TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Anonymous communications can receive no attention. Everything forwarded for insertion must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of authenticity. It is also requested that correspondents will only write on one side of the sheet of paper. We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

The Daily News.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 19.

It has long been a characteristic of the American press to assail with unrestricted freedom political opponents. The ordeal which public men have to go through in the United States is something fearful. President Grant is no exception. Having coming out of the great war with all its honours thick upon him, he was placed in the Presidential chair by the movement of the tide of popularity: but now the ardour of admiration has cooled, his political acts are just as freely canvassed as those of Andrew Johnson. President Grant must have many personal and political enemies, else the flood of abuse which appears in certain American newspapers would not see the light.

During the war and since its close the Germans have shown to the French that they would relinquish no advantage unless in doing so they could remind the French of their position. Just now there are negotiations afoot between the Germans and the French for the evacuation of French territory by the German army of occupation. There are many difficulties in the way, and the German government is continually reminding the French government that Frenchmen are offering provocation and endangering the peace between the countries; it apprises the French Minister that France must make early payment of the indemnity, and keep up good relations to obtain the withdrawal of the German troops. All this is gall and wormwood to the sensitive French.

The success so far of the stock subscriptions to the Kingston and Pembroke railway has given much satisfaction to the people of this city, because it is quite evident that when the amount of $75,000 set down for Kingston becomes in a few days nearly $200,000, there can be no longer any question as to making up the required capital. That the railway will go into operation is now a matter of the fullest confidence; and those who see the future prosperity of Kingston enlarged and guaranteed by this important enterprise are naturally greatly elated. The prospects of the railway have already had an undoubted effect in increasing the value of property and promoting building improvements; and there can be no question but that the population of the city will soon present a marked increase as well by the direct as the indirect influence of the railway.

BOARD OF HEALTH.—There will be a meeting of the Board of Health in the Council Chamber at four o'clock on Monday after. noon.

POLICE COURT, SATURDAY.—Before his Worship the Mayor.—George Molkby and Thomas C. McKenzie, sailors and strangers, were charged with being drunk, and were permitted to depart, as it was a first appearance.

BUSH FIRES.—The bush fires in the vicinity of Kingston are not yet extinguished, and accounts received to-day (Saturday) from farmers state that in many places the inhabitants have suffered much from their effects. On Wolfe Island and on Mr Ferris's farm, Bath Road, the fires are still raging, and the residents of the neighbourhood are engaged in preventing their spread. Rain is looked for anxiously.

ROBBERY.—On Saturday morning during the absence at market of Mrs Hartnett, landlady of the Ottawa House, corner of Ontario and Princess streets, some person entered her bedroom, and broke open a chest containing a cash box with a large amount of money in it. This was also forced open, and the cash contents, amounting to about $200, taken away. During the time of the theft Mr Hartnett was attending to his business in the bar of the hotel, and the thief must have entered from the front door and gone up the stairs, which are directly opposite the door. Mrs Hartnett stated that she was absent from home less than half an hour, having go return to procure some money, which, upon arriving in the market, she found she had forgotten to supply herself with. Upon her return she at once went to her bedroom to supply the deficiency from the chest, when she discovered the robbery. A sailor by the name of William Eaton was arrested this afternoon on suspicion.

THE CANADIAN CANALS.—We have received a very fine map of the Dominion showing the position of the canals constructed by the Government of Canada, and also the enlargement and extension of the canal system, recommended by the Canal Commission, and the other proposed improvements referred to in their letter to the Secretary of State, dated February 24th, 1871. The map has been compiled under the direction of Samuel Keefer, Secretary of the Commission; Mr P. B. Symes being the draughtsman, and Messrs Burland & Lafricain, the lithographers.

COOL.—It is well to have something refreshingly cool during these dog-days. This morning we received a long circular, signed "E. Lef. de Bellefeuille," (quite an aristocratic name) giving us the important information that the "Board of Arts and Manufactures for the Province of Quebec" were to have "an industrial exhibition," upon which was written, "Please insert *gratuitously* this circular in your paper." No doubt Mons. E. Lef. de Bellefeuille thinks it costs nothing to print and publish newspapers in Ontario. Having had some experience, we know better. If the Board of Arts and Manufactures of Quebec can afford to pay $5,000 in prize s they are able to pay for advertising "their show."—*Belleville Intelligencer.*—[We judge the same presuming request has been made to all the papers, as similar circulars have been sent to this office. The demands that are sometimes made upon the newspaper press are preposterous, and the like of which occurs in no other business.]

LECTURE ON DR. LIVINGSTON.—The Rev Dr. Mulvaney, the popular preacher and lecturer, will shortly give one of his interesting lectures in Kingston on his travels and adventures with Dr. Livingston in East Africa. The subject is one of universal interest, and will, no doubt, call together a large audience. Full particulrrs will be given in a few days.

