AT THE ATHENÆUM,

CHANCERY. OFFICE NEXT THE MONTREAL BANK. FRANCIS M. HILL, THOS. PARKE, Ja. Kingston, Feb. 16, 1848.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW AND SOLICITORS IN

MR. CAMERON, LAND & GENERAL AGENT. CONVEYANCER, NOTARY PUBLIC,

ARD AGENT FOR THE Canada Life Assurance Company. Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Petitions, &c. &c. Drawn at Reduced Rates. Office next door to Mr. Jackson's Store,

open from 9, A. M. to 4, P. M. Cobnre, Newcastle District, ? 29th January, 1848.

T. BRADLEY, (LATE OF DUBLIS AND LONDO HATTER & FURRIER. PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON, (IL. W.) Directly opposite McCuniffe's Chequered Store.

ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF Ladies and Gentlemen's Fury Cleaned and Altered. GAUNTLETS MADE IN A SUPERIOR STYLE

J. V. CLARKE, WINE AND SPIRIT DEALER, LAMBTON BUILDINGS, PRINCESS STREET, EINGSTON, CANADA WEST,

VIRGIL & CO'S EXPRESS. WILLIAM WARE-Agent,

C. W. P. De L'Armitage, GENERAL GROCER, Princess Street, Kingston, a few doors above Dr. Dickson's. Produce taken in exchange.

KINGSTON.

George Howe, Painter, Gilder, and Glazier, Bagot St. Kingston, Sign Painting, Wood and Marble Imitations, and Decorated Work in general. z

John S. Clute, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.corner of Ontsrio Esquire, by the said John Heaslip, forand Brock Steets. All orders thankfully

received and punctually attended to. Thomas Peaney's Wholesale and Retail LEATHER STORE, PrinseasStreet, Kingston, Dealer in Native and spanish Sole Leather, Uppers, Kips and Calf Skins, Morocous and Linings, But Makers' Findings of every descrip-

Mesers, O'Reilly & Henderson, Barristers, Attorneys at Low, &c &c., Kingston. JAMES O'REILLY.

GEORGE E. HENDERSON. 69-6m O. Butler, Cabinet Maker and pholaterer, Montreal Street, Kingston. A General Assortment of the latest styles of Furniture, constantly on hand, and for

sale on liberal terms. The British American Hotel, (Late Daley's) by J. PATTERSON, Kingaton, Canada West.

J.A. McDowall, Furrier & Hatter Brock Street, Kingston. Fure made up to order on the shortest notice. Purs of overy description, Bought and Sold.

Matthew Drummond, Grocer, Wine & Spirit Merchant, Wellington Buildings, (next to Mr. W. Wilson's,) Kingaton, C. W.

F & B. Kayler, Coach Builders, and Carriage Makers, Princess Street,

Robert McCormick, Wholesale I have Seized and taken in Execution and Retail Dealer in Wines, Spirits, Teas, part of the broken front of Lot No. 19, in

Groceries, &c., Princess Street, Kingston. Messrs.Macdonald&Campbell Barristers & Attorneys at Law, Princess

Street, Kingston. JOHN A. MACDONALD. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL

James McMillan, Teacher of

Music. Piano Fortes Tuned. Address Wm. McMillan, Auctioneer. Thompson & Carey, General

Importing and Commission Merchante, 51. Broad Street, New York. William Ware, General Com-

mission Agent, Broker and Auctioneur. Kingston, C. W Francis V. Carey, M. D.,

Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c. &c., Newburgh, Camilen East.

John Blackiston, Sail-Maker, No. 4, Hardy's Buildings, Ontario Street, z ston.

Walter Eales, Painter, Glazier, Sheriff's Office, Midland District, and Paper Hanger, Princess Street, Kingston January 11, 1848.

E. & A. Chown, Tin Smiths, Copper Smiths, and I'in Plate Workers, Princess Street, Kingston.

James Powell, Ironmonger & Tin Ware Manufacturer, l'rincess Street, Kingston.

OFFICE TO LET. A VERY comfortable Office for an Attorney, Notary, or Land Agent, to be let. Apply at the Atheneum Book Store. Tebrunry 18th, 1818.

British

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER FOR CANADA WEST.

"OPIFER PER ORBEM DICOR."

VOL. XVII.

KINGSTON, CANADA, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 11, 1848.

NO. 21.

NOTICE.

THE Subreriber respectfully informs ton and Midland District, that he has commenced business as

Produce Broker.

His office is next door to the British North American Bank, and will be onp from 9 o'clock A.M., to 4 P.M., where Farmers may leave samples of their grain. By this means buyers will have an opportunity of examining samples, and becoming purchasers. By this arrange ment Farmerscan dispose of their grain and take advantage of the highest prices. s Books will be kept at his office in which the latest quotations for Produce from Montreal, New York and Great Britain, will be found, each day, open to all without any charge.

