

DETAILS OF NEWS BY THE STEAM-SHIP HIBERNIA.

The refusal of the Roman Catholic clergy to receive State Support... The following resolutions were passed at a late meeting of the Irish Archbishops and Bishops...

From the Montreal Herald. The following resolutions were passed at a late meeting of the Irish Archbishops and Bishops...

At a meeting of the Catholic Archbishops and Bishops of Ireland, held at the Presbytery, Marlborough Street, Dublin, October 11, 1848, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Moved by the Most Rev. Dr. Slattery, Archbishop of Dublin, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Frawley, Bishop of Waterford:— Resolved, That we contemplate with grief, alarm, and anxiety, the impending famine, and the misery which another year of destitution must necessarily entail on our already impoverished people...

Resolved, That we earnestly implore the Government to take the most prompt and effective measures for the relief of our distressed people, and to employ all the resources at its disposal, and to use all its influence to effect such an equitable adjustment of the relations between landlords and tenants as shall secure the employment of the able-bodied, and increase the agricultural products of the soil.

Resolved, That, having observed that a notice has been given of a parliamentary motion regarding a state provision for the Catholic clergy of Ireland, we deprecate such a proceeding, and we earnestly implore the Government to refrain from any such measure...

Moved by the Right Rev. Dr. Browne, Bishop of Meath, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Croly, Archbishop of Armagh:— Resolved, That we and our clergy will continue to promote the peace, concord, and happiness of our country, by the performance of our social and Christian duties which our ministry impose on us.

Moved by the Right Rev. Dr. Browne, Bishop of Meath, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Croly, Archbishop of Armagh:— Resolved, That we and our clergy will continue to promote the peace, concord, and happiness of our country, by the performance of our social and Christian duties which our ministry impose on us.

Moved by the Right Rev. Dr. Browne, Bishop of Meath, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Croly, Archbishop of Armagh:— Resolved, That we and our clergy will continue to promote the peace, concord, and happiness of our country, by the performance of our social and Christian duties which our ministry impose on us.

Moved by the Right Rev. Dr. Browne, Bishop of Meath, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Croly, Archbishop of Armagh:— Resolved, That we and our clergy will continue to promote the peace, concord, and happiness of our country, by the performance of our social and Christian duties which our ministry impose on us.

Moved by the Right Rev. Dr. Browne, Bishop of Meath, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Croly, Archbishop of Armagh:— Resolved, That we and our clergy will continue to promote the peace, concord, and happiness of our country, by the performance of our social and Christian duties which our ministry impose on us.

Moved by the Right Rev. Dr. Browne, Bishop of Meath, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Croly, Archbishop of Armagh:— Resolved, That we and our clergy will continue to promote the peace, concord, and happiness of our country, by the performance of our social and Christian duties which our ministry impose on us.

Moved by the Right Rev. Dr. Browne, Bishop of Meath, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Croly, Archbishop of Armagh:— Resolved, That we and our clergy will continue to promote the peace, concord, and happiness of our country, by the performance of our social and Christian duties which our ministry impose on us.

Moved by the Right Rev. Dr. Browne, Bishop of Meath, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Croly, Archbishop of Armagh:— Resolved, That we and our clergy will continue to promote the peace, concord, and happiness of our country, by the performance of our social and Christian duties which our ministry impose on us.

Moved by the Right Rev. Dr. Browne, Bishop of Meath, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Croly, Archbishop of Armagh:— Resolved, That we and our clergy will continue to promote the peace, concord, and happiness of our country, by the performance of our social and Christian duties which our ministry impose on us.

Moved by the Right Rev. Dr. Browne, Bishop of Meath, and seconded by the Right Rev. Dr. Croly, Archbishop of Armagh:— Resolved, That we and our clergy will continue to promote the peace, concord, and happiness of our country, by the performance of our social and Christian duties which our ministry impose on us.

Spain. In Spain they are still fighting about something, as they have for a hundred years.

Germany. From Germany there is nothing but incessantly confused accounts of insurrections and blood-baths, presenting nothing of general interest.

Holland. The King in opening the Chambers justly congratulated the representatives on the tranquility and progress of their country in the midst of European commotion.

England.—THE CHOLERA. The Metropolis.—On Tuesday, eleven fresh cases of cholera were reported in the metropolis. The number of deaths during the week, which ended last Saturday, was very much under the average, namely 991.