ROPE STOLEN.—A quantity of tow line of the value of $16 was last night stolen from the schooner Garibaldi. It was found in the forecastle of the schooner Three Friends this afternoon, and the captain of that vessel has been arrested.

FIRE ON WOLFE ISLAND.—A farmer residing on Wolfe Island by the name of John O Shea had his barn, containing the whole harvested crops of the season, destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. We have been unableto learn the origin of the fire or particulars.

GRAIN ARRIVALS.—The following have arrived at the M. T. Company's Wharf:—The Caledonia, from Port Dalhousie, with 7,402 bushels corn; the C. M. Foster, from Toledo, with 15,217 bushels corn; the Algerine, from Chicago, with 17,391 bushels corn, the Wild Rover, with 14,000 bushels corn. from Chicago; the C. Gearing, from Port Dalhousie, with 6,536 bushels wheat; and the Garrett Smith, from Chicago, with 15,200 bushels wheat.

YACHT RACE.—Another race took place this afternoon, between the Power and Truant. The boats started from Swift's wharf at fifteen minutes past two o'clock, when the Power took the lead, but the result was not known when the *News* went to press.

MISSING.—About nine o'clock on Friday morning Captain McKay, of the schooner Wild Rover, gave his cook $20, being part of her wages. She went ashore to procure certain things she required, and has not since returned, nor can the captain gain any tidings of her. Her name is Josephine Johnston, a native of Buffalo.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.
(Per Montreal Line.)

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, Aug. 19.—A fire occurred this morning in a range of sheds in St Andre street and got considerable headway, necessitating the calling out of the reserves.

At the rifle match yesterday Mr McMartin, of Ottawa, won the first prize in the Frontier Stakes, scoring 18 points. The two highest aggregate scores in the Snider competitons were made by Private Ferguson G. T. R., 156 points; and Quartermaster Thomas, Richmond, 152 points.

Fitzgerald, who was arrested a few days ago for appropriating money sent to a person of the same name, was discharged, no one appearing to prosecute.

Hon. P. Mitchell arrived in town yesterday, and left last night for the Lower Provinces.

The weather is beautiful and cool.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

Colonel Irvine, A.D.C., is much better and progressing favourably towards recovery.

It is said that Lady Lisgar will shortly return to this country.

Ten thousand bushels of wheat were damaged by the sinking of the barges D and Clyde at Lachine.

Frauds in coal delivery, and it is to be feared among coal dealers, are again reported in Montreal.

The Bishop of Huron is still in a very low state. His Lordship has recently been on a trip for the improvement of his health, but without any good effects.

It is understood that Mr Ralph Jones, of Port Hope, will succeed Mr McMicken as Secretary of the Intercolonial Railway. Mr Jones has had a large practical experience in railway matters.

It is now positively asserted that the Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise will take up their residence in Ottawa, for a lengthened period. The Governor General's residence is being prepared for their reception.

With the aid of a field-glass the bodies of of two men were discovered floating in the whirlpool at Niagara Falls on Monday afternoon. One of the bodies has beenrecovered. It is supposed they are the remains of the persons recently carried over Niagara Falls in a small boat.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church was consecrated on Wednesday at St. John, N.B. The Bishop of Fredericton and over forty clergymen were present. The services were unusually interesting. The collection for the building fund amounted to nearly $4,000.

Since the 1st July, $150,000 in new silver coin of the Dominion have been put in circulation by the Banks in Halifax, and $120,000 English silver withdrawn from circulation. The latter has been shipped to England, the Imperial Government having agreed to receive it at the Royal Mint at par.

Henry Brownlee, dry goods merchant, doing business in Toronto, was arrested on Wednesday on a charge of bigamy. The accused was brought before the Police Magistrate, and admitted to bail, himself in $2,000, and two sureties of $1,000 each.

The Shipwright's Union of St. John, N.B., are on a strike. They demand that nine hours shall constitute a day's work instead of ten, but their employers don'tsee it.

Judge McPherson, of Owen Sound, on Thursday, laid the corner stone of a new school house and Masonic Hall at Picton, Ont., with the usual Masonic ceremonies. A large number of Masons assisted. In the evening, the fraternity enjoyed an excellent banquet at Congress Hall.

Mr Howe leaves Ottawa on Saturday to attend the gathering of the members of the Howe family, which takes place at Farmington Grove, Boston, on the 31st inst. He will be the orator of the day. He will afterwards proceed to Nova Scotia.

The Governor General had a most successful fishing season. He visited rivers on the north shore of the St. Lawrence several hundred miles below Quebec, and the sport amply repaid his labours. Salmon were in abundance, and the weather favourable.