He will also act as General Accountant, Post Merchants' and Tradesmen's Books, and act as Arbitrator in adjusting disputed accounts, which may prevent much of that litigation seen in our Divi sion Courts, and attend to the winding up of Bankrupt Estates. He will also attend to LAND AGEN-CY Business, and bny and sell

LAND SCRIP for parties requiring his services, and will also act as CUSTOM HOUSE BRO-KER. He will also keep a Register for Landlords who have Farms or Houses to let. By this Register, persons can always get what information they want, If in search of a Farm or House, instead of travelling over the City or District in search of Farms or Houses, Landfords will findit to their advantage and interest, call and registrar their property at his

ARCHIBALD MACDONELL. Kingston, 13th January, 1848.

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

MIDLAND DISTRICT, BY virtue of a Facias, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, and to me directed, against the lands and tenements which were of John Heaslip, deceased, at the time of his death, to satisfy John Fraser, a certain sum in said writ mentioned, which the said John Fraser had lately recovered against James William. zon and William Ferguson, Executors Hesslip, deceased: I have seized and taken in Execution part of Lot twentyfour, in first Concession, township of Kingston, purchased from Hilary Dupny, merly in the occupation of one Thomas Cornet. Part of Lot twenty-four, in first veyed by one Thomas flowe, to the said John Heaslip. Part of Lot twenty-four, in firstConcession, Township of Kingston conveyed by one Louis Lapourte, to the said John Reastip. West half of Lot number thirty, in the second Concession of the township of Camden East, 100

acres. Pert of Lot number forty-six, in seventh Concession of Camden East, 150 acres. Part of Lot number fortythree, in ninth Concession of Camden East, 80 acres, and part of the Easthalf of Lot number forty-one, in first Concession of Camden East.

All which lands and tenements I shall offer for sale, at the Court House, in the City of Kingston, on Saturday, the prompt pay, on the lowest possible terms.

Twenty seventh day of May next at Twenty seventh day of May next, at Twelve o'clock, Noon.

T. A. CORBETT. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, City of Kingston, M. D., February 23, 1848.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

MIDLAND DISTRICT, BY virtue of a Facius, issue I out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, and to me directed at the suit of JOHN MOWAT and GEORGE LEVACH MOWAT, against the LANDS and TENEMENTS of RICHARD LOGAN, deceased, in the hands of JANE ANN LOGAN, Administrateix of the said Richard Logan. the First Concession of the Township of Kingston, in the Midland District, aforesaid, which Lot of Land I shall offer for Sale at the Court House, in the City of Kingston, on Saturday the 18th day of March next, at 12 o'clock, noon, THOMAS A. CORBETT,

Sheriff Midland District. Sheriff's Office, Midland District, 14th December, 1847.

SHERIFF'S SALE. To Wit: ON SATUR-

teenth day of April next, at Twelve n'clock moon, will be sold at the Court House, in the City of Kingston, the undermentioned Lot of LAND, wih the TENEMENTS thereon, Seized by virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facius, iesned following suit, viz:

WILLIAM C. CLARK, CHARLES JOHNSTON. Lot number 167, in the City of King-

T. A. CORBETT. Sheriff M. D.

NOTICE.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, A GOOD SCHOONER, well found in every respect, that will carry at least from 1500 to 2000 Barrels Flour. (Arew No. 38. Coburg. January 27th, 1848.

BLANKS of every description may be had a

Fall Importations.

Groceries,

ROBERT ALLEN.

BROCK STREET, KINGSTON. THE Subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform his Town and Country Customers, that he is now receiving his Winter Stock of SE TU CO AL ER SO.

Loaf and Musequado. TEAS, GROCERIES, WINES, SPIRITS, &c Carefully selected by personal inspection in the Montreal and New York Markets. His present Stock comprises among others, the following Articles :-

TEAS: Gunpowder, Hywn, Young Hyenn, Twankay, Hyenn Skin, Peker, Capra Southung, Seuthong, Congon and Robes.

SUGARS: Musenwade, Superior Moist, Exet India do., Double Refined, Crushed, Molasses. COFFEE:

Green, Roasted and ground, Plantation, Havans, and Mocha-Cocns. Cupcuolate: - Best Spanish, Plain & Prepared WINES:

(IN WOOD OR BOTTLE,) P. J. Madeira, L. P. du. Sherry, Pale and Brow L. P. 'Ceneriffe, Hunts' Port and Sherry. Bencearlo, Claret, Malaga, superior Old Port. SPIRITS:

Old Jamaica, Long Island, Cognuc Brandy, Bordenna Brandy, Holland Gio, Common Gio, Conada Whiskey, Scotch Whiskey, Scheidem Gin in I doz. cuses, Cherry, Poppermint. London Porter and Pule Ale in quarte Stoughton's Bligir.

Marachino, Bau de Vie de Dantzie, Curapo, and

other Liqueurs. GROCERIES: Cuerge. - Platt's Bay of Quinte, Jefferson County Dairy, Fresh Butter, Fine and Superfine Flour and Outmeal, Plain Crackers. Pot and Pourt Barley, Best Carolina Rie.

Pastes &c. - Vermicelli, Macouroni, Sago Arrow Root, Patent Barley and Isinglam MUSTARD.-Wix's in 1 th and | th. buttles, Soar .- Windsor, Castile, white and gollow CANDLES. - Wax Sperm, Wax Wicks, Mould Ona-Sperm and Fine Oliver.