Berlin on the 13th Inst.—The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was; but at Königberg the disease is making great ravages, and the cases all of a most malignant character.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

At Amsterdam several cases of Asiatic cholera have been reported in the city. The cholera report at this place, although showing a steady drain on the population, averaging from 25 to 30 cases daily, is less alarming than it was.

From China.—Papers from Hong Kong, by the Sarah Sands, give an account of a difficulty between the English Consul at Canton and the Chinese authorities, which led to a conflict of opinion between the Consul and the British Plenipotentiary.

United States. ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER FORTH. FIVE DAYS LATER FROM MEXICO. From the N. O. Delta, 22nd.

The British Steamer FORTH, Edwin Stander, Esq., commander, arrived at Ship Island early in the afternoon of Friday, the 20th inst. She left Tampico on the 14th and Vera Cruz on the 16th inst., and was at Ship Island one day ahead of her time.

We have accounts from an intelligent Mexican that the 9th of this month was lived upon for the revolutionary outbreak in the City of Mexico, of which the reported leaders were Generals Basadre, Tonal and Almonte.

Some of D. Augustin Iturbide and D. Manuel Pardean, and many other officers, have been thrown into prison by the Government. The object of the conspirators was to bring back Santa Anna to resume power, and men still predict that not two months will elapse before he is reinstated in office.

We have no new developments in regard to the Tampico movement. The papers treat all the pretensions of Castilla as shallow and contemptible, regarding his oppositions as a part of the Sierra Madre project, for which some of the papers would hold Gen. Urua responsible.

There was a report in Vera Cruz on the 15th that a vessel was ashore near Santiago. Some supposed it to be the bark Eugenia. The United States steamer lying at Sacrificion went at once to her assistance.

We find in the Monitor a letter from President Polk to Gen. Herrera, in answer to one by the latter announcing his election to the Presidency. There is nothing in it requiring it to be translated.

The Government is pursuing a course of severity toward the Press, though by legal rather than arbitrary measures. Senator Otero, the Minister of Relations, directs the prosecutions. For many years connected with the Press, he was one of the most powerful advocates of its entire freedom.

Some of the prisoners who had been condemned to death on account of the late disturbances, have been reprieved.

On the 20th ult., the Chamber of Deputies proceeded to the election of a President and Vice President of the Chamber. Senator Aranda was chosen for the first, and Senator Macedo for the second place.

The Congress has decreed that the 24th inst. be an annual celebration of the memory of the Liberator of the Republic, to be celebrated in every part of the country with the greatest splendor.

The Government has officially informed the Congress that the \$3,000,000 loan from Congress has been paid in full, and that the United States has received from Tampico and Vera Cruz the amount of \$1,000,000.

Several attempts have been made to treat with the wild and once powerful tribe of Indians, of which Osh-kosh is Chief. He is connected with some of the meetings of the Crow Indians, and has been seen by the Government agents at the mouth of the Yellowstone.

The Indians are thoroughly disgusted with the present government, which is only upheld by force of arms. The money which it has at command, when the mill-mill of indemnity are spent, there will be an immediate demoralization, and Herrera must fall.

SANTA ANNA.—El Ara Iris of the 11th inst. says that Santa Anna had written to his friends by the last steamer, the Parth, protesting that he had no intention to return to Mexico. He was content with his lot in exile, and would not come back, unless called upon by the masses, or the specific was again invaded.

IMPORTANT FROM TAMPICO.—An express arrived at Vera Cruz, on the morning of the 10th, stating that a proclamation had been made at Tampico, when the inhabitants had proclaimed the independence of the State, and its annexation to the United States. El Ara Iris states that it is a positive fact.

These hundred stands of arms were immediately embarked on a vessel at Vera Cruz, and despatched to Tampico. This event, it adds, will prove very untoward for the Government, through the latter's scanty finances, but it advises that sacrifices be made, and two or three vessels armed, with a commission being out by sea, and a vigorous attack

made by a fresh disembarkment of the Republic may be prevented. It is believed that Vera Cruz has a similar movement took place simultaneously at Matamoros.

GUANO BOATS.—Eight guano boats are to be protected by the Government for the purpose of protecting the coast and the customs revenue. The inhabitant of Tacotalpan, a town near Vera Cruz, has petitioned the Government to have them built there.

JALISCO.—Santa Anna's partisans made an abortive attempt at a revolution in his favor, at Guadalajara this morning on the 25th ult., but which was suppressed by the Government. The 14th and 15th inst. were the days of the city when the city was in a state of commotion.