Mr Donaldson of Cincinnati has so thoroughly domesticated a huming bird that upon going into his garden the bird will immediately alght upon a shell in his hand and sip the sugar water within it, no matter how many persons may be standing around him at the time.

The Montreal *News* reports a sad accident: A little boy, named Frederick Destras, was run over about half-past nine this morning at the corner of Aqueduct and Rolland streets, and died immediately after. His father is a carpenter and works in Cantin's ship-yard. He lives in Aqueduct street, a short distance from where the accident occurred. The little fellow, who is about six years of age, had been carrying a pigeon in his arms, and it had escaped from him. He was in the act of running after it when he was struck by the horse's feet and knocked down, and the wheel of the cart passed over his head. He was immediately picked up and died almost instantly. The person who was driving the cart was a butcher named Martineau, who belongs to St. Antoine market. According to the evidence of a boy who witnessed the accident, the carter was driving fast—as fast as butchers generally drive. He turned round and seeing that an accident had occurred he stopped and got out of his cart and ran back. He picked up the child and placed it on the sidewalk, he then left to get a doctor. He also went for a clergyman. The Coroner opened an inquest after viewing the body at the house of Thos. McCreedy, St. Antoine street, who was foreman of the jury. According to the evidence of the boy referred to above, the driver of the cart called to the boy to run away on seeing him in danger. The affair appears to have been purely accidental.

FIRES IN THE WOODS.

Lake Huron is reported completely covered with a cloud of smoke from fires in the Canadian forests. These fires in the woods on both sides of the great lakes are becoming more destructive from year to year in the summer season, and if they are permitted to go on at this rate they will before the lapse of many years, in connection with the general destruction of our forests otherwise going on, result in extensive droughts and disastrous failures of crops in the United States and the New Dominion. Even now it is apparent that from the destruction of the forests on both sides of our Canadian border the annual rain fall in all that section has been diminished and is still being reduced from year to year.

The subject thus suggested is of the highest importance, and is well worthy a general convention in view of the preservation of the still existing forests as far as possible and the planting of new ones in waste places and rows of shade trees on our highways all over the land. The great plains west of the Mississippi are arid and almost as rainless as the deserts of Africa in summer, because they are treeless. Introduce forests and you will bring the welcome summer rains; clear the forests away and these rains will disappear. The island of Madeira tells the story.—*N. Y. Herald.*

CANADIAN PROGRESS.

The correspondent of the New York *Evening Mail* writing from Toronto says:—

There are signs of wholesome progress. New and improved methods of agriculture are being introduced, and the condition of the agricultural classes is constantly improving. In the towns and cities greater attention is being paid to education, and schools of the highest order offer the means of instruction to all classes of the population. Business is more self-reliant, as the result of the utilization of domestic resources, than in former times, when the country was isolated and but just beginning to emerge from the restraints of colonial vassalage. Canadians understand at last that their future depends on themselves, and have set out in good earnest to build up a country which shall be in no sense dependent upon Great Britain, but, having foundations of its own, shall possess in fact, if not in name, all the attributes of an independent State.

THE QUEEN AND HER PUBLIC DUTIES.

The *Saturday Review* believes the Queen actually does a great deal more of state service than most people give her credit for; and is quite satisfied that, so far as her appearance in public goes, she does as much as she can do. The Queen is compelled to lead a very retired life. Not one person in a thousand has perhaps ever seen the sovereign in public. But people cannot help believing that a retired and private life must be very much less expensive than a public one: even on lower grounds we miss the personal influence of the crown. A state ball, at which sometimes the Queen appears and a garden party once a year at Buckingham Palace, and the opening of the Albert Hall, scarcely satisfy the people's love for their Queen personally or for the pomp and state which belong to the Crown of England. There is more in this great country than these things for our sovereign to take the lead in. There are other and even greater public institutions than these which we should like to see recognized by the Sovereign. Art and science and literature, and our great historical associations, the splendour and dignity of our history, a personal interest in the great discoveries and inventions of our own age—these were matters in which the late Prince Consort felt that imperial honour and imperial station had its work to do. Descending still lower in the scale of royal functions, there is one matter which, partly perhaps because it is of the lowest among the long series of popular regrets, we feel most strongly. We are really a hospitable people. We like to ask our friends to our houses, especially to feed them sumptuously. It is a national weakness, yet not altogether weak while human nature consists of body and soul. And yet, as far as Europe is concerned, we might be the meanest and most parsimonious and poorest nation on the earth. The stereotyped paragraphs in the papers about our royal and imperial guests which we see daily just now make us all blush. And then there are other and still more painful things by way of contrast which suggest themselves as we read the *Court Circular.* An ex-Emperor, now among us, can still pursue his studies in artillery; a transatlantic sovereign, the guest of England—that is, he puts up at a hotel in Brook street—who is, we hear, a distinguished scholar and a practical mechanician, spends his time studying factories, schools, the law courts, and all those of our institutions to cultivate which is to realize the highest rank, and to advance "imperial works and worthy kings." Moreover, the heir to the greatest empire in Europe has also come among us covered with glory, which, being that of a military triumph, is perhaps not the highest, but which at least was won in the path of kingly duty; and then we have to think of Hurlingham, which is, and the moors and the stubbles and the hot corners, which are to be. These are not pleasant reflections.