SALT .- Unandaga, Liverpoot, Fine and Books t Refined and Poste Liquieire, Brown White and Bust India Sugar Candy actre.-Oranges and Lemnas, Best Jordan soft shelled hard shelled and Bitter Almonde, Barcelona, Brazil, Walnut une Hezle Nuts, Malega, Turkey, Valencia, at a Muscotel Raising

Rest Zante Currents, Plums Best Turkey Figs, best fresh Plums in Jars, PARAKRYRO FAULTS .- Citron. Orange and Lemon Peel, East India Ginger, BOTTLED FRUITS .- Damaune, Greengages, And Peaches.

Brasa Hinted Prices Widness Piccolilla Cucumbers, Hot Peppers. Sauces.—Mushmem Ketchup, Walnut de., Harvey, Universal King Onde, India Soy. Reading, Beef steak, Essence Anchovies, Salad Oil, Copers, Olives, Anchoyies, and Currie Powder.

enpains -Starch, Blue, Glue, Chalk, Whiting, Liquid and Paste Blacking, Tuing, Wales. Winpping and Writing Paper, Store Thread, Night lights, Bath Brick, Tubseco and Pipes, Castor Oil, (in quarts and pints.) Window Glass, Cordage, Fishing Lines, Reer and Wine Corks, Hair and Corn Broom Inkpowder, Indign, Copperas, Alum, Sullpetre Epsom and Glauber Salts, Cream of Tartar, hor, Brimstone, Rope Mute, all sizes. The Subscriber assures the Public that the whole of the above Articles are of the very best quality, and will be sold for Cash of

Kingston, November, 1847. wines and liquors

L'HE attention of the public is respectfully a quested to the large stock of WINES AND LIQUORS. Recently imported direct, and for sale at the

WILLIAM J. MARTIN Corner of Market Square, Kingston.

They consist in part as follows, and are genuine Fine ald Pale Port. flunt's Sardiman's and other Port. Blackborns, Lewis, and Welsh's Madeiras, Fine Pale and Gold Sherries, D. G. and B. Pale and Brown Sherries, Medium " three grade" Sherry, St. Julian, Chatenu de Bercherwille, Clarets, Chatesu Margeaux, Champagne of yorious brands, Martell, Otard, and Henneyey's Brandy, Superior Old Brandy, in Bottles, Fine Pale Brandy, Geneva and Hollands Gin,

Canadian Whisker. &c. Kiogston, Nov. 20, 1847. NOTICE. THE Subscriber has commenced

Genuine Scotch Whiskey,

Jamaica and Leward Rum,

the GROCERY BUSINESS, where he now resides, next door to Mr. Harkes' Crockery Store, King Street, Kingston, where he hopes by strict attention to business and moderate prices, to meet a share of public patronage JOHN POSTER.

July 20, 1847. JUST RECEIVED

and for sale by the subscriber. SUPPLY of " Jules Hauel's" celebrated A Depilatory Powder, for removing bair possible. without injury to the skin. "Patey's" Old Brown Windsor Soap,

"Ede's" Indelible lak, for marking Linen, &c. Hair and Tooth Brushes, &c., And a general assortment of English Per-

ROBT. BARKER, Druggist & Apothecary, Brock Street. Kingston, Oct. 8, 1847.

NOTICE. THE Undersigned having been appointed Agent for the COLUMBUS MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Schooner would be preferred.) Letters Is now prepared to take Marine Risks Schooner would be preferred.) Letters Is now prepared to take plarine Risks | CAME into the premises of the Subscriber, must be post-paid, and addressed to Box of every description, at moderate rates | Came into the premises of the Subscriber, must be post-paid, and addressed to Box of every description, at moderate rates | Came into the premises of the Subscriber, of Premium. THOMAS BRIGGS, Jenn.,

Agent. Orrien-Princes Street, ? Kingsten.

JOHN HORSEY, BRAZIER, COPPERSMITH, the inhabitants of the City of Kings. SUGARS. TEAS, WINES, SPIRITS | IRON AND TIN PLATE WORKER.

Wire Worker, &c. &c., DEGS respectfully to inform his

Friends and the Public in genera' that he has opened an Establishment is the above line, in BAGOT STREET,

Opposite the Atheneum Book Store, Copper, Block Tin, Japanned Sheet favor him with a call. Iron, and Plain Tin Wares.

COOKING AND BOX STOVES. DUMB STOVES.

Which he will sell at exceedingly lo All kinds of BATHS, such as Shower Slipper, Hip, and Font Baths, &c.

GARDEN ENGINES, of different CHIMNEY TOPS of various descriptions, &c., &c.

All orders in the above line, thankfully received and punctually attended to. P. S .- From J. H's long experience in Business in several of the principal ST. LAWRENCE MUTUAL FIR Manufacturing Towns in England, he flatters himself that by good workmanship and moderate charges, he cannot full to rive satisfaction to those who may favor THIS old, well established, and popim with their orders. Kingston, Dec. 15, 1847.

SAMUEL MORLEY & Co. GENERAL IMPORTERS

Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Pancy, Goods, dec. dec.

