 00		3 50
Wool, per lb.	0 00		0 00

A great Franco-Irish picnic was held at Jones' Wood, New York, lately. About ten thousand persons were present at fifty cents each, but the money for the relief of the French Republic is not forthcoming. The Irish and the French managers mutually charge each other with the fraud.

It is rather a sorry symptom of the spirit of the French nation that they should be so nervously anxious to convince themselves that General Moltke is dead. He seems to have become to them just such a bogey as the Black Prince was after the battle of Cress, in the wars of the fourteenth century. Even should it prove true that the great Prussian strategist has died just before finishing his seventh decade, the organization he has done so much to perfect remains, the plans which he sketched have been fulfilled beyond possibility of being annulled, and the men who have learned generalship under his eye in two well-fought campaigns are still there to take up the cue where the master left it. It is scarcely credible that the Prussians should succeed, even if they wished it, in keeping secret the death of the sturdy old Mecklenburger; but in any case the French people cannot too soon learn that the arousing of a panic-stricken populace would better speed their cause than the death of half a dozen Prussian staff officers.

CONVENIENT AND SIMPLE.—Brown's Bronchial Troches are a simple and convenient form for administering, in combination, several medicinal substances held in general esteem among physicians in the treatment of Bronchial Affections and Coughs. The Troches seldom fail to give relief.—*Adv.*

It with Catarrh, that distressing disease,
You are afflicted, and wishing for ease,
Use no snuffs that induce you to sneeze—
They surely increase, not relieve the disease.

Briggs' Allevantor will relieve in a trice;
You also will find it fragrant and nice;
Go try it, your friends please entice,
Gladly they'll thank you for the advice.

You will always find the above-named remedy at all Druggists and Country Merchants generally throughout the country; and you will also find Briggs' Allevantor the greatest remedy of the age for the speedy cure of Catarrh, Headache, Neuralgia, and all ailments arising from Pain or Inflammation. Dr. J. Briggs & Co., Proprietors, No. 208 Broadway, N. Y., and No 6 King St. West, Toronto. Sold by E. H. Parker and R. White, Kingston, and by all Druggists.—*Adv.*

The extraordinary effect of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites is due to its power of imparting the vital principle to all constitutions impaired by wasting or debilitating maladies. It is acceptable to the palate, and suitable for all ages and all constitutions. The blood is restored to purity and health; the nerves and muscles are strengthened, while the tubercrulous or consumptive deposit is retarded. Price $1 50 a bottle; 6 for $7 50 Sold by apothecaries, and by F. Cundill & Co., wholesale agents, Montreal.—*Adv.*

Dr J. Briggs' Allevantor, for the cure of Neuralgia, Rheumatism, &c., is unrivalled. In a thorough trial of its virtues, all will acknowledge its superiority. Sold by E. H. Parker and R. White, Kingston, and by all Druggists.—*Adv.*

Sufferers from Corns, Bunions, Bad Nails and those torturing afflictions, Chilblains, are earnestly recommended to use Dr. J. Briggs' well known Curative for instant relief and positive cure. Sold in Kingston by E. H. Parker and R. White, and by all druggists.—*Adv.*

Dr J. Briggs' Pile Remedy is acknowledged by all who have tried it (and their name is legion) to be the best, most successful and efficacious remedy ever used for that disease Sold in Kingston by E. H. Parker and R. White, and by all druggists.—*Adv.*

For Colds, Cough, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable remedy.. Sold by E. H Parker and R. White, Kingston, and by all Druggists.—*Adv.*

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PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., PORTLAND, Residence Harrowsmith.

Joseph Bawden,

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James S. Cartwright,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW. OFFICE — Over Parker's Drug Store. June 9.

Phœnix Fire Assurance Company

OF LONDON.

Agent at Kingston,

GEORGE A. KIRKPATRICK.

MONEY TO LEND. $50,000 to lend on the security of Real Estate in the City or Country at a low rate of interest. No commission charged.

April 23 R. M. ROSE.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment, at home, the whole of the time, or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

COUGHS WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY COLDS CONSUMPTION LUNG DISEASES

Royal Assurance Company

OF

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

MAXWELL W. STRANGE, Agent for Kingston

Office—Ontario Street.

Kingston, March 31, 1870.

CAUTION.

THE gross frauds which continue to be practised by obscure manufacturers, more particularly in Germany, by imitating the labels attached to JOHN GOSNELL & Co.'s PERFUMERY, render it imperative upon the Proprietors to CAUTION the public against such nefarious proceedings, and to request their friends and patrons to purchase only of respectable dealers, who import direct from John Gosnell & Co.; and invite special attention to the address—

RED BULL WHARF, 93 UPPER THAMES STREET.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Select Perfumes: Ess Bouquet, Royal Yacht Club Bouquet, Jockey Club Perfume, Essence of Wood Violet, Victoria Bouquet, Frangipanni, Military Bouquet, the Bride's Bouquet.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Prince of Wales' Perfume, a most choice and fashionable perfume.

John Gosnell & Co's Princess Alexandra's Perfume, a most choice and delicate perfume, prepared expressly for the use of Her Royal Highness.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Upper Ten Thousand Perfume.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Jockey Club Perfume is in universal request as the most admired Perfume for the Handkerchief. Price 2s 6d.

John Gosnell & Co.'s La Noblesse Perfume, a most delicate Perfume of exquisite fragrance.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Noblesse Pomade, elegantly perfumed, and highly recommended for beautifying and promoting the growth of the hair.

La Noblesse Soap—esteemed for its unequalled perfume and fine emollient qualities.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Violet and Millefleur Nursery Powder is guaranteed pure. No nursery should be without it. Sold in boxes at 6d; in tins 1s each

John Gosnell & Co.'s Cherry Tooth Paste is greatly superior to any Tooth Powder, gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, protects the enamel from decay, and imparts a pleasing fragrance to the breath. Price 1s 6d each.

Instantaneous Hair Dye: certain to produce any shade Brown or Black, of good natural colour. It cannot possibly injure the hair, has no disagreeable odour, and is easily applied.

John Gosnell & Co.'s Patent Trichosaron, or newly invented Hair Brush, the peculiar mechanical construction of which accompanies the two operations of cleansing and polishing simultaneously.

The Patent Mechanical Chair for Brushing Hair by Machinery. For Prospectus and particulars, apply to the Patentees and Sole Manufacturers, JOHN GOSNELL & Co., Perfumers by Appointment to Her Majesty, the Princess of Wales, &c., RED BULL WHARF, 93 UPPER THAMES STREET, late of 12 Three King Court, Lombard Street.

"THE" SAUCE. Prepared by Alexander Southwood Stocker, from a recipe by his Cousin, the late Dr Southwood Smith, thirty-five years Physician to the London Fever Hospital; Father of Sanitary Reform; Medical Member of the first General Board of Health; Author of the first work on Fever in any age or country, the Philosophy of Health, &c.

Delicious with every known dish. Its habitual use increases the appetite and promotes digestion. It is much esteemed for its digestive properties.

As an assurance of its purity and salutary properties, it is only necessary to point out the name of the celebrated and philanthropic Physician from whose prescription it is compounded. The entire life of that distinguished man was spent in promoting the health of his fellow-creatures, and his death, to Decemoer, 1861, was mourned as a national loss.

Wholesale and for exportation by the Proprietor, C. L mb's Conduit Street; Barclay and Sons, Farringdon Street; Batty and Co., Finsbury Pavement.

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