COMMERCIAL.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.
(Per Montreal Line.)

Montreal, Aug. 19.

Bank of Montreal—269½, 270½.
Merchants Bank—133, 136.
Bank of Commerce—128, 130.
Ontario Bank—110, 111.
Bank of Toronto—187, 190.
Royal Canadian Bank—106, 106½.

MONTREAL MARKETS.
(Special Telegram to the Daily News.)

Montreal, Aug. 19.—Flour—Super Extra 0,00 to 0,00; Extra 5,50 to 5,75; Fancy 5,40 to 0,00; Welland Canal Super, 5,20 to 5,25. Super No. 1 Canada wheat, 5,10 to 5,30; super No 1. Western wheat, 5,10 to 5,20; Super No. 2 Western wheat, 4,80 to 4,90; bag flour 2,25 to 2,50. Wheat—Canada Fall, 1,20 to 1,25; Spring, 1,15 to 1,17; Western, 1,17 to 1,20. Oats per 32 lbs, 00 to 00; old 00 and 00. Barley per 48 lbs, 00 to 00c. Butter—Dairy 16 to 17½c; store packed 15 to 16c. Ashes—Pots, 6,80 to 6,85. Pearls, 7,50 to 7,60. Gold in New York at 12 o'clock 000. Pork—Mess, 15,25 to 15,50; Prime Mess 00,00 to 00,00 Prime, 00,00 to 00,00. Dressed hogs 0,00 to 0,00. Peas per 66 lbs, 0,92½ to 0,00. Rye flour, 0,00 to 0,00.

Flour—market firmer, with fair demand for supers; 2,300 barrels Welland canal sold about 5,20; single hundreds of fresh Canada from 5,10 to 5,25 for ordinary to strong; choice strong ranging widely, according to sample, extras—old sold at 5,20 to 5,72½; new 5,50 to 5,60; fancy quiet at 5,40; No. 2 sold from 4,80 to 4,90. Wheat—car lots of Canada white selling from 1,22½ to 1,25; red and mixed 1,20 to 1,22½; some lots of old sold at about 1,12½. Peas neglected and nominal. Provisions unchanged. Butter quiet; small sales at about 16c for fair quality. Cheese nominal. Ashes unchanged.

NEW YORK MARKETS.
(Special Telegram to the Daily News.)

New York, Aug. 18.—Gold 112⅝. Cotton quoted at 18⅝ to 18¾c. Flour 5 to 10c better on shipping grades; receipts 9,000 barrels; sales 10,000 barrels; at 4,60 to 5,05 for superfine state and western; 5,35 to 6,00 for common to good extra state; 5,35 to 6,25 for good to choice extra western. Rye flour quiet; at 3,95 to 5,00 Wheat 2 to 3c better; receipts 88,000 bushels; sales 86,000 bush; at 1,35 to 1,38 for No. 2 spring afloat; 1,43 to 1,46 for winter red and amber western; 1,47 to 1,50 for amber Michigan; 1,50 for white Michigan. Rye quiet. Corn dull; receipts 178,000 bushels; sales 95,000 bush; at 66 to 66½c for new mixed western. Barley dull and nominal. Oats shade firmer; receipts 147,000 bushels; sales 38,000 bushels; at 40 to 48c western and Ohio. Provisions—Pork quiet and steady; at 13,37 to 13,50 for new mess. Lard steady; at 9 to 9⅜c for steam; 9⅝c for kettle rendered. Butter 10 to 32c for new State and Western. Cheese 6 to 11c for common to prime. Petroleum—12½ to 13¾c for crude; 24⅜ to 24¾c for refined.

FARMERS' MARKET.

Kingston, Saturday, August 19.—There was a large and well supplied market this morning. There is a slight rise in eggs and butter to report, and vegetables are generally somewhat higher than they were last Saturday. Potatoes, however, are an exception to this rule, being considerably lower. In dairy produce, dealers are paying from 14 to 15 cents for store packed butter, and 15 to 16 cents for dairy; cheese still continues at 8 cents. Poultry, remains at former quotations. The market is difficult of quotation, being very unsettled.