INSURRECTION.—Durango, San Luis and Zacatecas, the Insurrections have lately committed the most horrid atrocities, the Government having no troops available to send against them.

THE IMPRESSION.—The frontier States have acceded to the Government authority to resist, as to the impending invasion. The Insurrections have lately committed the most horrid atrocities, the Government having no troops available to send against them.

TAMPICO.—Tampico is actively employed in devising means for the security of Tamaucaucan States, threatened by the Insurrections. It is of the most imminent of the many dangers that threaten him. Despatches have been sent to Guanajuato, where the largest military force is stationed, with orders for Gen. Bustamante to take command of the troops destined for Guanajuato, and General Avila, under, and Mejia will occupy the other points which it is deemed necessary to station.

YUCATAN.—A schooner which arrived at Alvarado on the 5th inst. from Campeche, brought intelligence that a serious reverse had just been experienced by the Yucatan Insurrection. The Insurrectionists had been driven from the city of Progreso, and the Insurrectionists had been driven from the city of Progreso, and the Insurrectionists had been driven from the city of Progreso.

VERACRUZ.—The body of a woman was found on the night of the 2nd inst., in one of the streets of Mexico, with the head cut off. The usual theories, which are quite a feature in the minds of the country, are daily perpetrated with impunity.

THE BUREAU.—The Notario states that the arrival of the waters of the Rio Grande, of an American vessel, loaded with munitions, and the Mexican officer, chief of the line there, had entered into some alliance with the captain. Gen. Montoya, Commandant General of Tampico, was given a force to be engaged against the invaders, and to make any point which they might present themselves.

GENERAL ARANDA.—A misunderstanding is said to exist between the Governor of this city and the Commander General of the State, which the Monitor says will probably be arranged without any disagreeable result for public tranquility. A report had been current that a proclamation had taken place in Guanajuato, but Bustamante, who was in command there, had contradicted it, and the Insurrectionists had not obeyed the laws.

There were 63 passengers on the Titl, from Vera Cruz. D. Santiago Rodriguez has been chosen Governor of Coahuila, and D. Jose Maria Viqueza Vice Governor.

A number of inhabitants of Vera Cruz, who had been suspected of being implicated in a conspiracy to restore Santa Anna, have denied it, and their own signatures.

On the 7th inst., our Minister, Mr. Clifford, presented his credentials to the President. He made a short address upon the occasion, and the gathering of the soldiers composing the garrison of Vera Cruz are ready at all moments to obey the orders of the Government.

Some of the prisoners who had been condemned to death on account of the late disturbances, have been reprieved.

On the 20th ult., the Chamber of Deputies proceeded to the election of a President and Vice President of the Chamber. Senator Aranda was chosen for the first, and Senator Macedo for the second place.

The Congress has decreed that the 24th inst. be an annual celebration of the memory of the Liberator of the Republic, to be celebrated in every part of the country with the greatest splendor.

The Government has officially informed the Congress that the \$3,000,000 loan from Congress has been paid in full, and that the United States has received from Tampico and Vera Cruz the amount of \$1,000,000.

Several attempts have been made to treat with the wild and once powerful tribe of Indians, of which Osh-kosh is Chief. He is connected with some of the meetings of the Crow Indians, and has been seen by the Government agents at the mouth of the Yellowstone.

THE VENEZUELAN TROUBLES.—The brig Elizabeth Felt, Capt. Eldridge, arrived on Saturday morning from Porto Cabello, whence she sailed on the 4th inst.

Capt. Eldridge states, that on the 1st of October, there was a battle fought at Coro, between the Government and the Paez party, in which the Government troops were victorious, having killed and taken prisoners about 600 of the Paez party.

The brig Widgeon, Capt. Speed, of and from Philadelphia, arrived at Laguayra, on the 2nd inst. All kinds of business with troops, and was sold to the Venezuelan Government. The steamer Augusta of New Orleans, arrived at Porto Cabello on the second instant from Caracas, and was chartered by the Government to proceed to Laguayra to take a load of troops to Maracaibo.

BRITISH WHIG. "Offer per Orbem Diem." SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 11, 1848.

The late news by the America brings the assurance that Smith O'Brien's life will be spared, and also, those of his associates in crime. This will give pleasure to thousands on both sides of the Atlantic; for the present fashion is to sympathize with unsuccessful rebellion, whether in Ireland, Sicily, Italy, or Hungary.