COMPRISING PARTLY, ch Banks, Swedes & lowmoor Bat Iron, and ten Heep and Band Iron, Cast, Spring and Blister Steel, Canada Plates, Sheet Iron and Tin, !lacksmiths' Anvils, Vices, and Bellows, Deck Spikes, Wrought and Cut Nails, Coit, Logging, and Trace Chains, Sheet Brass, Copper, Lead and Zinc, Window Glass, Paints and Oile. Hair Seating and Carled Hair, hip Carpenters', Joiners', and Coopers' Too Double and Single Fowling Pieces.

An elegant Assortment of Silver Platen And Britonnia Metal Ware, Fine Cuttery, &c. Hot Water Dishes and Plates, and Dish

OOKING, BOX, AND FANCY STOVES landers, Fire Irons, Fire Does, &c. &c. Kingston, Nov. 5, 1847.

W. L. STEWART, PROPRIETOR OF Head Quarters, SAINT DENIS STREET, OPPOSITE DONEGANA'S HOTEL,

MONTREAL, EGS leave to intimate to the Pub-I lie, that with a view to Comfort, ml with a total disregary of Expense, te has FITTED UP his ESTAB. LISHMENT in the most LUXURI-OUS STYLE, His extensive travel and experience in the business has enabled him to judge of every thing that ! con and to the comfort of his friends, and no exertion will be spared to secure

them overy luxury. The Proprietor also begs leave to add that he has attached to the above

Establishment A LADIES' SALOON,

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.

November, 1547.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Farmers, and others resorting generally, that he has just received a

Prime assortment of GOOD TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, FRUITS, &c.,

GENERAL GROCERY AND PROVISION STORES IN PRINCESS STREET, f few doors above Dr. Dickson's, and next door

to Porsyth's Blacksmith Shop. He would earnestly draw the attention of those wanting a good, sound, wellflavored article of TEA, and a delicious Corres, to his present Stock; and would | AMOS BACON. request them to call and examine for themselves, and if, after trial, they do Dayed Corbien, not find he can give them a better arti- Egben ? Frischild, ele, at a cheaper price, than they have Walter Vilson, aitherto been accustomed to get, he will let them have the Goods for nothing. Equator Villag. This is not what people call flummery. Genjama Philips, but downright fact, which any one calling will be able to find out. All articles in the Grocery Line will be sold as low as

Produce of every description will be taken in exchange at Cash prices. One call is solicited. C. W. P. DE L'ARMITAGE.

Kingston, Dec. 29, 1847. CALEDONIA WATER. THE Subscriber has received a consignment of the above excellent Water, which he will sell in quantities to suit purchasers. M. T. HUNTER,

Exchange and Insurance Office.

Ontario Street. COW IN POSSESSION. her, a middle sized RED COW. The owner is requested to remove the animal, and pay charges. W. G. MACLEAN.

Lingston, Dec. 31, 1548.

fire! Fire! Fire! OREGON SALOON,

KING STREET. Opposite Mrs. Willard's Hardware Store.

THE Subscriber would most respectfully return his sincere thanks to the Public generally, for the liberal support now in possession of the return, and poll books commencement in Business, and would Where he has on hand a large assort- which he hopes will be merited by strict he could not return all the poll hours because

JAMES ELDER. Kingston, February 2, 1848. J. E. would beg leave to return his

ate Fire

Also, to those philanthropic individuals for the liberal and disinterested manner in which they contributed sufficient funds to enable him to commence in Business again.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE! INSURANCE,

Office at Ogdensburgh, N. Y. ular Company, continues to ensure against loss or damage by fire at its usual cheap rates, and presents to the people of Canada the following expressis of plans and reasons for their patronage. It excuence all extra hazardous property from OF ENGLISH AND AMERICAN Alleys, Powder Mills, Livery Stables, Buildings in Bincks, Breweries, Bakeries, Distilleries, &c., WOULD intimate to their Priends and the Public, that they have received an Extensive and well Assorted Stock of Hearts and Shelf II.

of One and Three Quarters per Cent., On the amount ensured. Example. A Farmer a Policy for five years. This may emphatically

TWO THIRDS CLAUSE, like the Policies of many companies, by which he insured gets but two-thirds of the value of his property, even if he paid insurance upon its full

The office is at Ogdensburgh on the St. Lawreached from any port of Lakes Ontario, or Erio in a few hours, and is more conveniently situated for a large country, than any other office in New York or Canada, while its arrangements with the Canadian Post Office at Prescutt, coaurs regu-Lines by good the models ! Chierred in the Prosvince or states, where the less occurs : and with complace. The following are gratuitous testimoniale addressed to the Secretary from a large

number in the office, to wit :-" Harre lost a large property insured by this company if was not and paid without delay, and some two mounts before it became due; and I excelully recommend the institution to the larrers of Canada who desire a chesp and enfe ingrance against fire " GIDEON LEEHY.