Flour, Super Extra	6 00	@	6 50
" Extra	6 25	...	0 00
" Bag, per 100 lbs	2 50	...	3 00
Oatmeal, per bbl.	5 00	...	5 25
Cornmeal, per sack	1 00	...	1 10
Buckwheat Fleur, per bbl.	0 00	...	0 00
Barley, per bushel	0 00	...	0 00
Rye do	0 00	...	0 00
Peas do	0 00	...	0 00
Oats do	0 00	...	0 00
Seed Oats do	0 00	...	0 00
Buckwheat, per bushel	0 80	...	0 90
Wheat, per 60 lbs.	0 00	...	0 00
Potatoes, per bushel	0 60	...	0 80
Turnips, per do	0 85	...	0 90
Onions, bunch	0 05	...	0 10
Carrots, do	0 05	...	0 00
Cabbages, per head	0 05	...	0 15
Beans green per peck	0 20	...	0 22
Tomatoes do	1 00	...	1 05
Radishes, do	0 00	...	0 00
Rhubarb, do	0 03	...	0 00
Asparagus do	0 00	...	0 00
Cucumbers, each	0 03	...	0 05
Apples, per barrel	3 50	...	4 00
Beef, per 100 lbs.	0 00	...	0 00
Mutton, per lb. per quarter	0 08	...	0 10
Veal, per lb. per quarter	0 05	...	0 08
Lamb, do	0 10	...	0 00
Hams, do	0 00	...	0 00
Fresh Pork, per 100 lbs.	7 50	...	8 00
Mess Pork, per bbl.	17 00	...	00 00
Prime Mess, do	00 00	...	00 00
Tallow, per lb.	0 08	...	0 09
" Rough, per lb.	0 05	...	0 09
Lard, per lb.	0 00	...	0 00
Butter (fresh), per lb.	0 22	...	0 23
Butter (packed), do	0 00	...	0 00
Cheese, per lb.	0 00	...	0 10
Honey, do	0 13	...	0 15
Eggs, per dozen	0 17	...	0 18
Fowls, per pair	0 50	...	0 60
Chickens, do	0 38	...	0 40
Ducks, do	0 60	...	0 00
Geese, each	0 50	...	0 00
Turkeys, each	0 00	...	0 00
Salt, per bag	0 70	...	0 80
" per bbl.	1 75	...	1 85
Wool, per lb.	0 00	...	0 00
Hay, per ton	12 00	...	15 00
Straw, per ton	0 00	...	0 00
Wood, per cord	4 00	...	0 00
Coal, per ton	6 50	...	9 00
Hides, per 100 lbs.	5 00	...	7 00
Sheep's Pelts, each	0 50	...	1 10
Timothy Seed	0 00	...	0 00
Clover Seed	3 50	...	4 50

MISCELLANY.

One of the English magazines has an article "On champagne considered as a social force."

The Feejee Islands are said to raise very good Sea Island cotton, and to export about 9,000 bales a year.

At Claremont, N.H., recently the lightning scattered a box of matches over the floor, without setting any of them on fire.

A New England contemporary says: "The girls have got a new hobby. This time it is the collection of different patterns of printed calico. One in New Hampshire has gathered together one thousand different kinds.

The simplest and cheapest way to cool a room is to wet a cloth of any size, the larger the better, and suspend it in the place you want cooled. Let the the room be well ventilated, and the temperature will sink from ten to twenty degrees in less than an hour.

A Kentucky journal on the day after the election in that State, appeared with head lines reading:—"Riots at Frankfort, Lexington and Paris—Several Persons Killed and Wounded—A Glorious Day's Work." Kentucky's idea of "glorious work" seems to be peculiar.

Mr Donaldson, of Cincinnati, has so thoroughly domesticated a humming-bird that upon going into his garden the bird will immediately alight upon a shell in his hand and sip the sugar-water within it, no matter how many persons may be standing around him at the time.

The old traditions about the Car of Juggernaut are apparently about to be extinguished. An eye-witness of the ceremonial says that the old stories are grossly exaggerated, that no victims are crushed, and that there is no more orgy than may be witnessed at any English country fair.

At Heidelberg, in Germany, there is not a language, ancient or modern, without its competent professor to teach it to all comers. A Japanese student, unable to speak a word of German, found there on his arrival a teacher able to converse with him and gave him lessons through the medium of his own language.

Out of sheer curiosity, just glance at Sir William Thomson's suggestion, that the soil of the earth may have been sowed by vegetable seeds from some meteor. Really it is interesting by the side of this neat solution of a venerable problem to consider the theory which has pronounced sunspots to be meteoric stones as they appear during one or two revolutions before absorption into the "all devouring orb," having become entangled in their perihelion passage in the solar atmosphere, and being licked up by the central attraction out of their elliptical paths. A "Follower of Bacon" writes to the *Pall Mall Gazette* to suggest that Sir William Thompson should be asked whether he has one single instance to produce in support of the theory broached by him "that the world was colonized by animals, seed, or germs arriving in or on meteorolites." "I do not ask," says the correspondent, "for an instance of an elephant or whale arriving in this unexpected fashion, but challenge him to produce any case of seed or any resembling life ever having been traced on any of the many aerolites that have been seen to fall, though even if he had been able to do so, I should still require the necessity of a Creator for their commencement."