The price of flour has fallen in the Liverpool Market about two shillings per barrel, currency, a man sufficient to destroy the hopes of those who, unable to sell at Montreal, preferred the risks and anxieties of shipping.

It would appear by our Telegraphic Report, that General Taylor has been elected President of the United States of America. Prior to the election the hopes of the Whig party were strong, and it is seen by the result that their hopes were well founded.

On the eve of my departure from the City of Kingston, permit me to return you my warmest thanks for the honor conferred on me of representing you as Conductor, and I exceedingly regret that existing circumstances prevent me from again expressing to your request, of allowing myself to be nominated as your candidate.

FRONTENAC WARD. Mr. John Harvey, the Conductor for this Ward, has left Kingston for Port Hope. Previous to his departure for his new abode, Mr. Harvey sent the following letter to his late constituents:—

To the Free and Independent Electors of Frontenac Ward. GENTLEMEN, On the eve of my departure from the City of Kingston, permit me to return you my warmest thanks for the honor conferred on me of representing you as Conductor, and I exceedingly regret that existing circumstances prevent me from again expressing to your request, of allowing myself to be nominated as your candidate.

TO THE VICTORS BELONG THE SPOILS.—This is a maxim which our republican neighbors, which will be carried fully into action when General Taylor takes his seat in the Presidential Chair next March.

THE LIBEL.—The Libel, which is now in Kingston, and under his direction we hope to have the damage repaired in time for our next publication. When we issue the Daily British Whig, our town subscribers will be placed beyond the reach of this constant annoyance.

THE FAIRDEN LABEL.—The Pilot, in alluding to this vexed case, has been pleased to be abusive towards the British Whig. The editor of the Pilot is evidently young at his business, or he would know that abuse is not argument, and that the easiest thing in the world to do is to call names.

WOODEN GUNPOWDER.—From sundry recent experiments, the fact is established that fire saw dust of rasped wood, steeped in a mixture of concentrated sulphuric and nitric acids, and afterwards washed and dried, will explode similar to common gunpowder, and if rightly managed, with much greater force.

THE BUSINESS OF ROCHESTER.—There are now at Rochester twenty floating mills, with over one hundred men of stone. Forty daily, weekly and religious societies. The quarterly receipts of the Post-Office are \$5000 the third largest in the State.

CONSERVATION.—The following is a fair sample of Church and State Orthodoxy, and Tory principles of the old school. It is taken from the last Montreal Courier:—Patriot Sun

By Magnetic Telegraph. Reported Expressly for the British Whig. MONTREAL, November 8, 8 1/2 p. m.

The market for Flour active to day, but the transactions were limited. Holders ask 22s a 24s 6d for good shipping brands. No good Flour to be had under these figures.

By Magnetic Telegraph. Reported Expressly for the British Whig. MONTREAL, November 8, 8 1/2 p. m.

The market for Flour active to day, but the transactions were limited. Holders ask 22s a 24s 6d for good shipping brands. No good Flour to be had under these figures.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM-SHIP. MONTREAL, November 8, 8 1/2 p. m.

The Steamer America arrived at New York last night at 12 o'clock. Passage in 12 days and a few hours.

THE PATENT CANDLE MAKER.—Of all people in this world of invention, commend us to the Yankees. What is the genius of the old world compared with that of the new?

FRONTENAC WARD. Mr. John Harvey, the Conductor for this Ward, has left Kingston for Port Hope. Previous to his departure for his new abode, Mr. Harvey sent the following letter to his late constituents:—

To the Free and Independent Electors of Frontenac Ward. GENTLEMEN, On the eve of my departure from the City of Kingston, permit me to return you my warmest thanks for the honor conferred on me of representing you as Conductor, and I exceedingly regret that existing circumstances prevent me from again expressing to your request, of allowing myself to be nominated as your candidate.

TO THE VICTORS BELONG THE SPOILS.—This is a maxim which our republican neighbors, which will be carried fully into action when General Taylor takes his seat in the Presidential Chair next March.

THE LIBEL.—The Libel, which is now in Kingston, and under his direction we hope to have the damage repaired in time for our next publication. When we issue the Daily British Whig, our town subscribers will be placed beyond the reach of this constant annoyance.