Kitter Jelinstown District C. W., Nov. 3, 1847. "The sumpt and handsome manner by which ! accident by fire have been met by the Compamy givis rout satisfaction and confidence here." Newboo, C. W., Oct. 21, 1517. "On the 15th of February I became a memdayssice, I lost my building and property with-

April, by to bear testimony to the prompt and liberal junner in which my lors has been settled LEWIS JOHNSTON. Farmieville, C. W., April 1, 1847. Brockelle, Dec. 11, 1817 .- We the undersigned herebyenthly that we have been insured by the St. Ipweence Mutual Insurance Co. eince shout thetime of its first operations in Canada; For the accommodation of PRIVATE and theire have never been assessed on our reminanteles, and can confidently recommend the Insection, to others as being in our opinion, the reapest and one of the safest Insurance companie within our knowledge, -J. L. Scho-

field, Jah Bacon, Chaffey & Brother, G. W. Arnold to Weatherhead. Testimaisle might be given from the following losers: Jures Bryan of Bellamyville, C. W., John Baston, od Michael Kelly of Mirrickville, C. W. o Kingston Market, and the Public and francouncrous others, both in New York and Canada. Husiness -The soundness, health, and

netivity of the company may be known from the fact that te insurances are nearly

\$200,000 Monthly. and clear the year with upwards of three thousand dolars in fayor of the Company : added during the size time, about forty thousand dollars to the capital promum notes; and that it has nearly or quit a million and a half of dullars ensured in Canaa within the last two years, on which an have Westen certificates of authority, which all applicans will please to inspect, and they will likewise ake receipts for all moneys paid. The extent of the company, and the names of its Di-

recture, ender other references necessary. OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS. IRA WHEELOCK. Samuel Partridge, Potsdam, N. Y. Gustavus W. Kruger, Hen. J G. Hopkins, Watdington, N. Y Morristown, N. Y. of St Albans.

Frenitin Co. Vt., Chreter Roberts, Esq., Henri Dre Riveries, Esq. and Zebulon Cornell, Esq. of Missimpos, Co., Thomas Barron, Esq of the Seigvery of Argentocil, Charles Benedict Erq. of St. Andrews, C. E., Hon. Phillip Van Koughnut, Cornwal, Elnathan Hubbell, M. D. Ormand contained in the return of the Returning Offi- grade advance a Country it was Railroads, and he Junes. Reg., Brockville. Aaron Merrick, Esq., Merrickgule, C. W., Archibald Henderson, Esq. Godmanchester, Thomas Cantwell, Esq., Norton CHARLES JOHNSTON,

HENRY G. FOOTE. Ogdeisburgh, Dec. 11, 1847. CURRIERS' OIL

J A. FRENCH

"IRRIERS' Knives and Steels, Stones. Scouring Brushes, &c. S. MORLEY & Co., General Hardware Merchants. Princess Street. Kingston, 1st January 1848

-ALSO,-

Provincial Parliament.

From the Montreal Herald. LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY. Wednesday, March 1, 1849.

DEAUHARNOUS ELECTION, HOUSE IN COMMITTEE Mr. Avewes said that the Committee was he has received from them since his of Beauhatnois-a return hitherto unexampled except in some newly formed state of the neighboring Union, if they presented any exbeg leave to solicit a continuonce thereof, ception. The Returning Officer stated that attention on his part, to all who may two were taken away in course of transmission, by violence, on the Kings Highway. This was a crime committed by some pitiful wretch-some paltry tool hired to do the act by a party too cowardly to do it himself. But because it had taken place should there he no election for the County of Beauharnois? sincere thanks to the Military, Firemen, No, the villain who planned, and the tool who read, and Public, for their vigerous exertions | executed the crime, were as ignorant as they in saving a part of his property from the were rescally. Did these persons not know that secondary evidence was permitted in cases where hetter proof was wanting-that this was done every day, in the case of private persons contesting private rights? should not the same thing be done when the dearest rights of a whole country were at stake? The law provided, as the first of all things, that the Representation should be completed : there were cases of double returns-cases of ties in the voting, which were decided by a sort of judicum rusticum, like the tossing a

of a half penny-in short the name which was nearest the indenture on the writ had the advantage. There would no doubt be no objections made to the course he was taking; but let any body tell him in what other remedy was to be provided for the stab inflicted on the House, the County and the Country. The remedy in this case could not he by proceedings as on a contested election ; hecause there was no contest-it must then he a kind of common law remedy - a remedy that every constituent Assembly must have to fill up its own body. At present that body was not complete; but if eighty two members could sit and vote, so could eighty, and thus violence might reduce the members to the mere quorum necessary to carry on the business. He knew that it would be endeasored to refer to examples of controverted elections in another Country. He desired

insures \$600, by which he gives his note to the to adhere to the precedents of Canada, which Company for ten dollars and a half; two dallars all know, and which ought to be followed in be certain. As a Parliamentary student, and a lawyer, he thought he saw quibblings introduced into controverted elections in the British Parliament which would not be permitted in real som instant in case of less, if it do not ex- other Courts. However, here there was no eced the cash value of the property; and they do room for reference of this kind. The House was sitting in Fores domestico, to fill up its own body. A distinction was drawn between this case, and one to which he alluded on a former night. It was said that there was in this case no petition; but was it therefore said that no redress should be alforded, where instead of one party complaining of another, rence River, opposite Presentt, C. W., and can be one member sitting as a judge, called attention to a hiatus in the Court? The hon member then referred to the cases of the Counties of Kent, Hastings, and the election of the Speaker decided at the last Session, and that of the County of Simon, which he posed to adopt. Some, however, objected to proceeding in Committee. - why? What harm would be done-would it he said that a man who ought not to be admitted to the House would be brought in because the House was sitting in Committee, instead of with the Speaker in the Chair? Those who wanted delay would certainly obtain their desire by this course, for the House would sit after the Committee had reported, to adopt that report, and any amendment might then be made in He was prepared, however, to hear it stated that the House could consider only the return, and not the papers annexed thereto. He was prepared to hear that those annexed papers were bad, because there were two oaths attached to them-yes, he was prepared to hear that a thing which would have been very good before, was tendered good for nothing by the attachment of that second oath. But this evidence was of the best kind, would the appearance then of the officers at the har make hon, members believe their oaths, more than they would believe them, now, that their oaths were on paper? If not, the evidence should be received, and it would then appear from the evidence that on the could favor the beaution of the place were minted poll books saved and lost, J. DeWitt, Esq., had a majority of votes, and ought to he scated accordingly. The hon, gentleman concluded by moving a resolution affirming that it appeared from the poll books of the