Auber, the composer, had two horses. One was eaten during the siege. The other was sold recently, and bought by an enthusiastic admirer of the late *maestro* for food. Whereupon the *Figaro* suggests that the purchaser must have thought that the horse had a musical-box inside of him.

A farmer, named Simmons, of Bellevue, Iowa, lost a cow some time since, and search was made in vain for the animal. At last Mrs Simmons found the cow with her tail twisted around a tree in such a way that she could not get loose. The woman had to cut the tail off to get the cow home.

At an Iowa Sunday School the superintendent was reviewing the lesson, and was talking of the verse, "Let your loins be girded and your lights burning." He asked the question, "Why are we commanded to 'gird our loins?'" One little sharp shaver sang out, "To keep your breeches up."

A street in Paris called "Berlin" is to be called rue de Metz for the future, and the pretty avenue Napoleon crossing the Trocadero, will be changed into the "Avenue of Deliverance," in honour of the Versailles troops having bivouacked there on entering the city. Rues "de Morny" and "Fourth September"—after experiencing so many baptismal ups and downs will remain what they are.

Constantinople is to be connected with the opposite Asiatic coast by a railroad tunnel, consisting of sheet-iron double tubes, under the water of the Bosphorus. The tunnel is to be about twelve hundred feet long, ten feet in diameter in the clear, and to be thirty-six feet below the level of the water, in order not to obstruct navigation.

A farmer cured a balky horse in the town of Eden, Fond du Lac county, Wisconsin. He hitched a pair of cattle to a log-chain around the horse's neck, and prevailed on 'em to lean a few tons weight on the yoke. The horse didn't start, but his head came out by the roots. The hide, a set of shoes, and a lunch for the crows are all that is left of the indocile steed.

In one of the mounds of the Miami Valley, Ohio, a patient antiquarian has come upon evidence of a buried civilization in the shape of the image of a ram about four inches long, of blue stone. It bears a petrific ripple suggestive of a fleece.

Francis McDonough, while blacking his boots on the back stoop of 117 West 52nd st., New York, was struck on the head by a piece of marble a foot square. He died the next day. The stone was accidentally pulled from the fire escape on the fourth storey by a little girl.

Twelve convicts escaped from Sing Sing on Thursday in a boat. It is believed the affair was premeditated in New York, and the engineer and captain of the boat have been arrested in consequence.

A despatch from Suwalki, Poland, says the cases of cholera are decreasing. In that town the whole population does not exceed 6,600, about one-half of whom are Jews. There have been 443 cases of the disease, 83 of which were fatal.

Utah territory is now shipping 3,000 tons of ore and 600 tons of bullion per month. The former is usually worth $160 to $200 per ton, of which, perhaps, one-half is profit.

Four hundred calves were recently shot out of one herd during the drive from Texas to Kansas. This wanton destruction of beef timber was caused by the custom of shooting the calf as soon as born, in order to allow the cows to be driven on.

The great work of constructing the ship canal through the St. Clair flats above Detroit is finished, after three years of hard labour and an expense of $428,000. It is a mile and a half in length, and some 300 to 400 feet wide, consisting of two dykes, each 7,221 feet long and forty feet wide, constructed of piles, enclosed in frames of timber, and filled up with clay and sand. Vessels are now passing through the canal.

A Lowell (Mass.) paper relates that a man in that city kept the dead body of a child for three weeks in alcohol, in a tin boiler, that he might bury it with his wife, whose death he was expecting, and who died a few days ago.

France is officially going out of mourning. The brass band of the Republican Guard played (from four to six) for the first time in Les Quinconces des Maronniers, in the Versailles Gardens. There is now to be music every day, the band of the Engineers alternating with the Republican Guard. At the same time we hear that bands play in the Tuileries Gardens in Paris.

Quinine biscuits have lately been introduced by London bakers. They are small, extremely well made, and have a pleasant, and delicately bitter flavour. Each biscuit is estimated to contain one fourth of a grain of quinine, and for delicate stomachs, or where it is desirable to disguise medicines as much as possible, or to combine food with medicine in a perfectly agreeable form, these biscuits are likely to become very popular.