THE FAIRDEN LABEL.—The Pilot, in alluding to this vexed case, has been pleased to be abusive towards the British Whig. The editor of the Pilot is evidently young at his business, or he would know that abuse is not argument, and that the easiest thing in the world to do is to call names.

WOODEN GUNPOWDER.—From sundry recent experiments, the fact is established that fire saw dust of rasped wood, steeped in a mixture of concentrated sulphuric and nitric acids, and afterwards washed and dried, will explode similar to common gunpowder, and if rightly managed, with much greater force.

THE BUSINESS OF ROCHESTER.—There are now at Rochester twenty floating mills, with over one hundred men of stone. Forty daily, weekly and religious societies. The quarterly receipts of the Post-Office are \$5000 the third largest in the State.

CONSERVATION.—The following is a fair sample of Church and State Orthodoxy, and Tory principles of the old school. It is taken from the last Montreal Courier:—Patriot Sun

By Magnetic Telegraph. Reported Expressly for the British Whig. MONTREAL, November 8, 8 1/2 p. m.

The market for Flour active to day, but the transactions were limited. Holders ask 22s a 24s 6d for good shipping brands. No good Flour to be had under these figures.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM-SHIP. MONTREAL, November 8, 8 1/2 p. m.

The Steamer America arrived at New York last night at 12 o'clock. Passage in 12 days and a few hours.

THE PATENT CANDLE MAKER.—Of all people in this world of invention, commend us to the Yankees. What is the genius of the old world compared with that of the new?

By Magnetic Telegraph. Reported Expressly for the British Whig. MONTREAL, November 8, 8 1/2 p. m.

The market for Flour active to day, but the transactions were limited. Holders ask 22s a 24s 6d for good shipping brands. No good Flour to be had under these figures.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM-SHIP. MONTREAL, November 8, 8 1/2 p. m.

The Steamer America arrived at New York last night at 12 o'clock. Passage in 12 days and a few hours.

THE PATENT CANDLE MAKER.—Of all people in this world of invention, commend us to the Yankees. What is the genius of the old world compared with that of the new?

FRONTENAC WARD. Mr. John Harvey, the Conductor for this Ward, has left Kingston for Port Hope. Previous to his departure for his new abode, Mr. Harvey sent the following letter to his late constituents:—

To the Free and Independent Electors of Frontenac Ward. GENTLEMEN, On the eve of my departure from the City of Kingston, permit me to return you my warmest thanks for the honor conferred on me of representing you as Conductor, and I exceedingly regret that existing circumstances prevent me from again expressing to your request, of allowing myself to be nominated as your candidate.

TO THE VICTORS BELONG THE SPOILS.—This is a maxim which our republican neighbors, which will be carried fully into action when General Taylor takes his seat in the Presidential Chair next March.

THE LIBEL.—The Libel, which is now in Kingston, and under his direction we hope to have the damage repaired in time for our next publication. When we issue the Daily British Whig, our town subscribers will be placed beyond the reach of this constant annoyance.

THE FAIRDEN LABEL.—The Pilot, in alluding to this vexed case, has been pleased to be abusive towards the British Whig. The editor of the Pilot is evidently young at his business, or he would know that abuse is not argument, and that the easiest thing in the world to do is to call names.

WOODEN GUNPOWDER.—From sundry recent experiments, the fact is established that fire saw dust of rasped wood, steeped in a mixture of concentrated sulphuric and nitric acids, and afterwards washed and dried, will explode similar to common gunpowder, and if rightly managed, with much greater force.

THE BUSINESS OF ROCHESTER.—There are now at Rochester twenty floating mills, with over one hundred men of stone. Forty daily, weekly and religious societies. The quarterly receipts of the Post-Office are \$5000 the third largest in the State.

CONSERVATION.—The following is a fair sample of Church and State Orthodoxy, and Tory principles of the old school. It is taken from the last Montreal Courier:—Patriot Sun

By Magnetic Telegraph. Reported Expressly for the British Whig. MONTREAL, November 8, 8 1/2 p. m.

The market for Flour active to day, but the transactions were limited. Holders ask 22s a 24s 6d for good shipping brands. No good Flour to be had under these figures.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM-SHIP. MONTREAL, November 8, 8 1/2 p. m.

The Steamer America arrived at New York last night at 12 o'clock. Passage in 12 days and a few hours.

THE PATENT CANDLE MAKER.—Of all people in this world of invention, commend us to the Yankees. What is the genius of the old world compared with that of the new?