Beauharnois election that J. Dewitt, Esq., had a majority of votes. Mr. Sol-Gen. CAMERON said that the hon. intleman who spoke last most have felt that there was some strong objection to the course that he was going contrary to English practice, when he found it necessary to enter into so long a preliminary argument. He thought Mr. DeWitt should be returned, however, for it was clear he had an apparent majority: he thought too that there should be no party | discussion. But he did not agree with the hon, gentleman that the case of a double return afforded any precedent which justified the course he proposed to follow. There was, he believed, no instance of such a decision, as that which the bon, member spoke of, that member should take his seat, decause his writ. The fact was, that the party whose name was nearest the indenture was only allowed to appear first by Counsel at the har. In looking into precedents he had found that een made for Great Crimsby and Lincoln, the House of Commons ordered the thing to be explained at its bar. Therefore the House l could doubtless proceed to consider the subject now before it. The hon, gentleman then ent into a legal argument, to show that the affidavits appended to the return were not capable of being received as evidence. The Debate continued for a couple of hours

but it was confined on the one side to a repetition and enforcement of the facts already detailed in our report of the proceedings of Tuesday, and on the other to technical argaments against the validity of the evidence

Agents for the Midland District. ties ; and resolving to address His Excellency reward for their discovery) as he should see through look to the University of Kings' College-

N BLOOT STREET, MEST DOWN TO THE LANGTON SE A T this well known Establishment ate and A kinds of Stationery & Blank Books, School Books, including those of the Irish National Education Processy. Bibles, Testaments, Committee Prayer, Catholic Books of Prayer, and Mathematical Hynn Rocks. Also, all kinds of New York Ches. Publications, together with stormtyped Sagis editions of Standard Works; and all Elekans. Spencer's editions of Ancient and Hadeps Works. on Free Manney. English Newspapers supports
Brick-BINDING & RULING done to order Deeds and Law Blanks, Court of Requests Stanks, always kept for Sale.

The Athenæum Book Ston

JOB PRINTING.

ALL Descriptions of JOB PRINTING tons ALLISHMENT, with despatch and moderate price

Postere, Handbille, Circulton, Bill Heads, Cards, Bills of Lading, Steambeat Bills, Blanksofallhinds, Funeral Cards, &c. &c. Printing in Colours neatly executed. and of the very heat description.

Friday, March 3, 1813. In answer to a question of Mr. Morrison, M.

the right hypotheris of chimalification than that had a state with a of British Laws. Wherever such was the case in any country it could not be otherwise than prosperous. His Excellency, he thought, could secreely full to perceive general prosperity whenever he went. He would now call the attention of the House to the amendments, which, he understood would be proposed, and he would just touch upon them as he went along. It appeared that there wen to be no an-endment, but by whom to be made he did not know, for there was no name attached to it-which went to progetive the paragraph ral prosperity in these parts of the culmtry he waited Now, that assertion could not be put into the mouth of His Excellency by his Ministers, he conse it was a fact, which came under his own observation, and yet, knowing the fact, it was Excellency did not witness anything like procperity during his tour. He (til P) had lattle doubt, that His Expellency had been received West-with every honor, and that he had ra-Grange, and that the magnates, the patricions of the city, had the boost of meeting His Excellency. at the table of IT's Warship, the Mague. He not to His Excellency, its buildings, its wealth, its commerce, and its prosperity, and he could fancy his Excellency going along the street, with the member for the 4th Riding of York on one side, and the Mayor on the other-his being shown the boild ings, the banks, the markets and the warehouses

he was persuing. He must have felt at least said, in support of the amendment, that Cauada so late as right years ago, no return having Office, in the speech-that was true referention

Mr. Aversin afterwards moved several re-Mr. Ave.win afterwards moved several re-thom. In a few years there would doubtless, yet been treated in return. (Hear, beet, from solutions, affirming the right of Mr. DeWitt be a Railroad from Monterel in Tompto and Mr. Aglwin.) His hop friend why had energy Greek, and Edward March, Esq., La Coll, C. E to his seat for the County of Brauharnoisthe fact of the robbery of the poll book-and the expediency of punishing the guilty parpraying him to take such steps for punishing he trusted that it would so use it, as to give satis-

Mr. DeWitt then took the oath and his FOR \$4LE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS seat; the Clerk amending the return according to the order of the House. Mr. Ave.wix then, while disculpating the it to any party, it would not, and he would Returning Officer from blame, except such as rather see the whole end-wment destroyed and

Officer for the County of Beauharnois, at the late election, be directed to appear at the Bar on the 2nd of March. A long discussion followed which was terminated by a vote as follows: - Ayes, 46; Nays, 19.
At about 11 oclock to which period report extends, the House, on motion of 317. Notman, took up the case of the Oxford Election, which, after a lengthy discussion.

was detided by Mr. Hincks taking his seat. Morney General Sherwood stated, that no communication had yet been received from the Imperial Government respecting the Costome Bill. Mr. Attorney General Baponer introduced Bill to amend the Jury Law of Lower Canada.