Montgomery, the capital of Alabama, is situated at the large end of the flask-shaped bend in the Alabama river. It is said that the man who lives on the narrow neck part of this bend floats down the river to Montgomery, ties his canoe, transacts his business, then floats back home on the same river. Then he carries his canoe across the river. It is related that this odd genius threatened to cut a river channel through his land, which would be a comparatively easy task, and would divert the Alabama river so as to leave the river bed at Montgomery high and dry, and the city at a considerable distance from navigable water.

THE ROYAL ROAD TO WIMBLEDON.—An amusing circumstance occurred on the visit of Prince Arthur to the Wimbledon Camp on Monday. His Royal Highness, who was expected at the Putney entrance, drove to that near Wimbledon, and was met at the gateway by a demand for 7s 6d. "Don't you make any reduction for a royal carriage?" said the Prince. "I knows nothing about reductions," was the reply of the gate-keeper; "all I knows is carriages pays 7s. 6d." The Prince paid the money; and narrated the circumstance with great glee afterwards to Lord Ducie.—*Echo.*

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS,

ADDRESSED to the undersigned at this Department, will be received until noon, on

Friday, the 25th day of August next

For the construction of a

Central Prison

On the land known as the

"ORDNANCE RESERVE,"

West of Strachan Avenue, in the CITY OF TORONTO, lying between the Great Western and the Grand Trunk and Northern Railways.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department, where printed forms of tender and endorsed envelopes can be had on application.

No tender will be received unless it contains the *bona fide* signatures of two persons offering to become securities for the due fulfilment of the Contract.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Agriculture and Public Works,
Toronto, August 7, 1871.

Salesmen Wanted.

TWO EXPERIENCED SALESMEN for the Dry Goods Trade. Apply to MACNEE & WADDELL.

Aug. 17.

HENDERSON'S
BOOKSTORE.

FOR AUGUST,
BOW BELLS,
EVERY MONTH,
&c., &c.

Hearthstone, August 19.
New York Ledger and Weekly.
Saturday Journal.
Saturday Night.
All the Latest Novels.
Newest Music.
School Books.
Cheap Stationery, &c.

At Henderson's,
PRINCESS STREET.

August 17.

SILVER-PLATED
ICE PITCHERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,
CAKE BASKETS,
CARD BASKETS,
SPOONS,
FORKS,
KNIVES, &c.,
CHEAP, AT THE
SHEFFIELD HOUSE.
C. GRIGOR.

Aug. 17.

FALL, 1871.

RECEIVING AND OPENING OUT daily, large deliveries of

New FALL GOODS

Great inducements offered to cash and close buyers.

☞ Inspection invited.

Macnee & Waddell,
Princess Street.

JUST RECEIVED,

ONE CASE ROUILLON'S JOSEPHINE or HARRIS'
SEAMLESS KID GLOVES,
FIRST CHOICE,
All Colours,

At Macnee & Waddell's,
Princess Street.

TO THE TRADE.

40 BALES WHITE COTTON YARN.
5 do Coloured do do
20 do COTTON BAGS.
50 do COTTON BATTS.
20 do White and Grey WADDING.

Macnee & Waddell,
Princess Street.

Aug. 17.

GENUINE SALE
OF
Summer Dry Goods
At WALDRON'S.

DURING THE MONTH OF AUGUST will close out the balance of all SUMMER GOODS at

Greatly Reduced Prices.

BARGAINS

In all Fancy Dress Goods, Black Gros Grain Silks, Japanese Silks, Lustres, Poplins, Muslins, Brilliants, Prints, Marseilles, Alpacas, Grenadines, Sheetings, Lace Curtains, Marseilles Quilts, Tweeds, Cloths, Parasols, Umbrellas, Trimmings, &c., &c.

R. WALDRON,
Wilson's Buildings.

Aug, 1, 1871.

Wanted an experienced Salesman.

THE
Great Clearing
OF
DRY GOO
STILL CONTINUES AT THE
Montreal Ho

ALL GOODS FURTHER R

STOCK
To be Cleared Out if po
1st January.

WE UNDERTAKE to give
GREAT BARG
In Black Broad Cloths and
Tweeds, also Cheap Lines in
Goods, and French Merinos,
Carpets under Cost Price, Rich
Cost, also the balance of our
ses. Particular attention draw
Stock of Linen Goods and Drap
Oil Cloths at 65 cents per yard.
Kid Gloves in choice colours
Unusual value in White
French Prints at 8¼. Best Silk
veteens at 75 cents. Magnificent
Curtain Damasks one Dollar per
tearable Tickings at 1s. 3d.
Felt Carpeting 3s per yard.
off in Large quantities at prices to
Dealers. Our Sheetings, Nappies,
Linens are first rate value.
should largely patronize this
rendered necessary by the pub
rebuilding of the Lambton Bloc
ers, Messrs Macnee & Waddell.
We notify all indebted to the M
that we expect a prompt settlem
Accounts just rendered.