The order of the day for the consideration of the Speech of His Excellency the Governor Gene. ral, at the opening of the session, having been Col. Parsec said he had been requested to more an Address to His Exerliency, in answer to his Speech, and he (Col. P.) had responded to the call to do so, with very girst pleasure, and with very great reason, because he much admired His Exceltency's speech, and could not have believed that any part of it could have been objected to. They had now assembled in a new Parliament. He had r presented the County of Every for 12 years, and he must confers from what he knew of Upper Canada - he would say nothing about Lower Canada, because he knew little of it-that he was bound to admit the result of the elections as the voice of the people. The elections generally had passed off in an orderly manuer, and the members were returned by the spontaneous voice of the people, without britery, corruption or force. He would not say that, if the Conservatives had exerted themselves as they might have done, the Liberals would not have had so large a majority as they had-he thought it a good deal the fault of the Conservatives that that majority was so overwhelming-and another great fault with them was that they had treated their encinies too contempinously; that they had considered their opponents too much beneath them, to render it worth their while to condescend to fight with them They had heard the speech, -the first paragraph stated that Parliament had been called, at the earliest period after the dissolution. Until he had heard their explanations, he was going to find fault with the Ministry, for calling Barliament together at this time, for the Ministry ought always to pay some attention to the convenience of members, and to give them notice in time comigh to allow them to arrange their affairs before leaving home. He had left his home, he said, somewhat indignent, at being summoned at so short a noticeafter it reached him, but a good reams had been assigned by the Ministry for having convened Parliament so speedily-they had found that it tion swould be immediately laid before the Logialature. The Ministry, then, were right, in having summoned them when they did, and, he was happy to say, they had succeeded in passing such Governor General had called Parliament together, and he (Col Prince) proposed to thank him for had, during the post summer, made a tour through the Province, and that he had met with the most gratifying indications of general preservity and ment in the districts he had visited :- He (Col. Prince) thought that he really had done as

learned from the great men of the Home Divisiet, sequently put it into his speech-but it was proposed to expange that paragraph. It might be it was morally impossible that this country - non of the Colonies-could be otherwise. It must not be fugation, however, that there was another kind of prosperity, for before a trading or commercial properity. Merchants and traders often failed from misfertune in homness; but more often from bad aproulations, and if men engaged in injudicious and foolish speculations, and were suined by them, it could not therefore be said that the husiness of the country was in a bad state -But the prosperity which the Gov. General alluded to, was the Agricultural prosperity of the enuntry and although the farmer might now be quable to some time ago, still, Canada, in an agricultural sould now refer to the paragraph about the Post and he would support any one who would make formation, and when a measure gras brought to reduce the postage, would injure the efficiency of that department. He understood that in England, the number of letters had increwed since the protage was reduced and it was quite natural obliged to him, at least he (Cal. P.) was for doing willing to support such great projects. If anything