JAMES DAVIE,
Montreal H
Lambt

Kingston, July 31, 1871.

Cheese Factories.

W. BURROWS
Produce and Commission M

CURRENT PRICES paid for BUTTER, LARD, TALLOW
OFFICE—Clarence Street, ne
American Hotel.

Kingston, June 8, 1871.

BENJAMIN HOLD
Auctioneer, Appraiser and Co
Merchant.

SALEROOMS—Princess Street,
REFERENCES:—Hon. JAMES
MR SAMUEL MUCKLESTON,
SIMPSON, MR G. M. WILKINS
MR S. T. DRENNAN.

Kingston, June 6, 1871.

ARE CLEARING OUT THE BALANCE OF THEIR STOCK OF
Spring and Summer Dress Goods
BELOW COST,
AT THE
Glasgow Warehouse,

Custom House,
Kingston, Aug. 14

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
Goods imported at this port pri
July last that have not been duly
be sold for duty, at

PUBLIC AUCTIO
ON
Tuesday, the 29th of this
W. B. SIMPS
Cu

Rockwood Asyl

SEALED TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED by the un
ed until noon

On Wednesday, 23rd August

From parties willing to furnish a

STEAM BOILER AND FI

for Rockwood Asylum, at Kingston.

The Boiler to be of the description k
the "Cornish Boiler," a specification o
will be furnished to parties who may
Tender, and a pattern boiler may be
use at Rockwood.

Two responsible sureties will be requ
the due performance of such Contract
be entered into.

The Boiler and fittings must be de
complete, in front of the Boiler House at
wood Asylum on or before Saturday, th
day of October next.

JOHN CREIGHT
Warden

Kingston Penitentiary,
12th August, 1871.

The Daily News.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 1

CABLE NEWS.

London, Aug. 18.—William Hamilt Thompson, sheriff-substitute of Inverne was tried yesterday in the Scottish Hi Court of Justiciary, upon a charge of fo ing a bill of exchange for £250, and t promissory notes respectively for £120 a £100, and of uttering the same. The e dence against the accused was so conclusi and the jury quickly returned a verdict ty, and the presiding justice, Lo Moncreiff, sentenced the prisoner to fi years imprisonment.

It is reported that the Admiralty ha decided that the crew of the iron-clad Agi ments, which was recently ashore at Gibr shall be paid off and the vessel itself p ... of commission. The Admiralty a ... said to have decided to supersede Rear Admiral Wilmot and Capt. Beamish, w ... in command at the time of the disaste The Emperor Napoleon has given a fe Chiselhurst at which telegrams were r ... from the Czar of Russia, King ... Emperor of Austria, King of Po King of Holland, Prince of Wale ... others.

London, Aug. 18.—A sumptuous banque ... given last night in Dublin to th ... deputation by the municipal auth ... of the city. Several toasts were pr ... in favour of a union in sentiment b ... the French and Irish nations, an ... enthusiastically responded to by speake ... both sides. The Lord Mayor, who pr ... at the banquet, proposed the Queen ... which toast was received with ... of hisses that lasted several minute ... next toast was "President Thiers an ... prosperity of the French Republic ... was received with cheers and drum ... the assemblage. Count Flavigny, ... made a graceful allusion to the ge ... sympathy given by Ireland to Franc ... late war. The deputation is heade ... Count De Flavigny.

London, Aug. 18.—The Lords of the Ad ... have issued orders superseding Ad ... Wellesley and Wilmot, and the Cap ... of the Agincourt and Minotaur i ... respective commands.

Prince Frederick William, of Germany ... Plymouth today.

London, Aug. 18.—In the House of Com ... to-day Mr Graves, the member fo ... pool, gave confirmation to the repor ... a duty of one franc per ton will b ... by France as a tonnage tax upo ... vessels entering French ports.

Berlin, Aug. 18.—A Postal Conferenc ... here suggests the conclusion o ... national treaties between the Euro ... and American Powers establishing ... rate of postage on letters, regard ... distance, of twenty centimes wher ... and forty centimes when unpaid ... an additional charge on letters which ... sea.

London, Aug. 18.—I have just receive ... later telegrams from Persia. The ... now received, conclusively contradict ... recent palliative statements of the ... Minister. The Persian governmen ... clear interest in underrating the con ... of the famine, since they have ... undoubtedly the result of its own op ... maladministration. In Ispahan, ... with a population variously estimated ... two to five hundred thousand ... there have been already twenty ... thousand deaths, and the mortality has ... diminished. This terrible record ... ever, eclipsed by accounts from the ... where the famine first assumed ... proportions. In Mazanderan, a ... much larger percentage of deaths has ... place. Some accounts, indeed, say ... the population have perished. ... about the rice growing provinces there ... a complete failure of the crop ...