dvantagencely situated; but he weens advocate for that system of necessment or out of income ray, which obliged the farmer or the merchalic or disclose all his private affairs to any officer. He could not believe that a liberal Ministry would bring in such a Bill, as some of his (Col. For friends were afraid they would. The Special has referred to the improvement of the Indicate then referred to the improvement of the Judica-ture of both sections of the Postings, and h was sure all would agree that there was apopte rous t was well known, been most assidence fo the releasors to smend the system of Jodicator ever since they held office; but these w was the Court of Chancery in Upper Canada, o which he (Col. P.) might be said to be the father But he did not think it had worked well, because t was found to be too costly, and because it has not been presided over as it should have been there was great toom for improvement, and i would be for the hon, member for the Popul Riding to determine and point out the reforms required, and his hon, fri, od was well able and quali-fied to do so. Another glaring deficiency in Upper Canada, was the want of a Court of Appeal-Such a Court was much required in that section of the Province, and he trusted that measured would be taken to establish it. Another reform which he though equally called for, was the divisom of the profession. The duties of Barristes and Attendey should never be smalgated, because man could never acquire a great knowledge of his profession, if he was liable to be always interrupted and his time wasted by clients calling upon him. A man required to spend all his time in his Libral ry in study, if he wished to attain eminance in his profession, and it was to the division of the two professions, that the Bench in England was much indebted for its high character for learning. He now came to the paragraph which stated Canada property and excial happiness, great natural ca-pubilities, an enterprising and rapidly increasing population, institutions fitted to present liberty with order, and that the duty of targing these ad vantages to account devolved upon them. The enfidence that the new Ministry would perfore He found, however, that that paragraph was place. Let them now ere what the propusationer that it was exential to the satisfactory result of their deliberations, on the important subjects to which His Excellence had been graciously pleased to direct their attention, and on other matters of public concern, that Her Majesty's Provincial Administration should porters the confidence of the House & of the coon-try; and respectively represented to His Excel-lency that that confidence was not reposed in the present advisers of His Exertleney. He (Col. P.) could not himself see the wiedom of introducing rate of want of confidence upon the present occaion - [laughter] -it was not oleverly done-why could they not leave the present Ministry to marge which they probably would have done at once of their own arourd. They were called upon to say that ther had no confidence in three gen that they had no confidence in three gentlemen, but he must assure them that he had great confideure in them-(langhter) -he had no doubt the the bon. member for the Funth Riding word talk a great deal about him and his consi sughter |- but he [Col P.] would tell them he was al in Englishmen, and he liked to hive an op tion of his own-he nelly youted for what he him. will believed to be right, and, therefore, be of resided in his votes from either party, and he hap persed to differ with the ton, manyber won his side of the House upon which he est upon the pre-sent agranian. He throught that confidence ough to be placed in the present. Ministry; for wha ed they done that they should declare that the ad no confidence in them? It was too much them to say an locarise and ope of them had fall and why was this confidence to be withdrawn t was because they [the Ministers] were Consider ntives, while they, on this side of the Bonse, was love to refirm laws, and compared it visat the ex-Ministry had done, he must hat the latter would be found wanting. Wh rese they, therefore, now to dielers that they has on confidence in the present Ministry? He him will lead withdrawn has confidence from them has ession, heraner there was a 1919 at their bendmin of great powers, great abuilties, learning ad telent, but a men in whom he had no enot lence ; but since that man had left them. an fiver the present Attorney and Solicitor General the had highered as much liberality, and exhibited in space tylent as ever any Ministers did who cause into power, he had perfect confidence in the present Ministry. But it was mid, out of doors, that they had done nothing since they came nto office. L'est Session was a eleure one; bu laring that Semi-m, 110 Acts were passed; an was not that an explence of their industry; and were not most of those Acis approved of by th whole House? He would like to see any Ministry which could be more liberal, more indus han they had been. Six of the Acts passed, log Serion, relating to the laws of the Province, were of g est importance. There was the law to prevent malicious injuries to persons and property by fire or by explosive and destructive substances the statute to shorte the time of prescription certain cases -- the statute for compensation families of persons killed by accident-and the was the statute for a-nending and consolidation was the statute for a mending and consolinating the law relating to forgery, which was much wanted, and which, strange to say, had been omitted by the hon, gentleman, who had introduced the Acts a needing and considering the Criminal Law, in 1841. Here was also the statute for abolishing imprisonment for debt, at least to a certain extent, and there was the Act of the bon, member for Prontenes, to regulate the duties between master and servant, which be (Col. Prince) believed had given more maisles tion than any other law that had been passed. These were true reference. It was such acts the crouble endear them to the people. He direct my that it would be said by some, that those And were carried by the aid of members up his side a the house, as well as by the Ministry, but all Aufi served minst be considered as having been the Act of the Ministry, because they alone were respon sible for them, and because if they had not sup-ported them they could not have been passed. If a must say that no Ministry had ever introduce greater and more estature referent in the law that the present Ministry had done. They had also passed a last for the payment of the Robellin leases in Upper Canade, and a bester last ha never been enacted. The people of Upper Canada were indebted to them for another measure -the aw to encourage Agriculture - which savoured of tree liberality, and which was most acceptable to the people. The present Ministry were use onpect to their condact regarding the mining renurves of the enuntry; no less than eleven bills terre passed last session, every not of which would have for its result the expansion of the resources of the country. Not less than £13,000 hid been mosted that no damper would be thrown upon hem. In a few years there would doubtless them. In a few years there would doubtless, from thence to the Western Sections of the Pro. " hear, bear," was of those who opposed the bitts, wince—he trusted the flower would give the tireat | and he must my that in doing so, he approed the Western Endrond its assistance, by a grant of mest useful measures which had ever come before money, for he was critain that it would pay well. Parliament he (Col. P.) would like to know The new Ministry would have great power and have be could justify his having done so and if he trusted that it would so use it, as to give salis there had not yet been received 30,000 shillings the guilty party, (as for instance by offering faction to the whole Country. He would also ask for £30,600 which had been spent, they might yet receive the money 'bey lad laid out and more, and, if they did not, the money at any rate had he asked them to pass a Bill as liberal as that of last Sewion, and, if they did, they would give gone to improve and open up the rewrittee of the great satisfaction to the whole Country. If they enuntry. And there were other meksares which passed a Bill which gave exclusive interest in

which they were entitled to great credit. attached to error; and not Jesiring, even, to hurt his feelings, thought it proper that he should be informed publicly and salemaly, that he ought to have made his return according he ought to have made his return according was very deficient; it lased all property alike; and that the present Minuter had doe nothing to the majority obtained by Mr. DeWitt. He now, he thought, that property near towns should H. would also his to know if it will do not introduce the state of the stat therefore moved that Mr. Norval, Returning | be higher taxed than property, which was not so dues and carry an add see in Her Wesser, prop-